

CHAPTER 2

# **Configuring Cisco Unified Communication IOS Services**

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# **Configuring the Router for Cisco Unified Communication IOS Services**

This section describes how to configure the router to support the providers on the gateway.

# **Prerequisite**

Cisco IOS Release 15.2(2)T

# **Configuring Cisco Unified Communication IOS Services on the Router**

Perform this procedure to configure Cisco Unified Communication IOS services on the router.

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. ip http server
- 4. ip http max-connection value
- 5. ip http timeout-policy idle seconds life seconds requests value
- 6. http client persistent
- 7. http client connection idle timeout seconds
- 8. uc wsapi

- 9. message-exchange max-failures number
- 10. probing max-failures number
- 11. probing interval keepalive seconds
- 12. probing interval negative seconds
- 13. source-address ip-address
- 14. end

# **DETAILED STEPSi**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
		Enter your password if prompted.
	Example:	
	Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	ip http server	Enables the HTTP server (web server) on the system.
	<pre>Example: Router(conf)# ip http server</pre>	
Step 4	ip http max-connection value	Sets the maximum number of concurrent connections to the HTTP sever that will be allowed. The default value is 5.
	Example:	
	Router(conf)# ip http max-connection 100	

	Command or Action	Purpose
5	<pre>ip http timeout-policy idle seconds life seconds requests value</pre>	Sets the characteristics that determine how long a connection to the HTTP server should remain open. The characteristics are:
	<pre>Example: Router(conf)# ip http timeout-policy idle 600 life 86400 requests 86400</pre>	<b>idle</b> —The maximum number of seconds the connection will be kept open if no data is received or response data can no be sent out on the connection. Note that a new value may not take effect on any already existing connections. If the serve is too busy or the limit on the life time or the number of requests is reached, the connection may be closed sooner. The default value is 180 seconds (3 minutes).
		life—The maximum number of seconds the connection will be kept open, from the time the connection is established. Note that the new value may not take effect on any already existing connections. If the server is too busy or the limit of the idle time or the number of requests is reached, it may close the connection sooner. Also, since the server will no close the connection while actively processing a request, the connection may remain open longer than the specified life time if processing is occurring when the life maximum is reached. In this case, the connection will be closed when processing finishes. The default value is 180 seconds (3 minutes). The maximum value is 86400 seconds (24 hours)
		<b>requests</b> —The maximum limit on the number of requests processed on a persistent connection before it is closed. Note that the new value may not take effect on any already existing connections. If the server is too busy or the limit of the idle time or the life time is reached, the connection may be closed before the maximum number of requests are processed. The default value is 1. The maximum value is 86400.
6	http client persistent	Enables HTTP persistent connections.
	<pre>Example: Router(conf)# http client persistent</pre>	
7	http client connection idle timeout seconds	Sets the number of seconds that the client waits in the idle state until it closes the connection.
	<pre>Example: Router(conf)# http client idle timeout 600</pre>	
8	uc wsapi	Enters Cisco Unified Communication IOS Service configuration mode.
	Example:	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 9	message-exchange max-failures number	Configures the maximum number of failed message exchanges between the application and the provider before
	<pre>Example: Router(config-uc-wsapi)# message-exchange max failures 2</pre>	the provider stops sending messages to the application. Range is 1 to 3. Default is 1.
Step 10	probing max-failures number	Configures the maximum number of failed probing messages before the router unregisters the application.
	Example:	Range is 1 to 5. Default is 3.
	Router(config-uc-wsapi)# probing max-failures 5	
Step 11	probing interval keepalive seconds	Configures the interval between probing messages, in seconds. Default is 120 seconds.
	Example:	
	Router(config-uc-wsapi) # probing interval 180	
Step 12	probing interval negative seconds	Configures the interval between negative probing messages, in seconds.
	<pre>Example: Router(config-uc-wsapi)# probing interval negative 10</pre>	
Step 13	source-address ip-address	Configures the IP address (hostname) as the source IP address for the UC IOS service.
	<pre>Example: Router(config-uc-wsapi)# source-address 172.1.12.13</pre>	Note The source IP address is used by the provider in the NotifyProviderStatus messages.
Step 14	end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	<pre>Example: Router(config-uc-wsapi)# end</pre>	

# **Configuring the XCC Provider on the Router**

Perform this procedure to configure the XCC provider on the router.

### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. uc wsapi
- 4. provider xcc
- 5. no shutdown
- 6. remote-url url
- 7. exit
- 8. end

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
		Enter your password if prompted.
	Example: Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	uc wsapi	Enters Cisco Unified Communication IOS Service configuration mode.
	<pre>Example: Router(conf)# uc wsapi</pre>	
Step 4	provider xcc	Enters XCC provider configuration mode.
	<pre>Example: Router(config-uc-wsapi)# provider xcc</pre>	
Step 5	no shutdown	Activates XCC provider.
	Example: Router(config-uc-wsapi-xcc)# no shutdown	
Step 6	remote-url url	Specifies the URL (IP address and port number) that the application uses to communicate with XCC provider. The
	Example: Router(config-uc-wsapi-xcc)# remote-url http://209.133.85.47:8090/my_callcontrol	XCC provider uses the IP address and port to authenticate incoming requests.
Step 7	exit	Exits XCC configuration mode.
	<pre>Example: Router(config-uc-wsapi-xcc)# exit</pre>	
Step 8	end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example: Router(config-uc-wsapi)# end	

# **Configuring the XSVC Provider on the Router**

Perform this procedure to configure the XSVC providers on the router.

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal

- 3. uc wsapi
- 4. provider xsvc
- 5. no shutdown
- **6. remote-url** [url-number] url
- 7. exit
- 8. trunk group name
- 9. description
- 10. xsvc
- 11. exit
- 12. voip trunk group name
- 13. description
- 14. xsvc
- 15. session target ipv4:destination-address
- 16. exit
- 17. end

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
		Enter your password if prompted.
	Example:	
	Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	uc wsapi	Enters Cisco Unified Communication IOS Service configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(conf)# uc wsapi	
Step 4	provider xsvc	Enters XSVC provider configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config-uc-wsapi)# provider xsvc	
Step 5	no shutdown	Activates XSVC provider.
	Example:	
	Router(config-uc-wsapi-xsvc)# no shutdown	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 6	remote-url [url-number] url  Example:	Specifies up to 8 different URLs (IP address and port number) that applications can use to communicate with the XSVC provider. The XSVC provider uses the IP address and port to authenticate incoming requests.
	Router(config-uc-wsapi-xsvc)# remote-url 1 http://209.133.85.47:8090/my_route_control	The <i>url-number</i> identifies the unique url. Range is 1 to 8.
Step 7	exit	Exits XSVC configuration mode.
	<pre>Example: Router(config-uc-wsapi-xsvc)# exit</pre>	
Step 8	trunk group name	Enters trunk-group configuration mode to define a trunk group.
	<pre>Example: Router(config)# trunk group SJ_PRI</pre>	
Step 9	description  Example:	Enter a description for the trunk group. The name is passed to external application as part of XSVC status and XCC connection messages.
	Router(config)# description IN	
Step 10	xsvc	Enables xsvc monitoring on the trunk group.
	<pre>Example: Router(config-trunk-group)# xsvc</pre>	
Step 11	exit	Exits trunk group configuration mode.
	<pre>Example: Router(config-trunk-group)# exit</pre>	
Step 12	voip trunk group name	Enters VOIP trunk-group configuration mode to define a trunk group.
	<pre>Example: Router(config)# trunk group SJ_SIP</pre>	
Step 13	description  Example:	Enter a description for the VOIP trunk group. The name is passed to external application as part of XSVC status and XCC connection messages.
	Router(config-voip-trk-gp)# description IN	
Step 14	xsvc	Enables xsvc monitoring on the VOIP trunk group.
	<pre>Example: Router(config-voip-trk-gp)# xsvc</pre>	
Step 15	session target ipv4:destination address	Configures the IP address of the remote router.
	<pre>Example: Router(config-voip-trk-gp)# session target ipv4:9.10.31.254</pre>	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 16	exit	Exits VOIP trunk group configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config-voip-trk-gp)# exit	
Step 17	end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config-uc-wsapi)# end	

# **Configuring the XCDR Provider on the Router**

Perform this procedure to configure the XCDR provider on the router.

# **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. uc wsapi
- 4. provider xcdr
- 5. no shutdown
- **6. remote-url** [*url-number*] *url*
- 7. exit
- 8. end

# **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
		Enter your password if prompted.
	Example:	
	Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	uc wsapi	Enters Cisco Unified Communication IOS Service
		configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(conf)# uc wsapi	
Step 4	provider xcdr	Enters XCDR provider configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config-uc-wsapi)# provider xcdr	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 5	no shutdown	Activates XCDR provider.
	Example: Router(config-uc-wsapi-xcdr)# no shutdown	
Step 6	remote-url [url-number] url	Specifies up to eight different URLs (IP address and port number) that applications can use to communicate with the
	<pre>Example: Router(config-uc-wsapi-xcdr)# remote-url 1</pre>	XCDR provider. The XCDR provider uses the IP address and port to authenticate incoming requests.
	http://209.133.85.47:8090/my_route_control	The <i>url-number</i> identifies the unique url. Range is 1 to 8.
Step 7	exit	Exits XCDR configuration mode.
	<pre>Example: Router(config-uc-wsapi-xcdr)# exit</pre>	
Step 8	end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config-uc-wsapi)# end	

# **Configuration Example**

The following example sets up the router for Cisco Unified Communication IOS Services. It enables the HTTP server and the XCC, XSVC, and XCDR providers. The configuration specifies the address and port that the application uses to communicate with the XCC, XSVC, and XCDR provider. It also identifies the trunk group that XSVC will be monitoring.



