

X25 Over TCP/IP com manutenções de atividade de XOT

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[Introdução](#)

O X.25 sobre TCP (XOT) permite-o de enviar os pacotes X.25 sobre uma rede TCP/IP em vez de um link do procedimento de acesso de enlace, equilibrado (LAPB). O XOT igualmente permite que você escave um túnel o tráfego X.25 através de uma rede IP.

Os pacotes dos switch de software X.25 de Cisco IOS® entre um link X.25 e uma conexão de TCP. Cada endereço de destino dos circuitos virtuais pode ser traçado a um endereço IP de Um ou Mais Servidores Cisco ICM NT separado. As manutenções de atividade de XOT podem ser usadas para detectar o underlayer TCP. O TCP tem a capacidade para detectar a conexão verificando o número de sequência do reconhecimento. Se não recebe algum reconhece pacotes, guarda os pacotes desconhecidos e mantém-se tentar retransmitir até que dê eventualmente acima e rasgue para baixo a conexão de TCP. Contudo, este processo toma demasiada hora.

Este documento descreve como usar a característica das manutenções de atividade de XOT caso uma conexão de TCP for quebrada, para detectá-la, e toma a ação mais rapidamente.

[Pré-requisitos](#)

[Requisitos](#)

Não existem requisitos específicos para este documento.

[Componentes Utilizados](#)

As informações neste documento são baseadas nestas versões de software e hardware:

- Cisco IOS Software Release 9.21 ou Mais Recente, com algum conjunto de recursos
- Todos os roteadores Cisco com Cisco IOS Software Release 9.21 ou Mais Recente apoiam esta característica
- Cisco IOS Software Releases 12.2(13)T13 e 12.2(27)

As informações neste documento foram criadas a partir de dispositivos em um ambiente de laboratório específico. Todos os dispositivos utilizados neste documento foram iniciados com uma configuração (padrão) inicial. Se a sua rede estiver ativa, certifique-se de que entende o impacto potencial de qualquer comando.

Convenções

Consulte as [Convenções de Dicas Técnicas da Cisco](#) para obter mais informações sobre convenções de documentos.

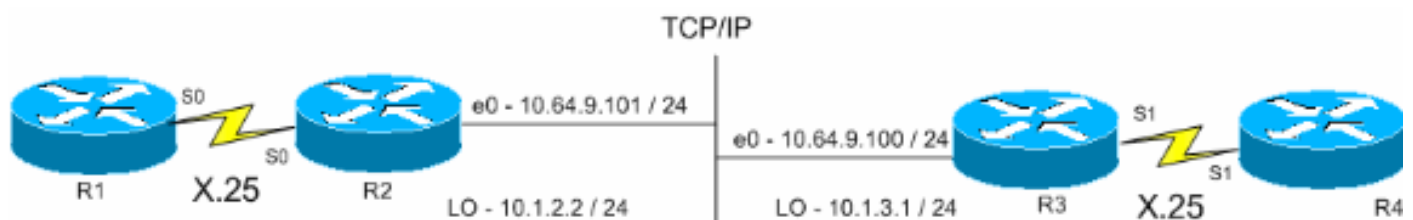
Configurar

Nesta seção, você encontrará informações para configurar os recursos descritos neste documento.

Note: Use a ferramenta [Command Lookup Tool](#) ([apenas para clientes registrados](#)) para obter mais informações sobre os comandos usados neste documento.

Diagrama de Rede

Este documento utiliza a seguinte configuração de rede:



Configurações

Este documento utiliza as seguintes configurações:

- [R1 \(Cisco 2500 Router\)](#)
- [R2 \(Cisco 2500 Router\)](#)
- [R3 \(Cisco 2600 Router\)](#)
- [R4 \(Cisco 2600 Router\)](#)

R1 (Cisco 2500 Router)

```
Current configuration:
!
version 12.2
service timestamps debug datetime msec
```

```

service timestamps log uptime
!
hostname R1
!
x25 routing
!--- The X.25 local switching. ! interface Serial0 no ip
address no ip directed-broadcast encapsulation x25 no ip
mroute-cache x25 address 45678 x25 win 5 !--- For
testing purposes, the X.25 flow control !--- is set to
something other than !--- the default value. In this
configuration, !--- win 5 and wout 5, and ips and ops
256 are used. x25 wout 5 x25 ips 256 x25 ops 256 x25
idle 1 ! line con 0 transport input none line aux 0 line
vty 0 4 password cisco login ! end

