

# 配置UCS C系列最佳化的M.2 RAID控制器

## 目錄

---

[簡介](#)

[必要條件](#)

[需求](#)

[採用元件](#)

[背景資訊](#)

[設定](#)

[通過CIMC進行配置](#)

[通過BIOS配置](#)

[驗證](#)

[相關資訊](#)

---

## 簡介

本文檔介紹通過CIMC和BIOS建立RAID配置的過程。

## 必要條件

### 需求

思科建議您瞭解以下主題：

- 對思科整合式管理控制器(CIMC)有基礎認識。
- 對磁碟有基礎認識。
- 對RAID配置有基礎認識。

### 採用元件

- UCS C245 M8SX
- UCS-M2-HWRAID
- 伺服器C系列版本4.3(5.250001)
- 磁碟型號Micron\_5300\_MTFDDAV240TDS

本文中的資訊是根據特定實驗室環境內的裝置所建立。文中使用到的所有裝置皆從已清除（預設）的組態來啟動。如果您的網路運作中，請確保您瞭解任何指令可能造成的影響。

## 背景資訊

RAID配置可跨多個物理磁碟組織資料，允許您使用不同的RAID級別管理伺服器儲存，以提高效能和容錯能力。在Cisco UCS中，術語「JBOD狀態」和「未配置的良好狀態」是指儲存環境中物理驅

## 驅動器的特定配置：

- JBOD代表Just a Bunch of Disks。在此狀態下，驅動器顯示為單個磁碟，不配置任何RAID。
- 未配置「良好」狀態，系統可以識別驅動器，但不屬於任何RAID配置。它們可以配置為RAID陣列的一部分或用作獨立驅動器。

## 設定

### 通過CIMC進行配置

導航到Storage頁籤> Controllers。然後選擇所需的Controller，然後按一下Physical Drive Info，確認磁碟處於JBOD中的狀態：

The screenshot shows the CIMC interface with the following details:

- Top Navigation:** Shows the Cisco Integrated Management Controller logo and a navigation bar with tabs like Storage, Controller, and Virtual Drive Info.
- Left Sidebar:** Lists Controllers, Cisco FlexMMC, MRAID1, MRAID2, and MSTOR-RAID.
- Middle Content:** The MSTOR-RAID controller is selected. The 'Physical Drive Info' tab is active. A table lists two drives:

Slot ID	Disk Type	Status	Capacity (GB)	Model	Firmware
Disk 253	SATA SSD	Jbod	240	ATA	D3MC000
Disk 254	SATA SSD	Jbod	240	ATA	D3MC000
- Right Sidebar:** Actions dropdown menu with options like Create Virtual Drive, Import Foreign Config, Power, and System.

確認磁碟處於JBOD狀態後，按一下Actions > Storage，然後選擇Create Virtual Drive:

The screenshot shows the CIMC interface with the following details:

- Top Navigation:** Shows the Cisco Integrated Management Controller logo and a navigation bar with tabs like Storage, Controller, and Virtual Drive Info.
- Left Sidebar:** Lists Controllers, Cisco FlexMMC, MRAID1, MRAID2, and MSTOR-RAID.
- Middle Content:** The MSTOR-RAID controller is selected. The 'Physical Drive Info' tab is active. A table lists two drives (Disk 253 and Disk 254) in JBOD status.
- Right Sidebar:** Actions dropdown menu expanded to show the 'Storage' submenu, which includes 'Create Virtual Drive'. A red arrow points to this option.

出現新螢幕後，必須首先選擇您正在使用的Controller，然後按一下Next:

## Create Virtual Drive

1 **Select Controller**  
Select the Controller to create RAID Volumes

2 **Create / Carve VD**  
VD from PDs or Drive Groups

3 **RAID Type & PDs**  
Select the RAID Type and Drives

4 **VD Properties**  
Configure Read, Write Policies etc..

