

使用EAP-TTLS配置计算机和用户身份验证

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简介

本文档介绍如何在安全客户端NAM和Cisco ISE上使用EAP-TTLS(EAP-MSCHAPv2)配置计算机和用户身份验证。

先决条件

要求

思科建议您在继续此部署之前了解以下主题：

- 思科身份服务引擎(ISE)
- 安全客户端网络分析模块(NAM)
- EAP协议

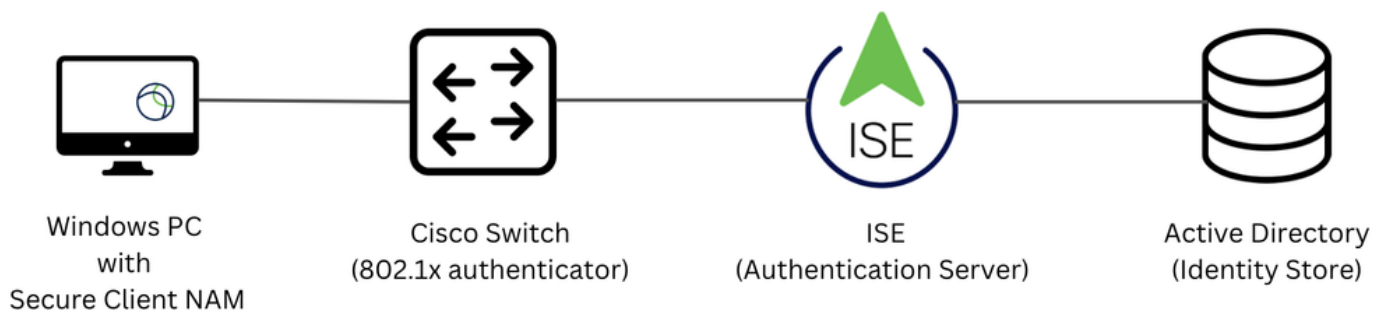
使用的组件

本文档中的信息基于以下软件和硬件版本：

- 身份服务引擎(ISE)版本3.4
- 使用Cisco IOS® XE软件版本16.12.01的C9300交换机
- Windows 10 Pro版本22H2,19045.3930

本文档中的信息都是基于特定实验室环境中的设备编写的。本文档中使用的所有设备最初均采用原始（默认）配置。如果您的网络处于活动状态，请确保您了解所有命令的潜在影响。

网络拓扑



网络拓扑

配置

配置

第一部分： 下载并安装安全客户端NAM（网络访问管理器）

步骤1.转到[Cisco Software Download](#)。在产品搜索栏中，输入Secure Client 5。

此配置示例使用版本5.1.11.388。安装是使用预部署方法执行的。

在下载页面上，找到并下载Cisco Secure Client Pre-Deployment Package(Windows)。

Cisco Secure Client Pre-Deployment Package (Windows) -
includes individual MSI files

22-Aug-2025

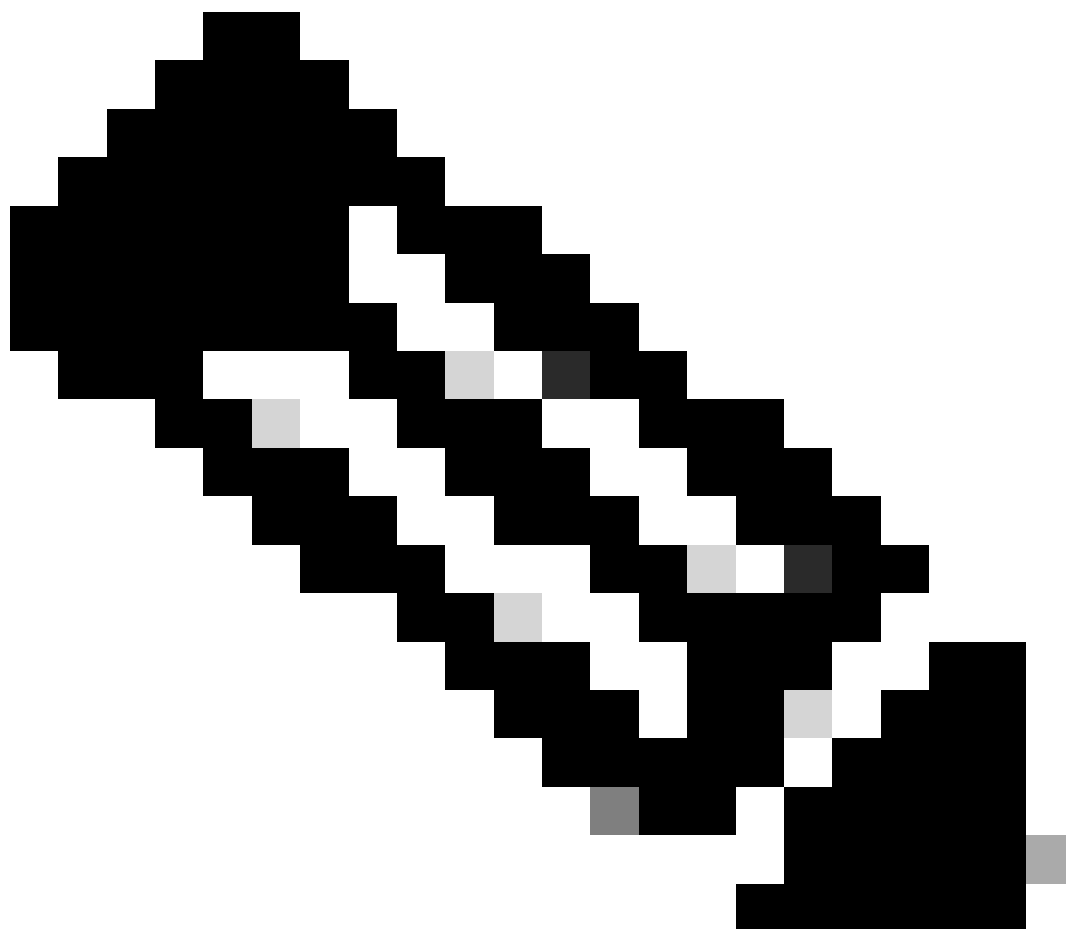
129.05 MB



cisco-secure-client-win-5.1.11.388-predeploy-k9.zip

[Advisories](#) 