```

R2 (Cisco 2500 Router)

```

Current configuration
!
version 12.2
service pad to-xot
!--- Enable this command in order to make a packet
assembler/disassembler (PAD) !--- over XOT through the
router locally. It is useful for troubleshooting XOT
problems. service timestamps debug datetime msec service
timestamps log uptime ! hostname R2 ! x25 routing !---
Enables X.25 switching. ! ! ! interface Loopback0 ip
address 10.1.2.2 255.255.255.0 ! interface Ethernet0 ip
address 10.64.9.101 255.255.255.0 no ip route-cache no
ip mroute-cache ! interface Serial0 no ip address
encapsulation x25 dce no ip mroute-cache x25 win 5 x25
wout 5 x25 ips 256 x25 ops 256 !--- Set these flow
control parameters since the interface you have
connected to !--- also has these parameters set. If not
matched, you can reset the link !--- while there are
larger packets that go over. x25 idle 1 clockrate 64000
! router rip network 10.0.0.0 ! x25 route ^12 xot
10.64.9.100 xot-keepalive-period 10 xot-keepalive-tries
3 xot-source Loopback0 x25 route ^4 interface Serial0
xot-keepalive-period 10 xot-keepalive-tries 3 !--- By
default, xot-keepalives is always enabled, uses the
default keepalive !--- period of 60 seconds, and retries
four times. Use the !--- loopback as the XOT source to
enhance the TCP connection reliability. !--- If you have
two interfaces configured for X.25 and one of the !---
interfaces goes down, one interface remains up so that
the TCP !--- connection is not interrupted. In order to
achieve this redundancy !--- connection, the XOT uses
the loopback interface since the !--- source and the TCP
connection do not fail. !--- If you want to have
redundant interfaces in your router, the !--- X.25 route
command is configured as - X.25 route ^12 xot
10.64.9.100 10.64.9.200 !--- where 10.64.9.100 and
10.64.9.200 are the remote destination IP addresses.

!
line con 0
line aux 0
line vty 0 4
login
!
end

```

R3 (Cisco 2600 Router)

```

Current configuration
!
version 12.2
service pad to-xot
!--- Enable this command in order to make a packet
assembler/disassembler (PAD) !--- over XOT through the
router locally. It is useful for troubleshooting XOT
problems. service timestamps debug datetime msec service
timestamps log uptime ! hostname R2 ! x25 routing !---
Enables X.25 switching. ! ! ! interface Loopback0 ip
address 10.1.2.2 255.255.255.0 ! interface Ethernet0 ip
address 10.64.9.101 255.255.255.0 no ip route-cache no
ip mroute-cache ! interface Serial0 no ip address
encapsulation x25 dce no ip mroute-cache x25 win 5 x25
wout 5 x25 ips 256 x25 ops 256 !--- Set these flow
control parameters since the interface you have
connected to !--- also has these parameters set. If not
matched, you can reset the link !--- while there are
larger packets that go over. x25 idle 1 clockrate 64000
! router rip network 10.0.0.0 ! x25 route ^12 xot
10.64.9.100 xot-keepalive-period 10 xot-keepalive-tries
3 xot-source Loopback0 x25 route ^4 interface Serial0
xot-keepalive-period 10 xot-keepalive-tries 3 !--- By
default, xot-keepalives is always enabled, uses the
default keepalive !--- period of 60 seconds, and retries
four times. Use the !--- loopback as the XOT source to
enhance the TCP connection reliability. !--- If you have
two interfaces configured for X.25 and one of the !---
interfaces goes down, one interface remains up so that
the TCP !--- connection is not interrupted. In order to
achieve this redundancy !--- connection, the XOT uses
the loopback interface since the !--- source and the TCP
connection do not fail. !--- If you want to have
redundant interfaces in your router, the !--- X.25 route
command is configured as - X.25 route ^12 xot
10.64.9.100 10.64.9.200 !--- where 10.64.9.100 and
10.64.9.200 are the remote destination IP addresses.

!
line con 0
line aux 0
line vty 0 4
login
!
end

