

Call Restriction Regulations

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Prerequisites for LPCOR

- Cisco IOS Release 15.0(1)XA or a later release.
- Cisco Unified CME 8.0 or a later version.

Information About LPCOR

LPCOR Overview

The Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (TRAI) has regulations that restrict the mixing of voice traffic between the PSTN and VoIP networks. Previously, this required a user to have two phones to handle both PSTN and VoIP calls; an IP phone connected to the Electronic Private Automatic Branch Exchange (EPABX) for intra-office and inter-office VoIP calls and a separate phone connected to a PABX for PSTN calls, as shown in Figure 1: Separate PBX and EPABX Systems, on page 2.

New regulations allow for a single network infrastructure and single EPABX to connect to both the PSTN and VoIP networks by using a logical partitioning between the PSTN and IP leased lines.

The logical partitioning class of restriction (LPCOR) feature enables a single directory number on an IP phone or analog phone registered to Cisco Unified CME to connect to both PSTN and VoIP calls according to the connection restrictions specified by TRAI regulations. Cisco Unified CME can support both VoIP and PSTN calls while restricting the mixing of voice traffic between the PSTN and VoIP networks and preventing PSTN calls from connecting to remote locations over an IP trunk, as shown in Figure 2: Single EPAPX System with PSTN and VoIP Calls Partitioning, on page 2.

Figure 1: Separate PBX and EPABX Systems

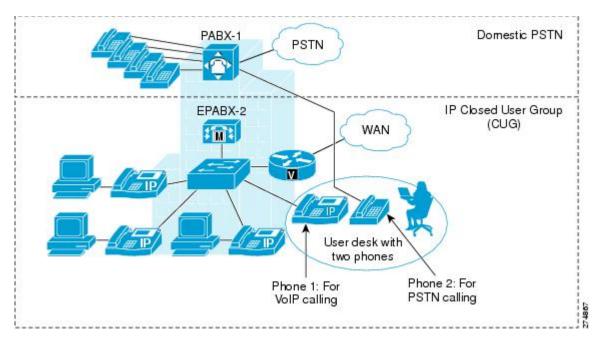
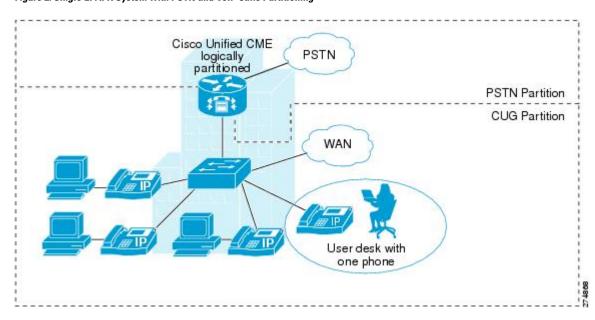


Figure 2: Single EPAPX System with PSTN and VolP Calls Partitioning



LPCOR Policy and Resource Groups

Cisco Unified CME supports a high-level class of restriction by allowing you to logically partition its resources (PSTN trunks, IP trunks, IP phones, and analog phones) into different groups. The resources of each group are scalable based on the voice interface, trunk group, or IP address subnet. In general, you should not have to modify your existing dial plan to support LPCOR functionality. The dial peer class of restriction (COR) feature remains unchanged when the LPCOR feature is added to Cisco Unified CME.

LPCOR control is based on the location of resources, where calls are originating and terminating. You must partition the resources of the Cisco Unified CME router into different resource groups and then create a LPCOR policy for each group to which you want to apply call restrictions.

You create a LPCOR policy matrix for individual resource groups by defining its LPCOR policy to either accept or reject calls that originate from any of the other resource groups. You can define one LPCOR policy for each resource group.

The same LPCOR policy is applied to multiple directory numbers from the same resource. For example, if multiple directory numbers are defined for a SCCP phone, the same LPCOR policy is enforced for all calls to the different directory numbers on the SCCP phone.

In the following example, PSTN trunks, IP trunks (H.323 and SIP), analog FXS phones, and IP phones for a Cisco Unified CME router are partitioned into five different resource groups (RG1 to RG5).

Table 1: LPCOR Policy Matrix Example

Resource Groups	RG1	RG2	RG3	RG4	RCS
RG1	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
RG2	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
RG3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
RG4	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
RG5	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

LPCOR validation is done at the target destination based on the configured LPCOR policy matrix. For example:

- Call from RG1 to target RG1 is allowed
- Call from RG2 to target RG3 is not allowed
- Call from RG3 to target RG2 is allowed
- Call from RG5 to target RG5 is not allowed

Default LPCOR Policy

The default LPCOR policy means that there are no restrictions between the call source and its target destination. When a call is presented to a target destination, Cisco Unified CME bypasses LPCOR validation if either the incoming call is not associated with a LPCOR policy or the LPCOR policy is not defined for the target destination.

TRAI regulations allow the same directory number on a local IP phone or SCCP analog Foreign Exchange Station (FXS) phone in Cisco Unified CME to handle both PSTN and VoIP calls. Locally connected phones do not have to be associated with any resource group.

How LPCOR Policies are Associated with Resource Groups

Call restrictions are applied to LPCOR resource groups based on the location of the resources. You create LPCOR policies that define the call restrictions to apply to calls that originate or terminate at the following types of resources.

Analog Phones

TRAI regulations allow an analog FXS phone to accept both PSTN and VoIP calls if the phone is locally registered to Cisco Unified CME. Locally connected phones do not have to be associated with any resource group; the default LPCOR policy is applied to this phone type.

A specific LPCOR policy can be defined through the voice port or trunk group. For configuration information, see Associate a LPCOR Policy with Analog Phone or PSTN Trunk Calls, on page 11.

IP Phones

LPCOR supports both SCCP and SIP IP phones. TRAI regulations allow an IP phone to accept both PSTN and VoIP calls if the IP phone is registered locally to Cisco Unified CME through the LAN. If the IP phone is registered to Cisco Unified CME through the WAN, PSTN calls must be blocked from the remote IP phones.

If an IP phone always registers to Cisco Unified CME from the same local or remote region, the phone is provisioned with a static LPCOR policy. For configuration information, see Associate a LPCOR Policy with IP Phone or SCCP FXS Phone Calls, on page 16.

If the phone is a mobile-type IP phone and moves between the local and remote regions, such as an Extension Mobility phone, Cisco IP Communicator softphone, or a remote teleworker phone, the LPCOR policy is provisioned dynamically based on the IP phone's currently registered IP address. For configuration information, see Associate LPCOR with Mobile Phone Calls, on page 20.

PSTN Trunks

An incoming LPCOR resource group is associated with a PSTN trunk (digital or analog) through the voice port or trunk group.

When a call is routed to the PSTN network, the LPCOR policy of the target PSTN trunk can block calls from any resource group it is not explicitly configured to accept. Outgoing calls from a PSTN trunk are associated with a LPCOR policy based on either the voice port or trunk group, whichever is configured in the outbound POTS dial-peer.

For configuration information, see Associate a LPCOR Policy with Analog Phone or PSTN Trunk Calls, on page 11.

VoIP Trunks

An incoming VoIP trunk call (H.323 or SIP) is associated with a LPCOR policy based on the remote IP address as follows:

Incoming H.323 trunk call

IP address of the previous hub or originating gateway

Incoming SIP trunk call

- IP address of the originating gateway
- Hostname from the earliest Via header of an incoming INVITE message. If the hostname is in domain name format, a DNS query is performed to resolve the name into an IP address.

Cisco Unified CME uses the resolved hostname or resolved IP address to determine the LPCOR policy based on the entries in the IP-trunk subnet table. If the LPCOR policy cannot be found through the IP address or hostname, the incoming H.323 or SIP trunk call is associated with the incoming LPCOR policy configured in voice service configuration mode.

The LPCOR policy of the VoIP target is determined through the configuration of the outbound VoIP dial-peer. The default LPCOR policy is applied to the VoIP target if an outgoing LPCOR policy is not defined in the target VoIP dial-peer.

For configuration information, see Associate a LPCOR Policy with VoIP Trunk Calls, on page 14.

