在SG350XG和SG550XG上配置鏈路聚合組

目標

鏈路聚合組(LAG)是已並行組合成一個邏輯連線的網路連線集合。建立LAG可以允許冗餘:如 果LAG中的一個鏈路發生故障,其它鏈路可用作備份。LAG還可以通過使用其所有鏈路同時傳 輸資料來大幅提高吞吐量。

以下是運作方式:連結彙總控制通訊協定(LACP)是IEEE規範(802.3az)的一部分,它可以控制 將多個實體連線埠捆綁在一起,以形成單一邏輯通道(LAG)。通過LAG的活動成員埠的流量負 載均衡由基於雜湊的分佈函式管理,該分佈函式基於第2層或第3層資料包報頭資訊分配單播 和組播流量。LACP通過捆綁多個物理埠幫助形成單個LAG。它還負責頻寬倍增、增加埠靈活 性以及在任意兩台裝置之間的鏈路上提供冗餘。此外,這有助於更改LAG速度、通告、流量控 制以及可以在LAG設定表中輕鬆標識的保護。

本文檔的目的是向您展示如何在SG350XG和SG550XG上配置LAG。

適用裝置

- SG350XG
- SG550XG

軟體版本

• 2.0.0.73

LAG管理

步驟1.登入到Web配置實用程式,然後選擇**Port Management > Link Aggregation > LAG Management**。將開啟*LAG Management*頁面。

LAG Management

Load Balance Algorithm: <a>O MAC Address

IP/MAC Address
 IP/MAC Address

Apply Cancel

LAG	LAG Management Table									
	LAG	Name	LACP	Link State	Active Member	Standby Member				
0	LAG 1			Link Not Present						
\odot	LAG 2			Link Not Present						
0	LAG 3			Link Not Present						
0	LAG 4			Link Not Present						
0	LAG 5			Link Not Present						
0	LAG 6			Link Not Present						
0	LAG 7			Link Not Present						
\odot	LAG 8			Link Not Present						
0	LAG 9			Link Not Present						
\odot	LAG 10			Link Not Present						
\odot	LAG 11			Link Not Present						
\odot	LAG 12			Link Not Present						
\odot	LAG 13			Link Not Present						
\odot	LAG 14			Link Not Present						
0	LAG 15			Link Not Present						
\odot	LAG 16			Link Not Present						
0	LAG 17			Link Not Present						
\bigcirc	LAG 18			Link Not Present						
0	LAG 19			Link Not Present						
\bigcirc	LAG 20			Link Not Present						
0	LAG 21			Link Not Present						
\odot	LAG 22			Link Not Present						
0	LAG 23			Link Not Present						
\bigcirc	LAG 24			Link Not Present						
0	LAG 25			Link Not Present						
\bigcirc	LAG 26			Link Not Present						
0	LAG 27			Link Not Present						
\bigcirc	LAG 28			Link Not Present						
0	LAG 29			Link Not Present						
\odot	LAG 30			Link Not Present						
۲	LAG 31			Link Not Present						
۲	LAG 32			Link Not Present						
	Edit									

附註:以上螢幕截圖取自SG550XG,它有32個不同的LAG。SG350XG只有8個LAG。

步驟2.在*Load Balance Algorithm*欄位中,選擇單選按鈕以確定交換機如何處理每個LAG上的 負載均衡。負載均衡用於在LAG中的所有鏈路之間傳送資料,從而提高吞吐量。在某些網路中 使用MAC地址更為有效。

LAG Management									
Load Balance Algorithm: Address IP/MAC Address IP/MAC Address									
Apply Cancel									

選項包括:

- MAC地址 對所有資料包使用源和目標MAC地址執行負載均衡。
- IP/MAC地址 使用IP資料包上的源IP地址和目標IP地址以及所有非IP資料包上的源MAC地址 和目標MAC地址執行負載均衡。

步驟3.按一下「Apply」。負載均衡設定將儲存到運行配置檔案中。

l	_AG Management	
	Load Balance Algorithm: MAC Address IP/MAC Address 	
(Apply Cancel	