```

R4 (Cisco 2600 Router)

```

Current configuration
!
version 12.2
service pad to-xot
!--- Enable this command in order to make a packet
assembler/disassembler (PAD) !--- over XOT through the
router locally. It is useful for troubleshooting XOT
problems. service timestamps debug datetime msec service
timestamps log uptime ! hostname R2 ! x25 routing !---
Enables X.25 switching. ! ! ! interface Loopback0 ip
address 10.1.2.2 255.255.255.0 ! interface Ethernet0 ip
address 10.64.9.101 255.255.255.0 no ip route-cache no
ip mroute-cache ! interface Serial0 no ip address
encapsulation x25 dce no ip mroute-cache x25 win 5 x25

```

```

wout 5 x25 ips 256 x25 ops 256 !--- Set these flow
control parameters since the interface you have
connected to !--- also has these parameters set. If not
matched, you can reset the link !--- while there are
larger packets that go over. x25 idle 1 clockrate 64000
! router rip network 10.0.0.0 ! x25 route ^12 xot
10.64.9.100 xot-keepalive-period 10 xot-keepalive-tries
3 xot-source Loopback0 x25 route ^4 interface Serial0
xot-keepalive-period 10 xot-keepalive-tries 3 !--- By
default, xot-keepalives is always enabled, uses the
default keepalive !--- period of 60 seconds, and retries
four times. Use the !--- loopback as the XOT source to
enhance the TCP connection reliability. !--- If you have
two interfaces configured for X.25 and one of the !---
interfaces goes down, one interface remains up so that
the TCP !--- connection is not interrupted. In order to
achieve this redundancy !--- connection, the XOT uses
the loopback interface since the !--- source and the TCP
connection do not fail. !--- If you want to have
redundant interfaces in your router, the !--- X.25 route
command is configured as - X.25 route ^12 xot
10.64.9.100 10.64.9.200 !--- where 10.64.9.100 and
10.64.9.200 are the remote destination IP addresses.

!
line con 0
line aux 0
line vty 0 4
login
!
end

```

Verificar

Use esta seção para confirmar se a sua configuração funciona corretamente.

A [Output Interpreter Tool \(apenas para clientes registrados\)](#) (OIT) suporta determinados comandos show. Use a OIT para exibir uma análise da saída do comando show.

- **mostre a almofada X.25** — Mostra a informação sobre as conexões abertas atuais, incluindo transmissões de pacote de informação, configurações de parâmetro X.3, e o status atual dos circuitos virtuais.
- **mostre o xot X.25** — Mostra a informação para todos os circuitos virtuais XOT que combinam um critério dado.
- **mostra tcp** — Mostra o status de conexões TCP.
- **almofada** — Use este comando registrar em uma ALMOFADA.

Esta saída mostra o resultado do debug indicado quando uma chamada pad é colocada do r1 ao R4:

```
R1#pad 123456
```

```
User Access Verification
```

```
Password:
```

```
lwd: Serial0: X.25 O R1 Call (15) 8 lci 1024
```

```
lwd: From (5): 45678 To (6): 123456
```

```
lwld: Facilities: (0)
lwld: Call User Data (4): 0x01000000 (pad)
lwld: Serial0: X.25 I R1 Call Confirm (5) 8 lci 1024
lwld: From (0): To (0):
lwld: Facilities: (0)
R4>
```

Este atendimento passa com o R2. Esta saída foi capturada usando os comandos **debug x25 event** e **debug ip tcp driver**.

```
R2#
*Mar 9 07:02:39.982: Serial0: X.25 I R1 Call (15) 8 lci 1024
*Mar 9 07:02:39.986: From (5): 45678 To (6): 123456
*Mar 9 07:02:39.990: Facilities: (0)
*Mar 9 07:02:39.990: Call User Data (4): 0x01000000 (pad)
*Mar 9 07:02:40.006: TCPDRV404EF4: Active async open 10.1.2.2:0
--> 10.64.9.100 :1998 OK, lport 11020
*Mar 9 07:02:40.034: TCPDRV404EF4: disable tcp timeouts
*Mar 9 07:02:40.034: TCPDRV404EF4: enable tcp timeouts
*Mar 9 07:02:40.038: TCPDRV404EF4: keepalive interval set to 10000 ms

!--- The keepalives parameters. *Mar 9 07:02:40.038: TCPDRV404EF4: keepalive attempts set to 3
*Mar 9 07:02:40.042: TCPDRV404EF4: keepalives turned on *Mar 9 07:02:40.046:
[10.64.9.100,1998/10.1.2.2,11020]: XOT O P2 Call (21) 8 lc i 1 *Mar 9 07:02:40.050: From (5):
45678 To (6): 123456 *Mar 9 07:02:40.054: Facilities: (6) *Mar 9 07:02:40.054: Packet sizes: 256
256 *Mar 9 07:02:40.058: Window sizes: 5 5 *Mar 9 07:02:40.058: Call User Data (4): 0x01000000
(pad) *Mar 9 07:02:40.182: [10.64.9.100,1998/10.1.2.2,11020]: XOT I P2 Call Confirm (11) 8 lci 1
*Mar 9 07:02:40.182: From (0): To (0): *Mar 9 07:02:40.186: Facilities: (6) *Mar 9 07:02:40.186:
Packet sizes: 256 256 *Mar 9 07:02:40.190: Window sizes: 5 5 *Mar 9 07:02:40.194: Serial0: X.25
O R1 Call Confirm (5) 8 lci 1024 *Mar 9 07:02:40.194: From (0): To (0): *Mar 9 07:02:40.198:
Facilities: (0)
```