LPCOR Support for Supplementary Services

Table 2: Supplementary Services Support with LPCOR, on page 5 describes LPCOR support for calls using supplementary services.

Table 2: Supplementary Services Support with LPCOR

Feature	Description S		SIP Phone
Basic Call	Cisco Unified CME invokes the LPCOR policy validation if both the incoming call and target destination are associated with a LPCOR policy.		Yes
	If the LPCOR policy validation fails, cause-code 63 (no service available) or the user-defined cause-code is returned to the remote switch. The call can hunt to the next destination.		
Call Forward	When a call is forwarded to a new destination, Cisco Unified CME invokes the LPCOR policy validation between the source and the forwarding target. The call is not forwarded to the target if the LPCOR policy is restricted.		Yes
Call Transfer	ransfer Blind and Consultative Call Transfer is restricted if the LPCOR policy validation fails between the transferee and transfer-to parties.		Yes
	For consultative call transfers, the reorder tone plays and an error message displays on the transferor phone. The call is not disconnected between the transferee and transferor.		

Feature	Description	SCCP Phone	SIP Phone
Ad Hoc Conference (software-based, 3-party)	Cisco Unified CME invokes the LPCOR policy validation for each call joined to a conference. A call is blocked from joining the conference if the LPCOR policy validation fails.	Yes	No
Ad Hoc Conference (hardware-based)	1' 1 4 10 1 4 4' '4' 4 14		Yes
	Note If the LPCOR policy validation fails during a blind transfer setup to a conference bridge, the call is released.		
	Note LPCOR validation is not supported for additional call transfer or conference operations from a 3-party software conference call.		
Meet-Me Conference	LPCOR policy of each conference party is validated when a new call is joined to a conference. The call is blocked from joining the conference if the LPCOR policy validation fails.	Yes	Yes (join only)
	The reorder tone plays and the conference cannot complete message displays on the IP phone that initiated the Meet-Me conference.		
Call Pickup/Group Pickup (Cisco Unified CME 7.1 and later versions)	Call Pickup and Pickup Groups enable phone users to answer a call that is ringing on a different extension. The pickup is blocked if the LPCOR policy validation between the call and the pickup phone fails.		Yes
	The reorder tone plays and the unknown number message displays on the IP phone that attempts the call pickup.		
Call Park (Cisco Unified CME 7.1 and later versions)	Phone users can place a call on hold at a special extension so it can be retrieved by other phones. A phone is not allowed to retrieve a parked call if the LPCOR.		Yes
Call Park Retrieval	A phone is not allowed to retrieve a parked call if the LPCOR policy validation fails. The reorder tone plays and the unknown number message displays on the IP phone that attempts to retrieve the parked call. The call remains parked at the call-park slot.		Yes
Hunt Group Pilot (ephone hunt group)	Supported for sequential and longest idle hunt groups. The LPCOR policy validation is performed when a call is directed to a SCCP endpoint through the ephone hunt-group.		No
Hunt Group Pilot (voice hunt group)	Supported for parallel hunt groups only. A hunt target can be a SCCP phone, SIP phone, VoIP trunk, or PSTN trunk. The LPCOR policy validation is performed between the call and the pilot hunt target. A call is blocked from a target if the LPCOR policy is restricted.	Yes	Yes

Feature	Description	SCCP Phone	SIP Phone
Shared Line	Phones with a shared directory number must have the same LPCOR policy.	Yes	Yes
CBarge	Phone users who share a directory number can join an active call on the shared line. Phones must have the same LPCOR policy.	Yes	Yes
Third-Party Call Control	Cisco Unified CME supports out-of-dialog refer (OOD-R) by a remote call-control system. The LPCOR validation is performed during the second outbound call setup after the first outbound call is established. The OOD-R request fails if the LPCOR policy between the first and second outbound call is restricted.	Yes	Yes

Phone Display and Warning Tone for LPCOR

Cisco Unified CME plays the reorder tone to callers when it blocks calls due to LPCOR policy authentication. Table 3: Message Display for Blocked LPCOR Calls, on page 7 lists the message that displays on the phone when a call is blocked.

Table 3: Message Display for Blocked LPCOR Calls

Call Block Type Phone Display Message			
	SCCP Phone	SIP Phone	
Call Transfer	Unable to Transfer	Transfer Failed	
Conference	Cannot Complete Conferen	Cannot Complete Conference	
Meet-Me Conference	No Screen Display Update	No Screen Display Update	
Pickup	Unknown Number	Unknown Number	
Park	Unknown Number	Unknown Number	

LPCOR VSAs

New vendor-specific attributes (VSAs) for the LPCOR policy associated with a call are included in the call detail records (CDRs) generated by Cisco Unified CME for Remote Authentication Dial-in User Services (RADIUS) accounting. A null value is used for call legs without an associated LPCOR policy, which is the default LPCOR value. The incoming or outgoing LPCOR policy of a call is added to RADIUS stop records.

Table 4: VSAs Supported by Cisco Voice Calls, on page 8lists the new VSAs.

Table 4: VSAs Supported by Cisco Voice Calls

Attribute	VSA No. (Decimal)	Format for Value or Text	Sample Value or Text	Description
in-lpcor-group	1	String	pstn_group	Logical partitioning class of restriction (LPCOR) resource-group policy associated with an incoming call.
out-lpcor-group	1	String	voip_group	LPCOR resource-group policy associated with an outgoing call.

Configure LPCOR

Define a LPCOR Policy

To enable LPCOR functionality and define a policy for each resource group that requires call restrictions, perform the following task. You can define one LPCOR policy for each resource group. Do not create a LPCOR policy for resource groups that do not require call restrictions. A target resource group without a LPCOR policy can accept incoming calls from any other resource group.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. voice lpcor enable
- 4. voice lpcor call-block cause cause-code
- 5. voice lpcor custom
- **6. group** *number lpcor-group*
- 7. exit
- 8. voice lpcor policy lpcor-group
- 9. accept lpcor-group
- 10. end

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	<pre>voice lpcor enable Example: Router(config)# voice lpcor enable</pre>	Enables LPCOR functionality on the Cisco Unified CME router.
Step 4	<pre>voice lpcor call-block cause cause-code Example: Router(config) # voice lpcor call-block cause 79</pre>	 (Optional) Defines the cause code to use when a call is blocked because LPCOR validation fails. Range: 1 to 180. Default: 63 (serv/opt-unavail-unspecified). Type ? to display a description of the cause codes.
Step 5	<pre>voice lpcor custom Example: Router(config) # voice lpcor custom</pre>	Defines the name and number of LPCOR resource groups on the Cisco Unified CME router.
Step 6	<pre>group number lpcor-group Example: Router(cfg-lpcor-custom) # group 1 pstn_trunk</pre>	Adds a LPCOR resource group to the custom resource list. • number—Group number of the LPCOR entry. Range: 1 to 64. • lpcor-group—String that identifies the LPCOR resource group.
Step 7	<pre>exit Example: Router(cfg-lpcor-custom) # exit</pre>	Exits LPCOR custom configuration mode.
Step 8	<pre>voice lpcor policy lpcor-group Example: Router(config) # voice lpcor policy pstn_trunk</pre>	Creates a LPCOR policy for a resource group. • <i>lpcor-group</i> —Name of the resource group that you defined in Step 6.
Step 9	<pre>accept lpcor-group Example: Router(cfg-lpcor-policy) # accept analog_phone</pre>	Allows a LPCOR policy to accept calls associated with the specified resource group. Default: Calls from other groups are rejected; calls from the same resource group are accepted. Repeat this command for each resource group whose calls you want this policy to accept.
Step 10	<pre>end Example: Router(cfg-lpcor-policy)# end</pre>	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.

