

# Configuração de um Servidor de Acesso com PRIs para Chamadas Recebidas Multilink Assíncronas e ISDN

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## [Introdução](#)

Em muitos ambientes, você precisa de configurar um servidor de acesso que possa aceitar chamadas recebidas de Assíncrono e dos usuários de ISDN. Esses usuários poderão se conectar continuamente à rede, se estiverem fisicamente presentes. Tal instalação é de uso geral fornecer a conectividade de rede aos usuários que viajam e são trabalhadores à distância, e igualmente para o Small Office-Home Office (SOHO) situa.

Este documento descreve como configurar um servidor de acesso para aceitar o assíncrono recebido e as chamadas ISDN em circuitos do T1 PRI ISDN. A configuração fornece a instalação mínima exigida para o servidor do acesso de rede (NAS) para aceitar o atendimento. Você pode adicionar recursos adicionais a esta configuração baseada em suas necessidades.

## [Pré-requisitos](#)

### [Requisitos](#)

Não existem requisitos específicos para este documento.

## Componentes Utilizados

As informações neste documento são baseadas nestas versões de software e hardware:

- Cisco AS5300 com 192 modems MICA e oito portas T1 que executam o Software Release 12.2(5) de Cisco IOS®.
- Dois T1 PRI.
- Um PC que execute o Microsoft windows. Este PC tem um modem analógico e uma conexão telefônica à rede telefônica pública do interruptor. O PC discar para a PRI (Interface de taxa primária) T1 que está conectada ao AS5300.
- Cisco 800 e 1600 Series Routers com circuitos BRI ISDN. Esses roteadores são os clientes de discagem ISDN. A configuração para o Cisco 1600 é fornecida. Você pode aplicar esta configuração de cliente a todo o roteador com uma interface BRI.
- Local Authentication, Authorization and Accounting (AAA). Se você tiver um Servidor AAA Radius ou Tacacs+, poderá usar um deles para fornecer AAA a chamadas de entrada.

**Nota:** A configuração do Cisco 800 Router é similar à configuração do Cisco 1600 Router, e não é incluída neste documento.

As informações neste documento foram criadas a partir de dispositivos em um ambiente de laboratório específico. Todos os dispositivos utilizados neste documento foram iniciados com uma configuração (padrão) inicial. Se a sua rede estiver ativa, certifique-se de que entende o impacto potencial de qualquer comando.

## Produtos Relacionados

Você pode usar esta configuração com todo o roteador que tiver o T1 ou os cartões e os modems digitais internos PRI (por exemplo, MICA, NextPort ou Microcom). Qualquer AS5xxx Series Router com placa T1 ou PRI e modems digitais podem usar os conceitos nessa configuração.

Os Cisco 2600 Series Router não apoiam modems digitais internos. Você pode configurar Cisco 2600 Series Router para aceitar somente chamadas ISDN, desde que o roteador tem um T1 ou um PRI WIC ou módulo de rede.

Os Cisco 3600 Series Router podem apoiar o ISDN e as chamadas de modem. Contudo, os Cisco 3600 Series Router exigem um T1 ou um PRI WIC ou módulo de rede, e o módulo de rede de modem digital do NM-xDM.

Você pode igualmente fazer alterações para usar esta configuração com o E1 ou as portas PRI. Configurar o controlador E1 com características física da codificação de linha, da moldação e o outro que seu telco fornece. A configuração de canal D (relação x:15 de série para E1) é similar a essa mostrada neste documento.

## Convenções

Para obter mais informações sobre convenções de documento, consulte as [Convenções de dicas técnicas Cisco](#).

## Configurar

Nesta seção, você encontrará informações para configurar os recursos descritos neste documento.

**Nota:** Para localizar informações adicionais sobre os comandos usados neste documento, utilize a Ferramenta Command Lookup (somente clientes [registrados](#)).

## [Diagrama de Rede](#)

Este documento utiliza a seguinte configuração de rede:

## [Configurações](#)

Este documento utiliza as seguintes configurações:

- [maui-nas-02 \(5300\)](#)
- [maui-soho-01 \(1600\)](#)

