

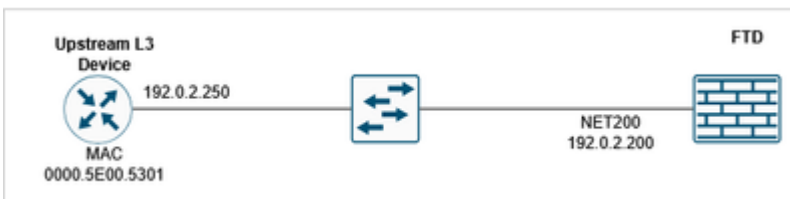
排除FTD故障，即使有ARP条目，仍无法ping通上游设备

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问题

防火墙威胁防御(FTD)无法ping通上游设备的IP地址，尽管防火墙能够观察上游IP地址的ARP条目。ARP表显示了预期的条目，表明第2层连接正常，但第3层ping流量被阻止。

拓扑



FTD CLI症状

对上游IP地址执行ping操作失败：

```
<#root>
```

```
device#
```

```
ping 192.0.2.250
```

```
Type escape sequence to abort.  
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.0.2.250, timeout is 2 seconds:  
?????  
Success rate is 0 percent (0/5)
```

上游IP地址有一个ARP条目：

```
<#root>
```

```
device#
```

```
show arp
```

```
NET200 192.0.2.250 0000.5e00.5301
```

```
47
```

在FTD接口上启用带有跟踪的捕获：

```
<#root>
```

```
device#
```

```
capture CAPI interface NET200 trace match icmp host 192.0.2.200 host 192.0.2.250
```

FTD LINA在ping测试期间的系统日志：

```
<#root>
```

```
device#
```

```
show log | include 192.0.2.250
```

```
May 15 2026 09:46:26: %FTD-6-302020: Built outbound ICMP connection for faddr 192.0.2.250/0 gaddr 192.0.2.200
```

```
May 15 2026 09:46:26: %FTD-3-313001:
```

```
Denied ICMP type=0, code=0 from 192.0.2.250 on interface NET200
```

```
May 15 2026 09:46:26: %FTD-6-302021: Teardown ICMP connection for faddr 192.0.2.250/0 gaddr 192.0.2.200
```

```
...
```

数据包捕获显示到达的ICMP回应应答：

```
<#root>
```

```
device#
```

```
show capture CAPI
```

```
10 packets captured
```

```
  1: 09:46:26.649456      802.1Q vlan#200 PO 192.0.2.200 > 192.0.2.250 icmp: echo request  
  2: 09:46:26.649883      802.1Q vlan#200 PO 192.0.2.250 > 192.0.2.200 icmp:
```

```
echo reply
```

```
  3: 09:46:28.642621      802.1Q vlan#200 PO 192.0.2.200 > 192.0.2.250 icmp: echo request  
  4: 09:46:28.643002      802.1Q vlan#200 PO 192.0.2.250 > 192.0.2.200 icmp:
```

```
echo reply
```

```
...
```

ICMP回应应答的数据包跟踪显示数据包按预期匹配现有连接，并且输出接口为FTD接口（NP身份 lfc）：

```
<#root>
```

```
device#
```

```
show capture CAPI packet-number 2 trace
```

```
10 packets captured
```

```
  2: 09:46:26.649883      802.1Q vlan#200 PO 192.0.2.250 > 192.0.2.200 icmp:
```

```
echo reply
```

```
...
```

```
Phase: 3
```

```
Type: FLOW-LOOKUP
```

```
Subtype:
```

```
Result: ALLOW
```

```
Elapsed time: 4096 ns
```

```
Config:
```

```
Additional Information:
```

```
Found flow with id 1400, using existing flow
```

```
...
```

```
Result:
input-interface: NET200(vrfid:0)
input-status: up
input-line-status: up

output-interface: NP Identity Ifc
```

```
Action: allow
Time Taken: 28672 ns
```

