

# 在Catalyst 9000X系列交換機上配置IPsec

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## 簡介

本檔案介紹如何驗證Catalyst 9300X交換器上的網際網路通訊協定安全(IPsec)功能。

## 必要條件

### 需求

思科建議您瞭解以下主題：

- IPsec

### 採用元件

本文中的資訊係根據以下軟體和硬體版本：

- C9300

- C9400
- Cisco IOS® XE 17.6.4及更高版本

本文中的資訊是根據特定實驗室環境內的裝置所建立。文中使用到的所有裝置皆從已清除（預設）的組態來啟動。如果您的網路運作中，請確保您瞭解任何指令可能造成的影響。

## 背景資訊

從Cisco IOS® XE 17.5.1開始，Catalyst 9300-X系列交換機支援IPsec。IPsec透過加密和身份驗證提供高級別的安全性，並保護資料免遭未經授權的訪問。C9300X上的IPsec實施使用sVTI（靜態虛擬隧道介面）配置在兩個對等體之間提供安全隧道。

Cisco IOS® XE 17.10.1中引入了Catalyst 9400-X系列交換機上的IPsec支援，而Catalyst 9500-X的支援預定為17.12.1。

## 技術

IOSd	IOS守護程式	這是在Linux核心上運行的Cisco IOS守護程式。它在核心中作為軟體進程運行。IOSdprocesses CLI命令和協定，用於建立狀態和配置。
PD	視平台而定	運行平台的特定資料和命令
IPsec	網際網路通訊協定安全性	一種安全網路協定簇，它驗證和加密資料的間隔，以便透過Internet協定網路在兩台電腦之間提供安全的加密通訊。
SVTI	靜態虛擬通道介面	靜態配置的虛擬介面，您可以對其應用安全功能
SA	安全性關聯	SA是兩個或多個實體之間的關係，描述實體如何使用安全服務進行安全通訊
FED	轉發引擎驅動程式	負責UADP ASIC硬體程式設計的交換機元件

## 設定

### 網路圖表

在本示例中，Catalyst 9300X和ASR1001-X作為IPsec對等體與IPsec虛擬隧道介面起作用。



## 安裝HSEC許可證

在Catalyst 9300X平台上啟用IPSec功能，需要HSEC許可證(C9000-HSEC)。這與支援IPSec的基於Cisco IOS XE的其他路由平台不同，在該平台中，僅需要使用HSEC許可證來增加允許的加密吞吐量。在Catalyst 9300X平台上，如果未安裝HSEC許可證，則隧道模式和隧道保護 CLI將被阻止：

```
<#root>
C9300X(config)# 
int tunnell

C9300X(config-if)# 
tunnel mode ipsec ipv4

%'tunnel mode' change not allowed

*Sep 19 20:54:41.068: %PLATFORM_IPSEC_HSEC-3-INVALID_HSEC: HSEC
license not present: IPsec mode configuration is rejected
```

使用智慧許可在交換機連線到CSSM或CSLU時安裝HSEC許可證：

```
<#root>
C9300X#
license smart authorization request add hseck9 local

*Oct 12 20:01:36.680: %SMART_LIC-6-AUTHORIZATION_INSTALL_SUCCESS: A new licensing authorization code wa
```

驗證已正確安裝HSEC許可證：

```

<#root>
C9300X#
show license summ

Account Information:
Smart Account: Cisco Systems, TAC As of Oct 13 15:50:35 2022 UTC
Virtual Account: CORE TAC

License Usage:
License           Entitlement Tag          Count Status
-----
network-advantage (C9300X-12Y Network Adv...) 1 IN USE
dna-advantage      (C9300X-12Y DNA Advantage) 1 IN USE
C9K HSEC          (Cat9K HSEC)            0

NOT IN USE

```

在隧道介面上啟用IPsec作為隧道模式：

```

<#root>
C9300X(config)# 
int tunnell

C9300X(config-if)#
tunnel mode ipsec ipv4

C9300X(config-if)#
end

```

一旦啟用IPSec，HSEC許可證就會被使用

```

<#root>
C9300X#
show license summ

Account Information:
Smart Account: Cisco Systems, TAC As of Oct 13 15:50:35 2022 UTC
Virtual Account: CORE TAC

License Usage:
License           Entitlement Tag          Count Status
-----
network-advantage (C9300X-12Y Network Adv...) 1 IN USE
dna-advantage      (C9300X-12Y DNA Advantage) 1 IN USE

