

Cisco SD-WAN組播部署中的自動RP故障排除

目錄

[簡介](#)

[背景資訊](#)

[拓撲圖表](#)

[Cisco SD-WAN組播部署的注意事項](#)

[意見](#)

[可能的變通辦法](#)

[結論](#)

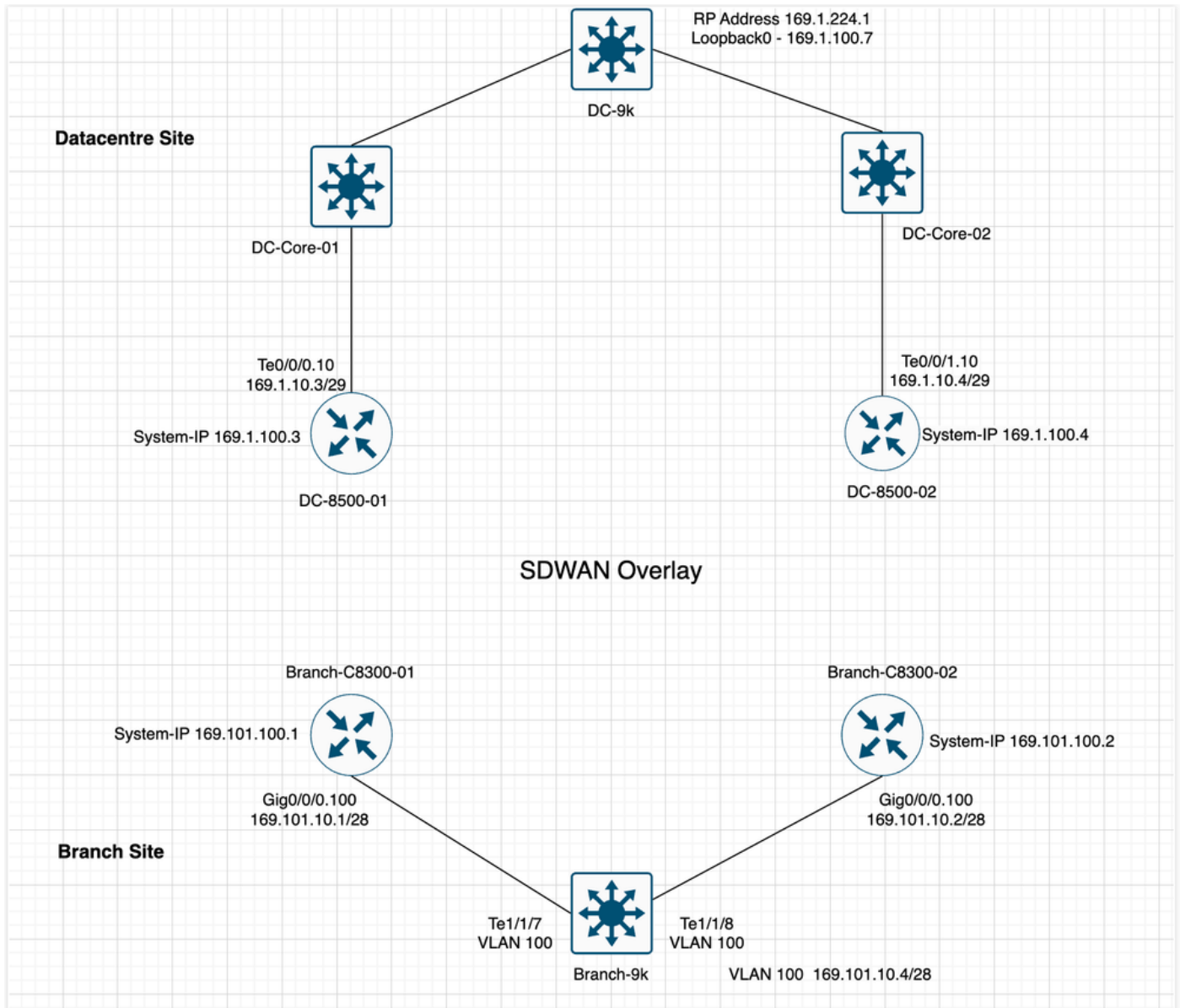
簡介

本文說明為什麼輔助分支路由器無法學習自動RP（集結點）對映，並提供解決此問題的步驟。

背景資訊

在SD-WAN分支站點的雙邊界路由器設定中，主SD-WAN路由器可以學習自動RP對映消息，而輔助SD-WAN路由器不學習自動RP對映消息。如果被選為協定無關組播(PIM)斷言轉發器的SD-WAN路由器沒有學習自動RP對映，則分支中的下游交換機也不會收到這些對映。

