



# Technical Dive into Network Admission Control and Next Generation Event Management (MARS)



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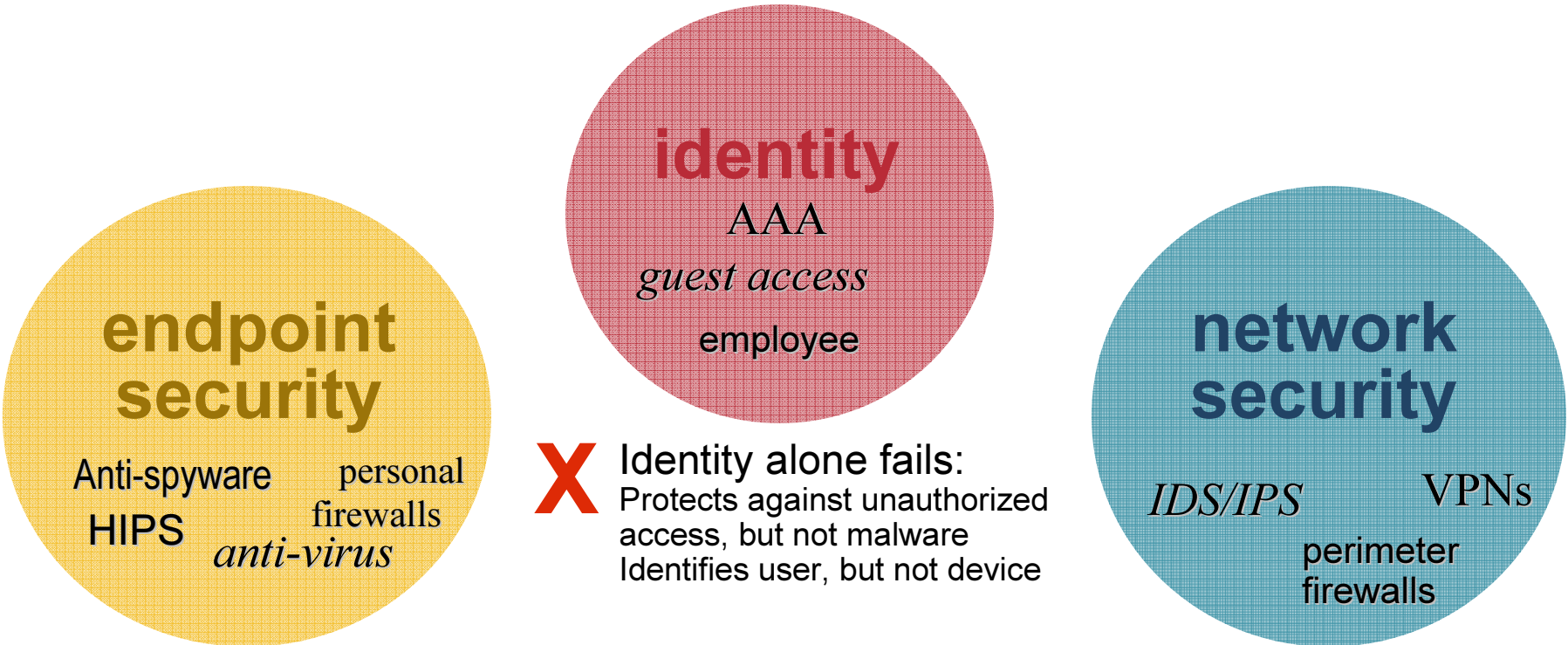
# Network Admission Control



# Agenda

- The Business Case for Network Admission Control
- Overview on Network Admission Control
- NAC Deployment models

# Complexity Demands Defense-in-Depth



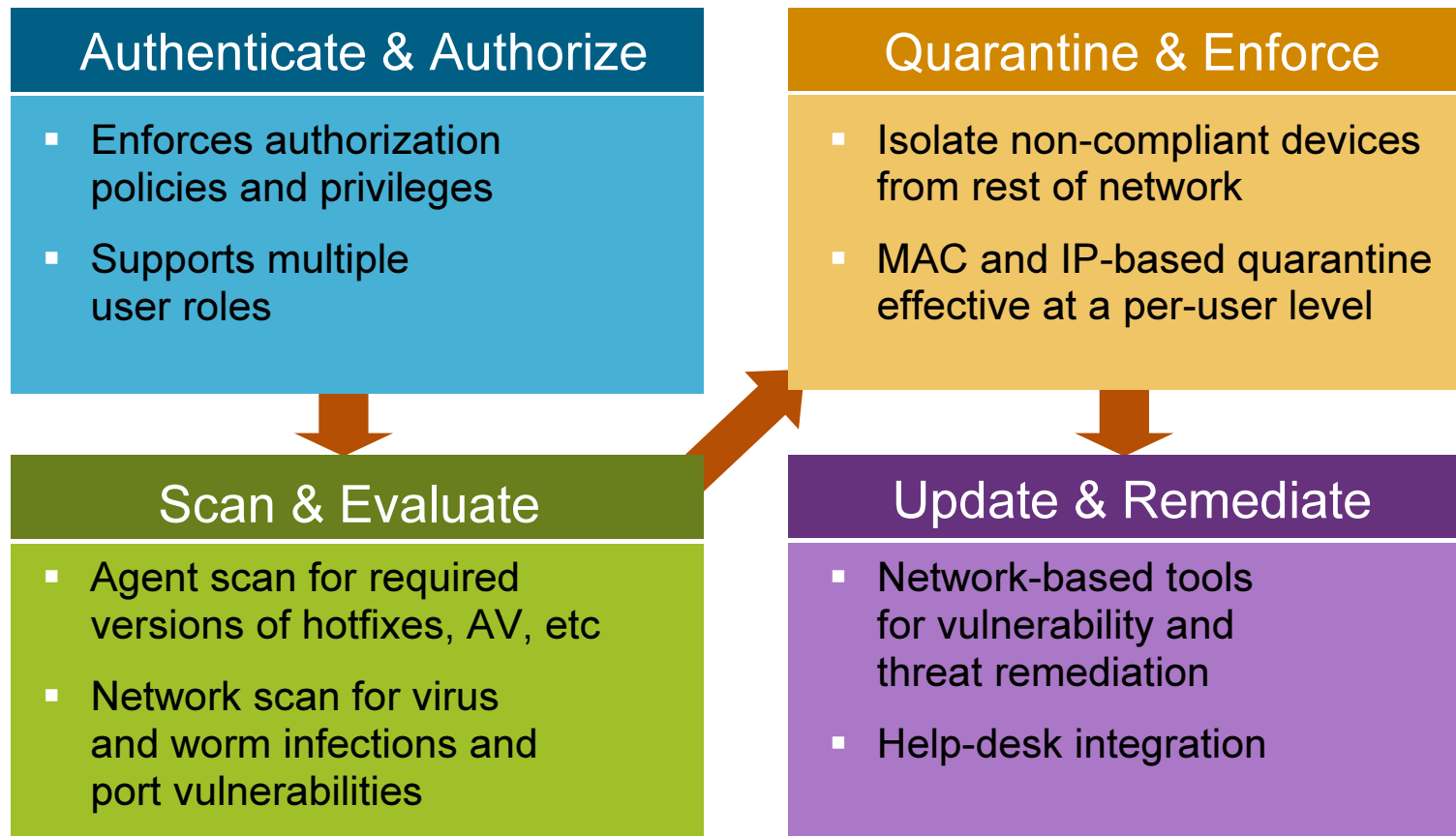
**X** Endpoint security alone fails:  
99% have AV, but infections persist!  
Host based apps are easily manipulated—  
even unintentionally  
Time gap between virus and virus def/repair

**X** Identity alone fails:  
Protects against unauthorized  
access, but not malware  
Identifies user, but not device

**X** Network security alone fails:  
Firewalls cannot block legitimate ports  
VPNs cannot block legitimate users  
Malware signatures must be known  
Detection often occurs after-the-fact

# Make Access Contingent on Compliance

First, establish **ACCESS POLICIES**. Then:



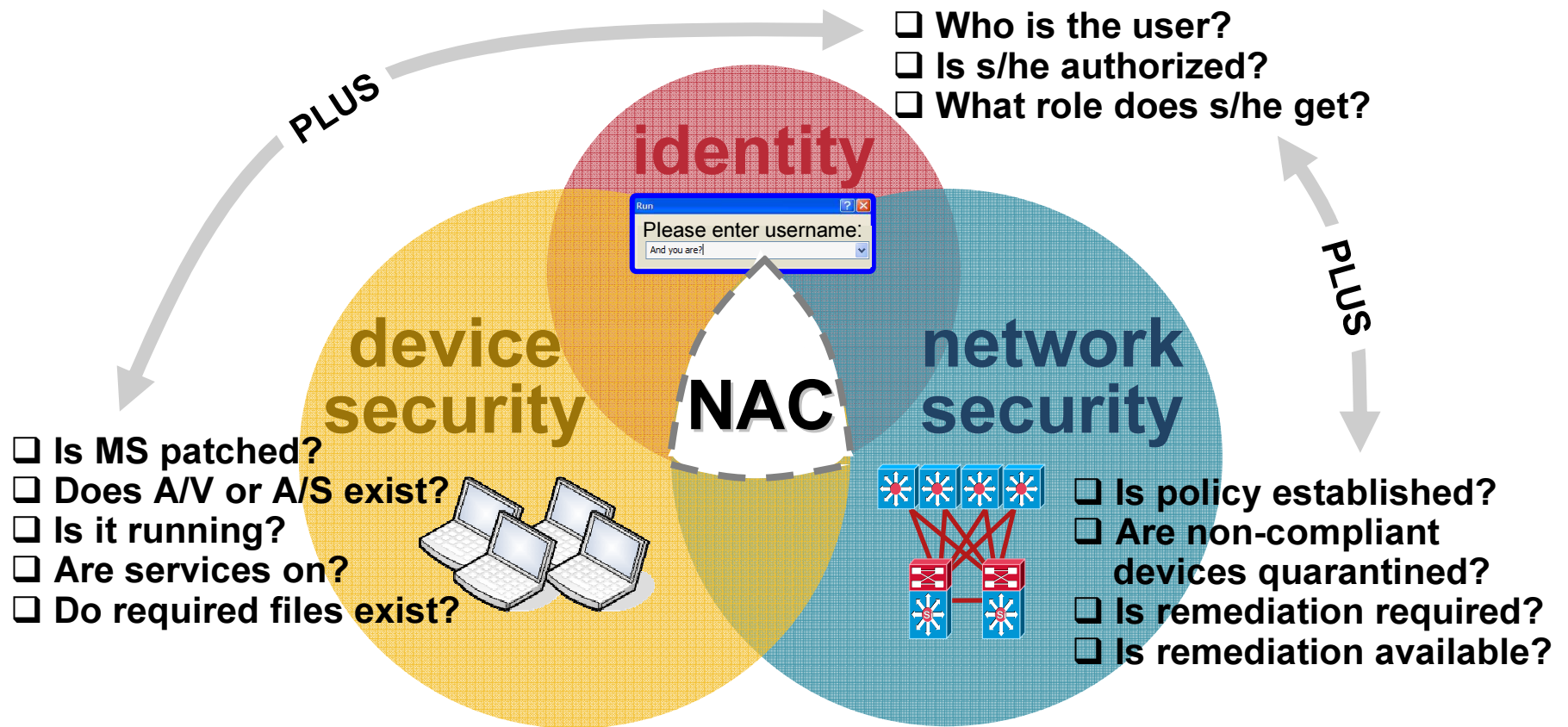
**NO COMPLIANCE = NO NETWORK ACCESS**

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# What Is Network Admission Control?