步驟4. LAG管理表顯示交換機上當前配置的所有LAG的資訊。選擇LAG的單選按鈕並按一下 編輯……以在出現的「編輯LAG成員資格」視窗中編輯其設定。

LAG	Manager	nent Tab	le				
	LAG	Name	LACP	Link State	Active Member	Standby Member	
\bigcirc	LAG 1			Link Not Present			
0	LAG 2			Link Not Present			
0	LAG 3			Link Not Present			
\odot	LAG 4			Link Not Present			
0	LAG 5			Link Not Present			
\odot	LAG 6			Link Not Present			
\odot	LAG 7			Link Not Present			
\odot	LAG 8			Link Not Present			
\bigcirc	LAG 9			Link Not Present			
\bigcirc	LAG 10			Link Not Present			
\bigcirc	LAG 11			Link Not Present			
\odot	LAG 12			Link Not Present			
\odot	LAG 13			Link Not Present			
\odot	LAG 14			Link Not Present			
\odot	LAG 15			Link Not Present			
\odot	LAG 16			Link Not Present			
\odot	LAG 17			Link Not Present			
\odot	LAG 18			Link Not Present			
\odot	LAG 19			Link Not Present			
\odot	LAG 20			Link Not Present			
\bigcirc	LAG 21			Link Not Present			
\odot	LAG 22			Link Not Present			
\odot	LAG 23			Link Not Present			
\odot	LAG 24			Link Not Present			
\odot	LAG 25			Link Not Present			
\bigcirc	LAG 26			Link Not Present			
\bigcirc	LAG 27			Link Not Present			
\bigcirc	LAG 28			Link Not Present			
\bigcirc	LAG 29			Link Not Present			
0	LAG 30			Link Not Present			
0	LAG 31			Link Not Present			
\bigcirc	LAG 32			Link Not Present			
\square	Edit						

步驟5.在*LAG*下拉選單中,選擇要配置其設定的LAG。您在*LAG Management* Table中選*擇的 LAG將*在此處自動選擇。此欄位可用於在LAG之間切換並配置其設定,而無需返回*LAG Management*頁面。



步驟6.在*LAG名稱*欄位中,輸入LAG的名稱或說明。此名稱不會影響LAG的操作,因為它僅供 識別。

LAG: 1 💌								
LAG Name: Example Name (12/64 characters used)								
LACP: Enable								
Unit: 1 💌								
Port List: LAG Members:								
XG1								
XG2								
XG3								
XG4								
XG7								
XG8 -								
Apply Close								

步驟7.在*LACP*欄位中,勾選**Enable**覈取方塊以啟用LAG的連結彙總控制通訊協定(LACP)。交換機使用LACP與其他連線的裝置(也使用LACP)通訊並協調LAG資訊,從而建立動態 LAG。將埠新增到LAG後,此欄位將不可用;從LAG中刪除所有埠將允許此設定再次可用。

LAG: 1 💌
LAG Name: Example Name (12/64 characters used)
LACP: Inable
Port List: LAG Members:
XG1
XG4 XG5 XG6
XG7 XG8 T
Apply Close

步驟8.在*Unit*下拉選單中,選擇堆疊中包含要新增到LAG的埠的交換機。如果交換器不是堆疊的一部分,則只有**1**可用。

LAG:	1
LAG Name:	Example Name (12/64 characters used)
LACP:	Enable
Unit: 1 ▼ Port Lst. XG1 XG2 XG3 XG4 XG5 XG6 XG6 XG7	LAG Members:
Apply	Close

步驟9.使用箭頭按鈕,從埠清單中選擇一個埠,並將其移動到LAG成員區域,反之亦然。

LAG: 1 💌
LAG Name: Example Name (12/64 characters used)
LACP: 📝 Enable
Unit: 1
Port List: LAG Members:
XG4 XG5 XG6 XG7
XG8 XG9 XG10 XG11
Apply Close

步驟10.按一下**Apply**。LAG設定將儲存到運行配置中。在*LAG*欄位中選擇要配置的其他 LAG,或按一下**關閉**以返回*LAG Management*頁。