拓撲圖表



- 在此拓撲中，在分支站點SD-WAN路由器Branch-C8300-01和Branch-C8300-02與服務VRF/VPN 10上的交換機Branch-9k具有開放最短路徑優先(OSPF)鄰居關係。分支路由器Branch-C8300-01是主路由器，OSPF開銷為10，而在輔助路由器Branch-C8300-02上，OSPF開銷為15。
- 資料中心站點的DC-9k交換機是RP。以下是該交換器上的組態：

```
ip pim rp-address 169.1.224.1 override
ip pim autorp listener
ip pim send-rp-announce Loopback1 scope 30 group-list RP-Groups
ip pim send-rp-discovery Loopback0 scope 30
ip pim ssm range PIM-SSM-Range
```

```
dc1-9k-01#sh ip access-lists RP-Groups
Standard IP access list RP-Groups
 30 permit 239.1.0.0, wildcard bits 0.0.255.255
```

Cisco SD-WAN組播部署的注意事項

- 您只能在資料中心站點裝置上配置組播集點和複製器節點。無法在分支站點裝置上配置Replicator。
- 對映代理和候選RP可以部署在資料中心LAN端。
- Cisco自動RP不能與PIM BSR共存。必須使用僅支援模式禁用Cisco自動RP模式。
- 如果同一站點中有兩個Cisco IOS XE Catalyst SD-WAN裝置，則每個Cisco IOS XE Catalyst SD-WAN裝置都需要配置為流量流動的複製器。
- 環回介面是可用於配置RP候選介面的眾多介面型別之一。

意見

- 追蹤多點傳播流時，您必須從接收端（最後一個躍點路由器）開始，然後移動到來源端（第一個躍點路由器）。這裡的Branch-9k是最後一跳路由器(LHR)。
- 在分支端選中時，交換機未接收AutoRP對映。

```
Branch-9k#sh ip pim rp mapping
PIM Group-to-RP Mappings
```

```
Branch-9k#
```

交換機上的PIM配置：

```
Branch-9k#sh run | in pim
ip pim sparse-mode
ip pim sparse-mode
ip pim sparse-mode
ip pim autorp listener
ip pim ssm range PIM-SSM-Range
Branch-9k#
```

- 在分支路由器上檢查組播轉發資訊庫(MFIB)時，發現分支路由器01上的RP介面被修剪。AutoRP使用組224.0.1.40通告RP資訊。分支路由器01的show ip pim mfib輸出中沒有為RP介面設定F標誌。分支路由器02上設定了F標誌。

```
<#root>
```

```
Branch-C8300-01#sh ip mfib vrf 10 224.0.1.40
Entry Flags:    C - Directly Connected, S - Signal, IA - Inherit A flag,
```

ET - Data Rate Exceeds Threshold, K - Keepalive
DDE - Data Driven Event, HW - Hardware Installed
ME - MoFRR ECMP entry, MNE - MoFRR Non-ECMP entry, MP - MFIB
MoFRR Primary, RP - MRIB MoFRR Primary, P - MoFRR Primary
MS - MoFRR Entry in Sync, MC - MoFRR entry in MoFRR Client,
e - Encap helper tunnel flag.

I/O Item Flags: IC - Internal Copy, NP - Not platform switched,
NS - Negate Signalling, SP - Signal Present,
A - Accept, F - Forward, RA - MRIB Accept, RF - MRIB Forward,
MA - MFIB Accept, A2 - Accept backup,
RA2 - MRIB Accept backup, MA2 - MFIB Accept backup

Forwarding Counts: Pkt Count/Pkts per second/Avg Pkt Size/Kbits per second

Other counts: Total/RPF failed/Other drops

I/O Item Counts: HW Pkt Count/FS Pkt Count/PS Pkt Count Egress Rate in pps

VRF 10

(* ,224.0.1.40) Flags: C HW

SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0

HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 1741/1741/0

Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: F NS

Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps

GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: F IC NS

Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps

(169.1.10.3,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW

SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0

HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 29642/29642/0

Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: A

GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: IC

(169.1.10.4,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW

SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0

HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 29939/29939/0

Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: A NS

GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: IC

(169.1.20.2,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW

SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0

HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 47783/47783/0

Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: A

GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: IC

(169.1.20.6,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW

SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0

HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 47720/47720/0

Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: A

GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: IC

(169.1.20.10,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW

SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0

HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 47784/47784/0

Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: A

GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: IC

(169.1.20.14,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW

SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0

HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 47724/47724/0

Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: A

GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: IC

(169.1.100.7,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW

SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0

HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 60088/60088/0

Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: A

GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: IC

(169.2.20.2,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW

SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0

HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 47680/47680/0

Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: A

GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: IC

(169.2.20.6,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW
SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 47640/47640/0
Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: A
GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: IC
Branch-C8300-01#