Using the network to enforce policies ensures that incoming devices are compliant.



# Four Key Capabilities of Cisco NAC

	<b>SECURELY IDENTIFY DEVICE &amp; USER</b>	<b>ENFORCE CONSISTENT POLICY</b>	<b>QUARANTINE AND REMEDIATE</b>	<b>CONFIGURE AND MANAGE</b>
<b>WHAT IT MEANS</b>	Uniquely identifies users and devices, and creates associations between the two	Assess and enforce a ubiquitous policy across the entire network	Acts on posture assessment results, isolates device, and brings it into compliance	Easily creates comprehensive, granular policies that map quickly to user groups and roles
<b>WITHOUT IT . . .</b>	Critical to associate users and devices with roles to know which policies apply; prevents device spoofing.	A decentralized policy mechanism (e.g. on endpoint) can leave gaping security holes.	Just knowing a device is non-compliant is not enough—someone still needs to fix it.	Policies that are too complex or difficult to create and use will lead to abandonment of project.

**Any robust NAC solution must have all four capabilities.**



# Cisco NAC Is Widely Deployed Today

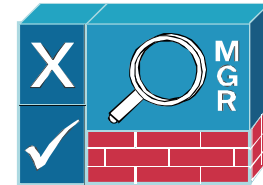
- Cisco NAC Appliance has 2500+ customers
- Mid-market and large enterprises
  - Financial services
  - Healthcare
  - Public sector
  - Manufacturing
- **One product for all use cases**
  - Remote access VPN
  - Guest users
  - Wireless
  - LAN
  - VoIP



# NAC Appliance Components

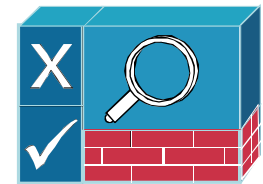
- **Cisco NAC Appliance Manager**

Centralizes management for administrators, support personnel, and operators



- **Cisco NAC Appliance Server**

Serves as posture, remediation and enforcement access control



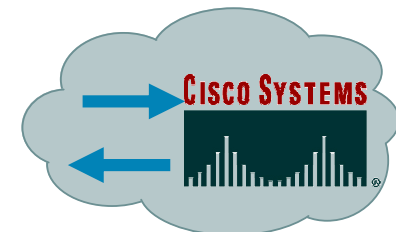
- **Cisco NAC Appliance Agent**

Optional lightweight client for device-based registry scans in unmanaged environments

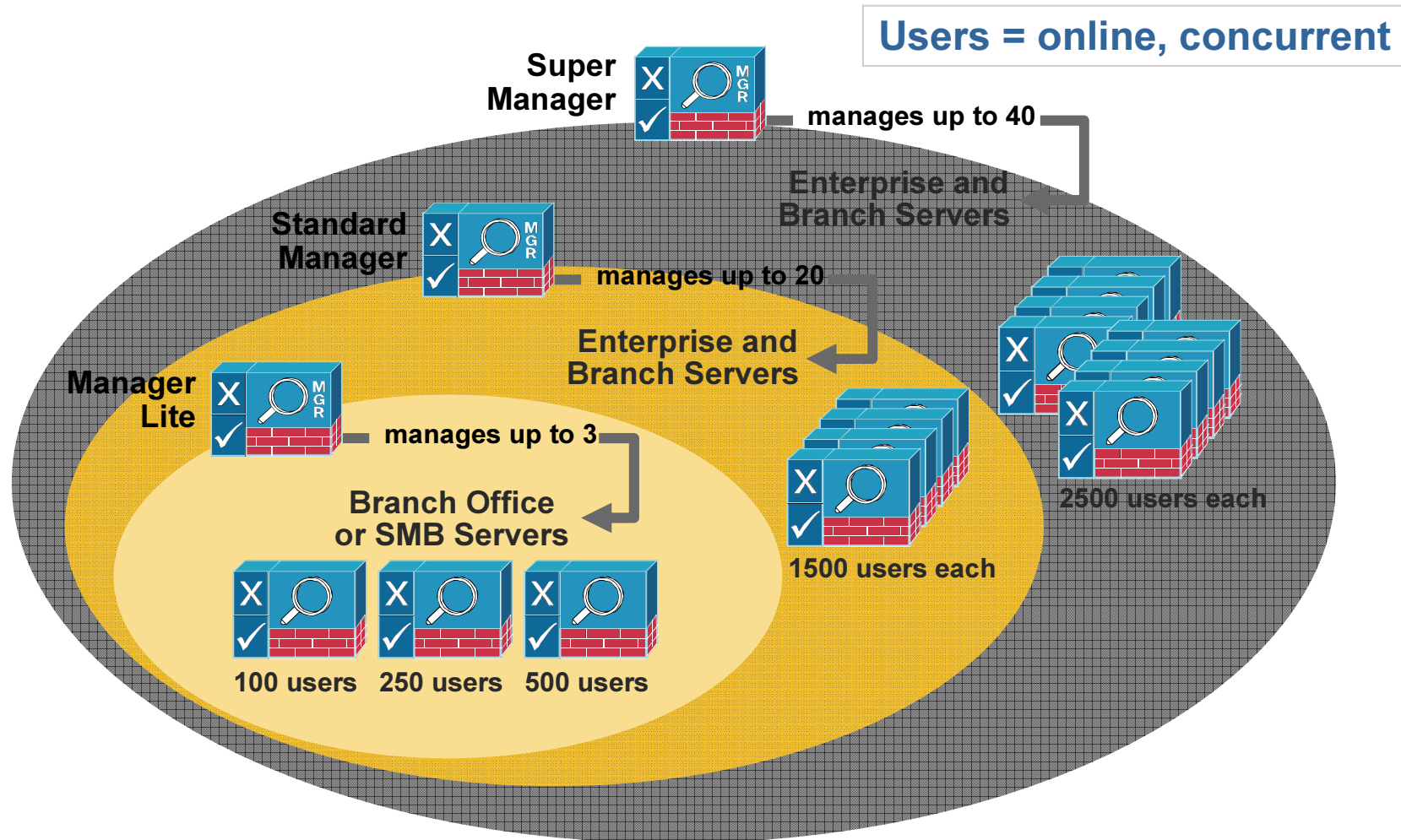


- **Rule-set Updates**

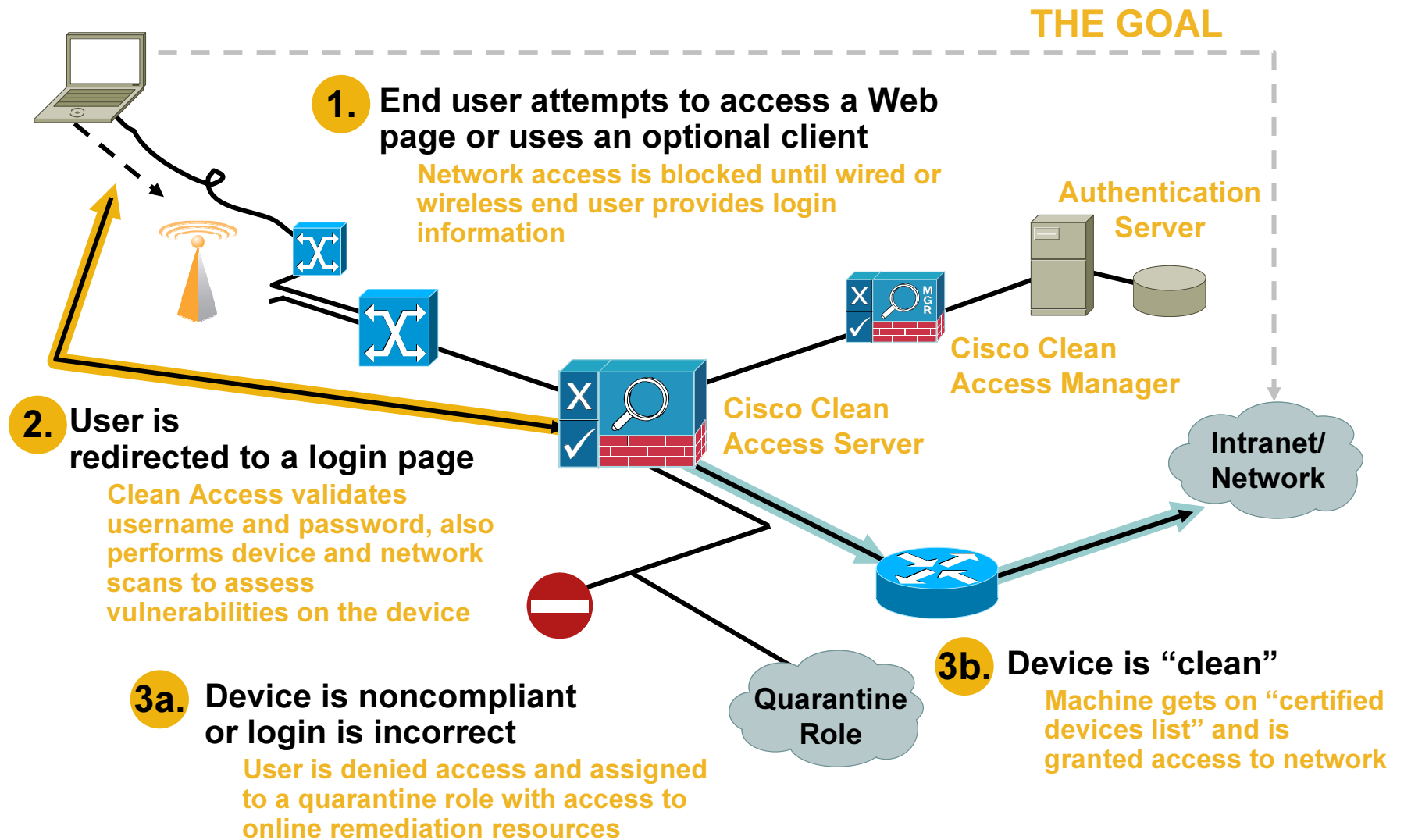
Scheduled automatic updates for anti-virus, critical hot-fixes and other applications