5 **Summary**  
VD Configuration summary

**Select Controller**  
Select the Controller to create a RAID volume

MSTOR-RAID  
MRAID1  
MRAID2  
**MSTOR-RAID**

Cancel Next

在第2步中，您會看到2個用於建立虛擬驅動器的選項。在本例中，選擇了From Unused Physical Drives 選項：

## Create Virtual Drive

1 **Select Controller**  
Select the Controller to create RAID Volumes

2 **Create / Carve VD**  
VD from PDs or Drive Groups

3 **RAID Type & PDs**  
Select the RAID Type and Drives

4 **VD Properties**  
Configure Read, Write Policies etc..

5 **Summary**  
VD Configuration summary

**Create / Carve VD**

**From Unused Physical Drives**  
Create a Virtual Drive from Unused Physical Drives.

**From Existing Drive Group**  
Create a Virtual Drive from Existing Drive Group.

Cancel Back Next

在步驟3中，您需要選擇RAID型別。在本例中，選擇了RAID 1:

## Create Virtual Drive

The screenshot shows the 'Create Virtual Drive' wizard at Step 3: RAID Type & PDs. On the left, a sidebar lists steps 1 through 5. Steps 1 ('Select Controller') and 2 ('Create / Carve VD') are checked. Step 3 ('RAID Type & PDs') is the active step, showing 'Select the RAID Type and Drives'. Step 4 ('VD Properties') and Step 5 ('Summary') are also listed. The main panel displays 'Configured RAID Type' as RAID1. A table titled 'Physical Drives in this group' lists two drives: ID 253 (240 GB, ATA, SATA, SSD) and ID 254 (240 GB, ATA, SATA, SSD). Below the table, a 'Size' input field shows '240 GB'. At the bottom are 'Cancel', 'Back', and 'Next' buttons.

選擇虛擬驅動器的名稱和磁帶大小:

## Create Virtual Drive

The screenshot shows the 'Create Virtual Drive' wizard at Step 4: VD Properties. The sidebar shows steps 1 through 5. Steps 1 ('Select Controller') and 2 ('Create / Carve VD') are checked. Step 3 ('RAID Type & PDs') is the previous step. Step 4 ('VD Properties') is the active step, showing 'Configure Read, Write Policies etc.'. Step 5 ('Summary') is also listed. The main panel displays 'VD Properties' settings. These include: Name \* (VD\_NEW), Disk Cache Policy (Unchanged), Read Policy (No Read Ahead), Write Policy (Write Through), Cache Policy (Direct IO), Access Policy (Read Write), Strip Size (KB) (32), and Initialize (None). A 'Security' toggle switch is also present. At the bottom are 'Cancel', 'Back', and 'Next' buttons.

驗證是否所有配置都正確，然後按一下Create:

## Create Virtual Drive

### Select Controller

Select the Controller to create RAID Vo

### Create / Carve VD

VD from PDs or Drive Groups

### RAID Type & PDs

Select the RAID Type and Drives

### VD Properties

Configure Read, Write Policies etc..

### 5 Summary

VD Configuration summary

### Summary

RAID Type	RAID1
Name	VD_NEW
Access Policy	ReadWrite
Read Policy	NoReadAhead
Write Policy	WriteThrough
Disk Cache Policy	NoChange
Cache Policy	Direct IO
Strip Size	32 KB
Size	240 GB
Drives / Spans	253, 254

[Cancel](#)

[Back](#)

[Create](#)



附註：您可以通過按一下Task Collection選項卡檢查虛擬驅動器建立的狀態。

Cisco Integrated Management Controller | Storage C245-WZP28010H2E

MSTOR-RAID Good  
Cisco Boot optimized M.2 Raid controller

Storage:MSTOR-RAID, Operation:Volume Create started.