Branch-C8300-02#sh ip mfib vrf 10 224.0.1.40
Entry Flags: C - Directly Connected, S - Signal, IA - Inherit A flag,
ET - Data Rate Exceeds Threshold, K - Keepalive
DDE - Data Driven Event, HW - Hardware Installed
ME - MoFRR ECMP entry, MNE - MoFRR Non-ECMP entry, MP - MFIB
MoFRR Primary, RP - MRIB MoFRR Primary, P - MoFRR Primary
MS - MoFRR Entry in Sync, MC - MoFRR entry in MoFRR Client,
e - Encap helper tunnel flag.
I/O Item Flags: IC - Internal Copy, NP - Not platform switched,
NS - Negate Signalling, SP - Signal Present,
A - Accept, F - Forward, RA - MRIB Accept, RF - MRIB Forward,
MA - MFIB Accept, A2 - Accept backup,
RA2 - MRIB Accept backup, MA2 - MFIB Accept backup
Forwarding Counts: Pkt Count/Pkts per second/Avg Pkt Size/Kbits per second
Other counts: Total/RPF failed/Other drops
I/O Item Counts: HW Pkt Count/FS Pkt Count/PS Pkt Count Egress Rate in pps
VRF 10

(*,224.0.1.40) Flags: C HW
SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 10549/10549/0
Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: F NS
Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps
GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: F IC NS
Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps

(169.1.10.3,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW

SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0

HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0

Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: A NS

GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: F IC NS <==

Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps

(169.1.10.4,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW

SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0

HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0

Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: A NS

GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: F IC NS <==

Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps

```
(169.1.20.2,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW
  SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
  HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
  Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: A
  GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: F IC NS
    Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps
(169.1.20.6,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW
  SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
  HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
  Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: A
  GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: F IC NS
    Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps
(169.1.20.10,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW
  SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
  HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
  Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: A NS
  GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: F IC NS
    Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps
(169.1.20.14,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW
  SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
  HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
  Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: A NS
  GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: F IC NS
    Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps
(169.2.20.2,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW
  SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
  HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
  Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: A
  GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: F IC NS
    Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps
(169.2.20.6,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW
  SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
  HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
  Lspvif0, LSM/0, RPF-ID: *, Flags: A
  GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100 Flags: F IC NS
    Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps
Branch-C8300-02#
```

正在設定的F標誌表示路由器Branch-C8300-02是AutoRP和多播流量的指定轉發器。當PIM鄰居位於同一個廣播域中時，會選擇PIM斷言轉發器/指定轉發器。具有最高IP地址的路由器被選為PIM斷言轉發器/指定轉發器。(Active Directory(AD)和度量相同。)在此案例中，Branch路由器2的IP地址高於Branch路由器1:

```
Branch-C8300-01#sh run interface Gi0/0/0.100
Building configuration...
Current configuration : 336 bytes
!
```

```

interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100
description OSPF peering interface1
encapsulation dot1Q 100
vrf forwarding 10
ip address 169.101.10.1 255.255.255.240
no ip redirects
ip pim sparse-mode
ip nbar protocol-discovery
ip ospf network broadcast
ip ospf dead-interval 40
ip ospf 10 area 0
ip ospf cost 10
arp timeout 1200
end

```

```

Branch-C8300-02#sh run interface Gi0/0/0.100
Building configuration...
Current configuration : 336 bytes
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0.100
description OSPF peering interface1
encapsulation dot1Q 100
vrf forwarding 10
ip address 169.101.10.2 255.255.255.240
no ip redirects
ip pim sparse-mode
ip nbar protocol-discovery
ip ospf network broadcast
ip ospf dead-interval 40
ip ospf 10 area 0
ip ospf cost 15
arp timeout 1200
end

```

- 已注意到Branch路由器01正在接收AutoRP消息，但Branch路由器02沒有接收AutoRP消息：

```

Branch-C8300-01#sh ip pim vrf 10 rp mapping
PIM Group-to-RP Mappings
Group(s) 239.195.0.0/16
  RP 10.125.125.1 (?), v2v1
    Info source: 169.254.100.9 (?), elected via Auto-RP
      Uptime: 1w0d, expires: 00:02:31
Branch-C8300-01#

