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In your requests please include the following reference number 78EE117C99-1737719772

Contents

1.1 hostname 3.23

1.1.1 Available under license

1.2 xdg-user-dirs 0.17-2

1.2.1 Available under license

1.3 keyutils 1.6.1-2

1.3.1 Available under license

1.4 shadow 4.8.1-1

1.4.1 Available under license

1.5 pcre 8.39-13

1.5.1 Available under license

1.6 libgpg-error 1.38-2

1.6.1 Available under license

1.7 rtmpdump 2.4+20151223.gitfa8646d.1-2+b2

1.7.1 Available under license

1.8 libevent 2.1.12-stable-1

1.8.1 Available under license

1.9 libsepol 3.1-1

1.9.1 Available under license

1.10 coreutils 8.32-4+b1

1.10.1 Available under license

1.11 shared-mime-info 2.0-1

1.11.1 Available under license

1.12 net-tools 1.60+git20181103.0eebece-1

1.12.1 Available under license

1.13 libunwind 1.3.2-2

1.13.1 Available under license

- 1.14 adduser 3.118**
 - 1.14.1 Available under license
- 1.15 libcap-ng 0.7.9-2.2+b1**
 - 1.15.1 Available under license
- 1.16 brotli 1.0.9-2+b2**
 - 1.16.1 Available under license
- 1.17 libsemanage 3.1-1+b2**
 - 1.17.1 Available under license
- 1.18 libssh2 1.9.0-2**
 - 1.18.1 Available under license
- 1.19 libsemanage 3.1-1**
 - 1.19.1 Available under license
- 1.20 libunistring 0.9.10-4**
 - 1.20.1 Available under license
- 1.21 dash 0.5.11+git20200708+dd9ef66-5**
 - 1.21.1 Available under license
- 1.22 mawk 1.3.4.20200120-2**
 - 1.22.1 Available under license
- 1.23 attr 2.4.48-6**
 - 1.23.1 Available under license
- 1.24 diffutils 3.7-5**
 - 1.24.1 Available under license
- 1.25 p11-kit 0.23.22-1**
 - 1.25.1 Available under license
- 1.26 audit 3.0-2**
 - 1.26.1 Available under license
- 1.27 ca-certificates 20210119**
 - 1.27.1 Available under license
- 1.28 iconv 2.31**
 - 1.28.1 Available under license
- 1.29 xxhash 0.8.0-2**
 - 1.29.1 Available under license
- 1.30 findutils 4.8.0-1**
 - 1.30.1 Available under license
- 1.31 libpsl 0.21.0-1.2**
 - 1.31.1 Available under license
- 1.32 debianutils 4.11.2**
 - 1.32.1 Available under license
- 1.33 libidn 2.3.0-5**

- 1.33.1 Available under license
- 1.34 readline 8.1-1**
 - 1.34.1 Available under license
- 1.35 readline 8.1**
 - 1.35.1 Available under license
- 1.36 tar 1.34+dfsg-1**
 - 1.36.1 Available under license
- 1.37 elfutils 0.183-1**
 - 1.37.1 Available under license
- 1.38 zstd 1.4.8+dfsg-2.1**
 - 1.38.1 Available under license
- 1.39 nghttp2 1.43.0-1**
 - 1.39.1 Available under license
- 1.40 procs 3.3.17-5**
 - 1.40.1 Available under license
- 1.41 libffi 3.3-6**
 - 1.41.1 Available under license
- 1.42 sqlite 3.34.1-3**
 - 1.42.1 Available under license
- 1.43 gpm 1.20.7-8**
 - 1.43.1 Available under license
- 1.44 lm-sensors 3.6.0-7**
 - 1.44.1 Available under license
- 1.45 glib 2.66.8-1**
 - 1.45.1 Available under license
- 1.46 oniguruma 6.9.6-1.1**
 - 1.46.1 Available under license
- 1.47 media-types 4.0.0**
 - 1.47.1 Available under license
- 1.48 jq 1.6-2.1**
 - 1.48.1 Available under license
- 1.49 sensible-utils 0.0.14**
 - 1.49.1 Available under license
- 1.50 libonig 6.9.6-1.1**
 - 1.50.1 Available under license
- 1.51 python 3.9.2-1**
 - 1.51.1 Available under license
- 1.52 cracklib 2.9.6-3.4**
 - 1.52.1 Available under license

- 1.53 e2fsprogs 1.46.2-2**
 - 1.53.1 Available under license
- 1.54 lsb 11.1.0**
 - 1.54.1 Available under license
- 1.55 libnettle6 3.7.3-1**
 - 1.55.1 Available under license
- 1.56 icu 67.1-7**
 - 1.56.1 Available under license
- 1.57 libgcrypt 1.8.7-6**
 - 1.57.1 Available under license
- 1.58 base-passwd 3.5.51**
 - 1.58.1 Available under license
- 1.59 libxcrypt 4.4.18-5**
 - 1.59.1 Available under license
- 1.60 apt 2.2.4**
 - 1.60.1 Available under license
- 1.61 cdebconf 0.260**
 - 1.61.1 Available under license
- 1.62 psmisc 23.4-2**
 - 1.62.1 Available under license
- 1.63 pci-ids 0.0~2021.02.08-1**
 - 1.63.1 Available under license
- 1.64 mysql-defaults 1.0.7**
 - 1.64.1 Available under license
- 1.65 numactl 2.0.12-1+b1**
 - 1.65.1 Available under license
- 1.66 binutils 2.35.2-2**
 - 1.66.1 Available under license
- 1.67 mpfr 4.1.0-3**
 - 1.67.1 Available under license
- 1.68 apparmor 2.13.6-10**
 - 1.68.1 Available under license
- 1.69 kmod 28-1**
 - 1.69.1 Available under license
- 1.70 cJSON 1.7.15**
 - 1.70.1 Available under license
- 1.71 pciutils 3.7.0-5**
 - 1.71.1 Available under license
- 1.72 libtool 2.4.6-15**

1.72.1 Available under license
1.73 isof 4.93.2+dfsg-1.1
1.73.1 Available under license
1.74 libpcap 1.10.0-2
1.74.1 Available under license
1.75 perl 5.32.1-4+deb11u2
1.75.1 Available under license
1.76 tdb 1.46.2
1.76.1 Available under license
1.77 init-system-helpers 1.60
1.77.1 Available under license
1.78 libnsl 1.3.0-2
1.78.1 Available under license
1.79 lz4 1.9.3-2
1.79.1 Available under license
1.80 libpkit 0.23.22-1
1.80.1 Available under license
1.81 berkeley-db 5.3.28+dfsg1-0.8
1.81.1 Available under license
1.82 pam 1.4.0-9+deb11u1
1.82.1 Available under license
1.83 acl 2.2.53-10
1.83.1 Available under license
1.84 libnl3 3.4.0-1+b1
1.84.1 Available under license
1.85 mpdecimal 2.5.1-1
1.85.1 Available under license
1.86 vim 8.2.2434-3+deb11u1
1.87 libseccomp 2.5.1-1+deb11u1
1.87.1 Available under license
1.88 gmp 6.2.1+dfsg-1+deb11u1
1.88.1 Available under license
1.89 libpwquality 1.4.4-1
1.89.1 Available under license
1.90 debconf 1.5.77
1.90.1 Available under license
1.91 libsemanage-common 3.1-1
1.91.1 Available under license
1.92 gc 8.0.4-3

- 1.92.1 Available under license
- 1.93 vixie-cron 3.0pl1-137**
 - 1.93.1 Available under license
- 1.94 cron 3.0pl1-137**
 - 1.94.1 Available under license
- 1.95 libntlm 1.6-3**
 - 1.95.1 Available under license
- 1.96 guile 2.2.7+1-6**
 - 1.96.1 Available under license
- 1.97 mailutils 3.10-3+b1**
 - 1.97.1 Available under license
- 1.98 exim 4.94.2-7**
 - 1.98.1 Available under license
- 1.99 mailutils 3.10-3**
 - 1.99.1 Available under license
- 1.100 libidn 1.33-3**
 - 1.100.1 Available under license
- 1.101 strace 5.10-1**
 - 1.101.1 Available under license
- 1.102 cyrus-sasl 2.1.27+dfsg-2.1+deb11u1**
 - 1.102.1 Available under license
- 1.103 libestr 0.1.10-2.1+b1**
 - 1.103.1 Available under license
- 1.104 json-c 0.99.9-1**
 - 1.104.1 Available under license
- 1.105 libfastjson 0.99.9-1**
 - 1.105.1 Available under license
- 1.106 sysv-init 2.96-7+deb11u1**
 - 1.106.1 Available under license
- 1.107 lm-sensors 3.6.0-7**
 - 1.107.1 Available under license
- 1.108 sysstat 12.5.2-2**
 - 1.108.1 Available under license
- 1.109 xz 5.2.5-2.1~deb11u1**
 - 1.109.1 Available under license
- 1.110 gzip 1.10-4+deb11u1**
 - 1.110.1 Available under license
- 1.111 liblognorm 2.0.5-1.1**
 - 1.111.1 Available under license

- 1.112 gdb 10.1-1.7**
 - 1.112.1 Available under license
- 1.113 source-highlight 3.1.9-3+b1**
 - 1.113.1 Available under license
- 1.114 source-highlight 3.1.9-3**
 - 1.114.1 Available under license
- 1.115 intel-processor-trace 2.0.3-1**
 - 1.115.1 Available under license
- 1.116 babeltrace 1.5.8-1+b3**
 - 1.116.1 Available under license
- 1.117 boost1.74 1.74.0-9**
 - 1.117.1 Available under license
- 1.118 libnsl 1.3.0-2**
 - 1.118.1 Available under license
- 1.119 open-ldap 2.4.57+dfsg-3+deb11u1**
 - 1.119.1 Available under license
- 1.120 gnupg 2.2.27-2+deb11u2**
 - 1.120.1 Available under license
- 1.121 bash 5.1-2+deb11u1**
 - 1.121.1 Available under license
- 1.122 fribidi 1.0.8-2+deb11u1**
 - 1.122.1 Available under license
- 1.123 libtirpc 1.3.1-1+deb11u1**
 - 1.123.1 Available under license
- 1.124 gssapi 1.10.0-4+deb11u1**
 - 1.124.1 Available under license
- 1.125 zlib 1.2.11.dfsg-2+deb11u2**
 - 1.125.1 Available under license
- 1.126 futures 3.3.0**
 - 1.126.1 Available under license
- 1.127 dpkg 1.20.12**
 - 1.127.1 Available under license
- 1.128 bzip2 1.0.8-4**
 - 1.128.1 Available under license
- 1.129 selinux 3.1-3**
 - 1.129.1 Available under license
- 1.130 libsemanage-common 3.1-1+b2**
 - 1.130.1 Available under license
- 1.131 util-linux 2.36.1-8+deb11u1**

- 1.131.1 Available under license
- 1.132 popt 1.18-2**
 - 1.132.1 Available under license
- 1.133 netbase 6.3**
 - 1.133.1 Available under license
- 1.134 ucf 3.0043**
 - 1.134.1 Available under license
- 1.135 rsyslog 8.2102.0-2+deb11u1**
 - 1.135.1 Available under license
- 1.136 glibc 2.31-13+deb11u5**
 - 1.136.1 Available under license
- 1.137 expat 2.2.10-2+deb11u5**
 - 1.137.1 Available under license
- 1.138 kerberos 1.18.3-6+deb11u3**
 - 1.138.1 Available under license
- 1.139 libtasn 4.16.0-2+deb11u1**
 - 1.139.1 Available under license
- 1.140 scowl 2019.10.06-1**
 - 1.140.1 Available under license
- 1.141 gnutls 3.7.1-5+deb11u3**
 - 1.141.1 Available under license
- 1.142 curl 7.74.0-1.3+deb11u7**
 - 1.142.1 Available under license
- 1.143 sed 4.7-1**
 - 1.143.1 Available under license
- 1.144 tcpdump 4.99.0-2+deb11u1**
 - 1.144.1 Available under license
- 1.145 pcre 10.36-2+deb11u1**
 - 1.145.1 Available under license
- 1.146 public-suffix 20220811.1734-0+deb11u1**
 - 1.146.1 Available under license
- 1.147 d-bus 1.12.24-0+deb11u1**
 - 1.147.1 Available under license
- 1.148 log-rotate 3.18.0-2+deb11u1**
 - 1.148.1 Available under license
- 1.149 libxml2 2.9.10+dfsg-6.7+deb11u4**
 - 1.149.1 Available under license
- 1.150 ncurses 6.2+20201114-2+deb11u1**
 - 1.150.1 Available under license

- 1.151 grep 3.6-1+deb11u1**
 - 1.151.1 Available under license
- 1.152 glibc 2.31-13+deb11u6**
 - 1.152.1 Available under license
- 1.153 debian-archive-keyring 2021.1.1+deb11u1**
 - 1.153.1 Available under license
- 1.154 base-files 11.1+deb11u7**
 - 1.154.1 Available under license
- 1.155 tzdata 2021a-1+deb11u10**
 - 1.155.1 Available under license
- 1.156 unbound 1.13.1-1+deb11u1**
 - 1.156.1 Available under license
- 1.157 traceroute 2.1.0-2+deb11u1**
 - 1.157.1 Available under license
- 1.158 mariadb 10.5.19-0+deb11u2**
 - 1.158.1 Available under license
- 1.159 systemd 247.3-7+deb11u3**
 - 1.159.1 Available under license
- 1.160 openssl 1.1.1n-0+deb11u5**
 - 1.160.1 Available under license
- 1.161 makedumpfile 0.188**
 - 1.161.1 Available under license
- 1.162 frouter-plugin 0.0.2~46-ga39fe96**
 - 1.162.1 Available under license
- 1.163 file 5.39-3+deb11u1**
 - 1.163.1 Available under license
- 1.164 vpp 23.10-rc0~141-g43fad89db**
 - 1.164.1 Available under license
- 1.165 vpp 23.10-rc0~144-g32c83163c**
 - 1.165.1 Available under license
- 1.166 nettle 3.7.3-1**
 - 1.166.1 Available under license
- 1.167 makedumpfile 0.183**
 - 1.167.1 Available under license
- 1.168 mariadb-connector 3.0.0**
 - 1.168.1 Available under license
- 1.169 libcap 7.1**
 - 1.169.1 Available under license
- 1.170 vpp 23.10-rc0~153-g0ed472a08**

- 1.170.1 Available under license
- 1.171 vpp 23.10-rc0~157-g78175657f**
- 1.171.1 Available under license
- 1.172 vpp 23.10-rc0~159-gdf2a59f54**
- 1.172.1 Available under license
- 1.173 vpp 23.10-rc0~162-g2c7a022ef**
- 1.173.1 Available under license
- 1.174 mariadb-connector 3.0.0.**
- 1.174.1 Available under license

1.1 hostname 3.23

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hostname -- set the host name or show the host/domain name

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1.2 xdg-user-dirs 0.17-2

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```
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```

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```
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```

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1.3 keyutils 1.6.1-2

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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.4 shadow 4.8.1-1

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1.5 pcre 8.39-13

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1.9 libsepol 3.1-1

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1.10 coreutils 8.32-4+b1

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1.11 shared-mime-info 2.0-1

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1.13 libunwind 1.3.2-2

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Since May 20 2000, it is maintained by Roland Bauerschmidt <rb@debian.org>.

Since March 24 2004, it is maintained by Roland Bauerschmidt <rb@debian.org>, and co-maintained by Marc Haber <mh+debian-packages@zugschlus.de>

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1.15 libcap-ng 0.7.9-2.2+b1

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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1.18 libssh2 1.9.0-2

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1.19 libsemanage 3.1-1

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an "aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

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c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

d) Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

e) Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

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1.24 diffutils 3.7-5

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1.25 p11-kit 0.23.22-1

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1.28 iconv 2.31

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```
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```

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```
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```

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989

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xxhsum command line interface

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1.30 findutils 4.8.0-1

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1.33 libidn 2.3.0-5

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1.38 zstd 1.4.8+dfsg-2.1

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1.39 nhttp2 1.43.0-1

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set xrange [0:]

set terminal pngcairo font 'Sans, 8' lw 1 size 1400,1024

set xtics rotate by -45

set style histogram errorbars gap 2 lw 1

set style fill solid border -1

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1.40 procps 3.3.17-5

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```
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```
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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

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1.41 libffi 3.3-6

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1.42 sqlite 3.34.1-3

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1.43 gpm 1.20.7-8

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when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
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Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
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```

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```
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```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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1.44 Im-sensors 3.6.0-7

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- * Frodo Looijaard
Original author of `libsensors`, `sensors-detect`, `sensors` and `isadump`.
- * Merlin Hughes
Original author of `sensord`.
- * Bob Schlaermann
Dynamic chip feature detection (a.k.a. generic chip support) in `libsensors` and `sensors`.
- * Mark M. Hoffman
Many improvements to the `libsensors` configuration file scanner.
- * Jean Delvare
New `libsensors` API, and migration of `sensors` and `sensord` thereto.
Many optimizations in `libsensors` and `sensors`.
Configuration file converter.
Rewrite of `sensors-detect`.
Support for multiple configuration files in `libsensors`.