预部署压缩文件



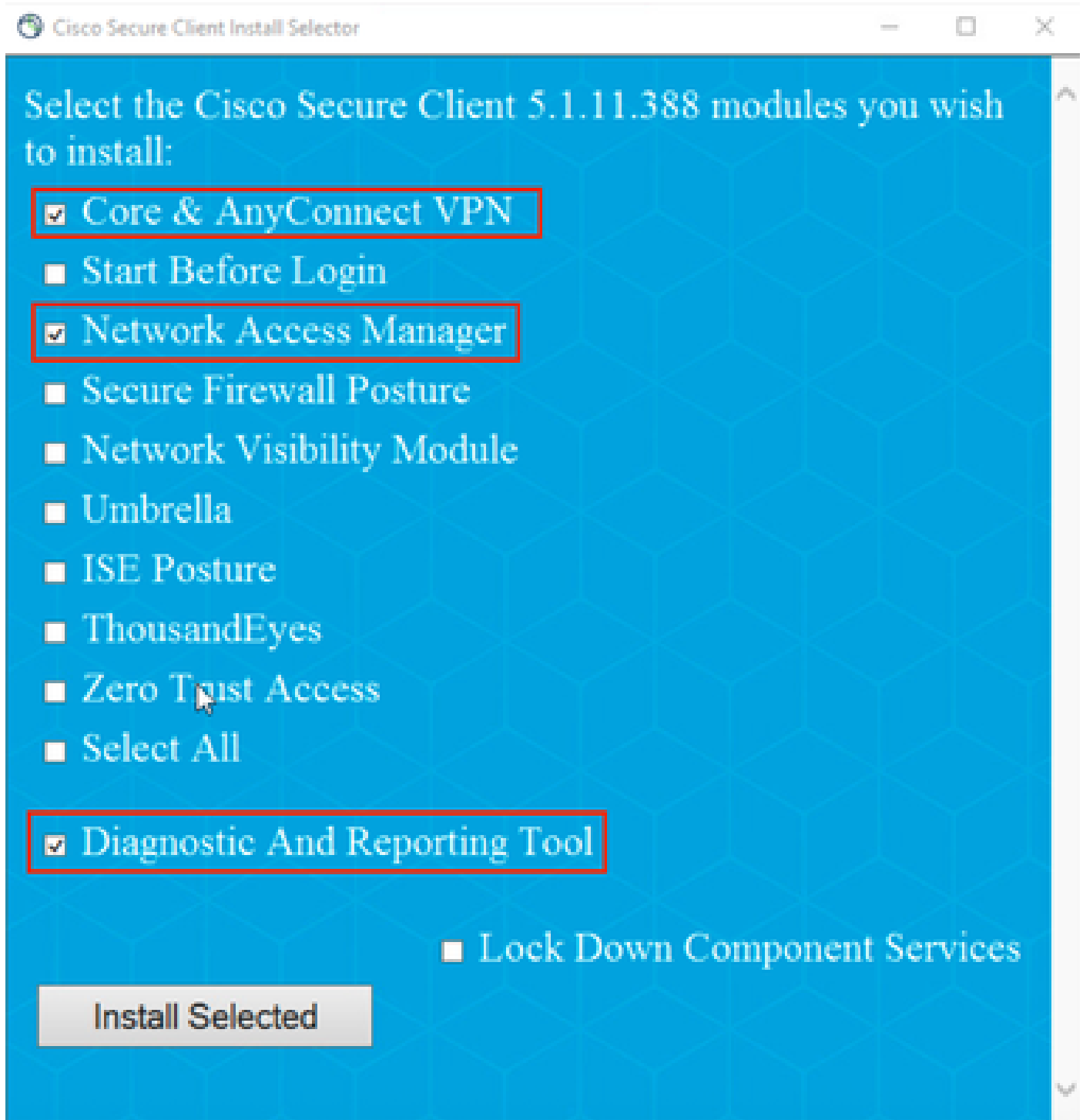
注意：Cisco AnyConnect已被弃用，思科软件下载站点上不再提供。

步骤2. 下载并解压后，单击Setup。

Profiles	File folder						8/14/2025 4:55 PM
Setup	File folder						8/14/2025 4:56 PM
cisco-secure-client-win-2.9.0-thou...	Windows Installer Package	10,172 KB	No	11,204 KB	10%		8/14/2025 4:04 PM
cisco-secure-client-win-5.1.11.388-...	Windows Installer Package	19,886 KB	No	22,535 KB	12%		8/14/2025 4:47 PM
cisco-secure-client-win-5.1.11.388-...	Windows Installer Package	5,404 KB	No	6,956 KB	23%		8/14/2025 4:48 PM
cisco-secure-client-win-5.1.11.388-...	Windows Installer Package	3,470 KB	No	4,738 KB	27%		8/14/2025 4:31 PM
cisco-secure-client-win-5.1.11.388-...	Windows Installer Package	5,289 KB	No	7,136 KB	26%		8/14/2025 4:28 PM
cisco-secure-client-win-5.1.11.388-...	Windows Installer Package	22,159 KB	No	24,112 KB	9%		8/14/2025 4:42 PM
cisco-secure-client-win-5.1.11.388-...	Windows Installer Package	32,457 KB	No	34,035 KB	5%		8/14/2025 4:27 PM
cisco-secure-client-win-5.1.11.388-...	Windows Installer Package	2,080 KB	No	3,082 KB	33%		8/14/2025 4:49 PM
cisco-secure-client-win-5.1.11.388-...	Windows Installer Package	3,955 KB	No	5,287 KB	26%		8/14/2025 4:39 PM
cisco-secure-client-win-5.1.11.214...	Windows Installer Package	26,383 KB	No	31,876 KB	18%		8/14/2025 4:04 PM
Setup	Application	375 KB	No	1,011 KB	63%		8/14/2025 4:32 PM
setup	HTML Application	5 KB	No	23 KB	82%		8/14/2025 4:09 PM

预部署压缩文件

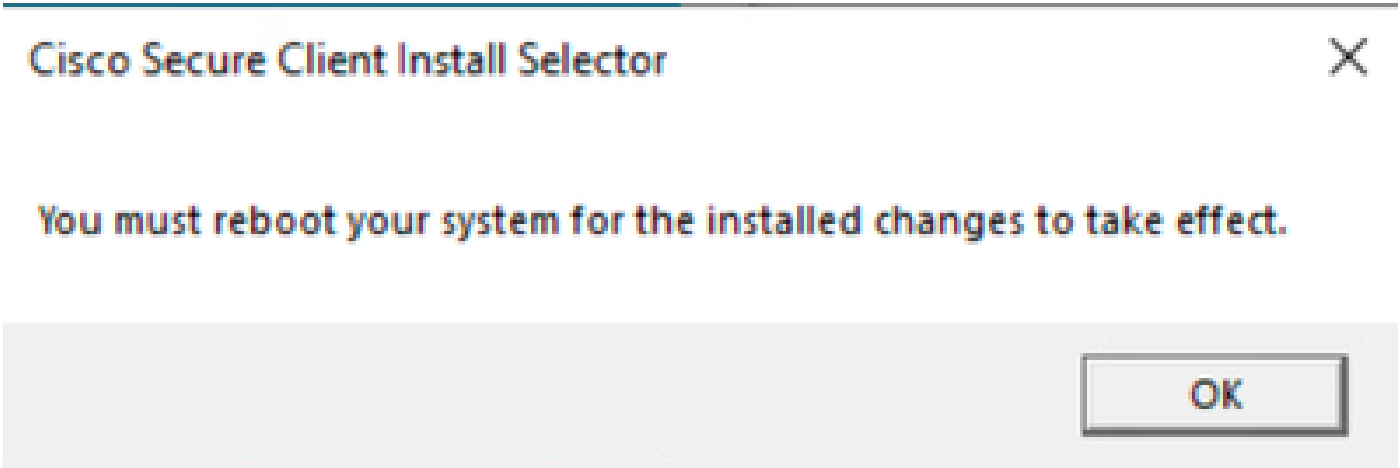
步骤3.安装Core & AnyConnect VPN、Network Access Manager和Diagnostics and Reporting工具模块。



安全客户端安装程序

点击安装选定模块。

步骤4.安装后需要重新启动。单击OK并重新启动设备。



需要重新启动的弹出窗口

第 2 部分： 下载并安装安全客户端NAM配置文件编辑器

步骤1.可以在与安全客户端相同的下载页上找到配置文件编辑器。此配置示例使用版本5.1.11.388。

Profile Editor (Windows) 	22-Aug-2025	14.76 MB	 
tools-cisco-secure-client-win-5.1.11.388-profileeditor-k9.msi			
Advisories 			

配置文件编辑器

下载并安装配置文件编辑器。

步骤2.运行MSI文件。



Welcome to the Cisco Secure Client Profile Editor Setup Wizard

The Setup Wizard will install Cisco Secure Client Profile Editor on your computer. Click "Next" to continue or "Cancel" to exit the Setup Wizard.

< Back

Next >

Cancel

配置文件编辑器安装开始

步骤3.使用Typical setup选项并安装NAM Profile Editor。

Choose Setup Type

Choose the setup type that best suits your needs



Typical

Installs the most common program features. Recommended for most users.



Custom

Allows users to choose which program features will be installed and where they will be installed. Recommended for advanced users.



Complete

All program features will be installed. (Requires most disk space)

Advanced Installer

< Back

Next >

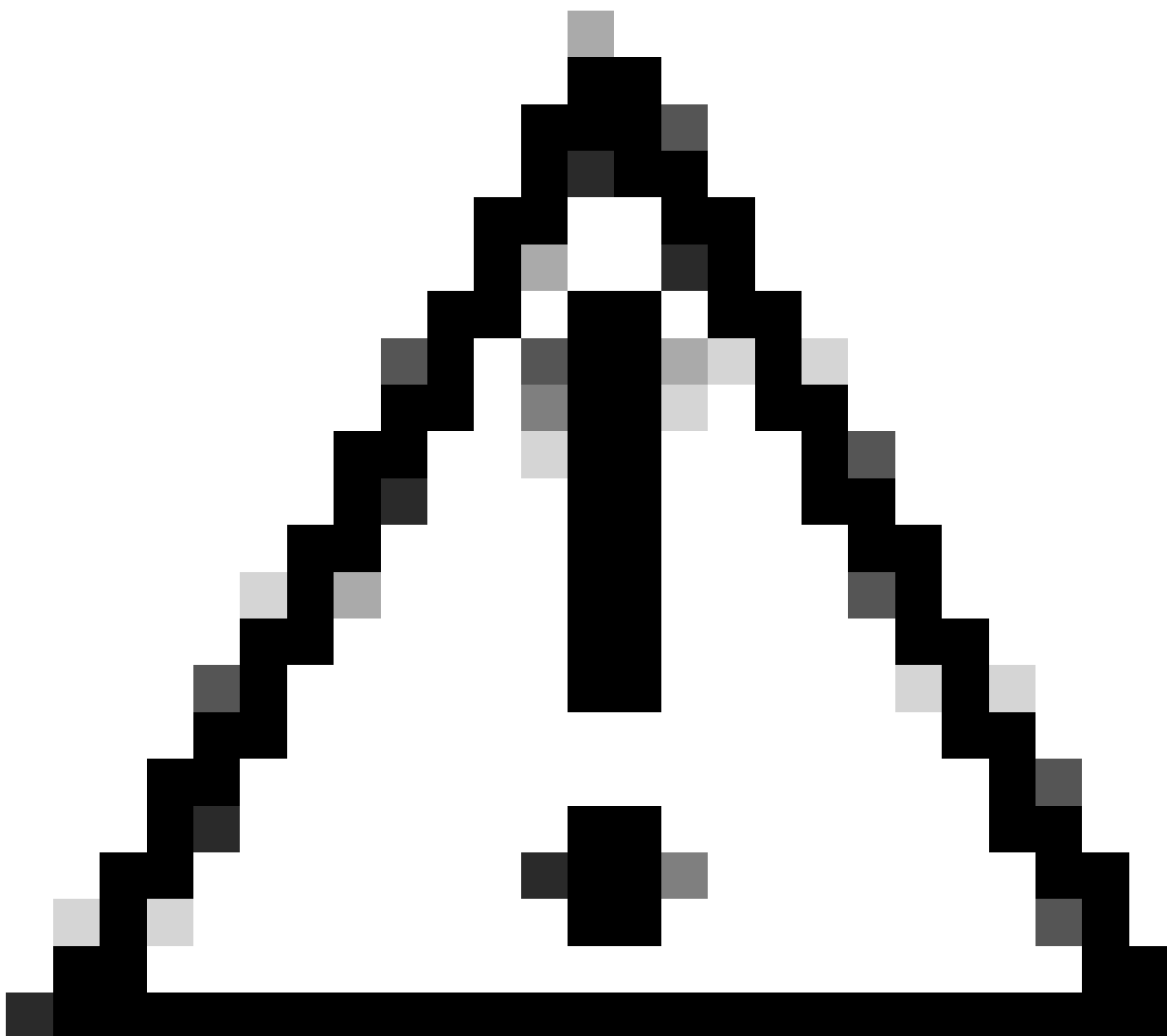
Cancel

配置文件编辑器设置

第 3 部分：允许NAM访问Windows缓存凭据

默认情况下，在Windows 10、Windows 11和Windows Server 2012上，操作系统会阻止网络访问管理器(NAM)检索计算机身份验证所需的计算机密码。因此，除非应用注册表修复，否则使用计算机密码的计算机身份验证不起作用。