LAG: 1	•
LAG Name: Ex	ample Name (12/64 characters used)
LACP:	Enable
Unit: 1 💌	
Port List:	LAG Members:
XG4 XG5 XG6 XC7	XG1/1 XG1/2 XG1/3
XG8 XG9 XG10	
XG11	▼
Apply	Close

LAG設定

步驟1.登入到Web配置實用程式,然後選擇Port Management > Link Aggregation > LAG

Settings。將開啟LAG Settings頁面。

1 /	0	0	112	
14	4(i	Se	TTIP	าตร
-	~	00		gu

_AG	Setting Ta	ble										
	Entry No.	LAG	Description	Туре	Status	Link Status	Time R	ange	Auto Negotiation	Speed	Flow Control	Protection State
						SNMP Traps	Name	State				
	1	LAG 1				Enabled						Unprotected
	2	LAG 2				Enabled						Unprotected
	3	LAG 3				Enabled						Unprotected
	4	LAG 4				Enabled						Unprotected
	5	LAG 5				Enabled						Unprotected
	6	LAG 6				Enabled						Unprotected
	7	LAG 7				Enabled						Unprotected
	8	LAG 8				Enabled						Unprotected
	9	LAG 9				Enabled						Unprotected
	10	LAG 10				Enabled						Unprotected
	11	LAG 11				Enabled						Unprotected
	12	LAG 12				Enabled						Unprotected
	13	LAG 13				Enabled						Unprotected
D	14	LAG 14				Enabled						Unprotected
0	15	LAG 15				Enabled						Unprotected
	16	LAG 16				Enabled						Unprotected
D	17	LAG 17				Enabled						Unprotected
D	18	LAG 18				Enabled						Unprotected
	19	LAG 19				Enabled						Unprotected
	20	LAG 20				Enabled						Unprotected
D	21	LAG 21				Enabled						Unprotected
D	22	LAG 22				Enabled						Unprotected
D	23	LAG 23				Enabled						Unprotected
	24	LAG 24				Enabled						Unprotected
	25	LAG 25				Enabled						Unprotected
	26	LAG 26				Enabled						Unprotected
	27	LAG 27				Enabled						Unprotected
	28	LAG 28				Enabled						Unprotected
	29	LAG 29				Enabled						Unprotected
	30	LAG 30				Enabled						Unprotected
	31	LAG 31				Enabled						Unprotected
	32	LAG 32				Enabled						Unprotected

步驟2. *LAG設定表*顯示交換機上當前配置的所有LAG的資訊。選擇LAG的單選按鈕,然後按 一下**編輯……**在「編輯LAG設定」頁*中編輯其*設定。

LAC	LAG Settings											
LAC	3 Setting Ta	ble										
	Entry No.	LAG	Description	Туре	Status	Link Status SNMP Traps	Time Ran Name S	ge State	Auto Negotiation	Speed	Flow Control	Protection State
\bigcirc		LAG 1										
\bigcirc	2	LAG 2				Enabled						Unprotected
	3	LAG 3				Enabled						Unprotected
	4	LAG 4				Enabled						Unprotected
	5	LAG 5				Enabled						Unprotected
	6	LAG 6				Enabled						Unprotected
	7	LAG 7				Enabled						Unprotected
	8	LAG 8				Enabled						Unprotected
	9	LAG 9				Enabled						Unprotected
	10	LAG 10				Enabled						Unprotected
\bigcirc	11	LAG 11				Enabled						Unprotected
	12	LAG 12				Enabled						Unprotected
0	13	LAG 13				Enabled						Unprotected
	14	LAG 14				Enabled						Unprotected
	15	LAG 15				Enabled						Unprotected
	16	LAG 16				Enabled						Unprotected
	17	LAG 17				Enabled						Unprotected
	18	LAG 18				Enabled						Unprotected
	19	LAG 19				Enabled						Unprotected
	20	LAG 20				Enabled						Unprotected
	21	LAG 21				Enabled						Unprotected
	22	LAG 22				Enabled						Unprotected
0	23	LAG 23				Enabled						Unprotected
	24	LAG 24				Enabled						Unprotected
0	25	LAG 25				Enabled						Unprotected
	26	LAG 26				Enabled						Unprotected
	27	LAG 27				Enabled						Unprotected
	28	LAG 28				Enabled						Unprotected
0	29	LAG 29				Enabled						Unprotected
	30	LAG 30				Enabled						Unprotected
0	31	LAG 31				Enabled						Unprotected
0	32	LAG 32				Enabled						Unprotected
	Copy Set	tings	Edit)								