### **maui-nas-02 (5300)**

```
maui-nas-02#show running-config Building
configuration... Current configuration : 3671 bytes ! !
No configuration change since last restart ! version
12.2 service timestamps debug datetime msec service
timestamps log datetime msec service password-encryption
! hostname maui-nas-02 ! boot system flash:c5300-i-
mz.122-5.bin aaa new-model aaa authentication login
default local aaa authentication login NO_AUTHEN none
aaa authentication ppp default local aaa authorization
network default local !--- PPP authentication and
network authorization are local. !--- Replace local with
radius or tacacs if you use an AAA server. enable secret
5 <deleted> ! username admin password 7 <deleted>
username async_user password 7 <deleted> username
travis_isdn password 7 <deleted> username austin_isdn
password 7 <deleted> !--- Usernames for local
authentication of the call. !--- The client presents the
username/password and the NAS !--- authenticates the
peer. spe 1/0 1/8 firmware location mica-modem-
pw.2.7.3.0.bin spe 2/0 2/7 firmware location mica-modem-
pw.2.7.3.0.bin ! ip subnet-zero ip domain-name maui-
onions.com !--- Tells the NAS how to qualify DNS
lookups. !--- In this example, maui-onions.com is
appended to the end of each !--- looked-up name. ip
name-server 172.22.53.210 !--- Specifies the primary
name server. ! async-bootp dns-server 172.22.53.210 !---
Specifies (for async clients) the IP address of domain
name servers. isdn switch-type primary-ni !--- Switch-
type for this NAS. Obtain this information from the
Telco. ! controller T1 0 !--- First T1 PRI framing esf
!--- Framing for this T1 is Extended Super Frame (ESF).
!--- Obtain this information from the Telco. clock
source line primary !--- T1 0 is the primary clock
source for this NAS. !--- Clock source must be specified
for the timing and synchronization !--- of the T1
carrier. linecode b8zs !--- Linecoding for this T1.
Obtain this information from the Telco. pri-group
timeslots 1-24 !--- For T1 PRI scenarios, all 24 T1
timeslots are assigned as !--- ISDN PRI channels. The
router now automatically creates the !--- corresponding
```

```
D-channel: interface Serial 0:23. ! controller T1 1 !---  
Second T1 PRI. framing esf !--- Framing for this T1 is  
Extended Super Frame (ESF). !--- Obtain this information  
from the Telco. clock source line secondary 1 !--- T1 1  
is the first secondary clock source for this NAS. !---  
If the primary clock fails, this secondary clock takes  
over. linecode b8zs !--- Linecoding for this T1. Obtain  
this information from the Telco. pri-group timeslots 1-  
24 !--- For T1 PRI scenarios, all 24 T1 timeslots are  
assigned as ISDN !--- PRI channels. The router now  
automatically creates the !--- corresponding D-channel:  
interface Serial 1:23. ! controller T1 2 !--- This T1 is  
unused. framing sf clock source line secondary 2  
linecode ami ! !--- Unused interface configuration is  
omitted here. ! interface Loopback0 ip address  
172.22.60.1 255.255.255.0 !--- The IP pool for async  
users is in this subnet. !--- The routes for all async  
clients are summarized and !--- propagated to the  
backbone instead of 254 routes. ! interface Loopback1 ip  
address 172.22.61.1 255.255.255.0 !--- The IP pool for  
ISDN users is in this subnet. !--- The routes for all  
ISDN clients are summarized and !--- propagated to the  
backbone instead of 254 routes. ! interface Ethernet0 ip  
address 172.22.53.140 255.255.255.0 ! !--- Unused  
interface configuration is omitted here. ! interface  
Serial0:23 !--- D-channel configuration for T1 0. no ip  
address encapsulation ppp !--- PPP encapsulation on this  
interface. dialer rotary-group 10 !--- T1 0 is a member  
of rotary group 10. !--- The rotary group configuration  
is in interface Dialer 10. isdn switch-type primary-ni  
isdn incoming-voice modem !--- All incoming voice calls  
on this T1 are sent to the modems. !--- This command is  
required if this T1 is to accept async calls. no cdp  
enable ppp authentication chap ppp multilink ! interface  
Serial1:23 !--- D-channel configuration for T1 1. no ip  
address encapsulation ppp !--- PPP encapsulation on this  
interface. dialer rotary-group 10 !--- T1 1 is a member  
of rotary group 10. !--- The rotary group configuration  
is in interface Dialer 10. isdn switch-type primary-ni  
isdn incoming-voice modem !--- All incoming voice calls  
on this T1 are sent to the modems. !--- This command is  
required if this T1 is to accept async calls. no cdp  
enable ppp authentication chap ppp multilink ! interface  
Group-Async0 !--- This group-async interface is the  
configuration template for all modems. !--- You need not  
configure individual async interfaces because you can !-  
- clone the interfaces from one managed copy. ip  
unnumbered Loopback0 !--- A Loopback interface is always  
up/up. So, unnumber the loopback interface !--- for  
stability. encapsulation ppp dialer in-band dialer idle-  
timeout 900 dialer-group 5 !--- Interesting traffic is  
defined in dialer-list 5. !--- Note: The specified  
dialer-group number must be the same as the !--- dialer-  
list number. In this example, the number is defined as  
"5". async mode interactive !--- Users can dial in and  
get to a shell or PPP session on that line. !--- You can  
use this command in conjunction with autoselect ppp !---  
under the line configuration to automatically detect the  
connection type. peer default ip address pool ASYNC !---  
Clients are assigned addresses from the IP address pool  
named ASYNC. no fair-queue ppp authentication chap !---  
Use CHAP authentication. ppp multilink group-range 1 192  
!--- Modems 1 through 192 are members of this group  
async interface. ! interface Dialer10 !--- Configuration
```

```

for rotary group 10. !--- The Dialer interface number
(10) must exactly match rotary !--- group number
configured on the physical interfaces. ip unnumbered
Loopback1 !--- A Loopback interface is always up/up. So,
unnumber the loopback interface !--- for stability.
encapsulation ppp dialer in-band !--- Enable V.25bis on
this interface. dialer idle-timeout 900 !--- Idle
timeout for incoming calls is 900 seconds (15 mins).
dialer-group 5 !--- Apply interesting traffic definition
from dialer-list 5. !--- Note: The specified dialer-
group number must be the same !--- as the dialer-list
number. !--- In this example, the number is defined as
"5". peer default ip address pool ISDN !--- Clients are
assigned addresses from the IP address pool named ISDN.
ppp authentication chap ppp multilink ! router eigrp 69
network 172.22.0.0 auto-summary no eigrp log-neighbor-
changes ! ip local pool ASYNC 172.22.60.2 172.22.60.254
ip local pool ISDN 172.22.61.2 172.22.61.254 !--- IP
address pools for dialin clients. ip classless no ip
http server ! access-list 101 remark Interesting Traffic
Definition to be used in dialer-list 5 access-list 101
deny eigrp any any access-list 101 permit ip any any
dialer-list 5 protocol ip list 101 !--- Access-list 101
defines interesting traffic. This definition is applied
!--- to interface Dialer 10 and Group-Async 0 through
dialer-group 5. !--- Note: The specified dialer-list
number must be the same as the !--- dialer-group number.
In this example, the number is defined as "5". ! line
con 0 exec-timeout 0 0 login authentication NO_AUTHEN !-
-- Apply AAA list NO_AUTHEN configured previously. !---
That list has method "none". !--- There is no
authentication on the console port. line 1 192 modem
InOut !--- Support incoming and outgoing modem calls.
transport input all autoselect during-login ! ---
Displays the username:password prompt after modems
connect. autoselect ppp !--- Automatically launches PPP
if the router detects incoming PPP packets. !--- Without
this command the dialin client must manually !--- launch
PPP (from Exec mode). line aux 0 line vty 0 4 ! ntp
clock-period 17180107 ntp server 172.22.53.1 end

