

在內嵌配對模式下設定 FTD 介面

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簡介

本檔案介紹 Firepower 威脅防禦 (FTD) 裝置上內嵌配對介面的組態、驗證和運作。

必要條件

需求

本文件沒有特定需求。

採用元件

本文中的資訊係根據以下軟體和硬體版本：

- Firepower 4112 FTD (7.x版)
- Firepower管理中心(FMC) (7.x版)

本文中的資訊是根據特定實驗室環境內的裝置所建立。文中使用到的所有裝置皆從已清除 (預設) 的組態來啟動。如果您的網路運作中，請確保您瞭解任何指令可能造成的影響。

相關產品

本文件也適用於以下硬體和軟體版本：

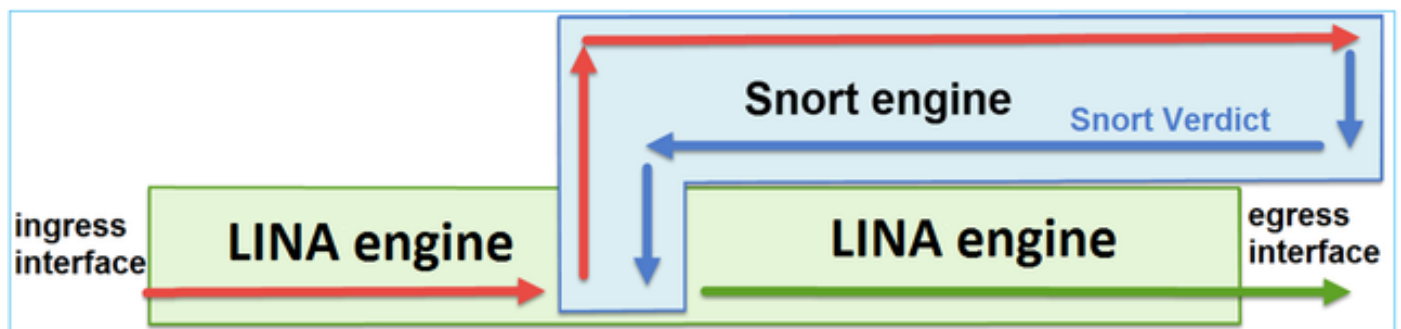
- FPR1000、FPR2100、FPR4100、FPR9300
- 安全防火牆3100和4200系列
- vFTD
- FTD 軟體 6.2.x 及更新版本

背景資訊

FTD 是一個整合的軟體映像，其中包括 2 個主引擎：

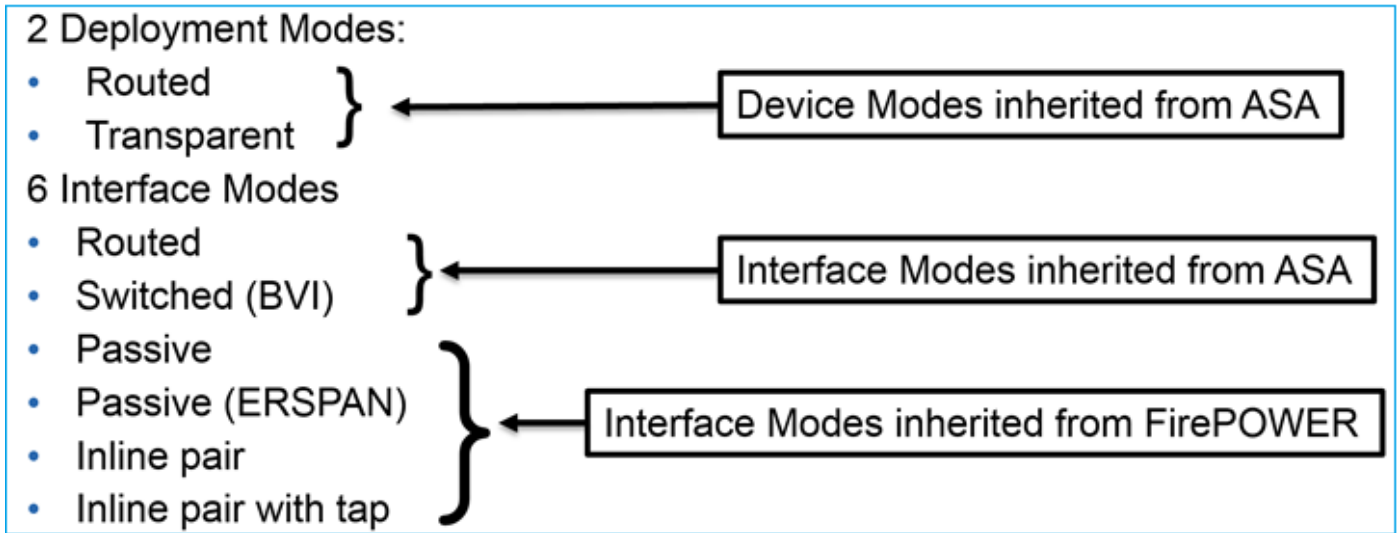
1. LINA 引擎
2. Snort 引擎

本圖顯示 2 個引擎如何互動：



- 封包進入輸入介面，並由 LINA 引擎處理。
- 如果FTD原則需要該封包，則Snort引擎會對其進行檢查。
- Snort引擎傳回封包的判定結果。
- LINA 引擎根據 Snort 的判定結果捨棄或轉送封包。

FTD提供兩種部署模式和六種介面模式，如下圖所示：



附註：您可以在單一 FTD 設備上混合使用介面模式。

以下簡要概述各種 FTD 部署和介面模式：

| FTD 介面模式 | FTD 部署模式 | 說明 | 流量可能遭捨棄 |
|-------------|----------|---------------------------|---------|
| 循路 | 循路 | 完整 LINA 引擎和 Snort 引擎檢查. | 是 |
| 交換 | 透明 | 完整 LINA 引擎和 Snort 引擎檢查. | 是 |
| 內嵌配對 | 路由或透明 | 部分 LINA 引擎和完整 Snort 引擎檢查. | 是 |
| 使用分流器的內嵌配對 | 路由或透明 | 部分 LINA 引擎和完整 Snort 引擎檢查. | 否 |
| 被動 | 路由或透明 | 部分 LINA 引擎和完整 Snort 引擎檢查. | 否 |
| 被動 (ERSPAN) | 循路 | 部分 LINA 引擎和完整 Snort 引擎檢查. | 否 |

設定 FTD 上的內嵌配對介面

網路圖表



需求

根據以下要求，在內嵌配對模式下設定實體介面e1/3和e1/4:

| 介面 | e1/3 | e1/4 |
|---------|---------------|--------------|
| 名稱 | INSIDE | OUTSIDE |
| 安全區域 | INSIDE_ZONE | OUTSIDE_ZONE |
| 內嵌集名稱 | Inline-Pair-1 | |
| 內嵌集 MTU | 1500 | |
| 傳播連結狀態 | 已啟用 | |

解決方案

步驟1。若要設定個別介面，請導覽至Devices > Device Management，選擇適當的裝置，然後選擇 Edit:

接下來，指定介面的名稱並勾選 Enabled，如下圖所示。

Edit Physical Interface

General IPv4 IPv6 Path Monitoring Manager Access Advanced

Name:

Enabled

Management Only

Description:

Mode:

Security Zone:

Interface ID:

MTU:


(64 - 9184)

Priority: (0 - 65535)

Propagate Security Group Tag:

NVE Only:

Cancel OK

 附註：名稱是介面的名稱。

類似地，對於介面Ethernet1/4。最後結果如下：

Firewall Management Center

Overview Analysis Policies Devices Objects Integration Deploy

mzafeiro \ mzafeiro

mzafeiro_4112-2

Save Cancel

Device Interfaces Inline Sets Routing DHCP VTEP

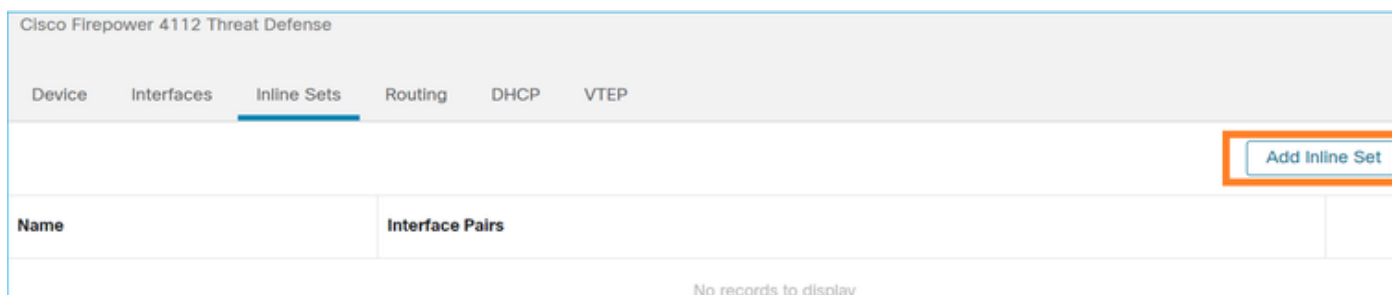
Interfaces Virtual Tunnels

Search by name Sync Device Add Interfaces

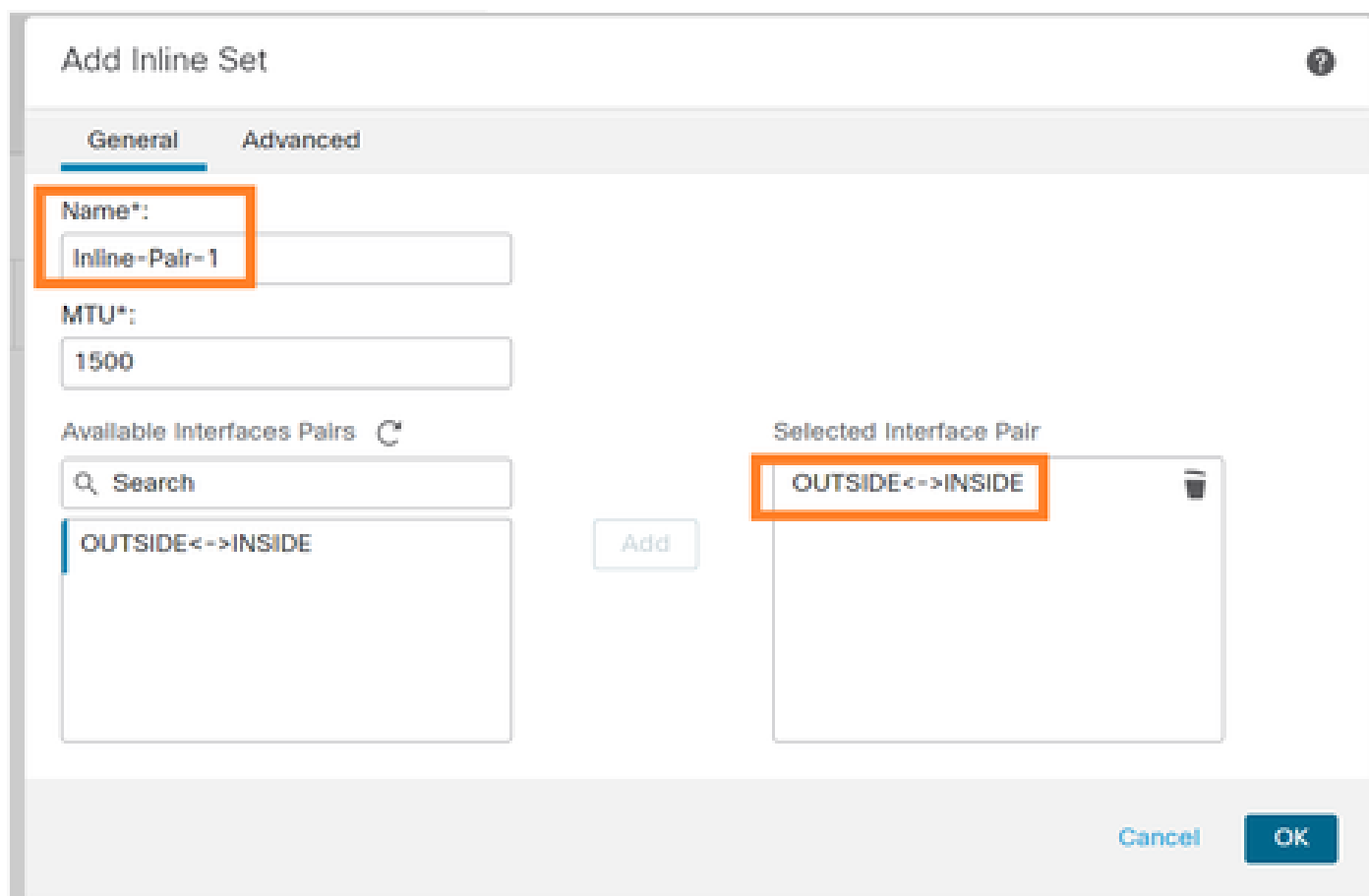
| Interface | Logical Name | Type | Security Zones | MAC Address (Active/Standby) | IP Address | Path Monitoring | Virtual Router |
|-------------|--------------|----------|----------------|------------------------------|------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Ethernet1/1 | management | Physical | | | | Disabled | Global |
| Ethernet1/3 | INSIDE | Physical | INSIDE_ZONE | | | Disabled | Global |
| Ethernet1/4 | OUTSIDE | Physical | OUTSIDE_ZONE | | | Disabled | Global |

步驟 2. 設定內嵌配對。

導覽至 Inline Sets > Add Inline Set，如下圖所示。



步驟 3. 根據要求配置「General」設定，如下圖所示。



步驟 4. 在「Advanced Settings」底下啟用 Propagate Link State 選項，如下圖所示。



當內嵌集中的一個介面關閉時，連結狀態傳播會自動關閉內嵌介面配對中的第二個介面。

步驟 5. 儲存變更並進行部署。

驗證

使用本節內容，確認您的組態是否正常運作。

從 FTD CLI 驗證內嵌配對組態。

解決方案


登入 FTD CLI 並驗證內嵌配對組態：

```
<#root>
```

```
firepower#
```

```
show inline-set
```

```
Inline-set Inline-Pair-1
Mtu is 1500 bytes
Fail-open for snort down is on
Fail-open for snort busy is off
Tap mode is off
Propagate-link-state option is on
hardware-bypass mode is disabled
Interface-Pair[1]:
  Interface: Ethernet1/4 "OUTSIDE"
  Current-Status: UP
  Interface: Ethernet1/3 "INSIDE"
  Current-Status: UP
```

 附註：網橋組ID的值不同於0。如果分流器模式為開啟狀態，則值為0。

介面和名稱資訊：

```
<#root>
```

```
firepower#
```

```
show nameif
```

| Interface | Name | Security |
|-------------|------------|----------|
| Ethernet1/1 | management | 0 |
| Ethernet1/3 | INSIDE | 0 |
| Ethernet1/4 | OUTSIDE | 0 |

驗證介面狀態：

```
<#root>
```

```
firepower#
```

```
show interface ip brief
```

| Interface | IP-Address | OK? | Method | Status | Protocol |
|---------------------|---------------|-----|--------|--------|----------|
| Internal-Contro10/0 | unassigned | YES | unset | up | up |
| Internal-Data0/0 | unassigned | YES | unset | up | up |
| Internal-Data0/1 | unassigned | YES | unset | up | up |
| Internal-Data0/2 | 169.254.1.1 | YES | unset | up | up |
| Internal-Data0/3 | unassigned | YES | unset | up | up |
| Internal-Data0/4 | unassigned | YES | unset | down | up |
| Ethernet1/1 | 203.0.113.130 | YES | unset | up | up |
| Ethernet1/3 | unassigned | YES | unset | up | up |
| Ethernet1/4 | unassigned | YES | unset | up | up |

驗證實體介面資訊：

```
<#root>
```

```
firepower#
```



```
show interface e1/3
```

```
Interface Ethernet1/3 "INSIDE", is up, line protocol is up
```

```
Hardware is EtherSVI, BW 1000 Mbps, DLY 10 usec  
MAC address ac4a.670e.641e, MTU 1500
```

```
IPS Interface-Mode: inline, Inline-Set: Inline-Pair-1
```

```
IP address unassigned  
Traffic Statistics for "INSIDE":  
170 packets input, 12241 bytes  
41 packets output, 7881 bytes  
9 packets dropped  
1 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 37 bytes/sec  
1 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 19 bytes/sec  
1 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec  
5 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 34 bytes/sec  
5 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 23 bytes/sec  
5 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec
```

驗證 FTD 內嵌配對介面作業

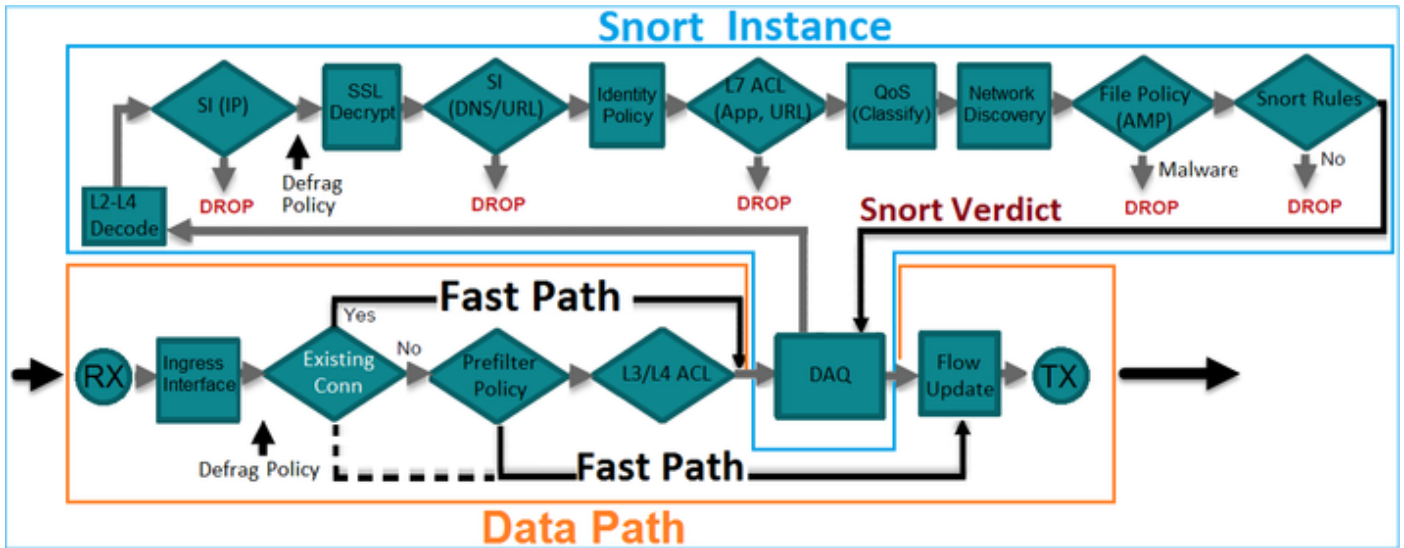
本節說明這些用於驗證內嵌配對作業的驗證檢查：

- 驗證1.使用Packet Tracer。
- 驗證2.啟用含有追蹤軌跡的擷取，並透過內嵌配對傳送TCP同步/確認(SYN/ACK)封包。
- 驗證 3. 使用防火牆引擎偵錯來監控 FTD 流量
- 驗證4.驗證連結狀態傳播功能。
- 驗證5.設定靜態網路位址轉譯(NAT)。