```

```

Branch-C8300-02#sh ip pim vrf 10 rp mapping
PIM Group-to-RP Mappings

```

```

Branch-C8300-02#

```

- 由於Branch路由器01不是Assert winner，因此S，G被修剪，因此無法將AutoRP對映轉發到

下游交換機，而在Branch路由器02上，即使它是Designated Forwarder，它也沒有獲知AutoRP對映消息，並且它無法將AutoRP轉發到下游交換機。現在，問題在於為什麼Branch路由器02未獲知自動RP消息。

- 分支路由器從DC邊界路由器獲知AutoRP對映。DC SD-WAN路由器充當複製器和對映代理。對映代理決定給定組播組的候選RP。
- 在DC SD-WAN路由器上，檢查了MFIB，發現為S、G條目設定了轉發標誌：

<#root>

```
DC-8500-01#sh ip mfib vrf 10 224.0.1.40
```

```
Entry Flags:      C - Directly Connected, S - Signal, IA - Inherit A flag,
                  ET - Data Rate Exceeds Threshold, K - Keepalive
                  DDE - Data Driven Event, HW - Hardware Installed
                  ME - MoFRR ECMP entry, MNE - MoFRR Non-ECMP entry, MP - MFIB
                  MoFRR Primary, RP - MRIB MoFRR Primary, P - MoFRR Primary
                  MS - MoFRR Entry in Sync, MC - MoFRR entry in MoFRR Client,
                  e - Encap helper tunnel flag.
```

```
I/O Item Flags:  IC - Internal Copy, NP - Not platform switched,
                  NS - Negate Signalling, SP - Signal Present,
                  A - Accept, F - Forward, RA - MRIB Accept, RF - MRIB Forward,
                  MA - MFIB Accept, A2 - Accept backup,
                  RA2 - MRIB Accept backup, MA2 - MFIB Accept backup
```

```
Forwarding Counts: Pkt Count/Pkts per second/Avg Pkt Size/Kbits per second
```

```
Other counts:      Total/RPF failed/Other drops
```

```
I/O Item Counts:   HW Pkt Count/FS Pkt Count/PS Pkt Count   Egress Rate in pps
```

```
VRF 10
```

```
(*,224.0.1.40) Flags: C HW
```

```
SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
```

```
HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 294/294/0
```

```
TenGigabitEthernet0/0/0.10 Flags: F IC NS
```

```
Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps
```

```
Lspvif0, LSM/1, RPF-ID: *, Flags: F NS
```

```
Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps
```

```
(169.1.10.4,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW
```

```
SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
```

```
HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
```

```
TenGigabitEthernet0/0/0.10 Flags: A IC
```

```
Lspvif0, LSM/1, RPF-ID: *, Flags: F
```

```
Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps
```

```
(169.1.20.2,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW
```

```
SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
```

```
HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
```

```
TenGigabitEthernet0/0/0.10 Flags: A IC
```

```
Lspvif0, LSM/1, RPF-ID: *, Flags: F
```

```
Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps
```

```
(169.1.20.6,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW
```

```
SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
```

```
HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
```

```
TenGigabitEthernet0/0/0.10 Flags: A IC
```

```
Lspvif0, LSM/1, RPF-ID: *, Flags: F
```

```
Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps
```

```
(169.1.20.10,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW
```

```
SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
```

```
HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
```

```
TenGigabitEthernet0/0/0.10 Flags: A IC
```

```
Lspvif0, LSM/1, RPF-ID: *, Flags: F
```

```
Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps
```

```
(169.1.20.14,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW
```

```

SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
TenGigabitEthernet0/0/0.10 Flags: A IC
Lspvif0, LSM/1, RPF-ID: *, Flags: F
  Pkts: 0/0/0    Rate: 0 pps

(169.1.100.7,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW

SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0

HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0

TenGigabitEthernet0/0/0.10 Flags: A IC

Lspvif0, LSM/1, RPF-ID: *, Flags: F          <==

  Pkts: 0/0/0    Rate: 0 pps

(169.2.20.2,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW
  SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
  HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
  TenGigabitEthernet0/0/0.10 Flags: A IC
  Lspvif0, LSM/1, RPF-ID: *, Flags: F
    Pkts: 0/0/0    Rate: 0 pps
(169.2.20.6,224.0.1.40) Flags: HW
  SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
  HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
  TenGigabitEthernet0/0/0.10 Flags: A IC
  Lspvif0, LSM/1, RPF-ID: *, Flags: F
    Pkts: 0/0/0    Rate: 0 pps

