

Administration Console: Dispatcher Tasks

A Cisco IPIC dispatcher is responsible for setting up virtual talk group (VTG) templates, activating VTGs to begin conferences, and adding or removing members or participants in VTG templates and active VTGs. A dispatcher also monitors active VTGs and can mute and unmute users as necessary.

In addition, a dispatcher manages policies, each of which activates a VTG template at a particular time and then deactivates it after a designated interval.

You perform the Cisco IPICS dispatcher activities from the Dispatcher window in the Administration Console. To access this window, log in to the Administration Console as described in the "Accessing the Administration Console" section on page 1-10, then choose the **Dispatcher** tab.



You must be assigned the dispatcher role to access the Dispatcher window.

This chapter includes these sections:

- Managing VTGs, page 4-2
- Managing Policies, page 4-26



Cisco IPICS allows more than one dispatcher to log into the system at a time. This situation requires coordination between dispatchers, because the users, channels, or groups that are committed to a VTG by one dispatcher may be required by another. The Cisco IPICS operational views feature provides a way to handle this

situation. With this feature, a dispatcher sees only the VTG participants that have been assigned to a particular ops view. For more information about ops views, see Chapter 6, "Operational Views."

Managing VTGs

A VTG enables multiple participants on various channels to communicate using a single multicast address. Participants in a VTG can include users, user groups, channels, channel groups, and other VTGs. An active VTG, also called an *event*, is a VTG in which all the participants have live connections with each other.

You can stage a VTG by creating a VTG template, which is an inactive VTG. You use a VTG template to arrange members that can communicate when you activate the VTG template. You can create as many VTG templates as necessary and activate any of them when needed.

After you activate the VTG, you can easily manage it by adding and removing users, PTT channels, and other VTGs, and by muting an unmuting PMC users.

As a Cisco IPICS dispatcher, you can perform these VTG management tasks:

- Managing VTG Templates, page 4-8
- Managing Active VTGs, page 4-15
- Using the Search Utility, page 4-22

You perform the VTG management tasks in the VTG Workspace Window. For more information about this window, including how to access it, see the "VTG Workspace Window" section on page 4-3.

For related information, see the "Best Practices for Managing VTGs" section on page 4-24.



If there is no traffic activity after a 30 minute interval, channels that are activated via a SIP-based remote connection may be deactivated by the system. The PMC will automatically reactivate the connection after 30 seconds. Alternatively, you can reactivate the channel by clicking the **Activate** button on the PMC. To avoid this issue, see Appendix A, "RMS Configuration" for information about properly configuring an RMS.

VTG Workspace Window

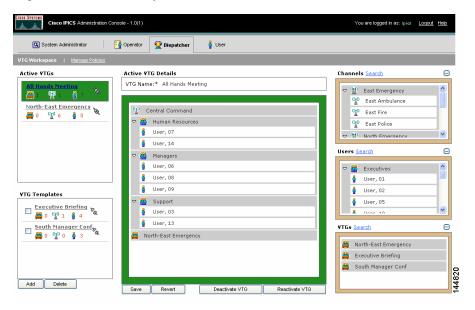
A Cisco IPICS Dispatcher performs dispatcher tasks in the VTG Workspace window.

To access the VTG Workspace window, log in to the Administration Console as described in the "Accessing the Administration Console" section on page 1-10, then choose the **Dispatcher** tab. Figure 4-1 shows an example of this window.



You must be assigned the dispatcher role to access the VTG Workspace window.

Figure 4-1 VTG Workspace Window



For additional information about the VTG Workspace window, see these sections:

- VTG Workspace Window Icons, page 4-4
- VTG Workspace Window Areas and Lists, page 4-5

VTG Workspace Window Icons

Various icons in the VTG Workspace window provide important information. Some icons in the Active VTGs area and in the VTG Templates area display with a number to their right. This number indicates how many of the corresponding item, such as user or PTT channel, are in the VTG or in the VTG template.

Table 4-1 describes the icons that can display in the VTG Workspace window.

Table 4-1 VTG Workspace Window Icons

lcon	Meaning
	Cisco IPICS user.
	User group.
	PTT channel.
((p)) 	
	PTT channel group.
((99))	
	Busy PTT channel.
((9))	A channel is busy when it is use by an active VTG.
	Secure PTT channel.
(2)))	You can designate a PTT channel as secure when you add the channel.
	Unavailable PTT channel.
(9)	A channel is unavailable when it is disabled.

Table 4-1 VTG Workspace Window Icons (continued)

lcon	Meaning
	VTG.
	Unavailable VTG channel.
×	For more information, see the "Reactivating a VTG" section on page 4-20.

VTG Workspace Window Areas and Lists

The VTG Workspace Window contains various areas and lists, as described in Table 4-2.

Table 4-2 VTG Workspace Window Areas and Lists

Are or List	Description	
Active VTGs area	Displays names of the VTGs that are active and lets you select an active VTG.	
	To see detailed information about a VTG in this area, click the VTG name. Information displays in the Active VTG Details area.	
VTG Templates area	Displays names of the VTG templates that have been configured in Cisco IPICS and lets you select a VTG template.	
	To see detailed information about a VTG template in this area, click the VTG name. Information displays in the VTG Template Details area.	
	The check box next to a VTG template name lets you select the template for deletion. For more information, see the "Deleting a VTG Template" section on page 4-14.	
Active VTG Details area	Displays when you choose a VTG in the Active VTGs area and shows the participants in the selected active VTG.	
	To see members of a user group or a channel group in this area, expand the group by clicking the right arrow next to the group name. Click the down arrow next to a group name to collapse an expanded group.	
	Note To see the participants of a VTG that is a participant if another VTG, look at the Active VTG Details are for the participant VTG.	

