# SG350XG和SG550XG上的韌體升級/備份和映像 交換

### 目標

本文檔的目的是解釋如何升級、備份或交換SG350XG和SG550XG交換機上的韌體。

使用最新韌體是提高安全性和效能的最佳實踐。可將多個韌體版本儲存到交換機上,並在需要 時進行交換。也可以備份韌體版本。這在發生裝置故障時儲存韌體的備份副本很有用。

### 適用裝置

- SG350XG
- SG550XG

### 軟體版本

• v2.0.0.73

### 步驟表

- 1. 登入
- 2. <u>更新/備份韌體</u>
  - <u>方法:HTTP/HTTPS</u>
  - <u>方法:USB</u>
  - <u>方法:TFTP</u>
  - <u>方法:SCP</u>
- 3. <u>交換影象</u>

登入

**附註:** 以下螢幕截圖來自高級顯示。點選螢幕右上角的*Display Mode*下拉選單即可切換此模 式

cisco SG550XG-4	48T 48-Port 10GBase-T Stackable Managed Switch
Getting Started     Dashboard     Configuration Wicards     Status and Statistics     Administration     Port Management     Smantport     VLAN Management     Muticast     IP Configuration     Security     Access Configuration     Gaulting of Service	Getting Started       This page provides easy steps to configure your device       Initial Setup       Manage Stack       Change Device Password       Create VLAN       Create VLAN       Configure Port Setings       Device Status       System Summary       Device Status
	RMON Statutes       View Log       Other resources: Support   Forums       D onot show this page on startup
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步驟1.登入到Web配置實用程式,然後選擇Administration > File Management > Firmware Operations。*Firmware Operations* 頁面隨即開啟。

Firmware Operations		
Active Firmware File:	image1.bin	
Active Firmware Version:	2.0.0.73	
Operation Type:	<ul> <li>Update Firmware</li> <li>Backup Firmware</li> <li>Swap Image</li> </ul>	
Copy Method:	<ul> <li>● HTTP/HTTPS</li> <li>● USB</li> <li>● TFTP</li> <li>● SCP (File Transfer via SSH)</li> </ul>	
🗢 File Name:	Browse No file selected.	
Apply Cancel		

**注意:您**可以在「活動韌體檔案」(*Active Firmware File*)欄位和「活動韌體版本」(*Active Firmware* Version)欄位中檢視*當前韌體檔案和*版本。

Firmware Operation	8
Active Firmware File:	image1.bin
Active Firmware Version:	2.0.0.73
Operation Type:	<ul> <li>Update Firmware</li> <li>Backup Firmware</li> <li>Swap Image</li> </ul>
Copy Method:	<ul> <li>● HTTP/HTTPS</li> <li>● USB</li> <li>● TFTP</li> <li>● SCP (File Transfer via SSH)</li> </ul>
🌣 File Name:	Browse No file selected.
Apply Cancel	]

步驟2.在Operation Type區域中按一下所需的單選按鈕。

這些選項說明如下:

• <u>Update Firmware</u> — 更新裝置的韌體。

- Backup Firmware 建立裝置韌體的備份。
- 交換映像 使用儲存在裝置快閃記憶體中的韌體更改裝置的韌體。

#### 更新/備份韌體

步驟1。按一下Copy Method一節中單選按鈕以顯示所需的檔案傳輸方法。

Firmware Operation	5
Active Firmware File:	image1.bin
Active Firmware Version:	2.0.0.73
Operation Type:	<ul> <li>Update Firmware</li> <li>Backup Firmware</li> <li>Swap Image</li> </ul>
Copy Method:	<ul> <li>HTTP/HTTPS</li> <li>USB</li> <li>TFTP</li> <li>SCP (File Transfer via SSH)</li> </ul>
🜣 File Name:	Browse No file selected.
Apply Cancel	)

這些選項說明如下:

- <u>HTTP/HTTPS</u>-使用瀏覽器提供的工具。
- <u>USB</u> 使用交換機的USB埠。
- <u>TFTP</u> 簡單式檔案傳輸通訊協定(TFTP)是一種簡單檔案傳輸通訊協定,允許使用者端從遠端 主機取得檔案或將檔案上傳到遠端主機。
- <u>SCP</u> (File Transfer via SSH) 安全複製協定(SCP)支援網路上主機之間的檔案傳輸,它使用 安全外殼(SSH)進行資料傳輸,並使用相同的身份驗證機制,從而確保傳輸中資料的真實性和 機密性。

