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/\*

\* Marko Kiiskila carnil@cs.tut.fi

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\* Tampere University of Technology - Telecommunications Laboratory

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## 1.2 autoconf 2.65

### 1.2.1 Available under license :

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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## 1.6 bcm\_boot\_launcher N/A

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# 1.7 binutils 2.21

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

```
This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify  
it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by  
the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or  
(at your option) any later version.
```

```
This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,  
but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of  
MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the  
GNU General Public License for more details.
```

```
You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License  
along with this program. If not, see <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
```

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:



<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.

This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an "about box".

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary.

For more information on this, and how to apply and follow the GNU GPL, see <<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>>.

The GNU General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Lesser General Public License instead of this License. But first, please read <<http://www.gnu.org/philosophy/why-not-lgpl.html>>.

## GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

Version 2, June 1991

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### Preamble

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When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you know you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid

anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the software, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of such a program, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that you have. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with two steps: (1) copyright the software, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the software.

Also, for each author's protection and ours, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free software. If the software is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that redistributors of a free program will individually obtain patent licenses, in effect making the program proprietary. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

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Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running the Program is not restricted, and the output from the Program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Program (independent of having been made by running the Program).

Whether that is true depends on what the Program does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Program's source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and give any other recipients of the Program a copy of this License along with the Program.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Program or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Program, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) You must cause the modified files to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- b) You must cause any work that you distribute or publish, that in whole or in part contains or is derived from the Program or any part thereof, to be licensed as a whole at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- c) If the modified program normally reads commands interactively when run, you must cause it, when started running for such interactive use in the most ordinary way, to print or display an announcement including an appropriate copyright notice and a notice that there is no warranty (or else, saying that you provide a warranty) and that users may redistribute the program under these conditions, and telling the user how to view a copy of this License. (Exception: if the Program itself is interactive but does not normally print such an announcement, your work based on the Program is not required to print an announcement.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Program, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Program, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest

your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Program.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Program with the Program (or with a work based on the Program) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may copy and distribute the Program (or a work based on it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you also do one of the following:

a) Accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange; or,

b) Accompany it with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give any third party, for a charge no more than your cost of physically performing source distribution, a complete machine-readable copy of the corresponding source code, to be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange; or,

c) Accompany it with the information you received as to the offer to distribute corresponding source code. (This alternative is allowed only for noncommercial distribution and only if you received the program in object code or executable form with such an offer, in accord with Subsection b above.)

The source code for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For an executable work, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the executable. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

If distribution of executable or object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place counts as distribution of the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

```
This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify  
it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by  
the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or  
(at your option) any later version.
```

```
This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,  
but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of  
MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the  
GNU General Public License for more details.
```

```
You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License along  
with this program; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation, Inc.,  
51 Franklin Street, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA 02110-1301 USA.
```

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author  
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type 'show w'.
```

This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions; type 'show c' for details.

The hypothetical commands 'show w' and 'show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than 'show w' and 'show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program 'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

This General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Lesser General Public License instead of this License.

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Version 2, June 1991

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

#### Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Library General Public License, applies to some specially designated Free Software Foundation software, and to any other libraries whose authors decide to use it. You can use it for your libraries, too.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you



have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you know you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in

a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which

must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the

Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library

facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

- a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.
- b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK.  
jseward@bzip.org  
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006

## 1.12 busybox 1.19.3

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/\*\*

\*\* dproxy.c -

\*\*

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\*

\* curve25519-donna: Curve25519 elliptic curve, public key function

\*

\* <http://code.google.com/p/curve25519-donna/>

\*

\* Adam Langley <agl@imperialviolet.org>

\*

\* Derived from public domain C code by Daniel J. Bernstein <djb@cr.yp.to>

\*

\* More information about curve25519 can be found here

\* <http://cr.yp.to/ecdh.html>

\*

\* djb's sample implementation of curve25519 is written in a special assembly language called qhasm and uses the floating point registers.

\*

\* This is, almost, a clean room reimplementation from the curve25519 paper. It uses many of the tricks described therein. Only the crecip function is taken from the sample implementation.

\*/

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

#### HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.

The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.

Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood.

Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.

Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk)

subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX

systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.



Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port. Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports. Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code. Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes. Alistair G. Crooks(agg@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports. Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port. Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk). Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task). Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port. David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements. Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC. Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code. Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)  
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# 128 bit long double support was introduced with GCC 4.6.0 for FreeBSD.
# These lines make the symbols to get a @@GCC_4.6.0.
```

```
%exclude {
__addtf3
__copysigntf3
__divtc3
__divtf3
__eqtf2
__extenddftf2
__extendsftf2
__extendxftf2
__fabstf2
__fixtfdi
__fixtfsi
__fixtfti
__fixunstfdi
__fixunstfsi
__fixunstfti
__floatditf
__floatsitf
__floattitf
__floatunditf
__floatunsitf
__floatuntitf
__getf2
__gttf2
__letf2
__lttf2
__multc3
__multf3
__negtf2
```

```

__netf2
__powtf2
__subtf3
__trunctfdf2
__trunctfsf2
__trunctxf2
__unordtf2
}

GCC_4.6.0 {
__addtf3
#ifdef __x86_64__
__copysigntf3
#endif
__divtc3
__divtf3
__eqtf2
__extenddftf2
__extendsftf2
__extendxftf2
#ifdef __x86_64__
__fabstf2
#endif
__fixtfdi
__fixtfsi
#ifdef __x86_64__
__fixtfti
#endif
__fixunstfdi
__fixunstfsi
#ifdef __x86_64__
__fixunstfti
#endif
__floatditf
__floatsitf
#ifdef __x86_64__
__floattitf
#endif
__floatunditf
__floatunsitf
#ifdef __x86_64__
__floatuntitf
#endif
__getf2
__gttf2
__letf2
__lutf2
__multc3