Table 4-2 VTG Workspace Window Areas and Lists

Are or List	Description
VTG Template Details area	Displays when you choose a VTG template in the VTG Templates area and lists the members in the selected VTG template.
	To see members of a user group or a channel group in this area, expand the group by clicking the right arrow next to the group name. Click the down arrow next to a group name to collapse an expanded group.
Channels list	Displays the PTT channels and channel groups that can be added to VTGs.
	To expand this list, click the plus (+) sign to its right. To collapse this list, click the minus sign (-) to its right.
	To see members of a channel group in this list, expand the group by clicking the right arrow next to the group name. Click the down arrow next to a group name to collapse an expanded group.
	To search for an item in this list, see the "Using the Search Utility" section on page 4-22.

Table 4-2 VTG Workspace Window Areas and Lists

Are or List	Description
Users list	Displays the users and user groups that can be added to VTGs. This list displays only PMC or Cisco IP Phone users. It does not display users who participate in VTGs using handheld radios or LMRs.
	To expand this list, click the plus sign (+) to its right. To collapse this list, click the minus (-) sign to its right.
	To see members of a user group in this list, expand the group by clicking the right arrow next to the group name. Click the down arrow next to a group name to collapse an expanded group.
	To see additional information about a user, or to mute a user, double-click the user name. The User Details window appears. This window displays information from the user profile, and includes these buttons:
	• Mute Mic or Unmute Mic (toggle button)—Clicking Mute Mic allows the user to listen to a VTG, but not to speak. Clicking Unmute Mic allows the user to listen and speak in a VTG. Applies to all VTGs and channels in which the user is a participant.
	• Mute Mic + Speaker or Unmute Mic + Speaker (toggle button)— Clicking Mute Mic + Speaker prevents the user from speaking or listening in a VTG. Clicking Unmute Mic + Speaker allows the user to listen and speak in a VTG. Applies to all VTGs and channels in which the user is a participant.
	• Close—Closes the window
	To search for an item in this list, see the "Using the Search Utility" section on page 4-22.

Table 4-2 VTG Workspace Window Areas and Lists

Are or List	Description
VTGs list	Displays VTG templates that can be added to another VTG. You can add VTG templates from this list to an active VTG or to another VTG template. If you add a VTG template to an active VTG, the VTG that you added and all of its participants become active.
	To expand this list, click the plus (+) sign to its right. To collapse this list, click the minus (-) sign to its right.
	To search for an item in this list, see the "Using the Search Utility" section on page 4-22.
Search Results list	Displays the results of a search for channels, users, or VTGs.
	To expand this list, click the plus sign (+) to its right. To collapse this list, click the minus (-) sign to its right.
	To see members of a group in this list, expand the group by clicking the right arrow next to the group name. Click the down arrow next to a group name to collapse an expanded group.
	For more information about searching for a channel, user, or VTG, see the "Using the Search Utility" section on page 4-22.

Managing VTG Templates

A VTG template lets you create various arrangements of members (users, PTT channels, and VTGs), without committing network resources or affecting VTGs that are in progress. A dispatcher can activate a VTG template at any time, which brings the VTG participants together into a live conference.

You can view information about any VTG template by clicking the template name in the VTG Templates area. Information about the template displays in the VTG Template Details area.

When you modify a VTG template, no changes occur in system resources or in the communication between participants until you activate the VTG template. When you make changes to an active VTG, the original template remains unchanged.

As a Cisco IPICS dispatcher, you can perform these VTG template management tasks:

- Adding a New VTG Template, page 4-9
- Modifying a VTG Template, page 4-11
- Activating a VTG, page 4-13
- Deleting a VTG Template, page 4-14

You perform the VTG template management tasks in the Administration Console VTG Workspace window. For more information about this window, including how to access it, see the "VTG Workspace Window" section on page 4-3.

Adding a New VTG Template

When you add a VTG template, you specify the name of the VTG and, typically, designate the members in it. You can activate the VTG template any time after you save it.

The following guidelines apply to VTGs templates:

- A Cisco IPICS user can appear more than once in a list of VTG members. For
 example, the user could be added individually and as part of one or more user
 groups. When the VTG becomes active, Cisco IPICS recognizes such
 multiple appearances as a single user.
- If you drag a user or a PTT channel into a VTG from the Users or Channels lists and that user or PTT channel already exists in a group within the VTG, the channel or user name does not appear another time as an individual user or PTT channel. If you drag a user or PTT channel into a VTG individually and then add a group that contains the user or PTT channel, Cisco IPICS does display the user or PTT channel in the group and individually.
- Cisco IPICS allows you to create blank VTGs, which are VTGs with no members. You can activate a blank VTG and then add participants to it.
- When adding VTGs to another VTG, each VTG that you add is called a sub-VTG. Activating the top-level VTG activates any sub-VTGs. Activating a sub-VTG does not activate the top-level VTG.

• You cannot make a VTG a participant of itself or create a VTG that would result in a loop of VTGs. For example, if you place VTG-A into VTG-B, you cannot place VTG-B into VTG-A.

Similarly, if VTG-A contains the sub-VTG-D and VTG-C contains the sub-VTG-D, you cannot add VTG-C to VTG-A.

 Mixing secure and non-secure channels in the same VTG is not recommended because users on secure channels will be able to hear users on non-secure channels.

To add a new VTG template, perform the following steps.

For information about accessing the VTG Workspace window, see the "VTG Workspace Window" section on page 4-3.