#### HTTP/HTTPS

步驟1.在*File Name*欄位中按一下**Browse**按鈕,以選擇要更新的映像檔。此步驟與 HTTP/HTTPS備份無關。

Copy Method:	<ul> <li>HTTP/HTTPS</li> <li>USB</li> <li>TFTP</li> <li>SCP (File Transfer via SSH)</li> </ul>	
🗢 File Name:	Browse image1.bin	
Apply Cancel		

步驟2.按一下Apply。

Copy Method:	<ul> <li>HTTP/HTTPS</li> <li>USB</li> <li>TFTP</li> <li>SCP (File Transfer via SSH)</li> </ul>	• <b>************</b> \$\$8	
🗢 File Name:	Browse image1.bin		
Apply Cancel			

步驟3.導覽至Administration > Reboot。Reboot頁面開啟。

Reboot	
To reboot the device, click the 'Reboot' button.	
Reboot:  Immediate Date Jan  Un  Time 00  Un Un Days 00  Hours 00  Minutes	
Restore to Factory Defaults	
Clear Startup Configuration File	
Reboot Cancel Reboot Cancel	

步驟4.按一下Reboot。將顯示確認視窗。

Reboot	
To reboot the device, click the 'Re	booť button.
Reboot: <a>o</a> Immediate	
🕤 Date Jan 🚽 0	1 <b>▼ Time</b> 00 <b>▼</b> 00 <b>▼</b> HH:MM
🔿 In 🛛 🗸 🗸 Day	s 00 🚽 Hours 00 🚽 Minutes
Restore to Factory Defaults	
Clear Startup Configuration F	ile
Reboot Cancel Reboot	Cancel

步驟5.按一下「Ok」。



**附註:**裝置現在將重新啟動,這將斷開當前會話。重新引導完成後,將連線一個新會話。

步驟1。在File Name 欄位中輸入位於USB上的映像檔案的路徑。

Copy Method:	○ HTTP/HTTPS ③ USB ○ TFTP
📮 File Name:	<ul> <li>SCP (File Transfer via SSH)</li> <li>images/image2.bin</li> <li>(17/153 characters used)</li> <li>Fail path and file name. Explore the USB drive on the File Directory page.</li> </ul>
Apply Cance	

#### 步驟2.按一下Apply。

	Copy Method:	<ul> <li>○ HTTP/HTTPS</li> <li>○ USB</li> <li>○ TFTP</li> <li>○ SCP (File Transfer via SSH)</li> </ul>
	🌣 File Name:	images/image2.bin (17/153 characters used)
		Full path and file name. Explore the USB drive on the File Directory page.
(	Apply Cancel	

步驟3.在Web配置實用程式上,選擇Administration > Reboot。Reboot頁面開啟。

Reboot	
	To reboot the device, click the 'Reboot' button.
	Reboot:  Immediate Date Jan  HH:MM
	O In 00    Days 00    Hours 00    Minutes
	Restore to Factory Defaults
	Clear Startup Configuration File
	Reboot Cancel Reboot Cancel

步驟4.按一下Reboot。

Reboot	
	To reboot the device, click the 'Reboot' button.
	Reboot: <ul> <li>Immediate</li> </ul>
	⑦ Date Jan    01    Time 00    00    HH:MM
	⊘ In 00    Days 00    Hours 00    Minutes
	Restore to Factory Defaults
	Clear Startup Configuration File
(	Reboot Cancel Reboot Cancel

步驟5.出現確認視窗。按一下「OK」(確定)。

This command will reboot the device and disconnect your current session. Unsaved changes in the configuration will be lost. Do you want to continue?		
OK Cancel		

**附註:**裝置現在將重新啟動,這將斷開當前會話。重新引導完成後,將連線一個新會話。

#### TFTP

步驟1.選擇相應的單選按鈕,確定您要如何定義TFTP伺服器。伺服器可以按**IP地址**或**按名稱** 定義。如果選擇**By name**,請跳至<u>步驟5</u>。