Examples

The following example shows a LPCOR configuration where resources are partitioned into five groups. Three of the resource groups have LPCOR policies that limit the calls they can accept. The other two groups, ipphone_local and analog_phone, can accept calls from any of the other resource groups because they do not have a LPCOR policy defined.

```
voice lpcor enable
voice lpcor call-block cause invalid-number
voice lpcor custom
group 1 pstn_trunk
group 2 analog phone
group 3 iptrunk
group 4 ipphone local
group 5 ipphone remote
voice lpcor policy pstn trunk
accept analog phone
accept ipphone_local
voice lpcor policy iptrunk
accept analog phone
accept ipphone local
accept ipphone remote
voice lpcor policy ipphone remote
accept iptrunk
accept analog_phone
accept ipphone local
```

The following example shows a LPCOR configuration where resources are partitioned into the following four policy groups:

- siptrunk—Accepts all IP trunk calls.
- h323trunk—Accepts all IP trunk calls.
- pstn—Blocks all IP trunk and voice-mail calls.
- voicemail—Accepts both IP trunk and PSTN calls.

```
voice lpcor enable
voice lpcor custom
group 1 siptrunk
group 2 h323trunk
group 3 pstn
group 4 voicemail
!
voice lpcor policy siptrunk
accept h323trunk
accept voicemail
!
voice lpcor policy h323trunk
accept siptrunk
accept siptrunk
accept voicemail
!
voice lpcor policy pstn
!
voice lpcor policy pstn
!
voice lpcor policy voicemail
```

```
accept siptrunk
accept h323trunk
accept pstn
```

The following example shows a LPCOR policy that is configured to reject calls associated with itself. Devices that belong to the local_phone resource group cannot accept calls from each other.

```
voice lpcor policy local_phone
no accept local_phone
accept analog phone
```

Associate a LPCOR Policy with Analog Phone or PSTN Trunk Calls

To associate a LPCOR policy with calls that originate or terminate at an analog phone or PSTN trunk, perform the following task. You can apply a specific LPCOR policy through the voice port or trunk group to remote analog phones or to local analog phones that you do not want to associate with the default LPCOR policy.



Note

For an analog FXS phone that is locally registered to Cisco Unified CME through the LAN, see Associate a LPCOR Policy with IP Phone or SCCP FXS Phone Calls, on page 16.

Incoming calls from an analog phone or PSTN trunk are associated with a LPCOR resource group based on the following configurations, in the order listed:

- 1. Voice port
- 2. Trunk group

Outgoing calls from an analog phone or PSTN trunk are associated with a LPCOR policy based on the voice port or trunk group configuration in the outbound POTS dial-peer:

- If the outbound dial peer is configured with the port command, an outgoing call uses the LPCOR policy specified in the voice port.
- If the outbound dial-peer is configured with the **trunkgroup** command, the call uses the LPCOR policy specified in the trunk group.

Before you begin

The LPCOR policy must be defined. See Define a LPCOR Policy, on page 8.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. trunk group name
- 4. **lpcor incoming** *lpcor-group*
- 5. **lpcor outgoing** *lpcor-group*
- 6. exit
- **7. voice-port** *port*
- **8. Ipcor incoming** *lpcor-group*

- **9. lpcor outgoing** *lpcor-group*
- **10**. end

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.
	Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	trunk group name	Enters trunk-group configuration mode to define a trunk
	Example:	group.
	Router(config)# trunk group isdn1	
Step 4	lpcor incoming lpcor-group	Associates a LPCOR resource-group policy with an
	Example:	incoming call.
	Router(config-trunk-group) # lpcor incoming isdn_group1	
Step 5	lpcor outgoing lpcor-group	Associates a LPCOR resource-group policy with an
	Example:	outgoing call.
	Router(config-trunk-group)# lpcor outgoing isdn_group1	
Step 6	exit	
	Example:	
	Router(config-trunk-group)# exit	
Step 7	voice-port port	Enters voice-port configuration mode.
	Example:	• Port argument is platform-dependent; type? to
	Router(config)# voice-port 0/1/0	display syntax.
Step 8	lpcor incoming lpcor-group	Associates a LPCOR resource-group policy with an
-	Example:	incoming call.
	Router(config-voiceport)# lpcor incoming vp_group3	3
Step 9	lpcor outgoing lpcor-group	Associates a LPCOR resource-group policy with an
	Example:	outgoing call.
	Router(config-voiceport)# lpcor outgoing vp_group3	3
Step 10	end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
-	Example:	

Command or Action	Purpose
Router(config-voiceport)# end	

Examples for Configuring LPCOR for a PSTN Trunk and Analog Phones

PSTN Trunks

Analog Phones

The following example shows a configuration for a PSTN trunk. Outbound calls from dial peer 201 use LPCOR policy isdn_group1 because dial peer 201 is configured with trunk group isdn1. Outbound calls from dial peer 202 use LPCOR policy vp_group3 because dial peer 202 is configured with voice port 3/1:15. A dial peer can be configured with either a voice port or trunk group; it cannot use both.

```
trunk group isdn1
 lpcor incoming isdn group1
lpcor outgoing isdn group1
interface Serial2/0:15
isdn incoming-voice voice
trunk-group isdn1
voice-port 3/1:15
lpcor incoming vp group3
lpcor outgoing vp group3
dial-peer voice 201 pots
description TG outbound dial-peer
destination-pattern 201T
trunkgroup isdn1
dial-peer voice 202 pots
description VP outbound dial-peer
destination-pattern 202T
port 3/1:15
```

The following example shows a LPCOR configuration for analog phones:

```
trunk group analog1
lpcor incoming analog_group1
lpcor outgoing analog_group1
!
voice-port 1/0/0
!
voice-port 1/0/1
!
voice-port 1/1/0
lpcor incoming vp_group1
lpcor outgoing vp_group1
!
dial-peer voice 100 pots
description VP dial-peer
destination-pattern 100
port 1/0/0
!
```

```
dial-peer voice 101 pots
description VP dial-peer
destination-pattern 101
port 1/0/1
!
dial-peer voice 110 pots
description VP dial-peer
destination-pattern 110
port 1/1/0
!
dial-peer voice 300 pots
description TG outbound dial-peer
destination-pattern 300
trunk-group analog1
```

Associate a LPCOR Policy with VoIP Trunk Calls

To associate a LPCOR policy with calls that originate or terminate at a VoIP trunk (H.323 or SIP), perform the following task.

Incoming VoIP trunk calls are associated with a LPCOR policy based on the following configurations, in the order listed:

- 1. IP-trunk subnet table
- 2. Voice service voip configuration

Outgoing VoIP trunk calls are associated with a LPCOR policy based on the following configurations, in the order listed:

- 1. Outbound VoIP dial peer
- 2. Default LPCOR policy (no LPCOR policy is applied)



Restriction

- The LPCOR IP-trunk subnet table is not supported for calls with an IPv6 address. The LPCOR policy
 specified with the lpcor incoming command in voice service configuration mode is supported for IPv6
 trunk calls.
- Only a single LPCOR policy is applied to outgoing IP trunk calls if the outbound VoIP dial-peer is configured with the **session target** command using the **sip-server** or **ras** keyword.
- If a dial peer COR and LPCOR are both defined in a dial peer, the dial peer COR configuration has priority over LPCOR. For example, if the dial peer COR restricts the call and LPCOR allows the call, the call fails because of the dial peer COR before ever considering LPCOR.

