

配置PfRv2性能监控方法

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简介

本文描述在性能路由版本2的使用的方法(PfRv2)监控广域网(WAN)链路的性能在分支路由器的。

先决条件

要求

思科建议您有基础知识性能路由(PfR)。

使用的组件

本文档不限于特定的软件和硬件版本。

本文档中的信息都是基于特定实验室环境中的设备编写的。本文档中使用的所有设备最初均采用原始(默认)配置。如果您使用的是真实网络,请确保您已经了解所有命令的潜在影响。

背景信息

PfRv2使用三个方法测量边界路由器(BR)链路的性能。主令控制器使用收集的信息(MC) PfR策略实施。三个方法是:

被动监听

在此模式，在边界路由器启用的(默认情况下与PfR) Netflow收集关于数据流类别的跟随的信息并且送回它到主令控制器。

以下为通过通过BR的TCP流可适用的：

- **可接通性**：这根据对应的TCP ACK有不接收的TCP SYN计算。
- **延迟**：在TCP三通的握手期间，时间计算在TCP SYN和TCP ACK消息之间。总值由2.然后划分。
- **损耗**：测量根据TCP序列编号。例如：当已接收TCP序列号比预计时高或更低，损耗报告。

以下为(包括TCP)通过通过BR的所有流可适用的：

- **出口带宽**：egressing BR的数据流类别的吞吐量(计算在比特/秒使用Netflow)。
- **入口带宽**：ingressing BR的数据流类别的吞吐量(计算在比特/秒使用Netflow)。

活动监听

在此模式，BR派出在其广域网接口的IP SLA探测器测量关于数据流类别的几个参数。收集的信息被退还的到主令控制器。以下参数被测量：

- 可接通性
- 迪莱
- 损耗
- 出口带宽
- 入口带宽

这些探测器自动地生成，当监控在主令控制器时配置的方法是活跃的，并且可能手工也配置。默认情况下，被发送的探测器是ICMP回音，但是可以更改到TCP或UDP探测器根据在广域网链路发送的流量类型。

当退出BR选择是持续的时，所有BR将发送Netflow博学的前缀的活动探测器。在退出BR的选择，其他BR将停止发送活动探测器。选定BR将继续发送活动探测器。

混合模式

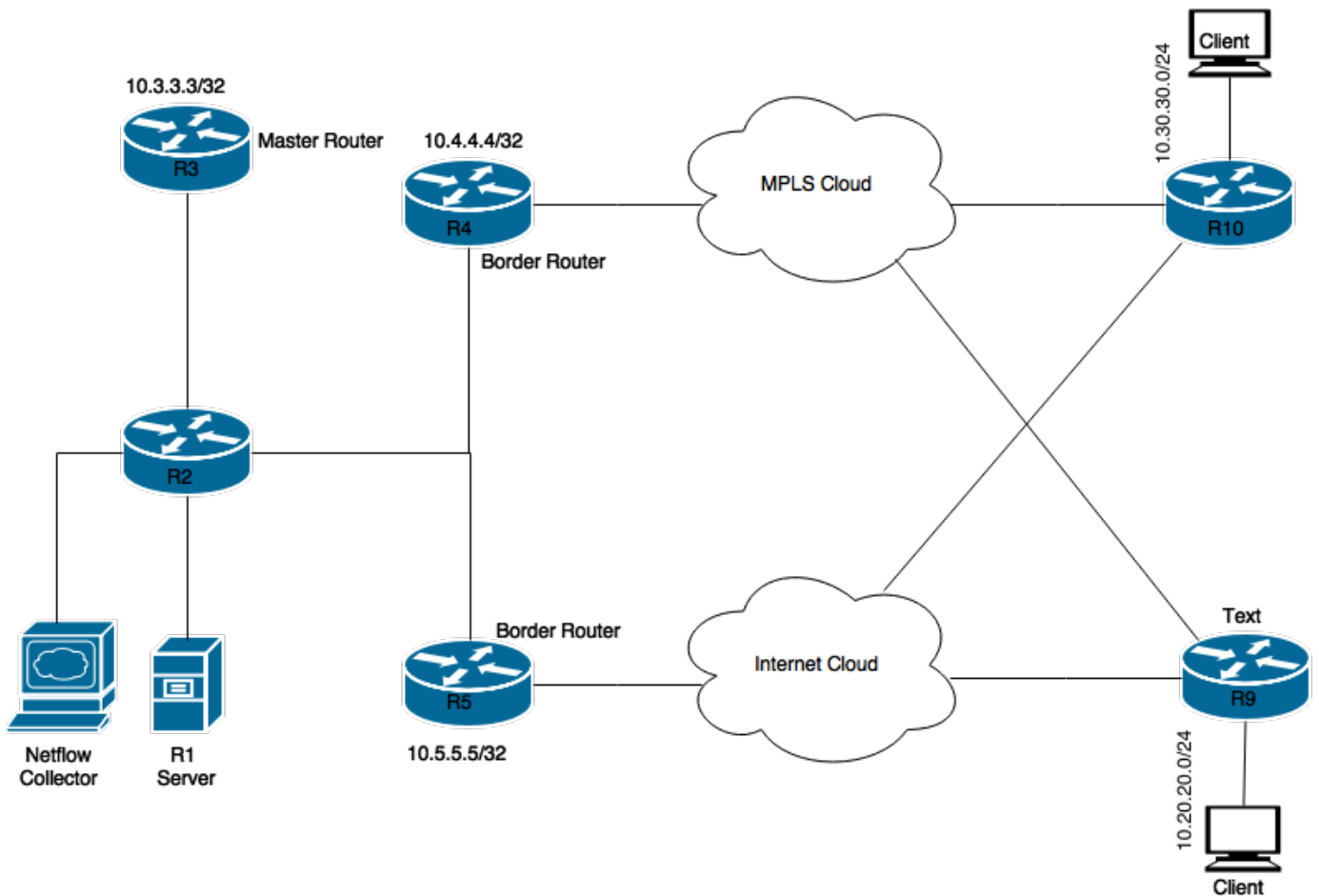
混合模式使用Netflow统计信息，并且IP服务成水平协议(要决定的SLA)出口点(边界路由器)和链路监听。在此模式，IP SLA探测器信息用于选择出口点Netflow统计信息然后用于监控往目的地的该边界路由器的WAN连接。

