# 使用Cisco Network Registrar進行電纜數據機基本 安裝

### 目錄

簡介 必要條件 需求 採用元件 慣例 實驗拓撲 假設 網路圖表 **Cisco Network Registrar Configuration** DOCSIS配置檔案 配置頭端(CMTS) 配置CM 驗證和疑難排解 在CMTS上(uBR7246) 在CM上(uBR904) uBR7246 uBR904 相關資訊

## 簡介

本技術說明的目的是為實驗室環境中的電纜數據機(CM)網路提供完整的設定指南。此設定可用作部 署到客戶網路之前的第一步。必須注意的是,實驗室中的無故障設定並不一定表示客戶網路中的無 故障設定。在受控實驗室環境中,噪音可能不是問題;而在現實生活中,情況可能恰恰相反。但是 此程式可用於排除因Cisco IOS®軟體版本、組態、硬體和射頻(RF)而產生的問題。

### 必要條件

### 需求

本文件沒有特定需求。

### 採用元件

本文中的資訊是根據特定實驗室環境內的裝置所建立。文中使用到的所有裝置皆從已清除(預設))的組態來啟動。如果您的網路正在作用,請確保您已瞭解任何指令可能造成的影響。

### 慣例

實驗拓撲

圖1 — 實驗網路設定



在此圖中,有一個纜線資料機終端系統(CMTS)由以下元件組成:

- 運行Cisco IOS軟體版本12.1(2)T(帶MC16C數據機卡)的uBR7246
- •執行Cisco IOS軟體版本12.0(7)T的CM uBR904
- 上變頻器
- 分離高頻和低頻的雙工濾波器
- Cisco網路註冊器(CNR)版本3.5(3)
- 三向分離器
- 客戶設施裝置(CPE),在本例中是筆記型電腦

**註:**該圖中的RF設定可用作起始參考點;但是,在客戶站點部署它後,這種情況可能會改變。

RF測量超出本文檔的範圍;有關正確的RF設定和測量,請參閱<u>將Cisco uBR7200系列路由器連線</u> <u>到電纜頭端</u>。

## 假設

- 已正確安裝和配置上轉換器。有關設定,請參閱供應商文檔。請記住,如果您使用的是GI上變 頻器,則應將其設定為比所涉NTSC通道的中心頻率低1.75 MHz。(請參閱使用頻譜分析器獲取 DOCSIS下游訊號的功率測量。)
- •CM後面有一個經過正確配置的CPE,專門用於通過DHCP伺服器獲取IP地址。
- CNR用作DHCP和TFTP伺服器,具有相同的IP地址:172.17.110.136.
- •時間(ToD)伺服器軟體與CNR運行在同一NT伺服器上。

本文中的各節說明了配置這些元件所需的步驟:

- Cisco Network Registrar(CNR)
- 有線電纜資料服務介面規範(DOCSIS)組態檔
- 纜線資料機終端系統(CMTS)
- 纜線資料機(CM)

### 網路圖表

#### 圖2 — 此技術說明中使用的IP地址和名稱的網路圖



## **Cisco Network Registrar Configuration**

按照以下過程配置CNR:

- 1. 從「開始」選單啟動CNR。
- 2. 在選單欄中,按一下Add頁籤以新增新群集。輸入群集名稱。在這種情況下,會使用IP地址作 為名稱。選中Connect to this cluster once added複選框。按一下「OK」(確定)。圖3 -CNR中的「Cluster Name or IP Address(群集名稱或IP地址)」視窗

Enter cluster name:	
172.17.110.136 L	
Connect to this cluster once added	

3. 當系統提示您輸入使用者名稱和密碼時,請使用<sub>admin</sub>和<sub>changeme</sub>。圖4 - CNR中的「Username and Password(使用者名稱和密碼)」視窗

	ogin for sluster 172.17.110.13	36 <u>?</u>  ×		
	Username: admin			
	Password:			
	E Read Only OK	Cancel		
 4.按	一下「OK」(確定)。出現一個 CNP中的「Server Manager()		中包含已配置群集的	名稱或IP地址。圖
	Network Registrar 3.5(3)	问放箭首连箭)」优美	8	
	dmin <u>S</u> ervers <u>V</u> iew <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp			
	Show properties Control	Show statistics	Add	Remove ┥ 🕨
	□       List of Clusters         □       172.17.110.136         □       □			

