

Troubleshooting UCS SAN

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[Introdução](#)

Este documento fornece dicas de Troubleshooting úteis para o sistema de Unified Computing (UCS) SAN.

[Pré-requisitos](#)

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Cisco recomenda que você tem o conhecimento de UCS SAN.

[Componentes Utilizados](#)

Este documento não se restringe a versões de software e hardware específicas.

[Convenções](#)

Consulte as [Convenções de Dicas Técnicas da Cisco](#) para obter mais informações sobre convenções de documentos.

[Dicas para Troubleshooting](#)

O vHBA da verificação tem o FLOGI na tela SAN.

1. Entre a UCS CLI e conecte a NXOS.

```
# connect nxos a|b
(nxos)# show npv flogi-
table
```

```
UCS-250-A# connect nxos
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software
TAC support: http://www.cisco.com/tac
Copyright (c) 2002-2011, Cisco Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.
The copyrights to certain works contained in this software are
owned by other third parties and used and distributed under
license. Certain components of this software are licensed under
the GNU General Public License (GPL) version 2.0 or the GNU
Lesser General Public License (LGPL) Version 2.1. A copy of each
such license is available at
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/gpl-2.0.php and
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.php
UCS-250-A(nxos)# show npv flogi-table
-----
SERVER
INTERFACE VSAN FCID PORT NAME NODE NAME EXTERNAL
INTERFACE
-----
vfc3299 1000 Ox5e00ec 20:bb:0a:03:00:00:00:1d 50:01:23:45:44:55:66:cf fc2/1
vfc3454 1000 Ox5e0105 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:25:2d 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:25:2e fc2/1
vfc3468 1000 Ox5e00d8 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:1f 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:05:1f fc2/1
vfc3474 1000 Ox5e00d2 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:3f 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:05:0f fc2/1
vfc3506 1000 Ox5e0103 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:25:3f 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:25:1e fc2/1
vfc3528 1000 Ox5e010a 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:1a 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:05:01 fc2/1
vfc3607 1000 Ox5e00eb 20:00:00:25:b5:b9:30:02 50:01:23:45:44:55:66:bf fc2/1
vfc3611 1000 Ox5e00ca 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:00 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:05:06 fc2/1
vfc3617 1000 Ox5e00f4 20:00:00:25:b5:b3:36:0e 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:36:0f fc2/1
-----
Total number of flogi = 9.
```

Certifique-se que o FCID do WWPN está atribuído, e o VSAN está correto.

2. Alternativamente, do interruptor de Cisco MDS, certifique-se do WWPN tenha o FLOGI.*sv-*

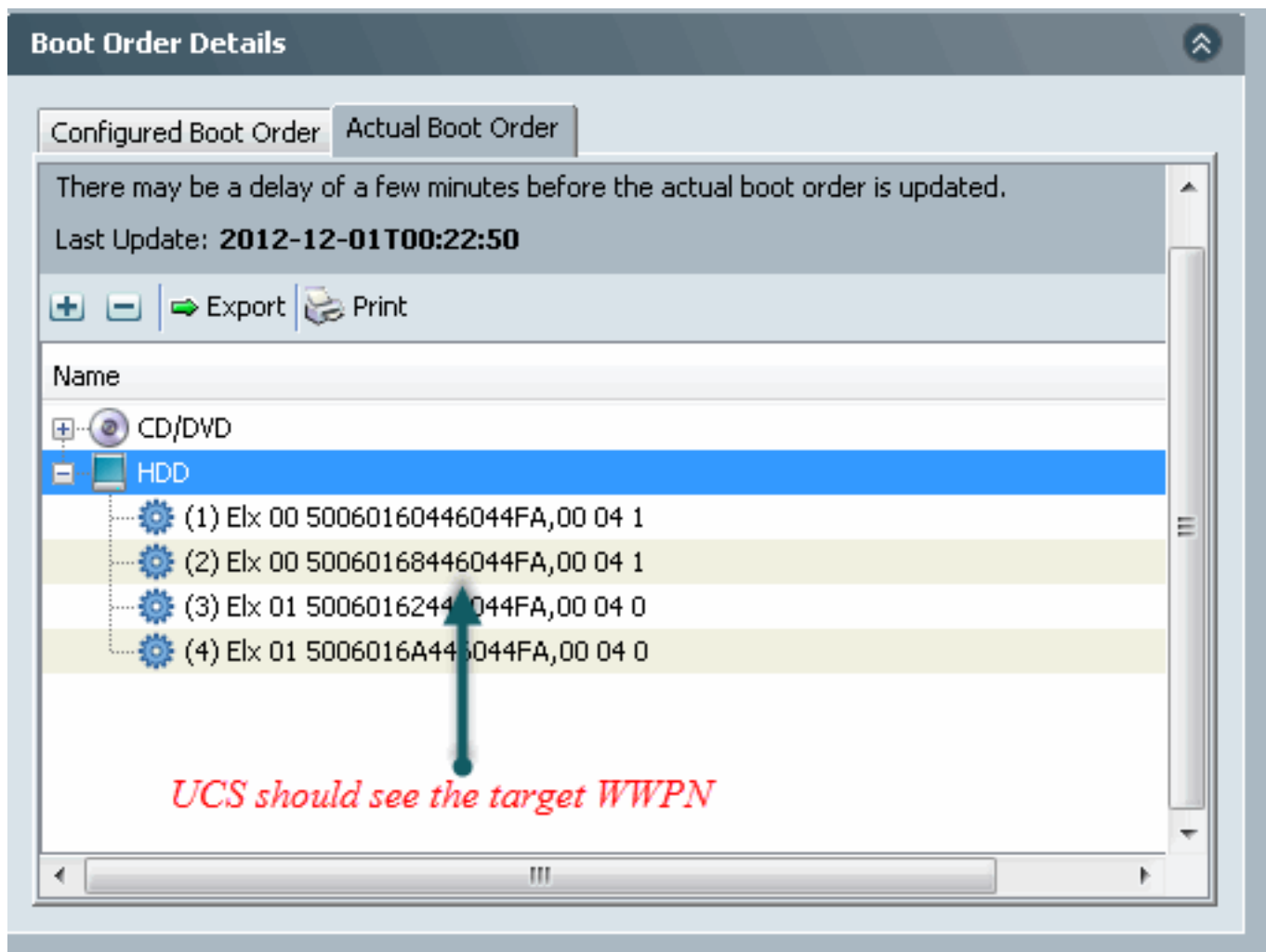
```
35-06-MDS9222i# show flogi database
SV-35-06-MDS9222i# show fcns database
```