解決方案

架構概覽

當兩個FTD介面以內嵌配對模式運作時，系統會處理封包，如下圖所示。

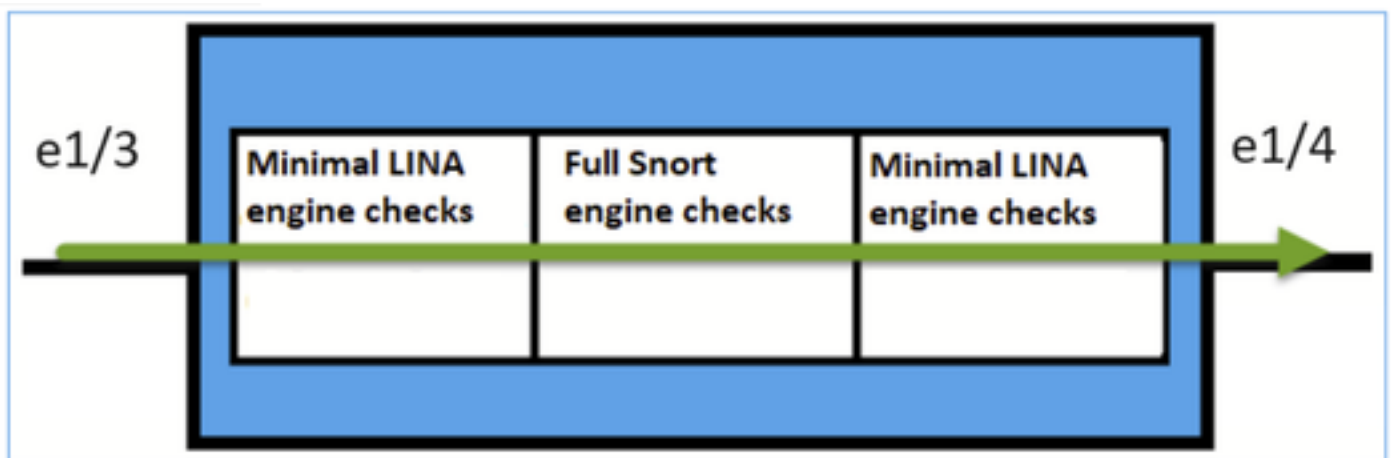


附註：只有實體介面可以是內嵌配對集的成員。

基本原理

- 設定內嵌配對2實體時，介面會在內部橋接。
- 非常類似傳統內嵌入防護系統(IPS)。
- 在路由或透明部署模式下可使用。
- 大多數LINA引擎功能（NAT、路由等）不可用於穿越內嵌配對的資料流。
- 傳輸流量可能遭捨棄。
- 有幾個LINA引擎檢查會隨完整Snort引擎檢查一起套用。

最後一點可以用視覺化方式呈現，如下圖所示：



驗證1.使用Packet Tracer

Packet Tracer 輸出（模擬穿越內嵌配對的封包），其中突顯出幾點重要事項：

<#root>

firepower#

packet-tracer input INSIDE tcp 192.168.201.50 1111 192.168.202.50 80

Phase: 1

Type: NGIPS-MODE

Subtype: ngips-mode

Result: ALLOW

Elapsed time: 11834 ns

Config:

Additional Information:

The flow ingresses an interface configured for NGIPS mode and NGIPS services will be applied

Phase: 2

Type: ACCESS-LIST

Subtype:

Result: ALLOW

Elapsed time: 11834 ns

Config:

access-group CSM_FW_ACL_ global

access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ advanced permit ip host 192.168.201.50 host 192.168.202.50 rule-id 268451044

access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268451044: ACCESS POLICY: mzafeiro_2m - Mandatory

access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268451044: L7 RULE: New-Rule-#1303-ALLOW

Additional Information:

This packet will be sent to snort for additional processing where a verdict will be reached

Phase: 3

Type: NGIPS-EGRESS-INTERFACE-LOOKUP

Subtype: Resolve Egress Interface

Result: ALLOW

Elapsed time: 2440 ns

Config:

Additional Information:

Ingress interface INSIDE is in NGIPS inline mode.

Egress interface OUTSIDE is determined by inline-set configuration

Phase: 4

Type: FLOW-CREATION

Subtype:

Result: ALLOW

Elapsed time: 68320 ns

Config:

Additional Information:

New flow created with id 1801, packet dispatched to next module

Phase: 5

Type: EXTERNAL-INSPECT

Subtype:

Result: ALLOW

Elapsed time: 18056 ns

Config:

Additional Information:

Application: 'SNORT Inspect'

Phase: 6

Type: SNORT

Subtype: identity

Result: ALLOW

Elapsed time: 13668 ns

Config:

Additional Information:

user id: no auth, realm id: 0, device type: 0, auth type: invalid, auth proto: basic, username: none, loc
src sgt: 0, src sgt type: unknown, dst sgt: 0, dst sgt type: unknown, abp src: none, abp dst: none, loc

Phase: 7

Type: SNORT

Subtype: firewall

Result: ALLOW

Elapsed time: 67770 ns

Config:

Network 0, Inspection 0, Detection 0, Rule ID 268451044

Additional Information:

Starting rule matching, zone -1 -> -1, geo 0 -> 0, vlan 0, src sgt: 0, src sgt type: unknown, dst sgt: 0
Matched rule ids 268451044 - Allow

Phase: 8

Type: SNORT

Subtype: appid

Result: ALLOW

Elapsed time: 11002 ns

Config:

Additional Information:
service: (0), client: (0), payload: (0), misc: (0)

Result:

input-interface: INSIDE(vrfid:0)

input-status: up

input-line-status: up

output-interface: OUTSIDE(vrfid:0)

output-status: up

output-line-status: up

Action: allow

Time Taken: 204924 ns

驗證 2. 透過內嵌配對傳送 TCP SYN/ACK 封包

您可以使用製作出 Scapy 這類公用程式的封包來產生 TCP SYN/ACK 封包。此語法會產生 3 個已啟用 SYN/ACK 旗標的封包：

```
<#root>
```

```
root@KALI:~#
```

```
scapy
```

```
INFO: Can't import python gnuplot wrapper . Won't be able to plot.  
WARNING: No route found for IPv6 destination :: (no default route?)  
Welcome to Scapy (2.2.0)
```

```
>>>
```

```
conf.iface='eth0'
```

```
>>>
```

```
packet = IP(dst="192.168.201.60")/TCP(flags="SA",dport=80)
```

```
>>>
```

```
syn_ack=[]
```

```
>>>
for i in range(0,3): # Send 3 packets
...
syn_ack.extend(packet)
...
>>>
send(syn_ack)
```

在 FTD CLI 上啟用此擷取，並傳送幾個 TCP SYN/ACK 封包：

```
<#root>
firepower#
capture CAPI interface INSIDE trace match ip host 192.168.201.60 any

firepower#
capture CAPO interface OUTSIDE match ip host 192.168.201.60 any
```

擷取顯示3個SYN/ACK封包在FTD中周遊：

```
<#root>
firepower#
show capture CAPI

3 packets captured

1: 09:20:18.206440 192.168.201.50.20 > 192.168.201.60.80: S 0:0(0) ack 0 win 8192
2: 09:20:18.208180 192.168.201.50.20 > 192.168.201.60.80: S 0:0(0) ack 0 win 8192
3: 09:20:18.210026 192.168.201.50.20 > 192.168.201.60.80: S 0:0(0) ack 0 win 8192
3 packets shown
firepower#

show capture CAPO

3 packets captured

1: 09:20:18.206684 192.168.201.50.20 > 192.168.201.60.80: S 0:0(0) ack 0 win 8192
2: 09:20:18.208210 192.168.201.50.20 > 192.168.201.60.80: S 0:0(0) ack 0 win 8192
3: 09:20:18.210056 192.168.201.50.20 > 192.168.201.60.80: S 0:0(0) ack 0 win 8192
3 packets shown
```