步驟3.在*LAG*下拉選單中,選擇要配置其設定的LAG。您在LAG設定表中選*擇的LAG將*在此處 自動選中。此欄位可用於在LAG之間切換並配置其設定,而不返回*LAG Settings*頁。*LAG Type*欄位顯示組成LAG的埠型別。

LAG:		LAG Type:
Description:	1 A (0/64 char 3	racters used)
Administrative Status:	4 5 6 m	Operational Status:
Link Status SNMP Traps:	7 = 8 ble	
Time Range: Time Range Name:	9 10 11 Edit	Operational Time-Range State: N/A
	12 - 13	
Administrative Auto Negotiation:	14 15 ble	Operational Auto Negotiation:
Administrative Speed:	16 17 M 18 DM 19 20 •	Operational LAG Speed:
Administrative Advertisement:	Max. Capability 10 Full 100 Full 1000 Full 10000 Full	Operational Advertisement: Unknown
Administrative Flow Control:	EnableDisableAuto-Negotiation	Operational Flow Control:
Protected LAG:	Enable	
Apply Close		

步驟4.在*Description*欄位中,輸入LAG的名稱或備註。這不會影響LAG的操作,因為它僅用於 識別目的。

LAG:	1	LAG Type:
Description:	Example Name (12/64 char	acters used)
Administrative Status:	● Up● Down	Operational Status:
Link Status SNMP Traps:	Enable	
Time Range:	Enable	
Time Range Name:	testing1 💌 Edit	Operational Time-Range State: N/A
Administrative Auto Negotiation:	Enable	Operational Auto Negotiation:
Administrative Speed:	 10M 100M 1000M 10G 	Operational LAG Speed:
Administrative Advertisement:	Max. Capability 10 Full 100 Full 1000 Full 10000 Full 10000 Full	Operational Advertisement: Unknown
Administrative Flow Control:	 Enable Disable Auto-Negotiation 	Operational Flow Control:
Protected LAG:	Enable	
Apply Close		

步驟5.在*Administrative Status*欄位中,選擇**Up**或**Down**單選按鈕以確定LAG是啟動(操作)還 是關閉(非操作)。 *Operational Status*欄位顯示LAG當前處於啟動還是關閉狀態。如果當前 顯示模式為基本模式,請跳至<u>步驟9</u>。

LAG:	1	LAG Type:
Description:	Example Name (12/64 char	racters used)
Administrative Status:	● Up ● Down	Operational Status:
Link Status SNMP Traps:	Enable	
Time Range:	Enable	
Time Range Name:	testing1 💌 Edit	Operational Time-Range State: N/A
Administrative Auto Negotiation:	Enable	Operational Auto Negotiation:
Administrative Speed:	 10M 100M 1000M 10G 	Operational LAG Speed:
Administrative Advertisement:	Max. Capability 10 Full 100 Full 1000 Full 10000 Full 1000 Full	Operational Advertisement: Unknown
Administrative Flow Control:	 Enable Disable Auto-Negotiation 	Operational Flow Control:
Protected LAG:	Enable	
Apply Close		

步驟6.在*Link Status SNMP Traps*欄位中,勾選**Enable**覈取方塊,使交換機生成SNMP陷阱 ,以通知LAG中埠的鏈路狀態發生變化。