Before you begin

The LPCOR policy must be defined. See Define a LPCOR Policy, on page 8.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal

- 3. voice lpcor ip-trunk subnet incoming
- **4. index** *index-number lpcor-group* { *ipv4-address network-mask* | **hostname** *hostname* }
- 5. exit
- 6. voice service voip
- **7. lpcor incoming** *lpcor-group*
- 8. exit
- 9. dial-peer voice tag voip
- **10. lpcor outgoing** *lpcor-group*
- **11**. end

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.
	Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	voice lpcor ip-trunk subnet incoming	Creates a LPCOR IP-trunk subnet table for incoming calls
	Example:	from a VoIP trunk.
	Router(config) # voice lpcor ip-trunk subnet incoming	
Step 4	index index-number lpcor-group { ipv4-address network-mask hostname hostname }	Adds a LPCOR resource group to the IP trunk subnet table.
	Example:	
	Router(cfg-lpcor-iptrunk-subnet) # index 1 h323_group1 172.19.33.0 255.255.255.0	
Step 5	exit	Exits LPCOR custom configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(cfg-lpcor-iptrunk-subnet)# exit	
Step 6	voice service voip	Enters voice-service configuration mode to specify the
	Example:	VoIP encapsulation type.
	Router(config)# voice service voip	
Step 7	lpcor incoming lpcor-group	Associates a LPCOR resource-group policy with an
	Example:	incoming call.
	Router(conf-voi-serv)# lpcor incoming voip_trunk_1	
Step 8	exit	Exits voice-service configuration mode.
	Example:	

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Router(conf-voi-serv)# exit	
Step 9	dial-peer voice tag voip	Enters dial-peer configuration mode to define a dial peer
	Example:	for VoIP calls.
	Router(config)# dial-peer voice 233 voip	
Step 10	lpcor outgoing lpcor-group	Associates a LPCOR resource-group policy with an
	Example:	outgoing call.
	Router(config-dial-peer)# lpcor outgoing h323_group1	
Step 11	end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config-dial-peer)# end	

Examples

The following example shows a LPCOR configuration for VoIP trunks:

```
voice lpcor ip-trunk subnet incoming
 index 1 h323_group1 172.19.33.0 255.255.255.0
index 2 sip_group1 172.19.22.0 255.255.255.0
index 3 sip_group2 hostname sipexample
voice service voip
lpcor incoming voip trunk 1
dial-peer voice 233 voip
description H323 trunk outbound dial-peer
destination-pattern 233T
session target ipv4:172.19.33.233
lpcor outgoing h323 group1
dial-peer voice 2255 voip
description SIP trunk outbound dial-peer
destination-pattern 255T
 session protocol sipv2
 session target ipv4:172.19.33.255
lpcor outgoing sip_group1
```

Associate a LPCOR Policy with IP Phone or SCCP FXS Phone Calls

To associate a LPCOR policy with calls that originate or terminate at a local or remote IP phone or local SCCP analog (FXS) phone, perform the following task.

According to TRAI requirements, an IP phone or a SCCP FXS phone can accept both PSTN and VoIP calls if it is locally registered to Cisco Unified CME through the LAN. If a phone is registered to Cisco Unified CME through the WAN, then PSTN calls must be blocked from that remote phone.



Restriction

- Phones that share a directory number must be configured with the same LPCOR policy. A warning message displays if you try to configure a different LPCOR policy between IP phones that share the same directory number.
- Local and remote IP phones cannot use the same LPCOR policy.
- Software-based three-party ad hoc conferencing is not supported on SIP phones.
- Hardware-based ad hoc conferening is not supported on SIP phones.
- LPCOR feature is not supported on voice gateways such as the Cisco VG224 or Cisco integrated service router if the voice gateway is registered to Cisco Unified Communications Manager. Cisco Unified Communications Manager does not support LPCOR.
- If a third-party call-control application makes two separate calls to Cisco Unified CME and performs a
 media bridging between the two calls, LPCOR validation is not supported because Cisco Unified CME
 is not aware of the bridging.

Before you begin

- The LPCOR policy must be defined. See Define a LPCOR Policy, on page 8.
- SCCP FXS phones are configured with the type anl command.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3. ephone** *phone-tag* or **voice register pool** *phone-tag*
- **4. lpcor type { local | remote }**
- **5. lpcor incoming** *lpcor-group*
- **6. lpcor outgoing** *lpcor-group*
- 7. end

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
	Router> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Router# configure terminal		
Step 3	ephone phone-tag or voice register pool phone-tag	Enters ephone configuration mode to set phone-specific parameters for an SCCP phone.	
	Example:		

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Router(config)# ephone 2	or
	<pre>Or Router(config)# voice register pool 4</pre>	Enters voice register pool configuration mode to set phone-specific parameters for a SIP phone.
		• <i>phone-tag</i> —Unique sequence number that identifies the phone. Range is version and platform-dependent; type ? to display range.
Step 4	lpcor type {local remote}	Sets the LPCOR type for an IP phone.
	Example: Router(config-ephone) # lpcor type remote	• local—IP phone always registers to Cisco Unified CME through the LAN.
	or Router(config-register-pool)# lpcor type local	 remote—IP phone always registers to Cisco Unified CME through the WAN. This command can also be configured in
		ephone-template or voice register template configuration mode and applied to one or more phones. The phone configuration has precedence over the template configuration.
Step 5	lpcor incoming lpcor-group	Associates a LPCOR resource-group policy with an
	Example:	incoming call.
	Router(config-ephone) # lpcor incoming ephone_group1 or	 If this phone shares a directory number with another phone, you cannot configure a LPCOR policy that is different than the LPCOR policy on the other phone.
	Router(config-register-pool)# lpcor incoming remote_group3	This command can also be configured in ephone-template or voice register template configuration mode and applied to one or more phones. The phone configuration has precedence over the template configuration.
Step 6	lpcor outgoing lpcor-group	Associates a LPCOR resource-group policy with an
	Example:	outgoing call.
	Router(config-ephone) # lpcor outgoing ephone_group2 or	 If this phone shares a directory number with another phone, you cannot configure a LPCOR policy that is different than the LPCOR policy on the other phone.
	Router(config-register-pool)# lpcor outgoing remote_group3	This command can also be configured in ephone-template or voice register template configuration mode and applied to one or more phones. The phone configuration has precedence over the template configuration.
Step 7	end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ephone) # end	

Command or Action	Purpose
or	
Router(config-register-pool)# end	

Example for Configuring LPCOR on SCCP Phone, SIP Phones, and SCCP FXS Phones

SCCP

SIP

SCCP FXS Analog

The following example shows a LPCOR configuration for two SCCP phones. One configuration is applied directly to the phone and the other is applied through a phone template:

```
ephone-template 1
lpcor type local
lpcor incoming ephone group1
lpcor outgoing ephone group1
ephone 1
mac-address 00E1.CB13.0395
ephone-template 1
type 7960
button 1:1
ephone 2
lpcor type remote
lpcor incoming ephone_group2
lpcor outgoing ephone group2
mac-address 001C.821C.ED23
type 7960
button 1:2
```

The following example shows a LPCOR configuration for two SIP phones:

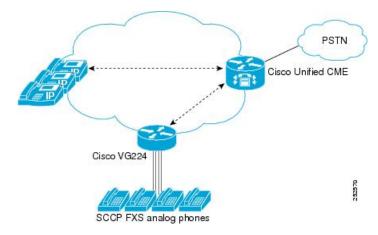
```
voice register template 1
 lpcor type local
 lpcor incoming test group
lpcor outgoing test group
voice register pool 3
id mac 001B.D584.E80A
 type 7960
number 1 dn 2
template 1
codec g711ulaw
voice register pool 4
lpcor type remote
lpcor incoming remote group3
lpcor outgoing remote group3
id mac 0030.94C2.9A55
 type 7960
number 1 dn 2
dtmf-relay rtp-nt
```

The following example shows a LPCOR configuration for two SCCP FXS phones connected to a Cisco VG224 and controlled by Cisco Unified CME:

```
dial-peer voice 102 pots
service stcapp
port 1/0/2
ephone 5
lpcor type local
 lpcor incoming analog vg224
lpcor outgoing analog_vg224
mac-address F9E5.8B28.2402
 ephone-template 1
max-calls-per-button 2
type anl
button 1:5
ephone 6
lpcor type local
 lpcor incoming analog vg224
lpcor outgoing analog_vg224
mac-address F9E5.8B28.2403
ephone-template 1
max-calls-per-button 2
 type anl
button 1:6
```

Figure 3: SCCP FXS Phones Managed by Cisco Unified CME, on page 20 shows an example of a network with SCCP FXS phones managed by Cisco Unified CME.

Figure 3: SCCP FXS Phones Managed by Cisco Unified CME



Associate LPCOR with Mobile Phone Calls

To associate a LPCOR policy with calls that originate or terminate at a mobile-type phone, perform the following task.

A mobile-type phone can register to Cisco Unified CME through either the LAN or WAN. For example an Extension Mobility phone, Cisco IP Communicator softphone, or a remote teleworker phone.

Incoming and outgoing calls to and from a mobile-type phone are associated with a LPCOR policy based on the following configurations, in the order listed:

- 1. IP-phone subnet table
- 2. Default LPCOR policy for mobile-type phones



Restriction

The LPCOR IP-phone subnet table is not supported for calls with an IPv6 address.

