



# VM-Aware SANs

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# Why Virtualize Anything?

Virtualization enables:

- Pooling resources across physical units
- Allocating / re-allocating resources as needed
- Assignment based on class of service required
- Improving resource utilization
- Scaling without regard to physical system limits
- Mobility of virtualized objects across resource pool
- Changing physical infrastructure without disruptions

# The Value of Virtualization:

Traditional IT Practice



With Virtualization



# Virtual Machines (VM) & Storage Networking

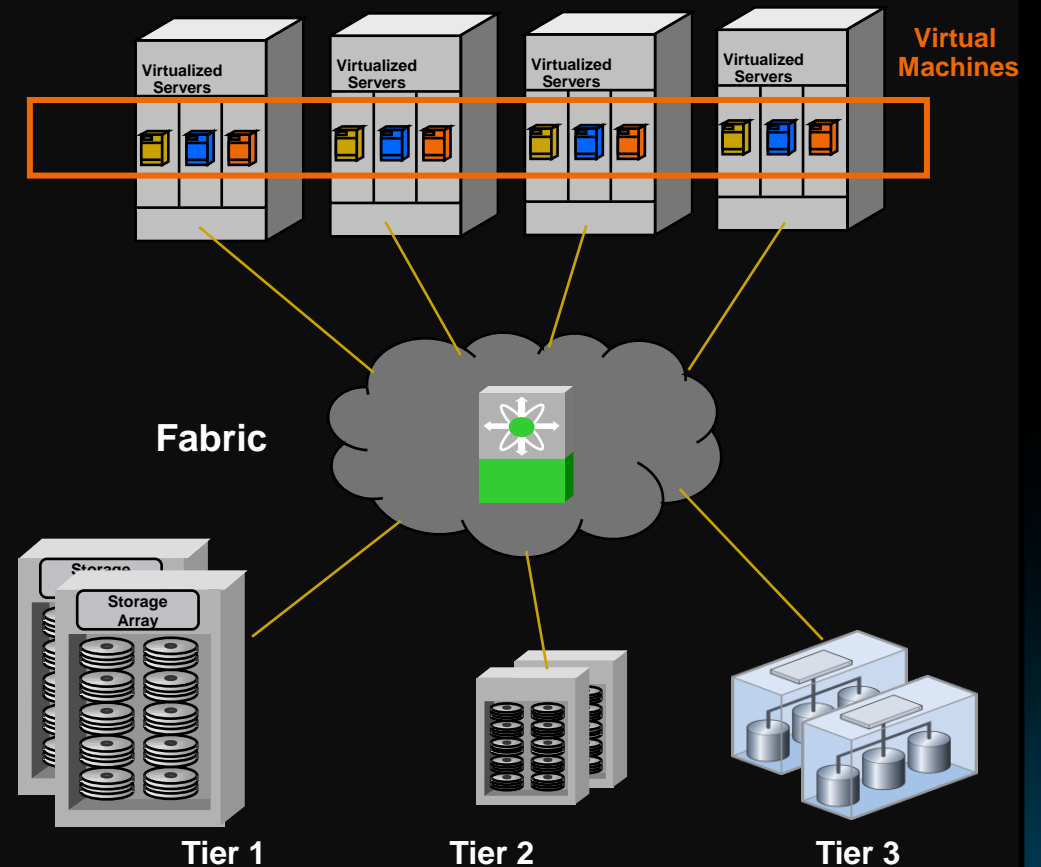
## Virtual Machines pose new requirements for SANs

### Switching Performance

- Support complex, unpredictable, dynamically changing traffic patterns
- Provide fabric scalability for higher workload
- Differentiate Quality of Service on a per VM basis

### Deployment, Management, Security

- Create flexible and isolated SAN sections, support management Access Control
- Support performance monitoring, trending, and capacity planning up to each VM
- Allow VM mobility without compromising security