Verifique o Zoneamento no interruptor MDS para certificar-se de que o vHBA(WWPN) e o alvo do armazenamento estão em linha e na mesma zona.

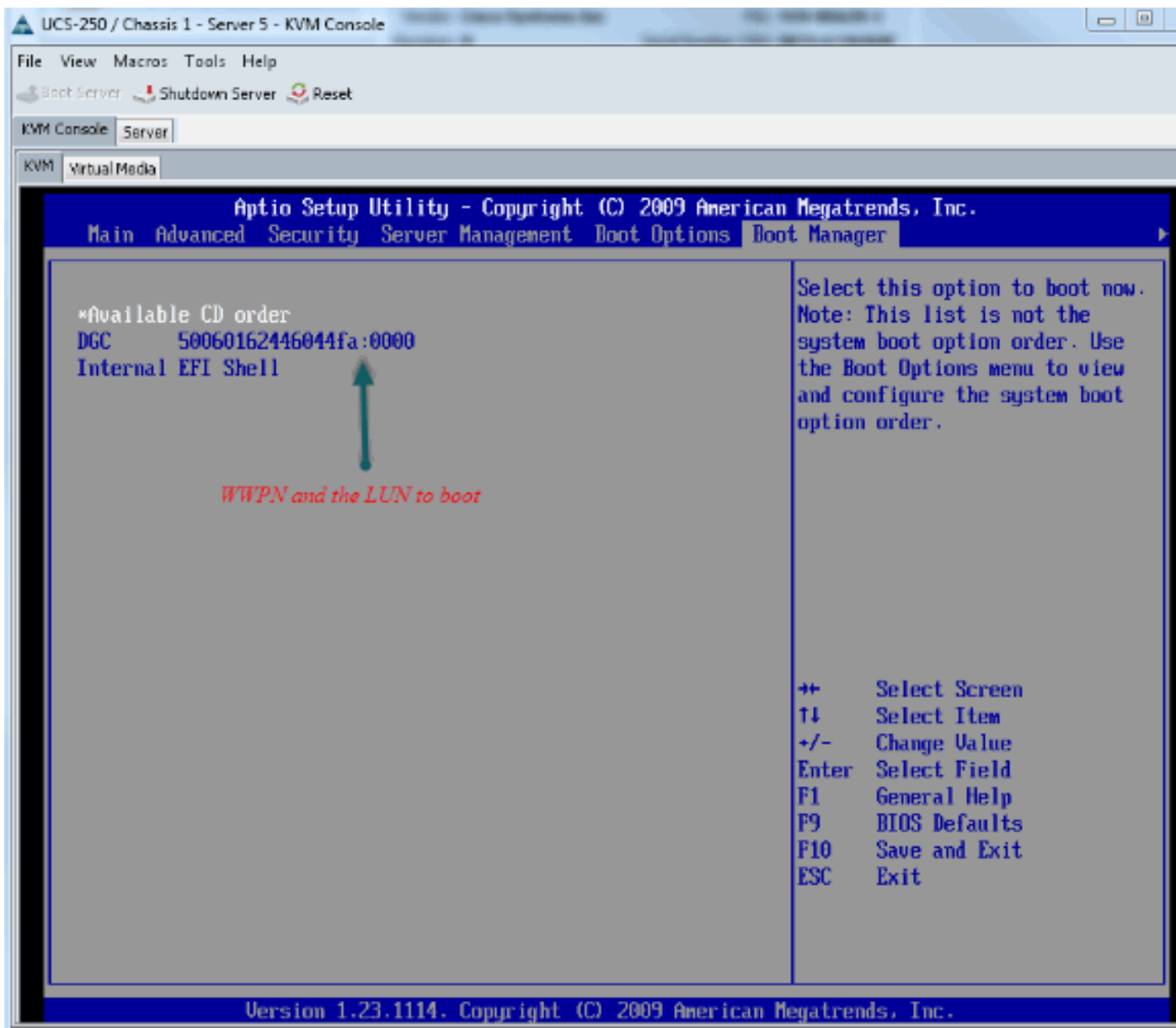
```
SV-35-06-MDS9222i# show zoneset active vsan 1000
SV-35-06-MDS9222i# show zoneset active vsan 1000 | begin matao
zone name matao vsan 1000
  pwwn 20:00:00:25:b5:b3:05:0f
* fcid 0x5e00ef [pwwn 50:06:01:62:44:60:44:fa] [SPA2] SAN
* fcid 0x5e01ef [pwwn 50:06:01:6a:44:60:44:fa] [SPB2] target
* fcid 0x5e00d2 [pwwn 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:3f]
* fcid 0x5e00d8 [pwwn 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:1f]
  pwwn 20:00:00:25:b5:b5:05:0f
  pwwn 20:00:00:25:b5:b5:05:2f
```