第一個擷取封包的追蹤軌跡顯示一些額外資訊，例如Snort引擎判定結果：

```
<#root>
```

```
firepower#
```

```
show capture CAPI packet-number 1 trace
```

```
3 packets captured
```

```
1: 09:20:18.206440 192.168.201.50.20 > 192.168.201.60.80: S 0:0(0) ack 0 win 8192
```

```
Phase: 1
```

```
Type: NGIPS-MODE
```

```
Subtype: ngips-mode
```

```
Result: ALLOW
```

```
Elapsed time: 5978 ns
```

```
Config:
```

```
Additional Information:
```

```
The flow ingressed an interface configured for NGIPS mode and NGIPS services will be applied
```

```
Phase: 2
```

```
Type: ACCESS-LIST
```

```
Subtype:
```

```
Result: ALLOW
```

```
Elapsed time: 5978 ns
```

```
Config:
```

```
access-group CSM_FW_ACL_ global
```

```
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ advanced permit ip host 192.168.201.50 object-group FMC_INLINE_dst_rule_2684510
```

```
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268451044: ACCESS POLICY: mzafeiro_2m - Mandatory
```

```
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268451044: L7 RULE: New-Rule-#1303-ALLOW
```

```
object-group network FMC_INLINE_dst_rule_268451044
```

```
network-object 192.168.202.50 255.255.255.255
```

```
network-object 192.168.201.60 255.255.255.255
```

```
Additional Information:
```

```
This packet will be sent to snort for additional processing where a verdict will be reached
```

```
Phase: 3
```

```
Type: NGIPS-EGRESS-INTERFACE-LOOKUP
```

```
Subtype: Resolve Egress Interface
```

```
Result: ALLOW
```

```
Elapsed time: 1952 ns
```

```
Config:
```

```
Additional Information:
```

```
Ingress interface INSIDE is in NGIPS inline mode.
```

```
Egress interface OUTSIDE is determined by inline-set configuration
```

```
Phase: 4
```

```
Type: FLOW-CREATION
```

```
Subtype:
```

```
Result: ALLOW
```

```
Elapsed time: 45872 ns
```

```
Config:
```

```
Additional Information:
```

```
New flow created with id 1953, packet dispatched to next module
```

```
Phase: 5
```

```
Type: EXTERNAL-INSPECT
```

```
Subtype:
```

```
Result: ALLOW
```

Elapsed time: 18544 ns
Config:
Additional Information:
Application: 'SNORT Inspect'

Phase: 6
Type: SNORT
Subtype: identity
Result: ALLOW
Elapsed time: 25182 ns
Config:

Additional Information:
user id: no auth, realm id: 0, device type: 0, auth type: invalid, auth proto: basic, username: none, A
src sgt: 0, src sgt type: unknown, dst sgt: 0, dst sgt type: unknown, abp src: none, abp dst: none, loc

Phase: 7

Type: SNORT

Subtype: firewall

Result: ALLOW

Elapsed time: 50924 ns

Config:

Network 0, Inspection 0, Detection 0, Rule ID 268451044

Additional Information:

Starting rule matching, zone -1 -> -1, geo 0 -> 0, vlan 0, src sgt: 0, src sgt type: unknown, dst sgt: 0

Matched rule ids 268451044 - Allow

Phase: 8
Type: SNORT
Subtype: appid
Result: ALLOW
Elapsed time: 17722 ns
Config:
Additional Information:
service: (0), client: (0), payload: (0), misc: (0)

Result:
input-interface: INSIDE(vrfid:0)


```
input-status: up
input-line-status: up
output-interface: OUTSIDE(vrfid:0)
output-status: up
output-line-status: up
Action: allow
Time Taken: 172152 ns
```

1 packet shown

第二個擷取封包的追蹤軌跡顯示封包與現有連線相符，因此會繞過ACL檢查，但Snort引擎仍會對其進行檢查：

```
<#root>
```

```
firepower#
```

```
show capture CAPI packet-number 2 trace
```

3 packets captured

```
2: 09:20:18.208180 192.168.201.50.20 > 192.168.201.60.80: S 0:0(0) ack 0 win 8192
```

```
Phase: 1
```

```
Type: FLOW-LOOKUP
```

```
Subtype:
```

```
Result: ALLOW
```

```
Elapsed time: 1952 ns
```

```
Config:
```

```
Additional Information:
```

```
Found flow with id 1953, using existing flow
```

```
Phase: 2
```

```
Type: EXTERNAL-INSPECT
```

```
Subtype:
```

```
Result: ALLOW
```

```
Elapsed time: 7320 ns
```

```
Config:
```

```
Additional Information:
```

```
Application: 'SNORT Inspect'
```

```
Phase: 3
```

```
Type: SNORT
```

```
Subtype: appid
```

```
Result: ALLOW
```

```
Elapsed time: 1860 ns
```

```
Config:
```

```
Additional Information:
```

```
service: (0), client: (0), payload: (0), misc: (0)
```

```
Result:
```

```
input-interface: INSIDE(vrfid:0)
```

```
input-status: up
```

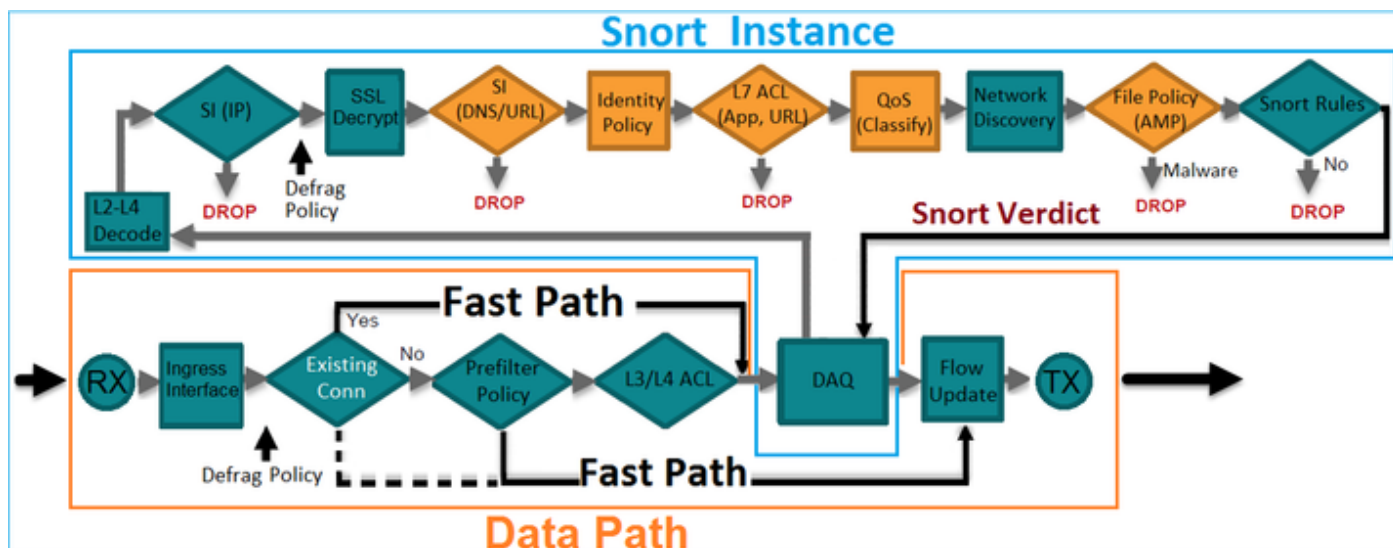
```
input-line-status: up
```

Action: allow
Time Taken: 11132 ns

1 packet shown

驗證 3. 針對允許的流量進行防火牆引擎偵錯

針對FTD Snort引擎的特定元件 (例如存取控制原則) 執行防火牆引擎偵錯 , 如下圖所示 :



透過內嵌配對傳送TCP SYN/ACK封包時 , 可以在偵錯輸出中看到 :

```
<#root>
```

```
>
```

```
system support firewall-engine-debug
```

```
Please specify an IP protocol:
```

```
tcp
```

```
Please specify a client IP address:
```

```
Please specify a client port:
```

```
Please specify a server IP address:
```

```
192.168.201.60
```

```
Please specify a server port:
```

```
80
```

```
Monitoring firewall engine debug messages
```

```
192.168.201.60-80 > 192.168.201.50-20 6 AS 4 I 12 New session
```

```
192.168.201.60-80 > 192.168.201.50-20 6 AS 4 I 12 using HW or preset rule order 3, id 268438528 action A
```

```
192.168.201.60-80 > 192.168.201.50-20 6 AS 4 I 12 allow action
```

```
192.168.201.60-80 > 192.168.201.50-20 6 AS 4 I 12 Deleting session
```

驗證 4. 驗證連結狀態傳播

在FTD上啟用緩衝區記錄功能，並關閉連線到e1/4介面的switchport。在FTD CLI上，您必須看到兩個介面都已關閉：

```
<#root>
```

```
firepower#
```

```
show interface ip brief
```

| Interface | IP-Address | OK? | Method | Status | Protocol |
|---------------------|---------------|-----|--------|------------|----------|
| Internal-Contro10/0 | unassigned | YES | unset | up | up |
| Internal-Data0/0 | unassigned | YES | unset | up | up |
| Internal-Data0/1 | unassigned | YES | unset | up | up |
| Internal-Data0/2 | 169.254.1.1 | YES | unset | up | up |
| Internal-Data0/3 | unassigned | YES | unset | up | up |
| Internal-Data0/4 | unassigned | YES | unset | down | up |
| Ethernet1/1 | 203.0.113.130 | YES | unset | up | up |
| Ethernet1/3 | unassigned | YES | unset | admin down | down |
| Ethernet1/4 | unassigned | YES | unset | down | down |