	O onephiloge	
Copy Method:	<ul> <li>HTTP/HTTPS</li> <li>USB</li> <li>TFTP</li> <li>SCP (File Transfer via SSH)</li> </ul>	
Server Definition:	💿 By IP address 🔿 By name	
IP Version:	Version 6 Version 4	
IPv6 Address Type:		
Link Local Interface:	VLAN 1 👻	
Server IP Address/Name:		
🗢 Source File Name:		(0/160 characters used)
Apply Cancel		

步驟2.(可選)選擇伺服器IP地址的版本。如果選擇**版本4**,請跳至<u>步驟5</u>。

	O Owap intage	
Copy Method:	<ul> <li>○ HTTP/HTTPS</li> <li>○ USB</li> <li>● TFTP</li> <li>○ SCP (File Transfer via SSH)</li> </ul>	
Server Definition:	By IP address	
IP Version:	🔿 Version 6 💿 Version 4	
IPv6 Address Type:	Link Local O Global	
Link Local Interface:	VLAN 1 👻	
Server IP Address/Name:		
Source File Name:		(0/160 characters used)
Apply Cancel		

這些選項說明如下:

- IPv4 32位(4位元組)地址。
- IPv6 IPv4的後繼路由器,由128位(8位元組)地址組成。 步驟3.(可選)選擇IPv6地址型別。您可以為地址型別選擇Link Local或Global。如果選擇 Global,請跳至<u>步驟5</u>。

Server Definition:	By IP address   By name
IP Version:	Version 6 O Version 4
IPv6 Address Type:	
Link Local Interface:	VLAN 1
Server IP Address/Name:	
Source File Name:	(0/160 characters used)
Apply Cancel	

步驟4.(可選)從Link Local Interface下拉選單中選擇所需的VLAN。

Server Definition:	● By IP address ○ By name	
IP Version:	Version 6 Version 4	
IPv6 Address Type:	Iink Local O Global	
Link Local Interface:	VLAN 1	
Server IP Address/Name:		
Source File Name:	(0/160 characte	ers used)
Apply Cancel	)	

步驟5.在Server IP Address/Name欄位中輸入伺服器的名稱或IP地址。

	Copy Method:	<ul> <li>HTTP/HTTPS</li> <li>USB</li> <li>TFTP</li> <li>SCP (File Transfer via SSH)</li> </ul>	
ľ	Server Definition:	By IP address   By name	
	IP Version:	Version 6 Version 4	
	IPv6 Address Type:	⊚ Link Local ○ Global	
	Link Local Interface:	VLAN 1 👻	
	Server IP Address/Name	192.0.2.1	
	Source File Name:	(0/160 chara	cters used)
	Apply Cancel	]	

附註:以下欄位取決於<u>步驟</u>1中所選<u>的選項</u>。

步驟6.在「Source/Destination File Name」字段中輸入檔案名。

Copy Method:	<ul> <li>HTTP/HTTPS</li> <li>USB</li> <li>TFTP</li> <li>SCP (File Transfer via SSH)</li> </ul>	
Server Definition:	💿 By IP address 🔘 By name	
IP Version:	O Version 6  Version 4	
IPv6 Address Type:	) Link Local 🕥 Global	
Link Local Interface:	VLAN 1 👻	
Server IP Address/Name	192.0.2.1	
Source File Name:	jimage2.bin	(10/160 characters used)
Apply Cancel	)	

附註:以下欄位的標題為「Destination File Name for Backup by TFTP」。

步驟7.按一下Apply。

	Copy Method:	<ul> <li>HTTP/HTTPS</li> <li>USB</li> <li>TFTP</li> <li>SCP (File Transfer via SSH)</li> </ul>	
	Server Definition:	By IP address	
	IP Version:	Version 6  Version 4	
	IPv6 Address Type:		
	Link Local Interface:	VLAN 1 👻	
	Server IP Address/Name:	192.0.2.1	
	🗢 Source File Name:	image2.bin	(10/160 characters used)
(	Apply Cancel		

#### SCP(通過SSH傳輸檔案)

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步驟1。要啟用SSH伺服器身份驗證(預設情況下禁用),請按一下**Edit** by *Remote SSH Server Authentication*。這會將您帶到*Client SSH* UserAuthentication頁面以配置SSH使用者

SSH Client Authentication:	Use SSH Client System Credentials
	O Use SSH Client One-Time Credentials:
Username:	
Password:	
Server Definition:	By IP address  By name
IP Version:	Version 6 Version 4
IPv6 Address Type:	Iink Local Global
Link Local Interface:	VLAN 1 👻
Server IP Address/Name:	
Source File Name:	(0/160 characters used

