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<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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AUTOCONF CONFIGURE SCRIPT EXCEPTION

Version 3.0, 18 August 2009

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1.2 automake 1.11.1 :1.2.el6

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Version 2, June 1991

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
```

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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1.3 binutils 2.21.1.1a

1.3.1 Available under license :

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1.4 bootenv 0.0.1

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-- John W. Linville
LVL7 Systems, Inc.
04/22/2003

From - Tue Apr 22 15:12:58 2003
X-Mozilla-Status: 0001
X-Mozilla-Status2: 00000000
Received: from nobody.lpr.e-technik.tu-muenchen.de ([129.187.151.1]) by lv17ser4.lv17.com with SMTP (Microsoft Exchange Internet Mail Service Version 5.5.2650.21) id 20WHF7CF; Sat, 19 Apr 2003 10:57:27 -0400
Received: from metrowerks.com (ernie.lpr.e-technik.tu-muenchen.de [129.187.151.192]) by nobody.lpr.e-technik.tu-muenchen.de (8.11.6/8.11.6) with ESMTP id h3JErII07056 for <linville@lv17.com>; Sat, 19 Apr 2003 16:53:47 +0200
Message-ID: <3EA162E8.9030201@metrowerks.com>
Date: Sat, 19 Apr 2003 16:53:28 +0200
From: Bernhard Kuhn <bkuhn@metrowerks.com>
X-Accept-Language: en-us, en
MIME-Version: 1.0
To: "John W. Linville" <linville@lv17.com>
Subject: Re: bootenv binary
References: <3EA0785D.7050603@lv17.com>
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii; format=flowed

Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit

John W. Linville wrote:

> Is the bootenv binary covered by the GPL?

Yes, i will add a license file by time :-)

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1.9 curl 7.56.1

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libcurl can be built to use a fair amount of various third party libraries, libraries that are written and provided by other parties that are distributed using their own licenses. Even libcurl itself contains code that may cause problems to some. This document attempts to describe what licenses libcurl and the other libraries use and what possible dilemmas linking and mixing them all

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1.10 dnscrypt-proxy 1.9.5

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1.11 fakeroot 1.20

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1.12 gawk 4.0.0 :r1

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1.13 gcc 4.5.3

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That's all there is to it!

GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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1.17 kernel 2.6.36.4

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1.20 libnetconf 0.10

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1.22 libtool 2.2.10

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1.26 mDNSResponder 107.6

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1.31 net-snmp 5.4.2.1

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1.32 ntp 4.2.6

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31. [34]Lars H. Mathiesen <thorinn@diku.dk> adaptation of foundation code for Version 3 as specified in RFC-1305
32. [35]Danny Mayer <mayer@ntp.org>Network I/O, Windows Port, Code Maintenance
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1.37 python 2.7.12

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# $Id: ElementInclude.py 1862 2004-06-18 07:31:02Z Fredrik $
#
# limited xinclude support for element trees
#
# history:
# 2003-08-15 fl created
# 2003-11-14 fl fixed default loader
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Mersenne Twister

The `:mod:'_random'` module includes code based on a download from
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A C-program for MT19937, with initialization improved 2002/1/26.
Coded by Takuji Nishimura and Makoto Matsumoto.

Before using, initialize the state by using `init_genrand(seed)`
or `init_by_array(init_key, key_length)`.

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Any feedback is very welcome.

<http://www.math.keio.ac.jp/matumoto/emt.html>

email: matumoto@math.keio.ac.jp

Sockets

The `:mod:'socket'` module uses the functions, `:func:'getaddrinfo'`, and `:func:'getnameinfo'`, which are coded in separate source files from the WIDE Project, <http://www.wide.ad.jp/>. ::

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MD5 message digest algorithm

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L. Peter Deutsch
ghost@aladdin.com

Independent implementation of MD5 (RFC 1321).

This code implements the MD5 Algorithm defined in RFC 1321, whose text is available at

<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1321.txt>

The code is derived from the text of the RFC, including the test suite (section A.5) but excluding the rest of Appendix A. It does not include any code or documentation that is identified in the RFC as being copyrighted.

The original and principal author of md5.h is L. Peter Deutsch <ghost@aladdin.com>. Other authors are noted in the change history that follows (in reverse chronological order):

- 2002-04-13 lpd Removed support for non-ANSI compilers; removed references to Ghostscript; clarified derivation from RFC 1321; now handles byte order either statically or dynamically.
- 1999-11-04 lpd Edited comments slightly for automatic TOC extraction.
- 1999-10-18 lpd Fixed typo in header comment (ansi2knr rather than md5); added conditionalization for C++ compilation from Martin Purschke <purschke@bnl.gov>.
- 1999-05-03 lpd Original version.

Asynchronous socket services

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UUencode and UUdecode functions

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Modified by Jack Jansen, CWI, July 1995:

- Use binascii module to do the actual line-by-line conversion between ascii and binary. This results in a 1000-fold speedup. The C version is still 5 times faster, though.
- Arguments more compliant with python standard

XML Remote Procedure Calls

The :mod:'xmlrpc' module contains the following notice::

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Select kqueue

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/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
version 1.2.3, July 18th, 2005

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Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler
jloup@gzip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt> (zlib format), [rfc1951.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1951.txt) (deflate format) and [rfc1952.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1952.txt) (gzip format).

*/

/*

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*/