Verifique se o vHBA pode considerar o alvo durante a bota SAN.

No gerente UCS, se a lâmina pode carreg do SAN, a seguir o gerente “ordem real UCS da bota” deve poder ver o WWPN de todos os alvos.



Ao carreg acima da lâmina, pressione o F2 para incorporar o BIOS e navegar ao gerente da bota. O BIOS deve poder ver o LUN para carreg.



Para o adaptador PALO, nesta fase (quando o OS não começou ainda), você pode igualmente conectar ao adaptador para verificar se o vHBA tenha o FLOGI e o PLOGI.

```

000-000-1# connect adapter 1/5/1
adapter 1/5/1 # connect
adapter 1/5/1 (top):1# att
attach-1# attach-map
adapter 1/5/1 (top):1# attach-fls
adapter 1/5/1 (fls):1# vnic
-----
vnic ecpu type state  lif
-----
9 1 fc active 6
10 2 fc active 7
adapter 1/5/1 (fls):2# login 9
lifid: 6
  ID  PORTNAME  NODENAME  FID
  0: 50:06:01:62:44:60:44:fa  00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00  0x5e00ef

adapter 1/5/1 (fls):3# lunmap 9
lunmapid: 0 port_cnt: 1
  lif_id: 6
  PORTNAME  NODENAME  LUN  FLOGI
  50:06:01:62:44:60:44:fa  00:00:00:00:00:00:00  0000000000000000  Y

adapter 1/5/1 (fls):4# lunlist 9
vnic : 0 lifid: 6
- FLOGI State : flogi est [fc_id 0x5e00ef]
- FLOGI Sessions
- WRRN 50:06:01:62:44:60:44:fa WWPN 50:06:01:62:44:60:44:fa fc_id 0x5e00ef
- LUN's configured (SCSI Type, Version, Vendor, Serial No.)
  LUN ID : 0x0000000000000000 (CxD, Cx4, DDC , FCNCM101500662)
- REPORT LUNs Query Response
  LUN ID : 0x0000000000000000
  LUN ID : 0x0001000000000000
  LUN ID : 0x0003000000000000
- Nameserver Query Response
- WWPN : 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:1f
- WWPN : 50:06:01:62:44:60:44:fa
- WWPN : 50:06:01:6a:44:60:44:fa

