

# 使用 Dialer Watch 配置 ISDN 上的 IPSec 冗余

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## 简介

本文提供一配置示例如何加密从网络的流量在路由器1背后到在Router2后的网络(环回0s使用作为网络在本例中)。如果主链路(以太网)路由器1和Router2之间断开，IP安全流量继续流经辅助链路(ISDN)。有几个方式得到此目标;您能使用Dialer Watch、备份接口、需求电路和浮动静态。此配置示例展示Dialer Watch机制。关于其它特性的更多信息，参考[评估备份接口、浮动静态路由和Dialer Watch DDR备份的](#)。

## 先决条件

### 要求

本文档没有任何特定的要求。

### 使用的组件

本文档中的信息基于以下软件和硬件版本：

- Cisco 2621及3640路由器
- Cisco IOS® 软件版本 12.3(3)

本文档中的信息都是基于特定实验室环境中的设备创建的。本文档中使用的所有设备最初均采用原始(默认)配置。如果您的网络是活的，在您使用指令前请切记您了解所有指令潜在影响。

### 规则

有关文档规则的详细信息，请参阅 [Cisco 技术提示规则](#)。

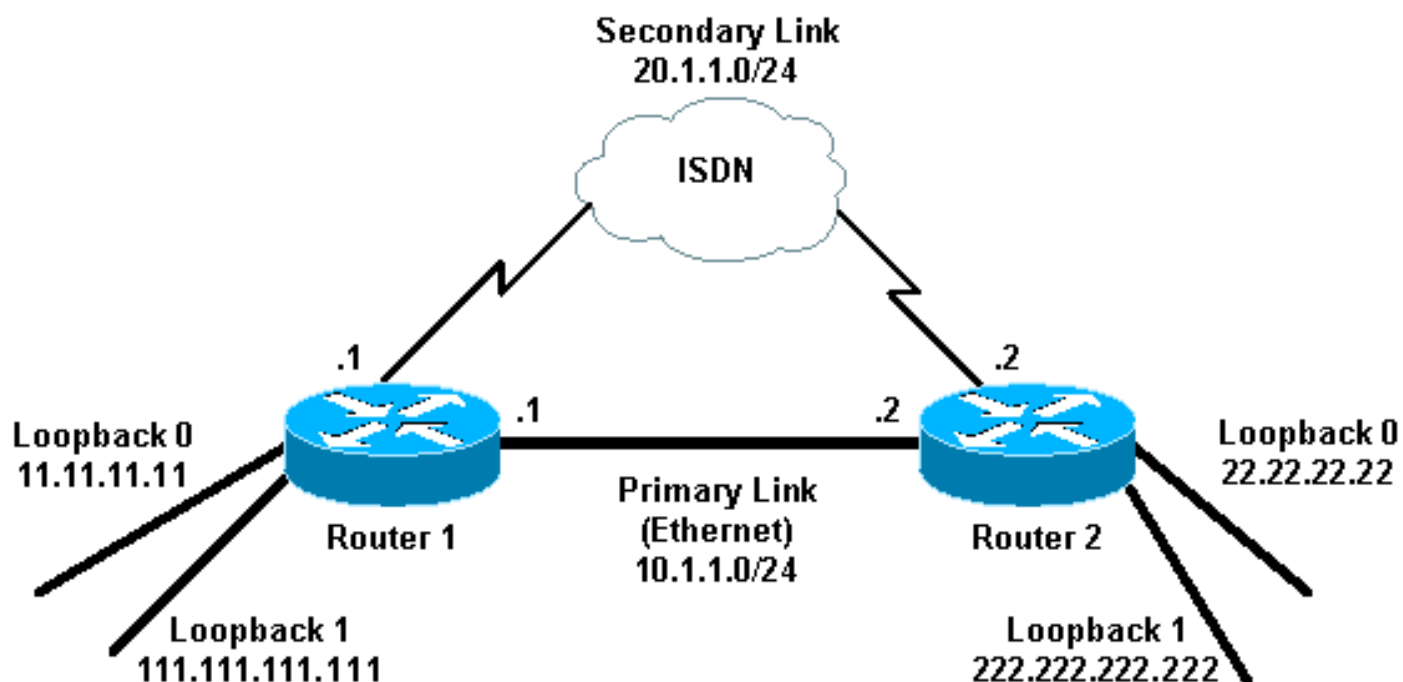
## 配置

本部分提供有关如何配置本文档所述功能的信息。

**注意：**要查找本文档所用命令的其他信息，请使用 [命令查找工具](#) ( [仅限注册用户](#) )。

## 网络图

本文使用此图中的网络设置：



## 配置

本文档使用此处所示的配置：

- [路由器1 \(2621\)](#)
- [Router2 \(3640\)](#)

### 路由器1 (2621)

```
r1#show running-config
Building configuration...

Current configuration : 2244 bytes
!
version 12.3
service timestamps debug uptime
service timestamps log uptime
no service password-encryption
!
hostname r1
!
boot-start-marker
```

```

boot-end-marker
!
!
username r2 password 0 cisco
!--- This is the username for remote router (Router 2)
!--- and shared secret. Shared secret (used for
Challenge Handshake !--- Authentication Protocol [CHAP])
must be the same on both sides. no aaa new-model ip
subnet-zero ip tcp synwait-time 5 ! ! no ip domain
lookup ! ip audit notify log ip audit po max-events 100
ip ssh break-string no ftp-server write-enable ! ! !
crypto isakmp policy 10
  hash md5
  authentication pre-share
crypto isakmp key cisco address 222.222.222.222
!
!
  crypto ipsec transform-set abc esp-des esp-md5-hmac
!
crypto map cisco local-address Loopback1
crypto map cisco 10 ipsec-isakmp
  set peer 222.222.222.222
!--- Peer address, Loopback 1 of Router 2 set transform-