```

```
__multf3
__negtf2
__netf2
__powtf2
__subtf3
__trunctdf2
__trunctsf2
__trunctxf2
__unordtf2
}
```

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@item

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@item

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@item

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@item

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@end enumerate

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```
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```
@c man end
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
Copyright @copyright{ } 1989, 1991 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
51 Franklin Street, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA 02110-1301, USA
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```
@c man end
@end ignore
@node Copying
@c man begin DESCRIPTION
@unnumbered GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
@center Version 2, June 1991
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@c This file is intended to be included in another file.
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Copyright @copyright{ } 1989, 1991 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
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@page

@unnumberedsec Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

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@smallexample

@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}

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@end smallexample

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when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
@smallexample
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details
type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
@end smallexample
```

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commands you use may be called something other than @samp{show w} and  
@samp{show c}; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items---whatever  
suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your  
school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer" for the program, if  
necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
@example
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end example
```

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consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the  
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Public License instead of this License.  
@c man end  
@ignore  
@c Set file name and title for man page.  
@setfilename gfdl  
@settitle GNU Free Documentation License  
@c man begin SEEALSO  
gpl(7), fsf-funding(7).  
@c man end  
@c man begin COPYRIGHT  
Copyright @copyright{ } 2000, 2001, 2002, 2007, 2008 Free Software Foundation, Inc.  
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@c This file is intended to be included within another document,  
@c hence no sectioning command or @node.  
@c man end  
@end ignore  
@c Special handling for inclusion in the install manual.  
@ifset gfdlhtml  
@ifnohtml  
@comment node-name, next, previous, up  
@node GNU Free Documentation License, Concept Index, Old, Top  
@end ifnohtml  
@html  
<h1 align="center">Installing GCC: GNU Free Documentation License</h1>  
@end html  
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```
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@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
```

```
@c man end
@node Library Copying
@appendixsec GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
```

```
@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License
@center Version 2.1, February 1999
```

```
@display
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```
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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990

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That's all there is to it!

Jan 21, 2002

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```

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```
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```

```
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```
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```

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```
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This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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```
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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>
```

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) 19yy name of author  
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program  
'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest

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```
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```
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library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.
```

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

## 1.28 gmp 4.2.1

### 1.28.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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## 1.29 gmp 5.0.2

### 1.29.1 Available under license :