要启用NAM以访问计算机凭证，请在客户端桌面上应用[Microsoft KB 2743127](#)修补程序。



警告：错误地编辑Windows注册表可能导致严重的问题。请确保在进行更改之前备份注册表。

步骤1.在Windows搜索栏中，输入regedit，然后单击Registry Editor。

All

Apps

Documents

Web

More ▾

Best match



Registry Editor

System

Related: "regedit.msc"

Search the web



regedit - See more search results



regedit.exe



regedit windows 11



regedit run



regedit windows 10



在本示例中，PSN节点证书由varshaah.varshaah.local颁发。因此，使用规则Common Name以.local结尾。此规则验证服务器在EAP-TTLS流期间提供的证书。

您还可以指定策略服务节点(PSN)EAP身份验证证书的公用名称。

- 在Certificate Trusted Authority下，有两个选项可用。
在此方案中，使用操作系统上安装的Trust any Root Certificate Authority(CA)选项，而不是添加特定CA证书。

使用此选项，Windows设备信任由Certificates - Current User > Trusted Root Certification Authorities > Certificates (由操作系统管理) 中包含的证书签名的任何EAP证书。

- 点击下一步继续。

Networks

Profile: Untitled

Certificate Trusted Server Rules

<new>

Common Name ends with .local

Certificate Field	Match	Value
Common Name	ends with	.local

RemoveSave

Certificate Trusted Authority

☒ Trust any Root Certificate Authority (CA) Installed on the OS

☐ Include Root Certificate Authority (CA) Certificates

Add

Remove

Next

Cancel

NAM配置文件编辑器证书

步骤6.在Machine Credentials部分中，选择Use Machine Credentials，然后单击Next。

Networks

Profile: Untitled

Machine Identity

Unprotected Identity Pattern:

Protected Identity Pattern:

Machine Credentials

☒ Use Machine Credentials

☐ Use Static Credentials

Password:

Next

Cancel

NAM配置文件编辑器凭证

步骤7.配置用户身份验证部分。

- 在EAP Methods下选择EAP-TTLS。
- 在内部方法下，选择使用EAP方法，然后选择EAP-MSCHAPv2。
- 单击 Next。

Networks
Profile: Untitled

EAP Methods

☐ EAP-MD5 ☐ EAP-TLS
☐ EAP-MSCHAPv2 ☒ EAP-TTLS
☐ EAP-GTC ☐ PEAP
☐ EAP-FAST

☐ Extend user connection beyond log off

EAP-TTLS Settings

☒ Validate Server Identity
☒ Enable Fast Reconnect

Inner Methods

☒ Use EAP Methods
☐ EAP-MD5
☒ EAP-MSCHAPv2
☐ PAP (legacy) ☐ MSCHAP (legacy)
☐ CHAP (legacy) ☐ MSCHAPv2 (legacy)

Next **Cancel**

NAM配置文件编辑器用户身份验证

步骤8.在证书中，配置与步骤5中所述的相同证书验证规则。

第9步：在用户凭证中，选择使用单点登录凭证，然后单击完成。

Networks

Profile: Untitled

User Identity

Unprotected Identity Pattern:

Protected Identity Pattern:

User Credentials

☒ Use Single Sign On Credentials

☐ Prompt for Credentials

☐ Remember Forever

☒ Remember while User is Logged On

☐ Never Remember

☐ Use Static Credentials

Password:

