

Performing Factory Reset

- Prerequisites for Performing a Factory Reset, on page 1
- Restrictions for Performing a Factory Reset, on page 1
- Information About Performing a Factory Reset, on page 1
- How to Perform a Factory Reset, on page 3
- Configuration Examples for Performing a Factory Reset, on page 5
- Additional References for Performing a Factory Reset, on page 7
- Feature History for Performing a Factory Reset, on page 7

Prerequisites for Performing a Factory Reset

- Ensure that all the software images, including the current image, configurations, and personal data are backed up before you begin the factory reset process.
- Ensure that there is uninterrupted power supply when the factory reset process is in progress.
- Ensure that In-Service Software Upgrade (ISSU) or In-Service Software Downgrade (ISSD) are not in progress before you begin the factory reset process.

Restrictions for Performing a Factory Reset

- Software patches, if installed on the device, will not be restored after the factory reset process.
- If the **factory-reset** command is issued through a VTY session, the session is not restored after completion of the factory reset process.

Information About Performing a Factory Reset

Factory reset erases all the customer-specific data stored in a device and restores the device to its original configuration at the time of shipping. Data that is erased includes configurations, log files, boot variables, core files, and credentials such as Federal Information Processing Standard-related (FIPS-related) keys. The erasure is consistent with the clear method, as described in NIST SP 800-88 Rev. 1.

The factory reset process is used in the following scenarios:

- Return Material Authorization (RMA) for a device: If you have to return a device to Cisco for RMA, remove all the customer-specific data before obtaining an RMA certificate for the device.
- Recovering a compromised device: If the key material or credentials that are stored on a device are compromised, reset the device to the factory configuration, and then reconfigure the device.

During a factory reset, the device reloads and enters ROMMON mode. After the factory reset, the device removes all its environment variables, including the **MAC_ADDRESS** and the **SERIAL_NUMBER** variables, which are required to locate and load the software. Perform a reset in ROMmon mode to automatically set the environment variables. The BAUD rate environment variable returns to its default value after a factory reset. Make sure that the BAUD rate and the console speed are the same at all times. Otherwise, the console becomes unresponsive.

After the system reset in ROMmon mode is complete, add the Cisco IOS image either through an USB or TFTP.

The following table provides details about the data that is erased and retained during the factory reset process:

Table 1: Data Erased and Retained During Factory Reset

Data Erased	Data Retained
All Cisco IOS images, including the current boot image	Data from remote field-replaceable units (FRUs)
Crash information and logs	Value of the configuration register.
User data, startup and running configuration, and contents of removable storage devices, such as Serial Advanced Technology Attachment (SATA), Solid State Drive (SSD), or USB	
Credentials such as FIPS-related keys	Credentials such as Secure Unique Device Identifier (SUDI) certificates, and public key infrastructure (PKI) keys.
Onboard Failure Logging (OBFL) logs	Licenses
ROMmon variables added by a user.	_

Secure Data Wipe

The device storage is used to maintain software images, device configuration, software logs and operational history. Customer-specific data can be contained in any of these areas. The information can include network architecture and design used by customers.

The **all secure** option in the **factory-reset** command performs data sanitization and securely resets the device. After data sanitization, the device reloads and boots with the software image present in flash.

Secure data wipe feature implements guidelines for media sanitization as described in NIST SP 800-88 Rev. 1.

How to Perform a Factory Reset

To perform a factory reset, complete this procedure:

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password, if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	• For a standalone device: factory-reset {all [secure] [3-pass]	Resets the device to its configuration at the time of its shipping.
	config boot-vars} • For stacked devices:	No system configuration is required to use the factory reset command.
	<pre>factory-reset {all [secure 3-pass] config boot-vars switch {switch-number all {all [secure 3-pass] config boot-vars}}</pre>	The following options are available: • all: Erases all the content from the NVRAM, all the Cisco IOS images, including the current boot image, boot variables, startup and running
	Example: Device# factory-reset all	configuration data, and user data. We recommend that you use this option.
	OR Device# factory-reset switch 1 all config OR	• all secure: Performs data sanitization and securely resets the device.

Command or Action	Purpose
Device# factory-reset all secure	Note • You can use the all secure option only on standalone devices.
	• This option implements guidelines for media sanitization as described in NIST SP 800-88 Rev. 1.
	• The factory-reset all secure command initiates data sanitization. The booted image of the device is retained.
	• When data sanitization is completed, the device reloads, and the device image is retained in flash if it was booted with an image from the flash.
	• secure 3-pass: Erases all the content from the device with 3-pass overwrite.
	• Pass 1: Overwrites all addressable locations with binary zeroes.
	• Pass 2: Overwrites all addressable locations with binary ones.
	• Pass 3: Overwrites all addressable locations with a random bit pattern.
	Note This option takes approximately thrice the time taken to perform any other option.
	• config: Resets the startup configurations.
	• boot-vars: Resets the user-added boot variables.
	• switch {switch-number all}:
	• <i>switch-number</i> : Specifies the switch number. The range is from 1 to 16.

 Command or Action	Purpose
	• all: Selects all the switches in the stack.
	After the factory reset process is successfully completed, the device reboots and enters ROMmon mode.