```

vHBA has FLOGI to LUN 0

vHBA has FLOGI

LUNs presented to the vHBA

Depois que o OS tem a bota acima, a saída é diferente. Isto é esperado.

```

adapter 1/5/1 # connect
adapter 1/5/1 (top):1# attach-fls
adapter 1/5/1 (fls):1# vnic
-----
vnic ecpu type state  lif
-----
9 1 fc active 6
10 2 fc active 7
adapter 1/5/1 (fls):2# login 9
lifid: 6
  ID  PORTNAME  NODENAME  FID
  0: 50:06:01:62:44:60:44:fa  00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00  0x000000

adapter 1/5/1 (fls):3# lunmap 9
lunmapid: 0 port_cnt: 1
  lif_id: 6
  PORTNAME  NODENAME  LUN  FLOGI
  50:06:01:62:44:60:44:fa  00:00:00:00:00:00:00  0000000000000000  N

adapter 1/5/1 (fls):4# lunlist 9
vnic : 9 lifid: 6
- FLOGI State : init [fc_id 0x000000]
- FLOGI Sessions
- WRRN 50:06:01:62:44:60:44:fa WWPN 50:06:01:62:44:60:44:fa fc_id 0x000000
- LUN's configured (SCSI Type, Version, Vendor, Serial No.)
  LUN ID : 0x0000000000000000 access failure
- REPORT LUNs Query Response
  LUN ID : 0x0000000000000000
  LUN ID : 0x0001000000000000
  LUN ID : 0x0003000000000000
- Nameserver Query Response
- WWPN : 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:1f
- WWPN : 50:06:01:62:44:60:44:fa
- WWPN : 50:06:01:6a:44:60:44:fa