Procedure

Step 1 In the VTG Workspace window, click **Add**.

A blank VTG Members area displays with an orange border.

Step 2 In the VTG Name field, type a name for the VTG.

The name can include alphanumeric characters, spaces, and any of these characters: ., - '#()/:,.

- **Step 3** Add any number and any combination of these items to the VTG template as follows:
 - To add a PTT channel, drag the channel name that you want to add from the Channels list to within the orange border in the VTG Members area.
 - To add a PTT channel group, drag the channel group name that you want to add from the Channels list to within the orange border in the VTG Members area.
 - To add a user, drag the user name that you want to add from the Users list to within the orange border in the VTG Members area.
 - To add a user group, drag the user group name that you want to add from the Users list to within the orange border in the VTG Members area.
 - To add another VTG, drag the VTG name that you want to add from the VTGs list to within the orange border in the VTG Members area.
 - To add a channel, user, or VTG that you searched for, drag the item from the Search Results list to within the orange border in the VTG Members area.

To expand a collapsed Channels, Users, VTGs, or Search Results list, click the plus sign (+) to the right of it. To expand a PTT channel group or a user group, click the right arrow next to it.

When you release the mouse button, the item that you added to the VTG template displays in green until you click **Save** to commit the change. To remove an item that displays in green, drag it out of the orange border in the VTG Members area.

Step 4 When your finish adding items to the VTG, click **Save**.

If you want to abandon your additions, click **Revert** before you click **Save**.

Modifying a VTG Template

When you modify a VTG template, you can change its name, and add or remove members.

Because a VTG template is not an active event, you can make any changes to the template without affecting any current communication between users.

The following guidelines apply when you modify a VTG template:

- If you remove a PMC user from a VTG and that user monitors a PTT channel that remains in the VTG, that user can still participate in the VTG through the PTT channel.
- If a user or a channel appears in a VTG more than once and you remove a single listing of the user or the channel, Cisco IPICS removes all instances of the user or the channel from the VTG.
- If you drag a user out of a user group in the VTG Members area, you do not change the actual user group.
- Empty PTT groups or user groups are not allowed in a VTG. If a group is included in a VTG and you drag every member out of the group, Cisco IPICS removes the group from the VTG.
- When adding VTGs to another VTG, each VTG that you add is called a sub-VTG. Activating the top-level VTG activates any sub-VTGs. Activating a sub-VTG does not activate the top-level VTG.
- You cannot set up a VTG such that it is a participant of itself. For example, if you place VTG-A into VTG-B, you cannot place VTG-B into VTG-A.

- You cannot make a VTG a participant of itself or create a VTG that would result in a loop of VTGs. For example, if you place VTG-A into VTG-B, you cannot place VTG-B into VTG-A.
 - Similarly, if VTG-A contains the sub-VTG-D and VTG-C contains the sub-VTG-D, you cannot add VTG-C to VTG-A.
- Mixing secure and non-secure channels in the same VTG is not recommended because users on secure channels will be able to hear users on non-secure channels.

To modify a VTG template, perform the following steps.

For information about accessing the VTG Workspace window, see the "VTG Workspace Window" section on page 4-3.

Procedure

Step 1 In the VTG Workspace window VTG Templates area, click the VTG template that you want to modify.

The VTG template displays in the VTG Templates Details area.

Step 2 If you want to change the name of the VTG template, enter the new name in the VTG Name field.

The name can include alphanumeric characters, spaces, and any of these characters: ., - '# () / :,

- **Step 3** If you want to add members to the VTG template, take any or all of these actions:
 - To add a PTT channel, drag the channel name that you want to add from the Channels list to within the orange border in the VTG Template Details area.
 - To add a PTT channel group, drag the channel group name that you want to add from the Channels list to within the orange border in the VTG Template Details area.
 - To add a user, drag the user name that you want to add from the Users list to within the orange border in the VTG Template Details area.
 - To add a user group, drag the user group name that you want to add from the Users list to within the orange border in the VTG Template Details area.
 - To add a VTG, drag the VTG name that you want to add from the VTGs list to within the orange border in the VTG Template Details area. (Adding a VTG to another VTG creates a *conference of conferences*.)

 To add a channel, user, or VTG that you searched for, drag the item from the Search Results list to within the orange border in the VTG Template Details area.

To expand a collapsed Channels, Users, VTGs, or Search Results list, click the plus sign (+) to the right of it. To expand a PTT channel group or a user group, click the right arrow next to it.

When you release the mouse button, the item that you added to the VTG template displays in green until you click **Save** to commit the change. To remove an item that displays in green, drag it out of the orange border in the VTG Members area.

Step 4 If you want to remove members from the VTG template, drag each item from the VTG Template Details area to outside of the orange border.

When you release the mouse button, the item changes to red. It is permanently removed from the VTG template when you click **Save**.

If a user or a channel appears in a VTG more than once and you remove a single listing of the user or the channel, Cisco IPICS removes all instances of the user or the channel from the VTG.

Step 5 To finalize your modifications, click **Save**.

If you want to abandon your modifications, click **Revert** before you click **Save**.

Activating a VTG

Activating a VTG causes Cisco IPICS to commit the network resources required to enable the participants in a VTG template to communicate with each other.

A VTG template can also be activated by a policy. For more information, see the "Managing Policies" section on page 4-26.

When you activate a VTG, it attempts to obtain a multicast address from the multicast pool. If it is successful, it attempts to acquire resources for each of its channels and sub-VTGs. (Channels go into the pending state during this process.) If the VTG successfully obtains a multicast address and some resources, it becomes active. Otherwise, it does not activate.