FTD 記錄顯示：

```
<#root>
```

```
firepower#
```

```
show log
```

```
...
```

```
May 28 2024 07:35:10: %FTD-4-411002: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet1/4, changed state to down
```

```
May 28 2024 07:35:10: %FTD-4-411004: Interface INSIDE, changed state to administratively down
```

May 28 2024 07:35:10: %FTD-4-411004: Interface Ethernet1/3, changed state to administratively down

May 28 2024 07:35:10: %FTD-4-812005: Link-State-Propagation activated on inline-pair due to failure of i

May 28 2024 07:35:10: %FTD-4-411002: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet1/3, changed state to down

內嵌集狀態顯示 2 個介面成員的狀態：

```
<#root>
```

```
firepower#
```

```
show inline-set
```

```
Inline-set Inline-Pair-1
```

```
  Mtu is 1500 bytes
```

```
  Fail-open for snort down is on
```

```
  Fail-open for snort busy is off
```

```
  Tap mode is off
```

```
Propagate-link-state option is on
```

```
hardware-bypass mode is disabled
```

```
  Interface-Pair[1]:
```

```
    Interface: Ethernet1/4 "OUTSIDE"
```

```
      Current-Status: Down(Propagate-Link-State-Activated)
```

```
    Interface: Ethernet1/3 "INSIDE"
```

```
      Current-Status: Down(Administrative-Down-By-Propagate-Link-State)
```

```
Bridge Group ID: 507
```

請注意2個介面的狀態差異：

```
<#root>
```

```
firepower#
```

```
show interface e1/3
```

```
Interface Ethernet1/3 "INSIDE", is admin down, line protocol is down
```

Hardware is EtherSVI, BW 1000 Mbps, DLY 10 usec
MAC address ac4a.670e.641e, MTU 1500
IPS Interface-Mode: inline, Inline-Set: Inline-Pair-1

Administrative-Down-By-Propagate-Link-State

IP address unassigned
Traffic Statistics for "INSIDE":
2400 packets input, 165873 bytes
1822 packets output, 178850 bytes
17 packets dropped
1 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec
1 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec
1 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec
5 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 32 bytes/sec
5 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 57 bytes/sec
5 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec
firepower#
show interface e1/4

Interface Ethernet1/4 "OUTSIDE", is down, line protocol is down

Hardware is EtherSVI, BW 1000 Mbps, DLY 10 usec
MAC address ac4a.670e.640e, MTU 1500
IPS Interface-Mode: inline, Inline-Set: Inline-Pair-1
Propagate-Link-State-Activated

IP address unassigned
Traffic Statistics for "OUTSIDE":
1893 packets input, 158046 bytes
2386 packets output, 213997 bytes
67 packets dropped
1 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec
1 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec
1 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec
5 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 51 bytes/sec
5 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 39 bytes/sec
5 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec

重新啟用switchport後，FTD記錄會顯示：

<#root>

May 28 2024 07:38:04: %FTD-4-411001: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet1/4, changed state to up

May 28 2024 07:38:04: %FTD-4-411003: Interface Ethernet1/3, changed state to administratively up

May 28 2024 07:38:04: %FTD-4-411003: Interface INSIDE, changed state to administratively up

May 28 2024 07:38:04: %FTD-4-812006: Link-State-Propagation de-activated on inline-pair due to recovery

May 28 2024 07:38:05: %FTD-4-411002: Line protocol on Interface Ethernet1/4, changed state to down

驗證 5. 設定靜態 NAT

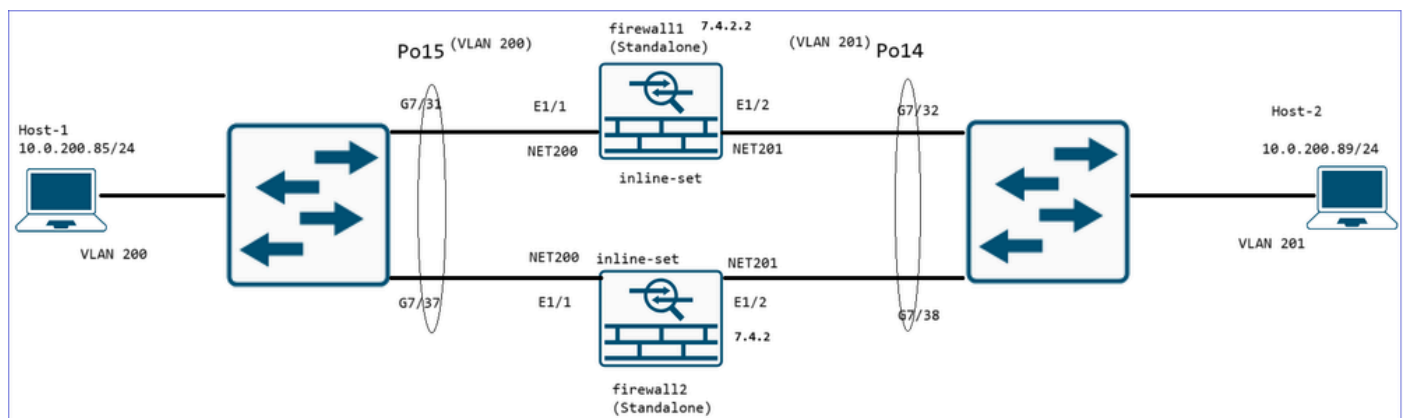
解決方案

以內嵌、內嵌分流器或被動模式執行的介面不支援NAT:

[Firepower管理中心配置指南6.0.1版](#)

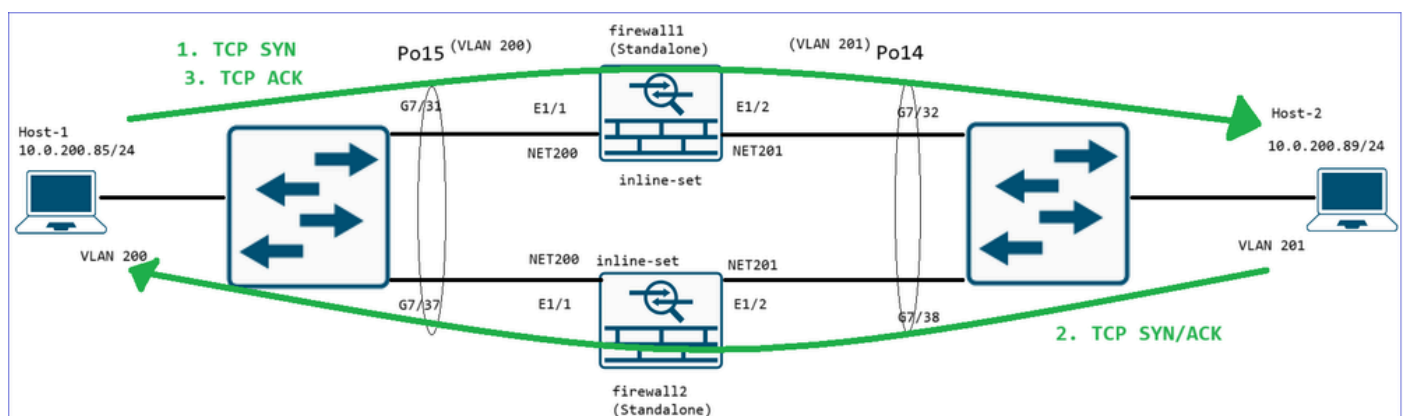
案例研究 — 通過內嵌集的非對稱流量

請考慮以下情況：



兩個防火牆在standalone模式下運行（它們甚至運行不同的軟體版本），但處理來自相同埠通道介面的流量。

在這種情況下，連線埠通道負載平衡演演算法可能會導致非對稱流量：



1. Host-1(10.0.200.85)向Host-2(10.0.200.89)傳送TCP SYN。此封包會通過firewall1。
2. Host-2(10.0.200.89)向Host-2(10.0.200.85)傳送TCP SYN/ACK。此封包會通過firewall2。
3. TCP三次握手完成，Host-1向Host-2傳送TCP ACK。此資料包通過firewall1。

從Host-1的角度來看，已成功建立連線：

```
<#root>
```

```
root@kali:/ #
```

```
wget -O - http://10.0.200.89/10K
```

```
--2025-05-06 08:20:28-- http://10.0.200.89/10K
```

```
Connecting to 10.0.200.89:80... connected.
```

```
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
```

```
Length: 10240 (10K)
```

```
Saving to: 'STDOUT'
```

```
- 100%[=====]  
2025-05-06 08:20:28 (99.8 MB/s) - written to stdout [10240/10240]
```

firewall1上的資料包捕獲僅顯示從Host1到Host2的流量：

```
<#root>
```

```
firepower#
```

```
show capture
```

```
capture CAPI type raw-data trace interface NET200 [Capturing - 875 bytes]
```

```
  match ip host 10.0.200.85 host 10.0.200.89
```

```
capture CAPO type raw-data trace interface NET201 [Capturing - 875 bytes]
```

```
  match ip host 10.0.200.85 host 10.0.200.89
```