- 5. 按兩下DHCP@172.17.110.136,以開啟「DHCP@172.17.110.136屬性」視窗。
- 6. 按一下Policies頁籤,然後按一下New以建立新策略。圖6 新增名為「電纜數據機」的策略 並從「預設」策略複製屬性

DHCP@172.17.110.136 Properties ?X
General Policies Advanced DNS Scope Selection Tags Client-Classes Clients Advanced
Policy: default
Leases
Leases are permanent
Lease time: 7 📮 Day(s) 0 🚔 Hour(s) 0 🚔 Min(s)
Grace period: New Policy ? ×
Options Name: Cable Modems
Active: Copy from: default
dhop-lease-time tftp-server
Units: seconds
Edit options
OK Cancel Apply

- 7. 鍵入策略的名稱。在本範例中,名稱是Cable Modems。
- 8. 如果這是新策略,請將Copy from欄位設定為default。
- 9. 按一下「OK」(確定)。
- 10. 按一下Edit options以指定DHCP選項。對於名為Cable Modems的策略,請新增以下選項(請 參見圖7):dhcp-lease-time默認處於活動狀態,設置為604800秒,即一週中的秒數。路由器是 CMTS電纜介面的IP地址,本例中為10.1.1.10。請參閱配置頭端(CMTS)。CM的時間偏移量 與協調世界時(UTC);cm用它來計算本地時間,以便時間戳錯誤日誌。請參閱How to Calculate the Hexadecimal Value for DHCP Option 2(time offset)。time-servers ToD伺服器 的IP地址,即172.17.110.136。packet-siaddr是TFTP伺服器的IP地址,該地址為 172.17.110.136。packet-file-name是使用DOCSIS CPE配置器配置的DOCSIS配置檔案。此 檔案應位於TFTP伺服器的tftpboot目錄中。圖7 「Edit Options(編輯選項)」視窗,顯示 提供給電纜數據機策略的屬性

Edit Options		? ×
Available: Basic     Lease Information     dhcp-lease-time     dhcp-rebinding-time     dhcp-renewal-time     wINS/NetBIOS     Host IP     Interface     Servers	Add >>> <	Active: dhcp-lease-time routers time-offset time-servers packet-siaddr packet-file-name
Type: unsigned integer Units: seconds Number: 51	Option value(s): 604800 OK Canc	Send to BOOTP clients  Always send to DHCP  clients

**註:如果**您有BOOTP客戶端,請**確保選中「**傳送到BOOTP客戶端」覈取方塊。此外,強烈 建議您選中Always send to DHCP clients覈取方塊。

11. 建立與CM後面的CPE關聯的另一個策略,如筆記型電腦等。在本示例中,策略的名稱為 Cable Modem Clients。請遵循用於「電纜數據機」策略的相同步驟,但這次將「複製自」欄 位設定為「電纜數據機」策略,而不是設定預設策略。圖8 — 新增名為「Cable Modem Clients」的策略並從名為「Cable Modem」的現有策略複製屬性

New Policy		? ×
Name:	Cable Modem Clients	
Copy from:	Cable Modems	
	Ск	Cancel

- 12. 按一下「**OK**」(確定)。
- 13. 按一下Edit option按鈕以選擇活動選項。
- 14. 對於CPE策略,從活動清單中刪除除dhcp-lease-time和routers選項之外的所有選項。為此 ,請在「活動」清單中選擇要刪除的屬性,然後按一下**刪除**按鈕。
- 15. 將routers選項的IP地址更改為192.168.1.1,這是CMTS路由器上配置的輔助IP地址。請參閱 <u>設定頭端(CMTS)</u>。圖9 — 新增路由器的IP地址屬性,該屬性是在在CMTS中應用此策略的電 續介面中配置的輔助IP地址

Edit Options		<u>? ×</u>
Available: Basic auto-configure domain-name domain-name-servers host-name <b>routers</b> • Lease Information • WINS/NetBIOS • Host IP • Interface	Add >>> <<< Remove	Active: dhcp-lease-time routers
Type: IP address array Number: 3	Option value(s): 192.168.1.1 OK Cano	Send to BOOTP clients Always send to DHCP clients

