



Application optimization using WAAS



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Agenda

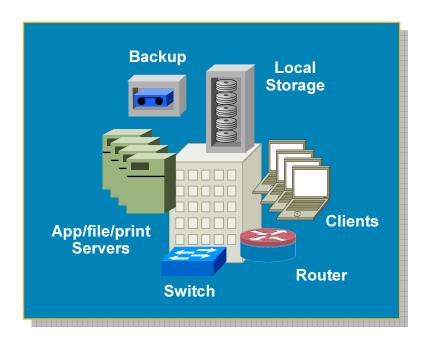


- 1. WAAS Introduction
- 2. Improved Application Performance
- 3. WAAS for DC to DC Replication
- 4. Virtualized Branch Service
- 5. WAAS Mobile

WAAS Introduction



Growing Trend: Consolidate Branch Office



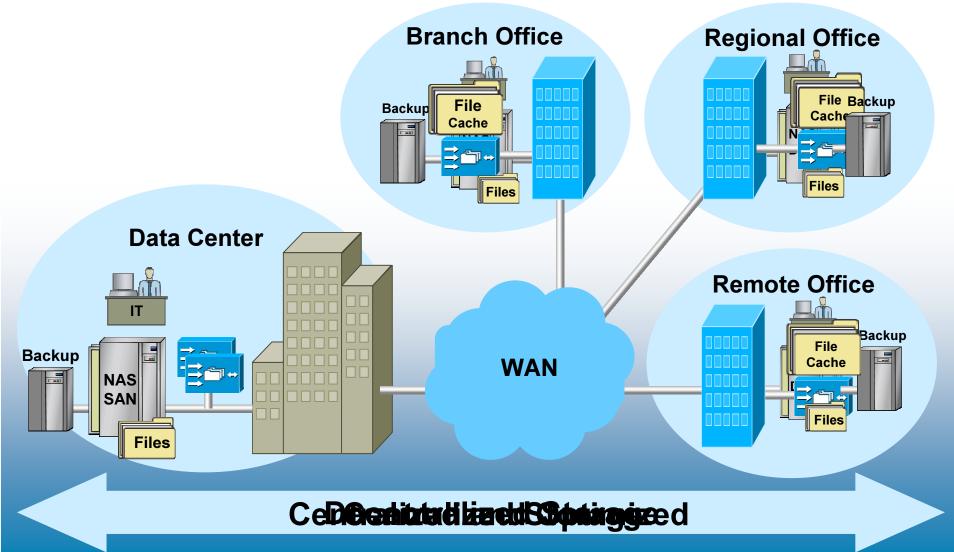
"...an average of 6.9 devices per branch"

Source: Nemertes Research

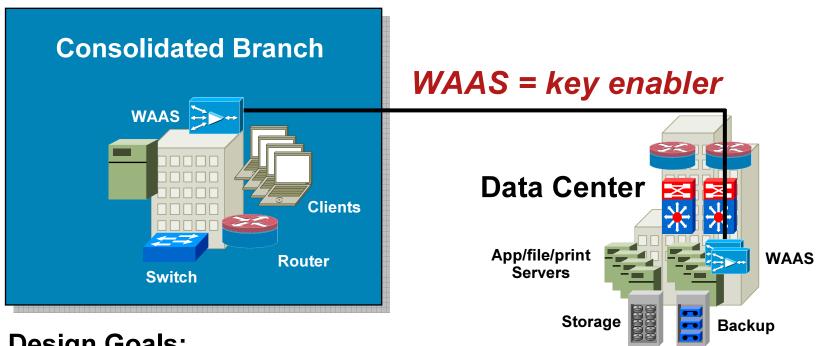
Major Branch Issues

- 1. Application performance
 - Bandwidth limitations
 - Latency / jitter / chattiness
- 2. Infrastructure cost / complexity
 - File, print & email servers
 - Storage & backup
 - WAN bandwidth
- 3. Data protection
 - Failing backups / lost data
 - Compliance

WAAS File Services Introduction

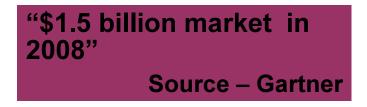


Cisco Vision: The Consolidated Branch



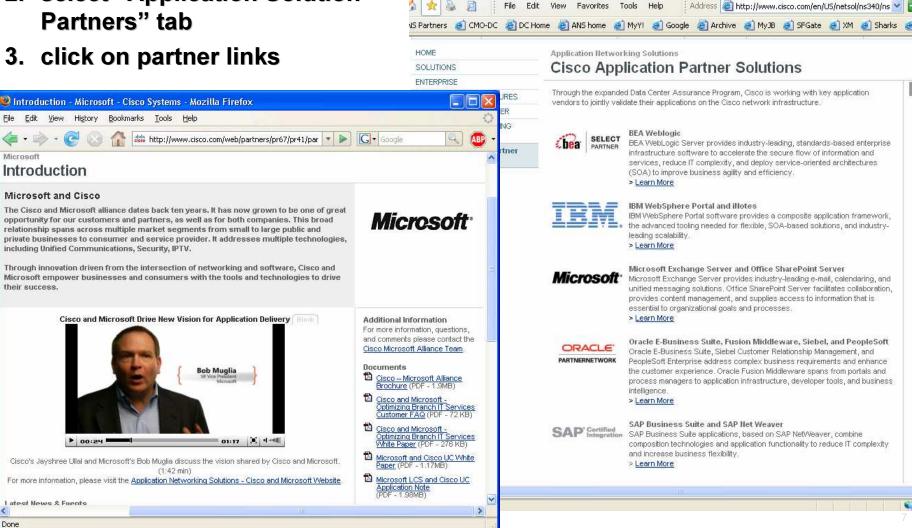
Design Goals:

- Fewer local servers / no storage
- **Continued LAN-level performance**
- Ability to leverage centralized apps
- Preserve services of existing network



Partnerships with Key App Vendors

- 1. cisco.com/go/optimizemyapp
- 2. select "Application Solution Partners" tab



er Solutions [Application Networking Solutions] - Cisco Systems - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided

Seamless, Transparent Integration

1. Seamless integration with the packet network with high availability, load-balancing, and failover

WCCPv2

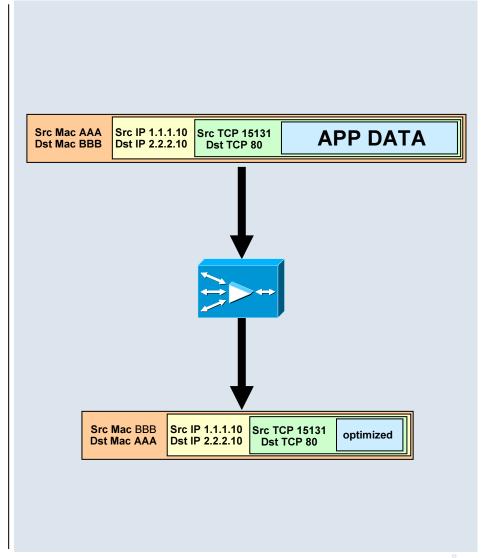
Policy-Based Routing

- Full preservation of L3/L4 packet header information (IP/TCP)
- Compliance with network value-3. added features

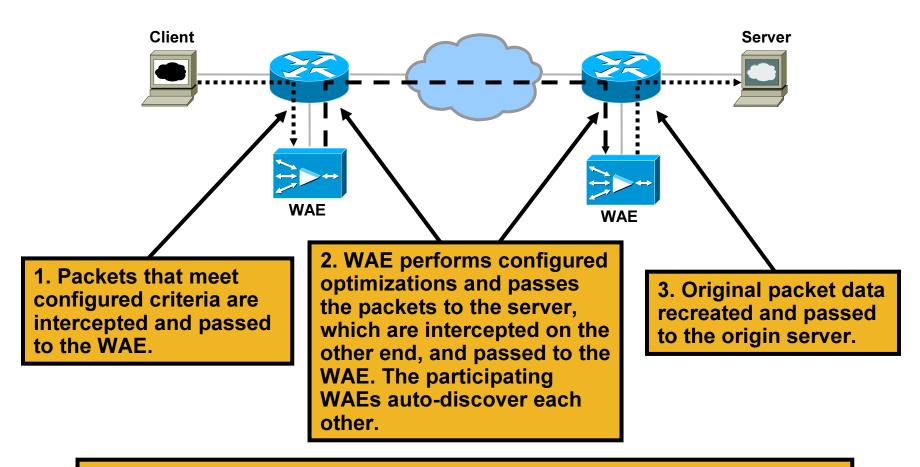
Classification - QoS, NBAR, Queuing, Policing, Shaping

Security - Firewall policies, Access Control Lists

Reporting - NetFlow, monitoring



WAAS base network



4. The connection is "spoofed" and return traffic passes through the same transparent interception and optimizations on the return path.

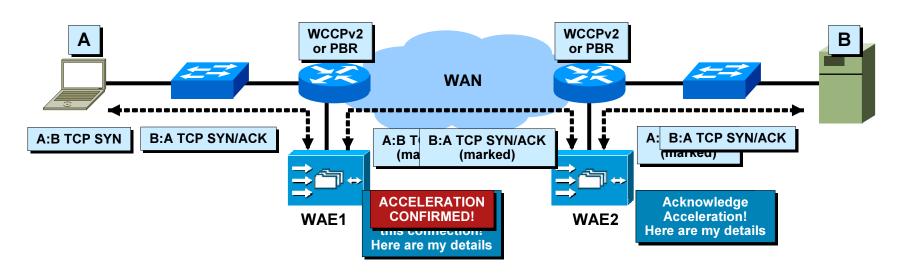
Cisco WAAS Auto-Discovery

1. Cisco WAE devices automatically discover one another and negotiate optimization capabilities

Performed per TCP connection

Flexible optimization configuration

Exchange of peer capabilities and limitations



Accelerates Broad Range of Applications

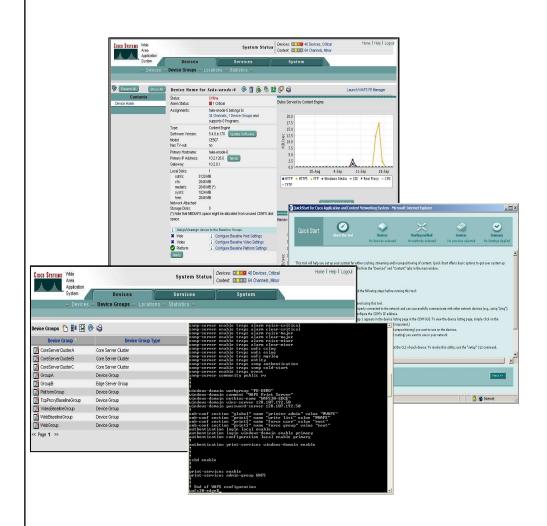
Application	Application Protocol	Improvement
File Sharing	Windows (CIFS)	• 2X-400X
	• UNIX (NFS)	
E-mail	• Exchange (MAPI)	
	• SMTP/POP3, IMAP	• 2X-50X
	• Notes	
Internet / Intranet	• HTTP, HTTPS, WebDAV	• 2X-50X
Data Transfer	• FTP	• 2X-50X
Software Distribution	• SMS (CIFS, HTTP)	• 2X-100X
	Altiris (HTTP)	• 2\\-100\\
Database Applications	• SQL	
	Oracle	• 2X-10X
	• Notes	
Data Protection	Backup Applications	• 2X-50X
	Replication Applications	• ZA-50A
Other	 Any TCP-based Application like Citrix 	• 2X-10X