XSVC and XCDR can support up to eight different remote URLs.

```
ip http server
!
call fallback monitor
call fallback icmp-ping count 1 interval 2 timeout 100
!
uc wsapi
source-address 10.1.1.1
provider xcc
remote-url http://test.com:8090/xcc
!
provider xsvc
remote-url 1 http://test.com:8090/xsvc
!
provider xcdr
remote-url 1 http://test.com:8090/xcdr
!
trunk group pri
xsvc
voip trunk group 1
xsvc
session target ipv4: 11.1.1.1
```

```
! interface Serial0/1/0:23 isdn switch-type primary-ni isdn incoming-voice voice trunk-group pri
```

# Verifying and Troubleshooting Cisco Unified Communication IOS Services

Use the following show commands to gather information on the performance of the Cisco Unified Communication IOS Services:

- · show wsapi registration
- show wsapi http client
- show wsapi http server
- show wsapi xsvc routes

Use the following debug commands to gather troubleshooting information on the service provider:

- debug wsapi xcc [CR | all | function | default | detail | error | inout | event]
- debug wsapi xsvc [CR | all | function | default | detail | error | inout | event]
- debug wsapi xcdr [CR | all | function | default | detail | error | inout | event]
- debug wsapi infrastructure [CR | all | function | default | detail | error | inout | event]

# **Command Reference**

This section documents the CLI commands that are used on the router.

- debug wsapi, page 2-11
- message-exchange max-failures, page 2-14
- probing interval, page 2-15
- probing max-failures, page 2-16
- provider, page 2-17
- remote-url, page 2-18
- show call media forking, page 2-19
- show voip trunk group, page 2-20
- show wsapi, page 2-21
- source-address (uc-wsapi), page 2-24
- uc wsapi, page 2-25
- voip trunk group, page 2-26
- xsvc, page 2-27

# debug wsapi

To collect and display traces for the Cisco Unified Communication IOS services application programming interface, use the **debug wsapi** command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable debugging, use the **no** form of this command.

debug wsapi {infrastructure | xcc | xcdr | xsvc } [all | default | detail | error | event | function | inout | messages]

no debug wsapi {infrastructure | xcc | xcdr | xsvc } [all | default | detail | error | event | function | inout | messages

### **Syntax Description**

infrastructure	Enables debugging traces on the infrastructure.
xcc	Enables debugging traces on the xcc provider.
xcdr	Enables debugging traces on the xcdr provider.
xsvc	Enables debugging traces on the xsvc provider.
all	Enables all debugging traces.
default	Enables default debugging traces.
detail	Enables detailed debugging traces.
error	Enables error debugging traces.
event	Enables event debugging traces.
function	Enables function debugging traces.
inout	Enables inout debugging traces.
messages	Enables API message traces.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
15.2(2)T	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to enable debugging traces for the Cisco Unified Communicaion IOS services subsystems.

#### **Examples**

The following is the debug output from the **debug wsapi infrastructure** command for an XCC registration.