**注意:**此示例將私有IP地址用作CMTS上的輔助地址,並在電纜數據機客戶端策略中使用。 在生產環境中,CPE裝置應使用公共IP地址才能訪問Internet(除非使用網路地址轉換 [NAT])。

16. 建立作用域以與電纜數據機和電纜數據機客戶端策略關聯。要建立新範圍,請在主選單中按 一下DHCP@172.17.110.136,然後按一下Add頁籤。這將允許您新增新範圍。輸入新範圍的 名稱,然後選擇適當的策略。在本例中,纜線資料機的作用域設定為使用從10.1.1.20到 10.1.1.30的IP位址範圍。圖10 — 稱為「電纜數據機」的電纜數據機的範圍

Scope - "Cable Modem" Properties
General Leases Reservations DNS Selection Tags Advanced
General         Name:       Cable Modem         Policy:       Cable Modems       View policy
Addresses         Network number:       10.1.1.0 ]         Subnet mask:       255.255.255.0
Start Address         End Address           10.1.1.20         10.1.1.30
OK         Cancel         Apply           對「Cable           Modem Clients(電纜數據機客戶端)」範圍重復步驟16a和16b。在這種情況下,使用從           102.168.1.20到102.168.1.20的彩友ID地址範圍、團11、一部為「雪續數據機客戶端」的雪線

### 數據機後面CPE裝置的範圍

Scope - "Cable Modem Clier	nts" Properties	? ×
General Leases Reservation	ions DNS Selection Tags Advanced	
General Name: Cable Mo Policy: Cable Mo	odem Clients       odem Clients     View policy	
Addresses		
Network number: 192.18	68.1.0	
Subnet mask: 255.25	255.255.0	
Start Address	End Address	
192.168.1.20 192	2.168.1.30	
	OK Cancel Appl	用於CPE裝
置的作用域需要額外的配置。 啟 <u>圖12中所示的對話</u> 框。 <b>圖12</b>	建立Cable Modem Clients作用域後,需要 2 — <b>電纜數據機客戶端範圍視窗</b>	按兩下該作用域以開

cope - "Cable Moden	n Clients" Properties			? ×
General Leases Re	servations DNS Se	election Tags A	vdvanced	
General Name: Ca Policy: Ca	i <mark>ble Modem Clients</mark> able Modem Clients	<b>•</b>	View policy	
Addresses	102.100.1.0	1		
Network number:	132.168.1.0			
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0			
Start Address	End Address			
192.168.1.20	192.168.1.30			
		-		
	ОК	Cancel	Арр	 炒 <sub>按-</sub>
				×رــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ

Advanced頁籤以將輔助作用域與主作用域相關聯。選中Make this scope a secondary覈取方 塊。一旦下拉選單顯示空白值,請選擇相應的主作用域。在本示例中,選擇了Cable Modems範圍。圖13 — 將「電纜數據機客戶端」範圍設定為輔助範圍並將其與主範圍關聯

Scope - "Cable Modem Clients" Properties	<u>?</u> ×
General Leases Reservations DNS Selection Tags Advanced	
Ping address before offering it	- II
300 🥌 Milliseconds to wait before offering an address	
Make this scope a secondary	
Primary scope:	
Cable Modems (10.1.1.0/255.255.255.0)	
Enable BOOTP	
Dynamic BOOTP	
Disable DHCP for this scope	
OK Cancel <u>Ap</u>	oly

17. 最後,您需要重新啟動DHCP伺服器以使更改生效。在主選單中,選擇 DHCP@172.17.110.136,然後按一下頂部的Control頁籤,以獲取<u>圖14</u>中所示的對話方塊。 此對話方塊允許您重新載入DHCP伺服器。圖14 — 重新載入視窗以提交CNR中的更改

D	HCP@172.17.1	10.136 Contro	d	? ×
	Server state:	Bunning		
	Select an opera	ation to perform or	n the server:	
	O Start	🔿 Stop	Reload	
			<u>r</u> k	Cancel