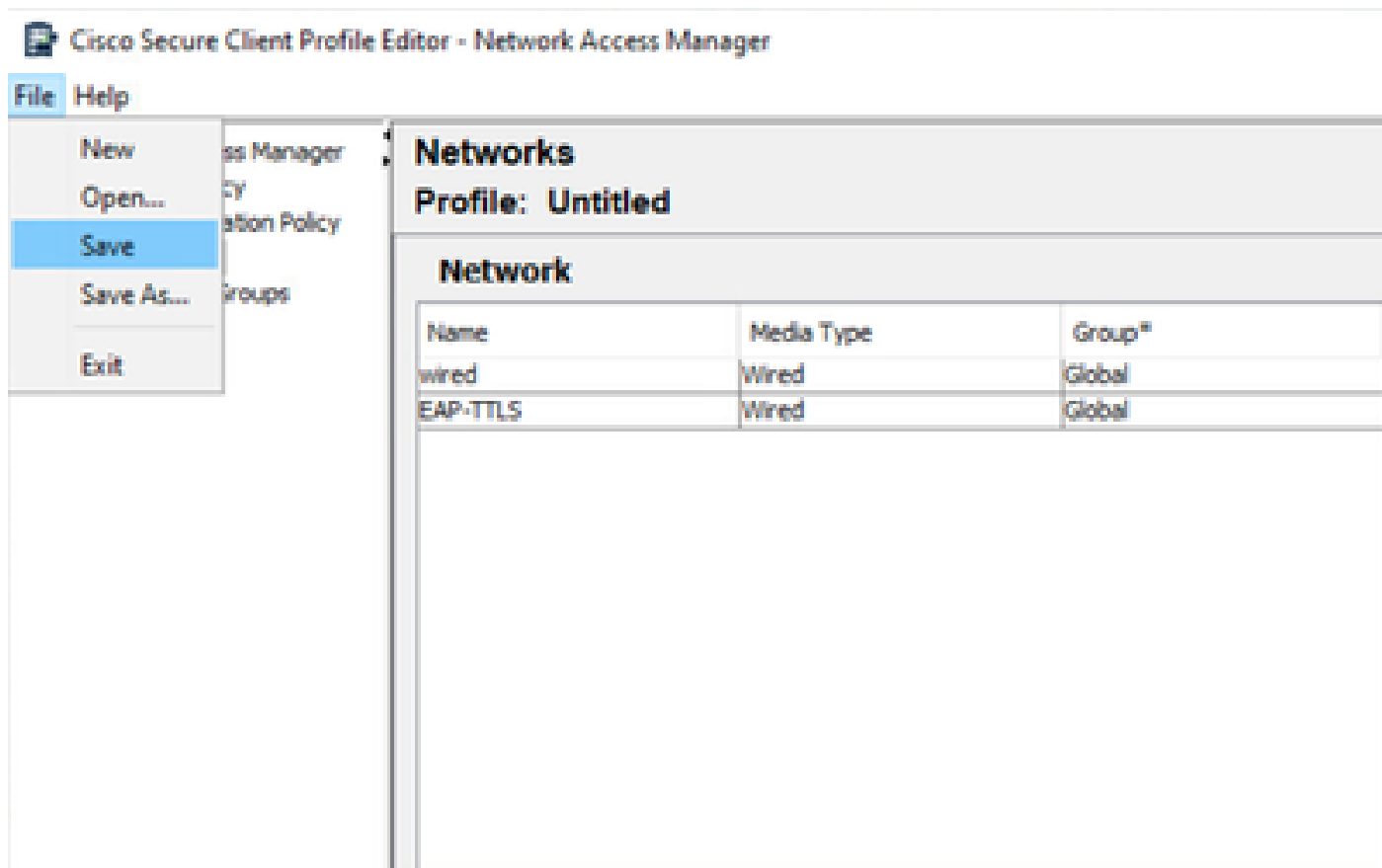
Done

Cancel

NAM配置文件编辑器用户凭证

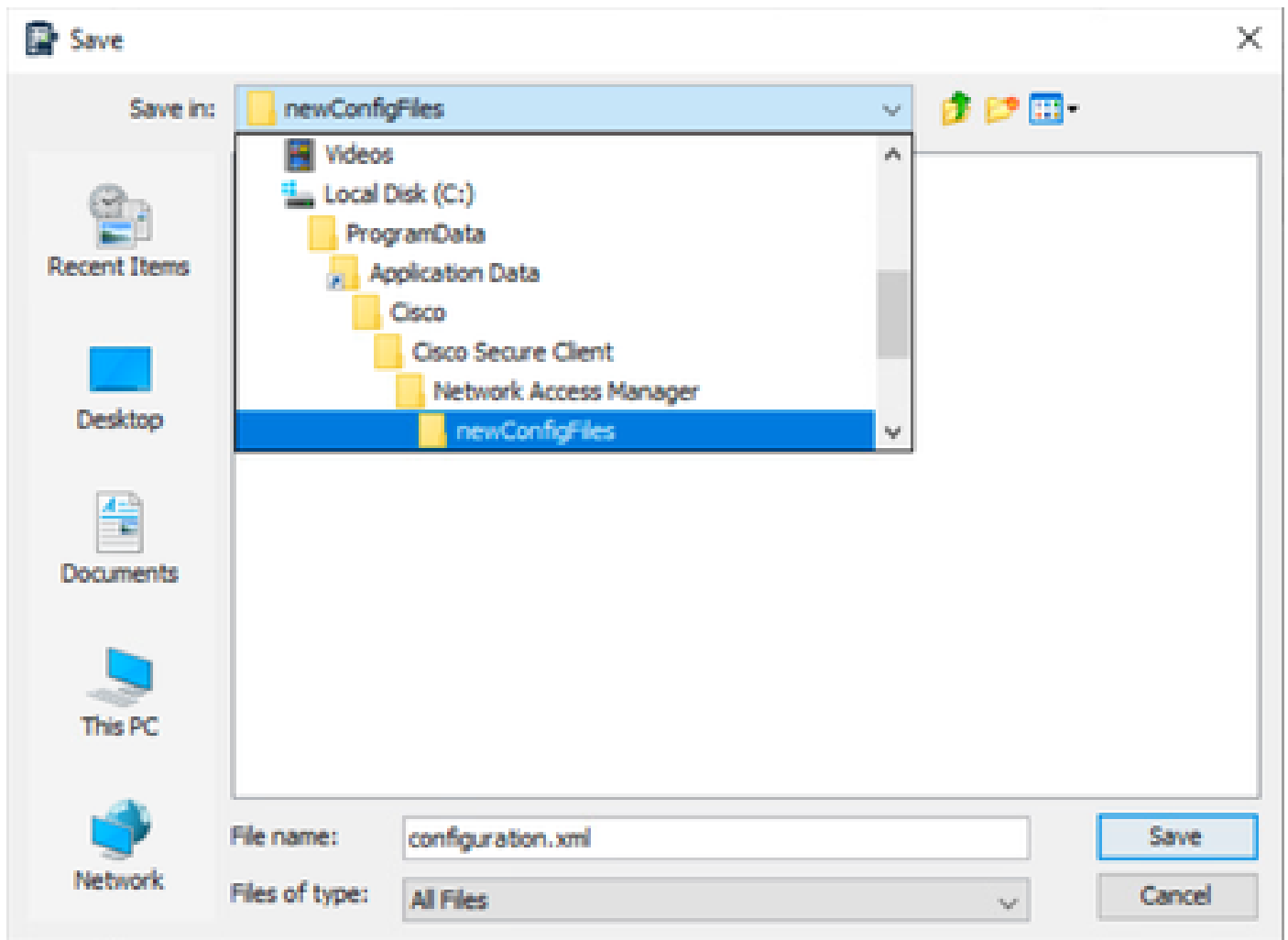
第6部分：保存网络配置文件

步骤1.单击文件>保存。



NAM配置文件编辑器保存网络配置

步骤2.将文件另存为newConfigFiles文件夹中的configuration.xml。



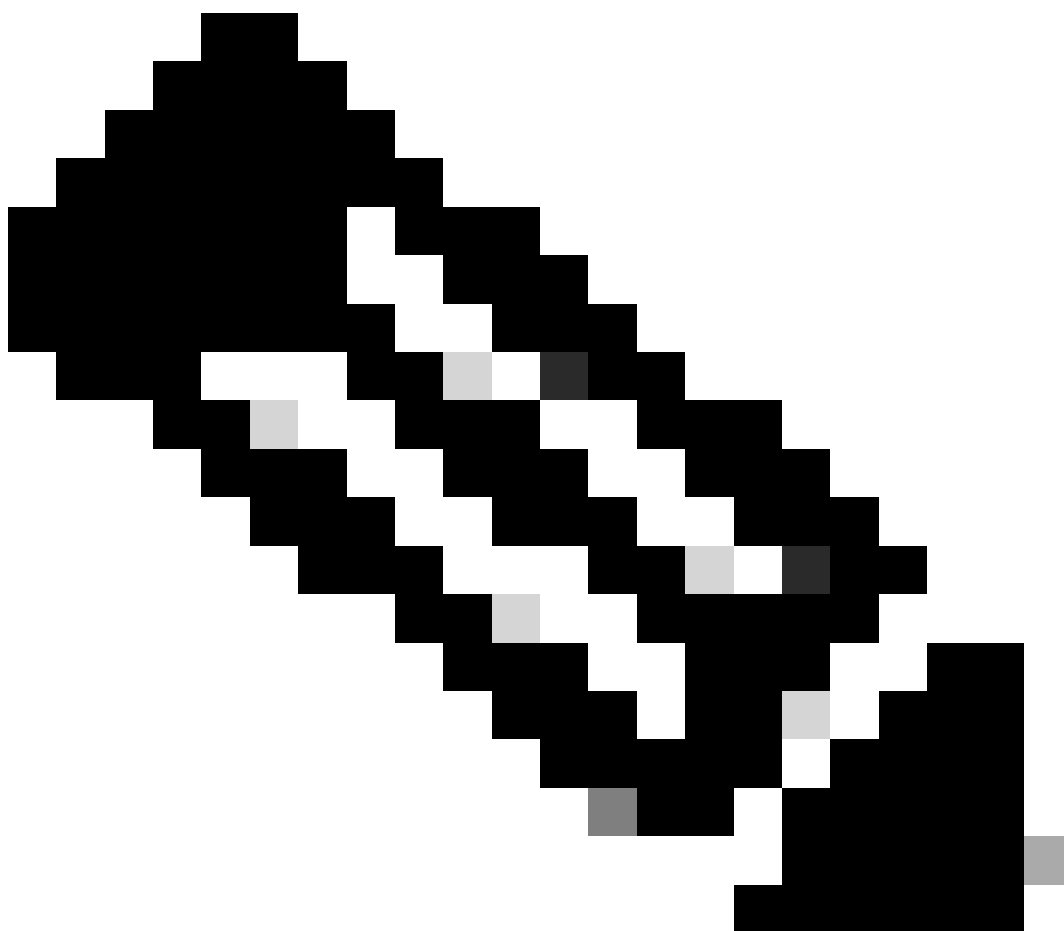
保存网络配置

第7部分：在交换机上配置AAA

```
C9300-1#sh run aaa
!
aaa authentication dot1x default group labgroup
aaa authorization network default group labgroup
aaa accounting dot1x default start-stop group labgroup
aaa accounting update newinfo periodic 2880
!
!
!
!
aaa server radius dynamic-author
  client 10.76.112.135 server-key cisco
!
!
radius server labserver
  address ipv4 10.76.112.135 auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813
  key cisco
!
!
aaa group server radius labgroup
  server name labserver
!
```

```
!  
!  
!  
aaa new-model  
aaa session-id common  
!  
!
```

```
C9300-1(config)#dot1x system-auth-control
```



注意：dot1x system-auth-control命令不会出现在show running-config输出中，但全局启用802.1X需要此命令。

为802.1X配置交换机接口：

```
C9300-1(config)#do sh run int gig1/0/44
Building configuration...
```

```
Current configuration : 242 bytes
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/44
 switchport access vlan 96
 switchport mode access
 device-tracking
 authentication order dot1x mab
 authentication priority dot1x mab
 authentication port-control auto
 authentication host-mode multi-auth
 authentication periodic

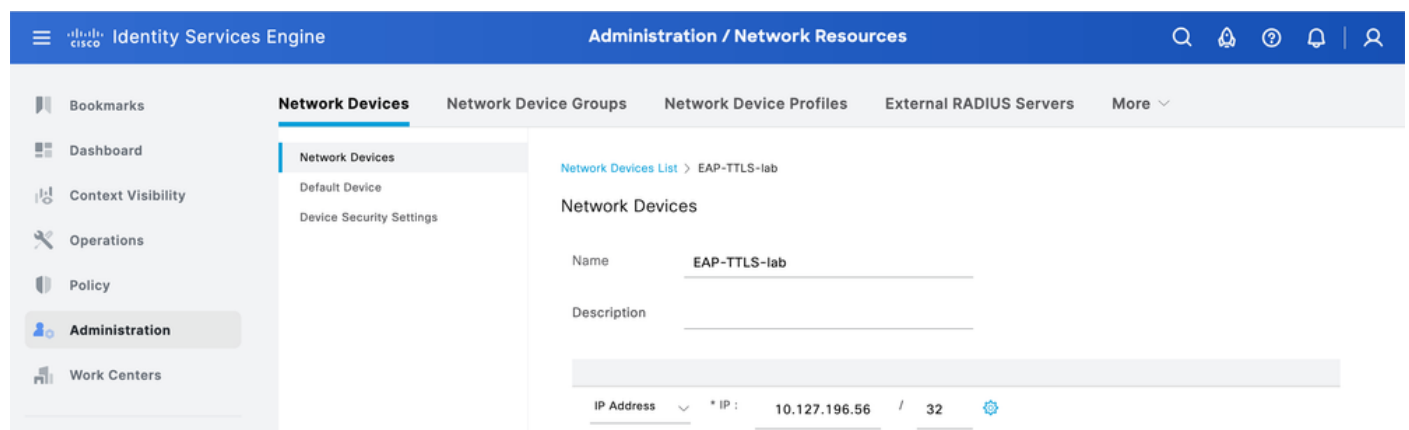
 mab
 dot1x pae authenticator
end
```

第8部分：ISE配置

步骤1.在ISE上配置交换机。

导航到Administration > Network Resources > Network Devices，然后单击Add。

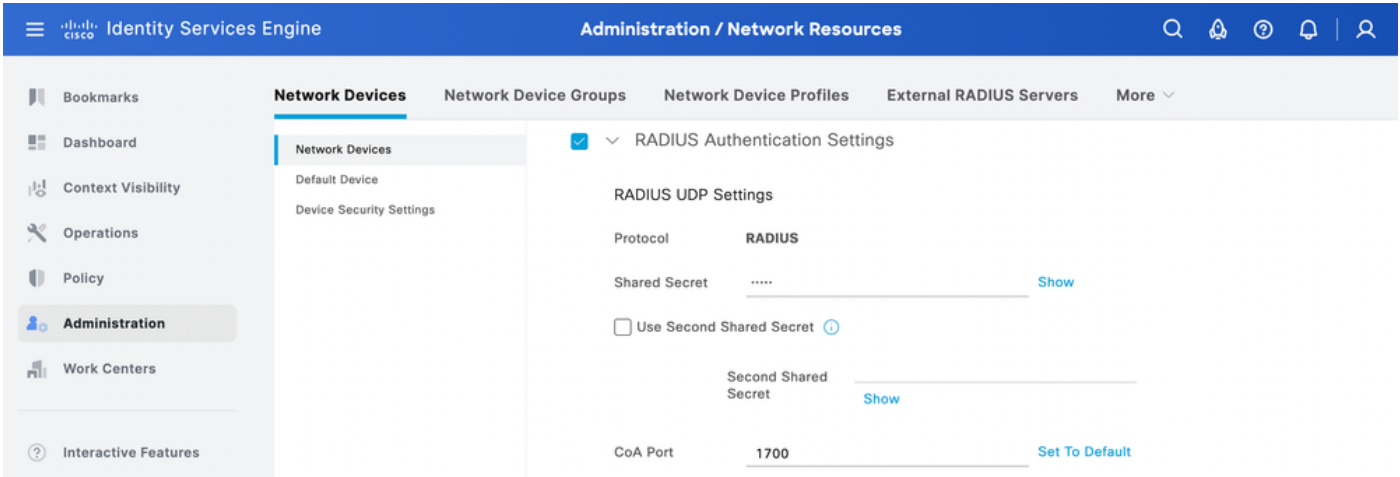
在此处输入交换机名称和IP地址。



The screenshot shows the Cisco Identity Services Engine (ISE) Administration console. The top navigation bar is blue with the Cisco logo and the text "Identity Services Engine". The main header is "Administration / Network Resources". The left sidebar contains a menu with "Bookmarks", "Dashboard", "Context Visibility", "Operations", "Policy", "Administration" (highlighted), and "Work Centers". The main content area is titled "Network Devices" and has a sub-menu with "Network Devices", "Network Device Groups", "Network Device Profiles", "External RADIUS Servers", and "More". The "Network Devices" sub-menu is selected, and the "Network Devices List" is displayed. The "Network Devices" form is shown with the following fields: "Name" (EAP-TTLS-lab), "Description" (empty), "IP Address" (10.127.196.56), and "Subnet" (32). A gear icon is visible next to the IP address field.