- Ensures LAN-like performance for branch-based access of corporate applications
- Enables branch server and storage consolidation without affecting workflow and employee productivity
- Simple network integration enables **lower TCO**

^{*} Performance improvement varies based on user workload, compressibility of data, WAN characteristics and utilization. Actual numbers are case-specific and results may vary.

WAAS Intuitive Central Management

- Comprehensive Management Central configuration Device grouping Monitoring, statistics Alerts, reporting
- 2. Easy-to-use Interface Graphical U/I, Wizards IOS CLI Roles-based administration
- 3. Proven Scalability 1000's of nodes Redundancy and recovery

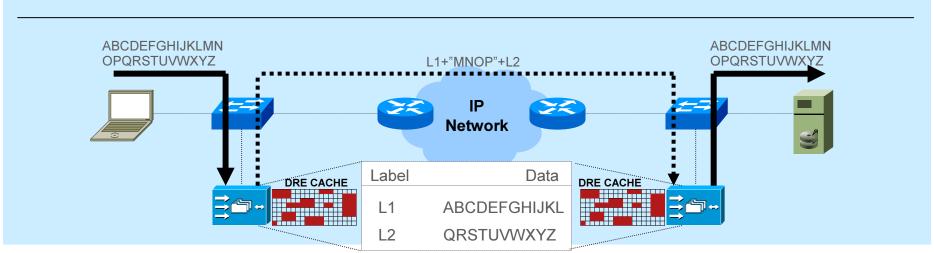


Data Redundancy Elimination

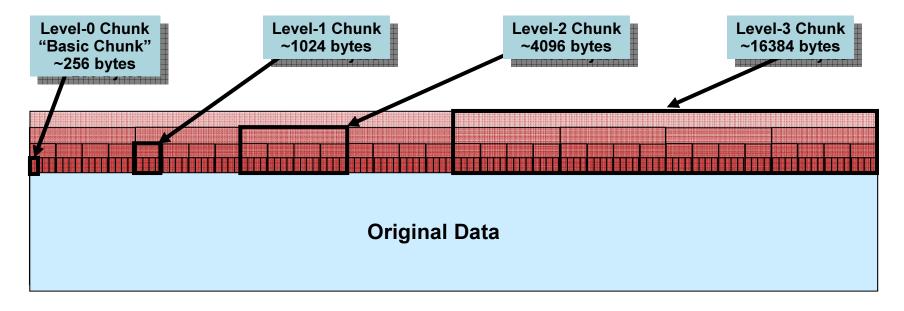


Data Redundancy Elimination (DRE)

- Reduce overall WAN consumption based on redundancy
 Maintain active database of previously sent and received traffic
 Send database index on behalf of traffic that has been seen before
 Realize 5x 50x compression, minimize WAN bandwidth consumption
- Compress all outbound traffic with LZ compression
 Additional 2x compression beyond data suppression
 Very good compression for non-redundant data

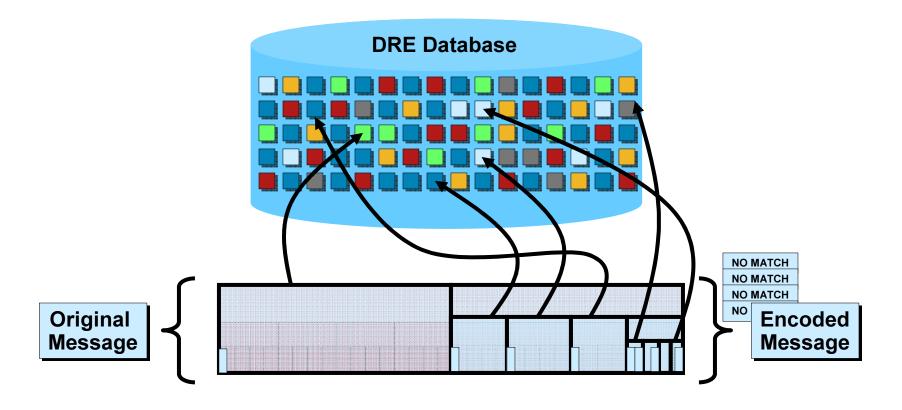


DRE Chunk Identification



1. Each chunk is assigned a 5-byte signature

DRE Pattern Matching





TCP Flow Optimization



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Cisco WAAS Transport Flow Optimizations

 Cisco WAAS Transport Flow Optimizations (TFO) is designed to overcome common challenges associated with standard TCP implementations