1.45 glib 2.66.8-1

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This package was debianized by Akira TAGOH <tagoh@debian.org> on
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It was downloaded from <<https://download.gnome.org/sources/glib/>>.

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1.46 oniguruma 6.9.6-1.1

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1.47 media-types 4.0.0

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1.48 jq 1.6-2.1

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1.49 sensible-utils 0.0.14

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations, which became Zope Corporation. In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <https://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation was a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
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1.52 cracklib 2.9.6-3.4

1.52.1 Available under license :

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Upstream-Name: cracklib

Upstream-Contact: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@umr.edu>

Source: <https://github.com/cracklib/cracklib>

Files: *

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2005-2015 Nathan Neulinger <nneul@umr.edu>

2008-2015 Jan Dittberner <jan@dittberner.info>

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Comment:

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Files: debian/*

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Martin Pitt <martin@piware.de>

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1.53 e2fsprogs 1.46.2-2

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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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```
#  
# This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared  
# libraries.  
#  
# In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.  
#  
# BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0  
# BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce  
# BSDLIB_MYDIR = et  
# BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = $(SHLIBDIR)  
#
```

```
all:: image
```

```
real-subdirs:: Makefile  
@echo " MKDIR pic"
```

```
@mkdir -p pic
```

```
BSD_LIB = $(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.$(BSDLIB_VERSION)
```

```
BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic
```

```
image: $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJS)
```

```
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LDFLAGS_SHLIB) $(OBJS))
```

```
$(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
```

```
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
```

```
`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's/lib/;"/$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB))
```

```
install-shlibs install:: $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
```

```
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \
```

```
$(DESTDIR)$ (BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
@-$(LDCONFIG)
```

```
install-strip: install
```

```
install-shlibs-strip:: install-shlibs
```

```
uninstall-shlibs uninstall::
```

```
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$ (BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
clean::
```

```
$(RM) -rf pic
```

```
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
```

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Index: tdbsa/tdb.c

--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c

+++ tdbsa/tdb.c

@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371

Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)

*/

/*

- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.

+ trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes

-

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Gadi Oxman, August 1995

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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```

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```
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Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
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```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program  
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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Theodore Ts'o
23-June-2007

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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Upstream Author: Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu>

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```
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```
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1.56 icu 67.1-7

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## Commands to generate dependency files
GEN_DEPS.c= $(CC) -E -MM $(DEFS) $(CPPFLAGS)
GEN_DEPS.cc= $(CXX) -E -MM $(DEFS) $(CPPFLAGS)

## Flags for position independent code
SHAREDLIBCFLAGS = -fPIC
SHAREDLIBCXXFLAGS = -fPIC
SHAREDLIBCPPFLAGS = -DPIC

## Additional flags when building libraries and with threads
THREADSCPPFLAGS = -D_REENTRANT
LIBCPPFLAGS =

## Compiler switch to embed a runtime search path
LD_RPATH=
LD_RPATH_PRE= -Wl,-rpath,

## Compiler switch to embed a library name
LD_SONAME = -Wl,-soname -Wl,$(notdir $(MIDDLE_SO_TARGET))

## Shared library options
LD_SOOPTIONS= -Wl,-Bsymbolic

## Shared object suffix
SO = so
## Non-shared intermediate object suffix
STATIC_O = ao

## Compilation rules
%.${STATIC_O}: $(srcdir)/%.c
$(COMPILE.c) $(STATICCPPFLAGS) $(STATICCFLAGS) -o $@ $<
```

```

%.o: $(srcdir)/%.c
$(COMPILE.c) $(DYNAMICCPPFLAGS) $(DYNAMICCFLAGS) -o $@ $<

%.${STATIC_O}: $(srcdir)/%.cpp
$(COMPILE.cc) $(STATICCPPFLAGS) $(STATICCXXFLAGS) -o $@ $<
%.o: $(srcdir)/%.cpp
$(COMPILE.cc) $(DYNAMICCPPFLAGS) $(DYNAMICCXXFLAGS) -o $@ $<

```

Dependency rules

```

%.d: $(srcdir)/%.c
@echo "generating dependency information for $<"
@$(SHELL) -ec '$(GEN_DEPS.c) $< \
| sed "s^\($*\)\.o[ :]*/\1.o $@ : /g\'" > $@; \
[ -s $@ ] || rm -f $@'

```

```

%.d: $(srcdir)/%.cpp
@echo "generating dependency information for $<"
@$(SHELL) -ec '$(GEN_DEPS.cc) $< \
| sed "s^\($*\)\.o[ :]*/\1.o $@ : /g\'" > $@; \
[ -s $@ ] || rm -f $@'

```

Versioned libraries rules

```

%.${SO}.${SO_TARGET_VERSION_MAJOR}: %.${SO}.${SO_TARGET_VERSION}
$(RM) $@ && ln -s ${<F} $@
%.${SO}: %.${SO}.${SO_TARGET_VERSION_MAJOR}
$(RM) $@ && ln -s ${*F}.${SO}.${SO_TARGET_VERSION} $@

```

Bind internal references

```

# LDflags that pkgdata will use
BIR_LDFLAGS= -Wl,-Bsymbolic

```

```

# Dependencies [i.e. map files] for the final library
BIR_DEPS=

```

```

## Remove shared library 's'
STATIC_PREFIX_WHEN_USED =
STATIC_PREFIX =

```

```

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1.59 libxcrypt 4.4.18-5

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1.61 cdebconf 0.260

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```

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1.67 mpfr 4.1.0-3

1.67.1 Available under license :

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#

These procedures come from the source code of GFun.

#

```
getname:=proc(yofz::function(name), y, z)
```

```
  y:=op(0,yofz);
```

```
  if type(y,'procedure') then error `not an unassigned name`,y fi;
```

```
  z:=op(yofz)
```

```
end proc:
```

#

returns the smallest i such that u(n+i) appears in a recurrence

#

```
minindex := proc(rec,u,n)
```

```
  min(op(map(op,indets(rec,'specfunc'('linear'(n),u)))))-n
```

```
end proc:
```

#

returns the largest i such that u(n+i) appears in a recurrence

#

```
maxindex := proc(rec,u,n)
```

```
  max(op(map(op,indets(rec,'specfunc'('linear'(n),u)))))-n
```

```
end proc:
```

#

A recurrence of the form $a(n+d) = p(n)/q(n) a(n)$ is represented through a record:

OneTermRecurrence : record(order, numerator, denominator)

#

```
`type/OneTermRecurrence` := 'record(order, numerator, denominator)':
```

#

#checkOneTermRecurrence

Input: a recurrence rec (either with or without initial conditions).

If it has initial conditions, they are ignored.

a(n): the name of the sequence and the name of the variable.

#

Output:

This procedure checks that rec is a recurrence of the form $a(n+d) = p(n)/q(n) a(n)$

If the check succeeds, it returns the corresponding record. If it fails, an error is

```

# returned.
#
checkOneTermRecurrence := proc(rec, aofn)::OneTermRecurrence;
local r, d, a, n, term1, term2, res;

getname(aofn, a, n):
if type(rec, 'set') then
r:=select(has, rec, n);
if nops(r)>1
then error `invalid recurrence`, rec
fi:
if nops(r)=0
then error "%1 does not appear in the recurrence", n
fi:
r := op(r):
else r:=rec:
fi:
if type(r,`=')
then r:=op(1,r)-op(2,r)
fi:
if indets(r,'specfunc'('anything',a)) <> indets(r,'specfunc'('linear'(n),a))
then error "the recurrence contains elements that are not linear in %1", n
fi:
if nops(r) <> 2
then error "the recurrence contains %1 terms (expected 2)", nops(r)
fi:
r := subs(n=n-minindex(r, a, n), r):
d := maxindex(r, a, n):

term1 := select(has, r, a(n)):
term2 := select(has, r, a(n+d)):

res := factor( -(term1/a(n)) / (term2/a(n+d)) ):

Record( 'order'=d, 'numerator' = numer(res), 'denominator' = denom(res) )
end proc:

#
# my_factors factorizes p the same way as factors(p) would do except that the constant part is computed
# differently. We assume here that p has integer coefficients, and we want to factorize it over polynomials
# with integer coefficients. my_factors ensures that the factors have integer coefficients.
#
my_factors := proc(p)
local L, c, fact, i, my_c, my_fact, q:
L := factors(p):
c := L[1]: fact := L[2]:
my_c := c: my_fact := []:

```

```

for i from 1 to nops(fact) do
  q := denom(fact[i][1]):
  my_fact := [ op(my_fact), [ fact[i][1]*q, fact[i][2] ] ]:
  my_c := my_c / (q^fact[i][2]):
od:
[ my_c, my_fact]:
end proc:

#
# This procedure decomposes a one-term recurrence with the following form:
#  $a(n+d) = c * s1(n)/s1(n+d) * s2(n+d)/s2(n) * p(n)/q(n) * a(n)$ 
#
# Known issue: this procedure assumes that the only variables involved are n and x with their usual meaning.
#
decomposeOneTermRecurrence := proc(formalRec::OneTermRecurrence, res_cste, res_s1, res_s2, res_p, res_q)
local p, q, cste, s1, s2, d, L, i, tmp, exponent, r, polyring;
p := formalRec:-numerator:
q := formalRec:-denominator:
d := formalRec:-order:
s1 := 1:
L := op(2,my_factors(p)): # L contains the non trivial factors of p
for i from 1 to nops(L) do
  tmp := L[i][1]: exponent := L[i][2]:
  r := gcd(tmp^exponent, subs(n=n-d, q)):
  p := quo(p,r,n): q := quo(q, subs(n=n+d, r),n): s1 := s1 * r:
od:

s2 := 1:
L := op(2,my_factors(p)): # L contains the *remaining* non trivial factors of p
for i from 1 to nops(L) do
  tmp := L[i][1]: exponent := L[i][2]:
  r := gcd(tmp^exponent, subs(n=n+d, q)):
  p := quo(p, r, n): q := quo(q, subs(n=n-d, r), n): s2 := s2 * r:
od:

# Finally we look for the constant part (with respect to n) of p/q
cste := op(1, my_factors(p))/op(1, my_factors(q)):
p := p/op(1, my_factors(p)): q := q/op(1, my_factors(q)):
polyring := RegularChains[PolynomialRing]([n,x]):
L := op(2, my_factors(p)):
for i from 1 to nops(L) do
  if RegularChains[MainVariable](L[i][1], polyring) = x
  then cste := cste * L[i][1]^L[i][2]: p := quo(p,L[i][1]^L[i][2],x):
  fi:
od:
L := op(2, my_factors(q)):
for i from 1 to nops(L) do

```

```

if RegularChains[MainVariable](L[i][1], polyring) = x
  then cste := cste / L[i][1]^L[i][2]: q := quo(q,L[i][1]^L[i][2],x):
fi:
od:

res_cste := cste;
res_s1 := s1;
res_s2 := s2;
res_p := simplify(p);
res_q := simplify(q);
end proc:

#
#coeffrecToTermsrec
# Input: a linear recurrence rec (either with or without initial conditions).
#       a(n): the name of the sequence and the name of the variable.
#       x: a value or symbolic name
#
# Output:
# The recurrence satisfied by a(n)*x^n. Note that this recurrence is also denoted by a(n).
# If initial conditions were provided, corresponding initial conditions are computed.
#
coeffrecToTermsrec := proc(rec, aofn, x)
local a,n,L,r,cond,d,i,tmp,c,res;
getname(aofn, a, n);
if type(rec, 'set') then
  L := selectremove(has, rec, n);
  r := L[1];
  if nops(r)>1
    then error `invalid recurrence`, rec
  fi:
  if nops(r)=0
    then error "%1 does not appear in the recurrence", n
  fi:
  r := op(r):
  cond := L[2];
else r := rec:
fi:
d := maxindex(r, a, n):
L := indets(r,specfunc('linear'(n),a)):
if indets(r,specfunc('anything',a)) <> L
  then error "the recurrence contains elements that are not linear in %1", n
fi:
L := map(op, L):
for i from 1 to nops(L) do
  r := subs(a(op(i,L))=a(op(i,L))*x^(d-op(i,L)+n), r):
od:

```

```

if cond<>'cond' then
  c := {}:
  for i from 1 to nops(cond) do
    tmp := op(i, cond): # tmp should have the form 'a(k) = cste'
    if not type(tmp,`= `) then error "Invalid initial condition: %1", tmp: fi:
    L := selectremove(has, {op(tmp)}, a):
    if (nops(L[1]) <> 1) or (nops(L[2])<>1)
      then error "Invalid initial condition: %1", tmp:
      fi:
    tmp := op(1, L[1]): # tmp has the form 'a(k)'
    c := {op(c), tmp = op(1, L[2])*x^op(tmp)}:
  od:
  res := {r, op(c)}:
else res := r:
fi:
res:
end proc:

#
# This procedure removes the conditions of the form a(k)=0 from the initial conditions of rec
# It returns a list L = [L1, L2, ...] where Li = [k, expr] representing the condition a(k)=expr.
# Moreover, it asserts that the Li are ordered by increasing k.
#
removeTrivialConditions := proc(rec, aofn)
  local a,n,i,L,tmp,c,cond,k:
  getname(aofn, a, n):
  if not type(rec, 'set') then
    error "%1 is not a recurrence with initial conditions", rec
  else
    L := selectremove(has, rec, n):
    cond := L[2]:
    if nops(cond)=0
      then error "%1 does not contain initial conditions", rec
      fi:
    fi:
    c := []:
    for i from 1 to nops(cond) do
      tmp := op(i, cond): # tmp should have the form 'a(k) = cste'
      if not type(tmp,`= `) then error "Invalid initial condition: %1", tmp: fi:
      L := selectremove(has, {op(tmp)}, a):
      if (nops(L[1]) <> 1) or (nops(L[2])<>1)
        then error "Invalid initial condition: %1", tmp:
        fi:
      if op(1, L[2])<>0 then c := [op(c), [op(op(1, L[1])), op(1, L[2])]]: fi:
    od:
    # We check that the conditions are ordered by increasing k.
    if (nops(c)=0) then return c: fi:
  end proc:

```

```

k := c[1][1]:
for i from 2 to nops(c) do
  if (c[i][1]<=k)
    then error "Unexpected error in removeTrivialConditions: the conditions are not correctly ordered (%1)\n", c
  else k := c[i][1]
  fi:
od:
c:
end proc:

```

```

#
# findFixpointOfDifferences: takes a set L of integer and returns the smallest set S
# containing L and such that for each i, S[i]-S[i-1] \in S
findFixpointOfDifferences := proc(L)
  local res, i:
  res := L:
  for i from 2 to nops(L) do
    res := { op(res), L[i]-L[i-1] }:
  od:
  if (res=L) then return res else return findFixpointOfDifferences(res) fi:
end proc:

```

```

#
# error_counter functions allows one to follow the accumulation of errors in each variable.
# an error_counter is a list of the form [[var1, c1], [var2, c2], ... ]
# where the vari are variable names and the ci indicate how many approximation errors
# are accumulated in vari.
#

```

```

#
# This procedure initializes the counter associated with variable var to 1 (and creates it if needed.)
# It returns an up-to-date error_counter.
init_error_counter := proc (var, error_counter)
  local i, res:
  res := error_counter:
  for i from 1 to nops(res) do
    if (res[i][1]=var)
      then res[i][2] := 1:
        return res:
      fi
  od:
  res := [op(res), [var, 1]]:
end:

```

```

#

```



```

# This procedure adds a given number to the counter associated with variable var.
# It returns an up-to-date error_counter.
add_to_error_counter := proc (var, n, error_counter)
local i, res:
res := error_counter:
for i from 1 to nops(res) do
if (res[i][1]=var)
then res[i][2] := res[i][2]+n:
return res:
fi
od:
res := [op(res), [var, n]]:
end proc:

```

```

#
# This procedure sets the value of the counter associated with variable var.
# It returns an up-to-date error_counter.
set_error_counter := proc(var, n, error_counter)
local i,err:
err := error_counter:
for i from 1 to nops(err) do
if (err[i][1]=var)
then err[i][2] := n:
return err:
fi
od:
err := [op(err), [var, n]]:
end proc:

```

```

#
# This procedure initializes the counter associated to the multiplication of var2 and var3,
# putting the result in variable var1.
# It returns an up-to-date error_counter.
error_counter_of_a_multiplication := proc (var1, var2, var3, error_counter)
local i, res, c2, c3:
c2 := 0: c3 := 0:
for i from 1 to nops(error_counter) do
if (error_counter[i][1]=var2) then c2 := error_counter[i][2] fi:
if (error_counter[i][1]=var3) then c3 := error_counter[i][2] fi:
if (error_counter[i][1]=var1)
then
res := [ op(error_counter[1..i-1]), op(error_counter[i+1..nops(error_counter)]) ]
fi:
od:
if (res = 'res') then res := error_counter fi:
res := [op(res), [var1, c2+c3+1]]:
end:

```