Router# debug wsapi infrastructure

```
23:25:09: //WSAPI/INFRA/wsapi_https_urlhook:
23:25:09: //WSAPI/INFRA: app_name cisco_xcc in url /cisco_xcc in port 8090
23:25:09: //WSAPI/INFRA/wsapi_https_urlhook: Exit
23:25:09: //WSAPI/INFRA/wsapi_https_post_action:
```

```
23:25:09: wsapi_https_data_read: <soapenv:Envelope
xmlns:soapenv="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"><soapenv:Body><RequestXccRegister
\verb|xmlns="http://www.cisco.com/schema/cisco\_xcc/v1_0"><applicationData><name>myapp</name><url>
>http://sj22lab-as2:8090/xcc</url></applicationData><blockingEventTimeoutSec>1</blockingEv
entTimeoutSec><blockingTimeoutHandle>CONTINUE_PROCESSING</blockingTimeoutHandle><connectio
nEventsFilter>CREATED AUTHORIZE_CALL REDIRECTED ALERTING CONNECTED TRANSFERRED
CALL_DELIVERY DISCONNECTED HANDOFFLEAVE
HANDOFFJOIN</connectionEventsFilter><mediaEventsFilter>MODE_CHANGE DTMF TONE_BUSY
TONE_DIAL TONE_SECOND_DIAL TONE_RINGBACK TONE_OUT_OF_SERVICE
{\tt MEDIA\_ACTIVITY</mediaEventsFilter>< msgHeader>< transactionID> txID001</transactionID> </msgHeader>< transactionID> txID001
ader><providerData><url>http://10.1.1.1:8090/cisco_xcc</url></providerData></RequestXccReg
ister></soapenv:Body></soapenv:Envelope>
23:25:09: //WSAPI/INFRA/27/0/wsapi_https_recv:
23:25:09: //WSAPI/INFRA/27/0/txID001/wsapi_ph_request_msg_handle:
23:25:09: //WSAPI/INFRA/27/0/txID001: prov_type 0 msg_type 6 prov_state 1
23:25:09: //WSAPI/INFRA/wsapi_create_common_msg:
23:25:09: //WSAPI/INFRA/wsapi_create_common_msg: Exit
23:25:09: //WSAPI/INFRA/27/0/txID001/wsapi_send_outbound_response:
23:25:09: wsapi_dump_msg: type 8
23:25:09: transactionID txID001
23:25:09: registrationID 50674FC:XCC:myapp:9
23:25:09: ResponseXccRegister:
23:25:09: providerStatus 1
23:25:09: //WSAPI/INFRA/27/0/txID001/wsapi_send_outbound_response: Exit
23:25:09: wsapi_send_ResponseRegister:mem_mgr_mempool_free: mem_refcnt(3CA18B8)=0 -
mempool cleanup
23:25:09: //WSAPI/INFRA/27/0/txID001/wsapi_https_recv: Exit
23:25:09: wsapi_https_data_write: <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?><SOAP:Envelope
xmlns:SOAP="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"><SOAP:Body><ResponseXccRegister
xmlns="http://www.cisco.com/schema/cisco_xcc/v1_0"><msgHeader><transactionID>txID001</tran
\verb|sactionID><| registrationID>50674FC:XCC:| myapp:9<| registrationID><| msgHeader><| providerStatus>| registrationID><| msgHeader><| 
IN_SERVICE</providerStatus></ResponseXccRegister></SOAP:Body></SOAP:Envelope>
23:25:09: //WSAPI/INFRA/wsapi_https_post_action: Exit
```