Window Scaling – capitalize on available bandwidth

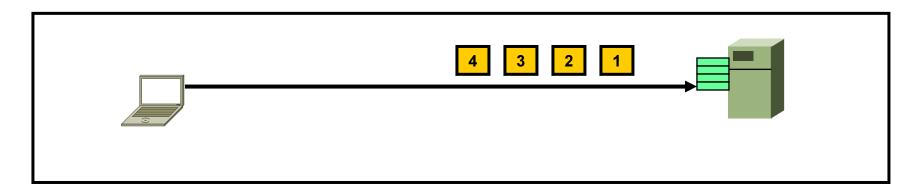
Large Initial Windows – maximize transmission after connection establishment for short-lived connections

Selective Acknowledgement – efficient packet loss recovery and retransmission mechanisms

Binary Increase Congestion (BIC) – quick return to maximum throughput upon congestion

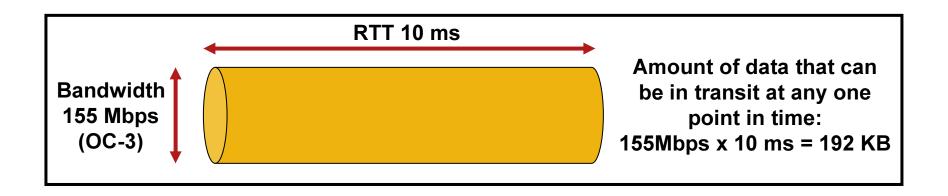
2. Currently mostly relying on "standard" optimizations

Maximum Window Size (MWS)



- 1. The Maximum Window Size (MWS) is the maximum amount of a data a node can have outstanding in the network unacknowledged
- 2. The node can not continue transmission until previous transmissions have been acknowledged
 - Problematic over LFNs Long Fat Networks "elephants"
 - Inability to fully utilize the available network resources

Bandwidth Delay Product (BDP)



1. The Bandwidth Delay Product (BDP) of a network defines the amount of data that can be in flight within a network at any one point in time

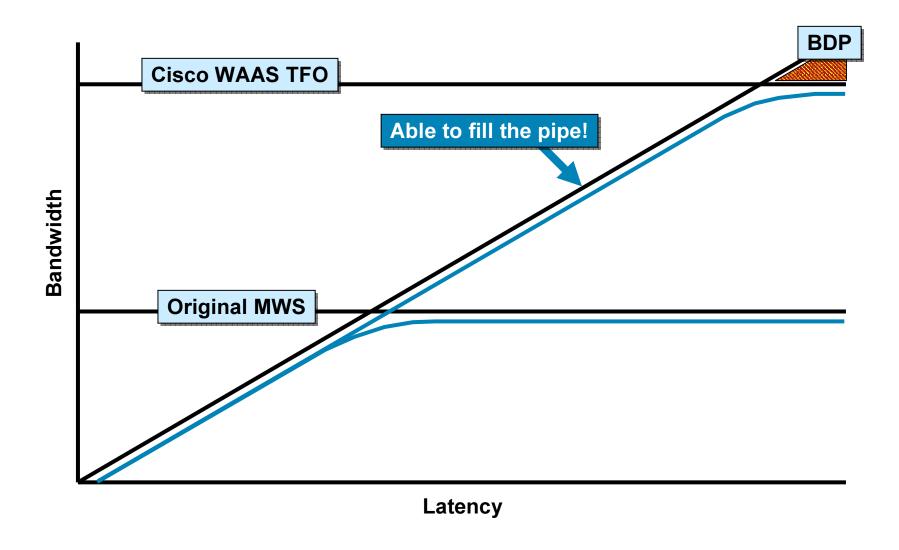
If MWS > BDP, then application may not be throughput bound (i.e. application can "fill the pipe")

If BDP > MWS, then application will not be able to fully utilize the network capacity (i.e. application can not "fill the pipe")

WAAS TFO Window Scaling

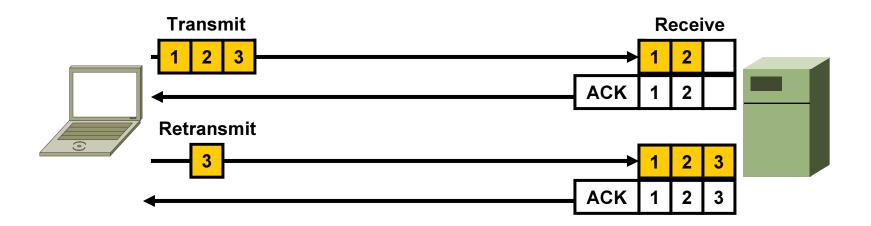
- 1. Cisco WAAS TFO window scaling (based on RFC 1323) scales the TCP window to 2MB to overcome problems with filling LFNs (Long Fat Networks)
- 2. Window Scaling applies a binary shift to the decimal value supplied in the data field

Link Utilization After Window Scaling



Selective Acknowledgement

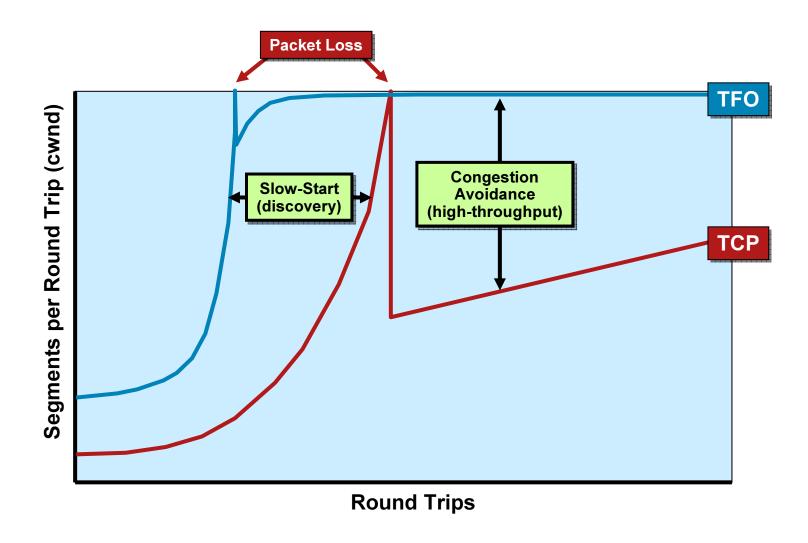
1. Cisco WAAS employs Selective Acknowledgement and extensions to improve acknowledgement of transmitted data, improve delivery of missing segments, and minimize unnecessary retransmission