```

#
# Copies the error counter of var2 into var1
error_counter_on_copy := proc(var1, var2, error_counter)
local i, err, c2:
c2 := 0:
for i from 1 to nops(error_counter) do
  if (error_counter[i][1] = var2) then c2 := error_counter[i][2] fi:
  if (error_counter[i][1] = var1)
  then
    err := [ op(error_counter[1..i-1]), op(error_counter[i+1..nops(error_counter)]) ]
  fi:
od:
if (err = 'err') then err := error_counter fi:
if (c2 <> 0) then err := [op(res), [var1, c2]] fi:
end proc:

```

```

#
# Returns the value of the error counter associated to a variable
find_in_error_counter := proc(var, error_counter)
local i:
for i from 1 to nops(error_counter) do
  if (error_counter[i][1] = var) then return error_counter[i][2] fi:
od:
return 0:
end proc:

```

```

#
# generate_multiply_rational(fd, var1, var2, r, error_counter, indent) generates code for performing
# var1 = var2*r in MPFR
# fd is the file descriptor in which the code shall be produced.
# var1 and var2 are strings representing variable names. r is a Maple rational number.
# error_counter is an error_counter (as described above).
# indent is an optional argument. It is a string used to correctly indent the code. It is prefixed to any
# generated line. Hence, if indent=" ", the generated code will be indented by 2 spaces.
# An up-to-date error_counter is returned.
generate_multiply_rational := proc(fd, var1, var2, r, error_counter, indent:="")
local p,q,err:
err := error_counter:
if (whattype(r)<>'fraction') and (whattype(r)<>'integer')
then error "generate_multiply_rational used with non rational number %1", r: fi:
if (abs(r)=1)
then
  if (var1=var2)
  then
    if (r<>1) then fprintf(fd, "%sMPFR_CHANGE_SIGN (%s);\n", indent, var1) fi:
    return err:
  else

```

```

    if (r=1)
      then fprintf(fd, "%smpfr_set (%s, %s, MPFR_RNDN);\n", indent, var1, var2):
      else fprintf(fd, "%smpfr_neg (%s, %s, MPFR_RNDN);\n", indent, var1, var2):
    fi:
    return error_counter_on_copy(var1, var2, err):
  fi
fi:
# Now, r is a rational number different from 1.
p := numer(r): q := denom(r):
if (abs(p)<>1)
then
  fprintf(fd, "%smpfr_mul_si (%s, %s, %d, MPFR_RNDN);\n", indent, var1, var2, p):
  err := error_counter_of_a_multiplication(var1, var2, "", err):
  if (q<>1)
  then
    fprintf(fd, "%smpfr_div_si (%s, %s, %d, MPFR_RNDN);\n", indent, var1, var1, q):
    err := error_counter_of_a_multiplication(var1, var1, "", err):
  fi:
else
  fprintf(fd, "%smpfr_div_si (%s, %s, %d, MPFR_RNDN);\n", indent, var1, var2, p*q):
  err := error_counter_of_a_multiplication(var1, var2, "", err):
fi:
return err:
end proc:

#
# generate_multiply_poly is the same as generate_multiply_rational but when r is a rational fraction.
# The fraction r must have the form p/q where p and q are polynomials with integer coefficients.
# Moreover, the gcd of the coefficients of p must be 1. Idem for q.
# The procedure returned a list [m, d, err] where m is the set of indices k such that
# a mpfr_mul_sik function is needed and idem for d with mpfr_div_sik.
# err is an up-to-date error counter.
generate_multiply_poly := proc(fd, var1, var2, r, error_counter, indent="")
local p,q,Lp,Lq,n,i,j,var, required_mulsi, required_divsi, err:
err := error_counter:
required_mulsi := {}:
required_divsi := {}:
p := numer(r): q := denom(r):
Lp := my_factors(p): Lq := my_factors(q):
if (Lp[1] <> 1)
  then error "generate_multiply_poly: an integer can be factored out of %1", p:
fi:
if (Lq[1] <> 1)
  then error "generate_multiply_poly: an integer can be factored out of %1", q:
fi:
Lp := Lp[2]: Lq := Lq[2]:
var := var2:

```

```

if (nops(Lp) <> 0)
then
  n := 0:
  for i from 1 to nops(Lp) do n := n + Lp[i][2] od:
  if (n=1)
  then
    fprintf(fd, "%smpfr_mul_si (%s, %s", indent, var1, var):
  else
    required_mulsi := { op(required_mulsi), n }:
    fprintf(fd, "%smpfr_mul_si%d (%s, %s", indent, n, var1, var):
  fi:
  for i from 1 to nops(Lp) do
    for j from 1 to Lp[i][2] do
      fprintf(fd, ", %a", Lp[i][1]):
    od:
  od:
  fprintf(fd, ", MPFR_RNDN);\n"):
  err := set_error_counter(var1, n+find_in_error_counter(var, err) , err):
  var := var1:
fi:
if (nops(Lq) <> 0)
then
  n := 0:
  for i from 1 to nops(Lq) do n := n + Lq[i][2] od:
  if (n=1)
  then
    fprintf(fd, "%smpfr_div_si (%s, %s", indent, var1, var):
  else
    required_divsi := { op(required_divsi), n }:
    fprintf(fd, "%smpfr_div_si%d (%s, %s", indent, n, var1, var)
  fi:
  for i from 1 to nops(Lq) do
    for j from 1 to Lq[i][2] do
      fprintf(fd, ", %a", Lq[i][1])
    od:
  od:
  fprintf(fd, ", MPFR_RNDN);\n"):
  err := set_error_counter(var1, n+find_in_error_counter(var, err) , err):
  var := var1:
fi:
if (var1 <> var) then
  fprintf(fd, "%smpfr_set (%s, %s, MPFR_RNDN);\n", indent, var1, var):
  err := set_error_counter(var1, find_in_error_counter(var, err) , err):
fi:
return [required_mulsi, required_divsi, err]:
end proc:

```

```

#
# This function generates the code of a procedure mpfr_mul_uin or mpfr_div_uin
#
generate_muldivsin := proc(op, n)
local i, var:
if ((op <> "mul") and (op <> "div"))
then error "Invalid argument to generate_muldivuin (%1). Must be 'mul' or 'div'", op
fi:
if (whattype(n) <> 'integer')
then error "Invalid argument to generate_muldivuin (%1). Must be an integer.", n
fi:

if (op="mul") then var := "MUL" else var := "DIV" fi:

printf("__MPFR_DECLSPEC void mpfr_div_si%d _MPFR_PROTO((mpfr_ptr, mpfr_srcptr,\n", n):
for i from n to 2 by -2 do
printf("                long int, long int,\n"):
od:
if (i=1)
then
printf("                long int, mpfr_rnd_t);\n"):
else
printf("                mpfr_rnd_t);\n")
fi:

printf("\n\n"):
printf("void\n"):
printf("mpfr_%s_si%d (mpfr_ptr y, mpfr_srcptr x,\n", op, n):
for i from n to 2 by -2 do
printf("        long int v%d, long int v%d,\n", n-i+1, n-i+2):
od:
if (i=1)
then
printf("        long int v%d, mpfr_rnd_t mode)\n", n):
else
printf("        mpfr_rnd_t mode)\n")
fi:
printf("{\n"):
printf(" long int acc = v1;\n"):
printf(" mpfr_set (y, x, mode);\n"):
for i from 2 to n do
printf(" MPFR_ACC_OR_%s (v%d);\n", var, i):
od:
printf(" mpfr_%s_si (y, y, acc, mode);\n", op):
printf("}\n"):
return:
end proc:

```

```

# convert from Gonnet's FPAccuracy data sets to mpfr format
# http://www.inf.ethz.ch/personal/gonnet/FPAccuracy/all.tar.Z

# 1 - cut the lines from (say) C/acos.c, remove the 3rd (eps) field,
#   replace the commata ',' by spaces, and remove the final '};'
#   (hint: cut -d" " -f1,2,4,5 /tmp/acos.c > /tmp/acos2.c)
# 2 - edit the infile and outfile lines below, and run
#   maple -q < gonnet.mpl

infile := "/tmp/acos2.c":
outfile := "acos":

##### don't edit below this line #####

foo := proc(arg_m, val_m, arg_e, val_e, fp)
  fprintf (fp, "53 53 n ", 53);
  to_hex(arg_m, arg_e, fp);
  fprintf (fp, " ");
  # warning: Gonnet stores -val_e
  to_hex(val_m, -val_e, fp);
  fprintf (fp, "\n");
end:

to_hex := proc(m, e, fp)
  if m<0 then fprintf (fp, "-") fi;
  fprintf (fp, "0x%sp%d", convert(abs(m),hex), e);
end:

copyright := proc(fp)
  fprintf (fp, "# This file was generated from the FPAccuracy package\n#
http://www.inf.ethz.ch/personal/gonnet/FPAccuracy/all.tar.Z:\n# Copyright (C) Gaston H. Gonnet\n# This program
is free software; you can redistribute it and/or\n# modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License\n#
as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2\n# of the License, or (at your option) any later
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Public License\n# along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software\n# Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place -
Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.\n")
end:

fp := fopen (outfile, WRITE):

l := readdata(infile, integer, 4):
copyright(fp):
for e in l do foo(op(e), fp) od:

fclose (fp);

```

quit;

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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the library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Lesser General Public License instead of this License. But first, please read <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/why-not-lgpl.html>.
 read("metaMPFR_common.mpl"):

```

FUNCTION_SERIES := 0:
FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL := %+1:
CONSTANT_SERIES := %+1:

#####
##### We can now generate the code #####
#####

# This procedure generate code for a straightforward evaluation of the series
# corresponding to a recurrence.
# rec is a recurrence with inital conditions
# type can take three values, depending on which series should be evaluated:
#   FUNCTION_SERIES -> produces code for evaluating sum( a(i)*x^i )
#   FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL -> produces code for evaluating sum( a(i)*(p/q)^i )
#   CONSTANT_SERIES -> produces code for evaluating sum( a(i) )
# name is the name the should be given to the produced procedure.
# fofx is an optional parameter. It is the function being implemented.
# -> if provided, this argument will be used to (heuristically) find the limits
#   of the function at +/-oo and find its asymptotical behavior.
# *IMPORTANT NOTE*: it must be a function of the variable 'x'.
#   Moreover, neither _f nor x shall be assigned at the time of
#   calling the function
#
generateStraightforwardAlgo := proc(rec, aofn, type, name, filename, fofx := _f(x))
local a, b, n, fd, init_cond, nc, d, exponents, formalRec, c, s1, s2, p, q, hardconstant, f0, i0, ri0, i, j, var, var1, var2,
var3, guard_bits, required_mulsi, required_divsi, temp, error_counter, error_in_loop, maxofti, additional_error:

  getname(aofn, a, n):

  required_mulsi := {}:
  required_divsi := {}:
  fd := fopen(filename, WRITE):

  # We check that we have a recurrence of the form a(n+d)=r(n)*a(n)
  # and we extract its canonical form:
  #   a(n+d) = c * s1(n)/s1(n+d) * s2(n+d)/s2(n) * p(n)/q(n) * a(n)
  #
  formalRec := checkOneTermRecurrence(rec, a(n)):
  decomposeOneTermRecurrence(formalRec, c, s1, s2, p, q):
  d := formalRec:-order:

  # We keep only non-trivial inital conditions
  init_cond := removeTrivialConditions(rec, a(n));
  nc := nops(init_cond):

```

```

exponents := {1, d}:
for i from 1 to nc do
  exponents := { op(exponents), init_cond[i][1] }
od:
exponents := findFixpointOfDifferences(exponents):
exponents := exponents minus {0}:

error_counter := []:

fprintf(fd, "/* Evaluation by a straightforward algorithm *\n"):
fprintf(fd, "/* Code automatically generated by metaMPFR. *\n"):

fprintf(fd, "static int\n"):
if (type=FUNCTION_SERIES)
  then fprintf(fd, "mpfr_%a (mpfr_ptr res, mpfr_srcptr x, mpfr_rnd_t rnd)\n", name):
elif (type=FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL)
  then fprintf(fd, "mpfr_%a (mpfr_ptr res, int u, int v, mpfr_rnd_t rnd)\n", name):
elif (type=CONSTANT_SERIES)
  then fprintf(fd, "mpfr_%a (mpfr_ptr res, mpfr_rnd_t rnd)\n", name):
fi:
fprintf(fd, "\n"):

#####
##### Declarations #####
#####

fprintf(fd, " MPFR_ZIV_DECL (loop);\n"):
fprintf(fd, " MPFR_SAVE_EXPO_DECL (expo);\n"):
fprintf(fd, " mpfr_prec_t wprec;      /* working precision *\n"):
fprintf(fd, " mpfr_prec_t prec;          /* target precision *\n"):
fprintf(fd, " mpfr_prec_t err;          /* used to estimate the evaluation error *\n"):
fprintf(fd, " mpfr_prec_t correctBits;    /* estimates the number of correct bits*\n"):
fprintf(fd, " unsigned long int k;\n"):
fprintf(fd, " unsigned long int conditionNumber; /* condition number of the series *\n"):
fprintf(fd, " unsigned assumed_exponent; /* used as a lowerbound of -EXP(f(x)) *\n"):
fprintf(fd, " int r;                    /* returned ternary value *\n"):
fprintf(fd, " mpfr_t s;                 /* used to store the partial sum *\n"):

if (whattype(c) = 'fraction') or (whattype(c) = 'integer')
  then hardconstant := 0
  else hardconstant := 1
fi:
if (type=FUNCTION_SERIES) then hardconstant := 1 fi:

if (hardconstant=1)
then
  if (type=CONSTANT_SERIES)

```

```

    then fprintf(fd, " mpfr_t x%d;          /* used to store %a *^n", d, c):
elif (type=FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL)
    then fprintf(fd, " mpfr_t x%d;          /* used to store %a *^n", d, c*(u/v)^d):
elif (type=FUNCTION_SERIES)
    then fprintf(fd, " mpfr_t x%d;          /* used to store %a *^n", d, c*x^d):
fi:
fi:

if (type=FUNCTION_SERIES)
then
    fprintf(fd, " mpfr_t tmp;\n"):
    if (nops(exponents)-1 >= 1) then fprintf(fd, " mpfr_t ") fi:
    for i from 1 to nops(exponents)-1 do
        fprintf(fd, "x%d", exponents[i]):
        if (i<nops(exponents)-1) then fprintf(fd, ", ") else fprintf(fd, ";          /* used to store x^i *^n") fi
    od:
fi:

fprintf(fd, " mpfr_t ");
for i from 1 to nc do
    fprintf(fd, "tip%d", init_cond[i][1]):
    if (i<nc) then fprintf(fd, ", ") else fprintf(fd, "; /* used to store successive values of t_i *^n") fi:
od:
fprintf(fd, " int "):
for i from 1 to nc do
    fprintf(fd, "test%d", init_cond[i][1]):
    if (i<nc) then fprintf(fd, ", ") else fprintf(fd, ";^n") fi:
od:
fprintf(fd, " int global_test;          /* used to test when the sum can be stopped */):

fprintf(fd, "\n"):
fprintf(fd, " /* Logging *^n"):
if (type=FUNCTION_SERIES)
    then fprintf(fd, " MPFR_LOG_FUNC ( (\\"x[%%#R]=%%R rnd=%%d\", x, x, rnd), (\\"res[%%#R]=%%R\", res,
res) );\n\n")
elif (type=FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL)
    then fprintf(fd, " MPFR_LOG_FUNC ( (\\"x=u/v with u=%%d and v=%%d, rnd=%%d\", u, v, rnd),
(\\"res[%%#R]=%%R\", res, res) );\n\n")
else fprintf(fd, " MPFR_LOG_FUNC ( (\\"rnd=%%d\", rnd), (\\"res[%%#R]=%%R\", res, res) );\n\n")
fi:

#####
##### Special cases #####
#####

if ( (type=FUNCTION_SERIES) or (type=FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL) )
then

```