Before you begin

The LPCOR policy must be defined. See Define a LPCOR Policy, on page 8.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3. ephone** *phone-tag* or **voice register pool** *phone-tag*
- 4. lpcor type mobile
- exit
- **6.** voice lpcor ip-phone subnet {incoming | outgoing}
- 7. **index** index-number lpcor-group { ipv4-address network-mask [**vrf**vrf-name] | **dhcp-pool** pool-name }
- 8. exit
- **9. voice lpcor ip-phone mobility {incoming | outgoing}** *lpcor-group*
- **10**. exit

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	ephone phone-tag or voice register pool phone-tag	Enters ephone configuration mode to set phone-specific
	Example:	parameters for an SCCP phone.
	Router(config)# ephone 1	or
	or	Enters voice register pool configuration mode to set
	Router(config)# voice register pool 1	phone-specific parameters for a SIP phone.
		• <i>phone-tag</i> —Unique sequence number that identifies the phone. Range is version and platform-dependent; type ? to display range.
Step 4	lpcor type mobile	Sets the LPCOR type for a mobile-type phone.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Example: Router(config-ephone) # lpcor type mobile	This command can also be configured in ephone-template or voice register template configuration mode and applied to one or more phones. The phone configuration has precedence over the template configuration.
Step 5	exit	Exits the phone configuration.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ephone) # exit	
Step 6	voice lpcor ip-phone subnet { incoming outgoing }	Creates a LPCOR IP-phone subnet table for calls to or
	Example:	from a mobile-type phone.
	Router(config) # voice lpcor ip-phone subnet incoming	
Step 7	<pre>index index-number lpcor-group { ipv4-address network-mask [vrfvrf-name] dhcp-pool pool-name }</pre>	Adds a LPCOR group to the IP-phone subnet table.
	Example:	
	Router(cfg-lpcor-ipphone-subnet)# index 1 local_group1 dhcp-pool pool1	
Step 8	exit	Exits LPCOR IP-phone configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(cfg-lpcor-ipphone-subnet)# exit	
Step 9	voice lpcor ip-phone mobility { incoming outgoing } lpcor-group	Sets the default LPCOR policy for mobile-type phones.
	Example:	
	<pre>Router(config) # voice lpcor ip-phone mobility incoming remote_group1</pre>	
Step 10	exit	Exits to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config)# exit	

Examples

The following example shows the configuration for three mobile-type phones:

```
ephone 270
lpcor type mobile
mac-address 1234.4321.6000
type 7960
button 1:6
mtp
codec g729r8 dspfarm-assist
description teleworker remote phone
```

```
ephone 281
lpcor type mobile
mac-address 0003.4713.5554
type CIPC
button 1:5
...
voice register pool 6
lpcor type mobile
id mac 0030.94C2.9A66
type 7960
number 1 dn 3
dtmf-relay rtp-nte
```

The following example shows a LPCOR IP-phone subnet configuration with a single shared IP address pool. Any mobile-type IP phones with a shared IP address from DHCP pool 1 are considered local IP phones and are associated with the local_group1 LPCOR policy. Other mobile-type IP phones without a shared IP address are considered remote IP phones and are associated with remote_group1, the default LPCOR policy for mobile-type phones.

```
ip dhcp pool pool1
  network 10.0.0.0 255.255.0.0
  option 150 ip 10.0.0.1
  default-router 10.0.0.1
!
!
voice lpcor ip-phone subnet incoming
  index 1 local_group1 dhcp-pool pool1
!
voice lpcor ip-phone subnet outgoing
  index 1 local_group1 dhcp-pool pool1
!
voice lpcor ip-phone mobility incoming remote_group1
  voice lpcor ip-phone mobility outgoing remote group1
```

The following example shows a LPCOR IP-phone subnet configuration with a separate IP address DHCP pools. Any mobile-type IP phones with separate DHCP pools are considered local IP phones and are assigned the local_group1 LPCOR policy. Other mobile-type IP phones without a DHCP address are considered remote IP phones and are assigned the remote_group1 LPCOR policy.

```
ip dhcp pool client1
network 10.0.0.0 255.255.0.0
mac-address 0003.4713.5554
 option 150 ip 10.0.0.1
 default-router 10.0.0.1
ip dhcp pool client2
   network 10.0.0.0 255.255.0.0
   mac-address 0030.94C2.9A66
   option 150 ip 10.0.0.1
   default-router 10.0.0.1
voice lpcor ip-phone subnet incoming
index 1 local group1 dhcp-pool client1
 index 2 local group1 dhcp-pool client2
voice lpcor ip-phone subnet outgoing
index 1 local_group1 dhcp-pool client1
 index 2 local group1 dhcp-pool client2
```

```
! voice lpcor ip-phone mobility incoming remote_group1 voice lpcor ip-phone mobility outgoing remote group1
```

The following example shows a LPCOR IP phone subnet configuration with both an IP address network mask and a single shared-address DHCP pool. A specific LPCOR policy can be associated with an IP phone by matching the IP address network mask in the IP-phone subnet table. LPCOR policy local_group2 is associated with the local IP phone with IP address 10.0.10.23. LPCOR local_group2 is associated with the other local IP phones through the DHCP-pool match.

```
ip dhcp pool pool1
  network 10.0.0.0 255.255.0.0
  option 150 ip 10.0.0.1
  default-router 10.0.0.1
!
!
voice lpcor ip-phone subnet incoming
  index 1 local_g2 10.0.10.23 255.255.255.0 vrf vrf-group2
  index 2 remote_g2 172.19.0.0 255.255.0.0
  index 3 local_g1 dhcp-pool pool1
!
voice lpcor ip-phone subnet outgoing
  index 1 local_g4 10.1.10.23 255.255.255.0 vrf vrf-group2
  index 2 remote_g4 172.19.0.0 255.255.0.0
  index 3 local_g5 dhcp-pool pool1
!
voice lpcor ip-phone mobility incoming remote_g1
voice lpcor ip-phone mobility outgoing remote_g1
voice lpcor ip-phone mobility outgoing remote_g1
```

Verify LPCOR Configuration

Use the following **show** commands to display LPCOR configuration information and to verify the LPCOR policy associated with calls.

- show call active voice—Displays the LPCOR information for incoming and outgoing call legs (VoIP, ephone, SIP, PSTN).
- show call history voice—Displays the LPCOR information for incoming and outgoing call legs (VoIP, ephone, SIP, PSTN). Also displays the LPCOR call-block cause code if the call is blocked due to LPCOR policy validation.
- **show dial-peer voice**—Displays configuration settings for voice dial peers including the LPCOR setting for incoming and outgoing calls.
- **show trunk group**—Displays configuration settings for trunk groups including the LPCOR setting for incoming and outgoing calls.
- **show voice lpcor**—Displays information about LPCOR calls including the LPCOR policy associated with each resource group and directory number, and statistics for failed calls.
- show voice port—Displays configuration settings for voice ports including the LPCOR setting for incoming and outgoing calls.

Configuration Examples for LPCOR

Example for Configuring LPCOR for Cisco Unified CME

Figure 4: LPCOR Resource Grouping in Cisco Unified CME Network, on page 25 shows an example of a Cisco Unified CME network using LPCOR. This network is organized into the following four LPCOR resource groups:

- local_group—Analog and IP phones, including a mobile-type phone, connected locally to Cisco Unified CME.
- pstn group—Trunks between the PSTN and Cisco Unified CME.
- remote_group—IP phones, including a mobile-type phone, and a SIP proxy server connected remotely to Cisco Unified CME through the WAN.
- voice_mail_group—Cisco Unity Express voice-mail system connected remotely to Cisco Unified CME through the WAN.