set abc
  match address 101
!--- Networks to encrypt (Loopback 0 on both ends) !
isdn switch-type basic-ts013 ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! no voice
hpi capture buffer no voice hpi capture destination ! !
! ! ! ! interface Loopback0 !--- Network to encrypt ip
address 11.11.11.11 255.255.255.0 ! interface Loopback1
!--- Used for peer address for IPSec ip address
111.111.111.111 255.255.255.0 ! interface
FastEthernet0/0 !--- Primary link ip address 10.1.1.1
255.255.255.0 no ip route-cache
!--- Enable process switching no ip mroute-cache duplex
auto speed auto crypto map cisco
!--- Apply crypto map on primary interface ! interface
BRI0/0 no ip address encapsulation ppp no ip route-cache
no ip mroute-cache dialer pool-member 1 isdn switch-type
basic-ts013 no cdp enable ! interface Dialer1 !---
Backup link ip address 20.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
encapsulation ppp no ip route-cache
!--- Enable process switching ip ospf cost 9999
!--- Increase the cost so that when primary comes up
again, !--- Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) routes are
!--- preferred using the primary link (due to better
cost). no ip mroute-cache
  dialer idle-timeout 180
  dialer pool 1
  dialer string 94134028
dialer watch-group 1
!--- Enable dialer watch on this backup interface. !---
Watch the route specified with the dialer watch-list 1
command.

  dialer-group 1
!--- Apply interesting traffic defined in dialer list 1.
no peer neighbor-route ppp authentication chap crypto
map cisco
!--- Apply crypto map on backup interface. ! router ospf
1
!--- OSPF advertising Loopback 0, Loopback 1, !---
primary, and secondary links. log-adjacency-changes
network 10.1.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