```
/* __gmp_replacement_vsnprintf -- for systems which don't have vsnprintf, or  
only have a broken one.
```

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```
#include "config.h"

#if ! HAVE_VSNPRINTF /* only need this file if we don't have vsnprintf */

#define _GNU_SOURCE /* for strlen prototype */

#if HAVE_STDARG
#include <stdarg.h>
#else
#include <varargs.h>
#endif

#include <ctype.h> /* for isdigit */
#include <stddef.h> /* for ptrdiff_t */
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h> /* for NULL */
#include <stdlib.h>

#if HAVE_FLOAT_H
#include <float.h> /* for DBL_MAX_10_EXP etc */
#endif

#if HAVE_INTTYPES_H
# include <inttypes.h> /* for intmax_t */
#else
# if HAVE_STDINT_H
# include <stdint.h>
# endif
#endif

#if HAVE_SYS_TYPES_H
#include <sys/types.h> /* for quad_t */
#endif
```

```

#include "gmp.h"
#include "gmp-impl.h"

/* Autoconf notes that AIX 4.3 has a broken strlen, but fortunately it
   doesn't affect us since __gmp_replacement_vsnprintf is not required on
   that system. */
#if !HAVE_STRNLEN
static size_t
strlen (const char *s, size_t n)
{
    size_t i;
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        if (s[i] == '\0')
            break;
    return i;
}
#endif

/* The approach here is to parse the fmt string, and decide how much space
   it requires, then use vsprintf into a big enough buffer. The space
   calculated isn't an exact amount, but it's certainly no less than
   required.

   This code was inspired by GNU libiberty/vasprintf.c but we support more
   datatypes, when available.

   mingw32 - doesn't have vsnprintf, it seems. Because gcc is used a full
   set of types are available, but "long double" is just a plain IEEE
   64-bit "double" and LDBL_MAX_EXP_10 is correspondingly defined, so we
   avoid the big 15-bit exponent estimate. */

int
__gmp_replacement_vsnprintf (char *buf, size_t buf_size,
                             const char *orig_fmt, va_list orig_ap)
{
    va_list ap;
    const char *fmt;
    size_t total_width, integer_sizeof, floating_sizeof, len;
    char fchar, type;
    int width, prec, seen_prec, double_digits, long_double_digits;
    int *value;

    /* preserve orig_ap for use after size estimation */
    va_copy (ap, orig_ap);

    fmt = orig_fmt;

```

```

total_width = strlen (fmt) + 1; /* 1 extra for the '\0' */

integer_sizeof = sizeof (long);
#if HAVE_LONG_LONG
integer_sizeof = MAX (integer_sizeof, sizeof (long long));
#endif
#if HAVE_QUAD_T
integer_sizeof = MAX (integer_sizeof, sizeof (quad_t));
#endif

floating_sizeof = sizeof (double);
#if HAVE_LONG_DOUBLE
floating_sizeof = MAX (floating_sizeof, sizeof (long double));
#endif

/* IEEE double or VAX G floats have an 11 bit exponent, so the default is
   a maximum 308 decimal digits. VAX D floats have only an 8 bit
   exponent, but we don't bother trying to detect that directly. */
double_digits = 308;
#ifdef DBL_MAX_10_EXP
/* but in any case prefer a value the compiler says */
double_digits = DBL_MAX_10_EXP;
#endif

/* IEEE 128-bit quad, Intel 80-bit temporary, or VAX H floats all have 15
   bit exponents, so the default is a maximum 4932 decimal digits. */
long_double_digits = 4932;
/* but if double == long double, then go with that size */
#if HAVE_LONG_DOUBLE
if (sizeof (double) == sizeof (long double))
    long_double_digits = double_digits;
#endif
#ifdef LDBL_MAX_10_EXP
/* but in any case prefer a value the compiler says */
long_double_digits = LDBL_MAX_10_EXP;
#endif

for (;;)
{
    fmt = strchr (fmt, '%');
    if (fmt == NULL)
        break;
    fmt++;

    type = '\0';
    width = 0;
    prec = 6;
    seen_prec = 0;

```

```

value = &width;

for (;;)
{
fchar = *fmt++;
switch (fchar) {

case 'c':
/* char, already accounted for by strlen(fmt) */
goto next;

case 'd':
case 'i':
case 'o':
case 'x':
case 'X':
case 'u':
/* at most 3 digits per byte in hex, dec or octal, plus a sign */
total_width += 3 * integer_sizeof + 1;

switch (type) {
case 'j':
/* Let's assume uintmax_t is the same size as intmax_t. */
#if HAVE_INTMAX_T
(void) va_arg (ap, intmax_t);
#else
ASSERT_FAIL (intmax_t not available);
#endif
break;
case 'l':
(void) va_arg (ap, long);
break;
case 'L':
#if HAVE_LONG_LONG
(void) va_arg (ap, long long);
#else
ASSERT_FAIL (long long not available);
#endif
break;
case 'q':
/* quad_t is probably the same as long long, but let's treat
it separately just to be sure. Also let's assume u_quad_t
will be the same size as quad_t. */
#if HAVE_QUAD_T
(void) va_arg (ap, quad_t);
#else
ASSERT_FAIL (quad_t not available);
#endif
}
}
}

