TCP MSS Adjustment

The TCP MSS Adjustment feature enables the configuration of the maximum segment size (MSS) for transient packets that traverse a router, specifically TCP segments in the SYN bit set, when Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) is being used in the network. PPPoE truncates the Ethernet maximum transmission unit (MTU) 1492, and if the effective MTU on the hosts (PCs) is not changed, the router in between the host and the server can terminate the TCP sessions. The `ip tcp adjust-mss` command specifies the MSS value on the intermediate router of the SYN packets to avoid truncation.

History for the TCP MSS Adjustment Feature

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Release</th>
<th>Modification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12.2(4)T</td>
<td>This feature was introduced.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.2(8)T</td>
<td>The command that was introduced by this feature was changed from <code>ip adjust-mss</code> to <code>ip tcp adjust-mss</code>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.2(27)SBA</td>
<td>This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(27)SBA.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Finding Support Information for Platforms and Cisco IOS Software Images

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco IOS software image support. Access Cisco Feature Navigator at [http://www.cisco.com/go/fn](http://www.cisco.com/go/fn). You must have an account on Cisco.com. If you do not have an account or have forgotten your username or password, click Cancel at the login dialog box and follow the instructions that appear.

Contents

- How to Configure the TCP MSS Adjustment, page 2
- Configuration Examples for TCP MSS Adjustment, page 5
- Additional References, page 5
How to Configure the TCP MSS Adjustment

This section contains the following procedure:
- Setting the MTU on the Local Hosts, page 2 (required)
- Verifying TCP MSS Adjustments, page 3 (optional)

Setting the MTU on the Local Hosts

Perform this task to set the MTU on the local hosts. NAT does not have to be configured to specify the MTU.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. enable
2. configure terminal
3. interface type number
4. ip tcp adjust-mss max-segment-size
5. ip mtu bytes
6. end

DETAILED STEPS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command or Action</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 1</strong> enable</td>
<td>Enables privileged EXEC mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Router&gt; enable</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 2</strong> configure terminal</td>
<td>Enters global configuration mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Router# configure terminal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 3</strong> interface type number</td>
<td>Configures an interface type and enters interface configuration mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Router(config)# interface ethernet0/1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 4</strong> ip tcp adjust-mss max-segment-size</td>
<td>Adjusts the MSS value of TCP SYN packets going through a router. The max-segment-size argument is the maximum segment size, in bytes. The range is from 500 to 1460.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Router(config-if)# ip tcp adjust-mss 1452</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### How to Configure the TCP MSS Adjustment

#### Multiple Releases: (See the Feature History Table)

#### Verifying TCP MSS Adjustments

In the following examples, there are outputs that assist in verifying the TCP MSS adjustments.

**Command Configured on Single Interface**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step 5</th>
<th>Command or Action</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 5</strong></td>
<td>ip mtu bytes</td>
<td>Sets the MTU size of IP packets, in bytes, sent on an interface.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example:</td>
<td>Router(config-if) ip mtu 1491</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step 6</th>
<th>Command or Action</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 6</strong></td>
<td>end</td>
<td>Exits to global configuration mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example:</td>
<td>Router(config-if) end</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Verifying TCP MSS Adjustments

In the following examples, there are outputs that assist in verifying the TCP MSS adjustments.

**Command Configured on Single Interface**

**Step 1** Configure the interface adjustment value.

```plaintext
interface ethernet1/1
ip tcp adjust 500
```

**Step 2** Telnet from router A to router C, with B having the MSS adjustment configured.

```plaintext
telnet
00:09:15:%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by consolenet 1.0.1.3
Trying 1.0.1.3... Open
```

**Step 3** Observe the debug output from router C.

```plaintext
*Mar 10 14:49:45.045: tcp0: I LISTEN 4.0.0.1:11001 1.0.1.3:23 seq 2012812244
OPTS 4 SYN WIN 4128
*Mar 10 14:49:45.045: TCP0: state was LISTEN -> SYNRCVD [23 -> 4.0.0.1(11001)]
*Mar 10 14:49:45.045: TCP0: Connection to 4.0.0.1:11001, received MSS 500, MSS is 500
*Mar 10 14:49:45.045: TCP: sending SYN, seq 1091096877, ack 2012812245
```

The MSS gets adjusted to 500 as configured.
TCP MSS Adjustment

How to Configure the TCP MSS Adjustment

Command Configured on Two Interfaces

Step 1 Configure the command on both the interfaces using different values.

```
interface Ethernet1/1
 ip address 4.0.0.2 255.0.0.0
 ip tcp adjust-mss 505
duplex half

interface Ethernet1/3
 ip address 1.0.1.1 255.255.255.0
 ip tcp adjust-mss 500
duplex half
```

Step 2 Telnet from router A to router C.

```
telnet 10.0.1.3
Trying 10.0.1.3... Open
```

Step 3 Observe the debug output from router A.

```
06:06:49: TCP: sending SYN, seq 979045471, ack 0
06:06:49: TCP0: Connection to 1.0.1.3:23, advertising MSS 536
```

Step 4 Observe the debug output from router C.

```
I LISTEN 4.0.0.1:11003 1.0.1.3:23 seq 979045471
OPTS 4 SYN WIN 4128
TCP0: state was LISTEN -> SYNRCVD [23 -> 4.0.0.1(11003)]
TCP0: Connection to 4.0.0.1:11003, received MSS 500, MSS is 500
```

The TCP MSS is successfully adjusted to 500.