```

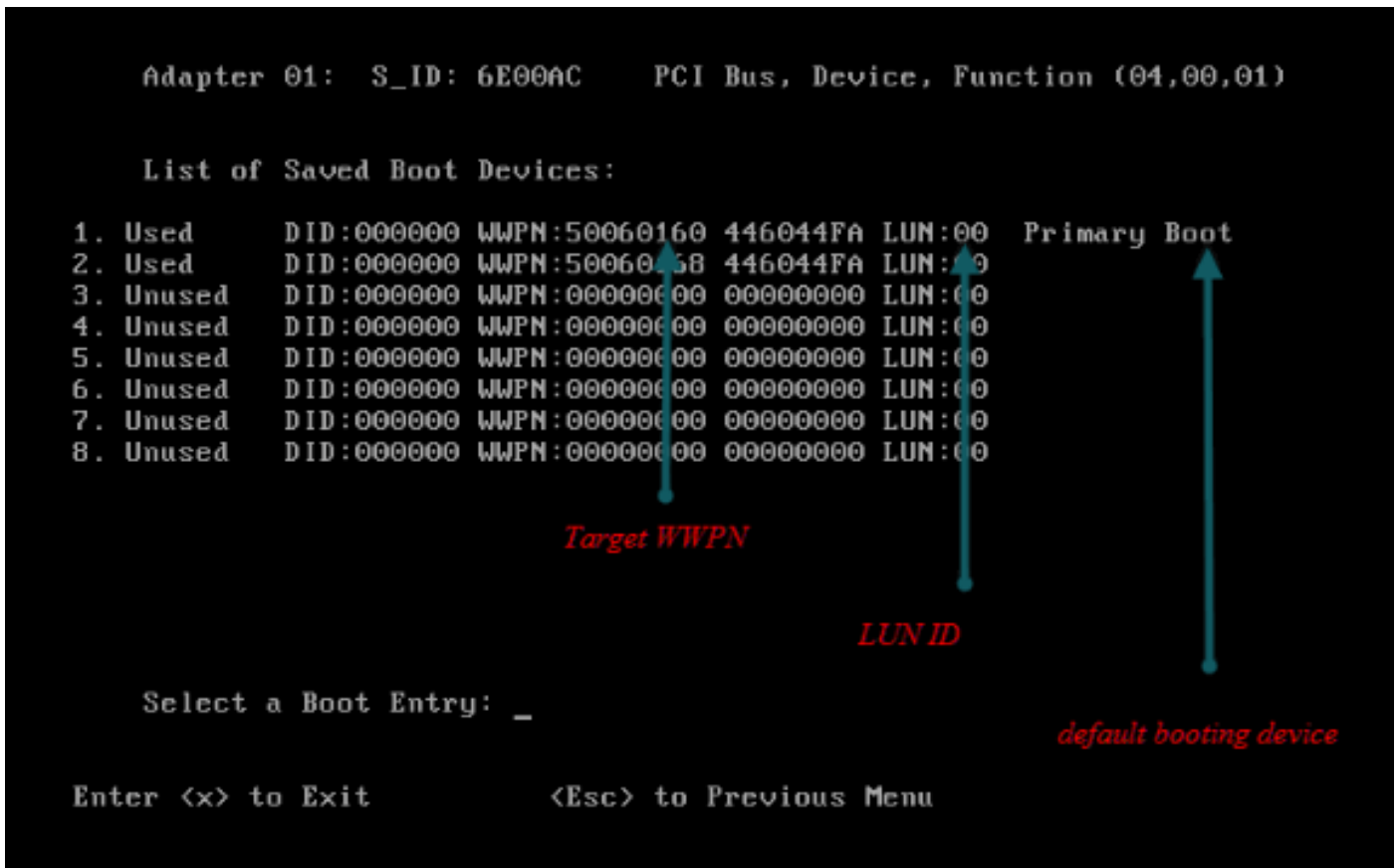
FID 0x000000

FLOGI N

Expected when OS is loaded

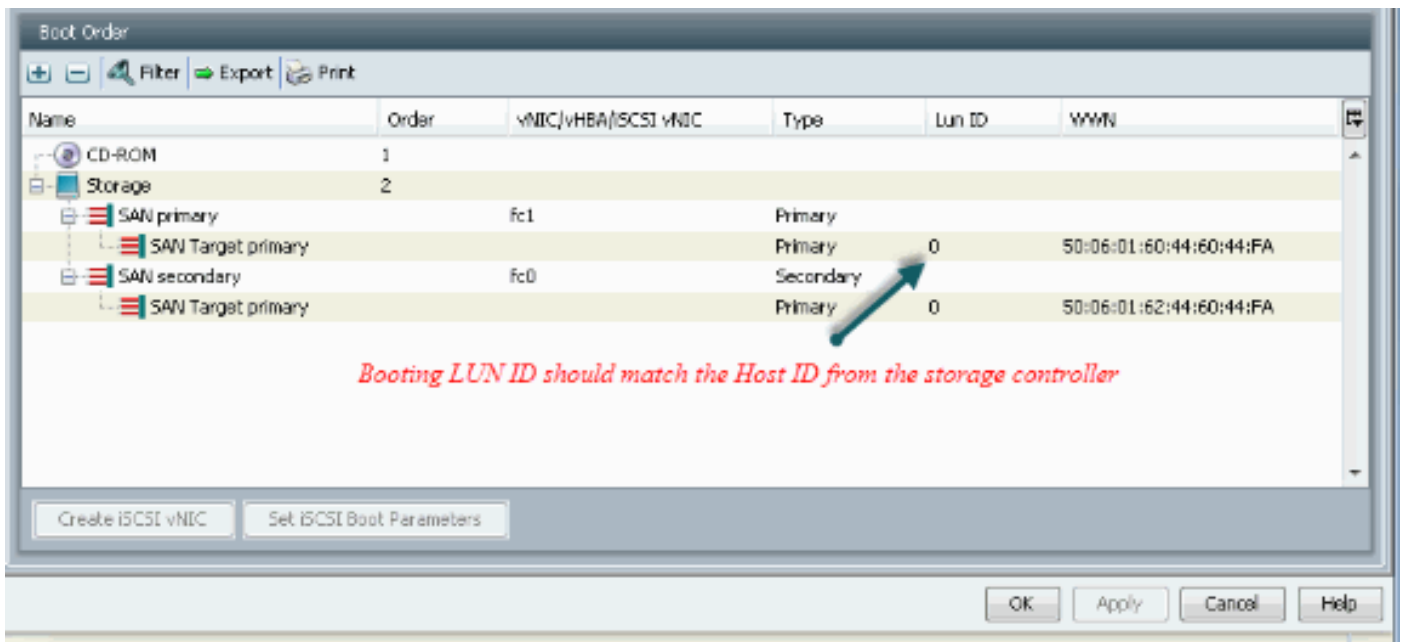
access failure

Para um adaptador M71KR-E, ao carreg o server, pressione o controle + o E para incorporar o utilitário de configuração de Emulex HBA. Então, escolha o vHBA e aliste o dispositivo de booting. O vHBA deve poder considerar o alvo.