Figure 4: LPCOR Resource Grouping in Cisco Unified CME Network

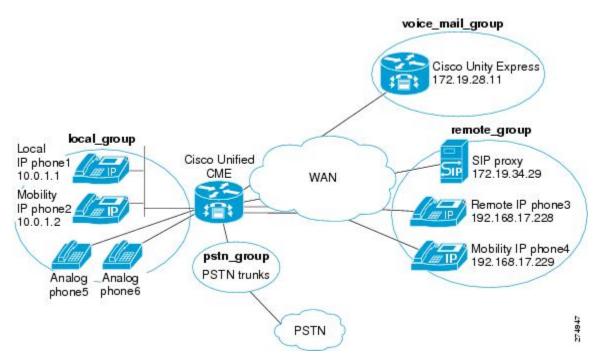
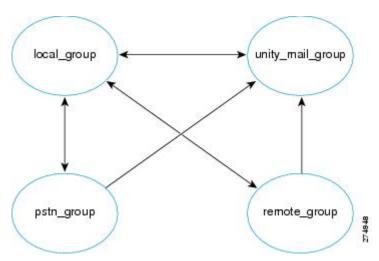


Figure 5: LPCOR Policy Logic, on page 26 illustrates the access policy between resource groups that provides the following call requirements:

- Blocks calls between remote_group and pstn_group
- Blocks calls from voice mail group to pstn group and remote group
- Allows calls between local_group and remote_group

- Allows calls between local_group and pstn_group
- Allows all calls to voice_mail_group

Figure 5: LPCOR Policy Logic



The following output shows the LPCOR configuration for this example and describes the steps. Comments describing the configuration are included in the output.

1. Enable LPCOR functionality in Cisco Unified CME and define custom LPCOR group.

```
voice lpcor enable
!
voice lpcor custom
group 1 pstn group
group 2 local group
group 3 remote_group
group 4 voice mail group
 #Allow calls only from local group to PSTN group
voice lpcor policy pstn group
 accept local_group
 # Allow calls from PSTN, remote, and voice mail groups to local group
voice lpcor policy local_group
 accept pstn group
 accept remote_group
 accept voice_mail_group
 \# Allow calls only from local group to remote group
voice lpcor policy remote group
 accept local group
 # Allow calls from PSTN, remote, and local groups to voice_mail group
voice lpcor voice mail group
 accept pstn_group
 accept local group
  accept remote_group
```

2. Assign LPCOR to the phone, trunk, and IP resources.

```
# analog phone5
voice-port 1/0/0
lpcor incoming local group
lpcor outgoing local group
# analog phone6
voice-port 1/0/1
lpcor incoming local group
lpcor outgoing local_group
# TDM trunks
voice-port 2/1:23
lpcor incoming pstn group
lpcor outgoing pstn_group
# Specific LPCOR setting for incoming calls from voice mail group
voice lpcor ip-trunk subnet incoming
voice mail group 172.19.28.11 255.255.255.255
# Default LPCOR setting for any incoming VoIP calls
voice service voip
lpcor incoming remote group
# Cisco Unified CME is DHCP server
ip dhcp pool client1
network 10.0.0.0 255.255.0.0
mac-address 0003.4713.5554
 option 150 ip 10.0.0.1
default-router 10.0.0.1
# IP phone1 (local)
ephone 1
lpcor type local
lpcor incoming local_group
lpcor outgoing local group
# IP phone2 (mobile)
ephone 2
lpcor type mobile
# IP phone3 (remote)
ephone 3
lpcor type remote
lpcor incoming remote group
lpcor outgoing remote group
# IP phone4 (mobile)
ephone 4
lpcor type mobile
# IP-phone subnet tables for mobile IP phones
voice lpcor ip-phone subnet incoming
local group dhcp-pool pool1
voice lpcor ip-phone subnet outgoing
local group dhcp-pool client1
# Default LPCOR policy for mobile IP phones that
# are not provisioned through IP-phone subnet tables
voice lpcor ip-phone mobility incoming remote group
voice lpcor ip-phone mobility outgoing remote group
```

3. Define outgoing LPCOR setting for outgoing VoIP calls.

```
# VoIP outbound dial-peer to Cisco Unity Express mail
dial-peer voice 1234 voip
  destination-pattern 56800
  session target ipv4:172.19.281.1
  pcor outgoing voice_mail_group
!
# VoIP outbound dial-peer to SIP proxy
dial-peer voice 1255 voip
  destination-pattern 1255T
  session protocol sipv2
  session target sip-server
  lpcor outgoing remote
```