# Virtual Machine Optimized MDS 9000 SANs



## Switching Infrastructure to support growing VM Bandwidth

Flexibility, Performance, Density and Security

8 Gbps Fibre Channel

Investment Protection



## VN-Link Storage Services for VM Optimized SAN

Per VM Unique HBA association (NPIV)

Per VM Quality-of-Service

Per VM Security, Performance Monitoring and Management

VM belongs to different VSAN ( F-port trunking)



- **Blade Server Optimized SAN**

Network Port Virtualizer (NPV)

Flex Attach

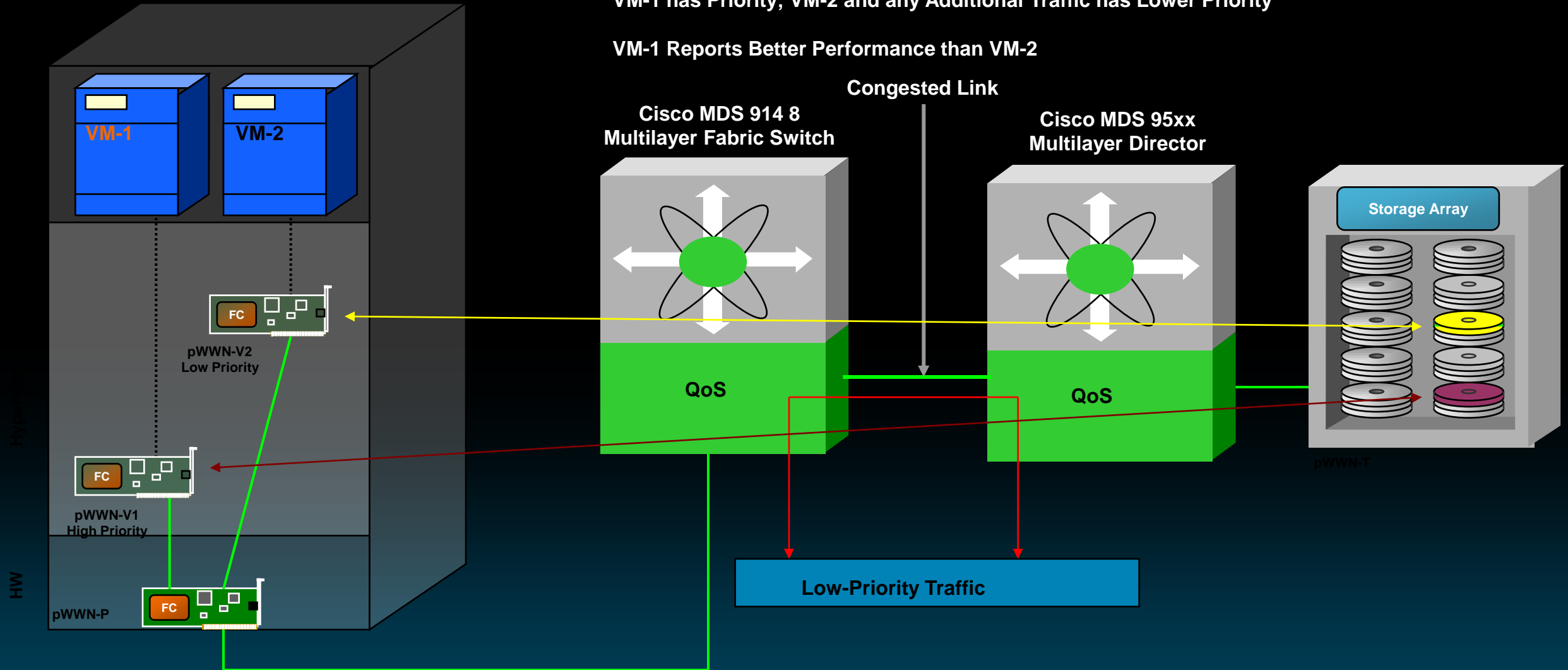
F-port Port Channel, F-Port Trunking

# QoS for Individual Virtual Machines

Zone-Based QoS:

VM-1 has Priority; VM-2 and any Additional Traffic has Lower Priority

VM-1 Reports Better Performance than VM-2



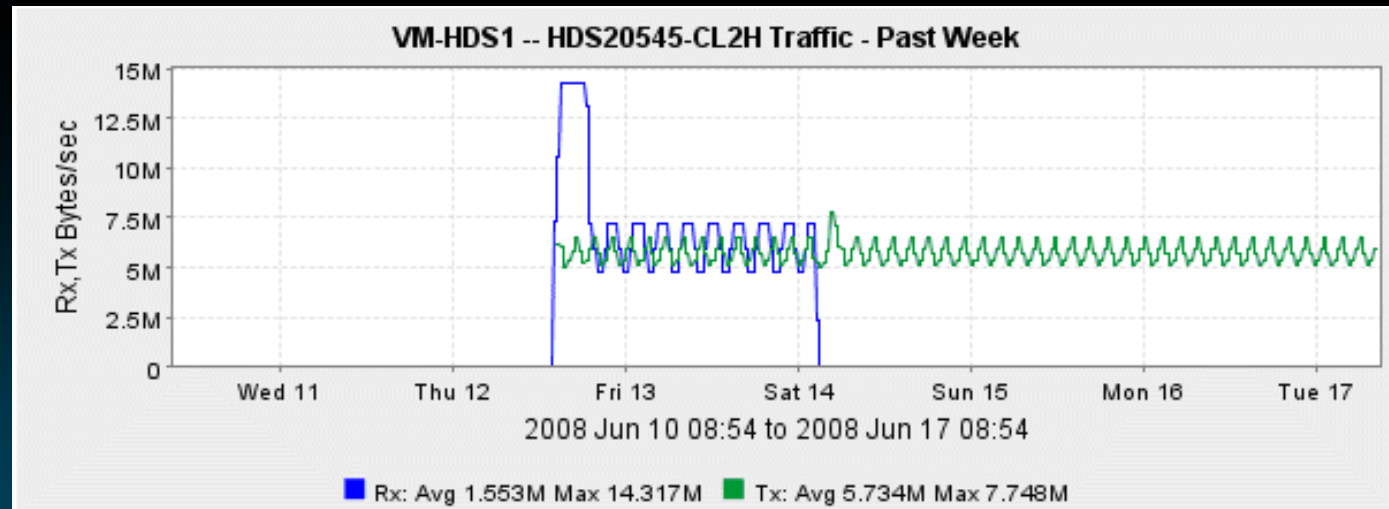
# Performance Monitoring of an individual VM

Cisco Fabric Manager is the management GUI for Cisco SANs.

Cisco Fabric Manager provides a full set of tools for fabric configuration and performance monitoring.