```

IN USE

## SVTI通道保護

C9300X上的IPsec配置使用標準Cisco IOS XE IPsec配置。這是使用[IKEv2 Smart Defaults](#)的簡單SVTI配置，其中我們使用IKEv2的預設IKEv2策略、IKEv2方案、IPsec轉換和IKEv2的IPsec配置檔案。

### C9300X配置

```
<#root>

ip routing

!

crypto ikev2 profile default

match identity remote address 192.0.2.2 255.255.255.255
authentication remote pre-share key cisco123
authentication local pre-share key cisco123
!

interface Tunnell

ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.252
tunnel source 198.51.100.1
tunnel mode ipsec ipv4
tunnel destination 192.0.2.2

tunnel protection ipsec profile default
```

---

 注意：由於Catalyst 9300X基本上是接入層交換機，因此必須明確啟用ip routing，才能使基於路由的功能（如VTI）正常工作。

---

### 對等配置

```
<#root>

crypto ikev2 profile default

match identity remote address 198.51.100.1 255.255.255.255
authentication remote pre-share key cisco123
authentication local pre-share key cisco123
!

interface Tunnell
```

```
ip address 192.168.1.2 255.255.255.252
tunnel source 192.0.2.2
tunnel mode ipsec ipv4
tunnel destination 198.51.100.1

tunnel protection ipsec profile default
```

有關各種IKEv2和IPsec配置結構的更詳細討論，請參閱[C9300X IPsec配置指南。](#)

## 驗證

### IPsec通道

C9300X平台上的IPsec實施在架構上不同於路由平台（ASR1000、ISR4000、Catalyst 8200/8300等），其中IPsec功能處理在QFP（量子流處理器）微碼中實現。

C9300X轉發架構基於UADP ASIC，因此大多數QFP功能FIA實施不適用於此處。

以下是一些主要區別：

- show crypto ipsec sa peer x.x.x.x platform不顯示從FMAN到QFP的平台程式設計資訊。
- Packet-trace也不起作用（有關以下內容的詳細資訊）。
- UADP ASIC不支援加密流量分類，因此show crypto ruleset platform不適用

### IOSd控制平面

IPsec控制平面驗證與路由平台的驗證完全相同，請參閱。要顯示IOSd中安裝的IPsec SA，請執行以下操作：

```
<#root>

C9300X#
show crypto ipsec sa

interface: Tunnel1
  Crypto map tag: Tunnel1-head-0, local addr 198.51.100.1

  protected vrf: (none)
  local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0/0/0)
  remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0/0/0)
  current_peer 192.0.2.2 port 500
    PERMIT, flags={origin_is_acl,}
  #pkts encaps: 200, #pkts encrypt: 200, #pkts digest: 200
  #pkts decaps: 200, #pkts decrypt: 200, #pkts verify: 200
  #pkts compressed: 0, #pkts decompressed: 0
  #pkts not compressed: 0, #pkts compr.

failed: 0

  #pkts not decompressed: 0, #pkts decompress failed: 0
```

```

#send errors 0, #recv errors 0

local crypto endpt.: 198.51.100.1, remote crypto endpt.: 192.0.2.2
plaintext mtu 1438, path mtu 1500, ip mtu 1500, ip mtu idb TwentyFiveGigE1/0/1
current outbound spi: 0x42709657(1114674775)
PFS (Y/N): N, DH group: none

inbound esp sas:

spi: 0x4FE26715(1340237589)
    transform: esp-aes esp-sha-hmac ,
    in use settings ={Tunnel, }
    conn id: 2098,

flow_id: CAT9K:98

, sibling_flags FFFFFFFF80000048, crypto map: Tunnel1-head-0
    sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (26/1605)
    IV size: 16 bytes
    replay detection support: Y
    Status: ACTIVE(ACTIVE)

inbound ah sas:

inbound pcp sas:

outbound esp sas:

spi: 0x42709657(1114674775)
    transform: esp-aes esp-sha-hmac ,
    in use settings ={Tunnel, }
    conn id: 2097,

flow_id: CAT9K:97

, sibling_flags FFFFFFFF80000048, crypto map: Tunnel1-head-0
    sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (32/1605)
    IV size: 16 bytes
    replay detection support: Y
    Status: ACTIVE(ACTIVE)

outbound ah sas:

outbound pcp sas:

```

注意輸出中的flow\_id，它必須與轉發平面中安裝的流id匹配。

## PD控制平面

IOSd和PD控制平面之間的統計資訊

```

<#root>

C9300X#
show platform software ipsec policy statistics