Actions

## Tasks Collection

Search Logs

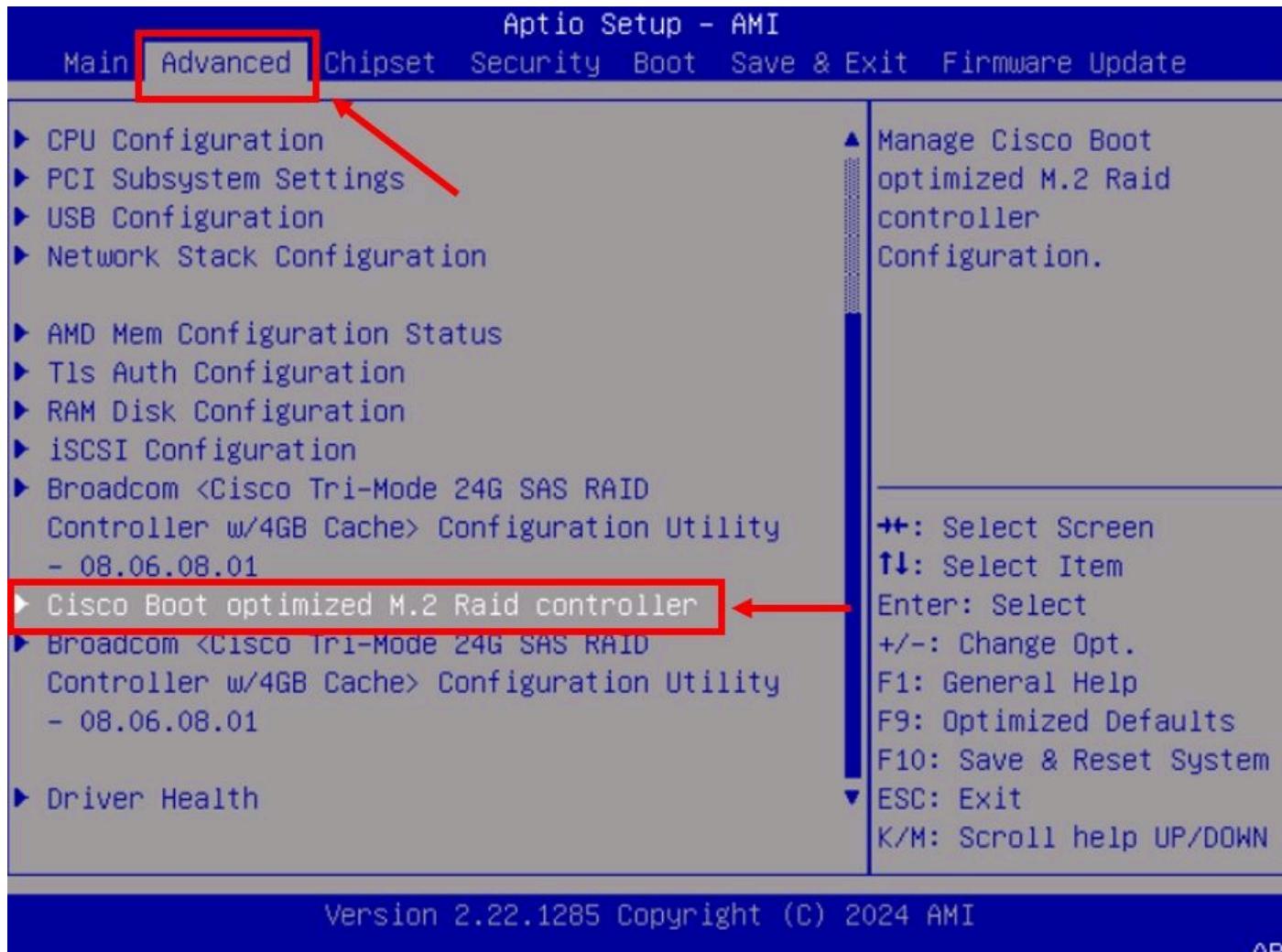
ID	Name	Start Time	End Time	State
1	Storage:MSTOR-RAID, Operation:Volume Create	2025-06-04 11:09:20+00:00	2025-06-04 11:09:41+00:00	Completed