LAG:	1	LAG Type:
Description:	Example Name (12/64 chara	acters used)
Administrative Status:	● Up● Down	Operational Status:
Link Status SNMP Traps:	Enable	
Time Range:	Enable	
Time Range Name:	testing1 💌 Edit	Operational Time-Range State: N/A
Administrative Auto Negotiation:	Enable	Operational Auto Negotiation:
Administrative Speed:	 10M 100M 1000M 10G 	Operational LAG Speed:
Administrative Advertisement:	Max. Capability 10 Full 100 Full 1000 Full 10000 Full 10000 Full	Operational Advertisement: Unknown
Administrative Flow Control:	 Enable Disable Auto-Negotiation 	Operational Flow Control:
Protected LAG:	Enable	
Apply Close		

步驟7.在*Time Range*欄位中,勾選**Enable**覈取方塊,使LAG僅在預配置的時間範圍內啟用。 超出此時間範圍時,LAG將關閉。如果沒有可用的時間範圍配置檔案,則此欄位不可用。

LAG:	1	LAG Type:
Description:	Example Name (12/64 chara	acters used)
Administrative Status:	● Up● Down	Operational Status:
Link Status SNMP Traps:	Enable	
Time Range:	Enable	
Time Range Name:	testing1 💌 Edit	Operational Time-Range State: N/A
Administrative Auto Negotiation	D Enable	Operational Auto Negotiation:
Administrative Auto Negotiation.		
Administrative Speed.	 100M 1000M 1000M 10G 	Operational LAG Speed.
Administrative Advertisement:	Max. Capability 10 Full 100 Full 1000 Full 10000 Full 10000 Full	Operational Advertisement: Unknown
Administrative Flow Control:	 Enable Disable Auto-Negotiation 	Operational Flow Control:
Protected LAG:	Enable	
Apply Close		

步驟8.在*Time Range Name*下拉選單中,選擇要應用於LAG的時間範圍配置檔案。如果沒有 定義時間範圍概要檔案,或者如果要更改現有時間範圍概要檔案,請按一下**編輯**以轉到「*時間 範圍」*頁。*Operational Time-Range State*欄位顯示時間範圍當前是活動還是非活動。有關時 間範圍的詳細資訊,請參閱<u>在SG550XG和SG350XG上設定時間範圍</u>一文。

LAG:	1	LAG Type:
Description:	Example Name (12/64 char	racters used)
Administrative Status:	● Up● Down	Operational Status:
Link Status SNMP Traps:	Enable	
Time Range:	Enable	
Time Range Name:	testing1 Edit testing1	Operational Time-Range State: N/A
Administrative Auto Negotiation:	Enable	Operational Auto Negotiation:
Administrative Speed:	 10M 100M 1000M 10G 	Operational LAG Speed:
Administrative Advertisement:	Max. Capability 10 Full 100 Full 1000 Full 10000 Full 10000 Full	Operational Advertisement: Unknown
Administrative Flow Control:	 Enable Disable Auto-Negotiation 	Operational Flow Control:
Protected LAG:	Enable	
Apply Close		

<u>步驟9</u>.在Administrative Auto Negotiation欄位中,勾選Enable覈取方塊以啟用LAG的自動協商 。此功能可讓LAG自動將其傳輸速度、雙工模式和流量控制功能傳送給LAG夥伴。如果啟用此 功能,請跳至<u>步驟11</u>。Operational Auto Negotiation欄位顯示LAG的當前自動協商狀態。

LAG:	1 💌	LAG Type:
Description:	Example Name (12/64 c	characters used)
Administrative Status:	● Up● Down	Operational Status:
Link Status SNMP Traps:	Enable	
Time Range:	Enable	
Time Range Name:	testing1 💌 Edit	Operational Time-Range State: N/A
Administrative Auto Negotiation	Enable	Operational Auto Negotiation:
Administrative Speed:	 10M 100M 1000M 10G 	Operational LAG Speed:
Administrative Advertisement:	Max. Capability 10 Full 100 Full 1000 Full 10000 Full	Operational Advertisement: Unknown
Administrative Flow Control:	EnableDisableAuto-Negotiation	Operational Flow Control:
Protected LAG:	Enable	
Apply Close		

步驟10.如果未啟用自動交涉,則*Administrative Speed*欄位可用。選擇一個單選按鈕以確定 LAG的速度。*Operational LAG Speed*欄位顯示LAG的當前速度。