Example for Configuring LPCOR on Cisco 3800 Series Integrated Services Router

```
Router# show running-config
Building configuration...
Current configuration: 10543 bytes
version 12.4
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
no service password-encryption
hostname Router
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
card type t1 2 1
logging message-counter syslog
logging buffered 2000000
no logging console
no aaa new-model
network-clock-participate slot 2
ip source-route
ip cef
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.20.1
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.20.1 192.168.20.5
ip dhcp pool voice
   network 192.168.20.0 255.255.255.0
   option 150 ip 192.168.20.1
   default-router 192.168.20.1
no ip domain lookup
no ipv6 cef
multilink bundle-name authenticated
```

```
isdn switch-type primary-5ess
voice-card 0
voice-card 2
!
voice service voip
notify redirect ip2pots
allow-connections sip to sip
sip
 bind control source-interface GigabitEthernet0/1
 bind media source-interface GigabitEthernet0/1
 registrar server expires max 120 min 60
voice class custom-cptone leavetone
dualtone conference
 frequency 400 800
 cadence 400 50 200 50 200 50
voice class custom-cptone jointone
dualtone conference
 frequency 600 900
 cadence 300 150 300 100 300 50
voice iec syslog
voice register global
mode cme
source-address 192.168.20.1 port 5060
max-dn 20
max-pool 20
load 7970 SIP70.8-4-2S
load 7960-7940 POS3-08-11-00
authenticate realm cisco.com
 tftp-path flash:
 telnet level 2
create profile sync 0000312474383825
voice register dn 1
number 4000
name cme-sip1
label 4000
voice register dn 2
number 4001
name cme-sip-2
label 4001
voice register dn 3
number 4002
name cme-remote
label 4002
voice register template 1
softkeys remote-in-use cBarge Barge Newcall
voice register pool 1
lpcor type local
lpcor incoming local sip
lpcor outgoing local sip
```

```
id mac 001B.D4C6.AE44
 type 7960
number 1 dn 1
dtmf-relay rtp-nte
codec g711ulaw
voice register pool 2
lpcor type local
lpcor incoming local sip
lpcor outgoing local_sip
id mac 001E.BE8F.96C1
 type 7940
number 1 dn 2
dtmf-relay rtp-nte
codec g711ulaw
voice register pool 3
lpcor type remote
lpcor incoming remote sip
lpcor outgoing remote sip
id mac 001E.BE8F.96C0
type 7940
number 1 dn 3
dtmf-relay rtp-nte
codec g711ulaw
voice lpcor enable
voice lpcor call-block cause invalid-number
voice lpcor custom
group 1 voip siptrunk
group 2 voip_h323trunk
group 3 pstn_trunk
group 4 cue vmail local
group 5 cue vmail remote
group 6 vmail unity
group 7 local_sccp
group 8 local_sip
group 9 remote sccp
group 10 remote sip
group 11 analog_vg224
group 12 analog fxs
group 13 mobile phone
voice lpcor policy voip_siptrunk
accept cue vmail local
accept local sccp
accept local sip
accept analog_vg224
voice lpcor policy cue_vmail_local
accept voip siptrunk
accept voip h323trunk
accept local_sccp
accept local sip
voice lpcor policy local_sccp
accept local sip
accept remote sccp
accept remote_sip
accept analog vg224
accept analog_fxs
voice lpcor policy remote sccp
```

```
accept local sccp
accept local_sip
accept remote_sip
voice lpcor policy analog_vg224
accept local sccp
accept local sip
accept remote sccp
accept remote_sip
voice lpcor policy analog fxs
accept local sccp
accept local sip
voice lpcor ip-phone subnet incoming
index 1 local_sccp dhcp-pool voice
voice lpcor ip-phone subnet outgoing
index 1 local_sccp dhcp-pool voice
1
!
archive
log config
 hidekeys
controller T1 2/0
cablelength short 133
pri-group timeslots 1-24
!
controller T1 2/1
interface Loopback1
ip address 192.168.21.1 255.255.255.0
ip ospf network point-to-point
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
ip address 192.168.160.1 255.255.255.0
duplex auto
speed auto
media-type rj45
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
ip address 192.168.20.1 255.255.255.0
duplex auto
speed auto
media-type rj45
interface FastEthernet0/2/0
ip address 192.168.98.1 255.255.255.0
 duplex auto
speed auto
interface FastEthernet0/2/1
no ip address
duplex auto
speed auto
interface Service-Engine1/0
ip unnumbered Loopback1
service-module ip address 192.168.21.100 255.255.255.0
service-module ip default-gateway 192.168.21.1
```

```
interface Serial2/0:23
no ip address
encapsulation hdlc
isdn switch-type primary-5ess
isdn incoming-voice voice
no cdp enable
router ospf 1
log-adjacency-changes
network 192.168.160.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 192.168.20.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 192.168.21.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
ip forward-protocol nd
ip route 192.168.21.100 255.255.255.255 Service-Engine1/0
no ip http server
tftp-server flash:term41.default.loads
tftp-server flash:term61.default.loads
tftp-server flash:SCCP41.8-3-1S.loads
tftp-server flash:apps41.8-3-0-50.sbn
tftp-server flash:cnu41.8-3-0-50.sbn
tftp-server flash:P003-08-11-00.bin
tftp-server flash:P003-08-11-00.sbn
tftp-server flash:P0S3-08-11-00.sb2
tftp-server flash:P0S3-08-11-00.loads
tftp-server flash:term71.default.loads
tftp-server flash:term70.default.loads
tftp-server flash:jar70sccp.8-2-2TR2.sbn
tftp-server flash:dsp70.8-2-2TR2.sbn
tftp-server flash:cvm70sccp.8-2-2TR2.sbn
tftp-server flash:apps70.8-2-2TR2.sbn
tftp-server flash:SCCP70.8-2-2SR2S.loads
control-plane
voice-port 0/1/0
lpcor incoming analog fxs
lpcor outgoing analog fxs
station-id name FXS-Phone
station-id number 3000
caller-id enable
voice-port 0/1/1
voice-port 2/0:23
ccm-manager fax protocol cisco
mgcp fax t38 ecm
dial-peer voice 2 voip
destination-pattern 2...
 lpcor outgoing voip siptrunk
 session protocol sipv2
session target ipv4:192.168.97.1
codec g711ulaw
```

```
ip qos dscp cs5 media
ip qos dscp cs4 signaling
dial-peer voice 5050 voip
description *** VMAIL Dial-Peer ***
 destination-pattern 5...
lpcor outgoing cue_vmail_local
session protocol sipv2
session target ipv4:192.168.21.100
dtmf-relay sip-notify
codec g711ulaw
no vad
dial-peer voice 30 pots
 destination-pattern 3000
direct-inward-dial
port 0/1/0
mwi-server ipv4:192.168.21.100 expires 3600 port 5060 transport udp
registrar ipv4:192.168.21.1 expires 3600
telephony-service
em logout 0:0 0:0 0:0
max-ephones 15
max-dn 15
 ip source-address 192.168.20.1 port 2000
service phone videoCapability 1
load 7941 SCCP41.8-3-1S
date-format dd-mm-yy
voicemail 5050
max-conferences 12 gain -6
transfer-system full-consult
transfer-pattern .T
transfer-pattern ....
fac standard
 create cnf-files version-stamp Jan 01 2002 00:00:00
ephone-template 1
softkeys hold Join Newcall Resume Select
softkeys idle Cfwdall ConfList Dnd Join Newcall Pickup Redial RmLstC
softkeys seized Endcall Redial Cfwdall Pickup
ephone-template 2
lpcor type remote
 lpcor incoming remote sccp
lpcor outgoing remote_sccp
ephone-dn 1 dual-line
number 5000
call-forward busy 5050
call-forward noan 5050 timeout 10
mwi sip
ephone-dn 2 dual-line
number 5001
call-forward busy 5050
call-forward noan 5050 timeout 10
```

```
mwi sip
ephone-dn 3 dual-line
number 5010
description vg224-1/1
name analog-1
ephone-dn 4 dual-line
number 5011
description vg224-1/2
name analog-2
ephone-dn 5 dual-line
number 5012
description vg224-1/3
name analog-3
ephone-dn 6 dual-line
number 5013
description vg224-1/4
name analog-4
ephone-dn 7 dual-line
number 5020
name SCCP-Remote
mwi sip
1
ephone 1
lpcor type local
lpcor incoming local_sccp
lpcor outgoing local_sccp
mac-address 001E.7A26.EB60
ephone-template 1
type 7941
button 1:1
ephone 2
lpcor type local
lpcor incoming local sccp
lpcor outgoing local sccp
mac-address 001E.7AC2.CCF9
ephone-template 1
type 7941
button 1:2
ephone 3
lpcor type local
lpcor incoming analog vg224
lpcor outgoing analog vg224
mac-address F9E5.8B28.2400
 ephone-template 1
{\tt max-calls-per-button} 2
type anl
button 1:3
```

```
ephone 4
lpcor type local
 lpcor incoming analog_vg224
lpcor outgoing analog_vg224
mac-address F9E5.8B28.2401
ephone-template 1
{\tt max-calls-per-button} 2
type anl
button 1:4
ephone 5
lpcor type local
 lpcor incoming analog_vg224
lpcor outgoing analog_vg224
mac-address F9E5.8B28.2402
ephone-template 1
max-calls-per-button 2
 type anl
button 1:5
1
ephone 6
lpcor type local
lpcor incoming analog vg224
lpcor outgoing analog vg224
mac-address F9E5.8B28.2403
ephone-template 1
max-calls-per-button 2
type anl
button 1:6
1
ephone 7
mac-address 001B.D52C.DF1F
ephone-template 2
type 7970
button 1:7
alias exec cue ser ser 1/0 sess
line con 0
line aux 0
line 66
no activation-character
no exec
transport preferred none
transport input all
 transport output pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120
line vty 0 4
login
exception data-corruption buffer truncate
scheduler allocate 20000 1000
endRouter# show running-config
Building configuration...
```

```
Current configuration: 10543 bytes
version 12.4