# NAC Appliance Sizing (100,000+ User support)



# Cisco NAC Appliance Overview



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# Endpoint Security Posture

## End User Experience Demo

# End User Experience: Web-based

  
**Cisco Clean Access Authentication**

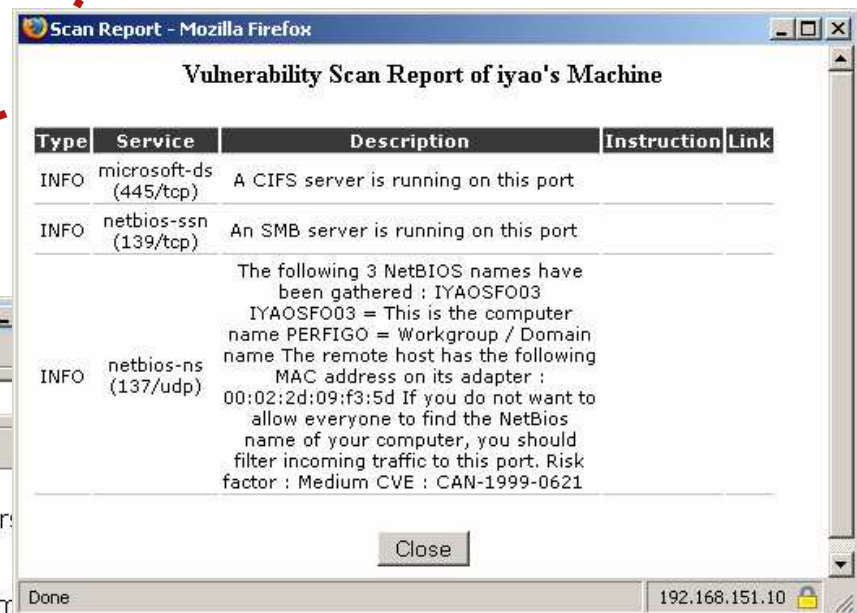
Username   
Password   
Provider

Please provide your credentials to access this network.

Powered by [Cisco Clean Access](#)

**Login  
Screen**

**Scan is performed  
(types of checks depend on user role/OS)**



Type	Service	Description	Instruction	Link
INFO	microsoft-ds (445/tcp)	A CIFS server is running on this port		
INFO	netbios-ssn (139/tcp)	An SMB server is running on this port		
INFO	netbios-ns (137/udp)	The following 3 NetBIOS names have been gathered : IYAOSFO03 IYAOSFO03 = This is the computer name PERFIGO = Workgroup / Domain name The remote host has the following MAC address on its adapter : 00:02:2d:09:f3:5d If you do not want to allow everyone to find the NetBios name of your computer, you should filter incoming traffic to this port. Risk factor : Medium CVE : CAN-1999-0621		

**Click-through remediation**

...time license of that all computer:  
...accessing the network have the Anti-Virus software installed and updated. If you have not yet installed the Anti-Virus software, please do so now. The volume license includes regular updates to protect your computer against new viruses.

Note that all existing anti-virus software should be removed from your computer before installing the Anti-Virus software. For complete installation instructions, see the How-To document.

The ITS Support Center will be delighted to answer any questions you have about the procedure. Contact

# Cisco NAC Appliance Partnerships

Cisco NAC is committed to protecting customer's investments in partner applications

NAC Appliance Supports Policies for 250+ Applications, Including These Vendors:



# NAC - Microsoft Support

## Current Support

### Window OS Agent Support

Vista (Business Edition)  
XP (Home/Pro/MCE/Tablet)  
2000/ME/98 (Agent)

### Windows Agentless Support

WinCE, WinMobile  
IE5.x, 6.x and 7.x

### Windows Language Pack Support

15+ languages supported

### Windows Hotfixes/AV Checks

Auto-updates to pre-configured Hotfix and  
oneCare AV checks

### Windows Update via windowsupdate.com

Redirect to windowsupdate.com for remediation

### Windows Update via WSUS

Ability to configure Windows Updater parameters  
Launch WSUS agent for auto-remediation

## GPO/Login

### AD Single-Sign-On

Windows 2003/2000 Server

### GPO Launch post Authentication

Ability to launch GPO to tie AD desktop policy to  
access VLAN

### Login Script “hold” Configuration

Provide a configuration to hold login script mapping  
till access VLAN

## Upcoming

### WSUS Agent immediate launch

Ability to force WSUS agent to remediate now

### Microsoft SMS Agent remediation

Launch SMS Agent during remediation or x-days old

### Vista Consumer Support



# Agenda

- The Business Case for Network Admission Control
- Overview on Network Admission Control
- Deployment of Network Admission Control

# Examples of Posture Assessment

## Corporate Asset Tag

- Unique registries inserted into corporate devices
- Corporate PKI certificates installed in corporate devices

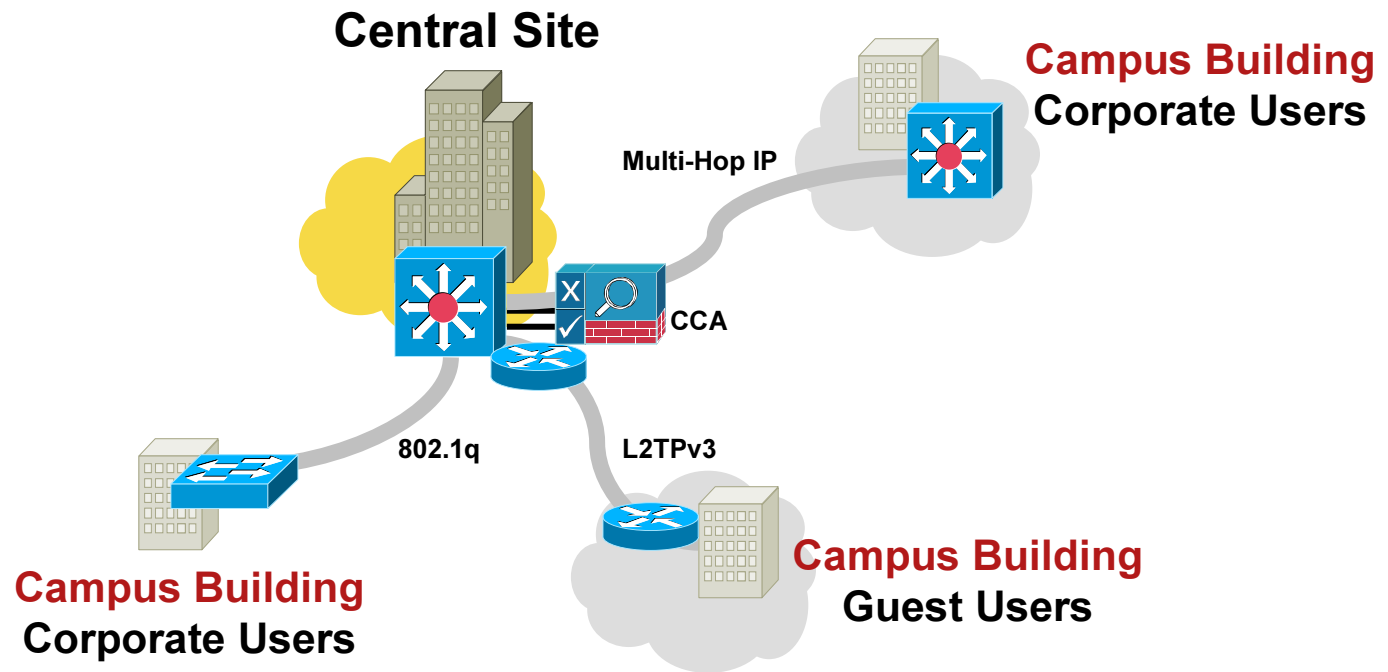
## Microsoft Hotfixes:

- Critical hot-fixes checks (provided via Cisco automated updates)
- SUS/WUS running or AU Options (can force setting)
- Patch Management SW running (can launch qualified .exe)

## Security Applications:

- HIDS (CSA) or Personal Firewall installed and running
- AV installed, running and latest DAT (can launch AV)
- Anti-Spyware installed and running
- Encryption software installed and running