```

```

network 11.11.11.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 20.1.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 111.111.111.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
!
ip http server
no ip http secure-server
ip classless
!
!
access-list 101 permit ip host 11.11.11.11 host
22.22.22.22
!--- Access control list (ACL) 101 is the !--- IPsec
traffic used in match address. access-list 110 deny ip
any any
!--- ACL 110 is for the dialer list to mark !--- all IP
traffic uninteresting. The dialer watch will !---
trigger the ISDN backup when the route is lost. dialer
watch-list 1 ip 222.222.222.222 255.255.255.255
!--- This defines the route(s) to be watched. !--- This
exact route (including subnet mask) !--- must exist in
the routing table. !--- Use the dialer watch-group 1
command to apply this !--- list to the backup interface.

dialer watch-list 1 delay route-check initial 10
dialer-list 1 protocol ip list 110
!--- Interesting traffic is defined by ACL 110. !---
This is applied to Dialer1 using dialer group 1. !!!
dial-peer cor custom ! ! ! ! ! line con 0 exec-timeout 0
0 logging synchronous escape-character 27 line aux 0
line vty 0 4 login ! end

```

## Router2 (3640)

```

r2#show running-config
Building configuration...

Current configuration : 2311 bytes
!
version 12.3
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
no service password-encryption
!
hostname r2
!
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
!
username r1 password 0 cisco
!--- This is the username for remote router (Router 1)
!--- and shared secret. Shared secret (used for CHAP) !-
-- must be the same on both sides. no aaa new-model ip
subnet-zero ip tcp synwait-time 5 ! ! no ip domain
lookup ! ip audit notify log ip audit po max-events 100
ip ssh break-string no ftp-server write-enable ! ! !
crypto isakmp policy 10
  hash md5
  authentication pre-share
crypto isakmp key cisco address 111.111.111.111
!
!
  crypto ipsec transform-set abc esp-des esp-md5-hmac
!

```

```

!
crypto map cisco local-address Loopback1
crypto map cisco 10 ipsec-isakmp
  set peer 111.111.111.111
!--- Peer address, Loopback 1 of Router 1 set
transform-set abc
  match address 101
!--- Networks to encrypt (Loopback 0 on both ends) !
isdn switch-type basic-ts013 ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! no voice
hpi capture buffer no voice hpi capture destination ! !
! ! ! ! interface Loopback0 ip address 22.22.22.22
255.255.255.0 !--- Network to encrypt ! interface
Loopback1 ip address 222.222.222.222 255.255.255.0 !---
Used for peer address for IPSec. ! interface BRI0/0 no
ip address encapsulation ppp no ip route-cache no ip
mroute-cache dialer pool-member 1 isdn switch-type
basic-ts013 ! interface Ethernet0/0 !--- Primary link ip
address 10.1.1.2 255.255.255.0 no ip route-cache
!--- Enable process switching. no ip mroute-cache half-
duplex crypto map cisco
!--- Apply crypto map on primary interface. ! interface
Dialer1 ip address 20.1.1.2 255.255.255.0 encapsulation
ppp no ip route-cache ip ospf cost 9999
  no ip mroute-cache
  dialer pool 1
  dialer idle-timeout 600
  dialer remote-name r1
!--- Dialer for the BRI interface of the remote router
!--- without a dial string. dialer-group 1 !--- Apply
interesting traffic defined in dialer list 1. ppp
authentication chap crypto map cisco
!--- Apply crypto map on backup interface. ! router ospf
1
  log-adjacency-changes
  network 10.1.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
  network 20.1.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
  network 22.22.22.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
  network 222.222.222.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
!
no ip http server
no ip http secure-server
ip classless
!
!
access-list 101 permit ip host 22.22.22.22 host
11.11.11.11
access-list 110 deny ospf any any
!--- Mark OSPF as uninteresting. !--- This will not
allow OSPF hellos !--- to try to bring the link up.
access-list 110 permit ip any any
dialer-list 1 protocol ip list 110
!--- Interesting traffic is defined by ACL 110. !---
This is applied to Dialer1 using dialer group 1. ! line
con 0 exec-timeout 0 0 logging synchronous escape-
character 27 line aux 0 line vty 0 4 login ! end

```

## 验证

此部分提供您能使用确认的信息您的配置是否正常运行。

## 示例命令输出

[命令输出解释程序工具 \( 仅限注册用户 \)](#) 支持某些 **show** 命令，使用此工具可以查看对 **show** 命令输出的分析。

- 路由器1 (2621) —主链路路由表

```
r1#show ip route
```

```
Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
        D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
        N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
        E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
        I - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1,
        L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area,
        * - candidate default, U - per-user static route,
        o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route
```