### DOCSIS配置檔案

設定電纜網路所需的下一步是編寫配置檔案。要使電纜數據機聯機,它需要從DHCP伺服器通過 TFTP下載其配置檔案。在本文檔的示例中,CNR用於提供TFTP和DHCP伺服器。有關設定配置檔 案的最低要求的詳細資訊,請參閱<u>適用於纜線資料機的DHCP和DOCSIS配置檔案(DOCSIS 1.0)</u>。 使用<u>DOCSIS CPE Configurator</u>設定該檔案。在本檔案的<u>在CM上(uBR904)</u>一節中,使用的 DOCSIS配置檔案稱為platinum.cm。 **注意:**建立配置檔案後,請確保將其複製到TFTP伺服器。對於CNR的TFTP伺服器,還必須確保 TFTP伺服器已啟動:

- 選擇TFTP@172.17.110.136,然後按一下Control頁籤。此時會顯示TFTP@172.17.110.136控 制對話方塊,可以在其中啟動伺服器。
- 2. 預設情況下,TFTP伺服器功能為off。要使TFTP伺服器在啟動時自動啟動,請啟動 NRCMD(<u>CNR的命令列介面</u>)並發出以下命令:

```
server tftp set start-on-reboot=enabled
```

save

### 配置頭端(CMTS)

#### 這是CMTS(uBR7246)的基本配置:

```
Current configuration:
1
version 12.1
service timestamps debug uptime
service timestamps log uptime
no service password-encryption
!
hostname Sydney
1
boot system flash ubr7200-ik1s-mz_121-2_T.bin
no logging buffered
enable password <deleted>
1
no cable qos permission create
 !--- Default. no cable gos permission update !--- Default. cable gos permission modems !---
Default. ! ! ! ip subnet-zero no ip domain-lookup ! ! interface FastEthernet0/0 no ip address
shutdown half-duplex ! interface Ethernet1/0 ip address 172.17.110.139 255.255.224
!--- The IP address of the interface in the same LAN segment as CNR. ! interface Ethernet1/1 no
ip address shutdown ! interface Ethernet1/2 no ip address shutdown ! interface Ethernet1/3 no ip
address shutdown ! interface Ethernet1/4 no ip address shutdown ! interface Ethernet1/5 no ip
address shutdown ! interface Ethernet1/6 no ip address shutdown ! interface Ethernet1/7 no ip
address shutdown ! interface Cable2/0 ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0 secondary
!--- The secondary IP address is used for the CPE's scope in CNR. ip address 10.1.1.10
255.255.255.0
!--- The primary IP address is used for the CM's scope in CNR. no keepalive cable downstream
annex B !--- Default for DOCSIS-compliant cable plants. For EuroDOCSIS, use annex A. cable
downstream modulation 64qam !--- Default. cable downstream interleave-depth 32 !--- Default.
cable downstream frequency 451250000
!--- Cosmetic except for the uBR7100. This line has no effect !--- on Upconverter Frequency.
Used as a reminder of the frequency !--- that is used in the Unconverter. cable upstream 0
frequency 28000000
!--- Upstream Frequency configuration. This is chosen after a careful !--- analysis on the noise
levels of the return path. cable upstream 0 power-level 0 no cable upstream 0 shutdown
!--- Enables the upstream 0 port. cable upstream 1 shutdown cable upstream 2 shutdown cable
upstream 3 shutdown cable upstream 4 shutdown cable upstream 5 shutdown cable dhcp-giaddr policy
!--- Modifies the GIADDR field of DHCPDISCOVER and DHCPREQUEST packets. cable helper-address
172.17.110.136
!--- Specifies a destination IP address for UDP-broadcast DHCP packets. ! interface Cable3/0 no
ip address no keepalive shutdown cable downstream annex B cable downstream modulation 64qam
cable downstream interleave-depth 32 cable upstream 0 shutdown cable upstream 1 shutdown cable
upstream 2 shutdown cable upstream 3 shutdown cable upstream 4 shutdown cable upstream 5
```

```
shutdown ! ip classless ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 172.17.110.129
no ip http server
1
line con 0
exec-timeout 0 0
transport input none
line aux 0
line vty 0
exec-timeout 0 0
 transport input none
line aux 0
line vty 0
exec-timeout 0 0
password cisco
login
line vty 1 4
password cisco
login
1
end
配置CM
```