Cisco WAAS Large Initial Windows

- 1. While 80% of network traffic is typically associated with long-lived connections (elephants), approximately 80% of network connections are short-lived (mice)
- 2. Short-lived connections transmit smaller numbers of packets and are torn down before ever leaving the slow-start phase of TCP
- 3. Cisco WAAS Large Initial Windows, based on RFC3390, increases initial window size to expedite entry into congestion avoidance mode for high throughput

Cisco WAAS Large Initial Windows



Improved Application Performance



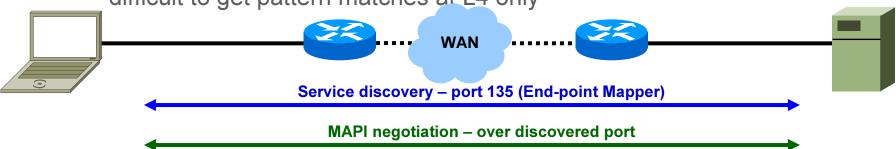
MAPI Acceleration in WAAS 4.1

1. Problem

MAPI uses MS-RPC, a chatty request-response protocol

Protocol negotiates dynamic ports – requires L7 classification for monitoring and optimization policy

Data encoding is negotiated by client and server and varies by version - difficult to get pattern matches at L4 only



2. Use Cases

Visible server response time issues for interactive users in Outlook 2000 mitigated in 2003/2007 by "Exchange Cached mode"

But cached mode increases BW usage – e.g. "Morning Rush" scenarios

Updates of Offline Address Book (OAB) = significant BW usage.

MAPI Acceleration in WAAS 4.1

Solution 1.

Improved Reduction and Compression

Better compression with our MAPI AO than native MAPI compression

Highly Effective Pattern Matching – overcomes headers, native encoding

Accelerated Send/Receive and Address Book download

Attachments and large messages optimized by read-ahead and async-write operations.



2 **Benefits**

No coherency or integrity compromise

Optimizes native Outlook 2007 operations!

Note: Requires encryption to be disabled on server

3. **Competitive Advantage**

No reverse engineering (MSFT license) = native protocol compliance

Transparent, automatic optimization based on dynamic L7 classification.

MAPI integrated w/DRE - provides better compression

No security hole of keeping sessions open after users have logged out

HTTP Acceleration in WAAS 4.1

1. **Problem**

- Slow page load on Interactive Web applications Browsers serially open and close connections to fetch small objects (e.g graphics) Latency in a connection open/close could be higher than object transmit time.

2. **Use Cases**

- Business applications such as Siebel, Business Portals and other web applications
- Servers which do not allow persistent connections due to scalability limitations or configuration
- Dynamic content results in frequent object access by browsers on page loads

3. **Solution and Benefits**

- Fast Connection Reuse eliminates need to repeatedly establish new connections
- Pipelining used over the open WAN connection per client-server pair Same connection is used for multiple requests
- No changes required on Client and Server

4. **Competitive Advantage**

Maintains HTTP client-server traffic transparency - no connection reuse across users.

More scalable – no limited-size connection pool per device

Provides optimization stats and response time savings

Integrated with SSL AO for HTTP Proxy connect support – allows explicit HTTP security proxies – required for web security proxies.

Transparent CIFS Acceleration

1. New, Transparent CIFS adapter

No configuration required

Enabled by default on all new devices

Bi-directional operation for mesh deployments

Full integration with TFO auto-discovery flow

Preposition credentials per job with CLI/GUI parity

2. Current WAFS mode available as legacy mode

Note: not interoperable with the transparent mode)

All advantages of WAFS - without the complexity!

Server Offload at Datacenter

Local serving of large objects without WAN impact

Significantly reduced storage requirements on head-end WAE

Prep No Mo

No More CIFS Tunnel!

out retransmission

NFSv3 Acceleration

1. Network File System (NFS) Protocol

Used by Unix, Linux and... Macs

2. Eliminate NFS bandwidth/latency challenges

Enhanced payload compression

Read-Ahead and Write-to-Cache for optimal data transfer

File attributes (meta-data) caching

Transparent to client and server - no config required.