LAG:	1 💌	LAG Type:
Description:	Example Name (12/64 ch	naracters used)
Administrative Status:	● Up● Down	Operational Status:
Link Status SNMP Traps:	Enable	
Time Range:	Enable	
Time Range Name:	testing1 💌 Edit	Operational Time-Range State: N/A
Administrative Auto Negotiation	: 📃 Enable	Operational Auto Negotiation:
Administrative Speed:	 10M 100M 1000M 10G 	Operational LAG Speed:
Administrative Advertisement:	Max. Capability 10 Full 100 Full 1000 Full 10000 Full 10000 Full	Operational Advertisement: Unknown
Administrative Flow Control:	 Enable Disable Auto-Negotiation 	Operational Flow Control:
Protected LAG:	Enable	
Apply Close		

選項包括:

- •10M LAG以10 Mbps的速度運行。
- 100M LAG以100 Mbps的速度運行。
- 1000M LAG以1000 Mbps的速度運行。
- 10G LAG以10 Gbps的速度運行。

<u>步驟11</u>.如果啟用了自動交涉,則*Administrative Advertisement*欄位將可用。選中相應的覈取 方塊以指示在自動協商期間通告哪些功能。*Operational Advertisement*欄位顯示當前由LAG通 告的功能。

LAG:	1 💌	LAG Type:
Description:	Example Name (12/64 characters used)
Administrative Status:	UpDown	Operational Status:
Link Status SNMP Traps:	Enable	
Time Range:	Enable	
Time Range Name:	testing1 💌 Edit	Operational Time-Range State: N/A
Administrative Auto Negotiation	: 🔽 Enable	Operational Auto Negotiation:
Administrative Speed:	10M	Operational LAG Speed:
	100M	
	1000M	
Administrative Advertisement:	Max. Capability 10 F 100 Full 100 10000 Full	Operational Advertisement: Unknown
Administrative Flow Control:	 Enable Disable Auto-Negotiation 	Operational Flow Control:
Protected LAG:	Enable	
Apply Close		

選項包括:

- 最大功能 接受所有速度和雙工模式設定。預設情況下會選中此項。如果選中此選項,則無法 選中其他覈取方塊。
- •10全 10 Mbps速度和全雙工模式。
- 100 Full 100 Mbps速度和全雙工模式。
- 1000全 1000 Mbps速度和全雙工模式。
- 10000全 10000 Mbps速度和全雙工模式。

步驟12.在*Administrative Flow Control*欄位中,選擇單選按鈕以**Enable**或**Disable** 802.3x flow control。您也可以選擇啟用**流量控制的**自動交涉。流量控制是一種協定,當網路不堪重負時,交換機可以使用該協定來停止遠端LAG的傳輸。*操作流控制*欄位顯示LAG的當前流控制狀態。

LAG:	1	LAG Type:
Description:	Example Name (12/64 char	acters used)
Administrative Status:	● Up● Down	Operational Status:
Link Status SNMP Traps:	Enable	
Time Range:	Enable	
Time Range Name:	testing1 💌 Edit	Operational Time-Range State: N/A
Administrative Auto Negotiation:	Enable	Operational Auto Negotiation:
Administrative Speed:	 10M 100M 1000M 10G 	Operational LAG Speed:
Administrative Advertisement:	Max. Capability 10 Full 100 Full 1000 Full 10000 Full 1000 Full	Operational Advertisement: Unknown
Administrative Flow Control:	 Enable Disable Auto-Negotiation 	Operational Flow Control:
Protected LAG:	Enable	
Apply Close		

步驟13.在*Protected LAG*欄位中,勾選**Enable**覈取方塊以使LAG成為受保護的LAG。受保護的 LAG在共用同一VLAN的介面之間提供第2層隔離。