```

PAL CMD	REQUEST	REPLY OK	REPLY ERR	ABORT
SADB_INIT_START	3	3	0	0
SADB_INIT_COMPLETED	3	3	0	0
SADB_DELETE	2	2	0	0
SADB_ATTR_UPDATE	4	4	0	0
SADB_INTF_ATTACH	3	3	0	0
SADB_INTF_UPDATE	0	0	0	0
SADB_INTF_DETACH	2	2	0	0
ACL_INSERT	4	4	0	0
ACL MODIFY	0	0	0	0
ACL_DELETE	3	3	0	0
PEER_INSERT	7	7	0	0
PEER_DELETE	6	6	0	0
SPI_INSERT	39	37	2	0
SPI_DELETE	36	36	0	0
CFLOW_INSERT	5	5	0	0
CFLOW MODIFY	33	33	0	0
CFLOW_DELETE	4	4	0	0
IPSEC_SA_DELETE	76	76	0	0
TBAR_CREATE	0	0	0	0
TBAR_UPDATE	0	0	0	0
TBAR_REMOVE	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0
PAL NOTIFY	RECEIVE	COMPLETE	PROC ERR	IGNORE
NOTIFY_RP	0	0	0	0
SA_DEAD	0	0	0	0
SA_SOFT_LIFE	46	46	0	0
IDLE_TIMER	0	0	0	0
DPD_TIMER	0	0	0	0
INVALID_SPI	0	0	0	0
	0	5	0	0
VTI SADB	0	33	0	0
TP SADB	0	40	0	0

#### IPSec PAL database summary:

DB NAME	ENT ADD	ENT DEL	ABORT
PAL_SADB	3	2	0
PAL_SADB_ID	3	2	0
PAL_INTF	3	2	0
PAL_SA_ID	76	74	0
PAL_ACL	0	0	0
PAL_PEER	7	6	0
PAL_SPI	39	38	0
PAL_CFLOW	5	4	0
PAL_TBAR	0	0	0

## SADB物件表格

<#root>

C9300X#

show plat software ipsec switch active f0 sadb all

IPsec SADB object table:

SADB-ID	Hint	Complete	#RefCnt	#CfgCnt	#ACL-Ref
---------	------	----------	---------	---------	----------

```
-----  
3           vir-tun-int  true      2          0          0
```

## SADB條目

```
<#root>  
  
C9300X#  
  
show plat software ipsec switch active f0 sadb identifier 3  
  
===== SADB id: 3  
        hint: vir-tun-int  
        completed: true  
        reference count: 2  
        configure count: 0  
        ACL reference: 0  
  
        SeqNo (Static/Dynamic)          ACL id  
-----
```

## IPsec流資訊

```
<#root>  
  
C9300X#  
  
show plat software ipsec switch active f0 flow all  
  
=====  
  
Flow id: 97  
  
        mode: tunnel  
        direction: outbound  
        protocol: esp  
        SPI: 0x42709657  
        local IP addr: 198.51.100.1  
        remote IP addr: 192.0.2.2  
        crypto map id: 0  
        SPD id: 3  
        cpp SPD id: 0  
        ACE line number: 0  
        QFP SA handle: INVALID  
        crypto device id: 0  
IOS XE interface id: 65  
        interface name: Tunnel1  
        use path MTU: FALSE  
        object state: active  
        object bind state: new  
=====  
  
Flow id: 98
```

```
    mode: tunnel
    direction: inbound
    protocol: esp
        SPI: 0x4fe26715
    local IP addr: 198.51.100.1
    remote IP addr: 192.0.2.2
    crypto map id: 0
        SPD id: 3
        cpp SPD id: 0
    ACE line number: 0
        QFP SA handle: INVALID
    crypto device id: 0
IOS XE interface id: 65
    interface name: Tunnel1
    object state: active
```

## 疑難排解

### IOSd

通常會收集以下debug和show命令：

```
<#root>
```

```
show crypto eli all
```

```
show crypto socket
```

```
show crypto map
```

```
show crypto ikev2 sa detail
```

```
show crypto ipsec sa
```

```
show crypto ipsec internal
```

```
<#root>
```

```
debug crypto ikev2
```

```
debug crypto ikev2 error
```

```
debug crypto ikev2 packet
```

```
debug crypto ipsec
```

```
debug crypto ipsec error
```

```
debug crypto kmi
```

```
debug crypto socket
```

```
debug tunnel protection
```