```

```

        break;
    case 't':
#ifdef HAVE_PTRDIFF_T
        (void) va_arg (ap, ptrdiff_t);
#else
        ASSERT_FAIL (ptrdiff_t not available);
#endif
        break;
    case 'z':
        (void) va_arg (ap, size_t);
        break;
    default:
        /* default is an "int", and this includes h=short and hh=char
since they're promoted to int in a function call */
        (void) va_arg (ap, int);
        break;
    }
    goto next;

case 'E':
case 'e':
case 'G':
case 'g':
    /* Requested decimals, sign, point and e, plus an overestimate
of exponent digits (the assumption is all the float is
exponent!). */
    total_width += prec + 3 + floating_sizeof * 3;
    if (type == 'L')
    {
#ifdef HAVE_LONG_DOUBLE
        (void) va_arg (ap, long double);
#else
        ASSERT_FAIL (long double not available);
#endif
    }
    else
        (void) va_arg (ap, double);
    break;

case 'f':
    /* Requested decimals, sign and point, and a margin for error,
then add the maximum digits that can be in the integer part,
based on the maximum exponent value. */
    total_width += prec + 2 + 10;
    if (type == 'L')
    {
#ifdef HAVE_LONG_DOUBLE
        (void) va_arg (ap, long double);

```

```

total_width += long_double_digits;
#else
ASSERT_FAIL (long double not available);
#endif
}
else
{
(void) va_arg (ap, double);
total_width += double_digits;
}
break;

case 'h': /* short or char */
case 'j': /* intmax_t */
case 'L': /* long long or long double */
case 'q': /* quad_t */
case 't': /* ptrdiff_t */
set_type:
type = fchar;
break;

case 'l':
/* long or long long */
if (type != 'l')
goto set_type;
type = 'L'; /* "ll" means "L" */
break;

case 'n':
/* bytes written, no output as such */
(void) va_arg (ap, void *);
goto next;

case 's':
/* If no precision was given, then determine the string length
and put it there, to be added to the total under "next". If
a precision was given then that's already the maximum from
this field, but see whether the string is shorter than that,
in case the limit was very big. */
{
const char *s = va_arg (ap, const char *);
prec = (seen_prec ? strlen (s, prec) : strlen (s));
}
goto next;

case 'p':
/* pointer, let's assume at worst it's octal with some padding */
(void) va_arg (ap, const void *);

```



```

total_width += 3 * sizeof (void *) + 16;
goto next;

case '%':
/* literal %, already accounted for by strlen(fmt) */
goto next;

case '#':
/* showbase, at most 2 for "0x" */
total_width += 2;
break;

case '+':
case '-':
/* sign, already accounted for under numerics */
break;

case '!':
/* left justify, no effect on total width */
break;

case '.':
seen_prec = 1;
value = &prec;
break;

case '*':
{
/* negative width means left justify which can be ignored,
negative prec would be invalid, just use absolute value */
int n = va_arg (ap, int);
*value = ABS (n);
}
break;

case '0': case '1': case '2': case '3': case '4':
case '5': case '6': case '7': case '8': case '9':
/* process all digits to form a value */
{
int n = 0;
do {
n = n * 10 + (fchar-'0');
fchar = *fmt++;
} while (isascii (fchar) && isdigit (fchar));
fmt--; /* unget the non-digit */
*value = n;
}
break;