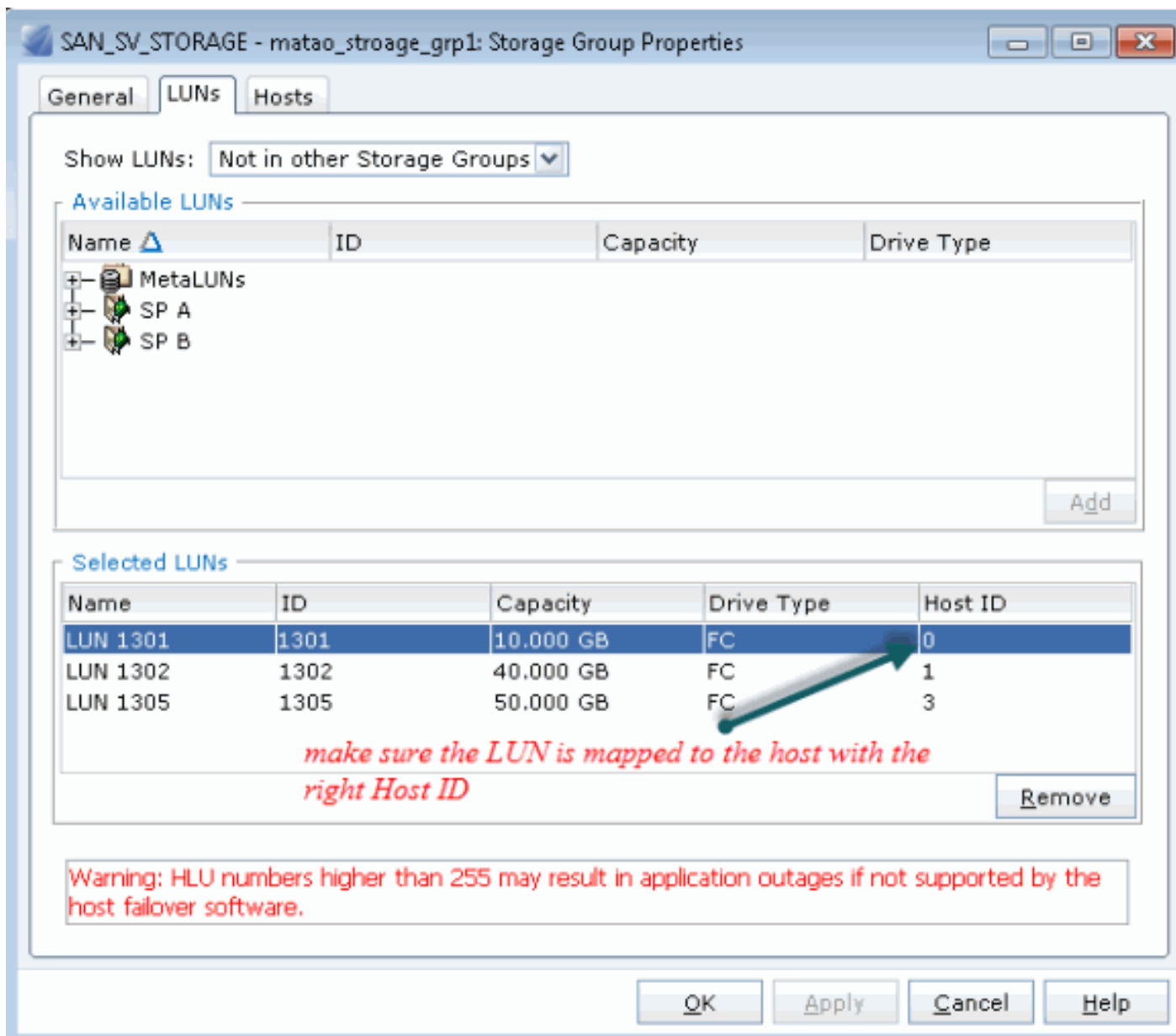


Verifique se o vHBA tem o ID de LUN direito a carreg do SAN.

A política da bota associada com o perfil do serviço tem a configuração do booting. Certifique-se de que o WWPN do alvo está correto e o ID de LUN igualmente combina o LUN definido no armazenamento.



Está em seguida um exemplo dentro para o armazenamento EMC. No grupo do armazenamento, o LUN 1301 é traçado ao host com ID 0, que deve combinar o ID definido na política da bota.



Verifique se o alvo FC pode considerar o vHBA(WWPN) e se tem PLOGI ao alvo.



Verifique se Cisco personalizou a imagem de ESXi é usado para a bota SAN.

Se ESXi não vê o LUN no SAN quando o vHBA considerar o LUN durante a fase da bota, é provável a imagem de ESXi não tem o direcionador direito. Verifique se o cliente esteja usando a imagem personalizada Cisco de ESXi. Vá ao Web site e à busca de VMware para “Cisco ESXi” transferir a imagem personalizada Cisco.

Cisco personalizou a imagem para ESXi 5.1.0

<https://my.vmware.com/web/vmware/details?downloadGroup=CISCO-ESXI-5.1.0-GA-25SEP2012&productId=285>

Cisco personalizou a imagem para ESXi 5.0.0 U1

<https://my.vmware.com/web/vmware/details?downloadGroup=CISCO-ESXI-5.0.0-U1-28AUG2012&productId=268>

Cisco personalizou a imagem para ESXi 4.1 U2

<https://my.vmware.com/web/vmware/details?downloadGroup=OEM-ESXI41U2-CISCO&productId=230>

imagens ISO de Rollp do vSphere 5.0 (fornece uma imagem ISO instalável de ESXi que inclua direcionadores para o vário Produtos produzido por Parceiros de VMware), por exemplo com o server, CIMC C220 M3 1.46c e LSI 9266-8i. Mesmo a imagem personalizada de ESXi não tem o direcionador para detectar o armazenamento local.

https://my.vmware.com/web/vmware/details?downloadGroup=ROLLUPISO_50_2&productId=229