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
no service password-encryption
hostname Router
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
card type t1 2 1
logging message-counter syslog
logging buffered 2000000
no logging console
no aaa new-model
network-clock-participate slot 2
ip source-route
ip cef
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.20.1
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.20.1 192.168.20.5
ip dhcp pool voice
  network 192.168.20.0 255.255.255.0
   option 150 ip 192.168.20.1
   default-router 192.168.20.1
no ip domain lookup
no ipv6 cef
multilink bundle-name authenticated
isdn switch-type primary-5ess
voice-card 0
voice-card 2
voice service voip
notify redirect ip2pots
allow-connections sip to sip
sip
 bind control source-interface GigabitEthernet0/1
 bind media source-interface GigabitEthernet0/1
 registrar server expires max 120 min 60
voice class custom-cptone leavetone
dualtone conference
 frequency 400 800
 cadence 400 50 200 50 200 50
voice class custom-cptone jointone
dualtone conference
```

```
frequency 600 900
  cadence 300 150 300 100 300 50
voice iec syslog
voice register global
mode cme
source-address 192.168.20.1 port 5060
max-dn 20
max-pool 20
load 7970 SIP70.8-4-2S
 load 7960-7940 POS3-08-11-00
 authenticate realm cisco.com
tftp-path flash:
telnet level 2
create profile sync 0000312474383825
voice register dn 1
number 4000
name cme-sip1
label 4000
voice register dn 2
number 4001
name cme-sip-2
label 4001
voice register dn 3
number 4002
name cme-remote
label 4002
1
voice register template 1
softkeys remote-in-use cBarge Barge Newcall
voice register pool 1
lpcor type local
lpcor incoming local_sip
 lpcor outgoing local sip
id mac 001B.D4C6.AE44
type 7960
number 1 dn 1
dtmf-relay rtp-nte
codec g711ulaw
voice register pool 2
lpcor type local
lpcor incoming local sip
lpcor outgoing local_sip
 id mac 001E.BE8F.96C1
 type 7940
number 1 dn 2
 dtmf-relay rtp-nte
codec g711ulaw
voice register pool 3
lpcor type remote
lpcor incoming remote sip
 lpcor outgoing remote sip
id mac 001E.BE8F.96C0
 type 7940
number 1 dn 3
dtmf-relay rtp-nte
codec g711ulaw
```

```
voice lpcor enable
voice lpcor call-block cause invalid-number
voice lpcor custom
 group 1 voip siptrunk
 group 2 voip_h323trunk
group 3 pstn trunk
group 4 cue vmail local
 group 5 cue_vmail_remote
 group 6 vmail unity
 group 7 local sccp
 group 8 local sip
 group 9 remote sccp
 group 10 remote_sip
 group 11 analog_vg224
 group 12 analog fxs
 group 13 mobile_phone
voice lpcor policy voip siptrunk
accept cue_vmail_local
 accept local sccp
 accept local sip
accept analog vg224
voice lpcor policy cue_vmail_local
accept voip_siptrunk
 accept voip h323trunk
 accept local sccp
accept local_sip
voice lpcor policy local_sccp
accept local sip
 accept remote sccp
accept remote sip
accept analog vg224
accept analog_fxs
voice lpcor policy remote sccp
accept local sccp
accept local sip
accept remote sip
voice lpcor policy analog_vg224
 accept local_sccp
accept local sip
accept remote sccp
accept remote sip
voice lpcor policy analog fxs
accept local sccp
accept local sip
voice lpcor ip-phone subnet incoming
index 1 local sccp dhcp-pool voice
voice lpcor ip-phone subnet outgoing
index 1 local sccp dhcp-pool voice
archive
log config
 hidekeys
```

```
controller T1 2/0
cablelength short 133
pri-group timeslots 1-24
controller T1 2/1
interface Loopback1
ip address 192.168.21.1 255.255.255.0
 ip ospf network point-to-point
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
ip address 192.168.160.1 255.255.255.0
duplex auto
 speed auto
media-type rj45
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
ip address 192.168.20.1 255.255.255.0
 duplex auto
speed auto
media-type rj45
interface FastEthernet0/2/0
ip address 192.168.98.1 255.255.255.0
 duplex auto
 speed auto
interface FastEthernet0/2/1
no ip address
duplex auto
speed auto
interface Service-Engine1/0
ip unnumbered Loopback1
service-module ip address 192.168.21.100 255.255.255.0
service-module ip default-gateway 192.168.21.1
interface Serial2/0:23
no ip address
encapsulation hdlc
isdn switch-type primary-5ess
 isdn incoming-voice voice
no cdp enable
router ospf 1
log-adjacency-changes
network 192.168.160.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 192.168.20.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 192.168.21.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
ip forward-protocol nd
ip route 192.168.21.100 255.255.255.255 Service-Engine1/0
no ip http server
tftp-server flash:term41.default.loads
tftp-server flash:term61.default.loads
tftp-server flash:SCCP41.8-3-1S.loads
tftp-server flash:apps41.8-3-0-50.sbn
```

```
tftp-server flash:cnu41.8-3-0-50.sbn
tftp-server flash:P003-08-11-00.bin
tftp-server flash:P003-08-11-00.sbn
tftp-server flash:P0S3-08-11-00.sb2
tftp-server flash:POS3-08-11-00.loads
tftp-server flash:term71.default.loads
tftp-server flash:term70.default.loads
tftp-server flash:jar70sccp.8-2-2TR2.sbn
tftp-server flash:dsp70.8-2-2TR2.sbn
tftp-server flash:cvm70sccp.8-2-2TR2.sbn
tftp-server flash:apps70.8-2-2TR2.sbn
tftp-server flash:SCCP70.8-2-2SR2S.loads
control-plane
voice-port 0/1/0
lpcor incoming analog fxs
lpcor outgoing analog fxs
station-id name FXS-Phone
station-id number 3000
caller-id enable
voice-port 0/1/1
voice-port 2/0:23
ccm-manager fax protocol cisco
mgcp fax t38 ecm
dial-peer voice 2 voip
destination-pattern 2...
lpcor outgoing voip siptrunk
session protocol sipv2
session target ipv4:192.168.97.1
codec g711ulaw
ip qos dscp cs5 media
ip qos dscp cs4 signaling
dial-peer voice 5050 voip
description *** VMAIL Dial-Peer ***
destination-pattern 5...
lpcor outgoing cue vmail local
session protocol sipv2
session target ipv4:192.168.21.100
dtmf-relay sip-notify
 codec g711ulaw
no vad
dial-peer voice 30 pots
destination-pattern 3000
direct-inward-dial
port 0/1/0
sip-ua
mwi-server ipv4:192.168.21.100 expires 3600 port 5060 transport udp
registrar ipv4:192.168.21.1 expires 3600
telephony-service
```

```
em logout 0:0 0:0 0:0
max-ephones 15
max-dn 15
ip source-address 192.168.20.1 port 2000
 service phone videoCapability 1
 load 7941 SCCP41.8-3-1S
date-format dd-mm-yy
voicemail 5050
max-conferences 12 gain -6
transfer-system full-consult
transfer-pattern .T
 transfer-pattern ....
fac standard
create cnf-files version-stamp Jan 01 2002 00:00:00
ephone-template 1
softkeys hold Join Newcall Resume Select
softkeys idle Cfwdall ConfList Dnd Join Newcall Pickup Redial RmLstC
softkeys seized Endcall Redial Cfwdall Pickup
ephone-template 2
lpcor type remote
lpcor incoming remote sccp
lpcor outgoing remote_sccp
ephone-dn 1 dual-line
number 5000
call-forward busy 5050
call-forward noan 5050 timeout 10
mwi sip
ephone-dn 2 dual-line
number 5001
call-forward busy 5050
call-forward noan 5050 timeout 10
mwi sip
ephone-dn 3 dual-line
number 5010
description vg224-1/1
name analog-1
ephone-dn 4 dual-line
number 5011
description vg224-1/2
name analog-2
ephone-dn 5 dual-line
number 5012
description vg224-1/3
name analog-3
ephone-dn 6 dual-line
number 5013
description vg224-1/4
name analog-4
```

```
ephone-dn 7 dual-line
number 5020
name SCCP-Remote
mwi sip
ephone 1
lpcor type local
lpcor incoming local sccp
lpcor outgoing local sccp
mac-address 001E.7A26.EB60
ephone-template 1
type 7941
button 1:1
ephone 2
lpcor type local
lpcor incoming local_sccp
lpcor outgoing local sccp
mac-address 001E.7AC2.CCF9
ephone-template 1
type 7941
button 1:2
ephone 3
lpcor type local
lpcor incoming analog_vg224
lpcor outgoing analog vg224
mac-address F9E5.8B28.2400
ephone-template 1
{\tt max-calls-per-button} 2
type anl
button 1:3
ephone 4
lpcor type local
 lpcor incoming analog_vg224
lpcor outgoing analog_vg224
mac-address F9E5.8B28.2401
ephone-template 1
{\tt max-calls-per-button} 2
 type anl
button 1:4
ephone 5
lpcor type local
lpcor incoming analog_vg224
lpcor outgoing analog vg224
mac-address F9E5.8B28.2402
ephone-template 1
max-calls-per-button 2
type anl
button 1:5
```

```
ephone 6
lpcor type local
lpcor incoming analog_vg224
lpcor outgoing analog vg224
mac-address F9E5.8B28.2403
ephone-template 1
max-calls-per-button 2
type anl
button 1:6
ephone 7
mac-address 001B.D52C.DF1F
 ephone-template 2
 type 7970
button 1:7
alias exec cue ser ser 1/0 sess
line con 0
line aux 0
line 66
no activation-character
no exec
 transport preferred none
transport input all
transport output pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120
line vty 0 4
login
exception data-corruption buffer truncate
scheduler allocate 20000 1000
```

Feature Information for LPCOR

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Table 5: Feature Information for LPCOR

Feature Name	Cisco Unified CME Version	Feature Information
Call Restriction Regulations for Cisco Unified CME	8.0	Introduced support for LPCOR feature.

Feature Information for LPCOR