```

```

default:
    /* incomplete or invalid % sequence */
    ASSERT (0);
    goto next;
}
}

next:
    total_width += width;
    total_width += prec;
}

if (total_width <= buf_size)
{
    vsprintf (buf, orig_fmt, orig_ap);
    len = strlen (buf);
}
else
{
    char *s;

    s = __GMP_ALLOCATE_FUNC_TYPE (total_width, char);
    vsprintf (s, orig_fmt, orig_ap);
    len = strlen (s);
    if (buf_size != 0)
    {
        size_t copylen = MIN (len, buf_size-1);
        memcpy (buf, s, copylen);
        buf[copylen] = '\0';
    }
    (*__gmp_free_func) (s, total_width);
}

/* If total_width was somehow wrong then chances are we've already
   clobbered memory, but maybe this check will still work. */
ASSERT_ALWAYS (len < total_width);

return len;
}

#endif /* ! HAVE_VSNPRINTF */
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```

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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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```
/*
 * A JavaScript implementation of the RSA Data Security, Inc. MD5 Message
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 * Version 2.1 Copyright (C) Paul Johnston 1999 - 2002.
 * Other contributors: Greg Holt, Andrew Kepert, Ydnar, Lostinet
 * Distributed under the BSD License
 * See http://pajhome.org.uk/crypt/md5 for more info.
 */
```

# 1.36 Javascript ua 1.9

## 1.36.1 Available under license :

```
/*
 * $Log: ua.js,v $
 * Revision 1.5.2.1 2012/08/07 04:08:40 emily
 * Update OLH to final version
 *
 * Revision 1.9 2002/07/22 14:06:21 bc6ix
 * fix license path, change version reporting to use 2 digits for each level
 *
 * Revision 1.8 2002/07/07 08:23:07 bc6ix
 * fix line endings
 *
 * Revision 1.7 2002/05/14 16:52:52 bc6ix
 * use CVS Log for revision history
 *
 *
 */

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* *****/

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## 1.38 libdaemon 0.14

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```
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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
```

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```
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*
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*
* 2006-01-23 Andreas Florath <andreas@florath.net>
* Fix __set_verdict() that it can now handle payload.
*/
```

## 1.41 libnfnetlink 1.0.0

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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```
/* libnfnlink.c: generic library for communication with netfilter
*
* (C) 2002-2006 by Harald Welte <laforge@gnumonks.org>
* (C) 2006 by Pablo Neira Ayuso <pablo@netfilter.org>
*
* Based on some original ideas from Jay Schulist <jschlst@samba.org>
*
* Development of this code funded by Astaro AG (http://www.astaro.com)
*
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*
* 2005-09-14 Pablo Neira Ayuso <pablo@netfilter.org>:
```

- \* Define structure nfnlhdr
- \* Added \_\_be64\_to\_cpu function
- \* Use NFA\_TYPE macro to get the attribute type
- \*
- \* 2006-01-14 Harald Welte <laforge@netfilter.org>:
- \* introduce nfnl\_subsys\_handle
- \*
- \* 2006-01-15 Pablo Neira Ayuso <pablo@netfilter.org>:
- \* set missing subsys\_id in nfnl\_subsys\_open
- \* set missing nfnlh->local.nl\_pid in nfnl\_open
- \*
- \* 2006-01-26 Harald Welte <laforge@netfilter.org>:
- \* remove bogus nfnlh->local.nl\_pid from nfnl\_open ;)
- \* add 16bit attribute functions
- \*
- \* 2006-07-03 Pablo Neira Ayuso <pablo@netfilter.org>:
- \* add iterator API
- \* add replacements for nfnl\_listen and nfnl\_talk
- \* fix error handling
- \* add assertions
- \* add documentation
- \* minor cleanups
- \*/

## 1.42 libpcap-1.1.1 libpcap-1.1.1

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\*

\* \$FreeBSD: src/sys/net80211/ieee80211.h,v 1.10 2005/07/22 16:55:27 sam Exp \$

\*/

/\*

\* pcap-linux.c: Packet capture interface to the Linux kernel

\*

\* Copyright (c) 2000 Torsten Landschoff <torsten@debian.org>

\* Sebastian Kraemer <kraemer@cs.uni-potsdam.de>

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\*  
 \* Modifications: Added PACKET\_MMAP support  
 \* Paolo Abeni <paolo.abeni@email.it>

\*  
 \* based on previous works of:  
 \* Simon Patarin <patarin@cs.unibo.it>  
 \* Phil Wood <cpw@lanl.gov>

\*  
 \* Monitor-mode support for mac80211 includes code taken from the iw  
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\* pcap-sita.c: Packet capture interface additions for SITA ACN devices

\*

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\*

\* @(#) \$Id: arcnet.h,v 1.2 2001-04-24 02:17:52 guy Exp \$ (LBL)

\*

\* from: NetBSD: if\_arc.h,v 1.13 1999/11/19 20:41:19 thorpej Exp

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\* @(#) \$Header: /tcpdump/master/libpcap/atmuni31.h,v 1.3 2007-10-22 19:28:58 guy Exp \$ (LBL)