#### The following is a partial debug log from the **debug wsapi xcc all** command for a call.

#### Router# debug wsapi xcc all

```
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/check_xccp_active:177:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_get_state:248:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_get_registration_count:212:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/check_xccp_active:177:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_get_state:248:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_get_registration_count:212:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/xccp_sessStore_call_add:271:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/xccp_sessStore_get_db:145:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/xccp_session_call_add:353: xcc session successfully added
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/xccp_sessStore_call_add:285: xcc call successfully added
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/check_xccp_active:177:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_get_state:248:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_get_registration_count:212:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/xccp_create_outbound_msg_space:677:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/xccp_sessStore_get_callData:225:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/xccp_sessStore_get_db:145:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/xccp_session_get_callData:445:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/check_xccp_active:177:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_get_state:248:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_get_registration_count:212:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/xccp_notify_events:434:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/xccp_queue_events:304:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_event_new:335:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/UNKNOWN/event_base_new:267:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC: magic [0xBABE] state[EVENT_STATE_ACTIVE] owner [0x1148C178]
evSize[56] debFlag[3] evHdlr[0x894D834] evHdlFree[0x894DB00]
```

```
23:27:20: //WSAPI/UNKNOWN/event_base_new:292: event base new succ
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_event_new:360: provider base eventNew success
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_add_ev_to_q:393:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/check_xccp_active:177:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_get_state:248:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_get_registration_count:212:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/xccp_create_outbound_msg_space:677:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/xccp_sessStore_get_callData:225:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/xccp_sessStore_get_db:145:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/xccp_session_get_callData:445:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/check_xccp_active:177:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_get_state:248:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_get_registration_count:212:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/xccp_solicit_events:359:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/xccp_queue_events:304:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_event_new:335:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/UNKNOWN/event_base_new:267:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC: magic [0xBABE] state[EVENT_STATE_ACTIVE] owner [0x1148C178]
evSize[56] debFlag[3] evHdlr[0x894D834] evHdlFree[0x894DB00]
23:27:20: //WSAPI/UNKNOWN/event_base_new:292: event base new succ
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_event_new:360: provider base eventNew success
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_add_ev_to_q:393:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/provider_base_process_events:444:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/xccp_handle_events:153:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/INFRA/wsapi_send_outbound_message:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/INFRA/wsapi_send_outbound_message_by_provider_info:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/wsapi_xcc_encode_outbound_msg:
23:27:20: //WSAPI/XCC/wsapi_xcc_encode_outbound_msg: Exit
23:27:20: //WSAPI/INFRA/0/1527/50875A4:319:out_url http://sj22lab-as2:8090/xcc
23:27:20: wsapi_send_outbound_message_by_provider_info: <?xml version="1.0"
encoding="UTF-8"?><SOAP:Envelope
xmlns:SOAP="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"><SOAP:Body><NotifyXccConnectionData
xmlns="http://www.cisco.com/schema/cisco_xcc/v1_0"><msgHeader><transactionID>50875A4:319
transactionID><registrationID>50674FC:XCC:myapp:9</registrationID></msgHeader><callData><c
allID>9</callID><state>ACTIVE</state></callData><connData><connID>1527</connID><state>IDLE
</state></connData><event><created><connDetailData><connData><connID>1527</connID><state>I
DLE</state></connData><quid>7A1E678F-8259-11E0-8FF1-D29982DCA129</quid><callingAddrData><t
ype>E164</type><addr>5522101</addr></callingAddrData><calledAddrData><type>E164</type><add
r>6001</addr></calledAddrData><origCallingAddrData><type>E164</type><addr>5522101</addr></
origCallingAddrData><origCalledAddrData><type>E164</type><addr>6001</addr></origCalledAddr
Data><connIntfType>CONN_SIP</connIntfType><mediaData><type>V0ICE</type></mediaData><connIn
tf>1.3.45.2</connIntf><connDirectionType>INCOMING</connDirectionType></connDetailData></cr
eated></event></NotifyXccConnectionData></SOAP:Body></SOAP:Envelope>
23:27:20: //WSAPI/INFRA/0/1527/50875A4:319/wsapi_send_outbound_message_by_provider_info:
Exit
```

# message-exchange max-failures

To configure the maximum number of failed message that is exchanged between the application and the provider before the provider stops sending messages to the application, use the **message-exchange max-failures** command. To reset the maximum to the default number, use the **no** form of this command.

message-exchange max-failures number

no message-exchange max-failures number

# **Syntax Description**

number	Maximum number of messages allowed before the service provider stops
	sending messages to the application. Range is from 1 to 3. Default is 1.

### **Command Default**

The default is 1.

#### **Command Modes**

uc wsapi configuration mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
15.2(2)T	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to set the maximum number of messages that can fail before the system determines that the application is unreachable and the service provider stops sending messages to the application.

#### **Examples**

The following example sets the maximum number of failed messages to 2.

Router(config)# uc wsapi
Router(config-uc-wsapi)# message-exchange max-failures 2

Command	Description
probing interval	Sets the time interval between probing messages.
probing max-failure	Sets the number of messages that the system will send without receiving a reply before the system unregisters the application.

# probing interval

To configure the time interval between probing messages sent by the router, use the **probing interval** command. To reset the time interval to the default number, use the **no** form of this command.

probing interval [keepalive | negative] seconds

no probing interval keepalive [negative] seconds

#### **Syntax Description**

keepalive	(optional) Configures the time interval between probing messages when the session is in a keepalive state. Range is from 1 to 255 seconds. Default is 5 seconds.
negative	(optional) Configures the time interval between probing messages when the session is in a negative state. Range is from 1 to 20 seconds. Default is 5 seconds.
seconds	Number of seconds between probing message.

#### **Defaults**

The default is 120 seconds between probing messages when the session is in a normal state and 5 seconds between probing messages when the session is in a negative state.

#### **Command Modes**

uc wsapi configuration mode.

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
15.2(2)T	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure the time interval between probing messages sent by the router.

### **Examples**

The following example sets an interval of 180 seconds during a normal session and 10 seconds when the session is in a negative state:

```
Router(config)# uc wsapi
Router(config-uc-wsapi)# probing interval keepalive 180
Router(config-uc-wsapi)# probing interval negative 10
```

Command	Description
message-exchange	Sets the maximum number of failed message responses before the provider stops sending messages.
probing max-failure	Sets the number of messages that the system will send without receiving a reply before the system unregisters the application.