For information about managing an active VTG, including instructions for deactivating and reactivating a VTG, see the "Managing Active VTGs" section on page 4-15.



When you activate a VTG, there may be a delay before users can communicate with each other, especially if the VTG contains many PTT channels, users, and other VTGs. The delay may range from a few seconds to more than one minute, depending on the number of participants in the VTG.

To activate a VTG, perform the following steps.

For information about accessing the VTG Workspace window, see the "VTG Workspace Window" section on page 4-3.

Procedure

Step 1 In the VTG Workspace window VTG Templates area, click the VTG template that you want to activate.

The VTG template displays in the VTG Templates Details area.

Step 2 Click Activate VTG, which appears in the VTG Templates area under the list of VTG Members.

The VTG becomes active and it moves from the list in the VTG templates area to the list in the Active VTGs area.

Deleting a VTG Template

If a VTG template is no longer needed, you can delete it from Cisco IPICS. Deleting a VTG template has no effect on the members within it.

You cannot delete a VTG template that is associated with an active VTG. To delete such a VTG template, first deactivate the active VTG.

To delete one or more VTGs, perform the following steps.

For information about accessing the VTG Workspace window, see the "VTG Workspace Window" section on page 4-3.

Procedure

- **Step 1** In the VTG Workspace window VTG Templates area, check the check box next to each VTG Template you want to delete.
- Step 2 Click Delete.

A dialog box prompts you to confirm the deletion.

Step 3 To confirm the deletion, click **OK**.

If you do not want to delete the VTG or VTGs, click Cancel.

Managing Active VTGs

Managing active VTGs can involve the following activities:

- Adding Participants to and Removing Participants From an Active VTG, page 4-16
- Muting or Unmuting a PMC User in the VTG Workspace Window, page 4-18
- Deactivating a VTG, page 4-20
- Reactivating a VTG, page 4-20

The following guidelines apply to active VTGs:

- You can view information about any active VTG by clicking the name in the Active VTGs area. Information about the VTG displays in the Active VTG Details area.
- You cannot make changes to a user group or to a channel group when the group is in an active VTG.
- You cannot delete a user or a channel that is a participant in an active VTG.
- You cannot delete an active VTG. You must deactivate it first.
- A PTT channel can be a participant in one active VTG at a time. If you try to add a PTT channel that is in an active VTG to a another active VTG, or try to activate another VTG that has the PTT channel it, Cisco IPICS shows the PTT channel as unavailable in the second VTG.

If the Cisco IPICS server fails, all active VTGs continue without disruption.
 However, the dispatcher can no longer make changes to the VTG or mute a user.

Adding Participants to and Removing Participants From an Active VTG

You can add participants to or remove participants from an active VTG.

When you add participants to an active VTG, Cisco IPICS does not commit network resources to the VTG until you click **Save**. At that point, Cisco IPICS commits the necessary resources to enable the existing VTG participants to communicate with those that you added.

Changes that you make to an active VTG do not affect the VTG template and are not saved to the VTG template when you deactivate the VTG.



There typically is a delay of several seconds for changes to take effect after you save them. Therefore, a user who is added to an active VTG may not be able to hear or communicate immediately, and a user who is removed from an active VTG may be able to continue participating in the VTG for a short time.

A user who is added to an active VTG is affected as follows:

- A PMC user sees a new PTT channel button that represents the VTG
- A handheld radio user on an LMR network hears new voices on the radio channel
- A Cisco IP Phone user sees a new selection in the Services > IPICS menu on the phone that represents the VTG

To add participants to or remove participants from an active VTG, perform the following steps.

For information about accessing the VTG Workspace window, see the "VTG Workspace Window" section on page 4-3.

Procedure

Step 1 In the VTG Workspace window Active VTGs area, click the VTG that you want to modify.

The VTG displays in the Active VTG Details area.

- **Step 2** If you want to add participants to the VTG template, take any or all of these actions:
 - To add a PTT channel, drag the channel name that you want to add from the Channels list to within the orange border in the VTG Template Details area.
 - To add a PTT channel group, drag the channel group name that you want to add from the Channels list to within the orange border in the VTG Template Details area.
 - To add a user, drag the user name that you want to add from the Users list to within the orange border in the VTG Template Details area.
 - To add a user group, drag the user group name that you want to add from the Users list to within the orange border in the VTG Template Details area.
 - To add a VTG, drag the VTG name that you want to add from the VTGs list to within the orange border in the VTG Template Details area. (A VTG that is added to another VTG is called a *sub-VTG*.)
 - To add a channel, user, or VTG that you searched for, drag the item from the Search Results list to within the orange border in the VTG Template Details area.

To expand a collapsed Channels, Users, VTGs, or Search Results list, click the plus sign (+) to the right of it. To expand a PTT channel group or a user group, click the right arrow next to it.

When you release the mouse button, the item that you added to the VTG template displays in green until you click **Save** to commit the change. To remove an item that displays in green, drag it out of the orange border in the VTG Participants area. The item that you added cannot participate in the VTG until you click **Save**.

Step 3 If you want to remove participants from the VTG template, drag each item from the VTG Template Details area to outside of the orange border.

When you release the mouse button, the item changes to red. It is permanently removed from the VTG template when you click **Save**. The item can continue participating in the VTG until you click **Save**.

If a user or channel appears in a VTG more than once and you remove a single listing of the user or channel, Cisco IPICS removes all instances of the user or the channel from the VTG.

Step 4 To finalize your modifications, click **Save**.