Tested with IBM AIX, Linux, Solaris & leading NAS vendors

3. Typical Use Cases

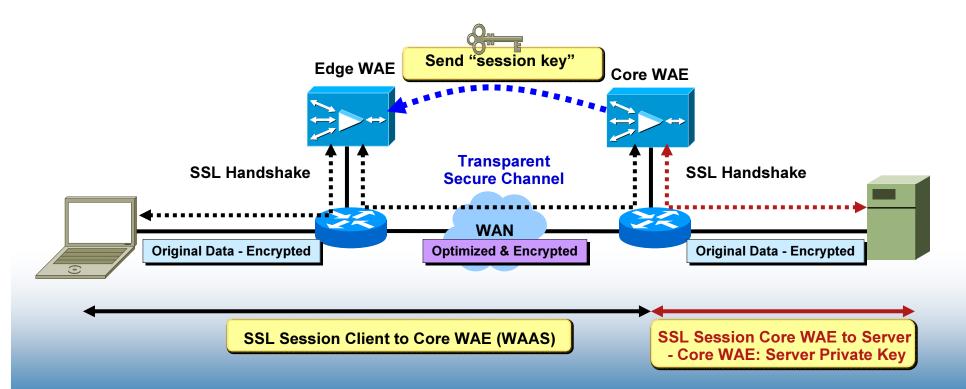
Large file transfers – e.g. scientific data

Software development & distribution

CAD applications

SSL Acceleration

- Core WAE acts as a Trusted Intermediary Node for SSL requests by client.
- 2. Private Key and Server Certificate are stored on the Core WAE device.
- 3. Core WAE participates in SSL Handshake to derive "session key"
- 4. Distributes the "session key" securely in-band to the Edge WAE over the established connection between the Edge WAE and Core WAE.



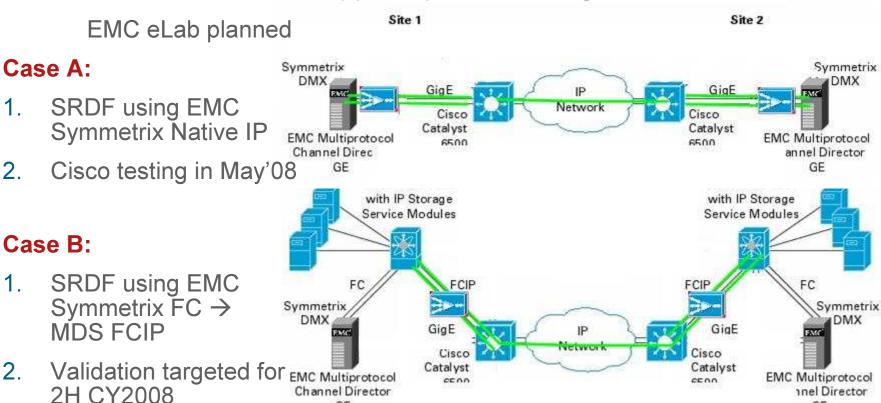
DC to DC Replication



Replication Accelerator

Available May'08

- Special device mode for DC-2-DC replication and backup On 4.0.x train - for WAE-7341 & WAE-7371
- Optimized for High Speed Links; Low Connections, Low Fan-out
- EMC SRDF and NetApp SnapMirror testing 3.



GE

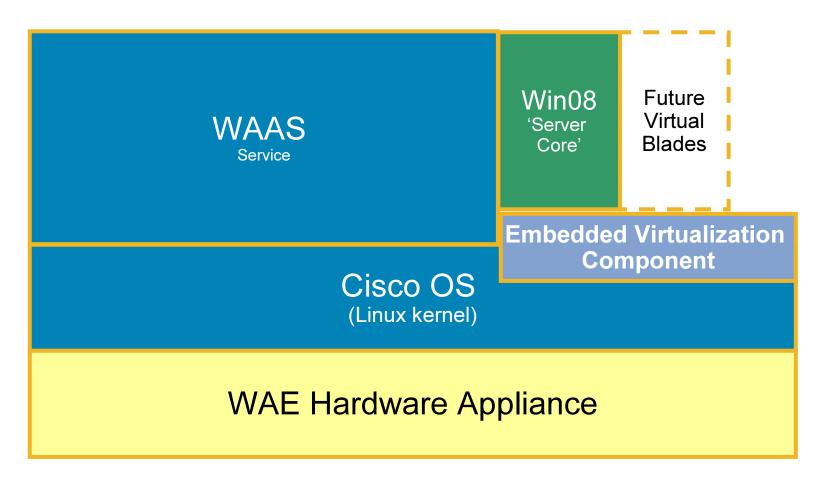
GE

WAAS Virtual blades



WAAS Virtual Blades

- Leverages new Linux Kernel Virtual Machine technology 1.
- Utilizes proven Linux scheduler and memory management
- Simpler and faster (typically 15-20%) for network services
- Microsoft and Cisco to validate "Embedded Virtualization" for Windows