# NAC Appliance for Corporate LAN



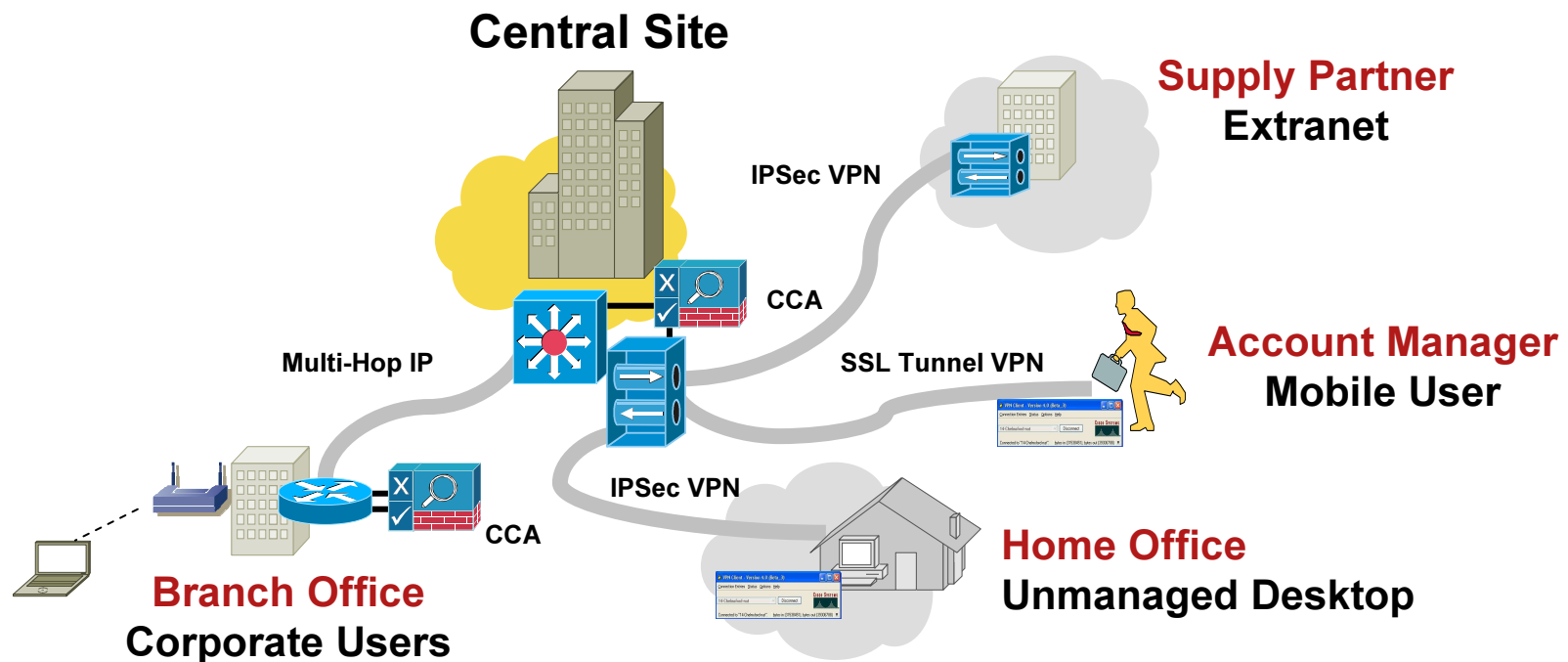
## FEATURES

- Supports 802.1q trunking
- Supports both L3 multi-hop and L2
- Supports L2TPv3 tunneling
- Supports both inband and out-of-band

## BENEFITS

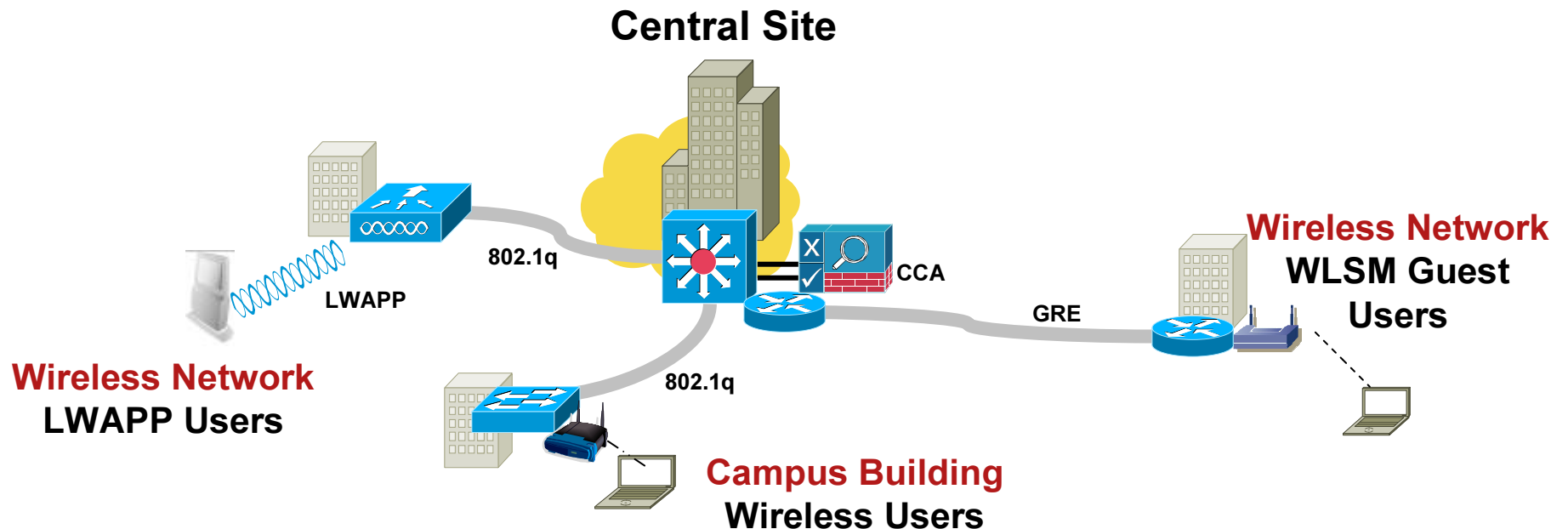
- Enables central deployment mode
- End user devices can be several hops away
- Extends enforcement to campus buildings

# NAC Appliance for Remote Users



FEATURES	BENEFITS
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supports IPSec and SSL Tunnel VPNs</li> <li>Supports site-to-site VPNs</li> <li>Supports VPN user sign-on</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Extends policy enforcement and compliance to remote access and VPN users</li> <li>Extends enforcement to site-to-site VPN partners</li> <li>Leverages VPN sign-on for single-sign-on</li> </ul>

# NAC Appliance for Wireless Users



FEATURES	BENEFITS
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Supports 802.1q trunking</li><li>▪ Support L2TPv3 or GRE tunneling</li><li>▪ Supports thin or thick wireless 802.11 APs</li><li>▪ Supports Wireless user sign-on</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Enables central deployment mode</li><li>▪ End user devices can be several hops away</li><li>▪ Extends enforcement to any wireless networks</li><li>▪ Leverages EAP sign-on for single-sign-on</li></ul>

# Deployment Tips and Best Practices

## In-Band

- Required for wireless.
- Required for VPN.
- Deployed in 'Real-IP' mode when users are multiple hops away from the CAS.
- Direct traffic to the untrusted interface (eth1) using 802.1q or policy-based routes for users or
- VLANs that need to become certified.

## Out-of-Band

- Deployed in networks where high network throughput is required.
- MAC notification is preferable to Link-State notification as a means of trap reporting because it is quicker.
- To ensure proper SNMP configuration enterprise wide, the use of an SNMP manager such as Cisco Works is highly recommended.
- If deploying into a network with VOIP, MAC Notification is required on the access switch if PC's will be plugged into the back of the phone.

# Monitoring, Analysis and Response System

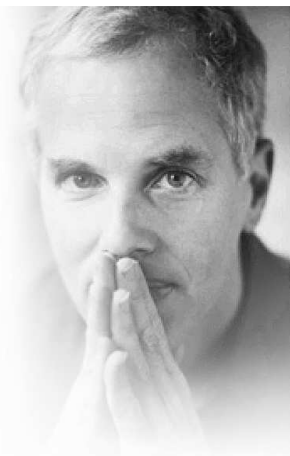


# Agenda

- Security Management Challenges
- Overview on Cisco MARS
- MARS in Action



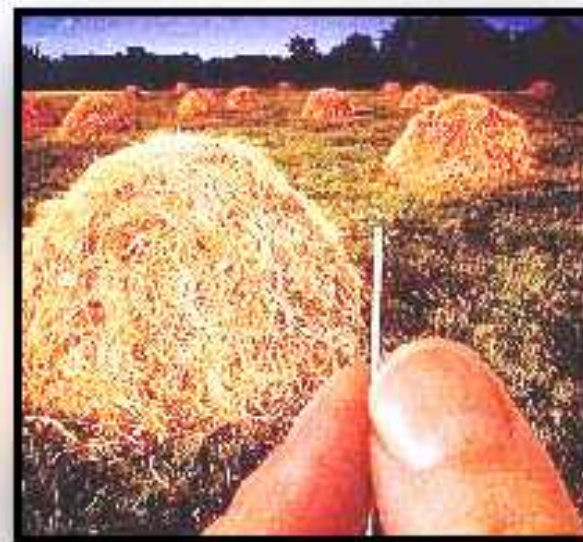
# Security Logging



	Events /Sec	MB/Hr
Small VPN Gateway	50	27.4
Entry Firewall	100	54.8
High Router	200	109.6
Mid IPS	400	219.2

Reasons for logging:

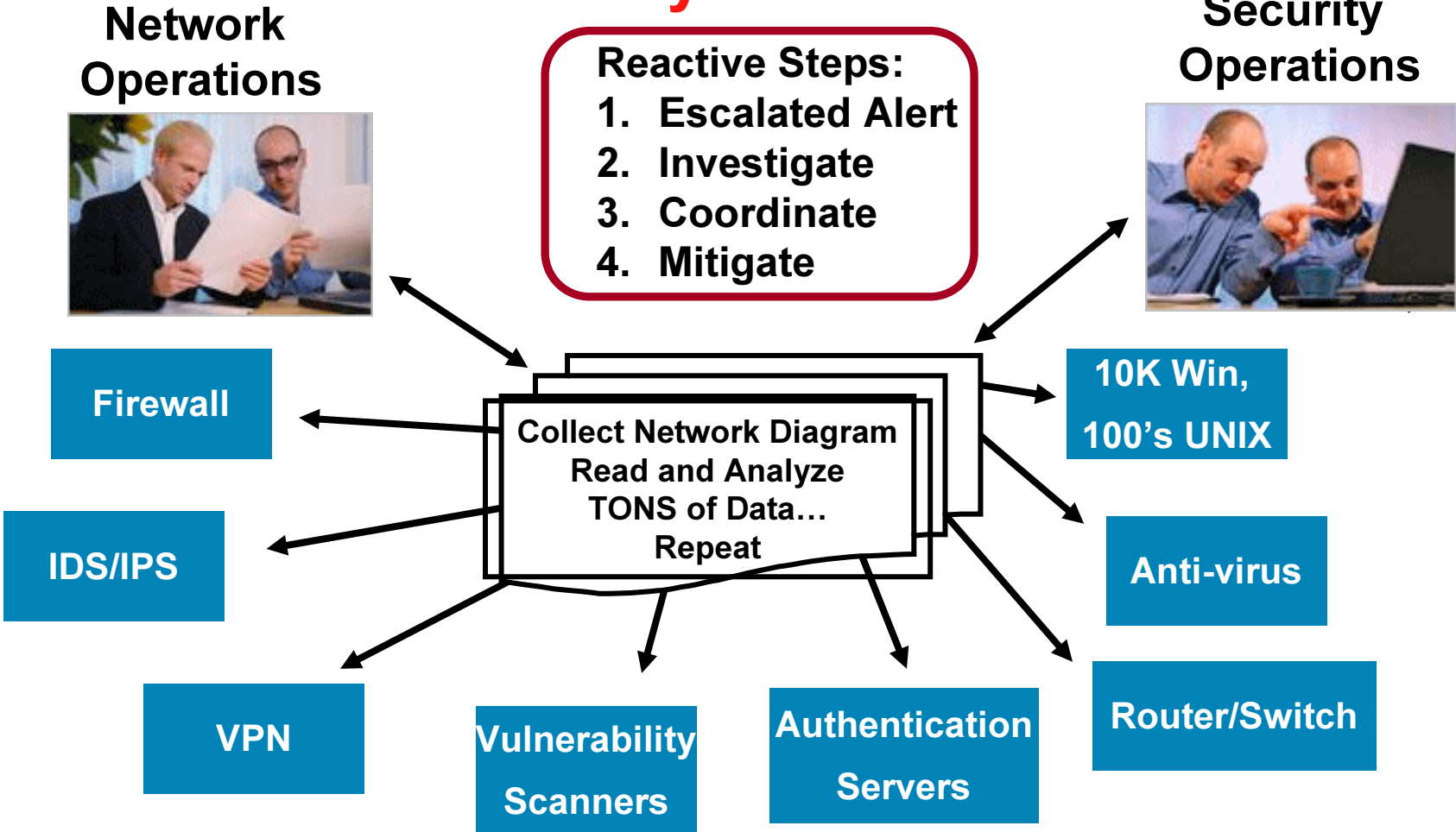
- I don't need it, so I don't log it
- I log for troubleshooting reasons
- I log for security analysis
- I am logging for legal reasons



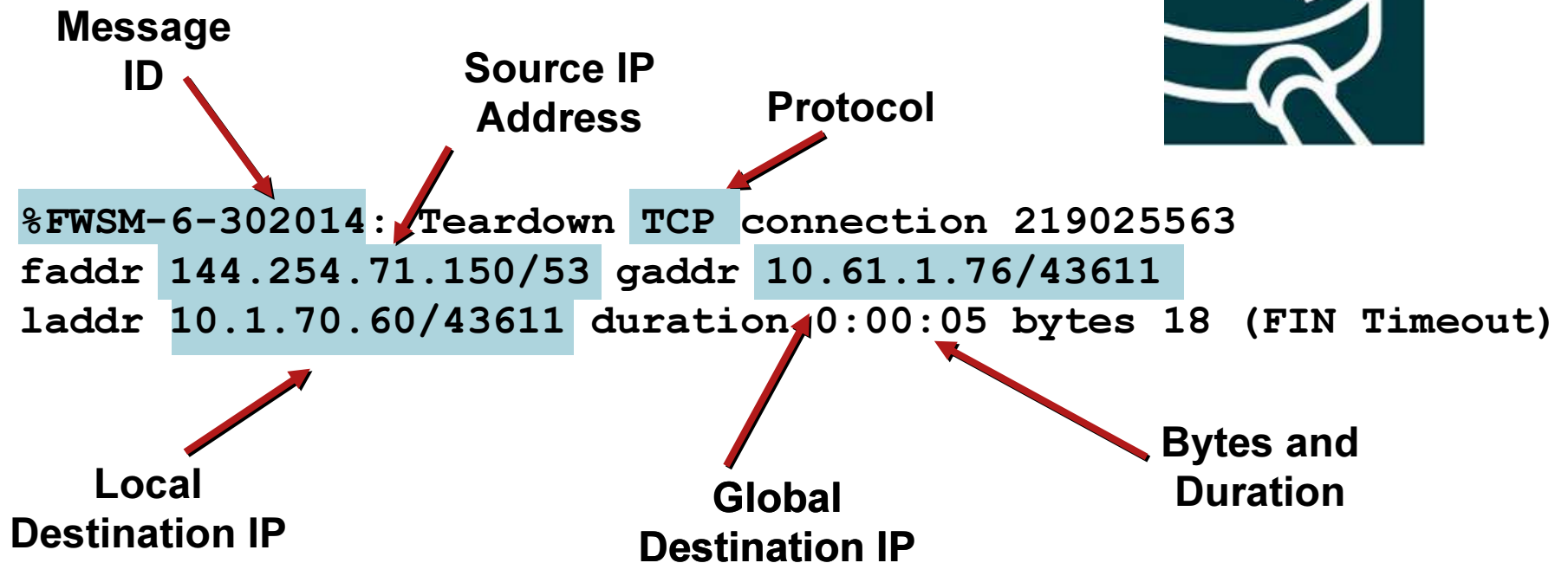
**Too Many Devices, Too Much Data—  
All to Find a Needle in a Haystack**

# Security Operations Response

## Always Too Late



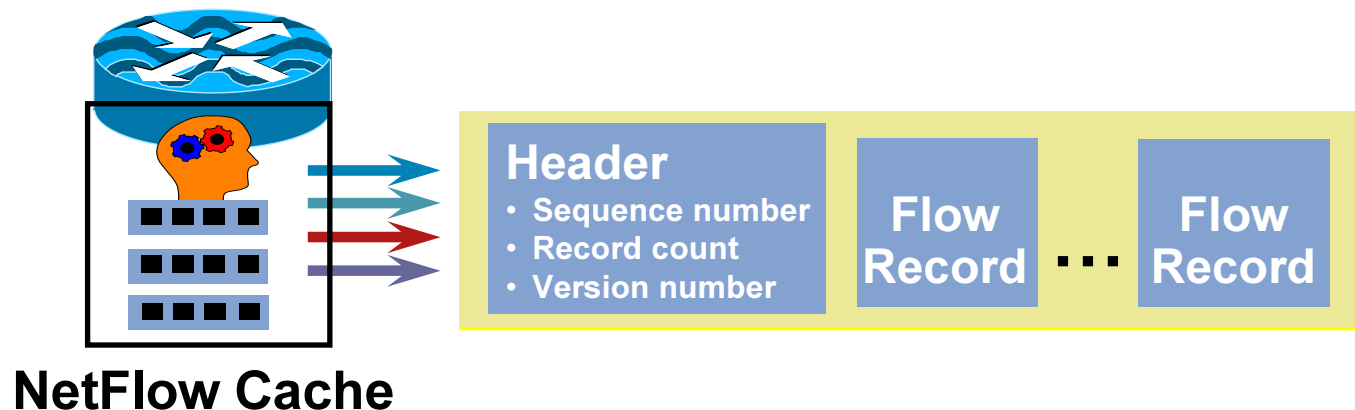
# Interpreting a Syslog Message



# NetFlow

```
router (config-if)#ip flow ingress
router (config)#ip flow-export destination 172.17.246.225 9996
```

- NetFlow is available on routers and switches
- Have syslog like information without having to buy a firewall
- One NetFlow packet has information about multiple flows



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# Cisco Security - MARS Feature Overview

## Summary:

- Next Generation SIM/STM Appliances
- Transforms raw network and security data into actionable intelligence



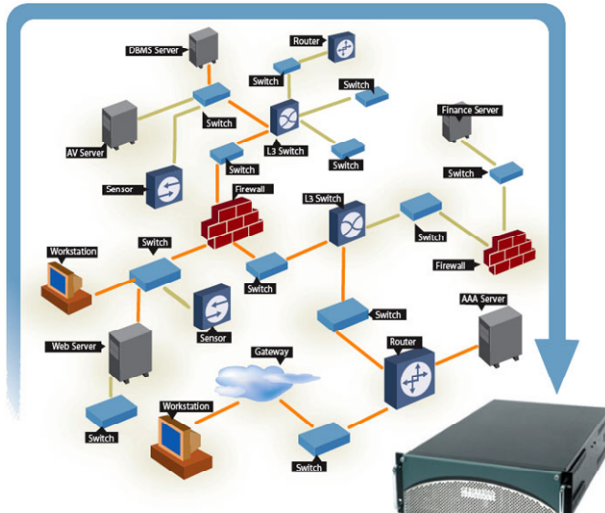
## Key features

- Collect, aggregate & correlate from heterogeneous devices in a single appliance  
SDEE, Syslog, Host logs, Firewall logs .... From Cisco, Non-Cisco and Custom devices  
No software agents required
- Network behavioural Analysis and Reporting (NBAR)  
Netflow and Traffic Flow analysis provides enhanced threat detection precision
- Topological Awareness  
Device Configuration (+NAT, +Routing) knowledge critical to global decision making  
Attack-path views for detailed investigation and troubleshooting
- Centralized dashboard for Unified Security Operations
- Mitigation Capabilities  
Layer 2 / Layer 3 Mitigation Suggestions (port disable, shun commands, ACLs etc.)
- Policy-Management Linkages

# Cisco Security – MARS

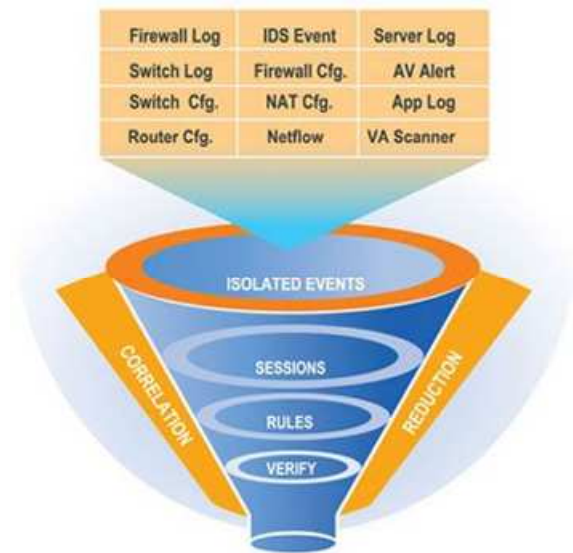
## Monitoring, Analysis and Response System

- Command and control of your existing investment to build “pervasive security”
- Correlate data from across the Enterprise  
NIDS, Firewalls, Routers, Switches, CSA  
Syslog, SNMP, RDEP, SDEE, NetFlow, Endpoint event logs, Multi-Vendor
- Rapidly locate and mitigate attacks



### ■ Key Features

- Determines security *incidents* based on device *messages*, *events*, and “*sessions*”
- *Incidents* are topologically aware for visualization and replay
- Mitigation on L2 ports and L3 chokepoints



# Key Concept and Terminologies

2 Sessions  
(Each Sentence == 1 Session)

Mark was hired to break  
into buildings.  
He must assure **security**  
**personnel** are **vigilant**.