Command Used with Process Switching

Step 1 Verify the configuration of the TCP MSS adjustment.

```
Router# show running-config interface ethernet1/1
```

```
Building configuration...

Current configuration: 95 bytes
```

```
interface ethernet1/1
 ip address 10.0.0.2 255.0.0.0
 ip tcp adjust-mss 505
duplex half
```

Step 2 Telnet from router A to router C.

```
telnet 10.0.1.3
Trying 10.0.1.3...
TCP: sending SYN, seq 886170752, ack 0
TCP0: Connection to 1.0.1.3:23, advertising MSS 536
tcp0: O CLOSED 1.0.1.3:23 4.0.0.1:11008 seq 886170752
OPTS 4 SYN WIN 4128
```
Step 3  Observe the debug output on router C.

tcp0: I LISTEN 4.0.0.1:11008 1.0.1.3:23 seq 886170752
      OPTS 4 SYN WIN 4128
      TCP0: state was LISTEN -> SYNRCVD [23 -> 4.0.0.1(11008)]
      TCP0: Connection to 4.0.0.1:11008, received MSS 505, MSS is 505

The TCP MSS value gets adjusted to the configured value of 505.

Configuration Examples for TCP MSS Adjustment

This section provides the following examples:

- TCP MSS Adjustment Configuration: Example, page 5

TCP MSS Adjustment Configuration: Example

The following example shows how to configure one interface with CEF switching turned on:

interface ethernet1/1
ip tcp adjust 500

The following example shows how to configure two interfaces:

interface Ethernet1/1
ip address 10.0.0.2 255.0.0.0
ip tcp adjust-mss 505
duplex half

interface Ethernet1/3
ip address 10.0.1.1 255.255.255.0
ip tcp adjust-mss 500
duplex half

Additional References

The following sections provide references related to TCP MSS Adjustment feature.

Related Documents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Related Topic</th>
<th>Document Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WAN commands: complete command syntax, command mode, command history, defaults, usage guidelines, and examples</td>
<td>Cisco IOS Wide-Area Networking Command Reference, Release 12.3</td>
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</table>
Standards

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<tr>
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</table>

MIBs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>MIBs Link</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No new or modified MIBs are supported by this feature, and support for existing MIBs has not been modified by this feature.</td>
<td>To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: <a href="http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs">http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs</a></td>
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Technical Assistance

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<th>Link</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Technical Assistance Center (TAC) home page, containing 30,000 pages of searchable technical content, including links to products, technologies, solutions, technical tips, and tools. Registered Cisco.com users can log in from this page to access even more content.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.cisco.com/public/support/tac/home.shtml">http://www.cisco.com/public/support/tac/home.shtml</a></td>
</tr>
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Command Reference

This section documents one new command.

- `ip tcp adjust-mss`
**ip tcp adjust-mss**

To adjust the maximum segment size (MSS) value of TCP SYN packets going through a router, use the `ip tcp adjust-mss` command in interface configuration mode. To return the MSS value to the default setting, use the `no` form of this command.

`ip tcp adjust-mss max-segment-size`

`no ip tcp adjust-mss max-segment-size`

### Syntax Description

| max-segment-size | Maximum segment size, in bytes. The range is from 500 to 1460. |

### Defaults

If the `ip tcp adjust-mss` command is not configured, the MSS is determined by the originating host.

### Command Modes

Interface configuration

### Command History

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### Usage Guidelines

When a host (usually a PC) initiates a TCP session with a server, it negotiates the IP segment size by using the MSS option field in the TCP SYN packet. The value of the MSS field is determined by the maximum transmission unit (MTU) configuration on the host. The default MSS value for a PC is 1500 bytes.

The PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE) standard supports a MTU of only 1492 bytes. The disparity between the host and PPPoE MTU size can cause the router in between the host and the server to drop 1500-byte packets and terminate TCP sessions over the PPPoE network. Even if the path MTU (which detects the correct MTU across the path) is enabled on the host, sessions may be dropped because system administrators sometimes disable the ICMP error messages that must be relayed from the host in order for path MTU to work.

The `ip tcp adjust-mss` command helps prevent TCP sessions from being dropped by adjusting the MSS value of the TCP SYN packets.

The `ip tcp adjust-mss` command is effective only for TCP connections passing through the router.

In most cases, the optimum value for the `max-segment-size` argument is 1452 bytes. This value plus the 20-byte IP header, the 20-byte TCP header, and the 8-byte PPPoE header add up to a 1500-byte packet that matches the MTU size for the Ethernet link.

If you are configuring the `ip mtu` command on the same interface as the `ip tcp adjust-mss` command, it is recommended that you use the following commands and values:

- `ip tcp adjust-mss 1452`
- `ip mtu 1492`
The **ip tcp adjust-mss** command does not work on subinterfaces or GRE tunnels.

### Examples

The following example shows the configuration of a PPPoE client with the MSS value set to 1452:

```
vpdn enable
no vpdn logging
!
vpdn-group 1
request-dialin
protocol pppoe
!
interface Ethernet0
  ip address 192.168.100.1.255.255.255.0
  ip tcp adjust-mss 1452
  ip nat inside
!
interface ATM0
  no ip address
  no atm ilmi-keepalive
  pvc 8/35
  pppoe client dial-pool-number 1
!
dsl equipment-type CPE
dsl operating-mode GSHDSL symmetric annex B
dsl llinerate AUTO
!
interface Dialer1
  ip address negotiated
  ip mtu 1492
  ip nat outside
  encapsulation ppp
dialer pool 1
dialer-group 1
  ppp authentication pap callin
  ppp pap sent-username sohodyt password 7 141B1309000528
!
  ip nat inside source list 101 Dialer1 overload
  ip route 0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0 Dialer1
  access-list permit ip 192.168.100.0.0.0.0.255 any
```

### Related Commands

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>ip mtu</strong></td>
<td>Sets the MTU size of IP packets sent on an interface.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>