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*
* @(#) $Header: /tcpdump/master/libpcap/nlpid.h,v 1.2 2002-12-06 00:01:34 hannes Exp $ (Juniper)
*/
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\*  
\* Basic USB data struct  
\* By Paolo Abeni <paolo.abeni@email.it>  
\*  
\* @(#) \$Header: /tcpdump/master/libpcap/pcap/usb.h,v 1.9 2008-12-23 20:13:29 guy Exp \$  
\*/

## 1.43 libtool 2.2.10

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Thanks go to the following people for patches and contributions:

Michael Hunold <m.hunold@gmx.de>  
for the initial saa7146 driver and its recent overhaul

Christian Theiss  
for his work on the initial Linux DVB driver

Marcus Metzler <mocm@metzlerbros.de>  
Ralph Metzler <rjkm@metzlerbros.de>  
for their continuing work on the DVB driver

Michael Holzt <kju@debian.org>  
for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacomp.it>  
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON  
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

Martin Schaller <martin@smurf.franken.de>  
for patching the cable card decoder driver

Klaus Schmidinger <Klaus.Schmidinger@cadsoft.de>  
for various fixes regarding tuning, OSD and CI stuff and his work on VDR

Steve Brown <sbrown@cortland.com>  
for his AFC kernel thread

Christoph Martin <martin@uni-mainz.de>  
for his LIRC infrared handler

Andreas Oberritter <obi@linuxtv.org>  
Dennis Noermann <dennis.noermann@noernet.de>  
Felix Domke <tmbinc@elitedvb.net>  
Florian Schirmer <jolt@tuxbox.org>  
Ronny Strutz <3des@elitedvb.de>  
Wolfram Joost <dbox2@frokaschwei.de>  
...and all the other dbox2 people  
for many bugfixes in the generic DVB Core, frontend drivers and  
their work on the dbox2 port of the DVB driver

Oliver Endriss <o.endriss@gmx.de>  
for many bugfixes

Andrew de Quincey <adq\_dvb@lidskialf.net>  
for the tda1004x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Peter Schildmann <peter.schildmann@web.de>  
for the driver for the Technisat SkyStar2 PCI DVB card

Vadim Catana <skystar@moldova.cc>  
Roberto Ragusa <r.ragusa@libero.it>  
Augusto Cardoso <augusto@carhil.net>  
for all the work for the FlexCopII chipset by B2C2,Inc.

Davor Emard <emard@softhome.net>  
for his work on the budget drivers, the demux code,  
the module unloading problems, ...

Hans-Frieder Vogt <hfvogt@arcor.de>  
for his work on calculating and checking the crc's for the  
TechnoTrend/Hauppage DEC driver firmware

Michael Dreher <michael@5dot1.de>  
Andreas 'randy' Weinberger  
for the support of the Fujitsu-Siemens Activy budget DVB-S

Kenneth Aafly <ke-aa@frisurf.no>  
for adding support for Typhoon DVB-S budget card

Ernst Peinlich <e.peinlich@inode.at>  
for tuning/DiSEqC support for the DEC 3000-s

Peter Beutner <p.beutner@gmx.net>  
for the IR code for the ttusb-dec driver

Wilson Michaels <wilsonmichaels@earthlink.net>  
for the lgd330x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@m1k.net>  
for maintaining v4l/dvb inter-tree dependencies

Taylor Jacob <rtjacob@earthlink.net>  
for the nxt2002 frontend driver

Jean-Francois Thibert <jeanfrancois@sagetv.com>  
for the nxt2004 frontend driver

Kirk Lapray <kirk.lapray@gmail.com>  
for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and  
for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a  
single nxt200x frontend driver.

(If you think you should be in this list, but you are not, drop a line to the DVB mailing list)

Contributors to bttv:

Michael Chu <mmchu@pobox.com>  
AverMedia fix and more flexible card recognition

Alan Cox <alan@lxorguk.ukuu.org.uk>  
Video4Linux interface and 2.1.x kernel adaptation

Chris Kleitsch  
Hardware I2C

Gerd Knorr <kraxel@cs.tu-berlin.de>  
Radio card (ITT sound processor)

bigfoot <bigfoot@net-way.net>  
Ragnar Hojland Espinosa <ragnar@macula.net>  
ConferenceTV card

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```
/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
*
* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
* http://www.hypermall.com/
* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
* and spelling mistakes.
* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
* re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
*
* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
*
* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
*
* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
* see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
*
* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
* SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
* buffers. This is done by 2 things:
* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
*    combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
*    recycle large data buffers
* 2) skb_clone of received buffers
* See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
* details.
*
*
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```

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\* Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.  
\*  
\* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996  
\*  
\*  
\*/

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Please keep the following list in alphabetical order.