捕獲內容：

```
<#root>
```

```
firepower#
```

```
show capture CAPI
```

```
9 packets captured
```

```
1: 12:21:14.161689 10.0.200.85.44806 > 10.0.200.89.80:
```

```
s
```

```
1877376557:1877376557(0) win 64240 <mss 1460,sackOK,timestamp 2133104674 0,nop,wscale 7>
  2: 12:21:14.162924      10.0.200.85.44806 > 10.0.200.89.80: .
```

ack

```
3274105192 win 502 <nop,nop,timestamp 2133104676 1658009126>
  3: 12:21:14.163077      10.0.200.85.44806 > 10.0.200.89.80: P 1877376558:1877376687(129) ack 327410
  4: 12:21:14.164801      10.0.200.85.44806 > 10.0.200.89.80: . ack 3274106640 win 501 <nop,nop,times
  5: 12:21:14.164908      10.0.200.85.44806 > 10.0.200.89.80: . ack 3274108088 win 494
```

...

firewall2上的資料包捕獲僅顯示從Host2到Host1的流量：

<#root>

FTD1010-12#

show capture CAPI

11 packets captured

```
1: 12:21:14.198949      10.0.200.89.80 > 10.0.200.85.44806:
```

s

```
3274105191:3274105191(0)
```

ack

```
1877376558 win 65160 <mss 1460,sackOK,timestamp 1658009126 2133104674,nop,wscale 7>
  2: 12:21:14.200001      10.0.200.89.80 > 10.0.200.85.44806: . ack 1877376687 win 509 <nop,nop,times
  3: 12:21:14.200825      10.0.200.89.80 > 10.0.200.85.44806: . 3274105192:3274106640(1448) ack 18773
  4: 12:21:14.200947      10.0.200.89.80 > 10.0.200.85.44806: . 3274106640:3274108088(1448) ack 18773
  5: 12:21:14.200963      10.0.200.89.80 > 10.0.200.85.44806: . 3274108088:3274109536(1448) ack 18773
  6: 12:21:14.200978      10.0.200.89.80 > 10.0.200.85.44806: . 3274109536:3274110984(1448) ack 18773
  7: 12:21:14.200993      10.0.200.89.80 > 10.0.200.85.44806: P 3274110984:3274112432(1448) ack
```

...

firewall1上的系統日誌顯示TCP SYN資料包建立了TCP狀態旁路連線：

<#root>

firepower#

show logging

...

```
May 06 2025 12:21:14: %FTD-6-302303:
```

```
Built TCP state-bypass connection
```


106977 from NET200:10.0.200.85/44806 (10.0.200.85/44806) to NET201:10.0.200.89/80 (10.0.200.89/80)

在firewall2上，TCP SYN/ACK資料包還建立了TCP狀態旁路連線：

```
<#root>
```

```
FTD1010-12#
```

```
show logging
```

```
...
```

```
May 06 2025 12:21:14: %FTD-6-302303:
```

```
Built TCP state-bypass
```

```
connection
```

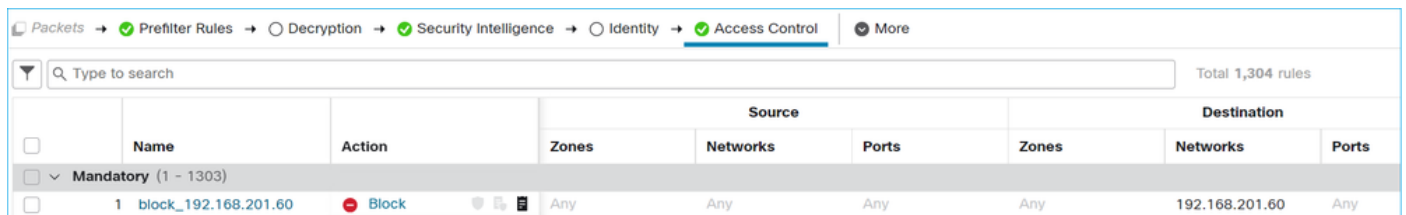
```
325 from NET201:10.0.200.89/80 (10.0.200.89/80) to NET200:10.0.200.85/44806 (10.0.200.85/44806)
```

主要重點

- 非對稱流量通過不同防火牆裝置的內嵌集工作，因為兩台裝置都在TCP狀態略過模式下處理TCP連線。
- 請注意，TCP狀態略過並非在防火牆上手動設定，而是內嵌集介面作業的結果。

在內嵌配對介面模式下封鎖封包

建立封鎖規則，透過FTD內嵌配對傳送流量，並觀察行為，如下圖所示。



The screenshot shows the 'Access Control' tab in the firewall configuration interface. A search bar at the top indicates 'Total 1,304 rules'. Below the search bar is a table with columns for Name, Action, Source (Zones, Networks, Ports), and Destination (Zones, Networks, Ports). A single rule is visible:

| | Name | Action | Source | | | Destination | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|--------|--------|----------|-------|-------------|----------------|-------|
| | | | Zones | Networks | Ports | Zones | Networks | Ports |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 1 block_192.168.201.60 | Block | Any | Any | Any | Any | 192.168.201.60 | Any |

解決方案

啟用含有追蹤軌跡的擷取，並透過 FTD 內嵌配對傳送 SYN/ACK 封包。流量遭封鎖：

```
<#root>
```

```
firepower#
```

```
show capture
```

```
capture CAPI type raw-data trace interface INSIDE
```

```
[Capturing - 270 bytes]
```

```
match ip host 192.168.201.60 any  
capture CAPO type raw-data interface OUTSIDE
```

```
[Capturing - 0 bytes]
```

```
match ip host 192.168.201.60 any
```

在追蹤軌跡中，可以看到該封包已被FTD LINA引擎捨棄，而且沒有轉送至FTD Snort引擎。

```
<#root>
```

```
firepower#
```

```
show capture CAPI packet-number 1 trace
```

```
4 packets captured
```

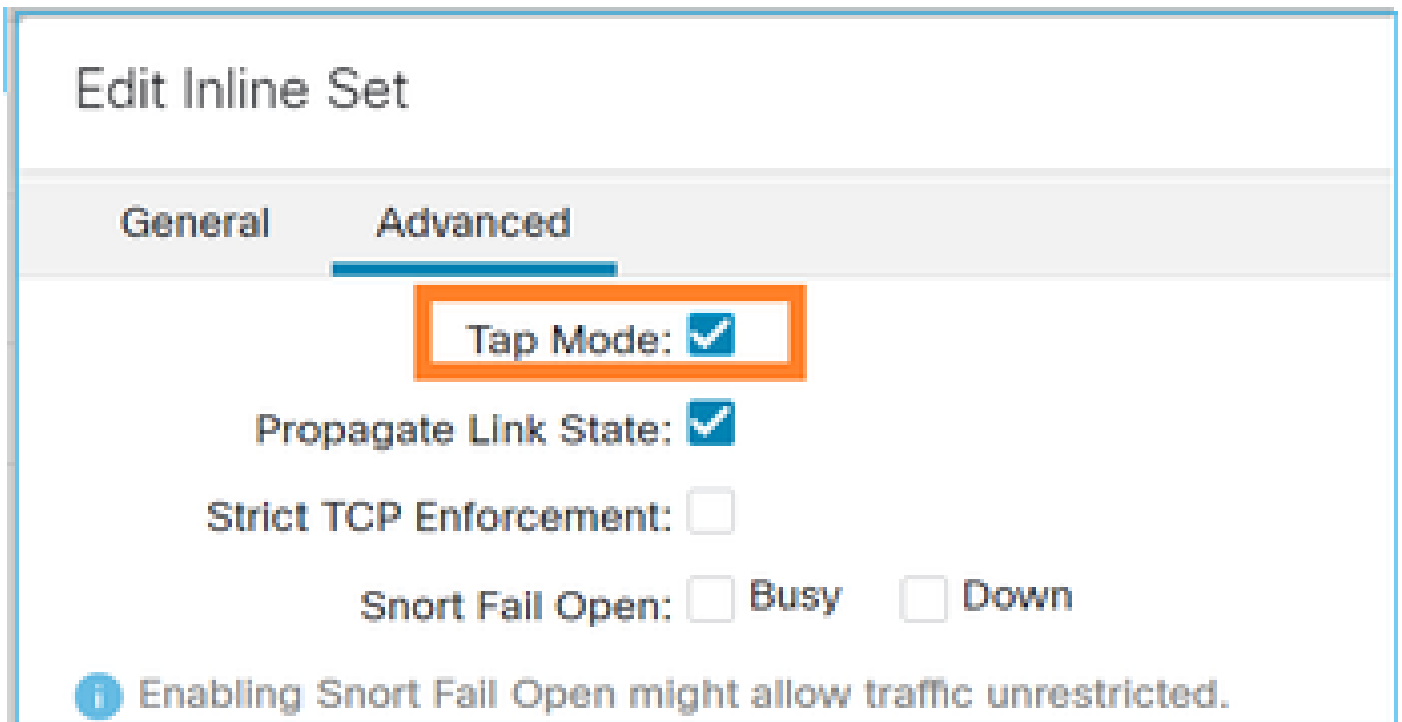
```
1: 09:41:54.562547      192.168.201.50.59144 > 192.168.201.60.80: S 3817586151:3817586151(0) win 64  
Phase: 1  
Type: NGIPS-MODE  
Subtype: ngips-mode  
Result: ALLOW  
Elapsed time: 10126 ns  
Config:  
Additional Information:  
The flow ingressed an interface configured for NGIPS mode and NGIPS services will be applied  
  
Phase: 2  
Type: ACCESS-LIST  
Subtype:  
Result: DROP  
Elapsed time: 10126 ns  
Config:  
access-group CSM_FW_ACL_ global  
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ advanced deny ip any host 192.168.201.60 rule-id 268451045 event-log flow-start  
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268451045: ACCESS POLICY: mzafeiro_2m - Mandatory  
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268451045: L4 RULE: block_192.168.201.60  
Additional Information:  
  
Result:  
input-interface: INSIDE(vrfid:0)  
input-status: up  
input-line-status: up  
Action: drop  
  
Time Taken: 20252 ns  
  
1 packet shown
```