```

# '$echo "$cfgfile" | sed 's%^.*/%%' - Provide generalized library-building support services.
# Generated automatically by $PROGRAM (GNU $PACKAGE $VERSION$TIMESTAMP)
# NOTE: Changes made to this file will be lost: look at ltmain.sh.
#
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/* microprotocols.c - minimalist and non-validating protocols implementation

*

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Name: CP1140

Unicode version: 3.2

Table version: 1.0

```
# Table format:   Format A
# Date:          2005-10-25
# Authors:       Marc-Andre Lemburg <mal@egenix.com>
#
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/* -----

```

unicodedata -- Provides access to the Unicode 5.1 data base.

Data was extracted from the Unicode 5.1 UnicodeData.txt file.

Written by Marc-Andre Lemburg (mal@lemburg.com).

Modified for Python 2.0 by Fredrik Lundh (fredrik@pythonware.com)

Modified by Martin v. L"wis (martin@v.loewis.de)

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----- */
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CRIS Foreign Function Interface

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/* -----

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IA64/unix Foreign Function Interface

Original author: Hans Boehm, HP Labs

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M32R Foreign Function Interface

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```
----- */
/* Random objects */
```

```
/* -----
The code in this module was based on a download from:
http://www.math.keio.ac.jp/~matumoto/MT2002/emt19937ar.html
```

It was modified in 2002 by Raymond Hettinger as follows:

- * the principal computational lines untouched except for tabbing.

- * renamed `genrand_res53()` to `random_random()` and wrapped in python calling/return code.

- * `genrand_int32()` and the helper functions, `init_genrand()` and `init_by_array()`, were declared static, wrapped in Python calling/return code. also, their global data

references were replaced with structure references.

* unused functions from the original were deleted.
new, original C python code was added to implement the
Random() interface.

The following are the verbatim comments from the original code:

A C-program for MT19937, with initialization improved 2002/1/26.
Coded by Takuji Nishimura and Makoto Matsumoto.

Before using, initialize the state by using `init_genrand(seed)`
or `init_by_array(init_key, key_length)`.

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#-----
#
# Module Name: dbShelve.py
#
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#
# Creation Date: 11/3/97 3:39:04PM
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# -- Gregory P. Smith <greg@krypto.org>
#
# $Id: test_dbtables.py 66088 2008-08-31 14:00:51Z jesus.cea $
# Original version written by Greg Stein (gstein@lyra.org)
# and Bill Tutt (rassilon@lima.mudlib.org)
# February 1997.
#