```

fprintf(fd, " /* Special cases */\n");

if (type=FUNCTION_SERIES)
  then fprintf(fd, " if (MPFR_UNLIKELY (MPFR_IS_NAN (x)))\n")
  else fprintf(fd, " if (MPFR_UNLIKELY (v==0))\n")
fi:
fprintf(fd, " {\n"):
fprintf(fd, "   MPFR_SET_NAN (res);\n"):
fprintf(fd, "   MPFR_RET_NAN;\n"):
fprintf(fd, " }\n"):

if (init_cond[1][1] > 0) then f0 := 0 else f0 := init_cond[1][2] fi:
if (type=FUNCTION_SERIES)
  then fprintf(fd, " if (MPFR_UNLIKELY (MPFR_IS_ZERO (x)))\n")
  else fprintf(fd, " if (MPFR_UNLIKELY (u==0))\n")
fi:
if (whattype(f0) = 'integer')
  then
    fprintf(fd, " {\n"):
    fprintf(fd, "   return mpfr_set_si (res, %a, rnd);\n", f0):
    fprintf(fd, " }\n")
  else
    printf("You need to provide a function mpfr_%a0(mpfr_t, mpfr_rnd_t) that evaluates %a with correct
rounding\n", name, f0):
    fprintf(fd, " {\n"):
    fprintf(fd, "   return mpfr_%a0 (res, rnd);\n", name):
    fprintf(fd, " }\n")
  fi:

if (type=FUNCTION_SERIES)
  then
    fprintf(fd, " if (MPFR_UNLIKELY (MPFR_IS_INF (x)))\n"):
    fprintf(fd, " {\n"):
    for i from -1 to 1 by 2 do # Trick to handle both -oo and +oo
      if (i<0)
        then fprintf(fd, "   if (MPFR_IS_NEG (x))\n"):
        else fprintf(fd, "   else\n")
      fi:
      fprintf(fd, "     {\n"):
      if (i<0) then f0 := "m" else f0 := "p" fi:
      if (fofx <> _f(x))
        then
          f0 := limit(fofx, x=i*infinity):
          if (whattype(f0)='integer')
            then fprintf(fd, "       return mpfr_set_si (res, %a, rnd);\n", f0):
            elif (f0 = infinity) or (f0 = -infinity)
              then
                fprintf(fd, "       MPFR_SET_INF(res);\n"):

```



```

    if (f0>0)
    then fprintf(fd, "      MPFR_SET_POS(res);\n")
    else fprintf(fd, "      MPFR_SET_NEG(res);\n")
    fi:
    fprintf(fd, "      MPFR_RET(0);\n"):
else
    if (i<0) then f0 := "m" else f0 := "p" fi:
    fi:
fi:
if ((f0 = "p") or (f0 = "m"))
then
    printf("You need to provide a function mpfr_%a%sinf(mpfr_t, mpfr_rnd_t) that evaluates lim(f(x), x=", name,
f0):
    if (f0 = "m") then printf("-") fi:
    printf("inf) with correct rounding.\n"):
    fprintf(fd, "      return mpfr_%a%sinf (res, rnd);\n", name, f0)
    fi:
    fprintf(fd, "      }\n")
od:
fprintf(fd, "  }\n")
fi:
fi:

#####
##### Precomputations #####
#####

fprintf(fd, "\n"):
fprintf(fd, " /* Save current exponents range *\n"):
fprintf(fd, " MPFR_SAVE_EXPO_MARK (expo);\n"):

if ( (type=FUNCTION_SERIES) or (type=FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL) )
then fprintf(fd, " /* FIXME: special case for large values of |x| ? *\n\n")
fi:

# Note : prec is the value such that we will try to compute an approximation
# with relative error smaller than 2^(1-prec).
# Several things may happen:
# 1) We do not achieve the intended error: this is because we badly estimated the exponent of the result
# 2) We achieve the error, but it is not sufficient to decide correct rounding (Ziv's bad case)
# Against 1), we can try to make our estimate of the exponent better with any heuristic.
# Against 2), we can consider more guard bits. 11 guard bits seem a good value for the beginning
# (statistically, we expect to fail in less than 0.1 % of the cases)
# wprec is the precision used during the computation, in order to ensure the final relative error 2^(1-prec)
#
fprintf(fd, " /* We begin with 11 guard bits *\n"):
fprintf(fd, " prec = MPFR_PREC (res) + 11;\n"):

```

```

fprintf(fd, " MPFR_ZIV_INIT (loop, prec);\n"):

# TODO: the value here can be chosen completely heuristically. We could do something much better
# when fofx is known by using asympt(fofx, x, 1). A clean implementation appears to be complex though.
# We must catch errors if the development does not exist (e.g. AiryAi(-x));
# We must find a separation after which the asymptotic behavior is valid (e.g. x>1)
printf("The code contains a variable assumed_exponent arbitrarily set to 10. You can put any value heuristically
chosen. The closer it is to -log_2(|f(x)|), the better it is.\n"):
fprintf(fd, " assumed_exponent = 10; /* TIP: You can put any value heuristically chosen. The closer it is to -
log_2(|f(x)|), the better it is *\n"):

# TODO: find a way of putting a rigorous value here.
# This value *must* be rigorous: the safety of the implementation relies on it.
# Precisely, we need to have  $\sum(|a(i)*x^i|) \leq 2^{\text{conditionNumber}}$ 
fprintf(fd, " conditionNumber = xxx; /* FIXME: set a value such that  $\sum(|a(i)*x^i|) \leq 2^{\text{conditionNumber}}$ 
*\n"):
printf("The code contains a variable conditionNumber that you must manually set to a suitable value, in order to
ensure that  $\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} |a(i)*x^i| \leq 2^{\text{conditionNumber}}$ \n"):
fprintf(fd, " wprec = prec + ERRORANALYSISPREC + conditionNumber + assumed_exponent;\n"):

#####
##### Initialisations #####
#####

if (hardconstant=1)
then
  fprintf(fd, " mpfr_init (x%d);\n", d):
fi:
if (type = FUNCTION_SERIES)
then
  fprintf(fd, " mpfr_init (tmp);\n"):
  for i from 1 to nops(exponents)-1 do
    fprintf(fd, " mpfr_init (x%d);\n", exponents[i])
  od:
fi:

for i from 1 to nc do
  fprintf(fd, " mpfr_init (tip%d);\n", init_cond[i][1])
od:
fprintf(fd, " mpfr_init (s);\n\n"):

#####
##### Ziv' loop: setting the precision #####
#####

fprintf(fd, " /* ZIV' loop *\n"):

```

```

fprintf(fd, " for (;;)\n"):
fprintf(fd, " {\n"):

fprintf(fd, " MPFR_LOG_MSG ((\n"Working precision: %%d\n", wprec, 0));\n\n"):
if (hardconstant=1)
then
  fprintf(fd, " mpfr_set_prec (x%d, wprec);\n", d):
fi:
if (type = FUNCTION_SERIES)
then
  fprintf(fd, " mpfr_set_prec (tmp, wprec);\n"):
  fprintf(fd, " if(mpfr_get_prec (x) > wprec)\n"):
  fprintf(fd, " mpfr_set_prec (x1, wprec);\n"):
  fprintf(fd, " else\n"):
  fprintf(fd, " mpfr_set_prec (x1, mpfr_get_prec (x));\n"):
  for i from 2 to nops(exponents)-1 do
    fprintf(fd, " mpfr_set_prec (x%d, wprec);\n", exponents[i])
  od:
fi:

for i from 1 to nc do
  fprintf(fd, " mpfr_set_prec (tip%d, wprec);\n", init_cond[i][1])
od:
fprintf(fd, " mpfr_set_prec (s, wprec);\n\n"):

#####
##### Ziv' loop: initial conditions #####
#####

fprintf(fd, " mpfr_set_ui (s, 0, MPFR_RNDN);\n"):

if (type = FUNCTION_SERIES)
then
  fprintf(fd, " mpfr_set (x1, x, MPFR_RNDN);\n"):
  error_counter := init_error_counter("x1", error_counter):
  for i from 2 to nops(exponents) do
    fprintf(fd, " mpfr_mul (x%d, x%d, x%d, MPFR_RNDN);\n", exponents[i], exponents[i-1], exponents[i]-
exponents[i-1]):
  var1 := sprintf("x%d", exponents[i]):
  var2 := sprintf("x%d", exponents[i-1]):
  var3 := sprintf("x%d", exponents[i]-exponents[i-1]):
  error_counter := error_counter_of_a_multiplication(var1, var2, var3, error_counter):
  od:
fi:

for i from 1 to nc do
  i0 := init_cond[i][1]:

```

```

ri0 := init_cond[i][2]: # We implement t_{i0} <- ri0
if (whattype(ri0)='integer') or (whattype(ri0)='fraction')
then
if (type = FUNCTION_SERIES) and (i0 <> 0)
then
var := sprintf("  mpfr_mul_si (tip%d, x%d, ", i0, i0):
var1 := sprintf("tip%d", i0):
var2 := sprintf("x%d", i0):
error_counter := error_counter_of_a_multiplication(var1, var2, "", error_counter):
else
var := sprintf("  mpfr_set_si (tip%d, ", i0):
var1 := sprintf("tip%d", i0):
error_counter := init_error_counter(var1, error_counter):
fi:
fprintf(fd, "%s%d, MPFR_RNDN);\n", var, numer(ri0)):
if (whattype(ri0)='fraction')
then
fprintf(fd, "  mpfr_div_si (tip%d, tip%d, %d, MPFR_RNDN);\n", i0, i0, denom(ri0)):
var1 := sprintf("tip%d", i0):
error_counter := error_counter_of_a_multiplication(var1, var1, "", error_counter):
fi:
else
printf("You need to provide a function mpfr_%a%d (mpfr_t, mpfr_rnd_t) that evaluates %a with faithful
rounding.\n", name, i0, ri0):
fprintf(fd, "  mpfr_%a%d (tip%d, MPFR_RNDN);\n", name, i0, i0):
var1 := sprintf("tip%d", i0):
error_counter := init_error_counter(var1, error_counter):
if (type = FUNCTION_SERIES) and (i0 <> 0)
then
fprintf(fd, "  mpfr_mul (tip%d, tip%d, x%d, MPFR_RNDN);\n", i0, i0, i0):
var1 := sprintf("tip%d", i0):
var2 := sprintf("x%d", i0):
error_counter := error_counter_of_a_multiplication(var1, var1, var2, error_counter):
fi:
fi:

if (type = FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL) and (i0 <> 0)
then
var1 := sprintf("tip%d", i0):
if (i0 = 1)
then fprintf(fd, "  mpfr_mul_si (tip%d, tip%d, ", i0, i0):
else
required_mulsi := { op(required_mulsi), i0 }:
fprintf(fd, "  mpfr_mul_si%d (tip%d, tip%d, ", i0, i0, i0):
fi:
for j from 1 to i0 do
fprintf(fd, "u, "):
error_counter := error_counter_of_a_multiplication(var1, var1, "", error_counter):

```

```

od:
fprintf(fd, "MPFR_RNDN);\n"):
if (i0 = 1)
then fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_div_si (tip%d, tip%d, ", i0, i0):
else
    required_divsi := { op(required_divsi), i0 }:
    fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_div_si%d (tip%d, tip%d, ", i0, i0, i0):
fi:
for j from 1 to i0 do
    fprintf(fd, "v, "):
    error_counter := error_counter_of_a_multiplication(var1, var1, "", error_counter):
od:
fprintf(fd, "MPFR_RNDN);\n"):
fi:

fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_add (s, s, tip%d, MPFR_RNDN);\n\n", i0):
od:

if (whattype(c) = 'integer') or (whattype(c) = 'fraction')
then
if (type = FUNCTION_SERIES) and (c = -1)
then
    fprintf(fd, "    MPFR_CHANGE_SIGN (x%d);\n", d):
elif (type = FUNCTION_SERIES) and (c <> 1)
then
    fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_mul_si (x%d, x%d, %d, MPFR_RNDN);\n", d, d, numer(c)):
    var1 := sprintf("x%d", d):
    error_counter := error_counter_of_a_multiplication(var1, var1, "", error_counter):
    if (whattype(c) = 'fraction')
    then
        fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_div_si (x%d, x%d, %d, MPFR_RNDN);\n", d, d, denom(c)):
        error_counter := error_counter_of_a_multiplication(var1, var1, "", error_counter):
    fi:
fi:
else
    printf("You need to provide a function mpfr_%a_cste (mpfr_t, mpfr_rnd_t) that evaluates %a with faithful
rounding.\n", name, c):
if (type = CONSTANT_SERIES)
then
    fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_%a_cste (x%d, MPFR_RNDN);\n", name, d):
    var1 := sprintf("x%d", d):
    error_counter := init_error_counter(var1, error_counter):
elif (type = FUNCTION_SERIES) then
    fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_%a_cste (tmp, MPFR_RNDN);\n", name):
    error_counter := init_error_counter("tmp", error_counter):
    fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_mul (x%d, tmp, x%d, MPFR_RNDN);\n", d, d):
    var1 := sprintf("x%d", d):
    error_counter := error_counter_of_a_multiplication(var1, "tmp", var1, error_counter):

```

```

elif (type = FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL) then
  fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_%a_cste (x%d, MPFR_RNDN);\n", name, d):
  var1 := sprintf("x%d", d):
  error_counter := init_error_counter(var1, error_counter):
  if (d = 1)
  then fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_mul_si (x%d, x%d, ", d, d):
  else
    required_mulsi := { op(required_mulsi), d }:
    fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_mul_si%d (x%d, x%d, ", d, d, d):
  fi:
  for j from 1 to d do
    fprintf(fd, "u, "):
    error_counter := error_counter_of_a_multiplication(var1, var1, "", error_counter):
  od:
  fprintf(fd, "MPFR_RNDN);\n"):
  var1 := sprintf("x%d", d):
  if (d = 1)
  then fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_div_si (x%d, x%d, ", d, d):
  else
    required_divsi := { op(required_divsi), d }:
    fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_div_si%d (x%d, x%d, ", d, d, d):
  fi:
  for j from 1 to d do
    fprintf(fd, "v, "):
    error_counter := error_counter_of_a_multiplication(var1, var1, "", error_counter):
  od:
  fprintf(fd, "MPFR_RNDN);\n"):
fi:
fi:

#####
##### Ziv' loop: evaluation of the series #####
#####

fprintf(fd, "\n"):
fprintf(fd, "    /* Evaluation of the series *^n"):
fprintf(fd, "    k = %d;\n", d):
fprintf(fd, "    for (;;)\n"):
fprintf(fd, "        {\n"):
if (init_cond[1][1] <> 0) then fprintf(fd, "        k += %d;\n", init_cond[1][1]) fi:

for i from 1 to nc do
  error_in_loop := 0:
  i0 := init_cond[i][1]:
  if (hardconstant = 1)
  then
    fprintf(fd, "        mpfr_mul (tip%d, tip%d, x%d, MPFR_RNDN);\n", i0, i0, d):
    var1 := sprintf("x%d", d):

```

```

error_in_loop := error_in_loop + 1 + find_in_error_counter(var1, error_counter):
else
var := sprintf("tip%d", i0):
temp := generate_multiply_rational(fd, var, var, c, [[var, error_in_loop]], "    "):
error_in_loop := find_in_error_counter(var, temp):
if (type = FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL)
then
if (d=1)
then
fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_mul_si (tip%d, tip%d, u, MPFR_RNDN);\n", i0, i0):
fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_div_si (tip%d, tip%d, v, MPFR_RNDN);\n", i0, i0):
error_in_loop := error_in_loop + 2:
else
required_mulsi := { op(required_mulsi), d }:
fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_mul_si%d (tip%d, tip%d", d, i0, i0):
for j from 1 to d do fprintf(fd, ", u") od:
fprintf(fd, ", MPFR_RNDN);\n"):
error_in_loop := error_in_loop + d:

required_divsi := { op(required_divsi), d }:
fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_div_si%d (tip%d, tip%d", d, i0, i0):
for j from 1 to d do fprintf(fd, ", v") od:
fprintf(fd, ", MPFR_RNDN);\n"):
error_in_loop := error_in_loop + d:
fi
fi
fi:
var := sprintf("tip%d", i0):

temp := generate_multiply_poly(fd, var, var, subs(n=k-d, p/q), [[var, error_in_loop]], "    "):
required_mulsi := { op(required_mulsi), op(temp[1]) }:
required_divsi := { op(required_divsi), op(temp[2]) }:
error_in_loop := find_in_error_counter(var, temp[3]):
temp := generate_multiply_poly(fd, "tmp", var, subs(n=k, s2/s1), [[var, error_in_loop]], "    "):
required_mulsi := { op(required_mulsi), op(temp[1]) }:
required_divsi := { op(required_divsi), op(temp[2]) }:

fprintf(fd, "    mpfr_add (s, s, tmp, MPFR_RNDN);\n"):

if (i<nc) then fprintf(fd, "\n    k += %d;\n", init_cond[i+1][1]-i0)
else fprintf(fd, "\n    k += %d;\n", d-i0)
fi:
od:

#####
##### Error analysis #####
#####

```

```

maxofti := 0: # store the maximum of the error counters of the initial conditions
for i from 1 to nc do
  var := sprintf("tip%d", init_cond[i][1]):
  if find_in_error_counter(var, error_counter) > maxofti
    then maxofti := find_in_error_counter(var, error_counter):
  fi:
od:
additional_error := find_in_error_counter("tmp", temp[3]) - error_in_loop:

#####
#### Ziv' loop: stopping criterion for the series ####
#####

# The first neglected term is tk, so the remainder is made by
# tk + t(k+d) + t(k+2d)... and the corresponding series
# beginning with t(k+1), t(k+2), etc. up to t(k+d-1).
#
# We have  $t(k_0+d) = c \cdot s_1(k_0)/s_1(k_0+d) \cdot s_2(k_0+d)/s_2(k_0) \cdot p(k_0)/q(k_0) \cdot x^d t(k_0)$ 
# (where  $x=u/v$  or  $x=1$  in cases of rational series or constant series)
# So it suffices that:
# forall  $k_0 \geq k-d$ ,  $|c \cdot s_1(k_0)/s_1(k_0+d) \cdot s_2(k_0+d)/s_2(k_0) \cdot p(k_0)/q(k_0) \cdot x^d| \leq 1/2$  (1)
#
# If this is true,  $|tk| = |c \cdot s_1(k-d)/s_1(k) \cdot s_2(k)/s_2(k-d) \cdot p(k-d)/q(k-d) \cdot x^d t(k-d)| \leq t(k-d)/2$ 
# This is also true for larger values of k, so we can bound  $|tk + t(k+d) + t(k+2d) + \dots|$  by  $|t(k-d)|$ .
# And the same holds for  $|t(k+1) + \dots|$ ,  $|t(k+2) + \dots|$ , etc. up to  $|t(k+d-1) + \dots|$ .
#
# global_test depends on k and we must satisfy:
# "if (global_test) then (1) holds".
#
# the total remainder is bounded by  $2^{nc} \cdot tk$ .

fprintf(fd, "      global_test = xxx; /* FIXME: set the value in order to ensure that, whenever global_test is true,
we have: forall  $k' \geq k$ ,  $|r(k') \cdot x^d| \leq 1/2$ , where r is the fraction such that  $a(n) = r(n) \cdot a(n-d) \cdot \wedge^n$ ):
printf("The code contains a variable global_test that you must manually set to a suitable value, in order to ensure
that when global_test is true, the following holds:\n"):
printf("      forall  $k' \geq k$ ,  $|r(k') \cdot x^d| \leq 1/2$ , where r is the fraction such that  $a(n) = r(n) \cdot a(n-d) \cdot \wedge^n$ ):
guard_bits := 1+1+ceil(log[2](nc)):
for i from 1 to nc do
  i0 := init_cond[i][1]:
  fprintf(fd, "      test%d = ( (!MPFR_IS_ZERO(s))\n", i0):
  fprintf(fd, "      && ( MPFR_IS_ZERO(tip%d)\n", i0):
  fprintf(fd, "      || (MPFR_EXP(tip%d) + (mp_exp_t)prec + %d <= MPFR_EXP(s))\n", i0, guard_bits):
  fprintf(fd, "      )\n"):
  fprintf(fd, "      );\n"):
od:
fprintf(fd, "      if (");

```



```

for i from 1 to nc do
  fprintf(fd, "test%d && ", init_cond[i][1]):
od:
fprintf(fd, "global_test\n"):
fprintf(fd, "      break;\n"):
fprintf(fd, "    }\n\n"):

#####
##### Ziv' loop: testing final #####
#####

fprintf(fd, "  MPFR_LOG_MSG ((\"Truncation rank: %%lu\n\", k));\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "  err = ERRORANALYSISK + conditionNumber - MPFR_GET_EXP (s);\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "  /* err is the number of bits lost due to the evaluation error */\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "  /* wprec-(prec+1): number of bits lost due to the approximation error */\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "  MPFR_LOG_MSG ((\"Roundoff error: %%Pu\n\", err));\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "  MPFR_LOG_MSG ((\"Approxim error: %%Pu\n\", wprec-prec-1));\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "  if (wprec < err+1)\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "    correct_bits=0;\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "  else\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "    {\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "      if (wprec < err+prec+1)\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "        correct_bits = wprec - err - 1;\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "      else\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "        correct_bits = prec;\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "    }\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "  if (MPFR_LIKELY (MPFR_CAN_ROUND (s, correct_bits, MPFR_PREC (y), rnd))\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "    break;\n\n\n\n"):

fprintf(fd, "  if (correct_bits == 0)\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "    {\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "      assumed_exponent *= 2;\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "      MPFR_LOG_MSG ((\"Not a single bit correct (assumed_exponent=%%lu)\n\", \n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "        assumed_exponent));\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "      wprec = prec + ERRORANALYSISK + conditionNumber + assumed_exponent;\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "    }\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "  else\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "    {\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "      if (correct_bits < prec)\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "        { /* The precision was badly chosen */\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "          MPFR_LOG_MSG ((\"Bad assumption on the exponent of %s(x)\", 0));\n\n", name):
fprintf(fd, "          MPFR_LOG_MSG ((\" (E=%%ld)\n\", (long) MPFR_GET_EXP (s));\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "          wprec = prec + err + 1;\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "        }\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "      else\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "        { /* We are really in a bad case of the TMD */\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, "          MPFR_ZIV_NEXT (loop, prec);\n\n\n\n"):

```

```

fprintf(fd, "      /* We update wprec */\n"):
fprintf(fd, "      /* We assume that K will not be multiplied by more than 4 */\n"):
fprintf(fd, "      wprec = prec + ERRORANALYSIS4K + conditionNumber\n"):
fprintf(fd, "      - MPFR_GET_EXP (s);\n"):
fprintf(fd, "      }\n"):
fprintf(fd, "  }\n\n"):

fprintf(fd, " } /* End of ZIV loop */\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, " MPFR_ZIV_FREE (loop);\n\n"):
fprintf(fd, " r = mpfr_set (res, s, rnd);\n\n"):

#####
##### Clearing everything #####
#####

fprintf(fd, " mpfr_clear (s);\n"):
if (hardconstant=1)
then
  fprintf(fd, " mpfr_clear (x%d);\n", d):
fi:
if (type = FUNCTION_SERIES)
then
  fprintf(fd, " mpfr_clear (tmp);\n"):
  for i from 1 to nops(exponents)-1 do
    fprintf(fd, " mpfr_clear (x%d);\n", exponents[i]):
  od:
fi:

for i from 1 to nc do
  fprintf(fd, " mpfr_clear (tip%d);\n", init_cond[i][1]):
od:

fprintf(fd, "\n"):
fprintf(fd, " MPFR_SAVE_EXPO_FREE (expo);\n"):
fprintf(fd, " return mpfr_check_range (res, r, rnd);\n"):
fprintf(fd, " }\n"):

fclose(fd):

for i from 1 to nops(required_mulsi) do
  printf("You need to provide a mpfr_mul_si%d function.\n", required_mulsi[i]):
  printf(" -> This can be achieved by a call to generate_muldivsin(\"mul\", %d):\n", required_mulsi[i]):
od:
for i from 1 to nops(required_divsi) do
  printf("You need to provide a mpfr_div_si%d function.\n", required_divsi[i]):
  printf(" -> This can be achieved by a call to generate_muldivsin(\"div\", %d):\n", required_divsi[i]):

```

od:

```
#####  
##### Error analysis #####  
#####
```

```
printf("\n\n");  
printf("Before the loop, we have ");  
for i from 1 to nc do  
  var := sprintf("tip%d", init_cond[i][1]);  
  printf("%s %d)", var, find_in_error_counter(var, error_counter));  
  if (i <> nc) then printf(", ") else printf("\n") fi:  
od:  
printf("Each step of the loop adds another %d\n", error_in_loop):  
if (additional_error < 0)  
then printf("Moreover, the multiplication by %a adds another %d to each term before it is summed.\n", subs(n=k,  
s2/s1), additional_error)  
fi:  
printf("Finally, we have  $s = \sum_{i=0}^{k-1} (t_i + dk)$  \n", maxofti + additional_error + 1 - error_in_loop,  
error_in_loop):  
printf("We bound it by  $(k+dk) \cdot 2^{\lceil \frac{\text{maxofti} + \text{additional\_error} + 1 - \text{error\_in\_loop}}{\text{error\_in\_loop}} \rceil}$  \n",  
ceil(log[2](error_in_loop))):
```

```
a := ceil( (maxofti + additional_error + 1 - error_in_loop)/error_in_loop):  
b := ceil(log[2](error_in_loop)):
```

```
if (a > 0)  
then var := sprintf("MPFR_INT_CEIL_LOG2 (prec + %d)", a)  
elif (a=0) then var := sprintf("MPFR_INT_CEIL_LOG2 (prec)")  
else sprintf("MPFR_INT_CEIL_LOG2 (prec - %d)", -a)  
fi:  
if (b > 0) then var := sprintf("%s + %d", var, b+2) fi:  
var := sprintf("sed -n -i 's/ERRORANALYSISPREC/%s/g;p' %s", var, filename):  
system(var):
```

```
if (a > 0)  
then var := sprintf("MPFR_INT_CEIL_LOG2 (k + %d)", a)  
elif (a=0) then var := sprintf("MPFR_INT_CEIL_LOG2 (k)")  
else sprintf("MPFR_INT_CEIL_LOG2 (k - %d)", -a)  
fi:  
if (b > 0) then var := sprintf("%s + %d", var, b+2) fi:  
var := sprintf("sed -n -i 's/ERRORANALYSISISK/%s/g;p' %s", var, filename):  
system(var):
```

```
if (a > 0)  
then var := sprintf("MPFR_INT_CEIL_LOG2 (k + %d)", a)  
elif (a=0) then var := sprintf("MPFR_INT_CEIL_LOG2 (k)")
```

```

else sprintf("MPFR_INT_CEIL_LOG2 (k - %d)", -a)
fi:
var := sprintf("%s + %d", var, b+4):
var := sprintf("sed -n -i 's/ERRORANALYSIS4K/%s/g;p' %s", var, filename):
system(var):

end proc:
read ("metaMPFR_straightforwardAlgo.mpl"):

f := AiryAi(x):
deq := holexprtodiffeq(f, y(x)):
rec := diffeqtorec(deq, y(x), a(n)):
name_of_function := op(0,f):
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

f := erf(x):
deq := holexprtodiffeq(f, y(x)):
rec := diffeqtorec(deq, y(x), a(n)):
name_of_function := op(0,f):
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+1) = -(6*n+1)*(6*n+2)*(6*n+3)*(6*n+4)*(6*n+5)*(6*n+6)*a(n)/
(n+1)^3*(3*n+1)*(3*n+2)*(3*n+3)*12288000 , a(0)=1 }:
name_of_function := alpha:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), CONSTANT_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+1) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+1)^3 ), a(0)=1 }:
name_of_function := test0a:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), CONSTANT_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+1) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+1)^3 ), a(0)=Pi }:
name_of_function := test1a:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):

```

generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), CONSTANT_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+1) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/(n+2), a(0)=1 }:

name_of_function := test2a:

name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):

printf("\n\n\n***** Implementation de %s *****\n",

name_of_file):

generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), CONSTANT_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+1) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/(n+2), a(0)=Pi }:

name_of_function := test3a:

name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):

printf("\n\n\n***** Implementation de %s *****\n",

name_of_file):

generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), CONSTANT_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+2) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/(n+1)^3, a(0)=1, a(1)=2 }:

name_of_function := test4a:

name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):

printf("\n\n\n***** Implementation de %s *****\n",

name_of_file):

generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), CONSTANT_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+2) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/(n+1)^3, a(0)=Pi, a(1)=0 }:

name_of_function := test5a:

name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):

printf("\n\n\n***** Implementation de %s *****\n",

name_of_file):

generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), CONSTANT_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+2) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/(n+2), a(0)=1, a(1)=Pi }:

name_of_function := test6a:

name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):

printf("\n\n\n***** Implementation de %s *****\n",

name_of_file):

generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), CONSTANT_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+2) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/(n+2), a(0)=Pi, a(1)=0 }:

name_of_function := test7a:

name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):

printf("\n\n\n***** Implementation de %s *****\n",

name_of_file):

generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), CONSTANT_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+3) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/(n+1)^3, a(0)=1, a(1)=0, a(2)=0 }:

name_of_function := test8a:

name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):

printf("\n\n\n***** Implementation de %s *****\n",

```

name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), CONSTANT_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+3) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+1)^3 ), a(0)=0, a(1)=Pi, a(2)=2 }:
name_of_function := test9a:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), CONSTANT_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+3) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+2) ), a(0)=0, a(1)=0, a(2)=1 }:
name_of_function := test10a:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), CONSTANT_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+7) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+2) ), a(0)=Pi, a(4)=1, a(6)=2 }:
name_of_function := test11a:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), CONSTANT_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+1) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+1)^3 ), a(0)=1 }:
name_of_function := test0b:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+1) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+1)^3 ), a(0)=Pi }:
name_of_function := test1b:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+1) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+2) ), a(0)=1 }:
name_of_function := test2b:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+1) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+2) ), a(0)=Pi }:
name_of_function := test3b:

```

```

name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

```

```

rec := { a(n+2) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+1)^3 ), a(0)=1, a(1)=2 }:
name_of_function := test4b:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

```

```

rec := { a(n+2) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+1)^3 ), a(0)=Pi, a(1)=0}:
name_of_function := test5b:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

```

```

rec := { a(n+2) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+2) ), a(0)=1, a(1)=Pi }:
name_of_function := test6b:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

```

```

rec := { a(n+2) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+2) ), a(0)=Pi, a(1)=0}:
name_of_function := test7b:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

```

```

rec := { a(n+3) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+1)^3 ), a(0)=1, a(1)=0, a(2)=0 }:
name_of_function := test8b:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

```

```

rec := { a(n+3) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+1)^3 ), a(0)=0, a(1)=Pi, a(2)=2 }:
name_of_function := test9b:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

```

```

rec := { a(n+3) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+2) ), a(0)=0, a(1)=0, a(2)=1 }:

```

```

name_of_function := test10b:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+7) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/(n+2), a(0)=Pi, a(4)=1, a(6)=2 }:
name_of_function := test11b:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+1) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/(n+1)^3, a(0)=1 }:
name_of_function := test0c:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+1) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/(n+1)^3, a(0)=Pi }:
name_of_function := test1c:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+1) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/(n+2), a(0)=1 }:
name_of_function := test2c:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+1) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/(n+2), a(0)=Pi }:
name_of_function := test3c:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

rec := { a(n+2) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/(n+1)^3, a(0)=1, a(1)=2 }:
name_of_function := test4c:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n/***** Implementation de %s *****/\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

```



```

rec := { a(n+2) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+1)^3 ), a(0)=Pi, a(1)=0}:
name_of_function := test5c:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n***** Implementation de %s *****\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

```

```

rec := { a(n+2) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+2) ), a(0)=1, a(1)=Pi }:
name_of_function := test6c:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n***** Implementation de %s *****\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

```

```

rec := { a(n+2) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+2) ), a(0)=Pi, a(1)=0}:
name_of_function := test7c:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n***** Implementation de %s *****\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

```

```

rec := { a(n+3) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+1)^3 ), a(0)=1, a(1)=0, a(2)=0 }:
name_of_function := test8c:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n***** Implementation de %s *****\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

```

```

rec := { a(n+3) = -(6*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+1)^3 ), a(0)=0, a(1)=Pi, a(2)=2 }:
name_of_function := test9c:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n***** Implementation de %s *****\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

```

```

rec := { a(n+3) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+2) ), a(0)=0, a(1)=0, a(2)=1 }:
name_of_function := test10c:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n***** Implementation de %s *****\n",
name_of_file):
generateStraightforwardAlgo(rec, a(n), FUNCTION_SERIES_RATIONAL, name_of_function, name_of_file, f):

```

```

rec := { a(n+7) = (1/Pi)*(3*n+1)*a(n)/( (n+2) ), a(0)=Pi, a(4)=1, a(6)=2 }:
name_of_function := test11c:
name_of_file := sprintf("%a.c", name_of_function):
printf("\n\n\n***** Implementation de %s *****\n",
name_of_file):

```

1.68 apparmor 2.13.6-10

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1.69 kmod 28-1

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Also thanks to all the people who reported bugs and suggested new features.

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1.71 pciutils 3.7.0-5

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1.72 libtool 2.4.6-15

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```
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program `Gnomovision' (a program to direct compilers to make passes
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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Upstream-Name: liblz4

Upstream-Contact: Yann Collet <Cyan4973@github.com>

Source: <https://github.com/lz4/lz4>

Files: *

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1.80 libpkit 0.23.22-1

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Source: <https://p11-glue.github.io/p11-glue/p11-kit.html>

Files: *

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1.84 libnl3 3.4.0-1+b1

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* src/nf-exp-list.c List Expectation Entries

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1.92 gc 8.0.4-3

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1.93 vixie-cron 3.0pl1-137

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Upstream-Name: vixie-cron

Upstream-Contact: Paul Vixie <paul@vix.com>

Source:

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1.94 cron 3.0p11-137

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* Paul Vixie    <paul@vix.com>    uunet!decwrl!vixie!paul
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0p11-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0p11.orig/pathnames.h
* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0p11-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0p11.orig/externs.h
* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0p11-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0p11.orig/compat.h
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*/
```

\$Id: INSTALL,v 2.5 1994/01/15 20:43:43 vixie Exp \$

Read the comments at the top of the Makefile, then edit the area marked 'configurable stuff'.