O R3 recebe o atendimento do R2 com o XOT e passa-o então ao R4. Esta saída foi capturada usando os comandos **debug x25 event** e **debug ip tcp driver**.

```
R3#
*Mar 9 07:00:41.338: TCPDRV27693C: Passive open 10.64.9.100:1998 <-- 10.1.2.2:1 1020
*Mar 9 07:00:41.342: TCPDRV27693C: disable tcp timeouts
*Mar 9 07:00:41.342: TCPDRV27693C: enable tcp timeouts
*Mar 9 07:00:41.370: [10.1.2.2,11020/10.64.9.100,1998]: XOT I P/Inactive Call (21) 8 lci 1
*Mar 9 07:00:41.370: From (5): 45678 To (6): 123456
*Mar 9 07:00:41.374: Facilities: (6)
*Mar 9 07:00:41.378: Packet sizes: 256 256
*Mar 9 07:00:41.378: Window sizes: 5 5
*Mar 9 07:00:41.382: Call User Data (4): 0x01000000 (pad)
*Mar 9 07:00:41.394: TCPDRV27693C: keepalive interval set to 10000 ms
*Mar 9 07:00:41.394: TCPDRV27693C: keepalive attempts set to 3
*Mar 9 07:00:41.398: TCPDRV27693C: keepalives turned on
*Mar 9 07:00:41.402: Serial1: X.25 O R1 Call (21) 8 lci 1024
*Mar 9 07:00:41.402: From (5): 45678 To (6): 123456
*Mar 9 07:00:41.406: Facilities: (6)
*Mar 9 07:00:41.410: Packet sizes: 256 256
*Mar 9 07:00:41.410: Window sizes: 5 5
*Mar 9 07:00:41.414: Call User Data (4): 0x01000000 (pad)
*Mar 9 07:00:41.454: Serial1: X.25 I R1 Call Confirm (5) 8 lci 1024
*Mar 9 07:00:41.454: From (0): To (0):
*Mar 9 07:00:41.458: Facilities: (0)
*Mar 9 07:00:41.462: [10.1.2.2,11020/10.64.9.100,1998]: XOT O P3 Call Confirm (11) 8 lci 1
*Mar 9 07:00:41.462: From (0): To (0):
```

O R4 recebe o atendimento e conecta-o à porta VTY:

```
R4#
*Mar 9 06:57:16.598: Serial1: X.25 I R1 Call (21) 8 lci 1024
*Mar 9 06:57:16.602: From (5): 45678 To (6): 123456
*Mar 9 06:57:16.606: Facilities: (6)
*Mar 9 06:57:16.606: Packet sizes: 256 256
*Mar 9 06:57:16.610: Window sizes: 5 5
*Mar 9 06:57:16.610: Call User Data (4): 0x01000000 (pad)
*Mar 9 06:57:16.622: Serial1: X.25 O R1 Call Confirm (5) 8 lci 1024
*Mar 9 06:57:16.626: From (0): To (0):
*Mar 9 06:57:16.626: Facilities: (0)
```

R4#**show x25 vc**

```
SVC 1024, State: D1, Interface: Serial1
Started 00:02:15, last input 00:02:12, output 00:02:12
```

```
Line: 2 vty 0 Location: Host: 45678
45678 connected to 123456 PAD <--> X25
```

```
Window size input: 5, output: 5
Packet size input: 256, output: 256
PS: 4 PR: 0 ACK: 0 Remote PR: 4 RCNT: 0 RNR: no
P/D state timeouts: 0 timer (secs): 0
data bytes 47/60 packets 4/8 Resets 0/0 RNRs 0/0 REJs 0/0 INTs 0/0
```