通常,電纜數據機不需要任何使用者配置即可聯機(出廠預設設定除外)。僅當將CM用作網橋時 才適用。以下是在CM聯機後自動獲取的uBR纜線資料機配置的示例:

```
version 12.0
no service pad
service timestamps debug uptime
service timestamps log uptime
no service password-encryption
1
hostname Router
!
clock timezone - 0
ip subnet-zero
no ip routing
!
1
interface Ethernet0
 ip address 10.1.1.25 255.255.255.0
 no ip directed-broadcast
no ip route-cache
 bridge-group 59
bridge-group 59 spanning-disabled
!
interface cable-modem0
 ip address negotiated
 no ip directed-broadcast
no ip route-cache
 cable-modem downstream saved channel 453000000 20 1
 cable-modem mac-timer t2 40000
bridge-group 59
bridge-group 59 spanning-disabled
!
ip default-gateway 10.1.1.10
ip classless
no ip http server
1
!
line con 0
```

transport input none
line vty 0 4
!
end

### 驗證和疑難排解

本節介紹可用於檢驗電纜網路是否正常運行的命令。

### 在CMTS上(uBR7246)

#### 確保纜線資料機已聯機:

Sydney# show cable modem

Interface	Prim	Online	Timing	Rec	QoS	CPE	IP	address	MAC address
	Sid	State	Offset	Power					
Cable2/0/U0	2	online	2290	-0.25	6	1	10.	1.1.25	0050.7366.2223

如果纜線資料機停滯在init(d)狀態,則CMTS纜線的介面與DHCP伺服器之間沒有連線。

確保可以從CMTS的電纜介面發出擴展ping:

#### Sydney# **ping ip**

Target IP address: 172.17.110.136 Repeat count [5]: Datagram size [100]: Timeout in seconds [2]: Extended commands [n]: y Source address or interface: 10.1.1.10 Type of service [0]: Set DF bit in IP header? [no]: Validate reply data? [no]: Data pattern [0xABCD]: Loose, Strict, Record, Timestamp, Verbose[none]: Sweep range of sizes [n]: Type escape sequence to abort. Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 172.17.110.136, timeout is 2 seconds: 11111 Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 8/12/24 ms 如果ping不成功,請檢查IP路由。此外,請確保運行CNR的NT伺服器具有正確的預設網關或路由返 回CMTS。您還可以從CNR發出ping。

在CMTS上用於驗證電纜數據機和CPE連線的另一個命令是show interface cable 2/0 modem 0:

Sydney# show interfaces cable 2/0 modem 0

SID	Priv bit	s Type	State	IP address	method	MAC address	5	
2	00	host	unknown	192.168.1.20	dhcp	0010.a4e6.d04d		
!	A laptop	that is	obtaining an	IP address. 2	00	modem	up	10.1.1.25
dhcp	cp 0050.7366.2223							
!	The cable	modem.						

在CM上(uBR904)

Router# show ip interface brief IP-AddressOK? Method Status10.1.1.25YES unsetup10.1.1.25WBG unsetup Protocol Interface Ethernet0 up cable-modem0 10.1.1.25 YES unset **up** up Router# show controllers cable-modem 0 BCM Cable interface 0: CM unit 0, idb 0x2010AC, ds 0x86213E0, regaddr = 0x800000, reset\_mask 0x80 station address 0050.7366.2223 default station address 0050.7366.2223 PLD VERSION: 32 MAC State is maintenance\_state, Prev States = 15 MAC mcfilter 01E02F00 data mcfilter 01000000 MAC extended header ON DS: BCM 3116 Receiver: Chip id = 2 US: BCM 3037 Transmitter: Chip id = 30AC Tuner: status=0x00 Rx: tuner\_freq 453000000, symbol\_rate 5055880, local\_freq 11520000 snr\_estimate 35210, ber\_estimate 0, lock\_threshold 26000 QAM in lock, FEC in lock, qam\_mode QAM\_64 Tx: TX\_freq 27984000, power\_level 0x30 (24.0 dBmV), symbol\_rate 8 (1280000 sym/sec) DHCP: TFTP server = 172.17.110.136, TOD server = 172.17.110.136 Security server = 0.0.0.0, Timezone Offest = 0 Config filename = platinum.cm buffer size 1600 RX data PDU ring with 32 entries at 0x202130  $rx_head = 0x202168$  (7),  $rx_p = 0x8621418$  (7) RX MAC message ring with 8 entries at 0x202270  $rx_head_mac = 0x2022A0$  (6),  $rx_p_Mac = 0x86214BC$  (6) TX BD ring with 8 entries at 0x2023A8, TX\_count = 0  $TX_head = 0x2023C8$  (4), head\_txp = 0x8621548 (4)  $TX_tail = 0x2023C8$  (4),  $tail_txp = 0x8621548$  (4) TX PD ring with 8 entries at 0x202428, TX\_count = 0  $TX_head_pd = 0x202C28$  (4)  $TX_tail_pd = 0x202C28$  (4) Global control and status: global\_ctrl\_status=0x00 interrupts: irq\_pend=0x0008, irq\_mask=0x00F7 您也可以測試IP連線。從CM ping DHCP伺服器:

Router# ping 172.17.110.136

Type escape sequence to abort. Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 172.17.110.136, timeout is 2 seconds: !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 8/12/24 ms

#### uBR7246

#### Sydney# **show version**

Cisco Internetwork Operating System Software IOS (tm) 7200 Software (UBR7200-IK1S-M), Version 12.1(2)T, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc1) Copyright (c) 1986-2000 by cisco Systems, Inc. Compiled Tue 16-May-00 13:36 by ccai Image text-base: 0x60008900, data-base: 0x613E8000 ROM: System Bootstrap, Version 11.1(10) [dschwart 10], RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc1) BOOTFLASH: 7200 Software (UBR7200-BOOT-M), Version 12.0(10)SC, EARLY DEPLOYMENT RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc1) Sydney uptime is 4 days, 40 minutes System returned to ROM by reload System image file is "slot0:ubr7200-ik1s-mz\_121-2\_T.bin" cisco uBR7223 (NPE150) processor (revision B) with 57344K/8192K bytes of memory. Processor board ID SAB0249006T R4700 CPU at 150Mhz, Implementation 33, Rev 1.0, 512KB L2 Cache 3 slot midplane, Version 1.0 Last reset from power-on Bridging software. X.25 software, Version 3.0.0. 8 Ethernet/IEEE 802.3 interface(s) 1 FastEthernet/IEEE 802.3 interface(s) 2 Cable Modem network interface(s) 125K bytes of non-volatile configuration memory. 1024K bytes of packet SRAM memory. 20480K bytes of Flash PCMCIA card at slot 0 (Sector size 128K). 4096K bytes of Flash internal SIMM (Sector size 256K). Configuration register is 0x2102

#### **uBR904**

#### Router# show version

Cisco Internetwork Operating System Software IOS (TM) 900 Software (UBR900-K10Y556I-M), Version 12.0(7)T, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc2) Copyright (c) 1986-1999 by cisco Systems, Inc. Compiled Tue 07-Dec-99 02:01 by phanguye Image text-base: 0x08004000, database: 0x0852E888 ROM: System Bootstrap, Version 11.2(19980518:195057), RELEASED SOFTWARE

ROM: 900 Software (UBR900-RBOOT-M), Version 11.3(7)NA, EARLY DEPLOYMENT RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc1)

Router uptime is 1 hour, 6 minutes System returned to ROM by reload at 11:20:43 - Thu Oct 12 2001 System restarted at 11:21:53 - Thu Oct 12 2001 System image file is "flash:ubr900-kloy556i-mz.120-7.T.bin"

cisco uBR900 CM (68360) processor (revision D) with 8192K bytes of memory. Processor board ID FAA0315Q07M Bridging software. 1 Ethernet/IEEE 802.3 interface(s) 1 Cable Modem network interface(s) 4096K bytes of processor board System flash (Read/Write) 2048K bytes of processor board Boot flash (Read/Write)

# 相關資訊

- 將Cisco uBR7200系列路由器連線到電纜頭端
- 如何計算DHCP選項2的十六進位制值(時間偏移)
- <u>寬頻纜線技術支援</u>
- 技術支援與文件 Cisco Systems