If you want to abandon your modifications, click **Revert** before you click **Save**.

Muting or Unmuting a PMC User in the VTG Workspace Window

Cisco IPICS lets you as a dispatcher mute a PMC user in an active VTG or in all VTGs in which the user is a participant, and to unmute any muted user. This feature can be useful if a user is participating from a noisy location, or if you want to mute a user for any other reason.

You can choose how to mute a PMC user as follows:

- Allow the user to listen to the VTG but not to speak in it
- Do not allow the user to speak or listen to the VTG
- Allow the user to listen to any channel or VTG, but not to speak
- Do not allow the user to speak or listen to any channel or VTG

The Cisco IPICS operator can mute a user from the Edit User Details window. For instructions, see the "Muting or Unmuting a User in the Edit User Details Window" section on page 3-22.

The Mute feature affects PMC users only. It does not mute the microphone or the speaker of a Cisco IP Phone, and it does not mute the microphone of a particular user in a PTT channel. In addition, because all the user transmissions in a PTT channel are mixed into a single signal, it is not possible to mute the microphone of a LMR user in a PTT channel.

To mute or unmute a user in an active VTG, perform the following steps.

For information about accessing the VTG Workspace window, see the "VTG Workspace Window" section on page 4-3.

Procedure

Step 1 Take either of these actions:

• In the VTG Workspace window Active VTGs area, click the VTG that contains the user that you want to mute, and then in the Active VTG Details area double-click the user that you want to mute.

If necessary, click the right arrow next to a user group in the Active VTG Details area to expand the group so that you can see a user.

Double-the user name in the Users list.

If necessary, click the right arrow next to a user group in the Active VTG Details area or in the Users list to expand the group so that you can locate a user.

The User Details window displays. If you double-clicked the user in the Users list, the PMC Settings for VTG mute buttons are not available

Step 2 Take one of these actions:

- To mute a user, in the User Details window, click one of these mute buttons under:
 - Mute Mic (under PMC Settings for VTG)—Allows the user to listen to the active VTG, but not to speak in the active VTG. (This button does not display if you choose the user from the Users list.)
 - Mute Mic + Speaker (under PMC Settings for VTG)—Prevents the user from speaking or listening in the active VTG. (This button does not display if you choose the user from the Users list.)
 - Mute Mic (under Global PMC Settings)—Allows the user to listen to channels on the PMC, but not to speak. Affects all channels, not just those in the active VTG.
 - Mute Mic + Speaker (under Global PMC Settings)—Prevents the user from speaking or listening to any other users in Cisco IPICS. Affects all channels, not just those in the active VTG.

The button that you click changes to **Unmute Mic** or **Unmute Mic** + **Speaker**.

• To unmute a user, click the appropriate **Unmute** button.

Buttons under PMC Settings for VTG affect the active VTG only. Buttons under Global PMC Settings affect all channels.

The button that you click changes to **Mute Mic** or **Mute Mic + Speaker**.

Step 3 Click **Close** to exit the User Details window.

Deactivating a VTG

When you deactivate a VTG, the channels in the VTG are no longer connected to each other. You can deactivate a VTG at any time.

To deactivate a VTG, perform the following steps.

For information about accessing the VTG Workspace window, see the "VTG Workspace Window" section on page 4-3.

Procedure

Step 1 In the VTG Workspace window Active VTGs area, click the VTG that you want to deactivate.

The VTG displays in the Active VTG Details area.

Step 2 Click Deactivate VTG, which appears in the Active VTGs area under the list of VTG participants.

The VTG becomes inactive and it moves from the list in the Active VTGs area to the list in the VTG templates.

Reactivating a VTG

If all channels are not available for a VTG when you activate it, Cisco IPICS activates the channels that are available. A channel may be unavailable because there are insufficient router resources available for it or because it is in use by another active VTG.

An blue X displays to the right of an unavailable VTG channel in the Active VTG Details area. To see why the channel is unavailable, hold the mouse over the X and look at the tooltip that pops up.

When a VTG channel is unavailable, Cisco IPICS allows the VTG to continue operating without the channel, and lets you take the necessary action to obtain the unavailable channel and reactivate the VTG. When you reactivate a VTG, Cisco IPICS determines whether previously unavailable channels are available and adds them to the active VTG if they are. In this way, Cisco IPICS ensures that you do not have to disrupt a VTG if some channels are not available when you activate it.

To reactivate a VTG, perform the following steps.

For information about accessing the VTG Workspace window, see the "VTG Workspace Window" section on page 4-3.

Procedure

Step 1 Make a note of which channels in the active VTG are unavailable and why.

Cisco IPICS displays a blue X next to each unavailable channel in the VTG Workspace window Active VTG Details area. Hold the mouse cursor over the blue X to see why the channel is unavailable.

- **Step 2** If the channel is unavailable because of insufficient router resources, take these actions to free additional router resources:
 - Remove channels from any VTG
 - Disable users that have active SIP unicast connections



Note

You can see how router resources are being used by looking at information about its loopbacks in the Manage RMS window. For more information, see the "Viewing Detailed Information about a Loopback" section on page 2-11.

- **Step 3** If the channel is unavailable because it is in use by another VTG, take either of these actions:
 - In the System Administrator tab, click Channels, click the channel name in the Channels list, click **Details**, and look at the active VTG that is listed in the Associated VTGs field. Then choose that VTG in the Active VTGs area in the Dispatcher tab.
 - Click the name of another active VTG in the Active VTGs area and see if the channel is a participant in that VTG. Repeat as necessary until you locate the VTG in which the channel is a participant.
- **Step 4** Remove the channel from the VTG that is displayed in the Active VTG Details area by dragging the resources out of the Active VTG Details area and then clicking **Save**.
 - Make sure that the channel is not needed in this active VTG before you perform this step.
- Step 5 Click the name of the original VTG in which the channel is shown as unavailable.