## PD控制平面

要檢驗PD控制平面操作，請使用前面顯示的檢驗步驟。要調試與PD控制平面相關的所有問題，請啟用PD控制平面調試：

1. 將btrace日誌記錄級別提升至詳細：

```
<#root>
C9300X#
set platform software trace forwarding-manager switch active f0 ipsec verbose
C9300X#
show platform software trace level forwarding-manager switch active f0 | in ipsec
ipsec
verbose
```

2. 啟用PD控制平面條件調試：

```
<#root>
C9300X#
debug platform condition feature ipsec controlplane submode level verbose
C9300X#
show platform conditions
Conditional Debug Global State: Stop
```

Feature	Type	Submode	Level
IPSEC			
	controlplane	N/A	
verbose			

3. 收集 fman\_fp btrace輸出的調試輸出：

```
<#root>
C9300X#
show logging process fman_fp module ipsec internal
Logging display requested on 2022/10/19 20:57:52 (UTC) for Hostname: [C9300X], Model: [C9300X-24Y], Ver
Displaying logs from the last 0 days, 0 hours, 10 minutes, 0 seconds
executing cmd on chassis 1 ...
Unified Decoder Library Init .. DONE
Found 1 UTF Streams

2022/10/19 20:50:36.686071658 {fman_fp_F0-0}{1}: [ipsec] [22441]: (ERR): IPSEC-PAL-IB-Key:::
2022/10/19 20:50:36.686073648 {fman_fp_F0-0}{1}: [ipsec] [22441]: (ERR): IPSEC-b0 d0 31 04 85 36 a6 08
```

## PD資料平面

驗證資料層面IPsec隧道統計資訊，包括常見IPsec丟棄（例如HMAC或重播故障）

```
<#root>
C9300X#
show platform software fed sw active ipsec counters if-id all
#####
Flow Stats for if-id 0x41
#####
-----
Inbound Flow Info for
flow id: 98
-----
SA Index: 1
-----
Asic Instance 0: SA Stats
  Packet Format Check Error:      0
  Invalid SA:                  0
  Auth Fail:                   0
  Sequence Number Overflows:    0
  Anti-Replay Fail:            0
```

```
Packet Count: 200  
Byte Count: 27600
```