Gateway of last resort is not set

```
    222.222.222.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O       222.222.222.222 [110/2] via 10.1.1.2, 00:00:25, FastEthernet0/0
    20.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C       20.1.1.0 is directly connected, Dialer1
    22.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O       22.22.22.22 [110/2] via 10.1.1.2, 00:00:25, FastEthernet0/0
    111.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C       111.111.111.0 is directly connected, Loopback1
    10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C       10.1.1.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
    11.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C       11.11.11.0 is directly connected, Loopback0
```

- Router2 (3640) —主链路路由表

```
r2#show ip route
```

```
Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
        D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
        N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
        E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
        I - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1,
        L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area,
        * - candidate default, U - per-user static route,
        o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route
```

Gateway of last resort is not set.

```
C       222.222.222.0/24 is directly connected, Loopback1
    20.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C       20.1.1.0 is directly connected, Dialer1
    22.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C       22.22.22.0 is directly connected, Loopback0
    111.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O       111.111.111.111 [110/11] via 10.1.1.1, 00:06:22, Ethernet0/0
    10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C       10.1.1.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0
    11.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O       11.11.11.11 [110/11] via 10.1.1.1, 00:06:23, Ethernet0/0
```

- 路由器1 (2621) —主链路OSPF邻居

```
r1#show ip ospf neighbor
```

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
222.222.222.222	1	FULL/DR	00:00:33	10.1.1.2	FastEthernet0/0

- Router2 (3640) —主链路OSPF邻居

```
r2#show ip ospf neighbor
```

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
111.111.111.111	1	FULL/BDR	00:00:31	10.1.1.1	Ethernet0/0

### • 下来路由器1 (2621) —主链路路由表

```
r1#show ip route
```

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP  
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area  
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2  
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP  
I - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2,  
ia - IS-IS inter area, \* - candidate default,  
U - per-user static route, o - ODR,  
P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set.

**222.222.222.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets**

O 222.222.222.222 [110/10000] via 20.1.1.2, 00:00:09, Dialer1

20.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets

C 20.1.1.0 is directly connected, BRI0/0

20.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets

C 20.1.1.0 is directly connected, Dialer1

**22.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets**

O 22.22.22.22 [110/10000] via 20.1.1.2, 00:00:09, Dialer1

111.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets

C 111.111.111.0 is directly connected, Loopback1

10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets

O 10.1.1.0 [110/10009] via 20.1.1.2, 00:00:09, Dialer1

11.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets

C 11.11.11.0 is directly connected, Loopback0

### • 下来Router2 (3640) —主链路路由表

```
r2#show ip route
```

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP  
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area  
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2  
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP  
I - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2,  
ia - IS-IS inter area, \* - candidate default,  
U - per-user static route, o - ODR,  
P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set.

C 222.222.222.0/24 is directly connected, Loopback1

20.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks

C 20.1.1.0/24 is directly connected, Dialer1

C 20.1.1.1/32 is directly connected, Dialer1

22.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets

C 22.22.22.0 is directly connected, Loopback0

**111.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets**

O 111.111.111.111 [110/10000] via 20.1.1.1, 00:00:07, Dialer1

10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets

C 10.1.1.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0

**11.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets**

O 11.11.11.11 [110/10000] via 20.1.1.1, 00:00:08, Dialer1

### • 下来路由器1 (2621) —主链路OSPF邻居

```
r1#show ip ospf neighbor
```

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
222.222.222.222	0	FULL/	- 00:00:32	20.1.1.2	Dialer1

- 下来Router2 (3640) —主链路OSPF邻居

```
r2#show ip ospf neighbor
Neighbor ID      Pri   State           Dead Time   Address      Interface
111.111.111.111  0    FULL/ -        00:00:31   20.1.1.1    Dialer1
```