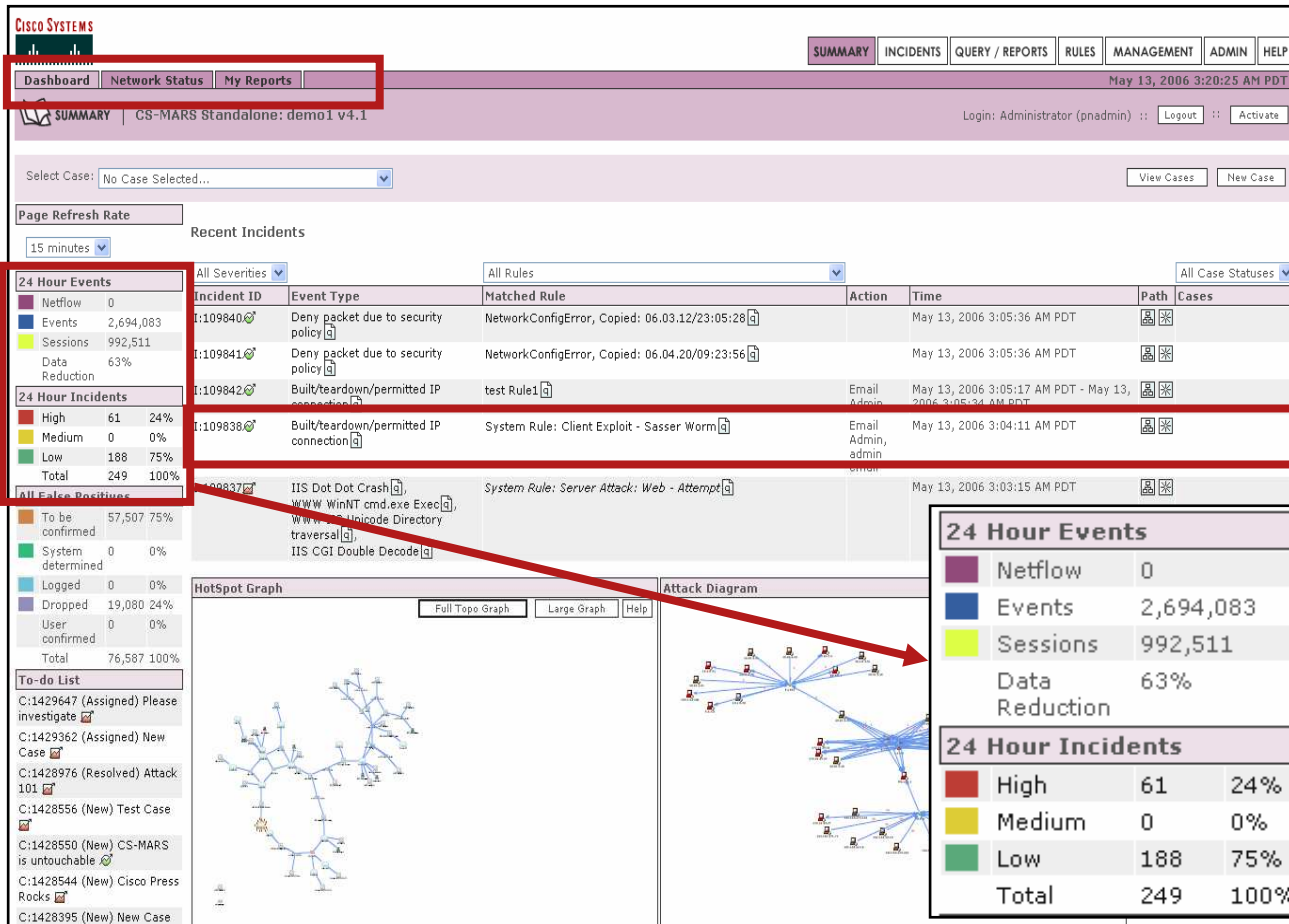
14 Events  
(Each Word = 1 Event)

1 Incident  
(The Whole Story)

- **Events**—raw messages sent to CS-MARS by the monitoring/reporting devices
- **Sessions**—events that are correlated by the CS-MARS across NAT boundaries
- **Incidents**—identification of sessions to correlation rules



# Command and Control: Critical Data Reduction



## Incident Dashboard

- Aggregate
- Correlate
- Summarize

**2,694,083 Events**



**992,511 Sessions**



**249 Incidents**

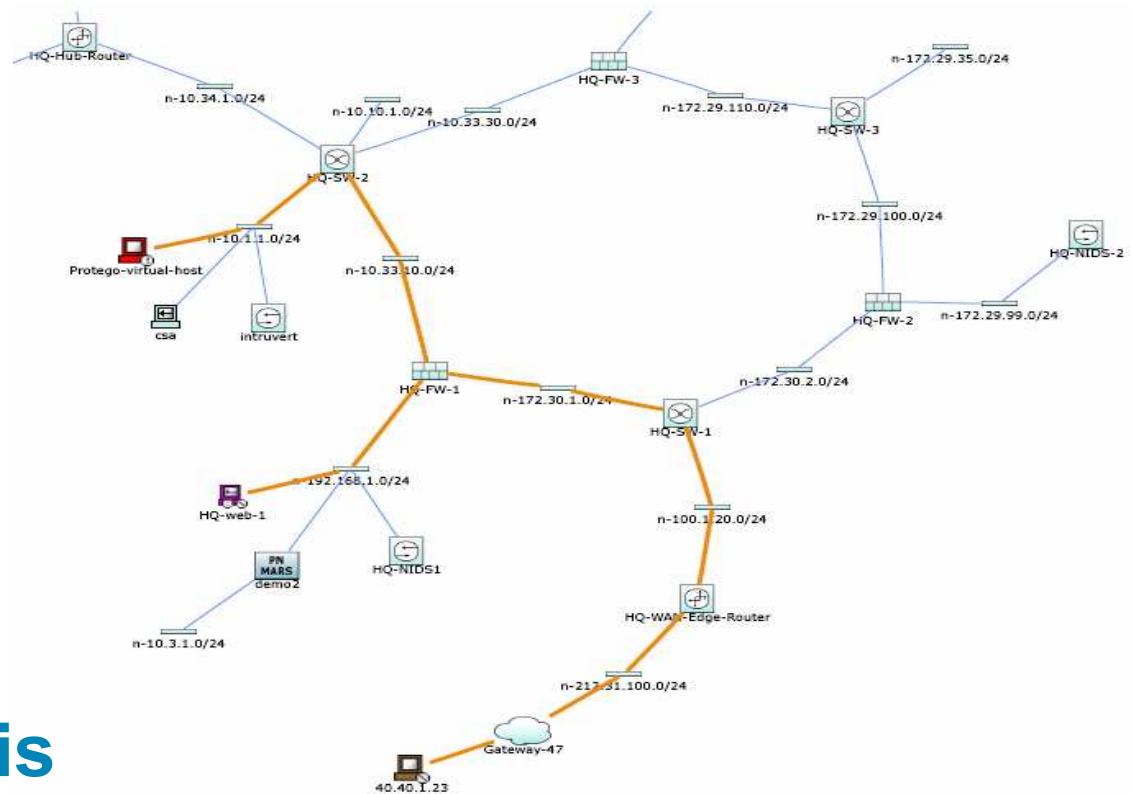


**61 High Severity Incidents**



**I Need to Clean My Network and Investigate Further**

# Attack Topology Awareness



## SureVector Analysis

Visible and accurate attack path

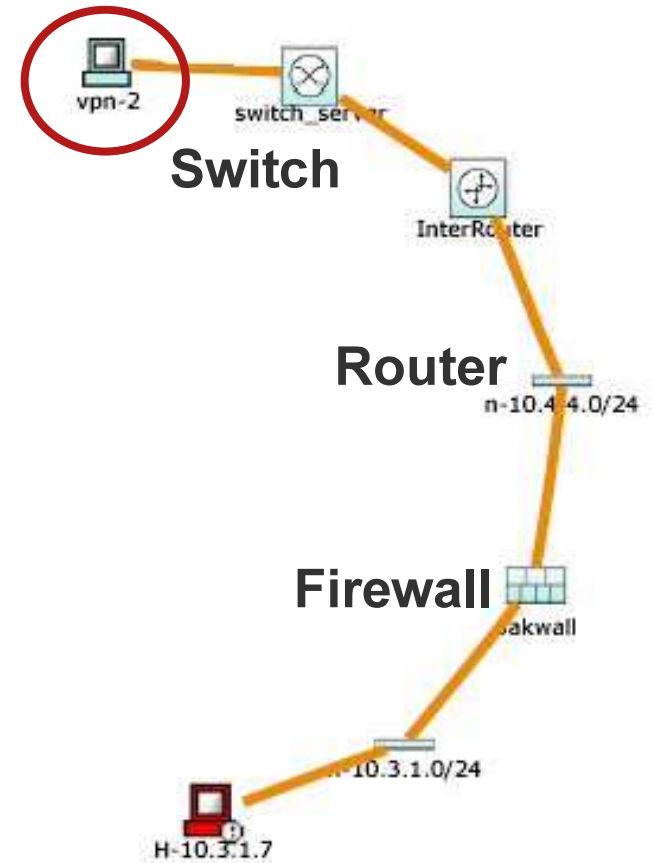
Drill-down, full incident and raw event details