# probing max-failures

To configure the maximum number of probing messages that the application fails to respond to before the system stops the session and unregisters the application, use the **probing max-failures** command. To reset the maximum to the default number, use the **no** form of this command.

probing max-failures number

no probing max-failures number

# **Syntax Description**

number	Maximum number of messages allowed before the system stops the session
	and unregisters the application. Range is from 1 to 5. Default is 3.

### **Command Default**

The default is 3.

#### **Command Modes**

uc wsapi configuration mode.

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
15.2(2)T	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to set the maximum number of probing messages sent by the system that the application does not respond to before the system stops the session and unregisters the application session.

### **Examples**

The following example sets the maximum number of failed messages to 5.

Router(config)# uc wsapi
Router(config-uc-wsapi)# probing max-failures 5

Command	Description
message-exchange	Sets the maximum number of failed message responses before the provider stops sending messages.
probing interval	Sets the time interval between probing messages.

# provider

To configure and enable a service provider, use the **provider** command. To remove the provider, use the **no** form of this command.

# provider [XCC | XSVC | XCDR]

#### no provider [XCC | XSVC | XCDR]

# **Syntax Description**

XCC	(optional) Enables the XCC service provider.
XSVC	(optional) Enables the XSVC service provider.
XCDR	(optional) Enables the XCDR service provider.

Defaults

No default behavior.

**Command Modes** 

uc wsapi configuration mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
15.2(2)T	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to enable the service provider.

# Examples

The following example enables the XCC service provider.

Router(config) # uc wsapi

Router(config-uc-wsapi)# provider xcc
Router(config-uc-wsapi-xcc)# no shutdown

Command	Description
remote-url	Specifies the URL of the application.
source-address	Specifies the IP address of the provider.
uc wsapi	Enters Cisco Unified Communication IOS services configuration mode.

# remote-url

To configure the url of the application that will be used by the service provider, use the **remote-url** command. The provider will use this url to authenticate and communicate with the application. To delete the configured url, use the **no** form of this command.

remote-url [url-number] url

no remote-url [url-number] url

#### **Syntax Description**

url-number	(optional) URL number. Range is from 1 to 8.
url	Specifies the URL that the service provider will be using in the messages.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

uc wsapi configuration mode.

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
15.2(2)T	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure the remote URL (application) that the service provider uses in messages.

# **Examples**

The following exampleconfigures the remote url that the the xcc service provider will use in messages.

Router(config)# uc wsapi
Router(config-uc-wsapi)# provider xcc
Router(config-uc-wsapi-xcc)# no shutdown
Router(config-uc-wsapi-xcc)# remote-url 1 http://209.133.85.47:8090/my\_route\_control

Command	Description
provider	Enables a provider service.
source-address	Specifies the IP address of the provider.
uc wsapi	Enters Cisco Unified Communication IOS services configuration mode.

# show call media forking

To display currently active media forking sessions, use the **show call media forking** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

#### show call media forking

#### **Syntax Description**

This command has no arguments or keywords.

#### **Command Modes**

User EXEC (>)

Privileged EXEC (#)

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
15.2(2)T	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to verify that media forking was successful for relevant anchor legs.

#### **Examples**

The following example is a sample output from the show call media forking command.

Router# show call media forking

Warning: Output may be truncated if sessions are added/removed concurrently!

Table 2-1 describes the fields that are displayed.

# Table 2-1 Show Call Media Forking Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Session	Session Identifier.
Call	Call Leg identifier in hexadecimal. It must match the Call ID from the show call leg active command.
n/f	Direction (Near End or Far End) of the voice stream that was forked.
Destination (port address)	Destination for the forked packets. It consists of the folllowing:
	RTP Port
	• IP Address

# show voip trunk group

To display the internal list of voip trunk groups, use the **show voip trunk group** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

#### show voip trunk group

**Syntax Description** 

This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Modes** 

User EXEC (>)

Privileged EXEC (#)

**Command History** 

Release	Modification
15.2(2)T	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** 

Use this command to display VOIP trunk groups.

#### **Examples**

The following example is a sample output from the show voip trunk group command.

Router# show voip trunk group

-----

name: 1
protocol: cisco
ip: 1.3.45.2
xsvc: TRUE

# show wsapi

To display information on the Cisco Unified Communication IOS services, including registration, statistics, and route information, use the **show wsapi** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show wsapi {http-client | http-server | registration {all | xcc | xcdr | xsvc } | xsvc route }

### **Syntax Description**

http-client	Displays the statistics that have been collected on the http client interface.
http-server	Displays the statistics that have been collected on the http server interface.
registration	Displays the currently registered applications on the WSAPI subsystem.
all	Displays all registered applications.
xcc	Displays the applications that are registered to the XCC provider.
xcdr	Displays the applications that are registered to the XCDR provider.
xsvc	Displays the applications that are registered to the XSVC provider.
xsvc route	Displays the internal route information in the XSVC provider.