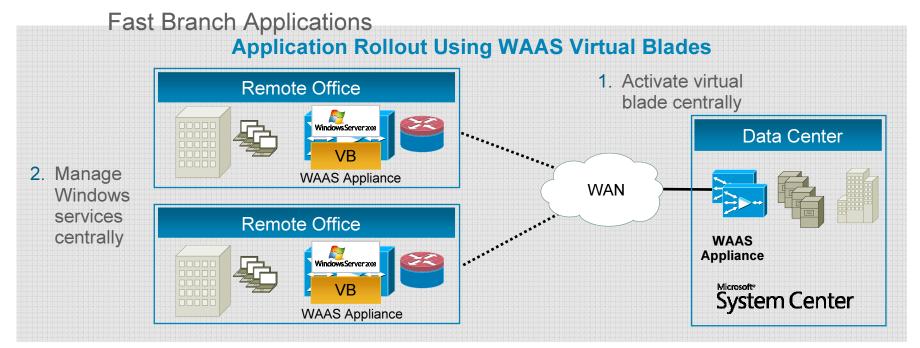
WAAS Virtual Blades – How it Works

1. WAAS provides virtualized platform for local services Windows Server 2008 Server Core pre-packaged with WAAS

2. Key Benefits:

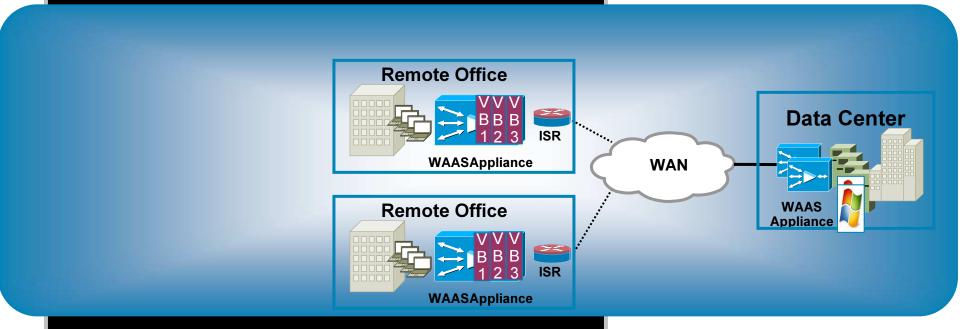
Simple, Low Cost Branch Office

Time to Service/Flexibility



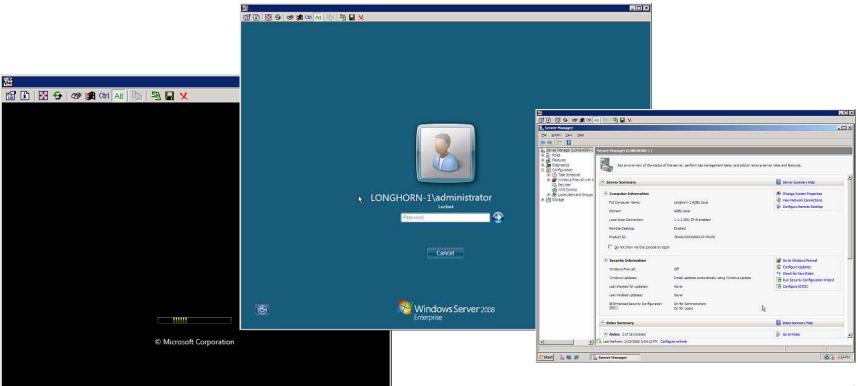
Virtual Blade – Sample Flow Allocate Resources and Deploy Image

- 1. Allocate resources and start Virtual-Blade instance Easy & Simple - from WAAS CM or from CLI
- 2. Centrally deploy server image over to WAE From CLI or WAAS CM, using FTP or HTTP



Virtual Blade – Sample Flow Boot Server and Configure

- Boot Virtual Blade
- Access Virtual Display to finalize service settings
 Using VNC, pointing to WAE IP with Virtual Blade display#



Microsoft and Cisco Solution

Microsoft Windows Server 2008 Server Core

1. Branch optimized IT services Read-only Domain Controller Print services DNS/DHCP services

Cisco WAAS with Virtualization

- 1. Complete WAN optimization + application acceleration
- Ability to host Windows services locally





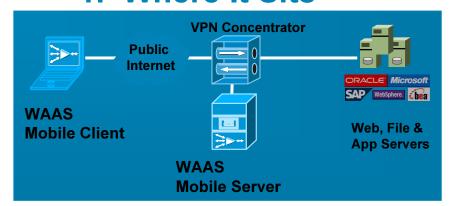
- ✓ Jointly developed architecture
- ✓ Joint customer support



Cisco WAAS Mobile Overview

Available Now!

1. Where It Sits



2. What It Does

Installs on Windows Desktop Accelerates Mobile VPN connections over the Internet

3. Why It's Better

Purpose Built for the Windows PC/Laptop	1.Not an appliance software ported to Windows OS 2.Similar to Cisco's approach with VPN client 3.Results in reliability & stability on the Windows PC
Industry-leading Performance	1.Significantly higher throughput 2.Better application performance 3.Tested under a wide range of links
Lowest TCO	1.Best reliability, stability and troubleshooting tools reduce cost of support 2.Centralized policy based management reduces deployment and support cost 3.Integration with software distribution tools reduces deployment costs