R2#**show tcp**

```
Stand-alone TCP connection to host 10.64.9.100
Connection state is ESTAB, I/O status: 1, unread input bytes: 0
Local host: 10.1.1.2.2, Local port: 11020
Foreign host: 10.64.9.100, Foreign port: 1998
```

```
Enqueued packets for retransmit: 0, input: 0 mis-ordered: 0 (0 bytes)
```

```
TCP driver queue size 0, flow controlled FALSE
```

```
Event Timers (current time is 0x2AB893F0):
```

```
Timer Starts Wakeups Next
```

```
Retrans 11 0 0x0
```

```
TimeWait 0 0 0x0
```

```
AckHold 10 0 0x0
```

```
SendWnd 0 0 0x0
```

```
KeepAlive 50 0 0x2AB8A290
```

```
!--- Sends keepalive packets and increments. GiveUp 0 0 0x0 PmtuAger 0 0 0x0 DeadWait 0 0 0x0
iss: 1072933807 snduna: 1072933977 sndnxt: 1072933977 sndwnd: 8023 irs: 1206945087 rcvnx:
1206945244 rcvwnd: 8036 delrcvwnd: 156 SRTT: 231 ms, RTTO: 769 ms, RTV: 538 ms, KRTT: 0 ms
minRTT: 8 ms, maxRTT: 300 ms, ACK hold: 200 ms Flags: higher precedence, retransmission timeout,
keepalive running
```

```
!--- The keepalive status. Datagrams (max data segment is 536 bytes): Rcvd: 40 (out of order:
0), with data: 10, total data bytes: 156 Sent: 41 (retransmit: 0, fastretransmit: 0), with data:
10, total data bytes: 16 9
```

Refira [opções de keepalive do comando X.25 route XOT](#) para mais informação.

Troubleshooting

Use esta seção para resolver problemas de configuração.

Comandos para Troubleshooting

A [Output Interpreter Tool \(apenas para clientes registrados\)](#) (OIT) suporta determinados comandos show. Use a OIT para exibir uma análise da saída do comando show.

Note: Consulte [Informações Importantes sobre Comandos de Depuração](#) antes de usar comandos debug.

- **eventos do debug x25** — A informação dos indicadores sobre todo o tráfego X.25 exceptua pacotes dos dados e do registro de recurso.
- **debugar o direcionador IP tcp** — Indica a informação em eventos do Driver TCP.

Se a conexão entre o R2 e o R3 é quebrada, a conexão de TCP rasga para baixo após os períodos de keepalive. Então a saída do **comando show tcp** está vazia o Roteadores em R2 e em R3.

Você pode observar este resultado do debug quando a relação XOT do R2 e do R3 estiver para baixo:

R2#debug x25 events

```
*Mar 10 05:36:24.685: [10.64.9.100,1998/10.1.2.2,11037]: XOT cx closed
*Mar 10 05:36:24.689: Serial0: X.25 O R1 Clear (5) 8 lci 1024
*Mar 10 05:36:24.693: Cause 9, Diag 0 (Out of order/No additional information)
*Mar 10 05:36:24.709: Serial0: X.25 I R1 Clear Confirm (3) 8 lci 1024
```

R2#debug ip tcp driver

```
*Mar 10 05:41:08.800: TCPDRV205B44: 10.1.2.2:11038 --> 10.64.9.100:1998 DoClose
(Cookie 402718) tcp close
```

R3#debug x25 events

```
*Mar 10 05:34:27.241: [10.1.2.2,11037/10.64.9.100,1998]: XOT cx closed
*Mar 10 05:34:27.245: Serial1: X.25 O R1 Clear (5) 8 lci 1024
*Mar 10 05:34:27.245: Cause 0, Diag 0 (DTE originated/No additional information)
*Mar 10 05:34:27.261: Serial1: X.25 I R1 Clear Confirm (3) 8 lci 1024
```

R3#debug ip tcp driver

```
*Mar 10 05:39:11.321: TCPDRV354BB8: 10.64.9.100:1998 --> 10.1.2.2:11038 DoClose
(Cookie 354B5C) tcp close
```

[Informações Relacionadas](#)

- [Comandos X.25 e LAPB](#)
- [Suporte por tecnologia dos Protocolos X.25](#)
- [Suporte Técnico e Documentação - Cisco Systems](#)