#### **Command Modes**

User EXEC

Privileged EXEC

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
15.2(2)T	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to display information on the Cisco Unified Communication IOS services.

#### **Examples**

The following example is a sample output from the show wsapi http-client command.

Router# show wsapi http-client

```
WSAPI Outgoing Notify/Solicit Message Statistics
wsapi_show_httpc_callback_context_invalid: 0
wsapi_show_httpc_callback_context_error: 0
wsapi_show_httpc_callback_no_reg: 5
wsapi_show_httpc_callback_notify_OK: 85
wsapi_show_httpc_callback_notify_error: 0
wsapi_show_httpc_callback_client_error: 0
wsapi_show_httpc_callback_error: 7
wsapi_show_httpc_callback_client_error: 0
wsapi_show_httpc_callback_decode_error: 28
wsapi_show_httpc_callback_no_txID: 0
wsapi_show_httpc_callback_OK: 655
wsapi_show_httpc_create_msg_error: 0
wsapi_show_httpc_context_active: 0
wsapi_tx_context_freeq depth: 4
```

The following example is a sample output from the **show wsapi http-server** command.

#### Router# show wsapi http-server

```
WSAPI Incoming Request Message Statistics
_____
wsapi show https urlhook: 23
wsapi_show_https_post_action: 23
wsapi_show_https_post_action_fail: 0
wsapi_show_https_xml_fault: 0
wsapi_show_https_post_action_done: 23
wsapi_show_https_service_timeout: 0
wsapi_show_https_send_error: 0
wsapi_show_https_invalid_context: 0
wsapi_show_https_data_active: 0
wsapi_https_data_q depth: 1
wsapi_show_https_internal_service_error: 0
wsapi_show_https_service_unavailable_503: 0
wsapi_show_https_not_found_404: 0
wsapi_show_https_registration_success: 9
wsapi_show_https_not_registered: 0
wsapi_show_https_registration_auth_fail: 1
wsapi_show_https_registration_fail: 0
wsapi_show_https_un_registered: 0
```

The following example is a sample output from the **show wsapi registration all** command.

#### Router# show wsapi registration all

```
Provider XCC
______
registration
 id: 4FA11CC:XCC:myapp:5
 appUrl:http://sj22lab-as2:8090/xcc
 appName: myapp
 provUrl: http://10.1.1.1:8090/cisco_xcc
 prober state: STEADY
 connEventsFilter:
CREATED | AUTHORIZE_CALL | ADDRESS_ANALYZE | REDIRECTED | ALERTING | CONNECTED | TRANSFERRED | CALL_DELI
VERY | DISCONNECTED | HANDOFF_JOIN | HANDOFF_LEAVE
 mediaEventsFilter:
IAL
 blockingEventTimeoutSec: 1
 blockingTimeoutHandle: CONTINUE_PROCESSING
Provider XSVC
_____
registration index: 2
 id: 4FA0F8C:XSVC:myapp:3
 appUrl:http://sj22lab-as2:8090/xsvc
 appName: myapp
 provUrl: http://10.1.1.1:8090/cisco_xsvc
 prober state: STEADY
 route filter:
 event filter: off
Provider XCDR
______
registration index: 1
 id: 4FA10A0:XCDR:myapp:1
 appUrl:http://sj22lab-as2:8090/xcdr
```

```
appName: myapp
provUrl: http://10.1.1.1:8090/cisco_xcdr
prober state: STEADY
cdr format: COMPACT
event filter: off
```

The following example is a sample output from the **show wsapi xsvc route** command.