設定使用分流器的內嵌配對模式

對內嵌配對啟用分流器模式。

解決方案

導覽至Devices > Device Management > Inline Sets > Edit Inline Set > Advanced，然後啟用Tap Mode，如下圖所示。



驗證

```
<#root>
```

```
firepower#
```

```
show inline-set
```

```
Inline-set Inline-Pair-1
```

```
Mtu is 1500 bytes
```

```
Fail-open for snort down is off
```

```
Fail-open for snort busy is off
```

```
Tap mode is on
```

```
Propagate-link-state option is on
hardware-bypass mode is disabled
Interface-Pair[1]:
  Interface: Ethernet1/4 "OUTSIDE"
  Current-Status: UP
  Interface: Ethernet1/3 "INSIDE"
  Current-Status: UP

Bridge Group ID: 0
```

驗證使用分流器的 FTD 內嵌配對介面作業

基本原理

- 設定使用分流器的內嵌配對時，實體介面會在內部橋接。
- 在路由或透明部署模式下可使用。
- 大多數LINA引擎功能 (NAT、路由等) 不可用於穿越內嵌配對的資料流。
- 無法捨棄實際流量。
- 有幾個 LINA 引擎檢查會隨完整 Snort 引擎檢查一起對實際流量的副本套用。

使用分流器模式的內嵌配對不會捨棄傳輸流量。透過封包的追蹤軌跡，可確認這點：

```
<#root>
```

```
>
```

```
show capture CAPI packet-number 2 trace
```

```
3 packets captured
```

```
2: 13:34:30.685084 192.168.201.50.20 > 192.168.201.60.80: S 0:0(0) win 8192
```

```
Phase: 1
```

```
Type: CAPTURE
```

```
Subtype:
```

```
Result: ALLOW
```

```
Config:
```

```
Additional Information:
```

```
MAC Access list
```

```
Phase: 2
```

```
Type: ACCESS-LIST
```

```
Subtype:
```

```
Result: ALLOW
```

```
Config:
```

```
Implicit Rule
```

```
Additional Information:
```

```
MAC Access list
```

```
Phase: 3
```

```
Type: NGIPS-MODE
```

```
Subtype: ngips-mode
```

Result: ALLOW

Config:

Additional Information:

The flow ingresses an interface configured for NGIPS mode and NGIPS services is applied

Phase: 4

Type: ACCESS-LIST

Subtype: log

Result: WOULD HAVE DROPPED

Config:

```
access-group CSM_FW_ACL_ global
```

```
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ advanced deny ip 192.168.201.0 255.255.255.0 any rule-id 268441600 event-log fl
```

```
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268441600: ACCESS POLICY: FTD4100 - Mandatory/1
```

```
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268441600: L4 RULE: Rule 1
```

Additional Information:

Result:

input-interface: INSIDE

input-status: up

input-line-status: up

Action: Access-list would have dropped, but packet forwarded due to inline-tap

1 packet shown

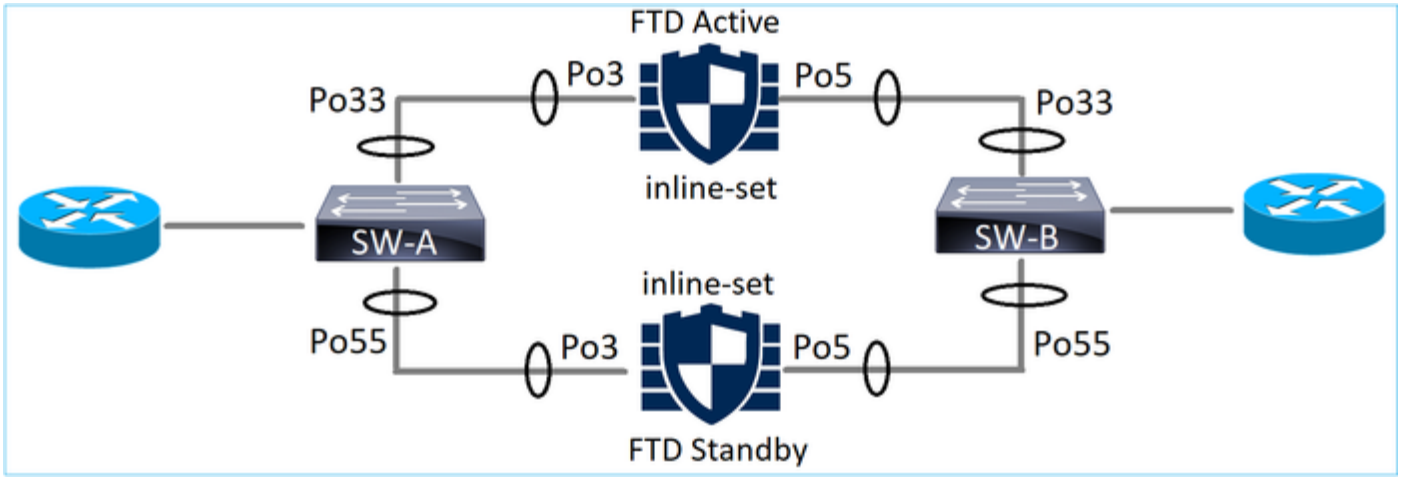
>

內嵌配對和 EtherChannel

您可以透過兩種方式透過 EtherChannel 設定內嵌配對：

1. 在 FTD 上終止的 EtherChannel.
2. Etherchannel會通過FTD (需要FXOS 2.3.1.3及更新版本)。

在 FTD 上終止的 EtherChannel



SW-A 上的 EtherChannel :

<#root>

SW-A#

show etherchannel summary | i Po33|Po55

```
33    Po33(SU)      LACP    Gi3/11(P)
35    Po55(SU)      LACP    Gi2/33(P)
```

SW-B 上的 EtherChannel :

<#root>

SW-B#

show etherchannel summary | i Po33|Po55

```
33    Po33(SU)      LACP    Gi1/0/3(P)
55    Po55(SU)      LACP    Gi1/0/4(P)
```

流量會根據得知的MAC位址，透過作用中FTD轉送：

<#root>

SW-B#

show mac address-table address 0017.dfd6.ec00

Mac Address Table

| Vlan | Mac Address | Type | Ports |
|------|----------------|---------|-------|
| 201 | 0017.dfd6.ec00 | DYNAMIC | |

Po33

Total Mac Addresses for this criterion: 1

FTD 上的內嵌集：

```
<#root>
```


```
FTD#
```

```
show inline-set
```

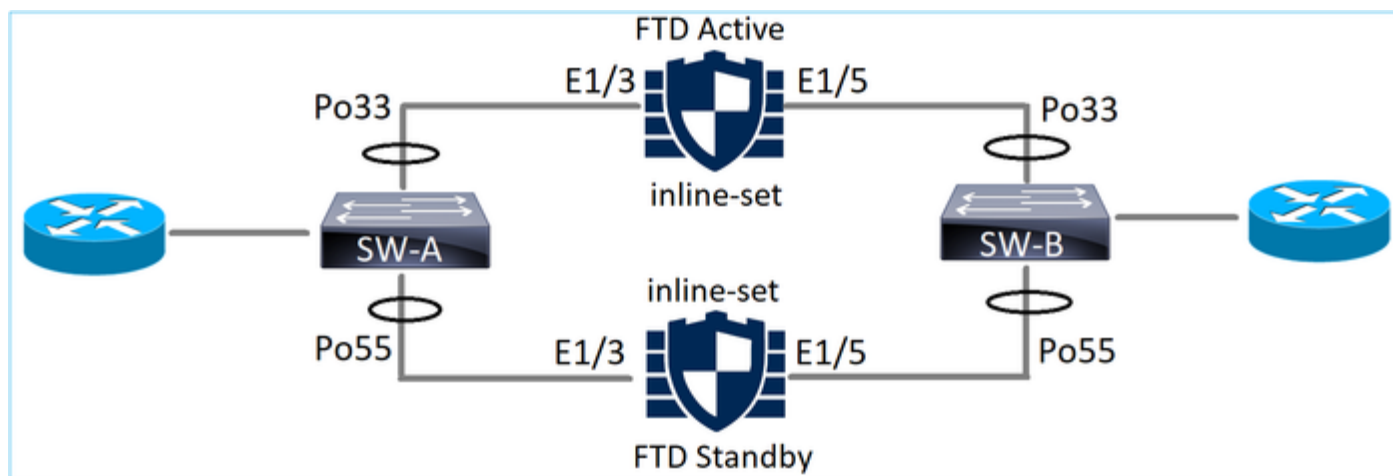
```
Inline-set SET1
Mtu is 1500 bytes
Fail-open for snort down is on
Fail-open for snort busy is off
Tap mode is off
Propagate-link-state option is off
hardware-bypass mode is disabled
```

```
Interface-Pair[1]:
  Interface: Port-channel3 "INSIDE"
  Current-Status: UP
  Interface: Port-channel5 "OUTSIDE"
  Current-Status: UP

  Bridge Group ID: 775
```