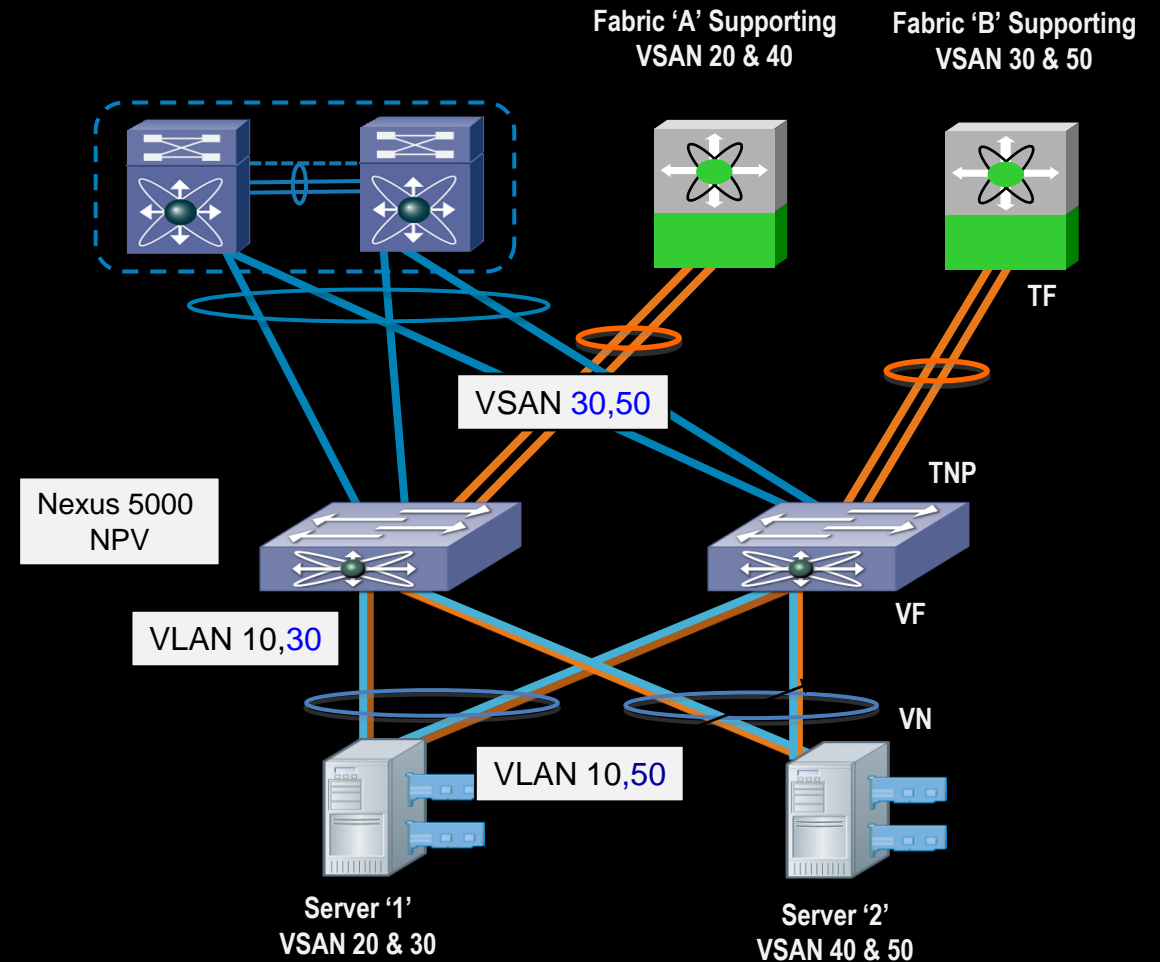
The same performance monitoring capabilities available for the physical devices are available for the individual NPIV-enabled virtual machines

Single monitoring point across the entire end-to-end storage infrastructure



# Unified Fabric Design

- Nexus 5000 access switches operating in NPV mode
- With NX-OS release 4.2(1) Nexus 5000 supports F-Port Trunking and Channeling on the links between an **NPV** device and upstream FC switch (NP port -> F port)
- F\_Port Trunking: Better multiplexing of traffic using shared links (multiple VSANs on a common link)
- F\_Port Channeling: Better resiliency between NPV edge and Director Core
  - No host re-login needed per link failure
  - No FSPF recalculation due to link failure
- Simplifies FC topology (single uplink from NPV device to FC director)



F-Port Trunking & Channeling



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## **SAN Virtuosity Series**

[www.sanvirtuosity.com](http://www.sanvirtuosity.com)

<b>Session</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Time</b>
<b>#1</b>	<b>Getting Starting: Virtualization and FC SANs</b>	<b>10/6/2010</b>	<b>9:00 AM PT</b>
<b>#2</b>	<b>Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery</b>	<b>11/10/2010</b>	<b>9:00 AM PT</b>
<b>#3</b>	<b>SAN Data Protection and Security</b>	<b>1/12/2011</b>	<b>9:00 AM PT</b>
<b>#4</b>	<b>FCoE and Network Convergence</b>	<b>2/9/2011</b>	<b>9:00 AM PT</b>