```

Lspvif0是虛擬隧道介面，如點對多點(P2MP)隧道，即一個端點到多個遠端端點。Lspvif0隧道用於SD-WAN組播。Lspvif0是指示資料包通過SD-WAN重疊傳輸的虛擬隧道。

```

DC-8500-01#sh interfaces Lspvif0
Lspvif0 is up, line protocol is up
  Hardware is
  Interface is unnumbered. Using address of SD-WAN-system-intf (169.1.100.3)
  MTU 17892 bytes, BW 10000000 Kbit/sec, DLY 5000 usec,
    reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
  Encapsulation LOOPBACK, loopback not set
  Keepalive set (10 sec)
  Last input never, output 00:00:10, output hang never
  Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
  Input queue: 0/375/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0
  Queueing strategy: fifo
  Output queue: 0/0 (size/max)
  5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
  5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec

```

```

3 packets input, 210 bytes, 0 no buffer
Received 0 broadcasts (3 IP multicasts)
0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
1628856 packets output, 71967520 bytes, 0 underruns
Output 0 broadcasts (1289488 IP multicasts)
0 output errors, 0 collisions, 0 interface resets
0 unknown protocol drops
0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out

```

MFIB輸出中的LSM/1表示連線到Lspvif0隧道的複製清單。

根據Cisco SD-WAN組播的設計，DC路由器通過重疊管理協定(OMP)學習啟用了PIM的分支路由器，這些分支路由器的系統IP將新增到複製清單中。

```
DC-8500-01#sh SD-WAN omp multicast-auto-discover
```

```
Code:
```

```
C -> chosen
```

```
I -> installed
```

```
Red -> redistributed
```

```
Rej -> rejected
```

```
L -> looped
```

```
R -> resolved
```

```
S -> stale
```

```
Ext -> extranet
```

```
Stg -> staged
```

```
IA -> On-demand inactive
```

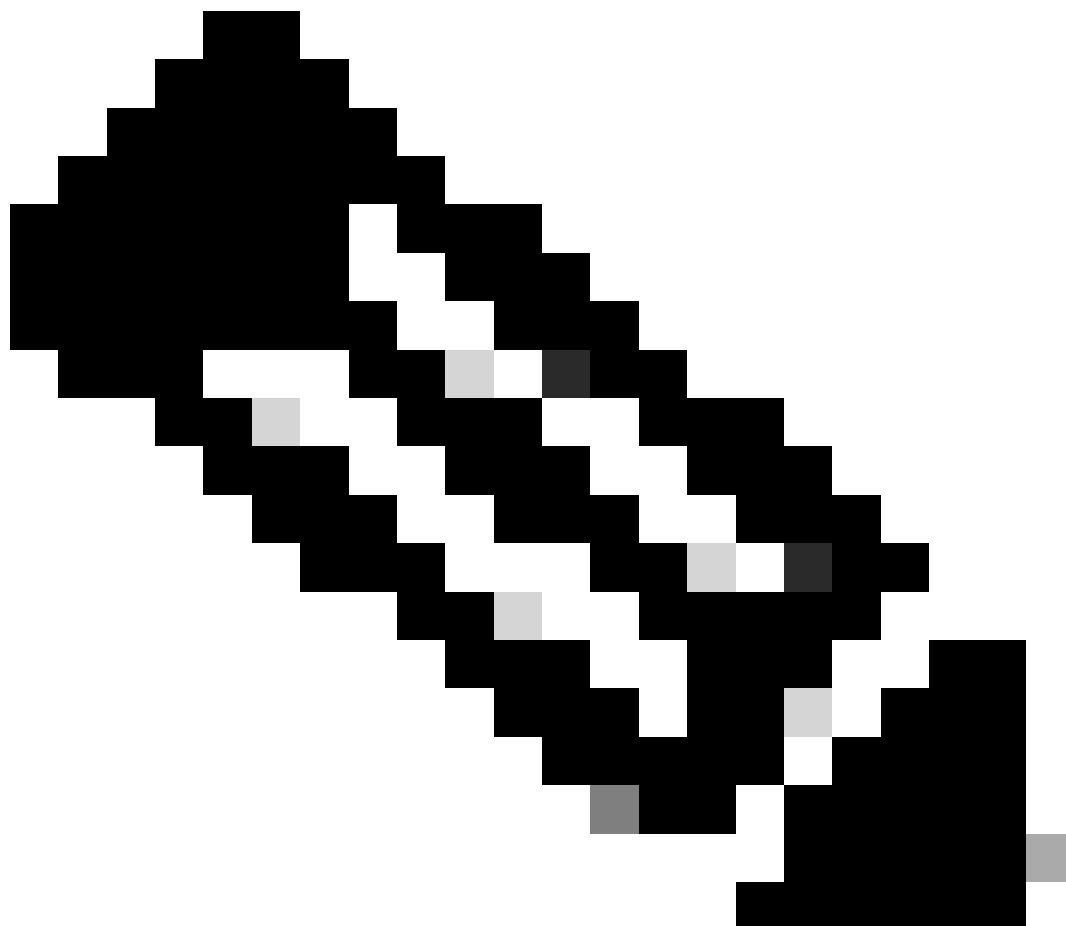
```
Inv -> invalid
```

```
BR-R -> border-router reoriginated
```

```
TGW-R -> transport-gateway reoriginated
```