#### Router# show wsapi xsvc route

```
Route SANJOSE SIP
______
Type: VOIP
 Description: OUT
Filter:
Trunk:
       Trunk Name:
                     1.3.45.2
                      SIPV2
       Trunk Type:
       Trunk Status:
Route SANJOSE_PRI
______
 Type: PSTN
 Description: IN
Filter:
Trunk:
       Trunk Name:
                    Se0/1/0:23
       Trunk Type:
                  ISDN PRI
       Trunk Status: UP
       Total channels 2
       Channel bitmap 0x01FFFFFE 1-24
       Link bitmap
                      0x00000006
      Alarm 0x0000001
       Time elapsed 516
       Interval
                     92
       CurrentData
    O Line Code Violations, O Path Code Violations
    O Slip Secs, O Fr Loss Secs, O Line Err Secs, O Degraded Mins
    0 Errored Secs, 0 Bursty Err Secs, 0 Severely Err Secs, 0 Unavail Secs
       Total Data
    49 Line Code Violations, 7 Path Code Violations,
    O Slip Secs, 1 Fr Loss Secs, 1 Line Err Secs, O Degraded Mins,
    0 Errored Secs, 0 Bursty Err Secs, 0 Severely Err Secs, 2 Unavail Secs
       Trunk Name:
                     Se0/1/1:23
       Trunk Type:
                     ISDN PRI
       Trunk Status:
                      UP
       Total channels 2
       Channel bitmap 0x01FFFFFE 1-24
       Link bitmap
                      0x00000006
      Alarm 0x0000001
       Time elapsed 516
                     92
      Interval
       CurrentData
    O Line Code Violations, O Path Code Violations
    O Slip Secs, O Fr Loss Secs, O Line Err Secs, O Degraded Mins
    0 Errored Secs, 0 Bursty Err Secs, 0 Severely Err Secs, 0 Unavail Secs
       TotalData
    42 Line Code Violations, 4 Path Code Violations,
    O Slip Secs, 1 Fr Loss Secs, 1 Line Err Secs, O Degraded Mins,
    0 Errored Secs, 0 Bursty Err Secs, 0 Severely Err Secs, 2 Unavail Secs
```

# source-address (uc-wsapi)

To specify the source IP address or hostname for the Cisco Unified Communication IOS services in the NotifyProviderStatus message, use the **source-address** command in uc wsapi configuration mode. To disable the router from sending NotifyProviderStatus message, use the **no** form of this command.

source-address ip-address

no source-address

# **Syntax Description**

ip-address	IP address identified as the source address by the service provider in the
	NotifyProviderStatus message.

#### Defaults

No IP address.

#### **Command Modes**

uc wsapi

# CommandHistory

Release	Modification
15.2(2)T	This command was introduced.

### **Usage Guidelines**

This command enables the service provider on the router to send messages to the application via the NotifyProvicerStatus message.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows how to set the IP source address and port:

Router(config)# uc wsapi
Router(config-register-global)# source-address 172.1.12.13

Command	Description
provider	Enables a provider service.
remote-url	Specifies the URL of the application.
uc wsapi	Enters Cisco Unified Communication IOS services configuration mode.

# uc wsapi

To configure the Cisco Unified Communication IOS services environment for a specific application, use the **uc wsapi** command.

uc wsapi

**Syntax Description** 

This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** 

None

**Command Modes** 

EXEC mode.

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
15.2(2)T	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to enter the Cisco Unified Communication IOS services configuration environment.

# Examples

The following example enters the Cisco Unified Communication IOS services configuration environment.

Router(config) # uc wsapi
Router(config-uc-wsapi) #

Command	Description
provider	Enables a provider service.

# voip trunk group

To define or modify a VOIP trunk group and to enter trunk group configuration mode, use the **voip trunk group** command in global configuration mode. To delete the VOIP trunk group, use the **no** form of this command.

voip trunk group name

no voip trunk group name

# **Syntax Description**

name	Name of the voip trunk group. Valid names contain a maximum of 63 alphanumeric
	characters.

#### **Command Default**

No voip trunk group is defined.

#### **Command Modes**

Global configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
15.2(2)T	This command was introduced.

# Usage Guidelines

Use the **voip trunk group** command to define the VOIP trunk and extend serviceability to the trunk. By default, the session protocol of the IP trunk is h323. Up to 1000 trunk groups can be configured on the gateway provided that the gateway has sufficient memory to store the profiles

#### **Examples**

The following example enables creates a VOIP trunk group and enables monitoring.

```
Router(config) # voip trunk group siptrk1
Router(config-voip-trk) # session protocol sipv2
Router(config-voip-trk) # target ipv4: 10.1.1.15
Router(config-voip-trk) # xsvc
```

Command	Description
show voip trunk group	Displays the internal list of voip trunk groups.
xsvc	Enables monitoring on the trunk.

# **XSVC**

To add support for extended serviceability (xsvc) on TDM, (ISDN-PRI/BRI, DS0-group, analog voice-port) voice interfaces, which are defined as a trunk group, use the **xsvc** command. To disable support for extended serviceability, use the **no** form of this command.

xsvc

no xsvc

**Syntax Description** 

This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** 

Extended serviceability is disabled on trunk groups.

**Command Modes** 

Trunk group configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
15.2(2)T	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to add support for extended serviceability on voice interfaces which are defined as a trunk group.

#### **Examples**

The following example enables monitoring on a trunk group.

Router(config)# trunk group tdm-tg1
Router(config-trunk-group)# xsvc

Command	Description
provider	Enables a provider service.

XSVC