显示的debug dialer和几show命令输出此处显示主链路如失败和Dialer Watch recognizes the路由丢失。路由器然后启动备份链路，并且OSPF通过辅助链路聚合。每次空闲超时到期，路由器证实主链路是否发生故障。如果发现主链路，Dialer Watch断开备份链路，在禁用计时器超时并且切断呼叫后，并且OSPF通过主链路照常聚合。

当主链路断开和再时，启动这些是debug and show命令输出路由器1 (2621)。

```
r1#show debug
Dial on demand:
  Dial on demand events debugging is on

r1#
03:00:21: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0,
  changed state to down
!--- Primary link was brought down manually when you disable the switch ports. 03:00:21: %OSPF-
5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 222.222.222.222 on FastEthernet0/0
  from FULL to DOWN, Neighbor Down: Interface down or detached
!--- Primary link goes down. !--- OSPF loses neighbor adjacency. r1# !--- Dialer watch kicks in.
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1
03:00:21: DDR:      network 222.222.222.222/255.255.255.255 DOWN,
03:00:21: DDR:      primary DOWN
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: Dial Reason: Primary of group 1 DOWN
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1,
03:00:21: BR0/0 DDR: rotor dialout [best]
  least recent failure is also most recent failure
03:00:21: BR0/0 DDR: rotor dialout [best] also has most recent failure
03:00:21: BR0/0 DDR: rotor dialout [best]
03:00:21: DDR:      dialing secondary by dialer string 94134028 on Di1
03:00:21: BR0/0 DDR: Attempting to dial 94134028
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1
r1#
03:00:21: DDR:      network 222.222.222.222/255.255.255.255 DOWN,
03:00:21: DDR:      primary DOWN
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: Dial Reason: Secondary of group 1 AVAILABLE
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1,
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1
03:00:21: DDR:      network 222.222.222.222/255.255.255.255 DOWN,
03:00:21: DDR:      primary DOWN
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: Dial Reason: Secondary of group 1 AVAILABLE
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1,
03:00:21: %ISDN-6-LAYER2UP: Layer 2 for Interface BR0/0, TEI 82 changed to up
03:00:94489280514: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface BRI0/0:1, changed state to up
03:00:94489280516: BR0/0:1 DDR: Dialer Watch: resetting call in progress
03:00:94489280512: BR0/0:1: interface must be fifo queue, force fifo
03:00:94489280512: %DIALER-6-BIND: Interface BR0/0:1 bound to profile Di1
r1#
03:00:22: BR0/0:1 DDR: Remote name for r2
03:00:22: BR0/0:1 DDR: dialer protocol up
03:00:23: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface BRI0/0:1,
  changed state to up
r1#
03:00:28: %ISDN-6-CONNECT: Interface BRI0/0:1 is now connected to 94134028 r2
!--- Backup link is now connected to Router 2. r1# 03:00:31: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr
222.222.222.222 on Dialer1
```



from LOADING to FULL, Loading Done

!--- OSPF converges over the backup link. r1# r1#show dialer

BRI0/0 - dialer type = ISDN

Dial String Successes Failures Last DNIS Last status  
0 incoming call(s) have been screened.  
0 incoming call(s) rejected for callback.

BRI0/0:1 - dialer type = ISDN

Idle timer (180 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs)

Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs)

Dialer state is data link layer up

Dial reason: Dialing on watched route loss

!--- Dial reason is the lost route. Interface bound to profile Di1 Time until disconnect 154 secs

!--- Idle timeout is ticking. Current call connected 00:00:25 Connected to 94134028 (r2)

BRI0/0:2 - dialer type = ISDN Idle timer (120 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs) Wait for carrier

(30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs) Dialer state is idle Di1 - dialer type = DIALER PROFILE Idle

timer (180 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs) Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs)

Dialer state is data link layer up Number of active calls = 1 Dial String Successes Failures

Last DNIS Last status 94134028 45 24 00:00:27 successful Default r1#show isdn active

-----  
ISDN ACTIVE CALLS  
-----

Call Type	Calling Number	Called Number	Remote Name	Seconds Used	Seconds Left	Seconds Idle	Charges Units/Currency
Out	---N/A---	94134028	r2	37	142	37	0

r1#show dialer

BRI0/0 - dialer type = ISDN

Dial String Successes Failures Last DNIS Last status  
0 incoming call(s) have been screened.  
0 incoming call(s) rejected for callback.