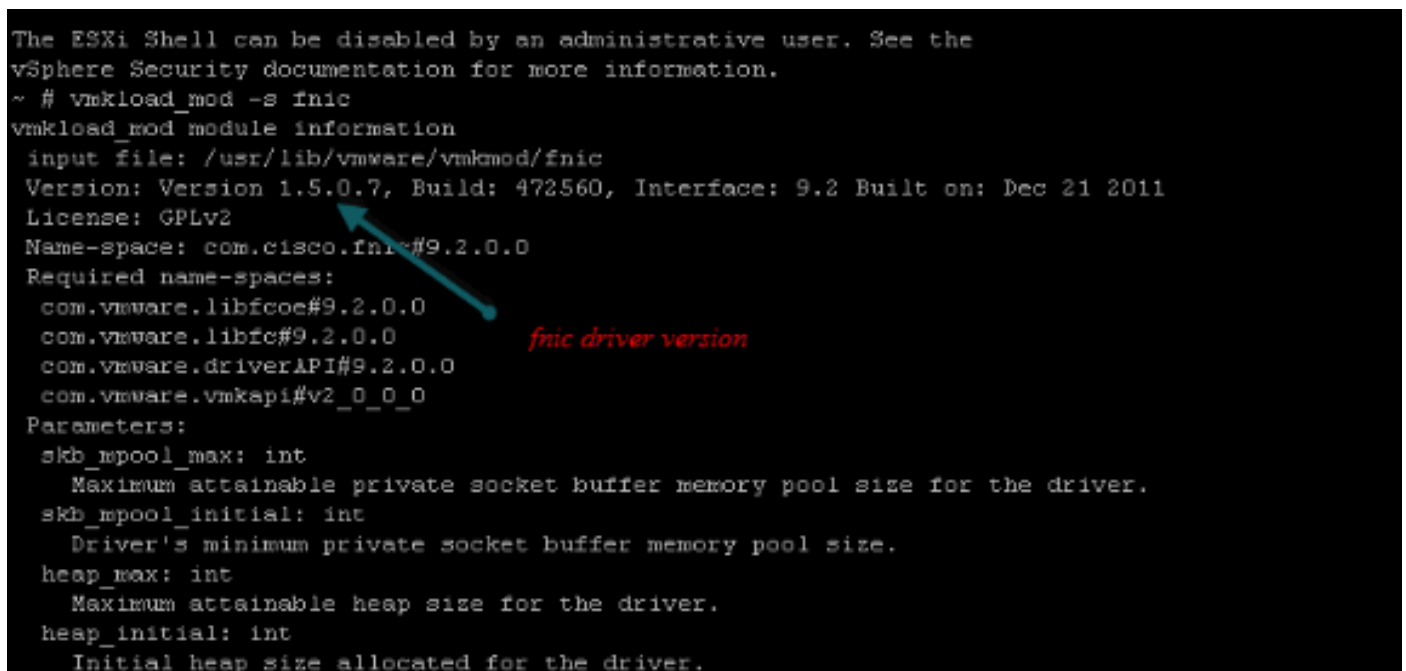
Também, refira o Release Note do rollup

<http://www.vmware.com/support/vsphere5/doc/vsphere-esxi-50-driver-rollup2-release-notes.html>

Verifique se ESXi está usando o mesmo direcionador fnic correto.

Permita o SHELL SSH e ESX e entre ao host de ESXi. Então, execute o `vmkload_mod -s fnic`.

```
The ESXi Shell can be disabled by an administrative user. See the
vSphere Security documentation for more information.
~ # vmkload_mod -s fnic
vmkload_mod module information
input file: /usr/lib/vmware/vmkmod/fnic
Version: Version 1.5.0.7, Build: 472560, Interface: 9.2 Built on: Dec 21 2011
License: GPLv2
Name-space: com.cisco.fnic#9.2.0.0
Required name-spaces:
com.vmware.libfcoe#9.2.0.0
com.vmware.libfc#9.2.0.0
com.vmware.driverAPI#9.2.0.0
com.vmware.vmkapi#v2_0_0_0
Parameters:
skb_mpool_max: int
Maximum attainable private socket buffer memory pool size for the driver.
skb_mpool_initial: int
Driver's minimum private socket buffer memory pool size.
heap_max: int
Maximum attainable heap size for the driver.
heap_initial: int
Initial heap size allocated for the driver.
```



Verifique se o host pode considerar todos os trajetos ao alvo do armazenamento de VMware ESXi.

1. Verifique a informação LUN que pode ser considerada por todo o vHBA.~ # `esxcfg-scsidevs`

Device UID	Device Type	Console
Device	Size	Multipath PluginDisplay Name
naa.6006016081f0280000e47af49150e111	Direct-Access	/vmfs/devices/disks/naa.6006016081f0280000e47af49150e111
16081f0280000e47af49150e111 40960MB	NMP DGC Fibre Channel Disk (naa.6006016081f0280000e47af49150e111)	
naa.6006016081f028007a6ffec12985e111	Direct-Access	/vmfs/devices/disks/naa.6006016081f028007a6ffec12985e111
6081f028007a6ffec12985e111 51200MB	NMP DGC Fibre Channel Disk (naa.6006016081f028007a6ffec12985e111)	
naa.6006016081f02800ca79c3b09150e111	Direct-Access	/vmfs/devices/disks/naa.6006016081f02800ca79c3b09150e111
6081f02800ca79c3b09150e111 10240MB	NMP DGC Fibre Channel Disk (naa.6006016081f02800ca79c3b09150e111)	