---

```
Outbound Flow Info for
```

```
flow id: 97
```

---

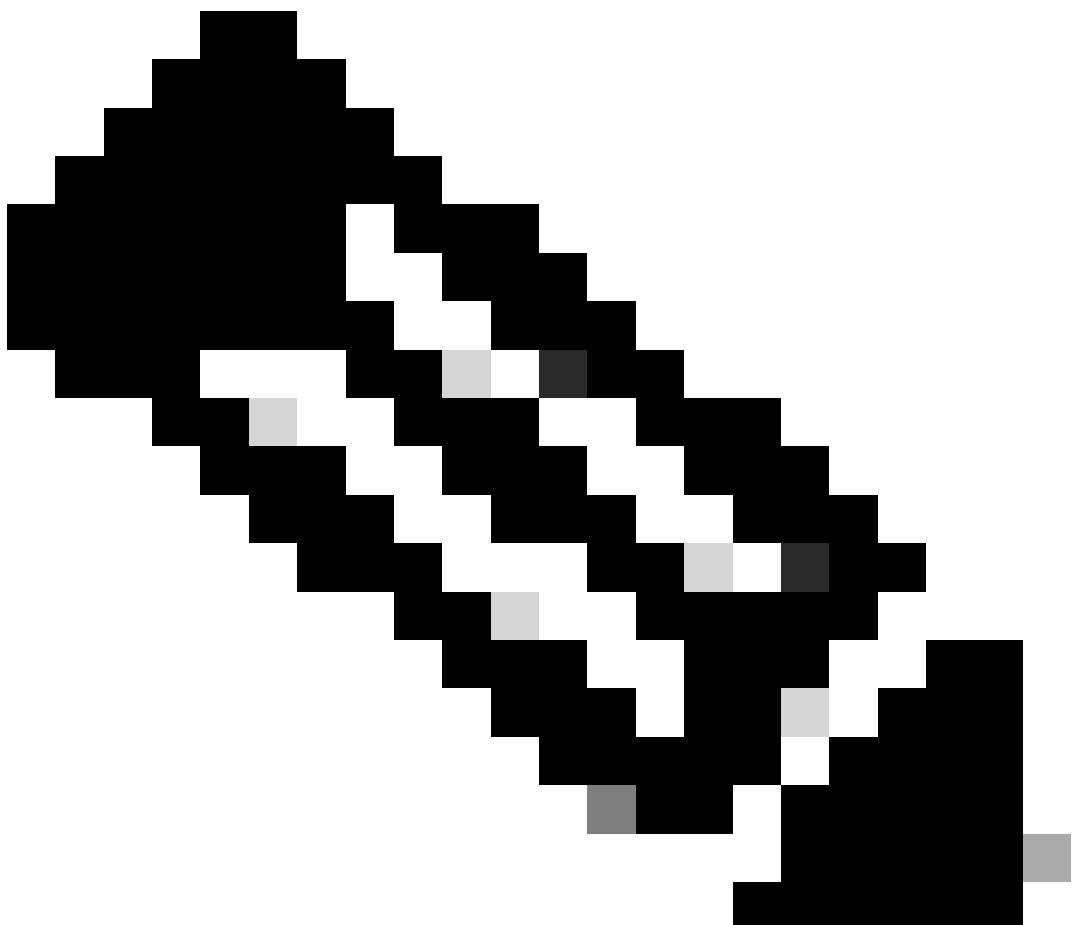
```
SA Index: 1025
```

---

```
Asic Instance 0: SA Stats
```

Packet Format Check Error:	0
Invalid SA:	0
Auth Fail:	0
Sequence Number Overflows:	0
Anti-Replay Fail:	0
Packet Count:	200
Byte Count:	33600

---



---

注意：流ID與show crypto ipsec sa輸出中的流ID匹配。使用show platform software fed

---

---

switch active ipsec counters sa <sa\_id>命令還可以獲取單個流統計資料，其中sa\_id是前面輸出中的SA索引。

---

## 資料平面Packet Tracer

UADP ASIC平台上的Packet Tracer與基於QFP的系統上的Packet Tracer的行為完全不同。可以使用手動觸發器或基於PCAP的觸發器啟用它。以下是使用基於PCAP (EPC)的觸發器的示例。

### 1. 啟用EPC並開始捕獲：

```
<#root>
C9300X#
monitor capture test interface twentyFiveGigE 1/0/2 in match ipv4 10.1.1.2/32 any
```

```
<#root>
C9300X#
show monitor capture test

Status Information for Capture test
  Target Type:
  Interface: TwentyFiveGigE1/0/2, Direction: IN
    Status : Inactive
  Filter Details:
    IPv4
      Source IP: 10.1.1.2/32
      Destination IP: any
      Protocol: any
  Buffer Details:
    Buffer Type: LINEAR (default)
    Buffer Size (in MB): 10
  File Details:
    File not associated
  Limit Details:
    Number of Packets to capture: 0 (no limit)
    Packet Capture duration: 0 (no limit)
    Packet Size to capture: 0 (no limit)
    Maximum number of packets to capture per second: 1000
    Packet sampling rate: 0 (no sampling)
```

### 2. 執行其餘專案並停止擷取：

```
<#root>
C9300X#
monitor capture test start
```

```
Started capture point : test
*Oct 18 18:34:09.656: %BUFCAP-6-ENABLE: Capture Point test enabled.
<run traffic test>
```

```
C9300X#
```

```
monitor capture test stop
```

```
Capture statistics collected at software:
```

```
    Capture duration - 23 seconds
    Packets received - 5
    Packets dropped - 0
    Packets oversized - 0
```

```
Bytes dropped in asic - 0
```

```
Capture buffer will exists till exported or cleared
```

```
Stopped capture point : test
```

### 3. 將擷取匯出至快閃記憶體

```
<#root>
```

```
C9300X#
```

```
show monitor capture test buff
```

```
*Oct 18 18:34:33.569: %BUFCAP-6-DISABLE
```

```
Starting the packet display ..... Press Ctrl + Shift + 6 to exit
```

序號	時間	來源 IP	目的 IP	類型	內容
1	0.000000	10.1.1.2	> 10.2.1.2	ICMP 114 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0003, seq=0/0, ttl=255
2	0.000607	10.1.1.2	> 10.2.1.2	ICMP 114 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0003, seq=1/256, ttl=255
3	0.001191	10.1.1.2	> 10.2.1.2	ICMP 114 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0003, seq=2/512, ttl=255
4	0.001760	10.1.1.2	> 10.2.1.2	ICMP 114 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0003, seq=3/768, ttl=255
5	0.002336	10.1.1.2	> 10.2.1.2	ICMP 114 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0003, seq=4/1024, ttl=255

```
C9300X#
```

```
monitor capture test export location flash:test.pcap
```