BRI0/0:1 - dialer type = ISDN

Idle timer (180 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs)

Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs)

Dialer state is data link layer up

Dial reason: Dialing on watched route loss

Interface bound to profile Di1

Time until disconnect 47 secs

!--- Idle timeout is ticking. Current call connected 00:02:12 Connected to 94134028 (r2)

BRI0/0:2 - dialer type = ISDN Idle timer (120 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs) Wait for carrier

(30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs) Dialer state is idle Di1 - dialer type = DIALER PROFILE Idle

timer (180 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs) Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs)

Dialer state is data link layer up Number of active calls = 1 Dial String Successes Failures

Last DNIS Last status 94134028 45 24 00:02:14 successful Default r1#show dialer

BRI0/0 - dialer type = ISDN

Dial String Successes Failures Last DNIS Last status  
0 incoming call(s) have been screened.  
0 incoming call(s) rejected for callback.

BRI0/0:1 - dialer type = ISDN

Idle timer (180 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs)

Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs)

Dialer state is data link layer up

Dial reason: Dialing on watched route loss

Interface bound to profile Di1

**Time until disconnect 0 secs**

*!--- Idle timeout is ticking.* Current call connected 00:02:59 Connected to 94134028 (r2)  
BRI0/0:2 - dialer type = ISDN Idle timer (120 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs) Wait for carrier  
(30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs) Dialer state is idle Di1 - dialer type = DIALER PROFILE Idle  
timer (180 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs) Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs)  
Dialer state is data link layer up Number of active calls = 1 Dial String Successes Failures  
Last DNIS Last status 94134028 45 24 00:03:05 successful Default r1# **03:03:22: BR0/0:1 DDR: idle  
timeout**

*!--- Idle timed out. !--- Dialer watch checks lost routes !--- again and reset the idle time  
since primary is not up yet.* 03:03:22: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1 03:03:22: DDR: network  
222.222.222.222/255.255.255.255 UP, 03:03:22: DDR: **primary DOWN**  
*!--- Primary link is still down.* r1# r1#**show dialer**

BRI0/0 - dialer type = ISDN

Dial String Successes Failures Last DNIS Last status  
0 incoming call(s) have been screened.  
0 incoming call(s) rejected for callback.

BRI0/0:1 - dialer type = ISDN  
Idle timer (180 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs)  
Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs)  
Dialer state is data link layer up  
Dial reason: Dialing on watched route loss  
Interface bound to profile Di1

**Time until disconnect 154 secs**

*!--- Idle timeout was reset by dialer watch.* Current call connected 00:03:25 Connected to  
94134028 (r2) BRI0/0:2 - dialer type = ISDN Idle timer (120 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs)  
Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs) Dialer state is idle Di1 - dialer type = DIALER  
PROFILE Idle timer (180 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs) Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable  
(15 secs) Dialer state is data link layer up Number of active calls = 1 Dial String Successes  
Failures Last DNIS Last status 94134028 45 24 00:03:28 successful Default r1# 03:04:59:  
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface **FastEthernet0/0,**  
**changed state to up**

*!--- Primary link was brought up manually when the switch ports are enabled.* r1# r1# 03:05:50:  
%OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, **Nbr 222.222.222.222 on FastEthernet0/0**  
**from LOADING to FULL, Loading Done**

r1#  
r1#**show ip ospf neigh**

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
222.222.222.222	0	FULL/ -	00:00:02	20.1.1.2	Dialer1

*!--- OSPF over secondary link is still up because !--- the call is not terminated yet, waiting  
for idle timeout.* 222.222.222.222 1 FULL/DR 00:00:38 10.1.1.2 FastEthernet0/0 *!--- OSPF is now  
starts to converge over primary link.* r1# r1#**show ip route 222.222.222.222**