2. Verifique que vHBA pode considerar que LUN.~ # esxcfg-scsidevs -A

```

vmhba1      naa.6006016081f0280000e47af49150e111
vmhba1      naa.6006016081f028007a6ffec12985e111
vmhba1      naa.6006016081f02800ca79c3b09150e111
vmhba2      naa.6006016081f0280000e47af49150e111
vmhba2      naa.6006016081f028007a6ffec12985e111
vmhba2      naa.6006016081f02800ca79c3b09150e111

```

Neste exemplo acima, vmhba1 e vmhba2 podem ver os 3 LUN.

3. Verifique os trajetos aos LUN.~ # esxcfg-mpath -b

```

naa.6006016081f0280000e47af49150e111 : DGC Fibre Channel Disk (naa.6006016081f0280000e47af49150e111)

```

```

vmhba1:C0:T0:L1 LUN:1 state:active fc Adapter: WWNN: 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:05:0f WWPN: 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:3f Target: WWNN: 50:06:01:60:c4:60:44:fa WWPN: 50:06:01:6a:44:60:44:fa
vmhba1:C0:T1:L1 LUN:1 state:active fc Adapter: WWNN: 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:05:0f WWPN: 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:3f Target: WWNN: 50:06:01:60:c4:60:44:fa WWPN: 50:06:01:62:44:60:44:fa
vmhba2:C0:T0:L1 LUN:1 state:active fc Adapter: WWNN: 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:05:0f WWPN: 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:2f Target: WWNN: 50:06:01:60:c4:60:44:fa WWPN: 50:06:01:60:44:60:44:fa
vmhba2:C0:T1:L1 LUN:1 state:active fc Adapter: WWNN: 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:05:0f WWPN: 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:2f Target: WWNN: 50:06:01:60:c4:60:44:fa WWPN: 50:06:01:68:44:60:44:fa

```

```

naa.6006016081f028007a6ffec12985e111 : DGC Fibre Channel Disk (naa.6006016081f028007a6ffec12985e111)

```

```

vmhba1:C0:T0:L3 LUN:3 state:active fc Adapter: WWNN: 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:05:0f WWPN: 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:3f Target: WWNN: 50:06:01:60:c4:60:44:fa WWPN: 50:06:01:6a:44:60:44:fa
vmhba1:C0:T1:L3 LUN:3 state:active fc Adapter: WWNN: 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:05:0f WWPN: 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:3f Target: WWNN: 50:06:01:60:c4:60:44:fa WWPN: 50:06:01:62:44:60:44:fa
vmhba2:C0:T0:L3 LUN:3 state:active fc Adapter: WWNN: 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:05:0f WWPN: 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:2f Target: WWNN: 50:06:01:60:c4:60:44:fa WWPN: 50:06:01:60:44:60:44:fa
vmhba2:C0:T1:L3 LUN:3 state:active fc Adapter: WWNN: 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:05:0f WWPN: 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:2f Target: WWNN: 50:06:01:60:c4:60:44:fa WWPN: 50:06:01:68:44:60:44:fa

```

```

naa.6006016081f02800ca79c3b09150e111 : DGC Fibre Channel Disk (naa.6006016081f02800ca79c3b09150e111)

```

```

vmhba1:C0:T0:L0 LUN:0 state:active fc Adapter: WWNN: 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:05:0f WWPN: 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:3f Target: WWNN: 50:06:01:60:c4:60:44:fa WWPN: 50:06:01:6a:44:60:44:fa
vmhba1:C0:T1:L0 LUN:0 state:active fc Adapter: WWNN: 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:05:0f WWPN: 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:3f Target: WWNN: 50:06:01:60:c4:60:44:fa WWPN: 50:06:01:62:44:60:44:fa
vmhba2:C0:T0:L0 LUN:0 state:active fc Adapter: WWNN: 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:05:0f WWPN: 20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:2f Target: WWNN: 50:06:01:60:c4:60:44:fa WWPN: 50:06:01:60:44:60:44:fa
vmhba2:C0:T1:L0 LUN:0 state:active fc Adapter: WWNN: 20:00:00:25:b5:a0:05:0f WWPN:

```

20:00:00:25:b5:b0:05:2f Target: WWNN: 50:06:01:60:c4:60:44:fa WWPN: 50:06:01:68:44:60:44:fa Neste exemplo, há quatro trajetos a cada LUN: dois de vmhba1 e dois de vmhba2.

Informações Relacionadas

- [Suporte Técnico e Documentação - Cisco Systems](#)