### 4. 運行Packet Tracer :

```
<#root>
```

```
C9300X#
```

```
show platform hardware fed switch 1 forward interface TwentyFiveGigE 1/0/2 pcap flash:test.pcap number 1
```

```
Show forward is running in the background. After completion, syslog will be generated.
```

```
C9300X#
```

```
*Oct 18 18:36:56.288: %SHFWD-6-PACKET_TRACE_DONE: Switch 1 F0/0: fed: Packet Trace Complete: Execute (
```

```
*Oct 18 18:36:56.288: %SHFWD-6-PACKET_TRACE_FLOW_ID: Switch 1 F0/0: fed: Packet Trace Flow id is 131077
```

```
C9300X#
```

```
C9300X#show plat hardware fed switch 1 forward last summary
```

## Ingress:

Port	:	TwentyFiveGigE1/0/1
Global Port Number	:	2
Local Port Number	:	2
Asic Port Number	:	1
Asic Instance	:	1
Vlan	:	4095
Mapped Vlan ID	:	1
STP Instance	:	1
BlockForward	:	0
BlockLearn	:	0
L3 Interface	:	38
IPv4 Routing	:	enabled
IPv6 Routing	:	enabled
Vrf Id	:	0

Adjacency:

```
Station Index      : 179
Destination Index : 20754
Rewrite Index     : 24
Replication Bit Map : 0x1      ['remoteData']
```

Decision:

```
Destination Index      : 20754  [DI_RCP_PORT3]
Rewrite Index         : 24
Dest Mod Index       : 0       [IGR_FIXED_DMI_NULL_VALUE]
CPU Map Index        : 0       [CMI_NULL]
Forwarding Mode     : 3       [Other or Tunnel]
Replication Bit Map :          ['remoteData']
Winner               :          L3FWDIPV4 LOOKUP
Qos Label            : 1
SGT                  : 0
DGTID               : 0
```

## Egress:

Possible Replication :  
Port : RCP  
Asic Instance : 0

Asic Port Number : 0  
 Output Port Data :  
 Port : RCP  
 Asic Instance : 0  
 Asic Port Number : 90  
 Unique RI : 0  
 Rewrite Type : 0 [Unknown]  
 Mapped Rewrite Type : 229 [IPSEC\_TUNNEL\_MODE\_ENCAP\_FIRSTPASS\_OUTERV4\_INNERTV4]  
 Vlan : 0  
 Mapped Vlan ID : 0  
 RCP, mappedRii.fdMuxProfileSet = 1 , get fdMuxProfile from MappedRii  
 Qos Label : 1  
 SGT : 0

---

**Input Packet Details:**

N/A: Recirculated Packet

**Ingress:**

Port : Recirculation Port  
 Asic Port Number : 90  
 Asic Instance : 0  
 Vlan : 0  
 Mapped Vlan ID : 2  
 STP Instance : 0  
 BlockForward : 0  
 BlockLearn : 0  
 L3 Interface : 38  
 IPv4 Routing : enabled  
 IPv6 Routing : enabled  
 Vrf Id : 0

**Adjacency:**

Station Index : 177  
 Destination Index : 21304  
 Rewrite Index : 21  
 Replication Bit Map : 0x1 ['remoteData']

**Decision:**

Destination Index : 21304  
 Rewrite Index : 21  
 Dest Mod Index : 0 [IGR\_FIXED\_DMI\_NULL\_VALUE]  
 CPU Map Index : 0 [CMI\_NULL]  
 Forwarding Mode : 3 [Other or Tunnel]  
 Replication Bit Map : ['remoteData']  
 Winner : L3FWDIPV4 LOOKUP  
 Qos Label : 1  
 SGT : 0  
 DGTID : 0

**Egress:**

Possible Replication :  
 Port : TwentyFiveGigE1/0/1  
 Output Port Data :  
 Port : TwentyFiveGigE1/0/1  
 Global Port Number : 1  
 Local Port Number : 1  
 Asic Port Number : 0  
 Asic Instance : 1  
 Unique RI : 0  
 Rewrite Type : 0 [Unknown]  
 Mapped Rewrite Type : 13 [L3\_UNICAST\_IPV4\_PARTIAL]  
 Vlan : 0  
 Mapped Vlan ID : 0