Edit config.h. The stuff I expect you to change is down a bit from the top of the file, but it's clearly marked. Also look at pathnames.h.

You don't have to create the /var/cron or /var/cron/tabs directories, since both the daemon and the `crontab' program will do this the first time they run if they don't exist. You do need to have a /var, though -- just "mkdir /var" if you don't have one, or you can "mkdir /usr/var; ln -s /usr/var /var" if you expect your /var to have a lot of stuff in it.

You will also need /usr/local/etc and /usr/local/bin directories unless you change the Makefile. These will have to be created by hand, but if you are a long-time Usenet user you probably have them already. /usr/local/man is where I keep my man pages, but I have the source for `man' and you probably do not. Therefore you may have to put the man pages into /usr/man/man1, which will be hard since there will be name collisions. (Note that the man command was originally written by Bill Joy before he left Berkeley, and it contains no AT&T code, so it is in UUNET's archive of freely-distributable BSD code.)

LINUX note: /usr/include/paths.h on some linux systems shows _PATH_SENDMAIL to be /usr/bin/sendmail even though sendmail is installed in /usr/lib. you should check this out.

say:

```
make all
```

su and say:

```
make install
```

Note that if I can get you to "su and say" something just by asking, you have a very serious security problem on your system and you should look into it.

Edit your /usr/lib/crontab file into little pieces -- see the CONVERSION file for help on this.

Use the `crontab' command to install all the little pieces you just created. Some examples (see below before trying any of these!)

```
crontab -u uucp -r /usr/lib/uucp/crontab.src
crontab -u news -r /usr/lib/news/crontab.src
crontab -u root -r /usr/adm/crontab.src
```

Notes on above examples: (1) the .src files are copied at the time the command is issued; changing the source files later will have no effect until they are reinstalled with another `crontab -r' command. (2) The crontab command will affect the crontab of the person using the command unless `-u USER' is given; `-u' only works for root. When using most `su' commands under most BSD's, `crontab' will still think of you as yourself even though

you may think of yourself as root -- so use '-u' liberally. (3) the '-r' option stands for 'replace'; check the man page for crontab(1) for other possibilities.

Kill your existing cron daemon -- do 'ps aux' and look for /etc/cron.

Edit your /etc/rc or /etc/rc.local, looking for the line that starts up /etc/cron. Comment it out and add a line to start the new cron daemon -- usually /usr/local/etc/cron, unless you changed it in the Makefile.

Start up this cron daemon yourself as root. Just type /usr/local/etc/cron (or whatever); no '&' is needed since the daemon forks itself and the process you executed returns immediately.

ATT notes: for those people unfortunate enough to be stuck on a AT&T UNIX, you will need the public-domain "libndir", found in the B News source and in any comp.sources.unix archive. You will also need to hack the code some.

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0p11-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0p11.orig/INSTALL
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

```
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# * anyone resulting from the use of this software rests entirely with the
# * user.
# *
# * Send bug reports, bug fixes, enhancements, requests, flames, etc., and
# * I'll try to keep a version up to date. I can be reached as follows:
# * Paul Vixie <paul@vix.com> uunet!decwrl!vixie!paul
# */
```

Vixie Cron V3.0

December 27, 1993

[V2.2 was some time in 1992]

[V2.1 was May 29, 1991]

[V2.0 was July 5, 1990]

[V2.0-beta was December 9, 1988]

[V1.0 was May 6, 1987]

Paul Vixie

This is a version of 'cron' that is known to run on BSD 4.[23] systems. It is functionally based on the SysV cron, which means that each user can have their own crontab file (all crontab files are stored in a read-protected directory, usually /var/cron/tabs). No direct support is provided for 'at'; you can continue to run 'atrun' from the crontab as you have been doing. If you don't have atrun (i.e., System V) you are in trouble.

A messages is logged each time a command is executed; also, the files "allow" and "deny" in /var/cron can be used to control access to the "crontab" command (which installs crontabs). It hasn't been tested on SysV, although some effort has gone into making the port an easy one.

This is more or less the copyright that USENET contributed software usually has. Since ATT couldn't use this version if they had to freely distribute source, and since I'd love to see them use it, I'll offer some ridiculously low license fee just to have them take it. In the unlikely event that they do this, I will continue to support and distribute the pseudo-PD version, so please, don't flame me for wanting my work to see a wider distribution.

To use this: Sorry, folks, there is no cutesy 'Configure' script. You'll have to go edit a couple of files... So, here's the checklist:

Read all the FEATURES, INSTALL, and CONVERSION files

Edit config.h

Edit Makefile

(both of these files have instructions inside; note that some things in config.h are definable in Makefile and are therefore surrounded by #ifndef...#endif)

'make'

'su' and 'make install'

(you may have to install the man pages by hand)

kill your existing cron process

(actually you can run your existing cron if you want, but why?)

build new crontabs using /usr/lib/{crontab,crontab.local}

(either put them all in "root"'s crontab, or divide it up and rip out all the 'su' commands, collapse the lengthy lists into ranges with steps -- basically, this step is as much work as you want to make it)

start up the new cron

(must be done as root)

watch it. test it with 'crontab -r' and watch the daemon track your changes.

if you like it, change your /etc/{rc,rc.local} to use it instead of the old one.

\$Id: README,v 2.3 1993/12/28 08:34:43 vixie Exp \$

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0p11-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0p11.orig/README

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./" * Distribute freely, except: don't remove my name from the source or
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./" * notice. May be sold if buildable source is provided to buyer. No
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./" * software; use at your own risk, responsibility for damages (if any) to
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./" * user.
./" *
./" * Send bug reports, bug fixes, enhancements, requests, flames, etc., and
./" * I'll try to keep a version up to date. I can be reached as follows:
./" * Paul Vixie <paul@vix.com> uunet!decwrl!vixie!paul
./" */
./"
./" $Id: crontab.5,v 2.4 1994/01/15 20:43:43 vixie Exp $
./"
```

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0p11-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0p11.orig/crontab.5

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./" * notice. May be sold if buildable source is provided to buyer. No
./" * warrantee of any kind, express or implied, is included with this
./" * software; use at your own risk, responsibility for damages (if any) to
./" * anyone resulting from the use of this software rests entirely with the
./" * user.
./" *
./" * Send bug reports, bug fixes, enhancements, requests, flames, etc., and
./" * I'll try to keep a version up to date. I can be reached as follows:
./" * Paul Vixie <paul@vix.com> uunet!decwrl!vixie!paul
./" */
./"
./" $Id: cron.8,v 2.2 1993/12/28 08:34:43 vixie Exp $
./"
```

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0p11-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0p11.orig/cron.8

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.\" THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED ``AS IS'' AND WITHOUT ANY EXPRESS OR
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.\" WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
.\"
.\" @(#)bitstring.3 5.1 (Berkeley) 12/13/89
.\"
```

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0p11-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0p11.orig/bitstring.3

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.\" * anyone resulting from the use of this software rests entirely with the
.\" * user.
.\" *
.\" * Send bug reports, bug fixes, enhancements, requests, flames, etc., and
.\" * I'll try to keep a version up to date. I can be reached as follows:
.\" * Paul Vixie <paul@vix.com> uunet!decwrl!vixie!paul
.\" */
.\"
.\" $Id: crontab.1,v 2.4 1993/12/31 10:47:33 vixie Exp $
.\"
```

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/crontab.1

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*

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* anyone resulting from the use of this software rests entirely with the
* user.

*

* Send bug reports, bug fixes, enhancements, requests, flames, etc., and

* I'll try to keep a version up to date. I can be reached as follows:

* Paul Vixie <paul@vix.com> uunet!decwrl!vixie!paul

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/entry.c

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/config.h

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/do_command.c

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/misc.c

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/cron.h

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/crontab.c

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/cron.c

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/user.c

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/compat.c

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/database.c

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/env.c

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/job.c

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* IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, THE IMPLIED
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*
* @(#)bitstring.h 5.2 (Berkeley) 4/4/90
*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1267564117_1644318672.16/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/bitstring.h

1.95 libntlm 1.6-3

1.95.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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1.96 guile 2.2.7+1-6

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```
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

== MariaDB ==

The Debian package of MySQL was first debianized on 1997-04-12 by Christian Schwarz <schwarz@debian.org> and ist maintained since 1999-04-20 by Christian Hammers <ch@debian.org>.

The MariaDB packages were initially made by <http://ourdelta.org/>, and are now managed by the MariaDB development team, maria-developers@lists.launchpad.net

MariaDB can be downloaded from <https://downloads.mariadb.org/>

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Upstream-Contact: Andrew Hutchings <linuxjedi@mariadb.com>

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1.97 mailutils 3.10-3+b1

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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That's all there is to it!

== MariaDB ==

The Debian package of MySQL was first debianized on 1997-04-12 by Christian Schwarz <schwarz@debian.org> and ist maintained since 1999-04-20 by Christian Hammers <ch@debian.org>.

The MariaDB packages were initially made by <http://ourdelta.org/>, and are now managed by the MariaDB development team, maria-developers@lists.launchpad.net

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Upstream-Contact: Andrew Hutchings <linuxjedi@mariadb.com>

Maintainer: Andrew Hutchings <linuxjedi@mariadb.com>

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enclave {

trusted {

};

untrusted {

/* define OCALLs here. */

};

};

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- . Support for the cdb (Constant DataBase) lookup method is provided by code contributed by Nigel Metheringham of Planet Online Ltd. which contains the following statements:

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This code implements Dan Bernstein's Constant DataBase (cdb) spec. Information, the spec and sample code for cdb can be obtained from <http://www.pobox.com/~djb/cdb.html>. This implementation borrows some code from Dan Bernstein's implementation (which has no license restrictions applied to it).

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- . Client support for Microsoft's "Secure Password Authentication" is provided by code contributed by Marc Prud'hommeaux. Server support was contributed by Tom Kistner. This includes code taken from the Samba project, which is released under the Gnu GPL.

 - . Support for calling the Cyrus "pwcheck" and "saslauthd" daemons is provided by code taken from the Cyrus-SASL library and adapted by Alexander S. Sabourenkov. The permission notice appears below, in accordance with the conditions expressed therein.
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- . Some of the code to support the use of maildirsize files for maildir deliveries is taken from the Courier Imapd source code. This code is released under the GPL.
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Version 2.1, February 1999

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1.101 strace 5.10-1

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1.102 cyrus-sasl 2.1.27+dfsg-2.1+deb11u1

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1.104 json-c 0.99.9-1

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1.105 libfastjson 0.99.9-1

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1.106 sysv-init 2.96-7+deb11u1

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This package was debianized by Akira TAGOH <tagoh@debian.org> on Thu, 7 Mar 2002 01:05:25 +0900.

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Here is a list of the main contributors to lm-sensors version 3.

* Frodo Looijaard

Original author of libsensors, sensors-detect, sensors and isadump.

* Merlin Hughes

Original author of sensord.

* Bob Schlaermann

Dynamic chip feature detection (a.k.a. generic chip support) in libsensors and sensors.

* Mark M. Hoffman

Many improvements to the libsensors configuration file scanner.

* Jean Delvare

New libsensors API, and migration of sensors and sensord thereto.

Many optimizations in libsensors and sensors.

Configuration file converter.

Rewrite of sensors-detect.

Support for multiple configuration files in libsensors.

1.108 sysstat 12.5.2-2

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

```
This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify  
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the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or  
(at your option) any later version.
```

```
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MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the  
GNU General Public License for more details.
```

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```

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>  
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate

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1.111 liblognorm 2.0.5-1.1

1.111.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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1.112 gdb 10.1-1.7

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
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That's all there is to it!

1.113 source-highlight 3.1.9-3+b1

1.113.1 Available under license :

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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

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1. Source Code.

The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

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- d) If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.

A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an "aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

a) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

b) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

d) Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

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1.115 intel-processor-trace 2.0.3-1

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1.117 boost1.74 1.74.0-9

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////

[#mpl]

MPL Support, <boost/mp11/mpl.hpp>

:toc:

:toc-title:

:idprefix:

The header `<boost/mp11/mpl.hpp>`, when included, defines the

necessary support infrastructure for ``mp_list`` and ``std::tuple`` to be valid link:../../../../libs/mpl[MPL] sequences.

NOTE: ``mpl.hpp`` is not included by ``<boost/mp11.hpp>``.

It's also possible to only enable support for ``mp_list`` by including ``<boost/mp11/mpl_list.hpp>``, and for ``std::tuple`` by including ``<boost/mp11/mpl_tuple.hpp>``. This may be required because some libraries, such as Boost.Fusion, contain their own MPL support for ``std::tuple``, which conflicts with Mp11's one.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
<head></head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<h3>
```

```
  Copyright Test
```

```
</h3>
```

```
<p class="copyright">
```

```
  1963, 1964, 1965 Jane Doe
```

```
</p>
```

```
<p class="copyright">
```

```
  2018 Joe Blow, John Coe
```

```
</p>
```

```
<p class="copyright">
```

```
  1977, 1985 Someone else
```

```
</p>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
```

```
<!DOCTYPE article PUBLIC "-//Boost/DTD BoostBook XML V1.0//EN"
```

```
"http://www.boost.org/tools/boostbook/dtd/boostbook.dtd">
```

```
<article id="copyright_test" last-revision="DEBUG MODE Date: 2000/12/20 12:00:00 $"
```

```
xmlns:xi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XInclude">
```

```
<title>Copyright Test</title>
```

```
<articleinfo>
```

```
<copyright>
```

```
<year>1963</year> <year>1964</year> <year>1965</year> <holder>Jane Doe</holder>
```

```
</copyright>
```

```
<copyright>
```

```
<year>2018</year> <holder>Joe Blow, John Coe</holder>
```

```
</copyright>
```

```
<copyright>
```

```
<year>1977</year> <year>1985</year> <holder>Someone else</holder>
```

```
</copyright>
```

```
</articleinfo>
```

```
</article>
```

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```

```
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```

```
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1.118 libnsI 1.3.0-2

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Local-Date: Fri, 06 Jun 2003 13:18:52 -0400
Date: Fri, 6 Jun 2003 10:18:52 -0700
From: Juan Gomez <juang@us.ibm.com>
To: Stephen Frost <sfrost@debian.org>
X-Mailer: Lotus Notes Release 5.0.2a (Intl) 23 November 1999
Subject: Re: Juan C. Gomez license in OpenLDAP Source

Stephen,

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Regards, Juan

MA

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Local-Date: Thu, 05 Jun 2003 16:53:32 -0400
Date: Thu, 5 Jun 2003 16:53:32 -0400 (EDT)
From: Mark Adamson <adamson@andrew.cmu.edu>
To: Stephen Frost <sfrost@debian.org>
Subject: Re: Mark Adamson license in OpenLDAP source

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- * To: Stephen Frost <sfrost@snowman.net>
- * Subject: Re: OpenLDAP Licenseing issues
- * From: "Kurt D. Zeilenga" <Kurt@OpenLDAP.org>
- * Date: Wed, 28 May 2003 10:55:44 -0700
- * Cc: Steve Langasek <vorlon@netexpress.net>,debian-legal@lists.debian.org, openldap-devel@OpenLDAP.org

* In-reply-to: <20030528162613.GB8524@ns.snowman.net>
* Message-id: <5.2.0.9.0.20030528094229.02924780@127.0.0.1>
* Old-return-path: <Kurt@OpenLDAP.org>

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```
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#+STARTUP: showall
```

* DNS resolver (dirmngr/dns.c)

dns.c - Recursive, Reentrant DNS Resolver.

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* Regular expression support

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Subsequently modified by:

1986 John Gilmore hoptoad!gnu
1987 James A. Woods ames!jaw
1993 Christopher Seiwald seiwald@vix.com
2000, 2002 Christopher Seiwald <seiwald@perforce.com>
2010 Steve Bennett <steveb@workware.net.au>
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regex/utf8.[ch] (see regex/LICENSE):

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1.121 bash 5.1-2+deb11u1

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1.123 libtirpc 1.3.1-1+deb11u1

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```
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1.125 zlib 1.2.11.dfsg-2+deb11u2

1.125.1 Available under license :

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```
/* trees.c -- output deflated data using Huffman coding
* Copyright (C) 1995-2017 Jean-loup Gailly
* detect_data_type() function provided freely by Cosmin Truta, 2006
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/trees.c
```

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```
/*
* gzlog.c
* Copyright (C) 2004, 2008, 2012, 2016 Mark Adler, all rights reserved
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in gzlog.h
* version 2.2, 14 Aug 2012
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/examples/gzlog.c
```

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MiniZip - Copyright (c) 1998-2010 - by Gilles Vollant - version 1.1 64 bits from Mathias Svensson

Introduction

MiniZip 1.1 is built from MiniZip 1.0 by Gilles Vollant (<http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html>)

When adding ZIP64 support into minizip it would result into risk of breaking compatibility with minizip 1.0.
All possible work was done for compatibility.