添加网络设备ISE

输入RADIUS共享密钥，与之前在交换机上配置的密钥相同。



RADIUS共享密钥ISE

步骤2.配置身份源序列。

- 导航到管理>身份管理>身份源序列。
- 单击Add创建新的身份源序列。
- 在Authentication Search List下配置身份源。

Identity Source Sequences List > EAP_TTLS

Identity Source Sequence

Identity Source Sequence

Name

EAP_TTLS

Description

Certificate Based Authentication

Select Certificate Authentication Profile

Certificate_Profile

Authentication Search List

A set of identity sources that will be accessed in sequence until first authentication succeeds

Available

All_AD_Join_Points

bbh

Selected

varshaah-ad

Internal Users

步骤3.配置策略集。

导航到Policy > Policy Sets并创建新的策略集。将条件配置为Wired_802.1x或Wireless_802.1x。对于Allowed Protocols，选择Default Network Access:

Policy Sets

Reset

Reset Policyset Hitcounts

Save

+	Status	Policy Set Name	Description	Conditions	Allowed Protocols / Server Sequence	Hits	Actions	View
Search								
	✓	EAP-TTLS		OR Wired_802.1X Wireless_802.1X	Default Network Access +	0		

EAP-TTLS策略集

为dot1x创建身份验证策略并选择在步骤4中创建的身份源序列。

Authentication Policy(2)

+	Status	Rule Name	Conditions	Use	Hits
Search					
	✓	Dot1x	OR Wired_802.1X Wireless_802.1X	EAP_TTLS Options	0
	✓	Default		All_User_ID_Stores Options	0

EAP-TTLS身份验证策略

对于授权策略，创建具有三个条件的规则。第一个条件检查使用EAP-TTLS隧道的条件。第二个条件检查EAP-MSCHAPv2是否用作内部EAP方法。第三个条件检查各个AD组。

				Results			
	Status	Rule Name	Conditions	Profiles	Security Groups	Hits	Actions
Search							
	✔	User Authentication	AND	Network Access-EapTunnel EQUALS EAP-TTLS	PermitAccess ✎ +	Select from list ✎ +	0
				Network Access-EapAuthentication EQUALS EAP-MSCHAPv2			
				varshaah-ad-ExternalGroups EQUALS varshaah.local/Builtin/Users			
⋮	✔	Machine Authentication	AND	Network Access-EapTunnel EQUALS EAP-TTLS	PermitAccess ✎ +	Select from list ✎ +	0
				Network Access-EapAuthentication EQUALS EAP-MSCHAPv2			
				varshaah-ad-ExternalGroups EQUALS varshaah.local/Users/Domain Computers			

Dot1x授权策略

验证

您可以重新启动Windows 10计算机，也可以先注销，然后再登录。每当显示Windows登录屏幕时，都会触发计算机身份验证。

↺ Reset Repeat Counts

↗ Export To

Filter

Time	Status	Details	Repeat ...	Identity	Endpoint ID	Endpoint Profile	Authentication Policy	Authorization Policy	Authorization Profiles
				Identity	Endpoint ID	Endpoint Profile	Authentication Policy	Authorization Policy	Authorization Profiles
Sep 23, ...	🟡	🔒	0	host/DESKTOP-QSCE4P3	B4:96:91:26:E9:AB	Intel-Device	EAP-TTLS >> Dot1x	EAP-TTLS >> Machine Authentication	PermitAccess
Sep 23, ...	✔	🔒		host/DESKTOP-QSCE4P3	B4:96:91:26:E9:AB	Intel-Device	EAP-TTLS >> Dot1x	EAP-TTLS >> Machine Authentication	PermitAccess

实时日志计算机身份验证

当您使用凭证登录到PC时，会触发用户身份验证。

Cisco Secure Client | EAP-TTLS



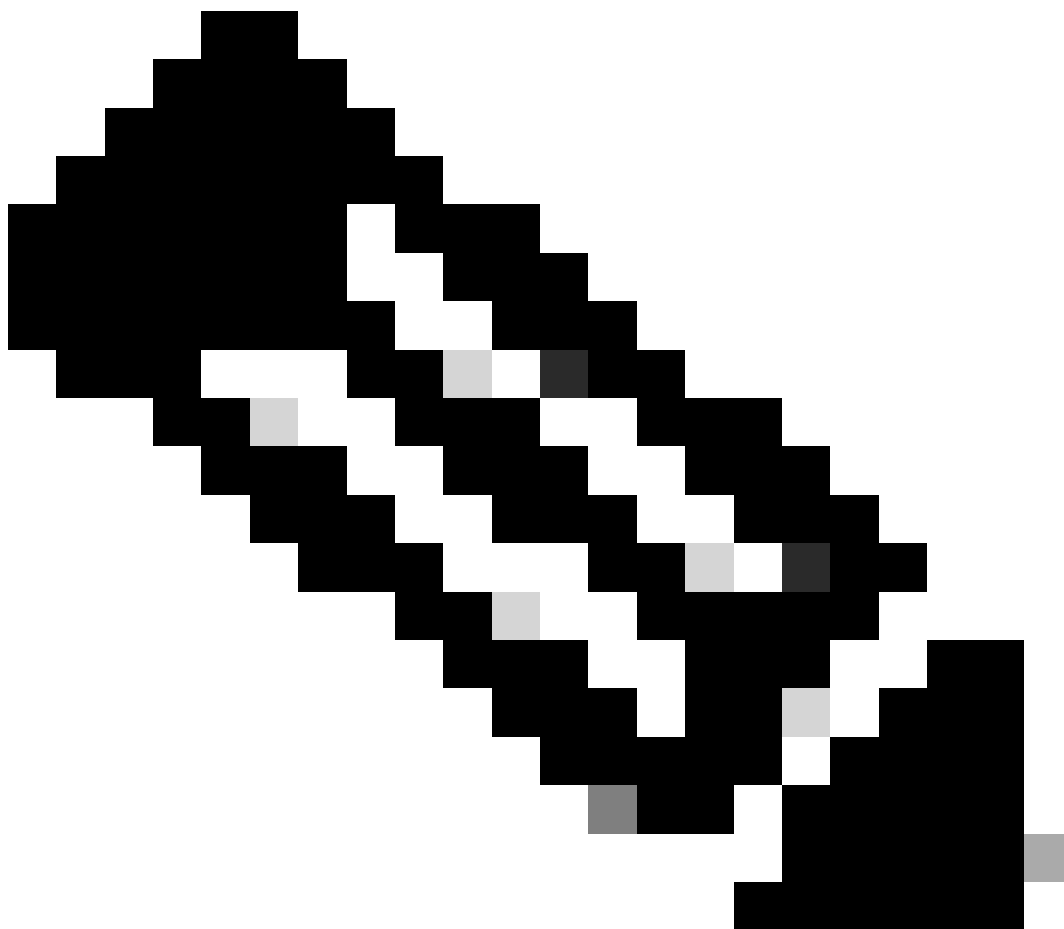
Please enter your username and password for the network: EAP-TTLS

Username:

Password:

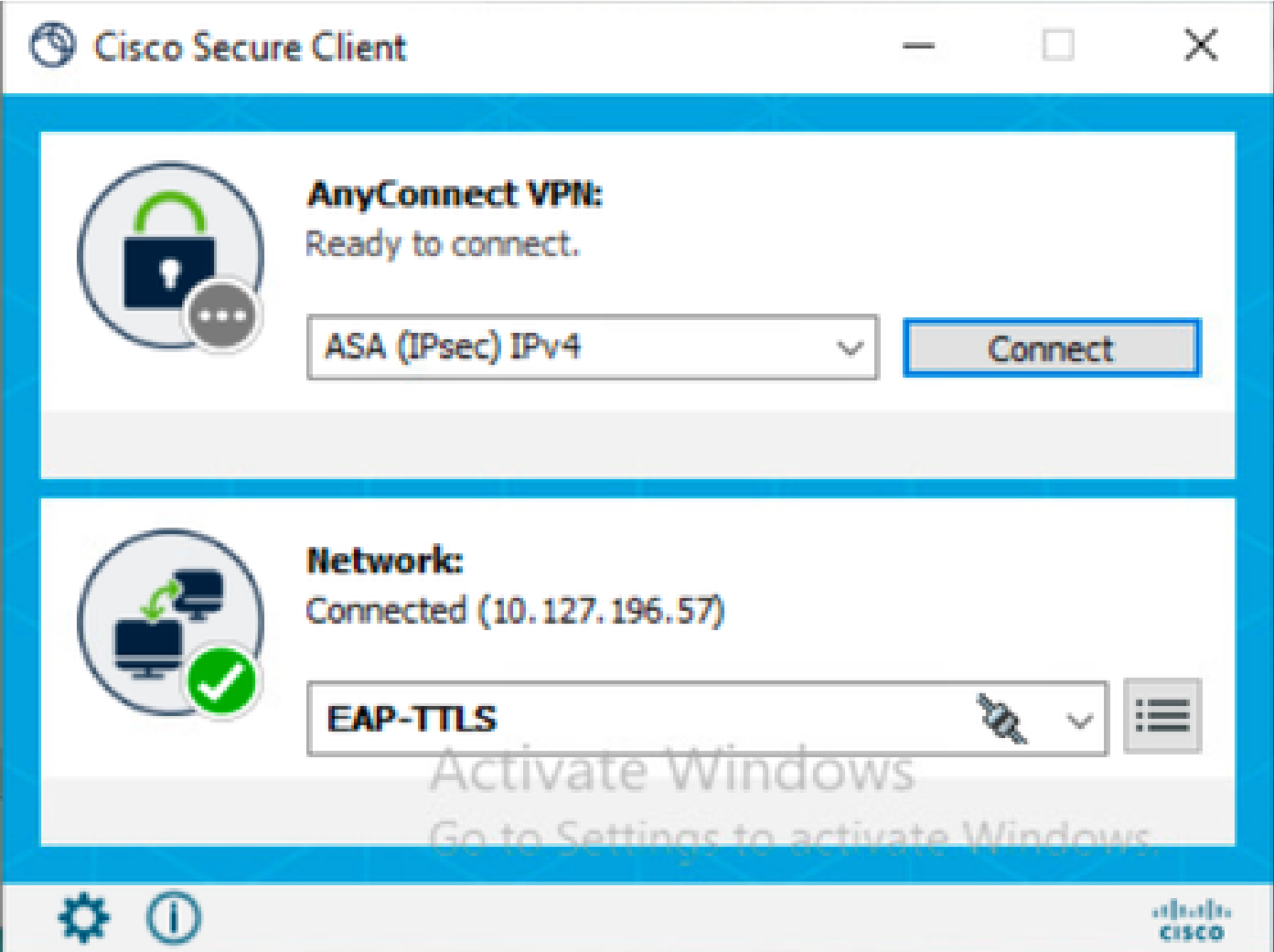
☐ Show Password

用户身份验证凭证



注意：此示例使用Active Directory用户凭据进行身份验证。或者，您可以在Cisco ISE中创建内部用户并使用这些凭证登录。

输入凭证并成功验证后，终端通过用户身份验证连接到网络。



已连接EAP-TTLS

Reset Repeat Counts

Export To

Filter

Time	Status	Details	Repea...	Identity	Endpoint ID	Endpoint Profile	Authentication Policy	Authorization Policy	Authorization Profiles
X				Identity	Endpoint ID	Endpoint Profile	Authentication Policy	Authorization Policy	Authorization Profiles
Sep 23, ...			0	labuser	B4:96:91:26:E9:AB	Intel-Device	EAP-TTLS >> Dot1x	EAP-TTLS >> User Authentication	PermitAccess
Sep 23, ...				labuser	B4:96:91:26:E9:AB	Intel-Device	EAP-TTLS >> Dot1x	EAP-TTLS >> User Authentication	PermitAccess

实时日志用户身份验证

分析ISE RADIUS实时日志

本部分说明成功进行计算机身份验证和用户身份验证的RADIUS实时日志条目。

计算机身份验证

11001 Received RADIUS Access-Request 11017 RADIUS created a new session 11507 Extracted EAP-Response/Identity **12983 Prepared EAP-Request proposing EAP-TTLS with challenge** **12978 Extracted EAP-Response containing EAP-TTLS challenge-response and accepting EAP-TTLS as negotiated** 12800 Extracted first TLS record; TLS handshake started 12805 Extracted TLS ClientHello message 12806 Prepared TLS ServerHello message 12807 Prepared TLS Certificate message 12808 Prepared TLS ServerKeyExchange message 12810 Prepared TLS ServerDone message 12803 Extracted TLS ChangeCipherSpec message 12804 Extracted TLS Finished message 12801 Prepared TLS ChangeCipherSpec message 12802 Prepared TLS Finished message **12816 TLS handshake succeeded** **11806**

Prepared EAP-Request for inner method proposing EAP-MSCHAP with challenge 12985 Prepared EAP-Request with another EAP-TTLS challenge 11006 Returned RADIUS Access-Challenge 11001 Received RADIUS Access-Request ... 12971 Extracted EAP-Response containing EAP-TTLS challenge-response **11808 Extracted EAP-Response containing EAP-MSCHAP challenge-response for inner method and accepting EAP-MSCHAP as negotiated** ... 24431 Authenticating machine against Active Directory - varshaah-ad 24325 Resolving identity - host/DESKTOP-QSCE4P3 ... 24343 RPC Logon request succeeded - DESKTOP-QSCE4P3\$@varshaah.local **24470 Machine authentication against Active Directory is successful - varshaah-ad** 22037 Authentication Passed ... 12971 Extracted EAP-Response containing EAP-TTLS challenge-response 11810 Extracted EAP-Response for inner method containing MSCHAP challenge-response 11814 Inner EAP-MSCHAP authentication succeeded 11519 Prepared EAP-Success for inner EAP method **12975 EAP-TTLS authentication succeeded** ... 15036 Evaluating Authorization Policy 24209 Looking up Endpoint in Internal Endpoints IDStore - host/DESKTOP-QSCE4P3 24211 Found Endpoint in Internal Endpoints IDStore 15048 Queried PIP - Network Access.Device IP Address 15048 Queried PIP - Network Access.EapTunnel **15016 Selected Authorization Profile - PermitAccess** ... 11002 Returned RADIUS Access-Accept

用户身份验证

11001 Received RADIUS Access-Request 11017 RADIUS created a new session ... 11507 Extracted EAP-Response/Identity **12983 Prepared EAP-Request proposing EAP-TTLS with challenge** ... **12978 Extracted EAP-Response containing EAP-TTLS challenge-response and accepting EAP-TTLS as negotiated** 12800 Extracted first TLS record; TLS handshake started 12805 Extracted TLS ClientHello message 12806 Prepared TLS ServerHello message 12807 Prepared TLS Certificate message 12808 Prepared TLS ServerKeyExchange message 12810 Prepared TLS ServerDone message ... 12812 Extracted TLS ClientKeyExchange message 12803 Extracted TLS ChangeCipherSpec message 12804 Extracted TLS Finished message 12801 Prepared TLS ChangeCipherSpec message 12802 Prepared TLS Finished message **12816 TLS handshake succeeded** ... **11806 Prepared EAP-Request for inner method proposing EAP-MSCHAP with challenge** 12985 Prepared EAP-Request with another EAP-TTLS challenge 11006 Returned RADIUS Access-Challenge 11001 Received RADIUS Access-Request ... 12971 Extracted EAP-Response containing EAP-TTLS challenge-response **11808 Extracted EAP-Response containing EAP-MSCHAP challenge-response for inner method and accepting EAP-MSCHAP as negotiated** ... 24430 Authenticating user against Active Directory - varshaah-ad 24325 Resolving identity - labuser@varshaah.local ... 24343 RPC Logon request succeeded - labuser@varshaah.local **24402 User authentication against Active Directory succeeded - varshaah-ad** 22037 Authentication Passed ... 12971 Extracted EAP-Response containing EAP-TTLS challenge-response 11810 Extracted EAP-Response for inner method containing MSCHAP challenge-response 11814 Inner EAP-MSCHAP authentication succeeded 11519 Prepared EAP-Success for inner EAP method **12975 EAP-TTLS authentication succeeded** ... 15036 Evaluating Authorization Policy 24209 Looking up Endpoint in Internal Endpoints IDStore - labuser 24211 Found Endpoint in Internal Endpoints IDStore 15048 Queried PIP - Network Access.Device IP Address 15048 Queried PIP - Network Access.EapTunnel **15016 Selected Authorization Profile - PermitAccess** ... 11002 Returned RADIUS Access-Accept

分析NAM日志

NAM日志（特别是在启用扩展日志记录之后）包含大量数据，其中大部分数据无关并且可以忽略。本部分列出调试行，以演示NAM建立网络连接的每个步骤。当您处理日志时，这些关键短语有助于查找与问题相关的日志部分。

计算机身份验证

2160: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:01:44.696 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11812][comp=SAE]: 80

客户端从网络交换机接收EAP-TTLS数据包，并启动EAP-TTLS会话。这是机器身份验证隧道的起点

。

```
2171: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:01:44.696 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11812][comp=SAE]: EA
2172: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:01:44.696 +0900: %csc_nam-6-INFO_MSG: %[tid=11812][comp=SAE]: CER
2173: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:01:44.696 +0900: %csc_nam-6-INFO_MSG: %[tid=11812][comp=SAE]: CER
```

客户端从ISE接收Server Hello并开始验证服务器证书(CN=varshaah.varshaah.local)。 在客户端的信任存储中找到证书并添加该证书以进行验证。

```
2222: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:01:44.696 +0900: %csc_nam-6-INFO_MSG: %[tid=11768]: Validating th
2223: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:01:44.696 +0900: %csc_nam-6-INFO_MSG: %[tid=11768]: Server certif
```

服务器证书已成功验证，正在完成TLS隧道建立。

```
2563: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:01:44.789 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11768]: Network EAP-
2564: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:01:44.789 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11812][comp=SAE]: NE
2565: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:01:44.789 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11768]: Network EAP-
```