附註:有關SSH客戶端系統憑據的詳細資訊,請參閱SSH使用者身份驗證文章。

步驟2.在SSH Client Authentication欄位中選擇所需的SSH身份驗證。

Remote SSH Server Authenticat	ion: Disabled Edit
SSH Client Authentication:	<ul> <li>Use SSH Client System Credentials</li> <li>Use SSH Client One-Time Credentials:</li> </ul>
Username:	
Password:	
Server Definition:	By IP address      By name
IP Version:	Version 6  Version 4
IPv6 Address Type:	
Link Local Interface:	VLAN 1 💌
Server IP Address/Name:	
© Source File Name:	(0/160 characters used)
Apply Cancel	

可用選項定義如下:

- 使用SSH客戶端系統憑證 設定永久SSH使用者憑證。按一下
- •系統憑據:轉至「SSH使用者身份驗證」頁,在該頁可一次性設定使用者/密碼以供將來使用
- •使用SSH客戶端一次性憑證 設定一次性SSH使用者憑證。

**附註:**有關SSH客戶端系統憑據的詳細資訊,請參閱SSH使用者身份驗證文章。

步驟3.(可選)在各自的欄位中輸入所需的Username和Password。

Remote SSH Server Authenticati	on: Disabled Edit
SSH Client Authentication:	<ul> <li>Use SSH Client System Credentials</li> <li>Use SSH Client One-Time Credentials:</li> </ul>
Username:	luser
Password:	
Server Definition:	
IP Version:	Version 6 Version 4
IPv6 Address Type:	Iink Local O Global
Link Local Interface:	VLAN 1 👻
Server IP Address/Name:	
Source File Name:	(0/160 characters used)
Apply Cancel	

步驟4.選擇相應的單選按鈕,以便確定您要如何定義SCP伺服器。伺服器可以按**IP地址**或**按名** 稱。如果選擇By name,請跳至<u>步驟8</u>。

l	Remote SSH Server Authentication	Disabled Edit	
	SSH Client Authentication:	<ul> <li>Use SSH Client System Credentials</li> <li>Use SSH Client One-Time Credentials:</li> </ul>	
l	Username:		
l	Password:		
l	Server Definition:	💿 By IP address 🕥 By name	
l	IP Version:	Version 6  Version 4	
l	IPv6 Address Type:		
l	Link Local Interface:	VLAN 1 👻	
l	Server IP Address/Name:		
	Source File Name:		(0/160 characters used)
(	Apply Cancel		

步驟5.(可選)選擇伺服器IP地址的版本。如果選擇**版本4**,請跳至<u>步驟8</u>。

ľ	Remote SSH Server Authentication	on: Disabled Edit
	SSH Client Authentication:	<ul> <li>Use SSH Client System Credentials</li> <li>Use SSH Client One-Time Credentials:</li> </ul>
	Username:	
	Password:	
	Server Definition:	By IP address ○ By name
	IP Version:	○ Version 6
	IPv6 Address Type:	
	Link Local Interface:	VLAN 1 👻
	Server IP Address/Name:	
	Source File Name:	(0/160 characters used)
	Apply Cancel	

這些選項說明如下:

- IPv4 32位(4位元組)地址。
- IPv6 IPv4的後繼路由器,由128位(8位元組)地址組成。

步驟6.(可選)選擇IPv6地址型別。您可以為地址型別選擇Link Local或Global。如果選擇 Global,請跳至<u>步驟8</u>。

Remote SSH Server Authentication	Disabled Edit
SSH Client Authentication:	<ul> <li>Use SSH Client System Credentials</li> <li>Use SSH Client One-Time Credentials:</li> </ul>
Username:	
Password:	
Server Definition:	By IP address  By name
IP Version:	Version 6 O Version 4
IPv6 Address Type:	Eink Local ○ Global     Global     Since A and A an
Link Local Interface:	VLAN 1
Server IP Address/Name:	
Source File Name:	(0/160 characters used)
Apply Cancel	