ADDRESS FAMILY	TENANT	VPN	SOURCE ORIGINATOR	FROM PEER	STATUS

ipv4	0	10	169.1.100.3	0.0.0.0	C,Red,R
	0	10	169.1.100.4	2.2.2.1	Inv,U
				2.2.2.2	Inv,U
	0	10	169.101.100.1	2.2.2.1	C,R
				2.2.2.2	C,I,R
	0	10	169.101.100.2	2.2.2.1	C,R
				2.2.2.2	C,I,R



附註：來自DC路由器的AutoRP資料包將通過SD-WAN BFD隧道（資料平面）傳送到Branch路由器。DC路由器將將AutoRP資料包封裝到IPsec隧道並將其轉發到Branch路由器。

- 當您看到DC路由器的MFIB中設定的轉發標誌時，它表示複製清單是為分支路由器的system-ips構建的，並將根據複製清單轉發組播流量。在複製清單中，您可以看到兩台分支路由器的條目。以下是複製清單的指令輸出：

```
DC-8500-01#sh mvpn replication lsm-id 1
Repl ID : 1FFFFFFF  LSM ID : 1  Uptime : 1w3d
Path Set ID      : 25
Replication branches: 2
IR (169.101.100.1)
  Uptime      : 1w3d      Refcount : 2
  Remote Label : 1006
IR (169.101.100.2)
  Uptime      : 1w3d      Refcount : 2
  Remote Label : 1004
```

- 複製清單中出現system-ips後，檢查是否對給定分支路由器建立了間接運行雲環境(OCE)鏈/轉發鏈。正如您在下一個輸出中所看到的，間接OCE僅可用於Branch Router 01。

```
DC-8500-01#sh platform software SD-WAN f0 next-hop indirect all
Show SD-WAN next-hop oce all :
```

```
OCE ID: 0xf8000d9f, OCE Type: SD-WAN_NH_INDIRECT
Indirect: client_handle 0x5649f38aaa80, ppe addr 418b02c0
nhobj_type: SD-WAN_NH_LOCAL_SLA_CLASS, nhobj_handle: 0xf80805cf
label: 1006, dst_vpn: 10, nexthop sys_ip: 169.101.100.1, sla_class: 1
```

間接OCE鏈是在DC路由器從各自的分支路由器獲知單播路由時構建的內部轉發鏈。這與SD-WAN組播的設計相同，在該設計中，組播將利用單播路由轉發組播RP資訊。

DC路由器沒有將AutoRP對映轉發到分支路由器02的原因在於，間接OCE只為分支路由器01構建，而不是為分支路由器02構建。僅當建立到相應分支路由器的內部轉發鏈時，DC路由器才會將AutoRP對映轉發到該分支路由器。

- 由於DC路由器從分支路由器02獲知的路由資訊庫(RIB)中沒有單播路由，因此不會將轉發鏈構建到分支路由器02。

```
DC-8500-01#sh ip route vrf 10 omp
```

```
Routing Table: 10
```

```
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, m - OMP
n - NAT, Ni - NAT inside, No - NAT outside, Nd - NAT DIA
i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
H - NHRP, G - NHRP registered, g - NHRP registration summary
o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route, l - LISP
a - application route
+ - replicated route, % - next hop override, p - overrides from PfR
& - replicated local route overrides by connected
```

```
Gateway of last resort is 169.1.10.1 to network 0.0.0.0
```

```
m      169.101.0.0/16 [251/0] via 169.101.100.1, 2w0d, SD-WAN-system-intf
DC-8500-01#
```

- 如下面的OMP路由輸出所示，從Branch路由器02獲知的路由沒有安裝到DC路由器的VRF 10 RIB。

```
DC-8500-01#sh SD-WAN omp routes 169.101.0.0/16
Code:
C -> chosen
I -> installed
Red -> redistributed
Rej -> rejected
L -> looped
R -> resolved
S -> stale
Ext -> extranet
Inv -> invalid
Stg -> staged
IA -> On-demand inactive
U -> TLOC unresolved
BR-R -> border-router reoriginated
TGW-R -> transport-gateway reoriginated
```