Suman Anna  
Sripal Bagadia  
Felipe Balbi  
Ohad Ben-Cohen  
Phil Carmody  
Deepak Chitriki  
Felipe Contreras  
Hiroshi Doyu  
Seth Forshee  
Ivan Gomez Castellanos  
Mark Grosen  
Ramesh Gupta G  
Fernando Guzman Lugo  
Axel Haslam  
Janet Head  
Shivananda Hebbar  
Hari Kanigeri  
Tony Lindgren  
Antonio Luna  
Hari Nagalla

Nishanth Menon  
Ameya Palande  
Vijay Pasam  
Gilbert Pitney  
Omar Ramirez Luna  
Ernesto Ramos  
Chris Ring  
Larry Schiefer  
Rebecca Schultz Zavin  
Bhavin Shah  
Andy Shevchenko  
Jeff Taylor  
Roman Tereshonkov  
Armando Uribe de Leon  
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Wenbiao Wang

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## 1.47 Izma 4.57

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LZMA SDK 4.57

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LZMA is default and general compression method of 7z format in 7-Zip compression program ([www.7-zip.org](http://www.7-zip.org)). LZMA provides high compression ratio and very fast decompression.

LZMA is an improved version of famous LZ77 compression algorithm. It was improved in way of maximum increasing of compression ratio, keeping high decompression speed and low memory requirements for decompressing.

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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## 1.49 m4 1.4.15

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```
@smallexample
@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
```

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@end smallexample

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```
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This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type @samp{show w}.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type @samp{show c} for details.
@end smallexample
```

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# 1.50 mksquashfs 4.2

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## 1.51 mpc 0.9

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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## 1.56 openswan 2.6.39

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The Debian package was created from scratch with some hints taken from previous freeswan packages by Tommi Virtanen and Aaron Johnson.

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\* lib/libdns/dst\_internal.h

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\* lib/libcrypto/liboswcrypto/cryptodev.c

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ppp-2.4.1/include/net/slcompress.h

ppp-2.4.1/include/net/vjcompress.h

ppp-2.4.1/modules/vjcompress.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppstats/pppstats.c

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ppp-2.4.1/include/linux/if\_pppvar.h

ppp-2.4.1/include/linux/if\_ppp.h

ppp-2.4.1/include/net/if\_ppp.h

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/auth.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/fsm.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/fsm.h

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/ipcp.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/ipcp.h

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/ipv6cp.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/ipv6cp.h

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/ipxcp.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/ipxcp.h

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/lcp.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/lcp.h

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/magic.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/magic.h

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/main.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/options.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/pppd.h

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/sys-linux.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/tty.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/upap.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/upap.h

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ppp-2.4.1/common/zlib.c

ppp-2.4.1/common/zlib.h

ppp-2.4.1/pppdump/zlib.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppdump/zlib.h

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ppp-2.4.1/pppd/auth.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/chap.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/chap.h

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/demand.c

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ppp-2.4.1/include/linux/if\_pppvar.h  
ppp-2.4.1/include/linux/ppp-comp.h  
ppp-2.4.1/include/linux/ppp\_defs.h  
ppp-2.4.1/include/net/ppp-comp.h  
ppp-2.4.1/include/net/ppp\_defs.h  
ppp-2.4.1/include/net/pppio.h  
ppp-2.4.1/modules/deflate.c  
ppp-2.4.1/modules/if\_ppp.c  
ppp-2.4.1/modules/ppp.c  
ppp-2.4.1/modules/ppp\_ahdlc.c  
ppp-2.4.1/modules/ppp\_comp.c  
ppp-2.4.1/pppd/ccp.c  
ppp-2.4.1/pppd/ccp.h  
ppp-2.4.1/pppd/sys-solaris.c  
ppp-2.4.1/pppd/sys-sunos4.c  
ppp-2.4.1/pppdump/deflate.c  
ppp-2.4.1/pppdump/ppp-comp.h  
ppp-2.4.1/solaris/ppp.c  
ppp-2.4.1/solaris/ppp\_ahdlc.c  
ppp-2.4.1/solaris/ppp\_comp.c  
ppp-2.4.1/solaris/ppp\_comp\_mod.c  
ppp-2.4.1/solaris/ppp\_mod.c  
ppp-2.4.1/svr4/ppp\_comp\_mod.c  
ppp-2.4.1/svr4/ppp\_mod.c