*!--- The watched route is now learned through the primary link. !--- Check the cost.* Routing  
**entry for 222.222.222.222/32**

Known via "ospf 1", distance 110, metric 2, type intra area

**Last update from 10.1.1.2 on FastEthernet0/0, 00:00:16 ago**

Routing Descriptor Blocks:

\* 10.1.1.2, from 222.222.222.222, 00:00:16 ago, via FastEthernet0/0

Route metric is 2, traffic share count is

r1#  
03:06:22: BR0/0:1 DDR: idle timeout  
*!--- Idle timed out. !--- Dialer watch checks lost routes. Since primary is up, !--- it tears  
down the call.* 03:06:22: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1 03:06:22: DDR: network  
222.222.222.222/255.255.255.255 UP, 03:06:22: DDR: **primary UP**

03:06:22: BR0/0:1 DDR: disconnecting call  
03:06:22: BR0/0:1 DDR: **Dialer Watch: resetting call in progress**  
03:06:22: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1  
03:06:22: DDR: network 222.222.222.222/255.255.255.255 UP,  
03:06:22: DDR: primary UP  
03:06:22: %ISDN-6-DISCONNECT: **Interface BRI0/0:1**  
**disconnected from 94134028 r2,**

```

call lasted 360 seconds
03:06:96677768412: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface BRI0/0:1, changed state to down
03:06:94489281195: BR0/0 DDR: has total 0 call(s), dial_out 0, dial_in 0
r1#
03:06:94489280544: %DIALER-6-UNBIND: Interface BR0/0:1
unbound from profile Di1
03:06:23: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface BRI0/0:1,
changed state to down
r1#
03:06:37: %ISDN-6-LAYER2DOWN: Layer 2 for Interface BR0/0,
TEI 82 changed to down
r1#
03:07:01: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 222.222.222.222 on Dialer1
from FULL to DOWN, Neighbor Down: Dead timer expired
!--- OSPF neighbor is down because the secondary link is down. !--- Dead timer has expired. r1#
r1#show ip ospf neigh

Neighbor ID      Pri   State           Dead Time   Address      Interface
222.222.222.222  1    FULL/DR         00:00:38   10.1.1.2     FastEthernet0/0
!--- OSPF neighbor is through the primary link only. r1#u all
All possible debugging has been turned off
r1#

```

## 故障排除

本部分提供的信息可用于对配置进行故障排除。[使用show isdn status命令BRI故障排除的](#)，关于故障排除一般问题的信息用ISDN层1，2和3，参考。

## 故障排除命令

[命令输出解释程序工具](#) ( [仅限注册用户](#) ) 支持某些 **show** 命令，使用此工具可以查看对 show 命令输出的分析。

**注意：** 在发出 **debug** 命令之前，请参阅[有关 debug 命令的重要信息](#)。

这些调试指令在两IPSec对等体可以运行。

- **debug crypto isakmp** -显示在阶段1期间的错误。
- **debug crypto ipsec** -显示在阶段2期间的错误。
- **debug crypto engine** - 显示来自加密引擎的信息。

这些在两IPSec对等体显示命令可以运行。

- **show crypto isakmp sa** -显示所有当前在对等端的互联网密钥交换(IKE)安全关联(SAs)。
- **show crypto ipsec sa** —显示当前[IPSec]使用的设置SAs。
- **show crypto engine connections active** —显示当前连接和信息关于加密和解密的信息包。

这些清除命令可以用于清除SAs。

- **clear crypto isakmp** —清除第一阶段安全关联。
- **clear crypto sa** —清除相位两安全关联。

## 相关信息

- [IPSec 支持页面](#)
- [DDR 备份的配置与故障排除](#)

- [用于 DDR 备份的备份接口、浮动静态路由与 Dialer Watch 的比较](#)
- [使用 Dialer Watch 配置拨号备份](#)
- [使用 show isdn status 命令用于 BRI 故障排除](#)
- [技术支持 - Cisco Systems](#)