```

```
# Modifications and improvements for Python 2.0 by Jeremy Hylton and
# Mark Hammond
#
# Some fixes to try to have correct line number on almost all nodes
# (except Module, Discard and Stmt) added by Sylvain Thenault
#
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A. HISTORY OF THE SOFTWARE

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see <http://www.opensource.org> for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

Release	Derived from	Year	Owner	GPL-compatible? (1)
0.9.0 thru 1.2		1991-1995	CWI	yes
1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes

1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2 and above	2.1.1	2001-now	PSF	yes

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```
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```

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```

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Return-Path: <gsf@research.att.com>

X-Original-To: mps@bridge.intra

Delivered-To: mps@bridge.intra

Received: from localhost (localhost [127.0.0.1])

by localhost (Postfix) with ESMTP id B8C814E4F

for <mps@bridge.intra>; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:30:53 +0100 (CET)

Received: from mail.bridge.intra ([127.0.0.1])

by localhost (lnx.bridge.intra [127.0.0.1]) (amavisd-new, port 10024)
with LMTP id 05987-03 for <mps@bridge.intra>;
Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:30:42 +0100 (CET)
Received: from pop.gmx.net (localhost [127.0.0.1])
by mail.bridge.intra (Postfix) with ESMTP id C8C73794D
for <mps@bridge.intra>; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:30:38 +0100 (CET)
X-Flags: 0000
Delivered-To: GMX delivery to ps.m@gmx.net
Received: (qmail invoked by alias); 01 Mar 2006 19:23:46 -0000
Received: from mail-red.research.att.com (EHLO mail-white.research.att.com) [192.20.225.110]
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by raptor.research.att.com (SGI-8.9.3p2/8.8.7) id OAA86112
for ps.m@gmx.net; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST)
Date: Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST)
From: Glenn Fowler <gsf@research.att.com>
Message-Id: <200603011923.OAA86112@raptor.research.att.com>
Organization: AT&T Research
X-Mailer: mailx (AT&T/BSD) 9.9 2005-04-21
Mime-Version: 1.0
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit
References: <Pine.LNX.4.44.0603012011250.6386-100000@lnx.bridge.intra>
To: mps@bridge.intra
Subject: Re: testregex licensing question
X-GMX-Antivirus: -1 (not scanned, may not use virus scanner)
X-GMX-Antispam: 0 (Mail was not recognized as spam)
X-GMX-UID: lJF3ZO9DeSEkJ2TcbHQhaXNlIGRvb0Ca
X-Virus-Scanned: by amavisd-new at localhost
Status: RO
X-Status:
X-Keywords:
X-UID: 44736

you may include it directly
retain the testregex.c header comment
it uses a very free license to maximize distribution
you can copy that .c comment to any test data files you use
using # comment style to be complete

let me know how it works with your libc
also pass on any new tests you cook up

On Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:15:02 +0100 (CET) Peter S. Mazinger wrote:
> Hello Glenn!

> I would want to add testregex.c and the related *.dat files to the uClibc
> testsuite. uClibc is licensed under LGPL v2.1. I haven't found any
> licensing related info on testregex.

> Is it allowed to use the code there, or should I accomodate the testsuite
> to download the needed files from the original site each time it is ran?

> Thanks, Peter

> --

> Peter S. Mazinger <ps dot m at gmx dot net> ID: 0xA5F059F2
> Key fingerprint = 92A4 31E1 56BC 3D5A 2D08 BB6E C389 975E A5F0 59F2

1.41 wide-dhcpv6 2.0080615E7

1.41.1 Available under license :

\$KAME: COPYRIGHT,v 1.2 2004/07/29 19:02:18 jinmei Exp \$

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1.42 Winpcap 4.1.3

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wpa_supplicant and hostapd v0.6.x

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Source code files have been moved around in v0.6.x releases and compared to earlier releases, the programs are now build by first going to a subdirectory (wpa_supplicant or hostapd) and creating build configuration (.config) and running 'make' there (for Linux/BSD/cygwin builds).

1.44 xz 5.0.3

1.44.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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1.45 zlib 1.2.1.1

1.45.1 Available under license :

/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
version 1.2.1.1, January 9th, 2004

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1.46 zlib 1.2.5

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