 附註：在發生FTD容錯移轉事件的情況下，流量中斷時間主要取決於交換器得知遠端對等點的MAC位址所花費的時間。

通過 FTD 的 EtherChannel



SW-A 上的 EtherChannel：

```
<#root>
```

SW-A#

```
show etherchannel summary | i Po33|Po55
```

```
33    Po33(SU)      LACP    Gi3/11(P)
55    Po55(SD)      LACP    Gi3/7
```

(I)

通過待命FTD的LACP封包遭封鎖：

<#root>

FTD#

```
capture ASP type asp-drop fo-standby
```

FTD#

```
show capture ASP | i 0180.c200.0002
```

```
29: 15:28:32.658123      a0f8.4991.ba03 0180.c200.0002 0x8809 Length: 124
70: 15:28:47.248262      f0f7.556a.11e2 0180.c200.0002 0x8809 Length: 124
```

SW-B 上的 EtherChannel：

<#root>

SW-B#

```
show etherchannel summary | i Po33|Po55
```

```
33    Po33(SU)      LACP    Gi1/0/3(P)
55    Po55(SD)      LACP    Gi1/0/4
```

(s)

流量會根據得知的MAC位址，透過作用中FTD轉送：

<#root>

SW-B#

```
show mac address-table address 0017.dfd6.ec00
```

Mac Address Table

```
-----
Vlan    Mac Address      Type      Ports
```



```
-----
201      0017.dfd6.ec00      DYNAMIC
-----
```

Po33

Total Mac Addresses for this criterion: 1

FTD 上的內嵌集：

<#root>

FTD#

show inline-set

```
Inline-set SET1
Mtu is 1500 bytes
Fail-open for snort down is on
Fail-open for snort busy is off
Tap mode is off
Propagate-link-state option is off
hardware-bypass mode is disabled
```

Interface-Pair[1]:


Interface: Ethernet1/3 "INSIDE"

Current-Status: UP

Interface: Ethernet1/5 "OUTSIDE"

Current-Status: UP

Bridge Group ID: 519

 注意：在此情況中，在發生FTD容錯移轉事件的情況下，收斂時間主要取決於EtherChannel LACP交涉，以及中斷所需的時間（可能會非常長）。如果已開啟EtherChannel模式（無LACP），則收斂時間取決於得知MAC位址的時間。

疑難排解

目前尚無適用於此組態的具體資訊。

比較：內嵌配對與使用分流器的內嵌配對

| | 內嵌配對 | 使用分流器的內嵌配對 |
|-----------------|--|---|
| show inline-set | <pre>> show inline-set Inline-set Inline-Pair-1 Mtu is 1500 bytes Failsafe mode is on/activated Failsecure mode is off Tap mode is off Propagate-link-state option is on hardware-bypass mode is disabled Interface-Pair[1]: Interface:Ethernet1/6 "INSIDE" Current-Status:UP Interface:Ethernet1/8 "OUTSIDE" Current-Status:UP Bridge Group ID:509 ></pre> | <pre>> show inline-set Inline-set Inline-Pair-1 Mtu is 1500 bytes Failsafe mode is on/activated Failsecure mode is off Tap mode is on Propagate-link-state option is on hardware-bypass mode is disabled Interface-Pair[1]: Interface:Ethernet1/6 "INSIDE" Current-Status:UP Interface:Ethernet1/8 "OUTSIDE" Current-Status:UP Bridge Group ID:0 ></pre> |
| 顯示介面 | <pre>> show interface e1/6 Interface Ethernet1/6 "INSIDE", is up, line protocol is up Hardware is EtherSVI, BW 1000 Mbps, DLY 1000 usec MAC address 5897.bdb9.770e, MTU 1500 IPS Interface-Mode:inline, Inline- Set:Inline-Pair-1 IP address unassigned Traffic Statistics for "INSIDE": 3957 packets input, 264913 bytes 144 packets output, 58664 bytes 4 packets dropped 1 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 26 bytes/sec 1 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 7 bytes/sec 1 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec 5 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 28 bytes/sec</pre> | <pre>> show interface e1/6 Interface Ethernet1/6 "INSIDE", is up, line protocol is up Hardware is EtherSVI, BW 1000 Mbps, DLY 1000 usec MAC address 5897.bdb9.770e, MTU 1500 IPS Interface-Mode:inline-tap, Inline- Set:Inline-Pair-1 IP address unassigned Traffic Statistics for "INSIDE": 24 packets input, 1378 bytes 0 packets output, 0 bytes 24 packets dropped 1 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec 1 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec 1 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec 5 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec</pre> |

| | | |
|-------------------|---|---|
| | <pre> 5 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 9 bytes/sec 5 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec > show interface e1/8 Interface Ethernet1/8 "OUTSIDE", is up, line protocol is up Hardware is EtherSVI, BW 1000 Mbps, DLY 1000 usec MAC address 5897.bdb9.774d, MTU 1500 IPS Interface-Mode:inline, Inline- Set:Inline-Pair-1 IP address unassigned Traffic Statistics for "OUTSIDE": 144 packets input, 55634 bytes 3954 packets output, 339987 bytes 0 packets dropped 1 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 7 bytes/sec 1 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 37 bytes/sec 1 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec 5 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 8 bytes/sec 5 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 39 bytes/sec 5 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec > </pre> | <pre> 5 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec 5 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec > show interface e1/8 Interface Ethernet1/8 "OUTSIDE", is up, line protocol is up Hardware is EtherSVI, BW 1000 Mbps, DLY 1000 usec MAC address 5897.bdb9.774d, MTU 1500 IPS Interface-Mode:inline-tap, Inline- Set:Inline-Pair-1 IP address unassigned Traffic Statistics for "OUTSIDE": 1 packets input, 441 bytes 0 packets output, 0 bytes 1 packets dropped 1 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec 1 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec 1 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec 5 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec 5 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec 5 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec > </pre> |
| <p>使用封鎖規則處理封包</p> | <pre> > show capture CAPI packet-number 1 trace 3 packets captured 1:16:12:55.785085 192.168.201.50.20 > 192.168.201.60.80:S 0:0(0) ack 0 win 8192 Phase:1 Type:CAPTURE Subtype: Result:ALLOW Config: Additional Information: MAC Access list </pre> | <pre> > show capture CAPI packet-number 1 trace 3 packets captured 1:16:56:02.631437 192.168.201.50.20 > 192.168.201.60.80:S 0:0(0) win 8192 Phase:1 Type:CAPTURE Subtype: Result:ALLOW Config: Additional Information: MAC Access list </pre> |

| | | |
|--|--|---|
| | <p>Phase:2 Type:ACCESS-LIST Subtype: Result:ALLOW Config: Implicit Rule Additional Information: MAC Access list</p> <p>Phase:3 Type:NGIPS-MODE Subtype:ngips-mode Result:ALLOW Config: Additional Information: The flow ingressed an interface configured for NGIPS mode and NGIPS services is applied</p> <p>Phase:4 Type:ACCESS-LIST Subtype:log Result:DROP Config: access-group CSM_FW_ACL_ global access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ advanced deny ip 192.168.201.0 255.255.255.0 any rule-id 268441600 event-log flow-start access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268441600:ACCESS POLICY:FTD4100 - Mandatory/1 access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268441600:L4 RULE:Rule 1 Additional Information:</p> <p>Result: input-interface:INSIDE input-status:up input-line-status:up Action:drop Drop-reason:(acl-drop) Flow is denied by configured rule</p> <p>1 packet shown ></p> | <p>Phase:2 Type:ACCESS-LIST Subtype: Result:ALLOW Config: Implicit Rule Additional Information: MAC Access list</p> <p>Phase:3 Type:NGIPS-MODE Subtype:ngips-mode Result:ALLOW Config: Additional Information: The flow ingressed an interface configured for NGIPS mode and NGIPS services is applied</p> <p>Phase:4 Type:ACCESS-LIST Subtype:log Result:WOULD HAVE DROPPED Config: access-group CSM_FW_ACL_ global access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ advanced deny ip 192.168.201.0 255.255.255.0 any rule-id 268441600 event-log flow-start access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268441600:ACCESS POLICY:FTD4100 - Mandatory/1 access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268441600:L4 RULE:Rule 1 Additional Information:</p> <p>Result: input-interface:INSIDE input-status:up input-line-status:up Action:Access-list would have dropped,but packet forwarded due to inline-tap</p> <p>1 packet shown ></p> |
|--|--|---|

摘要

- 使用內嵌配對模式時，封包主要會通過 FTD Snort 引擎。
- 在 TCP 狀態略過模式下會處理 TCP 連線。
- 從 FTD LINA 引擎的角度來看，ACL 原則已套用。
- 使用內嵌配對模式時，封包可能會被封鎖，因為系統是以內嵌方式處理封包。
- 啟用分流器模式後，實際流量在未修改的情況下通過 FTD 時，系統會於內部檢查封包的副本並將其捨棄。

相關資訊

- [思科 Firepower 新世代防火牆\(NGFW\)](#)
- [技術支援與文件 - Cisco Systems](#)

關於此翻譯

思科已使用電腦和人工技術翻譯本文件，讓全世界的使用者能夠以自己的語言理解支援內容。請注意，即使是最佳機器翻譯，也不如專業譯者翻譯的內容準確。Cisco Systems, Inc. 對這些翻譯的準確度概不負責，並建議一律查看原始英文文件（提供連結）。