当PfR在学习状态和未搬入“INPOLICY”状态时，所有BR将发送从Netflow收集的前缀的活动探测器。这是为了确定各自链路情况。当在对“INPOLICY的”MC状态变换，所有BR将终止发送活动探测器和当前监控将被动地执行(使用Netflow)。

配置

跟随的镜像将使用作为拓扑示例本文的其余：

网络图



相关配置

跟随的基本配置要求为使用不同的模式。因为MC，因此这些配置在R3，将必须执行R3配置：

被动模式：

```
pfr master
!
border 10.4.4.4 key-chain pfr
interface Ethernet0/1 external
interface Ethernet0/0 internal
!
border 10.5.5.5 key-chain pfr
interface Ethernet0/0 internal
interface Ethernet0/1 external
!
mode monitor passive
```

```
pfr master
!
border 10.4.4.4 key-chain pfr
interface Ethernet0/1 external
interface Ethernet0/0 internal
!
border 10.5.5.5 key-chain pfr
interface Ethernet0/0 internal
interface Ethernet0/1 external
!
mode monitor active
```



```

10.30.30.0/24          N   N   N           N           N N
                      INPOLICY          0           10.5.5.5 Et0/1          BGP
                      1     1     0     0     0     0     14     1
                      N     N     N     N     N     N

```

2-UDP

R3#show pfr master traffic-class

OER Prefix Statistics:

Pas - Passive, Act - Active, S - Short term, L - Long term, Dly - Delay (ms),
P - Percentage below threshold, Jit - Jitter (ms),
MOS - Mean Opinion Score
Los - Packet Loss (percent/10000), Un - Unreachable (flows-per-million),
E - Egress, I - Ingress, Bw - Bandwidth (kbps), N - Not applicable
U - unknown, * - uncontrolled, + - control more specific, @ - active probe all
- Prefix monitor mode is Special, & - Blackholed Prefix
% - Force Next-Hop, ^ - Prefix is denied

DstPrefix	Appl_ID	Dscp	Prot	SrcPort	DstPort	SrcPrefix		
Flags	State		Time	CurrBR	CurrI/F	Protocol		
PasSDly	PasLDly	PasSUn	PasLUn	PasSLos	PasLLos	EBw	IBw	
ActSDly	ActLDly	ActSUn	ActLUn	ActSJit	ActPMOS	ActSLos	ActLLos	

10.20.20.0/24		N	N	N	N	N N		
		INPOLICY		0	10.5.5.5	Et0/1		BGP
	U	U	0	0	0	0	13	0
	N	N	N	N	N	N		
10.30.30.0/24		N	N	N	N	N N		
		INPOLICY		0	10.5.5.5	Et0/1		BGP
	U	U	0	0	0	0	14	0
	N	N	N	N	N	N		