 The contents of the original VTG display in the Active VTG Details area. If the VTG contains other unavailable resources, repeat Step 2 through Step 4.
- Step 6 Click Reactivate VTG.

Using the Search Utility

You can use the scroll bars next to the Channels, Users, and VTGs lists in the VTG Workspace window to locate an item in a list. However, if a list is long, you may find it easier to use the Search utility to quickly find a PTT channel, user, or VTG.

When you complete a search, the results display in the Search Results list in the lower-right corner of the VTG Workspace window. To expand this list, click the plus sign (+) to its right. To collapse this list, click the minus sign (-) to its right.

To use the search utility to find a PTT channel, user, or VTG, perform the following steps.

For information about accessing the VTG Workspace window, see the "VTG Workspace Window" section on page 4-3.

Procedure

Step 1 In the VTG Workspace window, click any one of the **Search** links.

The Search window appears.

- **Step 2** In the drop-down list in the top right corner of this window, choose one of these options:
 - By Channel—Lets you search for channels
 - By User—Lets you search for users
 - By VTG—Lets you search for VTGs

The Search window adjusts to display fields that apply to the item that you want to search for.

- **Step 3** Take one of these actions:
 - If you are searching for a PTT channel or a VTG, enter a text string for the channel in the Channel Name field, or enter a text string for the VTG in the VTG Name field.

A text string can be an entire channel name or VTG name, or it can be any consecutive characters in the name. For example, if you are searching for a VTG called Fire West, you could enter the text string "fire," and Cisco IPICS would return all VTGs that include fire in their name.

Text strings are not case sensitive.

- If you are searching for a user, enter information in any or all of these fields:
 - User Name, First Name, Last Name, and E-mail fields—Enter text strings for the user that you are searching for.

A text string can be an entire name or e-mail address, or it can be any consecutive characters in the name or address. For example, if you are searching for a search for the user with the last name Williamson, you could enter the text string, "illi" in the Last Name field, and Cisco IPICS would return users whose last names include this string, such as Willis, Williams, and Williamson.

Text strings are not case sensitive.

Location drop-down list—Location of the user

- Role Name drop-down list—Cisco IPICS role of the user
- Associated Channel Name—Name of the PTT channel that is associated with the user

For example, if you know only a portion of the user name, but you also know that the user a dispatcher in the West Side location, you can enter a character string in the User Name field and then choose Dispatcher and West Side from the Role and Location drop-down lists.

Step 4 Click Find.

The items that meet your search criteria display in the Search Results area.

Each item displays on its own row under columns that vary depending on the type of item (channel, user, or VTG) that you searched for.

You can resize any column by dragging the border to the right of its name.

You can toggle the display so that items display in ascending or descending order by any column heading. To do so, click the name in a column heading. An up arrow in a column indicates that items are in ascending order by that column, and a down arrow indicates that items are in descending order by that column.

If the search returns a long list or does not display the item that you want, go back to Step 3 and refine your search criteria.

Step 5 When you have the search results you want, click **OK**.

The Search window closes and the search results display in the Search Results list in the VTG Workspace window.

If you want to abandon the search, click Cancel.

Best Practices for Managing VTGs

Cisco IPICS presents new opportunities for members of your organization to participate in conferences. Some of these members may be unfamiliar with the technology, conventions, and practices of PTT communication. For example, these users may have never used a PTT device or participated in a large conference with radio users.

Other PTT users may be surprised by the experience of participating in a Cisco IPICS-managed conference. For example, a handheld radio user may be familiar with the experience of conferring only with a small number of other handheld users on a certain LMR channel. When the LMR channel for that user is placed in a VTG, that user becomes part of a potentially much larger and more diverse conference.

Changes in a conference can occur suddenly for a conference participants, especially those participating with handheld radios. For example, at one moment, a user may be speaking with one or more radio users from the same department. Then, when the dispatcher adds the LMR channel to a VTG, the user hears completely different voices.

The following guidelines can be helpful in assisting your new and experienced users with Cisco IPICS:

- Establish a dispatcher-only PTT channel and add this channel to every PMC and VTG. This channel allows the Cisco IPICS dispatcher to announce VTG changes to the participants, so that they can be made aware when users are added or removed from a VTG.
- Instruct new PMC users on the etiquette of PTT communication. For example:
 - In some network configurations one or more users may not hear when another user breaks into a conversation
 - Keep messages brief and to the point
 - If extensive conversation is required, consider an alternate method of communication
 - Wait until an exiting exchange completes before starting a new one

Managing Policies

A policy activates a VTG or VTG. You can create these types of policies:

- Manually triggered—Policy starts when you manually initiate it and immediately activates its associated VTGs.
- Scheduled—Policy activates its associated VTGs at a predefined date and time, deactivates the VTGs at a predefined date and time or after a specified interval, and optionally repeats this process at designated intervals.

For example, you might have a VTG that you want to activate for two hours at 9:00 a.m. (0900) on the first Friday of every month, for Fire and EMT teams of a city to discuss emergency readiness.

You could create a policy that would cause Cisco IPICS to automatically activate this VTG, which might include the City Fire PTT channel, the City EMT PTT channel, the mayor (participating on a PMC), and the Police Department Fire/EMT liaison calling from home.