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ppp-2.4.1/pppd/chap.h

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ppp-2.4.1/pppd/eui64.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/eui64.h

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/ipv6cp.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/ipv6cp.h

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ppp-2.4.1/pppd/md5.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/md5.h

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ppp-2.4.1/modules/ppp\_ahdlc.c

ppp-2.4.1/pppd/sys-solaris.c

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## 1.59 pptp 1.7.2

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an implementation of the PPTP protocol

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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```

```
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```

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```
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```

```
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## 1.60 radvd 1.8

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/\*

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\*

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\*

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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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 *
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 *****/
```

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#
#:>
#*/

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```

```

*
* Based on original libipq.c,
* Author: James Morris <jmorris@intercode.com.au>
* 07-11-2001 Modified by Fernando Anton to add support for IPv6.
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*
*/
/* libnfnetlink.c: generic library for communication with netfilter
*
* (C) 2002-2006 by Harald Welte <laforge@gnumonks.org>
* (C) 2006 by Pablo Neira Ayuso <pablo@netfilter.org>
*
* Based on some original ideas from Jay Schulist <jschlst@samba.org>
*
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*
* 2005-09-14 Pablo Neira Ayuso <pablo@netfilter.org>:
*   Define structure nfnlhdr
*   Added __be64_to_cpu function
*   Use NFA_TYPE macro to get the attribute type
*
* 2006-01-14 Harald Welte <laforge@netfilter.org>:
*   introduce nfnl_subsys_handle
*
* 2006-01-15 Pablo Neira Ayuso <pablo@netfilter.org>:
*   set missing subsys_id in nfnl_subsys_open
*   set missing nfnlh->local.nl_pid in nfnl_open
*
* 2006-01-26 Harald Welte <laforge@netfilter.org>:
*   remove bogus nfnlh->local.nl_pid from nfnl_open ;)
*   add 16bit attribute functions
*
* 2006-07-03 Pablo Neira Ayuso <pablo@netfilter.org>:
*   add iterator API
*   add replacements for nfnl_listen and nfnl_talk

```

```
* fix error handling
* add assertions
* add documentation
* minor cleanups
*/
/* iftable - table of network interfaces
*
* (C) 2004 by Astaro AG, written by Harald Welte <hwelte@astaro.com>
*
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*
*/
```

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/\*

Mode switching tool for controlling flip flop (multiple device) USB gear  
Version 1.0.5, 2009/08/26

Copyright (C) 2007, 2008, 2009 Josua Dietze (mail to "usb\_admin" at the domain from the README; please do not post the complete address to The Net! Or write a personal message through the forum to "Josh")

Command line parsing, decent usage/config output/handling, bugfixes and advanced options added by:  
Joakim Wennergren (jokedst) (gmail.com)

TargetClass parameter implementation to support new Option devices/firmware:  
Paul Hardwick (<http://www.pharscape.org>)

Created with initial help from:  
"usbsnoop2libusb.pl" by Timo Lindfors (<http://iki.fi/lindi/usb/usbsnoop2libusb.pl>)

Config file parsing stuff borrowed from:  
Guillaume Dargaud (<http://www.gdargaud.net/Hack/SourceCode.html>)

Hexstr2bin function borrowed from:  
Jouni Malinen ([http://hostap.epitest.fi/wpa\\_supplicant](http://hostap.epitest.fi/wpa_supplicant), from "common.c")

Code, fixes and ideas from:

Aki Makkonen  
Denis Sutter  
Lucas Benedicic  
Roman Laube  
Vincent Teoh  
Tommy Cheng  
Daniel Cooper  
Andrew Bird  
Steven Fernandez

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## 1.74 xtmrt 0.3

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## 1.75 xz 5.0.3

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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```

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```
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```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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Version 2, June 1991

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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That's all there is to it!

/\*

\* zebra daemon main routine.

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\*

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