如上所述，为TCP数据流，您能看到迪莱和也被增加不可得到的计数器，但是在UDP数据流的情况下您能只看到带宽计数器被增加。

主动模式

R3#show pfr master

<Output suppressed>

Default Policy Settings:

```

backoff 90 900 90
delay relative 50
holddown 90
periodic 0
probe frequency 56
number of jitter probe packets 100
mode route control
mode monitor active
loss relative 10
jitter threshold 20
mos threshold 3.60 percent 30
unreachable relative 50
trigger-log percentage 30

```

-TCP

在主令控制器上：

R3#show pfr master traffic-class

OER Prefix Statistics:

Pas - Passive, Act - Active, S - Short term, L - Long term, Dly - Delay (ms),
P - Percentage below threshold, Jit - Jitter (ms),
MOS - Mean Opinion Score

Los - Packet Loss (percent/10000), Un - Unreachable (flows-per-million),
 E - Egress, I - Ingress, Bw - Bandwidth (kbps), N - Not applicable
 U - unknown, * - uncontrolled, + - control more specific, @ - active probe all
 # - Prefix monitor mode is Special, & - Blackholed Prefix
 % - Force Next-Hop, ^ - Prefix is denied

DstPrefix	Appl_ID	Dscp	Prot	SrcPort	DstPort	SrcPrefix		
Flags	State		Time	CurrBR	CurrI/F	Protocol		
PasSDly	PasLDly	PasSUn	PasLUn	PasSLos	PasLLos	EBw	IBw	
ActSDly	ActLDly	ActSUn	ActLUn	ActSJit	ActPMOS	ActSLos	ActLLos	

10.10.20.0/24		N	N	N		N	N	
		INPOLICY		0		10.4.4.4	Et0/1	BGP
	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
	54	54	0	0	N	N	N	N
10.30.30.0/24		N	N	N		N	N	
		INPOLICY		0		10.4.4.4	Et0/1	BGP
	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
	54	54	0	1000	N	N	N	N

BR1

R4#show pfr border active-probes

OER Border active-probes

Type = Probe Type
 Target = Target IP Address
 TPort = Target Port
 Source = Send From Source IP Address
 Interface = Exit interface
 Att = Number of Attempts
 Comps = Number of completions
 N - Not applicable

Type	Target	TPort	Source	Interface	Att	Comps
DSCP						
echo	10.10.20.11	N	192.168.1.1	Et0/1	3	3
0						
echo	10.30.30.12	N	192.168.1.1	Et0/1	3	3
0						

BR2

R5#show pfr border active-probes

OER Border active-probes

Type = Probe Type
 Target = Target IP Address
 TPort = Target Port
 Source = Send From Source IP Address
 Interface = Exit interface
 Att = Number of Attempts
 Comps = Number of completions
 N - Not applicable

Type	Target	TPort	Source	Interface	Att	Comps
DSCP						
echo	10.10.20.11	N	192.168.2.1	Et0/1	3	3
0						
echo	10.30.30.12	N	192.168.2.1	Et0/1	3	3
0						

MC"INPOLICY"BR1BR BR2

R4#show pfr border active-probes

OER Border active-probes

Type = Probe Type
Target = Target IP Address
TPort = Target Port
Source = Send From Source IP Address
Interface = Exit interface
Att = Number of Attempts
Comps = Number of completions
N - Not applicable

Table with 7 columns: Type, Target, TPort, Source, Interface, Att, Comps. It shows two rows of active probes for DSCP echo with target IP 10.10.20.11 and 10.30.30.12.

R5#show pfr border active-probes

OER Border active-probes

Type = Probe Type
Target = Target IP Address
TPort = Target Port
Source = Send From Source IP Address
Interface = Exit interface
Att = Number of Attempts
Comps = Number of completions
N - Not applicable

Table header for R5 showing columns: Type, Target, TPort, Source, Interface, Att, Comps. The table is currently empty.

<No Active Probes>

R3#show pfr master

OER state: ENABLED and ACTIVE

<Output Suppressed>

Default Policy Settings:

backoff 90 900 90
delay relative 50
holddown 90
periodic 0
probe frequency 56
number of jitter probe packets 100
mode route control
mode monitor both
loss relative 10
jitter threshold 20
mos threshold 3.60 percent 30
unreachable relative 50
trigger-log percentage 30

-TCP

(TC)“INPOLICY”Netflow

在MC :

R3#show pfr mas traffic-class

OER Prefix Statistics:

Pas - Passive, Act - Active, S - Short term, L - Long term, Dly - Delay (ms),
P - Percentage below threshold, Jit - Jitter (ms),