客户端发出已通过身份验证的信号。接口被解除阻塞，并且内部状态机转换到USER_T_NOT_DISCONNECTED，表示机器现在可以传递流量。

```
2609: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:01:44.821 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11768]: Network EAP-
2610: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:01:44.821 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11824][comp=SAE]: NE
2611: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:01:44.821 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11768]: Network EAP-
2612: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:01:44.821 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11824][comp=SAE]: NE
2613: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:01:44.821 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11768]: Network EAP-
2614: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:01:44.821 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11824][comp=SAE]: NE
2615: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:01:44.821 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11768]: Network EAP-
```

适配器报告authenticated，并且NAM AccessStateMachine转换为ACCESS_AUTHENTICATED。这确认计算机已成功完成身份验证并具有完全网络访问权限。

用户身份验证

```
100: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 14:01:26.669 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=9664]: Network EAP-TT
```

NAM客户端开始EAP-TTLS连接过程。

```
195: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 15:09:11.780 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=3252]: Binding adapte
198: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 15:09:11.780 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=3252]: Network EAP-TT
```

NAM将物理适配器绑定到EAP-TTLS网络并进入ACCESS_ATTACHED状态，确认适配器已准备好进行身份验证。

```
204: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 15:09:11.780 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=3252]: Network EAP-TT
247: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 15:09:11.780 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=3680][comp=SAE]: STAT
```

从802.1X交换开始，客户端从ATTACHED转换到CONNECTING。

```
291: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:15:36.388 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=6644][comp=SAE]: 8021
```

客户端发送EAPOL-Start以触发身份验证过程。

```
331: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:15:36.435 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=6644][comp=SAE]: PORT
332: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:15:36.435 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=6644][comp=SAE]: 8021
340: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:15:36.435 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=6644][comp=SAE]: EAP
```

交换机请求身份，客户端准备使用外部身份进行响应。

```
402: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:15:36.685 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=9580]: EAP-CB: creden
422: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:15:36.685 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=6088]: EAP: processin
460: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:15:36.685 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=6088]: EAP: credentia
```

NAM发送外部身份。默认情况下，这是anonymous，表示交换用于用户身份验证（而不是计算机）。

```
488: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:15:36.497 +0900: %csc_nam-6-INFO_MSG: %[tid=6088]: EAP: EAP sugges
489: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:15:36.497 +0900: %csc_nam-6-INFO_MSG: %[tid=6088]: EAP: EAP reques
490: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:15:36.497 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=6088]: EAP: EAP metho
491: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:15:36.497 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=6088]: EAP: credentia
```

客户端和服务端都同意使用EAP-TTLS作为外部方法。

```
660: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 14:01:27.185 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=8296][comp=SAE]: EAP
661: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 14:01:27.185 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=8296][comp=SAE]: EAP
```

客户端发送Client Hello并接收Server Hello，其中包括ISE证书。

```
706: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:31.967 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11932][comp=SAE]: 802
717: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:31.967 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11932][comp=SAE]: EAP
718: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:31.967 +0900: %csc_nam-6-INFO_MSG: %[tid=11932][comp=SAE]: CERT
719: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:31.983 +0900: %csc_nam-6-INFO_MSG: %[tid=11932][comp=SAE]: CERT
726: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:31.983 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11932][comp=SAE]: EAP
```

系统将显示服务器证书。客户端查找CN varshaah.varshaah.local，找到匹配项并验证证书。在检查X.509证书时，握手将暂停。

```
729: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:31.983 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11932][comp=SAE]: EAP
730: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:31.983 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11916][comp=SAE]: EAP
1110: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:42.044 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=9644]: Auth[EAP-TTLS
1111: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:42.044 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=9644]: Auth[EAP-TTLS
```

隧道已建立。NAM现在请求并准备受保护的身份证和凭证以进行内部身份验证。

```
1527: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:42.169 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11916][comp=SAE]: EA
1528: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:42.169 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11916][comp=SAE]: EA
1573: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:42.184 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11932][comp=SAE]: EA
1574: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:42.184 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11932][comp=SAE]: EA
1575: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:42.184 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11932][comp=SAE]: EA
```

TLS握手完成。现在已建立用于内部身份验证的安全隧道。

```
1616: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 14:01:46.262 +0900: %csc_nam-6-INFO_MSG: %[tid=9664]: Protected iden
1620: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 14:01:46.262 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=9664]: Auth[EAP-TTLS
1689: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 14:01:46.277 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=9664]: Auth[EAP-TTLS
```

受保护的身份证 (用户名) 由ISE发送和接受。

```
1708: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 14:01:46.277 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=9456][comp=SAE]: EAP
1738: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:01:44.758 +0900: %csc_nam-6-INFO_MSG: %[tid=11768]: Protected pas
1741: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:42.200 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=9644]: Auth[EAP-TTLS
```

ISE请求密码。NAM在TLS隧道内发送受保护的密码。

```
1851: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:42.262 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=9644]: Auth[EAP-TTLS
1852: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:42.262 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11932][comp=SAE]: ST
1853: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:42.262 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=9644]: Auth[EAP-TTLS
1854: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:42.262 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11932][comp=SAE]: ST
1855: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Sep 25 2025 13:04:42.262 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11932][comp=SAE]: ST
```

ISE验证密码，发送EAP-Success，并且NAM转换为AUTHENTICATED。此时，用户身份验证已完成，客户端可以访问网络。

故障排除

当排除与思科ISE和交换机集成的网络访问管理器(NAM)故障时，必须从所有三个组件收集日志：安全客户端(NAM)、思科ISE和交换机。

安全客户端(NAM)日志

1. 按照以下步骤启用NAM扩展日志记录。
2. 重现问题.如果网络配置文件不适用，请在安全客户端中运行[Network Repair](#)。
3. 使用[诊断和报告工具\(DART\)](#)收集DART捆绑包。

思科ISE日志

在ISE上启用这些调试以捕获身份验证和目录交互：

- 运行时AAA
- nsf
- NSF会话

交换机日志

基本调试

```
request platform software trace rotate all
set platform software trace smd switch active R0 radius debug
set platform software trace smd switch active R0 aaa debug
set platform software trace smd switch active R0 dot1x-all debug
set platform software trace smd switch active R0 eap-all debug
debug radius all
```

高级调试 (如果需要)

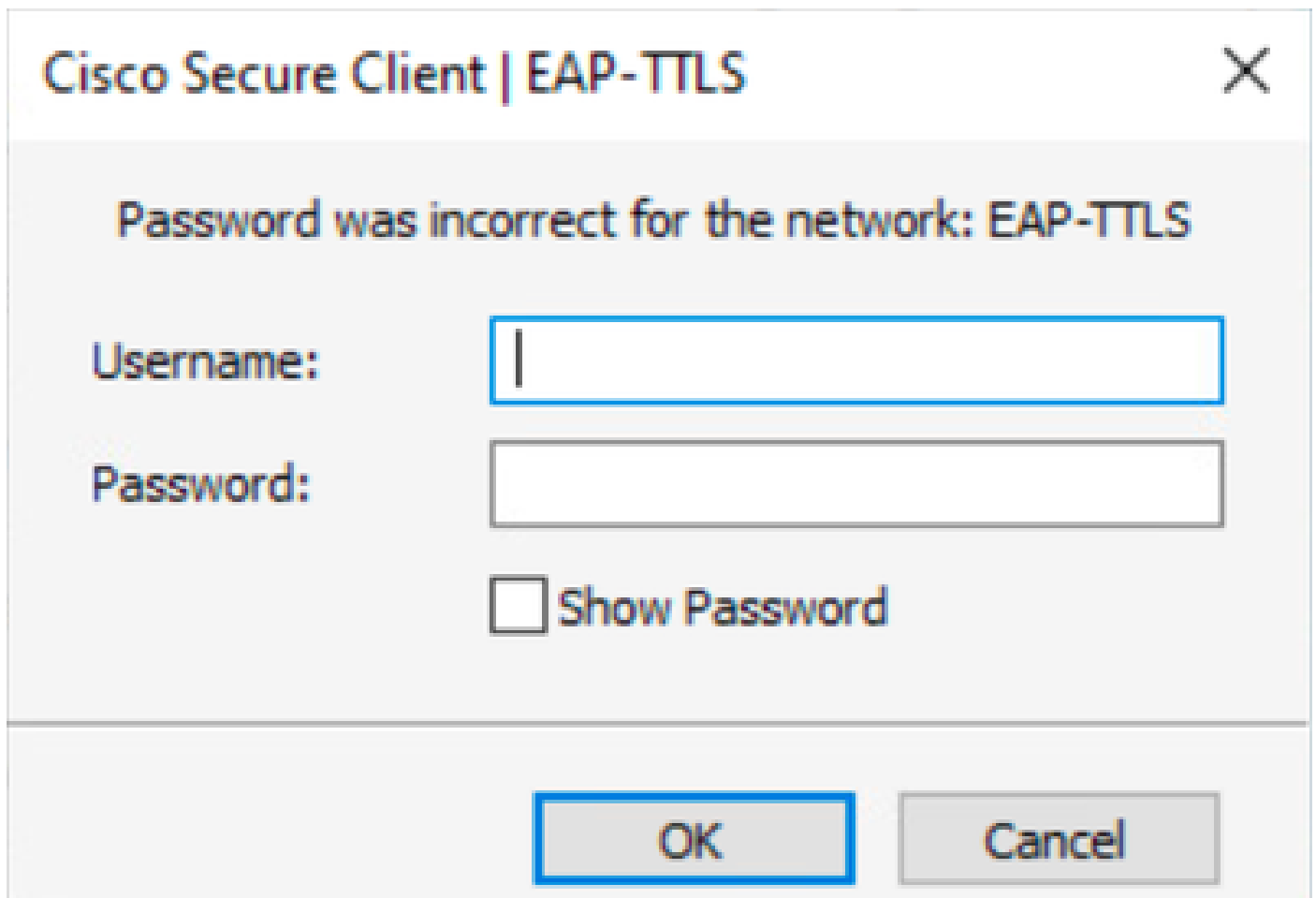
```
set platform software trace smd switch active R0 epm-all debug
set platform software trace smd switch active R0 pre-all debug
```