TENANT	VPN	PREFIX	FROM PEER	PATH ID	LABEL	STATUS	ATTRIBUTE TYPE	TLOC IP
0	10	169.101.0.0/16	2.2.2.1	15	1004	R	installed	169.101.100.2
			2.2.2.1	19	1006	C,I,R	installed	169.101.100.2
			2.2.2.2	16	1004	R	installed	169.101.100.2
			2.2.2.2	21	1006	C,R	installed	169.101.100.2

DC-8500-01#

從輔助路由器獲知的路由未安裝到RIB的原因是，從輔助路由器獲知的路由的OSPF開銷高於主路由器：

<#root>

```
DC-8500-01#sh SD-WAN omp routes 169.101.0.0/16 detail
```

omp route entries for tenant-id 0 vpn 10 route 169.101.0.0/16

```
RECEIVED FROM:
peer          2.2.2.1
path-id       15
label         1004
status        R

loss-reason    origin-metric

lost-to-peer   2.2.2.1
lost-to-path-id 19
Attributes:
  originator    169.101.100.2
  type          installed
  tloc          169.101.100.2, public-internet, ipsec
  ultimate-tloc not set
  domain-id     not set
  overlay-id    1
  site-id       10
  preference    not set
  affinity-group None
  region-id     None
  region-path   not set
  route-reoriginator not set
```

tag not set
origin-proto OSPF-external-1
origin-metric 35

as-path not set
community not set
unknown-attr-len not set

RECEIVED FROM:

peer 2.2.2.1
path-id 19
label 1006
status C,I,R
loss-reason not set
lost-to-peer not set
lost-to-path-id not set

Attributes:

originator 169.101.100.1
type installed
tloc 169.101.100.1, biz-internet, ipsec
ultimate-tloc not set
domain-id not set
overlay-id 1
site-id 10
preference not set
affinity-group None
region-id None
region-path not set
route-reoriginator not set
tag not set
origin-proto OSPF-external-1

origin-metric 30

as-path not set
community not set
unknown-attr-len not set

RECEIVED FROM:

peer 2.2.2.2
path-id 16
label 1004
status R
loss-reason origin-metric
lost-to-peer 2.2.2.2
lost-to-path-id 21

Attributes:

originator 169.101.100.2
type installed
tloc 169.101.100.2, public-internet, ipsec
ultimate-tloc not set
domain-id not set
overlay-id 1
site-id 10
preference not set
affinity-group None
region-id None
region-path not set
route-reoriginator not set
tag not set
origin-proto OSPF-external-1

origin-metric 35

```

as-path          not set
community        not set
unknown-attr-len not set
    RECEIVED FROM:
peer             2.2.2.2
path-id          21
label            1006
status           C,R
loss-reason       not set
lost-to-peer      not set
lost-to-path-id   not set
Attributes:
    originator    169.101.100.1
    type          installed
    tloc          169.101.100.1, biz-internet, ipsec
    ultimate-tloc not set
    domain-id     not set
    overlay-id    1
    site-id       10
    preference    not set
    affinity-group None
    region-id     None
    region-path   not set
    route-reoriginator not set
    tag           not set
    origin-proto  OSPF-external-1

origin-metric    30

as-path          not set
community        not set
unknown-attr-len not set
DC-8500-01#

```

- 此外，只有OSPF路由分發到分支路由器上的OMP。以下是來自輔助分支路由器的OMP配置：

```

<#root>

omp
no shutdown
overlay-as        65376
send-path-limit   16
ecmp-limit        16
graceful-restart
no as-dot-notation
timers
    holdtime              60
    advertisement-interval 1
    graceful-restart-timer 43200
    eor-timer              300
exit
address-family ipv4 vrf 10

advertise ospf external

<==

```

```
!  
address-family ipv6  
  advertise connected  
  advertise static
```

可能的變通辦法

1. 您可以在branch路由器02上配置環回介面，並通過OMP向DC路由器通告字首。

```
Branch-C8300-02#sh run interface Lo0  
Building configuration...  
  
Current configuration : 151 bytes  
!  
interface Loopback0  
  description Management loopback  
  vrf forwarding 10  
  ip address 169.101.100.2 255.255.255.255  
  no ip redirects  
  ip mtu 1500  
end
```

分支路由器02上的OMP配置用於通告連線的路由：

```
<#root>  
  
omp  
  no shutdown  
  overlay-as 65376  
  send-path-limit 16  
  ecmp-limit 16  
  graceful-restart  
  no as-dot-notation  
  timers  
    holdtime 60  
    advertisement-interval 1  
    graceful-restart-timer 43200  
    eor-timer 300  
  exit  
  address-family ipv4 vrf 10  
  
    advertise ospf external  
  
    advertise connected  
  
<==  
!  
address-family ipv6  
  advertise connected  
  advertise static  
!
```

!