Configuration Examples for Performing a Factory Reset

The following example shows how to perform a factory reset on a standalone switch:

```
Device> enable
Device# factory-reset all
The factory reset operation is irreversible for all operations. Are you sure? [confirm]
The following will be deleted as a part of factory reset:
1: Crash info and logs
2: User data, startup and running configuration
3: All IOS images, including the current boot image
4: OBFL logs
5: User added rommon variables
6: Data on Field Replaceable Units (USB/SSD/SATA)
The system will reload to perform factory reset.
It will take some time to complete and bring it to rommon.
You will need to load IOS image using USB/TFTP from rommon after
this operation is completed.
DO NOT UNPLUG THE POWER OR INTERRUPT THE OPERATION
Are you sure you want to continue? [confirm]
```

The following examples show how to perform a factory reset on stacked devices:

```
Device> enable
Device# factory-reset switch all all
The factory reset operation is irreversible for all operations. Are you sure? [confirm]
The following will be deleted as a part of factory reset:
1: Crash info and logs
2: User data, startup and running configuration
 3: All IOS images, including the current boot image
 4: OBFL logs
 5: User added rommon variables
 6: Data on Field Replaceable Units (USB/SSD/SATA)
 The system will reload to perform factory reset.
 It will take some time to complete and bring it to rommon.
 You will need to load IOS image using USB/TFTP from rommon after
 this operation is completed.
 DO NOT UNPLUG THE POWER OR INTERRUPT THE OPERATION
Are you sure you want to continue? [confirm]
Chassis 1 reloading, reason - Factory Reset
 Protection key not found
9300L#Oct 25 09:53:05.740: %PMAN-5-EXITACTION: F0/0: pvp: Process manager is exiting: reload
fp action requested
Oct 25 09:53:07.277: %PMAN-5-EXITACTION:vp: Process manager is exiting: rp processes exit
with reload switch code
```

```
Enabling factory reset for this reload cycle
Switch booted with
tftp://10.5.40.45/cat9k iosxe.BLD POLARIS DEV LATEST 20191007 224933 V17 2 0 21 2.SSA.bin
Switch booted via
//10.5.40.45/cat9k iosxe.BLD POLARIS DEV LATEST 20191007 224933 V17 2 0 21 2.SSA.bin
\mbox{\%} FACTORYRESET - Started Cleaning Up...
% FACTORYRESET - Unmounting sd1
% FACTORYRESET - Cleaning Up sd1 [0]
% FACTORYRESET - erase In progress.. please wait for completion...
% FACTORYRESET - write zero...
% FACTORYRESET - finish erase
\mbox{\%} FACTORYRESET - Making File System sd1 [0]
Discarding device blocks: done
Creating filesystem with 409600 4k blocks and 102544 inodes
Filesystem UUID: fcf01664-7c6f-41ce-99f0-6df1d941701e
Superblock backups stored on blocks:
32768, 98304, 163840, 229376, 294912
Allocating group tables: done
Writing inode tables: done
Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done
% FACTORYRESET - Mounting Back sdl [0]
\mbox{\ensuremath{\$}} FACTORYRESET - Handling Mounted sd1
% FACTORYRESET - Factory Reset Done for sd1
% FACTORYRESET - Unmounting sd3
% FACTORYRESET - Cleaning Up sd3 [0]
% FACTORYRESET - erase In progress.. please wait for completion...
% FACTORYRESET - write zero...
Chassis 2 reloading, reason - Factory Reset
Dec 12 01:02:12.500: %PMAN-5-EXITACTION: F0/0: pvp: Process manager is exiting: reload fp
action requested
De
Enabling factory reset for this reload cycle
Switch booted with
tftp://10.5.40.45/cat9k iosxe.BLD POLARIS DEV LATEST 20191007 224933 V17 2 0 21 2.SSA.bin
Switch booted via
//10.5.40.45/cat9k iosxe.BLD POLARIS DEV LATEST 20191007 224933 V17 2 0 21 2.SSA.bin
% FACTORYRESET - Started Cleaning Up...
% FACTORYRESET - Unmounting sd1
% FACTORYRESET - Cleaning Up sd1 [0]
% FACTORYRESET - erase In progress.. please wait for completion...
% FACTORYRESET - write zero...
After this the switch will come to boot prompt. Then the customer has to boot the device
from TFTP.
```

The following sample output from the **show platform software factory-reset secure log** command displays the data sanitization report:

```
Device# show platform software factory-reset secure log Factory reset log: #CISCO C9200 DATA SANITIZATION REPORT#
```

```
START: 18-09-2022, 06:18:44
END: 18-09-2022, 06:23:36
-MTD-
PNM: nor
NIST: PURGE
-eMMC-
MID: 'Micron'
PNM: 'Q2J55L'
SN: 0x00000001
NIST: PURGE
```

Additional References for Performing a Factory Reset

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
For complete syntax and usage information for the commands used in this chapter.	Command Reference

Feature History for Performing a Factory Reset

This table provides release and related information for features explained in this module.

These features are available on all releases subsequent to the one they were introduced in, unless noted otherwise.

Release	Feature	Feature Information
Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.8.1a	Factory Reset	Factory reset erases all the customer-specific data stored in a device and restores the device to its original configuration at the time of shipping
Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.1	Factory Reset for Removable Storage Devices	Performing a factory reset erases the contents of removable storage devices, such as SATA, SSD, or USB.
Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.2.1	Factory Reset with 3-pass Overwrite	A factory reset can be performed to erase all the content from the device securely with 3-pass overwrite. The secure 3-pass keyword was introduced.
	Enhanced Factory Reset Option for Stack and Cisco StackWise Virtual	for Cisco StackWise Virtual enabled devices is

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform and software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn.

Feature History for Performing a Factory Reset