MOS - Mean Opinion Score
 Los - Packet Loss (percent/10000), Un - Unreachable (flows-per-million),
 E - Egress, I - Ingress, Bw - Bandwidth (kbps), N - Not applicable
 U - unknown, * - uncontrolled, + - control more specific, @ - active probe all
 # - Prefix monitor mode is Special, & - Blackholed Prefix
 % - Force Next-Hop, ^ - Prefix is denied

DstPrefix	Appl_ID	Dscp	Prot	SrcPort	DstPort	SrcPrefix			
Flags	State			Time	CurrBR	CurrI/F	Protocol		
PasSDly	PasLDly	PasSUn	PasLUn	PasSLos	PasLLos	EBw	IBw		
ActSDly	ActLDly	ActSUn	ActLUn	ActSJit	ActPMOS	ActSLos	ActLLos		
10.20.20.0/24		N	N	N		N	N		
		HOLDDOWN		61		10.5.5.5	Et0/1	BGP	
	1	1	0	0	0	0	16	1	
	1	1	0	0	N	N	N	N	
10.30.30.0/24		N	N	N		N	N		
		HOLDDOWN		61		10.5.5.5	Et0/1	BGP	
	1	1	0	0	0	0	16	1	
	4	4	0	0	N	N	N	N	

在BR1 :

R4#show pfr border active-probes

OER Border active-probes
 Type = Probe Type
 Target = Target IP Address
 TPort = Target Port
 Source = Send From Source IP Address
 Interface = Exit interface
 Att = Number of Attempts
 Comps = Number of completions
 N - Not applicable

Type	Target	TPort	Source	Interface	Att	Comps
DSCP						
echo	10.20.20.1	N	192.168.1.1	Et0/1	1	1
0						
echo	10.30.30.1	N	192.168.1.1	Et0/1	1	1
0						

在BR2 :

R5#show pfr border active-probes

OER Border active-probes
 Type = Probe Type
 Target = Target IP Address
 TPort = Target Port
 Source = Send From Source IP Address
 Interface = Exit interface
 Att = Number of Attempts
 Comps = Number of completions
 N - Not applicable

Type	Target	TPort	Source	Interface	Att	Comps
DSCP						
echo	10.20.20.1	N	192.168.2.1	Et0/1	1	1
0						
echo	10.30.30.1	N	192.168.2.1	Et0/1	1	1

MC“INPOLICY”BR(Netflow)

R3#show pfr master traffic-class

OER Prefix Statistics:

Pas - Passive, Act - Active, S - Short term, L - Long term, Dly - Delay (ms),
 P - Percentage below threshold, Jit - Jitter (ms),
 MOS - Mean Opinion Score
 Los - Packet Loss (percent/10000), Un - Unreachable (flows-per-million),
 E - Egress, I - Ingress, Bw - Bandwidth (kbps), N - Not applicable
 U - unknown, * - uncontrolled, + - control more specific, @ - active probe all
 # - Prefix monitor mode is Special, & - Blackholed Prefix
 % - Force Next-Hop, ^ - Prefix is denied

DstPrefix	Appl_ID	Dscp	Prot	SrcPort	DstPort	SrcPrefix			
Flags	State			Time	CurrBR	CurrI/F	Protocol		
PasSDly	PasLDly	PasSUn	PasLUn	PasSLos	PasLLos	EBw	IBw		
ActSDly	ActLDly	ActSUn	ActLUn	ActSJit	ActPMOS	ActSLos	ActLLos		

10.20.20.0/24		N	N	N		N	N		
		INPOLICY			0	10.5.5.5	Et0/1		BGP
	1	1	0	0	0	0	3	1	
	1	1	0	0	N	N	N	N	

10.30.30.0/24		N	N	N		N	N		
		INPOLICY			0	10.5.5.5	Et0/1		BGP
	1	1	0	0	0	0	14	1	
	1	1	0	0	N	N	N	N	

如上所述，您能为被动和激活组件看到计数器。并且，探测器在BR将终止，一旦TCs移动到“INPOLICY”状态。

R4#show pfr border active-probes

OER Border active-probes
 Type = Probe Type
 Target = Target IP Address
 TPort = Target Port
 Source = Send From Source IP Address
 Interface = Exit interface
 Att = Number of Attempts
 Comps = Number of completions
 N - Not applicable

Type	Target	TPort	Source	Interface	Att	Comps
DSCP						

<No Active Probes>

R5#show pfr border active-probes

OER Border active-probes
 Type = Probe Type
 Target = Target IP Address
 TPort = Target Port
 Source = Send From Source IP Address
 Interface = Exit interface
 Att = Number of Attempts
 Comps = Number of completions
 N - Not applicable

Type	Target	TPort	Source	Interface	Att	Comps
DSCP						

<No Active Probes>

故障排除

目前没有针对此配置的故障排除信息。