Background

When adding ZIP64 support Mathias Svensson found that Even Rouault have added ZIP64 support for unzip.c into minizip for a open source project called gdal (<http://www.gdal.org/>)

That was used as a starting point. And after that ZIP64 support was added to zip.c some refactoring and code cleanup was also done.

Changed from MiniZip 1.0 to MiniZip 1.1

- * Added ZIP64 support for unzip (by Even Rouault)
- * Added ZIP64 support for zip (by Mathias Svensson)
- * Reverted some changes that Even Rouault did.
- * Bunch of patches received from Gilles Vollant that he received for MiniZip from various users.
- * Added unzip patch for BZIP Compression method (patch created by Daniel Borca)
- * Added BZIP Compression method for zip
- * Did some refactoring and code cleanup

Credits

Gilles Vollant - Original MiniZip author
Even Rouault - ZIP64 unzip Support
Daniel Borca - BZip Compression method support in unzip
Mathias Svensson - ZIP64 zip support
Mathias Svensson - BZip Compression method support in zip

Resources

ZipLayout <http://result42.com/projects/ZipFileLayout>

Command line tool for Windows that shows the layout and information of the headers in a zip archive.
Used when debugging and validating the creation of zip files using MiniZip64

ZIP App Note <http://www.pkware.com/documents/casestudies/APPNOTE.TXT>
Zip File specification

Notes.

* To be able to use BZip compression method in zip64.c or unzip64.c the BZIP2 lib is needed and HAVE_BZIP2 need to be defined.

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Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/contrib/minizip/MiniZip64_info.txt

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/* unzip.h -- IO for uncompress .zip files using zlib

Version 1.1, February 14h, 2010

part of the MiniZip project - (<http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html>)

Copyright (C) 1998-2010 Gilles Vollant (minizip) (<http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html>)

Modifications of Unzip for Zip64

Copyright (C) 2007-2008 Even Rouault

Modifications for Zip64 support on both zip and unzip

Copyright (C) 2009-2010 Mathias Svensson (<http://result42.com>)

For more info read MiniZip_info.txt

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-

Changes

See header of unzip64.c

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/contrib/minizip/unzip.h

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/* zpipe.c: example of proper use of zlib's inflate() and deflate()

Not copyrighted -- provided to the public domain

Version 1.4 11 December 2005 Mark Adler */

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/examples/zpipe.c

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/* Adler32.c -- compute the Adler-32 checksum of a data stream

* Copyright (C) 1995-2011, 2016 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/adler32.c

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/* unzip.c -- IO for uncompress .zip files using zlib

Version 1.1, February 14h, 2010

part of the MiniZip project - (<http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html>)

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Modifications of Unzip for Zip64

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Modifications for Zip64 support on both zip and unzip

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For more info read MiniZip_info.txt

Decryption code comes from crypt.c by Info-ZIP but has been greatly reduced in terms of compatibility with older software. The following is from the original crypt.c.

Code woven in by Terry Thorsen 1/2003.

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See the accompanying file LICENSE, version 2000-Apr-09 or later (the contents of which are also included in zip.h) for terms of use. If, for some reason, all these files are missing, the Info-ZIP license also may be found at: <ftp://ftp.info-zip.org/pub/infozip/license.html>

crypt.c (full version) by Info-ZIP. Last revised: [see crypt.h]

The encryption/decryption parts of this source code (as opposed to the non-echoing password parts) were originally written in Europe. The whole source package can be freely distributed, including from the USA. (Prior to January 2000, re-export from the US was a violation of US law.)

This encryption code is a direct transcription of the algorithm from Roger Schlafly, described by Phil Katz in the file appnote.txt. This file (appnote.txt) is distributed with the PKZIP program (even in the version without encryption capabilities).

Changes in unzip.c

2007-2008 - Even Rouault - Addition of cpl_unzGetCurrentFileZStreamPos
2007-2008 - Even Rouault - Decoration of symbol names unz* -> cpl_unz*
2007-2008 - Even Rouault - Remove old C style function prototypes
2007-2008 - Even Rouault - Add unzip support for ZIP64

Copyright (C) 2007-2008 Even Rouault

Oct-2009 - Mathias Svensson - Removed cpl_* from symbol names (Even Rouault added them but since this is now moved to a new project (minizip64) I renamed them again).

Oct-2009 - Mathias Svensson - Fixed problem if uncompressed size was > 4G and compressed size was <4G
should only read the compressed/uncompressed size from the Zip64 format if
the size from normal header was 0xFFFFFFFF

Oct-2009 - Mathias Svensson - Applied some bug fixes from patches received from Gilles Vollant

Oct-2009 - Mathias Svensson - Applied support to unzip files with compression method BZIP2 (bzip2 lib is required)

Patch created by Daniel Borca

Jan-2010 - back to unzip and minizip 1.0 name scheme, with compatibility layer

Copyright (C) 1998 - 2010 Gilles Vollant, Even Rouault, Mathias Svensson

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/contrib/minizip/unzip.c

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* fitblk.c: example of fitting compressed output to a specified size

Not copyrighted -- provided to the public domain

Version 1.1 25 November 2004 Mark Adler */

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/examples/fitblk.c

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/*

Additional tools for Minizip

Code: Xavier Roche '2004

License: Same as ZLIB (www.gzip.org)

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/contrib/minizip/mztools.c

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/contrib/minizip/mztools.h

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* gzclose.c -- zlib gzclose() function

* Copyright (C) 2004, 2010 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/gzclose.c

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* gzwrite.c -- zlib functions for writing gzip files

* Copyright (C) 2004-2017 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/gzwrite.c

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* inffast.h -- header to use inffast.c

* Copyright (C) 1995-2003, 2010 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/inffast.h

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* zip.h -- IO on .zip files using zlib

Version 1.1, February 14h, 2010

part of the MiniZip project - (<http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html>)

Copyright (C) 1998-2010 Gilles Vollant (<http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html>)

Modifications for Zip64 support

Copyright (C) 2009-2010 Mathias Svensson (<http://result42.com>)

For more info read MiniZip_info.txt

Condition of use and distribution are the same than zlib :

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Changes

See header of zip.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-

1.2.11.dfsg/contrib/minizip/zip.h

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/* deflate.h -- internal compression state
```

```
* Copyright (C) 1995-2016 Jean-loup Gailly
```

```
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
```

```
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/deflate.h
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/* gzjoin -- command to join gzip files into one gzip file
```

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version 1.2, 14 Aug 2012

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Mark Adler madler@alumni.caltech.edu

```
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-
```

```
1.2.11.dfsg/examples/gzjoin.c
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/* compress.c -- compress a memory buffer
```

```
* Copyright (C) 1995-2005, 2014, 2016 Jean-loup Gailly, Mark Adler
```

```
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
```

```
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/compress.c
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/* zconf.h -- configuration of the zlib compression library
* Copyright (C) 1995-2016 Jean-loup Gailly, Mark Adler
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/zconf.h.cmakein
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/zconf.h.in
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/zconf.h
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/* gzread.c -- zlib functions for reading gzip files
* Copyright (C) 2004, 2005, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2016 Mark Adler
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/gzread.c
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/* zran.c -- example of zlib/gzip stream indexing and random access
* Copyright (C) 2005, 2012 Mark Adler
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
Version 1.1 29 Sep 2012 Mark Adler */
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/examples/zran.c
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/* inffast.c -- fast decoding
* Copyright (C) 1995-2017 Mark Adler
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/inffast.c
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/* deflate.c -- compress data using the deflation algorithm
* Copyright (C) 1995-2017 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
*/
```

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/deflate.c
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/* inftrees.c -- generate Huffman trees for efficient decoding
 * Copyright (C) 1995-2017 Mark Adler
 * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
 */
```

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/inftrees.c
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/* inftrees.h -- header to use inftrees.c
 * Copyright (C) 1995-2005, 2010 Mark Adler
 * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
 */
```

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/inftrees.h
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/* inflate.c -- zlib decompression
 * Copyright (C) 1995-2016 Mark Adler
 * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
 */
```

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/inflate.c
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/* zutil.h -- internal interface and configuration of the compression library
 * Copyright (C) 1995-2016 Jean-loup Gailly, Mark Adler
 * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
 */
```

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/zutil.h
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/* uncompr.c -- decompress a memory buffer
 * Copyright (C) 1995-2003, 2010, 2014, 2016 Jean-loup Gailly, Mark Adler
 * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
 */
```

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/uncompr.c
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/* zutil.c -- target dependent utility functions for the compression library
* Copyright (C) 1995-2017 Jean-loup Gailly
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/zutil.c
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

```
/* example.c -- usage example of the zlib compression library
* Copyright (C) 1995-2006, 2011, 2016 Jean-loup Gailly
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/test/example.c
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

```
/* infcover.c -- test zlib's inflate routines with full code coverage
* Copyright (C) 2011, 2016 Mark Adler
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/test/infcover.c
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

```
/* gzlib.c -- zlib functions common to reading and writing gzip files
* Copyright (C) 2004-2017 Mark Adler
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/gzlib.c
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

```
/* gun.c -- simple gunzip to give an example of the use of inflateBack()
* Copyright (C) 2003, 2005, 2008, 2010, 2012 Mark Adler
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
Version 1.7 12 August 2012 Mark Adler */
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/examples/gun.c
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

Not copyrighted -- provided to the public domain

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/examples/zlib_how.html

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* infback.c -- inflate using a call-back interface

* Copyright (C) 1995-2016 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/infback.c

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* gzlog.h

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version 2.2, 14 Aug 2012

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Mark Adler madler@alumni.caltech.edu

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/examples/gzlog.h

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* gzappend -- command to append to a gzip file

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version 1.2, 11 Oct 2012

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*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/examples/gzappend.c

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

ZLIB DATA COMPRESSION LIBRARY

zlib 1.2.11 is a general purpose data compression library. All the code is thread safe. The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950> (zlib format), rfc1951 (deflate format) and rfc1952 (gzip format).

All functions of the compression library are documented in the file `zlib.h` (volunteer to write man pages welcome, contact zlib@gzip.org). A usage example of the library is given in the file `test/example.c` which also tests that the library is working correctly. Another example is given in the file `test/minigzip.c`. The compression library itself is composed of all source files in the root directory.

To compile all files and run the test program, follow the instructions given at the top of `Makefile.in`. In short `./configure; make test`, and if that goes well, `make install` should work for most flavors of Unix. For Windows, use one of the special makefiles in `win32/` or `contrib/vstudio/`. For VMS, use `make_vms.com`.

Questions about zlib should be sent to [<zlib@gzip.org>](mailto:zlib@gzip.org), or to Gilles Vollant [<info@winimage.com>](mailto:info@winimage.com) for the Windows DLL version. The zlib home page is

<http://zlib.net/> . Before reporting a problem, please check this site to verify that you have the latest version of zlib; otherwise get the latest version and check whether the problem still exists or not.

PLEASE read the zlib FAQ http://zlib.net/zlib_faq.html before asking for help.

Mark Nelson <markn@ieee.org> wrote an article about zlib for the Jan. 1997 issue of Dr. Dobbs's Journal; a copy of the article is available at <http://marknelson.us/1997/01/01/zlib-engine/> .

The changes made in version 1.2.11 are documented in the file ChangeLog.

Unsupported third party contributions are provided in directory contrib/ .

zlib is available in Java using the `java.util.zip` package, documented at <http://java.sun.com/developer/technicalArticles/Programming/compression/> .

A Perl interface to zlib written by Paul Marquess <pmqs@cpan.org> is available at CPAN (Comprehensive Perl Archive Network) sites, including <http://search.cpan.org/~pmqs/IO-Compress-Zlib/> .

A Python interface to zlib written by A.M. Kuchling <amk@amk.ca> is available in Python 1.5 and later versions, see <http://docs.python.org/library/zlib.html> .

zlib is built into tcl: <http://wiki.tcl.tk/4610> .

An experimental package to read and write files in .zip format, written on top of zlib by Gilles Vollant <info@winimage.com>, is available in the contrib/minizip directory of zlib.

Notes for some targets:

- For Windows DLL versions, please see `win32/DLL_FAQ.txt`
- For 64-bit Irix, `deflate.c` must be compiled without any optimization. With `-O`, one `libpng` test fails. The test works in 32 bit mode (with the `-n32` compiler flag). The compiler bug has been reported to SGI.
- zlib doesn't work with gcc 2.6.3 on a DEC 3000/300LX under OSF/1 2.1 it works when compiled with `cc`.
- On Digital Unix 4.0D (formely OSF/1) on AlphaServer, the `cc` option `-std1` is necessary to get `gzprintf` working correctly. This is done by `configure`.
- zlib doesn't work on HP-UX 9.05 with some versions of `/bin/cc`. It works with other compilers. Use "make test" to check your compiler.

- gzopen is not supported on RISCOS or BEOS.

- For PalmOs, see <http://palmzlib.sourceforge.net/>

Acknowledgments:

The deflate format used by zlib was defined by Phil Katz. The deflate and zlib specifications were written by L. Peter Deutsch. Thanks to all the people who reported problems and suggested various improvements in zlib; they are too numerous to cite here.

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Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler
jloup@gzip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

If you use the zlib library in a product, we would appreciate *not* receiving lengthy legal documents to sign. The sources are provided for free but without warranty of any kind. The library has been entirely written by Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler; it does not include third-party code.

If you redistribute modified sources, we would appreciate that you include in the file ChangeLog history information documenting your changes. Please read the FAQ for more information on the distribution of modified source versions.

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/README

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/* crc32.c -- compute the CRC-32 of a data stream
* Copyright (C) 1995-2006, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2016 Mark Adler
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
*
* Thanks to Rodney Brown <rbrown64@csc.com.au> for his contribution of faster
* CRC methods: exclusive-oring 32 bits of data at a time, and pre-computing
* tables for updating the shift register in one step with three exclusive-ors
* instead of four steps with four exclusive-ors. This results in about a
* factor of two increase in speed on a Power PC G4 (PPC7455) using gcc -O3.
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/crc32.c
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/* gzguts.h -- zlib internal header definitions for gz* operations
* Copyright (C) 2004, 2005, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2016 Mark Adler
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/gzguts.h
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

Frequently Asked Questions about zlib

If your question is not there, please check the zlib home page

<http://zlib.net/> which may have more recent information.

The latest zlib FAQ is at http://zlib.net/zlib_faq.html

1. Is zlib Y2K-compliant?

Yes. zlib doesn't handle dates.

2. Where can I get a Windows DLL version?

The zlib sources can be compiled without change to produce a DLL. See the file `win32/DLL_FAQ.txt` in the zlib distribution. Pointers to the precompiled DLL are found in the zlib web site at <http://zlib.net/>.

3. Where can I get a Visual Basic interface to zlib?

See

* <http://marknelson.us/1997/01/01/zlib-engine/>

* win32/DLL_FAQ.txt in the zlib distribution

4. compress() returns Z_BUF_ERROR.

Make sure that before the call of compress(), the length of the compressed buffer is equal to the available size of the compressed buffer and not zero. For Visual Basic, check that this parameter is passed by reference ("as any"), not by value ("as long").

5. deflate() or inflate() returns Z_BUF_ERROR.

Before making the call, make sure that avail_in and avail_out are not zero. When setting the parameter flush equal to Z_FINISH, also make sure that avail_out is big enough to allow processing all pending input. Note that a Z_BUF_ERROR is not fatal--another call to deflate() or inflate() can be made with more input or output space. A Z_BUF_ERROR may in fact be unavoidable depending on how the functions are used, since it is not possible to tell whether or not there is more output pending when strm.avail_out returns with zero. See http://zlib.net/zlib_how.html for a heavily annotated example.

6. Where's the zlib documentation (man pages, etc.)?

It's in zlib.h . Examples of zlib usage are in the files test/example.c and test/minigzip.c, with more in examples/ .

7. Why don't you use GNU autoconf or libtool or ...?

Because we would like to keep zlib as a very small and simple package. zlib is rather portable and doesn't need much configuration.

8. I found a bug in zlib.

Most of the time, such problems are due to an incorrect usage of zlib. Please try to reproduce the problem with a small program and send the corresponding source to us at zlib@gzip.org . Do not send multi-megabyte data files without prior agreement.

9. Why do I get "undefined reference to gzputc"?

If "make test" produces something like

```
example.o(.text+0x154): undefined reference to `gzputc'
```

check that you don't have old files libz.* in /usr/lib, /usr/local/lib or /usr/X11R6/lib. Remove any old versions, then do "make install".

10. I need a Delphi interface to zlib.

See the contrib/delphi directory in the zlib distribution.

11. Can zlib handle .zip archives?

Not by itself, no. See the directory contrib/minizip in the zlib distribution.