When you create a policy, ensure that your system has sufficient resources to accommodate the associated VTGs. Cisco IPICS does not warn you that a policy would over-commit system resources when it activates VTGs.

As a Cisco IPICS dispatcher, you can perform these policy management tasks:

- Viewing and Editing Policy Details, page 4-27
- Creating a Policy, page 4-30
- Specifying the VTGs that are Associated with a Policy, page 4-32
- Enabling and Disabling a Policy, page 4-34
- Deleting a Policy, page 4-35

You perform the policy management tasks in the Administration Console Manage Policies window. For more information about this window, including how to access it, see the "Manage Policies Window" section on page 4-27.

Manage Policies Window

The Manage Policies window lists the policies that are configured in Cisco IPICS. It also lets you perform the policy management functions.

To open the Manage Policies window, click the **Manage Policies** link in the Administration Console Dispatcher tab.

Icons in the Manage Policies window provide information about each policy, as described in Table 4-3.

Table 4-3 Policy Icons

Icon	Meaning		
v la	Policy is enabled.		
×.	An enabled policy will activate its associated VTG templates.		
	Policy is disabled.		
<u>~</u>	A disabled policy will not activate its associated VTG templates.		

In addition, a policy has these designations:

- Active—At least one VTG or VTGs that is associated with this policy is active.
- Inactive—VTG or VTGs that are associated with this policy are not active

Viewing and Editing Policy Details

You can view and edit information for any policy. You do so in the Edit Policy Details area.

This area also lets you enable or disable a policy.

To edit or view policy details, perform the following steps.

For information about accessing the Manage Policies window, see the "Manage Policies Window" section on page 4-27.

Procedure

Step 1 In the Manage Policies window, take either of these actions:

- Click the policy for which you want to view or change information and then click **Details**
- Double-click the policy for which you want to view or change information The Edit Policy Details area for the selected policy displays.



If you choose another policy when the Edit Policy Details area is displayed, the information in this area does not change for the new policy until you click **Details** again or double-click the new policy.

Step 2 View or update the information that is described in Table 4-4.



Note

You cannot change Activation Properties fields when any VTGs that are associated with this policy have been activated by this policy.

Table 4-4 Edit Policy Details Area Fields

Field	Description
Policy Name	Name of the policy, for example, <i>Executive Conference</i> or <i>Weekly Status Meeting</i> .
Manually Triggered Only	Designates whether the VTGs that are associated with this policy are activated immediately when you enable the policy.
	If you check this check box, Cisco IPICS makes the Activation Properties fields unavailable, and it ignores any scheduling information that is in these fields.
Associated VTGs	VTGs that this policy activates. If you click Edit , Cisco IPICS displays the Associate VTGs to Policy window, in which you can add or remove VTGs for this policy. For more information, see the "Specifying the VTGs that are Associated with a Policy" section on page 4-32.

Table 4-4 Edit Policy Details Area Fields (continued)

Field	Description	
Activation Properties		
Start Time: Date	Month, day, and year that the VTGs that are associated with this policy should activate.	
	For example, December 3 2005.	
Start Time: Time	Hour, minute, and time designation (AM or PM) that the VTGs that are associated with this policy should activate.	
	For example, 11:45 AM.	
Duration	If the VTGs that are associated with this policy should remain active for a designated time, click this radio button, and enter the duration in any combination of the days, hours, and minutes fields.	
	For example, 3 days 12 hours 0 minutes.	
End Time: Date	If the VTGs that are associated with this policy should deactivate a designated date and time, click the End Time radio button, and choose the month, day, and year that the VTGs should deactivate.	
End Time: Time	If the VTGs that are associated with this policy should deactivate at a designated date and time, enter the month, and day, and choose the hour, minute, and time designation (AM or PM) that the VTGs should deactivate.	
Repeat: Every	If the VTGs that are associated with this policy should automatically activate more than once, check the Repeat check box and enter any combination of days, hours, and minutes to designate the interval between activation times.	

Table 4-4	Edit Policy	Details Area	Fields	(continued)

Field	Description
Repeat: indefinitely	If the VTGs that are associated with this policy should continue to activate and deactivate until you disable or delete the policy, click the indefinitely radio button.
Repeat: until	If the VTGs that are associated with this policy should activate and deactivate until a designated date and time, click the until radio button enter the month, day, year, hour, minute, and time designation (AM or PM) at which the VTGs should stop activating and deactivating.

Step 3 Click **Save** to save any changes that you have made.

If you want to undo the changes that you made since you last clicked **Save**, click **Revert**.

Creating a Policy

Creating a policy makes it available for use by Cisco IPICS.

To create a policy, perform the following steps.

For information about accessing the Manage Policies window, see the "Manage Policies Window" section on page 4-27.

Procedure

Step 1 In the Manage Policies window, click **Add**.

The Edit Policy Details area for a new policy displays.

- **Step 2** In the Policy Name field, enter a name for the new policy.
- Step 3 If the VTGs that are associated with this policy should activate immediately when you click Enable Policy, check the Manually Triggered Only check box and go to Step 7

Otherwise, continue to Step 4.