**Output Packet Details:**

Port : TwentyFiveGigE1/0/1

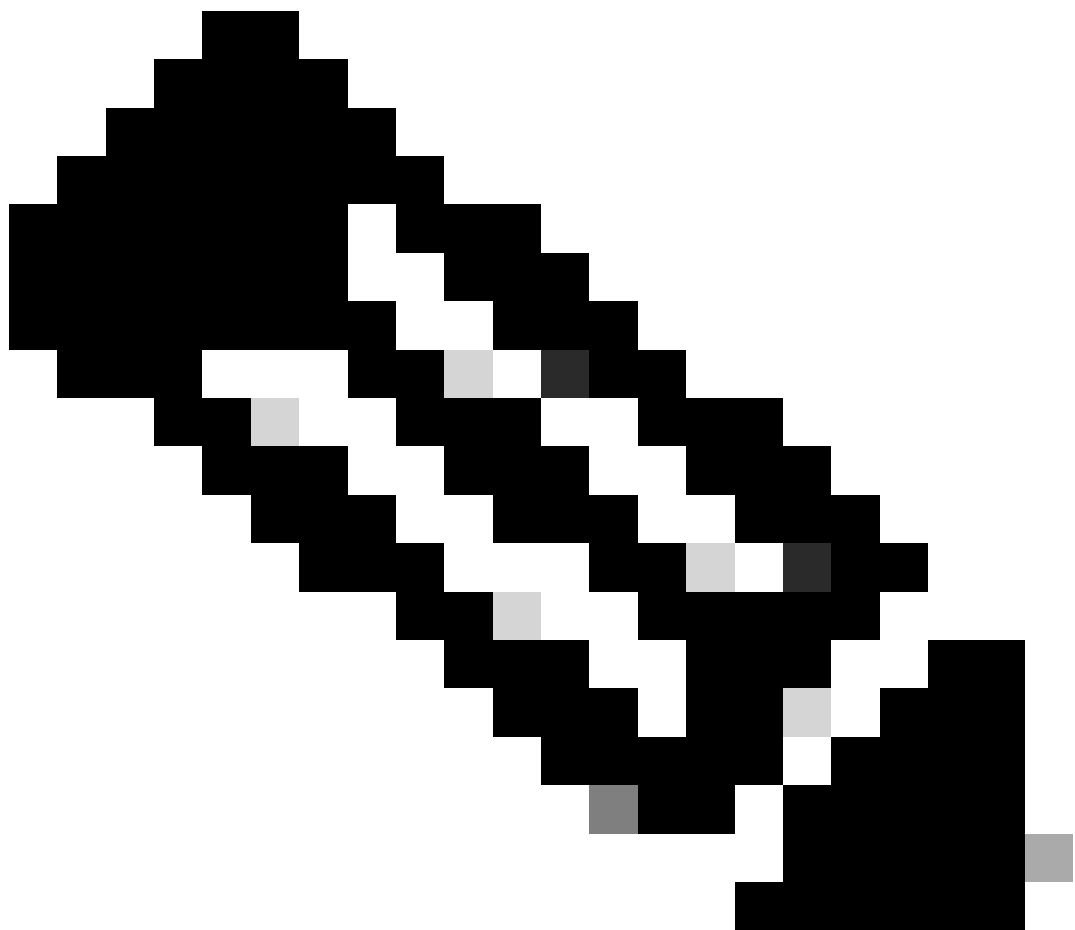
```
###[ Ethernet ]###
dst      = 00:62:ec:da:e0:02
src=b0:8b:d0:8d:6b:e4
type    = 0x800
###[ IP ]###
version  = 4
ihl     = 5
tos     = 0x0
len     = 168
id      = 2114
flags   = DF
frag    = 0
ttl     = 254
proto   = ipv6_crypt
chksum  = 0x45db
src=198.51.100.1
dst     = 192.0.2.2
options = ''
###[ Raw ]###      load      =
6D 18 45 C9
```

```
00 00 00 06 09 B0 DC 13 11 FA DC F8 63 98 51 98 33 11 9C C0 D7 24 BF C2 1C 45 D3 1B 91 0B 5F B4 3A C0 A
*****
```