12. Can zlib handle .Z files?

No, sorry. You have to spawn an uncompress or gunzip subprocess, or adapt the code of uncompress on your own.

13. How can I make a Unix shared library?

By default a shared (and a static) library is built for Unix. So:

```
make distclean
./configure
make
```

14. How do I install a shared zlib library on Unix?

After the above, then:

```
make install
```

However, many flavors of Unix come with a shared zlib already installed. Before going to the trouble of compiling a shared version of zlib and trying to install it, you may want to check if it's already there! If you can `#include <zlib.h>`, it's there. The `-lz` option will probably link to it. You can check the version at the top of `zlib.h` or with the `ZLIB_VERSION` symbol defined in `zlib.h`.

15. I have a question about OttoPDF.

We are not the authors of OttoPDF. The real author is on the OttoPDF web site: Joel Hainley, jhainley@myndkryme.com.

16. Can zlib decode Flate data in an Adobe PDF file?

Yes. See <http://www.pdflib.com/>. To modify PDF forms, see <http://sourceforge.net/projects/acroformtool/>.

17. Why am I getting this "register_frame_info not found" error on Solaris?

After installing zlib 1.1.4 on Solaris 2.6, running applications using zlib generates an error such as:

```
ld.so.1: rpm: fatal: relocation error: file /usr/local/lib/libz.so:
symbol __register_frame_info: referenced symbol not found
```

The symbol `__register_frame_info` is not part of zlib, it is generated by the C compiler (cc or gcc). You must recompile applications using zlib which have this problem. This problem is specific to Solaris. See <http://www.sunfreeware.com> for Solaris versions of zlib and applications using zlib.

18. Why does gzip give an error on a file I make with compress/deflate?

The compress and deflate functions produce data in the zlib format, which is different and incompatible with the gzip format. The `gz*` functions in zlib on the other hand use the gzip format. Both the zlib and gzip formats use the same compressed data format internally, but have different headers and trailers around the compressed data.

19. Ok, so why are there two different formats?

The gzip format was designed to retain the directory information about a single file, such as the name and last modification date. The zlib format on the other hand was designed for in-memory and communication channel applications, and has a much more compact header and trailer and uses a faster integrity check than gzip.

20. Well that's nice, but how do I make a gzip file in memory?

You can request that deflate write the gzip format instead of the zlib format using `deflateInit2()`. You can also request that inflate decode the gzip format using `inflateInit2()`. Read `zlib.h` for more details.

21. Is zlib thread-safe?

Yes. However any library routines that zlib uses and any application-provided memory allocation routines must also be thread-safe. zlib's `gz*` functions use stdio library routines, and most of zlib's functions use the library memory allocation routines by default. zlib's `*Init*` functions allow for the application to provide custom memory allocation routines.

Of course, you should only operate on any given zlib or gzip stream from a single thread at a time.

22. Can I use zlib in my commercial application?

Yes. Please read the license in `zlib.h`.

23. Is zlib under the GNU license?

No. Please read the license in zlib.h.

24. The license says that altered source versions must be "plainly marked". So what exactly do I need to do to meet that requirement?

You need to change the ZLIB_VERSION and ZLIB_VERNUM #defines in zlib.h. In particular, the final version number needs to be changed to "f", and an identification string should be appended to ZLIB_VERSION. Version numbers x.x.x.f are reserved for modifications to zlib by others than the zlib maintainers. For example, if the version of the base zlib you are altering is "1.2.3.4", then in zlib.h you should change ZLIB_VERNUM to 0x123f, and ZLIB_VERSION to something like "1.2.3.f-zachary-mods-v3". You can also update the version strings in deflate.c and infrees.c.

For altered source distributions, you should also note the origin and nature of the changes in zlib.h, as well as in ChangeLog and README, along with the dates of the alterations. The origin should include at least your name (or your company's name), and an email address to contact for help or issues with the library.

Note that distributing a compiled zlib library along with zlib.h and zconf.h is also a source distribution, and so you should change ZLIB_VERSION and ZLIB_VERNUM and note the origin and nature of the changes in zlib.h as you would for a full source distribution.

25. Will zlib work on a big-endian or little-endian architecture, and can I exchange compressed data between them?

Yes and yes.

26. Will zlib work on a 64-bit machine?

Yes. It has been tested on 64-bit machines, and has no dependence on any data types being limited to 32-bits in length. If you have any difficulties, please provide a complete problem report to zlib@gzip.org

27. Will zlib decompress data from the PKWare Data Compression Library?

No. The PKWare DCL uses a completely different compressed data format than does PKZIP and zlib. However, you can look in zlib's contrib/blast directory for a possible solution to your problem.

28. Can I access data randomly in a compressed stream?

No, not without some preparation. If when compressing you periodically use Z_FULL_FLUSH, carefully write all the pending data at those points, and keep an index of those locations, then you can start decompression at those

points. You have to be careful to not use `Z_FULL_FLUSH` too often, since it can significantly degrade compression. Alternatively, you can scan a deflate stream once to generate an index, and then use that index for random access. See `examples/zran.c`.

29. Does zlib work on MVS, OS/390, CICS, etc.?

It has in the past, but we have not heard of any recent evidence. There were working ports of zlib 1.1.4 to MVS, but those links no longer work. If you know of recent, successful applications of zlib on these operating systems, please let us know. Thanks.

30. Is there some simpler, easier to read version of inflate I can look at to understand the deflate format?

First off, you should read RFC 1951. Second, yes. Look in zlib's `contrib/puff` directory.

31. Does zlib infringe on any patents?

As far as we know, no. In fact, that was originally the whole point behind zlib. Look here for some more information:

<http://www.gzip.org/#faq11>

32. Can zlib work with greater than 4 GB of data?

Yes. `inflate()` and `deflate()` will process any amount of data correctly. Each call of `inflate()` or `deflate()` is limited to input and output chunks of the maximum value that can be stored in the compiler's "unsigned int" type, but there is no limit to the number of chunks. Note however that the `strm.total_in` and `strm_total_out` counters may be limited to 4 GB. These counters are provided as a convenience and are not used internally by `inflate()` or `deflate()`. The application can easily set up its own counters updated after each call of `inflate()` or `deflate()` to count beyond 4 GB. `compress()` and `uncompress()` may be limited to 4 GB, since they operate in a single call. `gzseek()` and `gztell()` may be limited to 4 GB depending on how zlib is compiled. See the `zlibCompileFlags()` function in `zlib.h`.

The word "may" appears several times above since there is a 4 GB limit only if the compiler's "long" type is 32 bits. If the compiler's "long" type is 64 bits, then the limit is 16 exabytes.

33. Does zlib have any security vulnerabilities?

The only one that we are aware of is potentially in `gzprintf()`. If zlib is compiled to use `sprintf()` or `vsprintf()`, then there is no protection against a buffer overflow of an 8K string space (or other value as set by

gzbuffer()), other than the caller of gzprintf() assuring that the output will not exceed 8K. On the other hand, if zlib is compiled to use snprintf() or vsnprintf(), which should normally be the case, then there is no vulnerability. The ./configure script will display warnings if an insecure variation of sprintf() will be used by gzprintf(). Also the zlibCompileFlags() function will return information on what variant of sprintf() is used by gzprintf().

If you don't have snprintf() or vsnprintf() and would like one, you can find a portable implementation here:

<http://www.ijs.si/software/snprintf/>

Note that you should be using the most recent version of zlib. Versions 1.1.3 and before were subject to a double-free vulnerability, and versions 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 were subject to an access exception when decompressing invalid compressed data.

34. Is there a Java version of zlib?

Probably what you want is to use zlib in Java. zlib is already included as part of the Java SDK in the java.util.zip package. If you really want a version of zlib written in the Java language, look on the zlib home page for links: <http://zlib.net/> .

35. I get this or that compiler or source-code scanner warning when I crank it up to maximally-pedantic. Can't you guys write proper code?

Many years ago, we gave up attempting to avoid warnings on every compiler in the universe. It just got to be a waste of time, and some compilers were downright silly as well as contradicted each other. So now, we simply make sure that the code always works.

36. Valgrind (or some similar memory access checker) says that deflate is performing a conditional jump that depends on an uninitialized value. Isn't that a bug?

No. That is intentional for performance reasons, and the output of deflate is not affected. This only started showing up recently since zlib 1.2.x uses malloc() by default for allocations, whereas earlier versions used calloc(), which zeros out the allocated memory. Even though the code was correct, versions 1.2.4 and later was changed to not stimulate these checkers.

37. Will zlib read the (insert any ancient or arcane format here) compressed data format?

Probably not. Look in the comp.compression FAQ for pointers to various

formats and associated software.

38. How can I encrypt/decrypt zip files with zlib?

zlib doesn't support encryption. The original PKZIP encryption is very weak and can be broken with freely available programs. To get strong encryption, use GnuPG, <http://www.gnupg.org/>, which already includes zlib compression. For PKZIP compatible "encryption", look at <http://www.info-zip.org/>

39. What's the difference between the "gzip" and "deflate" HTTP 1.1 encodings?

"gzip" is the gzip format, and "deflate" is the zlib format. They should probably have called the second one "zlib" instead to avoid confusion with the raw deflate compressed data format. While the HTTP 1.1 RFC 2616 correctly points to the zlib specification in RFC 1950 for the "deflate" transfer encoding, there have been reports of servers and browsers that incorrectly produce or expect raw deflate data per the deflate specification in RFC 1951, most notably Microsoft. So even though the "deflate" transfer encoding using the zlib format would be the more efficient approach (and in fact exactly what the zlib format was designed for), using the "gzip" transfer encoding is probably more reliable due to an unfortunate choice of name on the part of the HTTP 1.1 authors.

Bottom line: use the gzip format for HTTP 1.1 encoding.

40. Does zlib support the new "Deflate64" format introduced by PKWare?

No. PKWare has apparently decided to keep that format proprietary, since they have not documented it as they have previous compression formats. In any case, the compression improvements are so modest compared to other more modern approaches, that it's not worth the effort to implement.

41. I'm having a problem with the zip functions in zlib, can you help?

There are no zip functions in zlib. You are probably using minizip by Giles Vollant, which is found in the contrib directory of zlib. It is not part of zlib. In fact none of the stuff in contrib is part of zlib. The files in there are not supported by the zlib authors. You need to contact the authors of the respective contribution for help.

42. The match.asm code in contrib is under the GNU General Public License.

Since it's part of zlib, doesn't that mean that all of zlib falls under the GNU GPL?

No. The files in contrib are not part of zlib. They were contributed by other authors and are provided as a convenience to the user within the zlib distribution. Each item in contrib has its own license.

43. Is zlib subject to export controls? What is its ECCN?

zlib is not subject to export controls, and so is classified as EAR99.

44. Can you please sign these lengthy legal documents and fax them back to us so that we can use your software in our product?

No. Go away. Shoo.

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/FAQ
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

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Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such, and must not be
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Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/zlib.3
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

```
/* minigzip.c -- simulate gzip using the zlib compression library
* Copyright (C) 1995-2006, 2010, 2011, 2016 Jean-loup Gailly
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/test/minigzip.c
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

```
/* inflate.h -- internal inflate state definition
* Copyright (C) 1995-2016 Mark Adler
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/inflate.h
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

```
# For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/msdos/Makefile.dj2
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-
```

```
1.2.11.dfsg/old/Makefile.emx
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-
1.2.11.dfsg/msdos/Makefile.emx
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-
1.2.11.dfsg/old/os2/Makefile.os2
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

```
/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
version 1.2.11, January 15th, 2017
```

Copyright (C) 1995-2017 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler

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Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler
jloup@gzip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950> (zlib format), rfc1951 (deflate format) and rfc1952 (gzip format).

```
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1400134737_1661788173.3023732/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/zlib.h
```

1.126 futures 3.3.0

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Files: lib/compat/md5.*

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1.128 bzip2 1.0.8-4

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1.129 selinux 3.1-3

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1.131 util-linux 2.36.1-8+deb11u1

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NR	START	END	SECTORS	SIZE	NAME	UUID
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5 7936 12799 4864 2.4M

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```
WEV @@ WEV[B "1
```

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1.132 popt 1.18-2

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1.133 netbase 6.3

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1.134 ucf 3.0043

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Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>
```

```
This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify  
it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by  
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(at your option) any later version.
```

```
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GNU General Public License for more details.
```

```
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along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software  
Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.
```

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this

when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) 19yy name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.135 rsyslog 8.2102.0-2+deb11u1

1.135.1 Available under license :

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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The "UK English Wordlist With Frequency Classification" is also in the Public Domain:

Date: Sat, 08 Jul 2000 20:27:21 +0100
From: Brian Kelk <Brian.Kelk@cl.cam.ac.uk>

> I was wondering what the copyright status of your "UK English
> Wordlist With Frequency Classification" word list as it seems to
> be lacking any copyright notice.

There were many many sources in total, but any text marked "copyright" was avoided. Locally-written documentation was one source. An earlier version of the list resided in a filespace called PUBLIC on the University mainframe, because it was considered public domain.

Date: Tue, 11 Jul 2000 19:31:34 +0100

> So are you saying your word list is also in the public domain?

That is the intention.

The 20 level includes frequency classes 7-15 from Brian's word list.

The 35 level includes frequency classes 2-6 and words appearing in at least 11 of 12 dictionaries as indicated in the 12Dicts package. All words from the 12Dicts package have had likely inflections added via my inflection database.

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The 40 level includes words from Alan's 3esl list found in version 4.0 of his 12dicts package. Like his other stuff the 3esl list is also in the public domain.

The 50 level includes Brian's frequency class 1, words appearing in at least 5 of 12 of the dictionaries as indicated in the 12Dicts package, and uppercase words in at least 4 of the previous 12

dictionaries. A decent number of proper names is also included: The top 1000 male, female, and Last names from the 1990 Census report; a list of names sent to me by Alan Beale; and a few names that I added myself. Finally a small list of abbreviations not commonly found in other word lists is included.

The name files from the Census report is a government document which I don't think can be copyrighted.

The file special-jargon.50 uses common.lst and word.lst from the "Unofficial Jargon File Word Lists" which is derived from "The Jargon File". All of which is in the Public Domain. This file also contain a few extra UNIX terms which are found in the file "unix-terms" in the special/ directory.

The 55 level includes words from Alan's 2of4brif list found in version 4.0 of his 12dicts package. Like his other stuff the 2of4brif is also in the public domain.

The 60 level includes all words appearing in at least 2 of the 12 dictionaries as indicated by the 12Dicts package.

The 70 level includes Brian's frequency class 0 and the 74,550 common dictionary words from the MWords package. The common dictionary words, like those from the 12Dicts package, have had all likely inflections added. The 70 level also included the 5desk list from version 4.0 of the 12Dics package which is in the public domain.

The 80 level includes the ENABLE word list, all the lists in the ENABLE supplement package (except for ABLE), the "UK Advanced Cryptics Dictionary" (UKACD), the list of signature words from the YAWL package, and the 10,196 places list from the MWords package.

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1.141 gnutls 3.7.1-5+deb11u3

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Constant-time SSSE3 AES core implementation.

version 0.1

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By Mike Hamburg (Stanford University), 2009

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1.149 libxml2 2.9.10+dfsg-6.7+deb11u4

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1.150 ncurses 6.2+20201114-2+deb11u1

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-- vile: txtmode file-encoding=utf-8

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-- vile:txtmode fc=72

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-- vile: txtmode file-encoding=utf-8

1.151 grep 3.6-1+deb11u1

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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2021.1.1+deb11u1

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library

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Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
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```

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```
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```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

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The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
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That's all there is to it!

1.158 mariadb 10.5.19-0+deb11u2

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

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Upstream-Name: MariaDB Server

Upstream-Contact: <https://mariadb.org/jira>

Source: <https://github.com/MariaDB/server>

Comment:

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Also, MySQL carries the "FOSS License Exception" specified in README

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Quoting from README:

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The text of the Above URL is quoted below, as of Aug 17, 2011.

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> FOSS License Exception

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> Updated July 1, 2010

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1.164 vpp 23.10-rc0~141-g43fad89db

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1.167 makedumpfile 0.183

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```

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1791475705_1694561505.3612127/0/mariadb-connector-c-3-1-22-centos74-amd64-tar-gz/mariadb-connector-c-3.1.22-centos74-amd64/include/mariadb/mariadb_ctype.h
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* /opt/cola/permits/1791475705_1694561505.3612127/0/mariadb-connector-c-3-1-22-centos74-amd64-tar-gz/mariadb-connector-c-3.1.22-centos74-amd64/include/mariadb/errmsg.h
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Found in path(s):

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```
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* /opt/cola/permits/1791475705_1694561505.3612127/0/mariadb-connector-c-3-1-22-centos74-amd64-tar-gz/mariadb-connector-c-3.1.22-centos74-amd64/include/mariadb/mysql/plugin_auth.h

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1.169 libcap 7.1

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