- **Step 4** In the Start Time fields, take these actions:
 - **a.** In the Date fields, designate a month, day, and year that the VTGs that are associated with this policy should activate.
 - **b.** In the Time fields, designate the hour, minute, and time designation (AM or PM) that the VTGs that are associated with this policy should activate.
- **Step 5** Specify the duration or end time of the VTGs that are associated with this policy as follows:
 - If the VTGs should remain active for a designated time, click the **Duration** radio button, and enter the duration in any combination of the days, hours, and minutes fields.
 - If the VTGs should deactivate at a designated date and time, click the **End Time** radio button, and choose the month, day, year, hour, minute, and time designation (AM or PM) that the VTGs should deactivate.
- **Step 6** If the VTGs that are associated with this policy should activate and deactivate repeatedly, take these actions:
 - **a.** Check the **Repeat** check box and enter any combination of days, hours, and minutes to designate the interval between activation times of the VTGs.
 - **b.** Take either of these actions:
 - If the VTGs should continue to activate and deactivate until you disable or delete the policy, click the **indefinitely** radio button.
 - If the VTGs should continue to activate and deactivate until a designated date and time, click the Until radio button and enter the month, day, year, hour, minute, and time designation (AM or PM) at which the VTGs stop activating and deactivating.
- Step 7 Click Save to create the policy.
 - If you decide not to create this policy, click **Cancel**.
- **Step 8** If you entered a duration or end time for the policy, specify the VTGs to associate with this policy as described in the "Specifying the VTGs that are Associated with a Policy" section on page 4-32.

Step 9 If you want to enable the policy so that its associated VTGs activate and deactivate as scheduled in the Activation Properties fields, click **Enable Policy**.

> If you do not want to enable the policy now, you can enable it later as described in the "Enabling and Disabling a Policy" section on page 4-34.

If you checked the Manually Triggered Only check box, any VTGs that are associated with the policy will activate immediately when you click **Enable** Policy.

Specifying the VTGs that are Associated with a Policy

When you associate VTGs with a policy, you designate the VTGs that activate when the scheduled policy is enabled.

To associate VTGs with a policy, perform the following procedure.

For information about accessing the Manage Policy Window, see the "Manage Policies Window" section on page 4-27.

Procedure

- Step 1 In the Manage Policies window, take either of these actions:
 - Click the policy for which you want to view or change information and then click Details
 - Double-click the policy for which you want to view or change information

The Edit Policy Details area for the selected policy displays.

In the Edit Policy Details area, click **Edit**. Step 2



Note

The **Edit** button does not appear unless you have created and saved a policy. In addition, this button does not appear if any VTGs that are associated with the policy are active.

The Associate VTGs to Policy window displays. This window displays information in these areas:

- VTGs Assigned to Policy—VTGS that the policy triggers when it is activated
- Available VTGs—VTGs that have been configured in Cisco IPICS

Step 3 Take the appropriate action:

 To associate a VTG with a policy, drag the desired VTG from the Available VTGs area to VTGs Assigned to Policy area.

The VTG name appears in green in the VTGs Assigned to Policy area. A VTG in green is associated with the user when you click **Save**.

Repeat this procedure as needed to associate additional VTGs with the policy.

To disassociate a VTG from a policy, drag the VTG out of the VTGs Assigned to Policy area.

When you release the mouse button, the VTG name changes to red. A VTG in red is disassociated from the policy when you click **Save**.



Note

If you drag a green VTG name out of the VTGs Assigned to Policy area, it disappears instead of turning red because it was not yet associated with the policy.

Repeat this procedure as needed to disassociate additional VTGs from the policy.

Step 4 Click **Save** to exit the Associate VTGs to Policy window and save your changes.

> If you want to undo the changes that you made since you last clicked Save, click Revert.

To exit without saving changes, click **Cancel**.

Step 5 In the Edit Policy Details area, click **Save** or **Cancel**.

The VTGs that you associated with the policy are saved in either case.

Enabling and Disabling a Policy

Enabling or disabling a policy specifies how the policy controls its associated VTGs. Table 4-5 Describes the results of these actions.

Table 4-5 Results of Enabling and Disabling a Policy

Action	Result
Enable Policy	• If a schedule is specified in the Activation Properties fields for the policy, the policy activates and deactivate its associated VTGs as scheduled
	• If the Manually Triggered check box is checked for the policy, the policy activates its associated VTGs immediately
Disable Policy	If a schedule is specified in the Activation Properties fields for the policy, the policy will not activate and deactivate its associated VTG as scheduled
	• If there are any VTGs associated with this policy that have been activated by the policy, immediately deactivates these VTGs

To enable or disable a policy, perform the following procedure.

For information about accessing the Manage Policy Window, see the "Manage Policies Window" section on page 4-27.

Procedure

Step 1 In the Manage Policies window, take either of these actions:

- Click the policy for which you want to view or change information and then click **Details**
- Double-click the policy for which you want to view or change information The Edit Policy Details area for the selected policy displays.

Step 2 Take one of these actions:

- To enable a policy, click **Enable Policy**.
 - The Enabled icon appears next to the policy in the Policies list, and the **Enable Policy** button changes to **Disable Policy**.
- To disable a policy, click **Disable Policy**.

The Disabled icon appears next to the policy in the Policies list, and the **Disable Policy** button changes to **Enable Policy**.

Deleting a Policy

When you delete a policy, it is permanently removed from Cisco IPICS. The process also deactivates any active VTGs that are associated with the policy. Deleting a policy does not affect any VTGs that are associated with that policy.

You cannot delete a policy when any VTGs that are associated with the policy have been activated by the policy.

To delete a policy, perform the following procedure.

For information about accessing the Manage Policy Window, see the "Manage Policies Window" section on page 4-27.

Procedure

- **Step 1** In the Manage Policies window, click the policy that you want to delete.

 The policy becomes highlighted in blue.
- Step 2 Click Delete.

A dialog box prompts you to confirm the deletion.

Step 3 To confirm the deletion, click **OK**.

If you do not want to delete this policy, click Cancel.

Managing Policies

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