#### 步驟7。(可選)從Link Local Interface下拉選單中選擇所需的VLAN。

Remote SSH Server Authentication	Disabled Edit	
SSH Client Authentication:	<ul> <li>Use SSH Client System Credentials</li> <li>Use SSH Client One-Time Credentials:</li> </ul>	
Username:		
Password:		
Server Definition:	By IP address   By name	
IP Version:	Version 6 O Version 4	
IPv6 Address Type:		
Link Local Interface:	VLAN 1	
Server IP Address/Name:		
Source File Name:		(0/160 characters used)
Apply Cancel		

步驟8.在Server IP Address/Name欄位中輸入伺服器的名稱或IP地址。

Remote SSH Server Authentication	on: Disabled Edit
SSH Client Authentication:	<ul> <li>Use SSH Client System Credentials</li> <li>Use SSH Client One-Time Credentials:</li> </ul>
Username:	
Password:	
Server Definition:	By IP address  By name
IP Version:	Version 6 Version 4
IPv6 Address Type:	O Link Local O Global
Link Local Interface:	VLAN 1 👻
Server IP Address/Name:	192.0.2.1
Source File Name:	(0/160 characters used)
Apply Cancel	

步驟9.在 來源/Destination 檔案名稱 欄位.

Remote SSH Server Authentication:	Disabled Edit
SSH Client Authentication:	<ul> <li>Use SSH Client System Credentials</li> <li>Use SSH Client One-Time Credentials:</li> </ul>
Username:	
Password:	
Server Definition:	● By IP address ○ By name
IP Version:	Version 6  Version 4
IPv6 Address Type:	O Link Local O Global
Link Local Interface:	VLAN 1 👻
Server IP Address/Name:	192.0.2.1
Source File Name:	image2.bin (10/160 characters used)
Apply Cancel	

附註:該欄位標題為Destination File Name for Backup by SCP。

步驟10.按一下	Apply <sub>o</sub>
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	Remote SSH Server Authentication:	Disabled Edit	
L	SSH Client Authentication:	<ul> <li>Use SSH Client System Credentials</li> <li>Use SSH Client One-Time Credentials:</li> </ul>	
L	Username:		
L	Password:		
L	Server Definition:	● By IP address 🔿 By name	
L	IP Version:	Version 6  Version 4	
L	IPv6 Address Type:		
L	Link Local Interface:	VLAN 1 👻	
	Server IP Address/Name:	192.0.2.1	
	Source File Name:	image2.bin	(10/160 characters used)
C	Apply Cancel		



步驟1.從Active Image After重新開機後下拉式清單中選擇您想要在重新開機後處於使用中的韌 體檔案。

Firmware Operations		
	Active Firmware File:	image1.bin
	Active Firmware Version:	2.0.0.73
	Operation Type:	<ul> <li>Update Firmware</li> <li>Backup Firmware</li> <li>Swap Image</li> </ul>
	Active Image After Reboot:	image1.bin 🖃
	Active Image Version Number After Reboot:	image1.bin _image1.bin
	Apply Cancel	



Firmware Operations		
Active	e Firmware File:	image1.bin
Active	e Firmware Version:	2.0.0.73
Oper	ation Type:	<ul> <li>Update Firmware</li> <li>Backup Firmware</li> <li>Swap Image</li> </ul>
Active	e Image After Reboot:	image1.bin 💌
Active	e Image Version Number After R	Reboot: 2.0.0.73
Apply	Cancel	

步驟3.在Web配置實用程式上選擇Administration > Reboot。Reboot頁面開啟。

Reboot	
	To reboot the device, click the 'Reboot' button.
	Reboot:  Immediate Date Jan  HH:MM
	O In 00    Days 00    Hours 00    Minutes
	Restore to Factory Defaults
	Clear Startup Configuration File
	Reboot Cancel Reboot Cancel

步驟4.按一下Reboot。將顯示確認視窗。

Reboot	
	To reboot the device, click the 'Reboot' button.
	Reboot:  Immediate Date Jan  HH:MM
	○ In 00   Days 00   Hours 00   Minutes
	Restore to Factory Defaults
	Clear Startup Configuration File
(	Reboot Cancel Reboot Cancel

#### 步驟5.按一下「Ok」。

This command will reboot the device and disconnect your current session. Unsaved changes in the configuration will be lost. Do you want to continue?	
OK Cancel	

**附註:**裝置現在將重新啟動,這將斷開當前會話。重新引導完成後,將連線一個新會話。

## 檢視與本文相關的影片……

按一下此處檢視思科的其他技術對話