LAG:	1	LAG Type:
Description:	Example Name (12/64 chara	acters used)
Administrative Status:	● Up● Down	Operational Status:
Link Status SNMP Traps:	Enable	
Time Range:	Enable	
Time Range Name:	testing1 💌 Edit	Operational Time-Range State: N/A
Administrative Auto Negotiation:	Enable	Operational Auto Negotiation:
Administrative Speed:	 10M 100M 1000M 10G 	Operational LAG Speed:
Administrative Advertisement:	Max. Capability 10 Full 100 Full 1000 Full 10000 Full 10000 Full	Operational Advertisement: Unknown
Administrative Flow Control:	 Enable Disable Auto-Negotiation 	Operational Flow Control:
Protected LAG:	Enable	
Apply Close		

步驟14.按一下**Apply**。設定將儲存到運行配置檔案中。從*LAG*欄位中選擇要配置的其他 LAG,或按一下**關閉**以返回*LAG設定*頁。

LAG:	1	LAG Type:
Description:	Example Name (12/64 char	acters used)
Administrative Status:	● Up● Down	Operational Status:
Link Status SNMP Traps:	Enable	
Time Range:	Enable	
Time Range Name:	testing1 💌 Edit	Operational Time-Range State: N/A
Administrative Auto Negotiation:	Enable	Operational Auto Negotiation:
Administrative Speed:	 10M 100M 1000M 10G 	Operational LAG Speed:
Administrative Advertisement:	Max. Capability 10 Full 100 Full 1000 Full 10000 Full 10000 Full	Operational Advertisement: Unknown
Administrative Flow Control:	 Enable Disable Auto-Negotiation 	Operational Flow Control:
Protected LAG:	Enable	
Apply Close		

步驟15.如果要將LAG的設定快速複製到另一個LAG,請按一下其單選按鈕,然後按一下**複製 設定……**按鈕。出現「*Copy Settings*」視窗。

LAG Settings											
LAG Setting Table											
	Entry No.	LAG	Description	Туре	Status	Link Status SNMP Traps	Time Range Name State	Auto Negotiation	Speed	Flow Control	Protection State
\odot		LAG 1									
\bigcirc	2	LAG 2				Enabled					Unprotected
	3	LAG 3				Enabled					Unprotected
	4	LAG 4				Enabled					Unprotected
	5	LAG 5				Enabled					Unprotected
	6	LAG 6				Enabled					Unprotected
	7	LAG 7				Enabled					Unprotected
	8	LAG 8				Enabled					Unprotected
	9	LAG 9				Enabled					Unprotected
	10	LAG 10				Enabled					Unprotected
\bigcirc	11	LAG 11				Enabled					Unprotected
	12	LAG 12				Enabled					Unprotected
	13	LAG 13				Enabled					Unprotected
	14	LAG 14				Enabled					Unprotected
	15	LAG 15				Enabled					Unprotected
	16	LAG 16				Enabled					Unprotected
\bigcirc	17	LAG 17				Enabled					Unprotected
	18	LAG 18				Enabled					Unprotected
\bigcirc	19	LAG 19				Enabled					Unprotected
	20	LAG 20				Enabled					Unprotected
\bigcirc	21	LAG 21				Enabled					Unprotected
	22	LAG 22				Enabled					Unprotected
\bigcirc	23	LAG 23				Enabled					Unprotected
	24	LAG 24				Enabled					Unprotected
\bigcirc	25	LAG 25				Enabled					Unprotected
	26	LAG 26				Enabled					Unprotected
\bigcirc	27	LAG 27				Enabled					Unprotected
	28	LAG 28				Enabled					Unprotected
\bigcirc	29	LAG 29				Enabled					Unprotected
	30	LAG 30				Enabled					Unprotected
0	31	LAG 31				Enabled					Unprotected
\odot	32	LAG 32				Enabled					Unprotected
Copy Settings Edit											

步驟16.在文本欄位中,輸入要複製選定LAG設定的LAG或LAG範圍,然後按一下應用。

Copy configuration from entry 1 (LAG 1)							
to: LAG 5, LAG 10-LAG 15	(Example: 1,3,5-10 or: LAG 1,LAG 3-LAG 5)						
Apply Close							

檢視與本文相關的影片……

按一下此處檢視思科的其他技術對話