## 通過BIOS配置

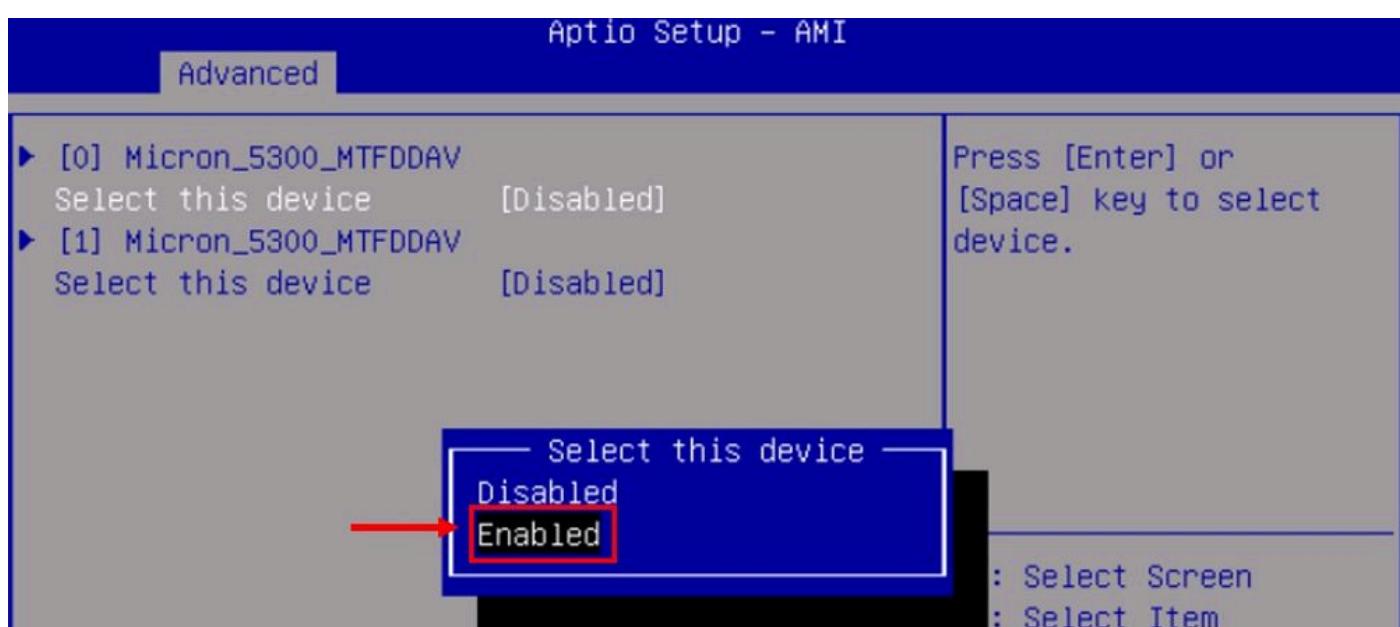
重新啟動伺服器並按F2以訪問BIOS設定：



進入BIOS設定後，導航到Advanced頁籤，然後選擇所需的Controller:

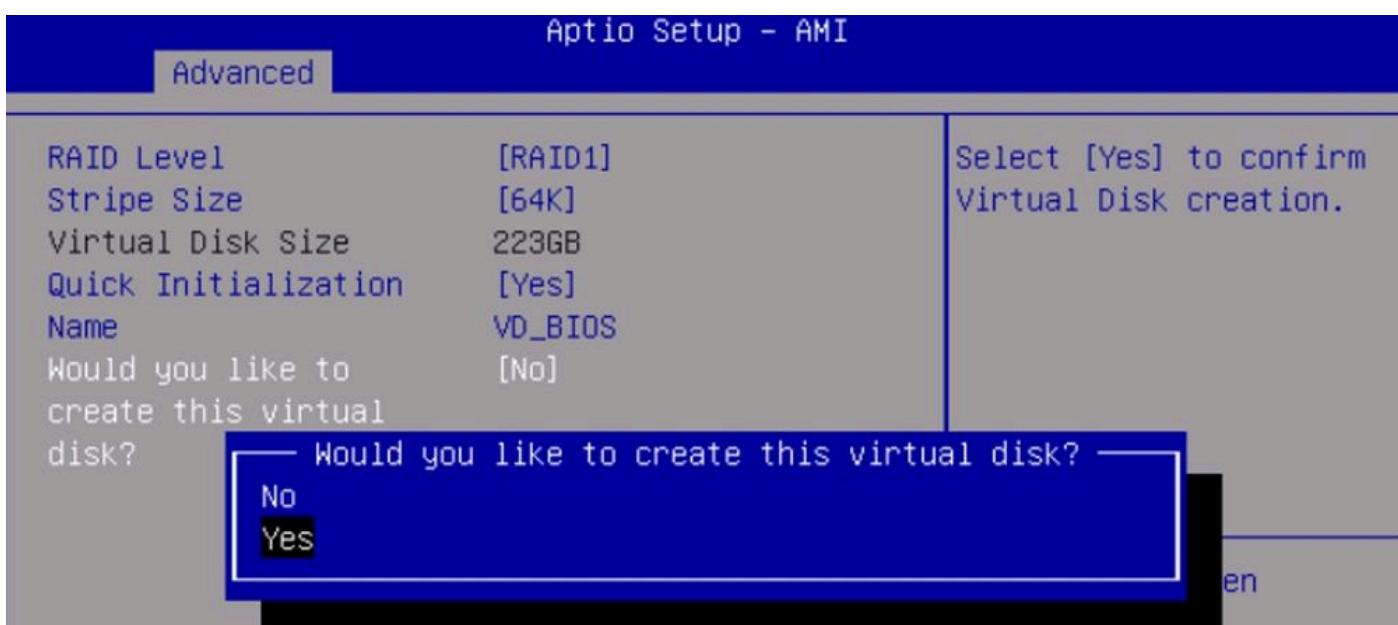


按一下建立RAID配置並啟用磁碟，然後按一下下一步：





在建立虛擬驅動器之前，選擇RAID級別、大小並命名虛擬驅動器：



## 驗證

您可驗證是否已通過GUI成功建立虛擬驅動器。導覽至Storage 索引標籤> Controllers。選擇所需的控制器，然後按一下Virtual Drive Info:

Controller Info	Physical Drive Info	Virtual Drive Info												
		<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>ID</th><th>Name</th><th>Status</th><th>Size (GB)</th><th>RAID Level</th><th>Boot Drive(s)</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>0</td><td>VD_NEW</td><td>Optimal</td><td>239.989686272</td><td>RAID1</td><td>True</td></tr></tbody></table>	ID	Name	Status	Size (GB)	RAID Level	Boot Drive(s)	0	VD_NEW	Optimal	239.989686272	RAID1	True
ID	Name	Status	Size (GB)	RAID Level	Boot Drive(s)									
0	VD_NEW	Optimal	239.989686272	RAID1	True									

另一種驗證虛擬驅動器的方法是BIOS。導航到物理/虛擬磁碟資訊>虛擬磁碟資訊，然後選擇虛擬驅動器：

Aptio Setup - AMI	
Advanced	
VD ID	0
NAME	VD BIOS
Status	Functional
Stripe Size	64K
RAID Mode	RAID1
Size	223GB
BGA Status	Not running
Members	0 1

最後，還可以使用以下命令通過CLI驗證虛擬驅動器：

```
C245-WZP28010H2E#
C245-WZP28010H2E# scope chassis
C245-WZP28010H2E /chassis # scope storageadapter MSTOR-RAID
C245-WZP28010H2E /chassis/storageadapter # show virtual-drive
Virtual Drive Health      Status          Name       Size      Physical Drives   RAID
-----  -----  -----  -----  -----  -----
0        Good     Optimal    VD_NEW    228872 MB  253, 254           RAID1
```

## 相關資訊

- [Cisco UCS伺服器RAID指南](#)
- [Cisco UCS C系列整合式管理控制器GUI組態](#)

## 關於此翻譯

思科已使用電腦和人工技術翻譯本文件，讓全世界的使用者能夠以自己的語言理解支援內容。請注意，即使是最佳機器翻譯，也不如專業譯者翻譯的內容準確。Cisco Systems, Inc. 對這些翻譯的準確度概不負責，並建議一律查看原始英文文件（提供連結）。