現在您會看到在分支路由器02上學習的AutoRP對映：

```
Branch-C8300-02# sh ip pim vrf 10 rp mapping
PIM Group-to-RP Mappings

Group(s) 239.195.0.0/16
  RP 10.125.125.1 (?), v2v1
    Info source: 169.1.10.4 (terin.net.afrihost.co.za), elected via Auto-RP
    Uptime: 00:02:18, expires: 00:02:47
Branch-C8300-02#
```

同樣，您也可在分支機構交換機上看到AutoRP對映：

```
Branch-9k#sh ip pim rp mapping
PIM Group-to-RP Mappings

Group(s) 239.195.0.0/16
  RP 10.125.125.1 (?), v2v1
    Info source: 169.254.100.9 (?), elected via Auto-RP
    Uptime: 00:03:36, expires: 00:02:46
Acl: RP-Region-Ent-Sites, Static-Override
  RP: 10.125.125.1 (?)
```

當您檢查DC路由器上的間接OCE/轉發鏈輸出時，它包含主分支路由器和輔助分支路由器的system-ip條目：

<#root>

```
DC-8500-01#sh platform software SD-WAN f0 next-hop indirect all
Show SD-WAN next-hop oce all :
```

```
OCE ID: 0xf80009bf, OCE Type: SD-WAN_NH_INDIRECT
Indirect: client_handle 0x5649f389fbc0, ppe addr 418b05c0
  nhobj_type: SD-WAN_NH_LOCAL_SLA_CLASS, nhobj_handle: 0xf808044f
  label: 1006, dst_vpn: 10,
```

nexthop sys_ip: 169.101.100.1

, sla_class: 1

```
OCE ID: 0xf80009df, OCE Type: SD-WAN_NH_INDIRECT
Indirect: client_handle 0x5649f38a11f0, ppe addr 418b06d0
  nhobj_type: SD-WAN_NH_LOCAL_SLA_CLASS, nhobj_handle: 0xf808045f
  label: 1004, dst_vpn: 10,
```

nexthop sys_ip: 169.101.100.2

, sla_class: 1

現在您會看到DC路由器RIB也安裝了從分支路由器02獲知的字首。

<#root>

```
DC-8500-01#sh ip route vrf 10 omp
```

Routing Table: 10

Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, m - OMP
n - NAT, Ni - NAT inside, No - NAT outside, Nd - NAT DIA
i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
H - NHRP, G - NHRP registered, g - NHRP registration summary
o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route, l - LISP
a - application route
+ - replicated route, % - next hop override, p - overrides from PfR
& - replicated local route overrides by connected

Gateway of last resort is 169.1.10.1 to network 0.0.0.0

```
169.101.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 3 subnets, 3 masks
m      169.101.0.0/16 [251/0] via 169.101.100.1, 13:59:47, SD-WAN-system-intf
m      169.101.10.0/28
        [251/0] via 169.101.100.2, 00:07:50,
```

SD-WAN-system-intf

```
m      169.101.100.2/32
        [251/0] via 169.101.100.2, 00:07:50,
```

SD-WAN-system-intf

2. 在連線到LAN交換機的分支機構路由器介面上，在主分支機構路由器上配置比輔助路由器更高的IP地址。通過此主分支路由器將成為「指定轉發器」，這樣，當主分支路由器獲知AutoRP資訊時，它將能夠將AutoRP資訊轉發到交換機。

結論

當通過Cisco SD-WAN實施組播時，您必須確保所有遠端路由器（包括主路由器和輔助路由器）都通過OMP向更靠近RP的SD-WAN路由器通告單播字首。SD-WAN組播利用單播路由建立轉發鏈，這是傳輸組播控制平面資訊所必需的。

關於此翻譯

思科已使用電腦和人工技術翻譯本文件，讓全世界的使用者能夠以自己的語言理解支援內容。請注意，即使是最佳機器翻譯，也不如專業譯者翻譯的內容準確。Cisco Systems, Inc. 對這些翻譯的準確度概不負責，並建議一律查看原始英文文件（提供連結）。