Pinpoint the true sources of anomalous and attack behavior

More complete and accurate story

# Command and Control: Attack Mitigation

- Use control capabilities within your infrastructure
  - Layer 2/3 attack path is clearly visible
  - Mitigation enforcement devices are identified
  - Exact mitigation command is provided



Enforcement Device: switch\_server [a], Suggested

Enforcement Device Information

Device	Type	Manager	Children	Log To	Collects From	Info
switch_server [a]	Cisco Switch- IOS 12.2	Protego Networks MARS 1.0 on pntvalis		N/A		

Interface Information

Direction	IP Address	Interface Name	DNS Name	MAC Address	MAC Update Time
-----------	------------	----------------	----------	-------------	-----------------

Recommended Policy/Command

```
configure t
interface FastEthernet0/4
no ip address
shutdown
```

# Compliance Reports

## Popular Reports With Customization and Distribution Options Queries Saved as Rules or Reports—Intuitive Framework

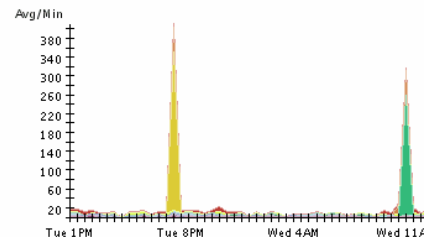
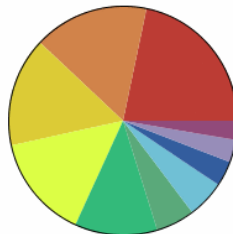
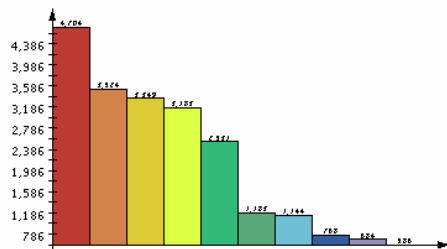
Report: Activity: Denies - Top Destination Ports Sep 8, 2004 1:07:45 PM PDT

Name	Schedule	Format	Recipients	Query	Description	Status	Submitted	Time Range
Activity: Denies - Top Destination Ports	Every hour	Normal	None	Event type: AttacksProtected, FirewallPolicyViolation/ACL, Query Type: Destination Ports ranked by Sessions Time: 1dd:0hh:0mm:0ss	This report ranks the destination ports to which attacks have been targeted but denied.	Finished: Sep 8, 2004 1:07:43 PM PDT	Sep 8, 2004 1:07:39 PM PDT	Sep 7, 2004 1:07:39 PM PDT - Sep 8, 2004 1:07:39 PM PDT

Report type: Destination Ports ranked by Sessions, 1dd:0hh:0mm:0ss

Source IP	Destination IP	Service	Events	Device	Severity	Zone	Operation	Rule	Action	Reported User
ANY	ANY	ANY	AttacksProtected, FirewallPolicyViolation/ACL	ANY	ANY	CA	None	ANY	ANY	ANY

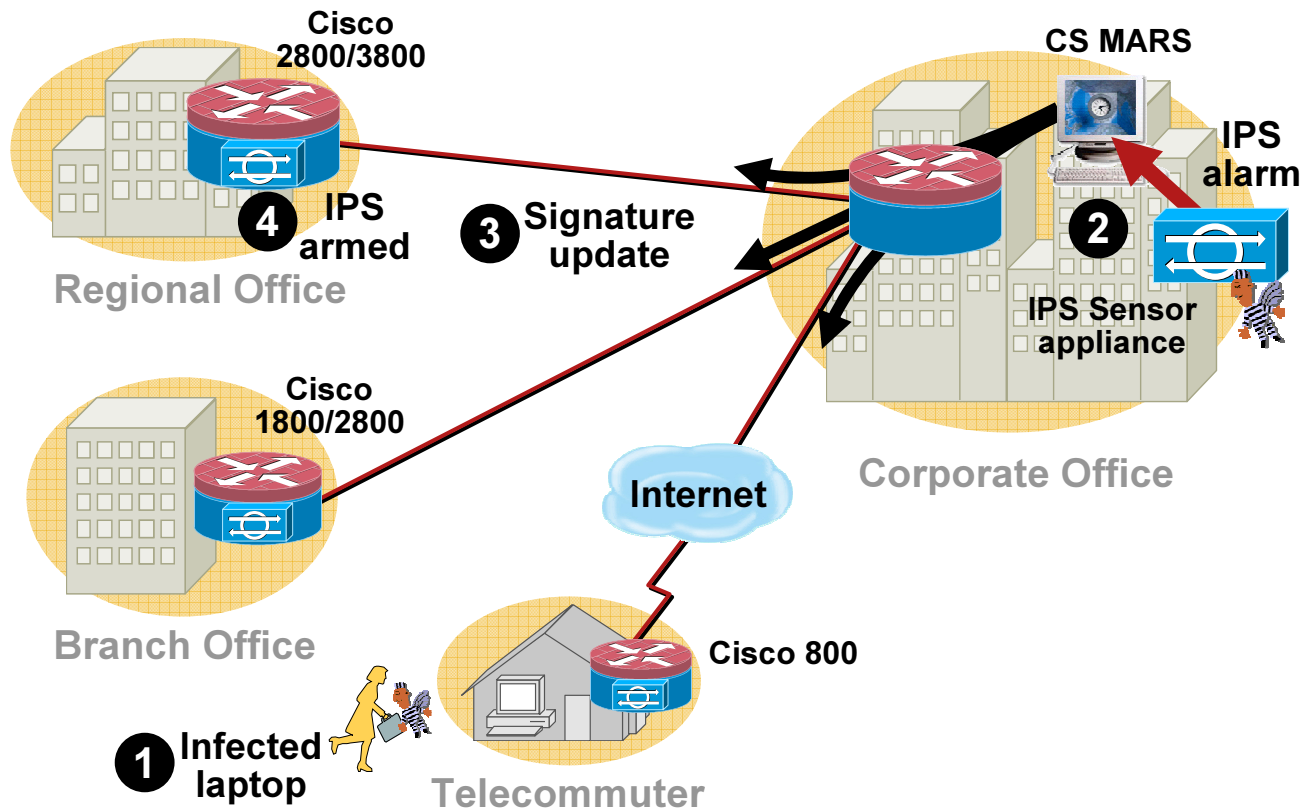
Keywords: [None]



Rank	Count (# of sessions)	Raw Destination Port
1	4704	445 <a href="#">[a]</a>
2	3524	80 <a href="#">[a]</a>
3	3349	26686 <a href="#">[a]</a>
4	3183	135 <a href="#">[a]</a>
5	2531	47683 <a href="#">[a]</a>
6	1183	1026 <a href="#">[a]</a>
7	1144	0 <a href="#">[a]</a>
8	768	139 <a href="#">[a]</a>
9	684	9898 <a href="#">[a]</a>

# MARS in Action:

## Distributed Threat Mitigation with IPS



- 1** Infected telecommuter connects to the corporate network
- 2** Virus sets off IPS alarm on the sensor appliance at corporate office
- 3** CS MARS distributes signatures to all security routers
- 4** Armed routers protect all remote sites

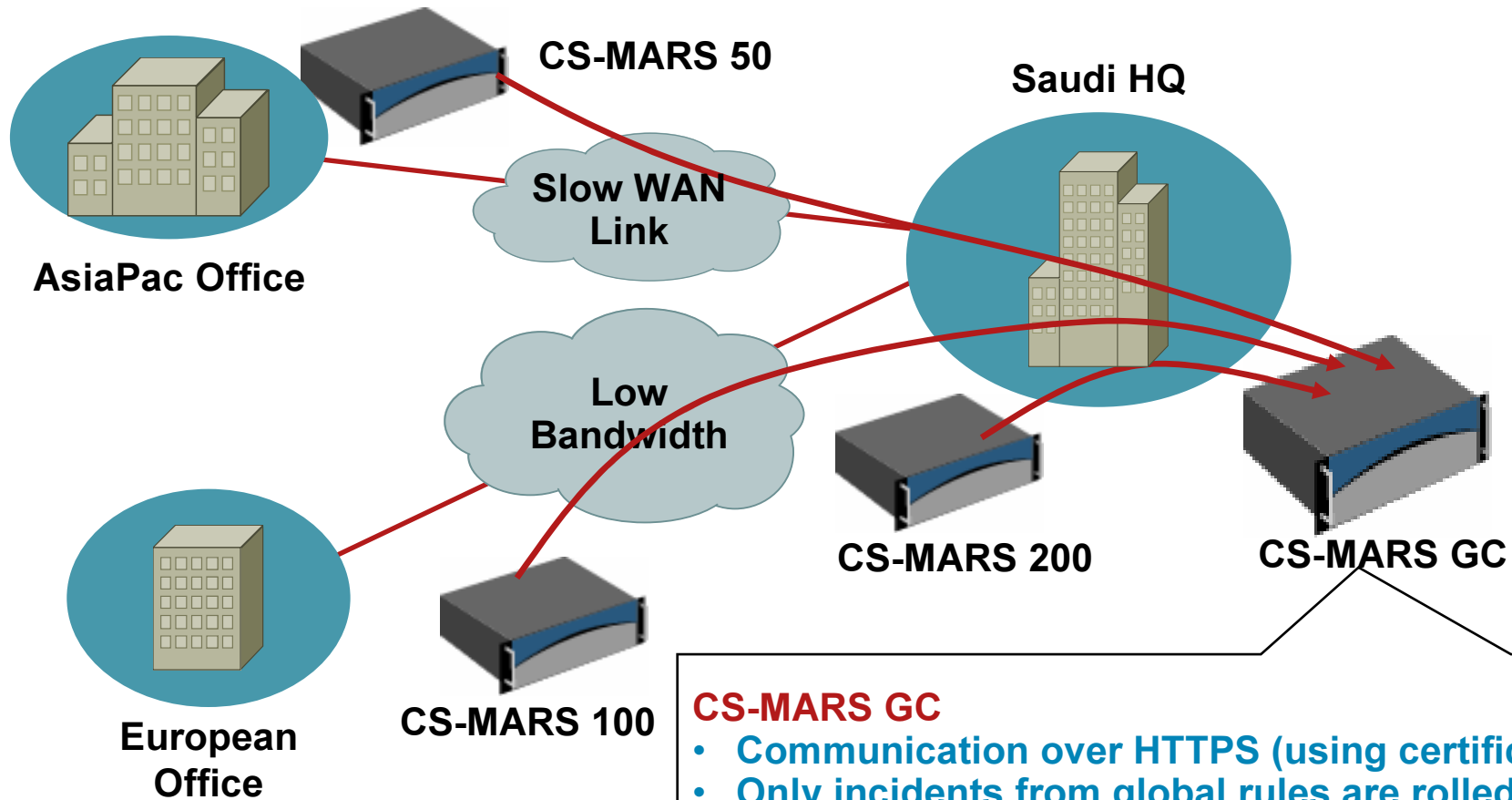
### Benefits:

- Automating mitigation reduces administrative costs
- Dropping malicious traffic near source preserves WAN bandwidth & performance
- Adapting to attacks at branch routers uses security resources efficiently

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# CS-MARS Deployment




## CS-MARS GC

- Communication over HTTPS (using certificates)
- Only incidents from global rules are rolled up
- GC can distribute updates, rules, report templates, access rules, and queries across LC

# Incident that Pops Up in the Dashboard

**Named Rule:** System Rule: Sudden Traffic Increase To Port  
**Description:** This rule detects scans statistically significant increase in traffic to a particular port.