WAAS Mobile Features

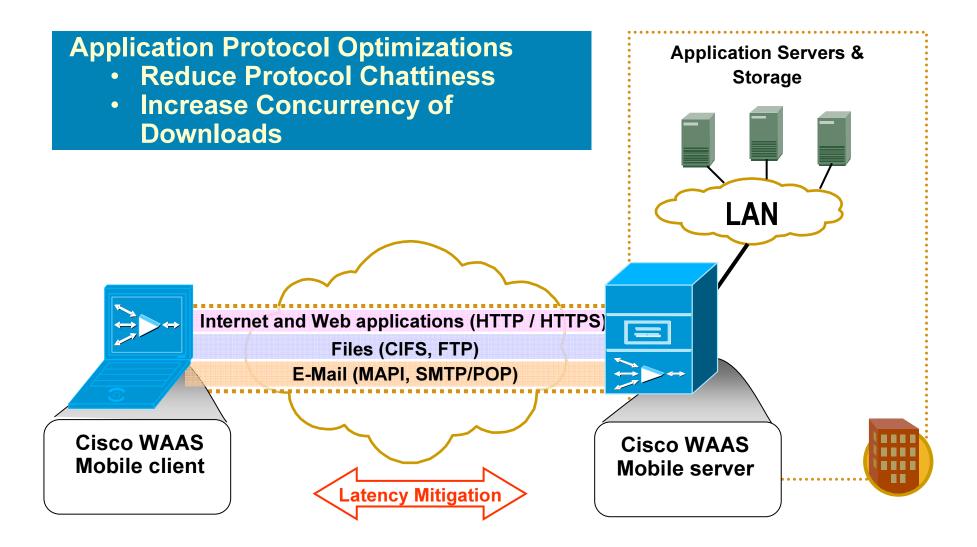
- 1. Unparalleled performance over low quality/high latency/high congestion/intermittent networks
 - Intelligent Data Transport (ITP) outperforms TCP and optimized TCP in challenging network environments
 - Persistent sessions feature maintains acceleration through network connection interruptions
- 2. Unparalleled "cold" up/download performance
 - Advanced compression encoders optimize first time up/download
- 3. Industry-leading "warm" up/download performance
 Bi-directional acceleration achieved for up/down and down/up transfers
- 4. Accelerates any size file
 - Protocol independent accelerator built on a scalable single-instance store
- Optimizes chatty application protocols HTTP/S, CIFS, MAPI, FTP, SMTP, POP
- 6. Dynamic bandwidth reservation for softphone VoIP

Unique Secure Acceleration



- 1. First and only client-based accelerator to provide:
 - ✓ HTTPS acceleration (patent pending)
 - Ensures private keys never leave the data center
 - ✓ SMB traffic protected from man-in-the-middle attack
 - Signed SMB traffic is accelerated
 - ✓ IPSEC & SSL VPN Support
 - Cisco Sonic
 - Nortel F5
 - Juniper CheckPoint
 - ✓ Data encrypted at rest (AES-256)

Application Accelerators



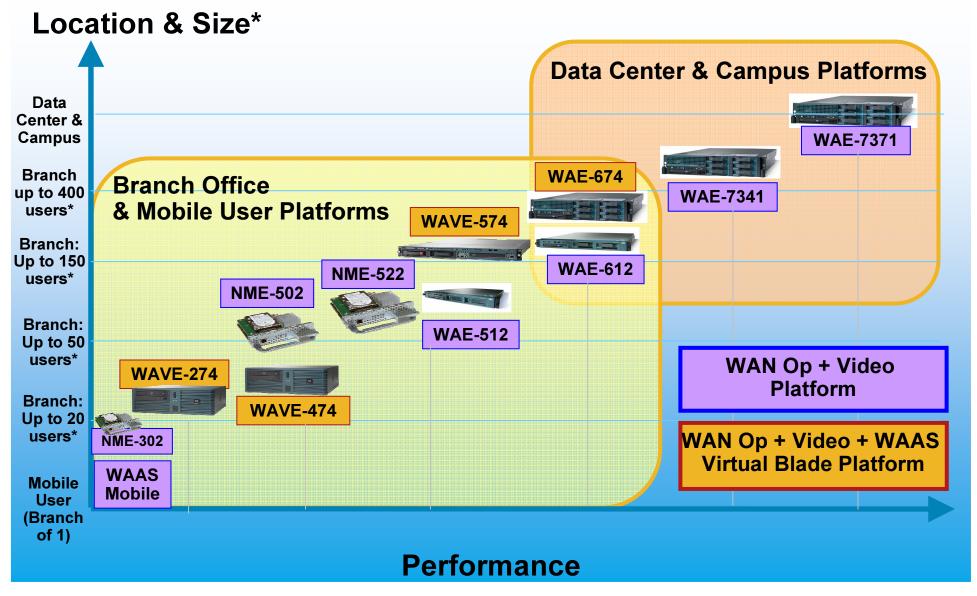
WAAS Mobile Acceleration Matrix

	Acceleration Features							
Application	Predictive Request Pipelining	Intelligent Transport Protocol (ITP)		Persistent Sessions	Signed SMB	Support Details		
Web Browsing (HTTP)	•	•	•	•		Supported browsers: Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox, Opera, Netscape		
Secure Web Browsing (HTTPS)		•	•	•		Supported browsers: Internet Explorer		
Windows File Shares (CIFS/SMB)	•	•	•		•	Supported file servers: Windows 2003/XP/2000, Samba, EMC, Novell		
Outlook/Exchange (MAPI)	•	•	•	•		All Outlook/Exchange versions, including 2007		
E-mail (POP3/SMTP)		•	•	•		Most e-mail clients, including Outlook, Outlook Express, Mozilla Thunderbird		
FTP		•	•	•		Wwide range of FTP clients, including Windows Explorer FTP Client		
Other Networked Applications		•	•	•		Any TCP traffic, including Lotus Notes, Windows Remote Desktop, Citrix		
Feature	Description							
Intelligent Transport Protocol	Outperforms TCP and optimized TCP in high latency, low bandwidth, high packet loss, and/or congested networks.							
Delta Compression	Compression is bi-directional, protocol agnostic, and accelerates any size file or data object by eliminating redundant data transmission.							
Persistent Sessions	Maintains acceleration sessions through network outages.							

Product update



WAAS Product Line Overview



^{*} Indicative sizing only. Please refer to WAAS sizing guidelines to size specific to customer requirements.

^{*} NME-302 - offers TCP Optimization & Compression only. It does not support Enterprise License Features.

Cisco Networkers Barcelona 26 – 29. January 2009.





http://www.cisco.com/web/europe/cisco-networkers/2009/index.html