显示命令

```
show version
show debugging
show running-config aaa
show authentication session interface gix/x details
show dot1x interface gix/x
show aaa servers
show platform software trace message smd switch active R0
```

由于凭证无效，用户身份验证失败

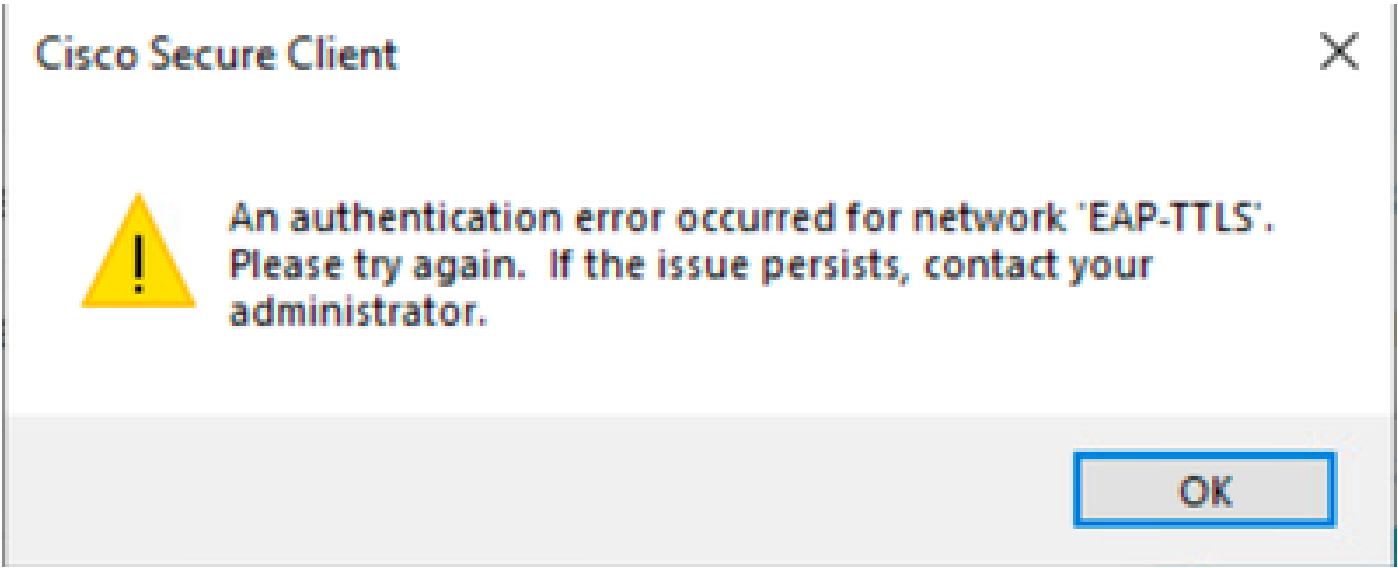
当用户输入不正确的凭证时，安全客户端会显示网络的通用密码不正确：EAP-TTLS消息。屏幕上的错误没有指定问题是由无效的用户名还是密码造成的。



The image shows a Windows-style dialog box titled "Cisco Secure Client | EAP-TTLS" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main message in the dialog is "Password was incorrect for the network: EAP-TTLS". Below this message, there are two input fields: "Username:" and "Password:". The "Username:" field is currently empty and has a blue border. The "Password:" field is also empty and has a grey border. Below the "Password:" field, there is a checkbox labeled "Show Password", which is currently unchecked. At the bottom of the dialog, there are two buttons: "OK" and "Cancel". The "OK" button has a blue border, while the "Cancel" button has a grey border.

密码错误

如果身份验证连续两次失败，安全客户端将显示以下消息：网络“EAP-TTLS”出现身份验证错误。请重试。如果问题仍然存在，请与管理员联系。



用户身份验证问题

要确定原因，请查看NAM日志。

1.密码不正确：

当用户输入不正确的密码时，NAM日志会显示与以下输出类似的条目：

```
3775: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Oct 02 2025 15:29:39.921 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11300][comp=SAE]: EA
3776: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Oct 02 2025 15:29:39.921 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11300][comp=SAE]: EA
3777: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Oct 02 2025 15:29:39.922 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11300][comp=SAE]: EA
```

在Cisco ISE实时日志中，对应事件显示为：

Event	5400 Authentication failed
Failure Reason	24408 User authentication against Active Directory failed since user has entered the wrong password
Resolution	Check the user password credentials. If the RADIUS request is using PAP for authentication, also check the Shared Secret configured for the Network Device
Root cause	User authentication against Active Directory failed since user has entered the wrong password

密码不正确

11001 Received RADIUS Access-Request 11017 RADIUS created a new session ... 11507 Extracted EAP-Response/Identity 10 **12983 Prepared EAP-Request proposing EAP-TTLS with challenge ... 12978 Extracted EAP-Response containing EAP-TTLS challenge-response and accepting EAP-TTLS as negotiated** 12800 Extracted first TLS record; TLS handshake started ... 12810 Prepared TLS ServerDone message ... 12812 Extracted TLS ClientKeyExchange message 12803 Extracted TLS ChangeCipherSpec message ... **12816 TLS handshake succeeded ... 11806 Prepared EAP-Request for inner method proposing EAP-MSCHAP with challenge 0** 12985 Prepared EAP-Request with another EAP-TTLS challenge 11006 Returned RADIUS Access-Challenge 0 11001 Received RADIUS Access-Request ... 12971 Extracted EAP-Response containing EAP-TTLS challenge-response 0 **11808 Extracted EAP-Response containing EAP-MSCHAP challenge-response for inner method and accepting EAP-MSCHAP as negotiated ... 15013 Selected Identity Source - varshaah-ad 0 24430 Authenticating user against Active Directory - varshaah-ad 0 24325 Resolving identity - labuser@varshaah.local 4 24313 Search for matching accounts at join point - varshaah.local 0 24319 Single matching account found in forest - varshaah.local 0 24323 Identity resolution detected single matching account 0 24344 RPC Logon request failed - STATUS_WRONG_PASSWORD, ERROR_INVALID_PASSWORD, labuser@varshaah.local 20 24408 User authentication against Active Directory failed since user has entered the wrong password - varshaah-ad 1 ... 11823 EAP-MSCHAP authentication attempt failed ... 11815 Inner EAP-MSCHAP authentication failed 0 ... 12976 EAP-TTLS authentication failed 0 ... 11003 Returned RADIUS Access-Reject**

2.用户名不正确：

当用户输入不正确的用户名时，NAM日志会显示类似于以下输出的条目：

3788: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Oct 02 2025 15:29:39.923 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11300][comp=SAE]: EA
3789: DESKTOP-QSCE4P3: Oct 02 2025 15:29:39.923 +0900: %csc_nam-7-DEBUG_MSG: %[tid=11300]: EAP-CB: EAP

在Cisco ISE实时日志中，对应事件显示为：

Event	5400 Authentication failed
Failure Reason	22056 Subject not found in the applicable identity store(s)
Resolution	Check whether the subject is present in any one of the chosen identity stores. Note that some identity stores may have been skipped due to identity resoulution settings or if they do not support the current authentication protocol.
Root cause	Subject not found in the applicable identity store(s).

用户名不正确

11001 Received RADIUS Access-Request 11017 RADIUS created a new session ... 11507 Extracted EAP-Response/Identity **12983 Prepared EAP-Request proposing EAP-TTLS with challenge ... 12978 Extracted EAP-Response containing EAP-TTLS challenge-response and accepting EAP-TTLS as negotiated** 12800 Extracted first TLS record; TLS handshake started ... 12810 Prepared TLS ServerDone message ... 12812 Extracted TLS ClientKeyExchange message 12803 Extracted TLS ChangeCipherSpec message ... **12816 TLS handshake succeeded ... 11806 Prepared EAP-Request for inner method proposing EAP-MSCHAP with challenge** 12985 Prepared EAP-Request with another EAP-TTLS challenge 11006 Returned RADIUS Access-Challenge 11001 Received RADIUS Access-Request ... 12971 Extracted EAP-Response containing EAP-TTLS challenge-response **11808 Extracted EAP-Response containing EAP-**

MSCHAP challenge-response for inner method and accepting EAP-MSCHAP as negotiated 15013 Selected Identity Source - All_AD_Join_Points 24430 Authenticating user against Active Directory - varshaah-ad 24325 Resolving identity - user@varshaah.local 24313 Search for matching accounts at join point - varshaah.local 24352 Identity resolution failed - ERROR_NO_SUCH_USER **24412 User not found in Active Directory - varshaah-ad** 15013 Selected Identity Source - Internal Users 24210 Looking up User in Internal Users IDStore - user **24216 The user is not found in the internal users identity store** 22056 Subject not found in the applicable identity store(s) 22058 The advanced option that is configured for an unknown user is used 22061 The 'Reject' advanced option is configured in case of a failed authentication request **11823 EAP-MSCHAP authentication attempt failed** **11815 Inner EAP-MSCHAP authentication failed** 12976 EAP-TTLS authentication failed 0 11504 Prepared EAP-Failure 1 **11003 Returned RADIUS Access-Reject**

已知缺陷

Bug ID	描述
思科漏洞ID 63395	ISE 3.0在服务重新启动后找不到REST ID存储

关于此翻译

思科采用人工翻译与机器翻译相结合的方式将此文档翻译成不同语言，希望全球的用户都能通过各自的语言得到支持性的内容。

请注意：即使是最好的机器翻译，其准确度也不及专业翻译人员的水平。

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