Open	Source IP	Destination IP	Service Name	Event	Device	Severity	Counts	Zone	Close	Action/Operation	Time-range
	ANY	ANY	ANY	System Rule: Sudden Traffic Increase To Port	ANY	ANY	1	NIJIT			0hh:10mm:0ss

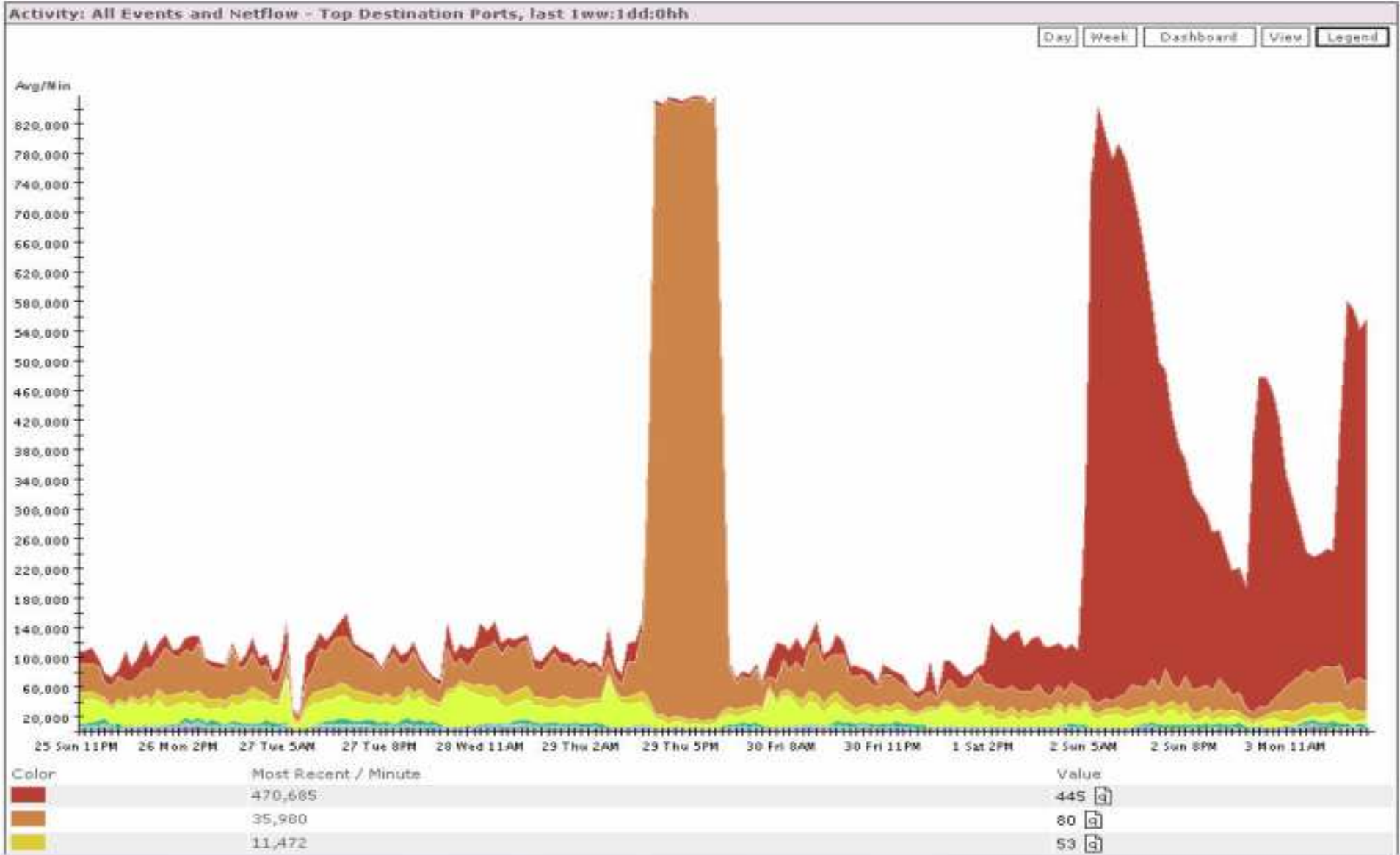
#473601390   

[Escalate](#) [Expand All](#) [Collapse All](#)

ID	Event Type	Source IP/Port	Destination IP/Port	Protocol	Time	Zone	Reporting Device	Graph	False Positive	Mitigate	
10316, 1390	Sudden increase of traffic to a port	0.0.0.0	0	0.0.0.0	445	IP	May 3, 2004 6:00:03 AM EDT		deimos		Tune Mitigate
	AAA authorization denied due to no prior authentication	- Total: 25									
	AAA authorization denied due to no prior authentication	[redacted].130.120								+ Total: 3	
	AAA authorization denied due to no prior authentication	[redacted].131.142								+ Total: 2	
16544, 1390	AAA authorization denied due to no prior authentication	[redacted].5.136.85	4049	[redacted].55.128	445	N/A	May 3, 2004 5:40:05 AM EDT		cerberus2		Tune Mitigate
	AAA authorization denied due to no prior authentication	[redacted].35.136.104								+ Total: 3	
	AAA authorization denied due to no prior authentication	[redacted].136.205								+ Total: 2	
	AAA authorization denied due to no prior authentication	[redacted].5.136.132								+ Total: 2	
	AAA authorization denied due to no prior authentication	[redacted].5.138.174								+ Total: 3	
	AAA authorization denied due to no prior authentication	[redacted].139.89								+ Total: 6	
	AAA authorization denied due to no prior authentication	[redacted].140.95								+ Total: 3	
16538, 1390	Built/teardown/permitted IP connection	[redacted].25.93.70	2503	[redacted].72.164	445	TCP	May 3, 2004 5:40:05 AM EDT - May 3, 2004 5:42:07 AM EDT		cerberus1		Tune Mitigate
	Denied packet - no translation group	- Total: 4									
16547, 1390	Denied packet - no translation group	[redacted].136.85	4050	[redacted].30.35	445	TCP	May 3, 2004 5:40:05 AM EDT		cerberus2		Tune Mitigate



# Graph Says It All



# Example of Compromised Hosts

Rank		Count (# of Sessions)	Raw Source IP	Defined Hosts
1	102572	[REDACTED]	.130.160 [a]	
2	40339	[REDACTED]	.132.44 [a]	
3	36881	[REDACTED]	.203.82 [a]	dhcp-203-82 [a]
4	36595	[REDACTED]	.202.66 [a]	dhcp-202-66 [a]
5	35827	[REDACTED]	.134.196 [a]	
6	35622	[REDACTED]	.134.75 [a]	
7	35428	[REDACTED]	.133.80 [a]	
8	35307	[REDACTED]	.134.199 [a]	
9	35167	[REDACTED]	.138.196 [a]	
10	34070	[REDACTED]	.136.118 [a]	
11	33376	[REDACTED]	.136.205 [a]	
12	32931	[REDACTED]	.203.42 [a]	dhcp-203-42 [a]
13	30390	[REDACTED]	.133.16 [a]	
14	27682	[REDACTED]	.90.120 [a]	
15	22031	[REDACTED]	.138.166 [a]	
16	19681	[REDACTED]	.140.154 [a]	
17	19135	[REDACTED]	.130.82 [a]	
18	18229	[REDACTED]	.140.5 [a]	

# Attack Path with Layer 2 Mitigation

The screenshot displays the Cisco Systems pnguard interface, divided into two main windows: "Topology Path Graph" and "Mitigation Information".

**Topology Path Graph:** This window shows a network diagram with a highlighted orange path. The path starts at a host labeled "H-10.4.17.1" and proceeds through several devices: "switch3", "cherryWall", "wanRouter1", "mngt", and finally back to "H-10.4.17.1". The path is labeled as a "Layer 2 Path". Other visible devices include "PN MARS pnguard" and "switch3". IP addresses and interface identifiers are shown along the path, such as "n-67.126.151.176/28", "n-10.4.2.0/24", and "n-10.4.17.0/24".

**Mitigation Information:** This window provides details for the selected path. It includes a "Cisco SYSTEMS" logo, a navigation menu with "INCIDENTS", and a login status: "Login: Chiu, Phil (pchiu) :: Mar 29, 2004 4:51:57 AM PST".

**Enforcement Devices:** A list of suggested enforcement devices is shown:

- switch3 (L2) (suggested)
- cherryWall (alternate)
- wanRouter1 (alternate)
- mngt (alternate)

**Enforcement Device - Suggested:** Details for the selected device "switch3" are provided:

- Name: switch3
- Device type: Cisco Switch-CatOS ANY
- Zone: ProtegoHQ
- Managed by: pnguard
- Status: Active
- Default gateway: 0.0.0.0

**Recommended Policy/Command:** A text area contains the command: `set port disable 4/6`. A "Push" button is located at the bottom right of this section.

At the bottom of the interface, there is a help message: "For Help, click Help Topics on the Help Menu." and a system tray with an "Internet" icon.



**CISCO**