C9300X#

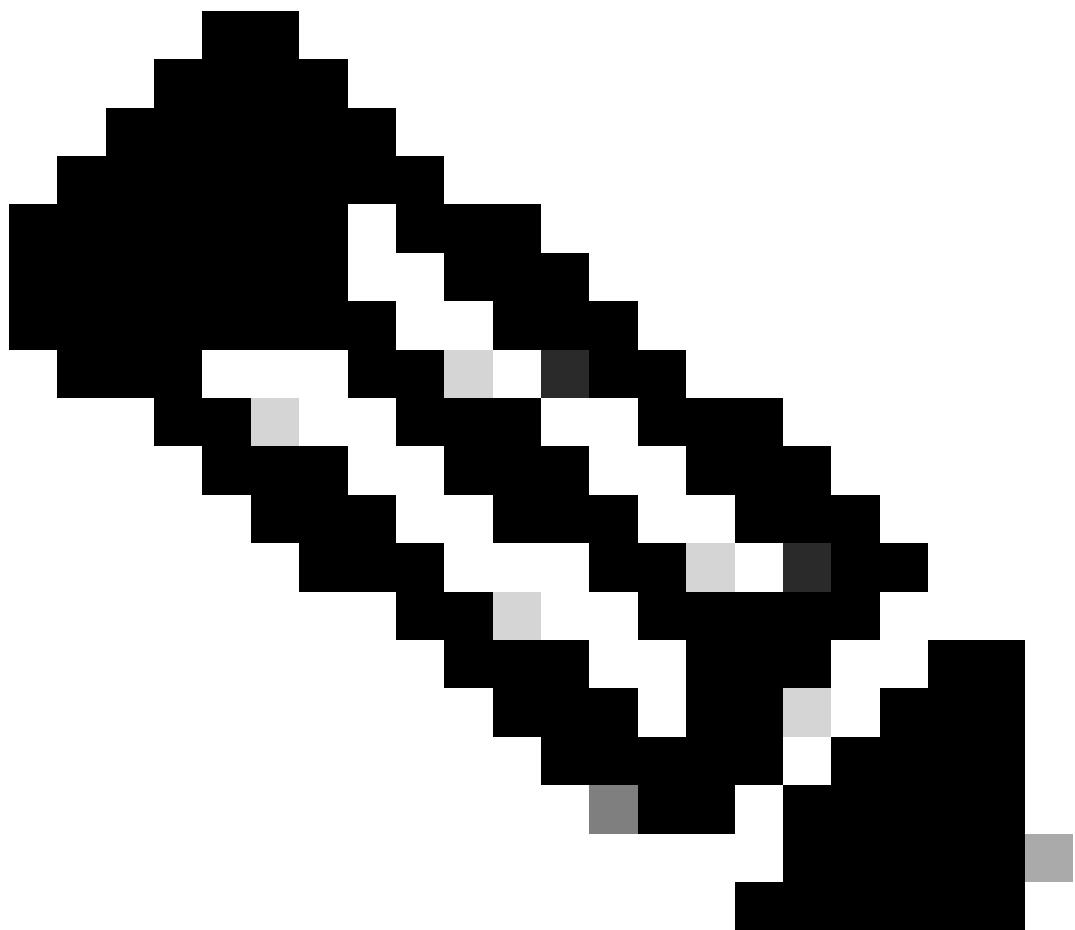
```
show crypto ipsec sa | in current outbound

current outbound spi:
0x6D1845C9
(1830307273)
<-- Matches the load result in packet trace
```



注意：在前面的輸出中，轉發到出口的資料包是具有當前出站SA SPI的ESP資料包。要獲得更詳細的FED轉發決策分析，可使用同一命令的detail變體。示例：可以使用show plat hardware fed switch 1 forward last detail。

---



注意：只能在TAC的幫助下啟用PD資料平面調試。如果無法通過常規CLI/調試辨識問題，則工程需要這些非常低級別的跟蹤。

---

<#root>

C9300X#

```
set platform software trace fed switch active ipsec verbose
```

C9300X#

```
debug platform condition feature ipsec dataplane submode all level verbose
```

C9300X#

```
show logging process fed module ipsec internal
```

### IPsec PD SHIM調試

<#root>

```
debug platform software ipsec info
```

```
debug platform software ipsec error
```

```
debug platform software ipsec verbose
```

```
debug platform software ipsec all
```

## 相關資訊

- [在Catalyst 9300交換機上配置IPsec](#)

## 關於此翻譯

思科已使用電腦和人工技術翻譯本文件，讓全世界的使用者能夠以自己的語言理解支援內容。請注意，即使是最佳機器翻譯，也不如專業譯者翻譯的內容準確。Cisco Systems, Inc. 對這些翻譯的準確度概不負責，並建議一律查看原始英文文件（提供連結）。