Debug ICMP trace显示ICMP回应应答被拒绝：

```
<#root>
```

```
FTD220-5#
```

```
debug icmp trace
```

```
debug icmp trace enabled at level 1
```

```
FTD220-5#
```

```
ping 192.0.2.250
```

```
Type escape sequence to abort.
```

```
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.0.2.250, timeout is 2 seconds:
```

```
ICMP echo request from self:192.0.2.200 to NET200:192.0.2.250 ID=49503 seq=15001 len=72
```

```
ICMP echo reply
```

```
from NET200:192.0.2.250 to self:192.0.2.200
```

```
ID=49503 seq=15001 len=72
```

```
Denied ICMP type = 0, code = 0 from 192.0.2.250 on interface 4
```

```
?
```

```
...
```

```
Success rate is 0 percent (0/5)
```



警告：请谨慎使用调试！

要关闭ICMP调试，请执行以下操作：

```
<#root>
```

```
device#
```

```
no debug icmp trace
```

```
debug icmp trace disabled.
```

环境

FTD 10.x。其他软件版本也会受到影响。

分辨率

通过在拒绝ping流量的平台设置中识别和纠正ICMP规则配置，解决了此问题。解决方案涉及以下步骤：

步骤1.检验ARP表条目

确认上游IP地址的ARP条目在防火墙的ARP表中可见，表明第2层连接运行正常：

```
<#root>
```

```
device#
```

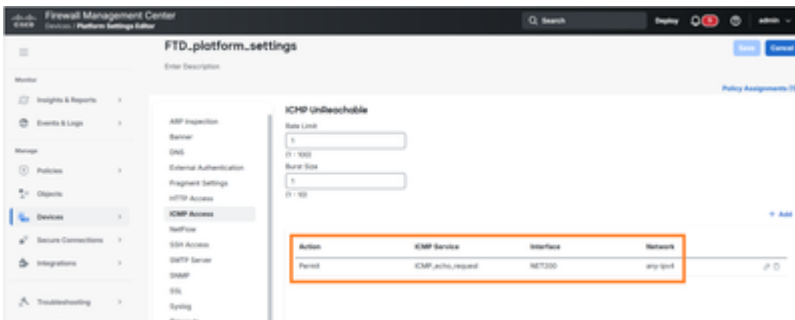
```
show arp
```

步骤2.检查ICMP规则的平台设置

导航到平台设置配置并检查可能影响ping流量的ICMP规则策略。请具体查找可能阻止或拒绝ICMP回应请求/应答数据包的规则。

步骤3.识别并修改阻止ICMP规则

在配置为拒绝ping流量的平台设置中找到ICMP规则。



在本示例中，ICMP规则仅允许FTD接口接受ICMP回应请求。

FTD CLI验证：

```
<#root>
```

```
device#
```

```
show run icmp
```

```
icmp unreachable rate-limit 1 burst-size 1
```

```
icmp permit any echo NET200
```

步骤4.更新ICMP规则配置

根据网络安全要求和运行需要，修改识别的ICMP规则以允许ping流量或删除阻止配置。



Action	ICMP Service	Interface	Network
Permit	ICMP_echo_request	NET200	any-ipv4
Permit	ICMP_echo_reply	NET200	net_192.0.2.0

生成的ICMP规则：

```
<#root>
```

```
device#
```

```
show run icmp
```

```
icmp unreachable rate-limit 1 burst-size 1  
icmp permit any echo NET200
```

```
icmp permit 192.0.2.0 255.255.255.0 echo-reply NET200
```

步骤5.测试连通性

更改配置后，测试对上游IP地址的ping连接，以检验问题是否已解决以及ICMP流量现在是否正常流动：

```
<#root>
```

```
device#
```

```
ping 192.0.2.250
```

```
Type escape sequence to abort.
```

```
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.0.2.250, timeout is 2 seconds:  
!!!!!
```

```
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5)
```

```
, round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/1 ms
```

原因

此问题的根本原因是平台设置中配置的ICMP规则明确拒绝ICMP回应应答流量。虽然防火墙保持正确的第2层连接（通过可见的ARP条目证明），但平台级ICMP规则阻止了第3层ICMP回应应答数据包，阻止对上游IP地址成功执行ping操作。当实施安全策略以限制ICMP流量但可能会无意中影响合法网络连接测试和监控时，就会发生此类配置。

相关内容

- https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/secure-firewall/management-center/device-config/100/management-center-device-config-10-0/interfaces-settings-platform.html#task_42BBA666CD604517ADA18B32CA162F62
- <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/asa/asa-cli-reference/l-R/asa-command-ref-l-R/ia-inr-commands.html#wp1366339900>
- [思科技术支持和下载](#)

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