```

## maui-soho-01 (1600)

```

maui-soho-01#show running-config Building
configuration... Current configuration : 1609 bytes !
version 12.1 no service single-slot-reload-enable
service timestamps debug datetime msec service
timestamps log datetime msec service password-encryption
! hostname maui-soho-01 ! logging rate-limit console 10
except errors ! username admin password 7 <deleted> ip
subnet-zero no ip finger ! isdn switch-type basic-ni !--
- Switch-type for the BRI circuit. Obtain this
information from the Telco. ! interface Ethernet0 ip
address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0 no keepalive ! interface
Serial0 no ip address shutdown ! interface BRI0 !--- BRI
physical interface configuration. no ip address !--- An
IP address is not required on the physical BRI interface
because !--- this is a dialer pool. !--- The IP
addressing functionality is in interface Dialer 1
(dialer pool). encapsulation ppp dialer pool-member 1 !-
-- Places the interface into dialer pool 1 from which
Dialer interfaces !--- can draw channels as needed. !---
Links the physical interface with the logical dialer
interfaces. !--- Dialer Pool 1 is defined in interface
Dialer 1. isdn switch-type basic-ni isdn spid1

```

```

51255511110101 5551111 isdn spid2 51255511120101 5551112
!--- Service Profile IDentifiers (SPIDs) are found
primarily in North America. !--- SPIDs are not required
for certain switch types. Confirm with your Telco. !---
If the Telco informs you that you do not need SPIDs, do
not use these !--- two SPID commands. ppp authentication
chap callin !--- Perform one way CHAP authentication.
ppp multilink !--- Permit multilink on this BRI
interface. ! interface Dialer1 !--- This dialer is the
logical interface for the dialer pool. ip address
negotiated !--- IP address for this interface is
obtained from the NAS during !--- IPCP negotiation.
Alternatively, you can also unnumber this interface !---
to a working interface (example, ethernet 0).
encapsulation ppp dialer pool 1 !--- Defines Dialer pool
1. !--- BRI 0 is a member of this pool. dialer idle-
timeout 900 !--- Idle-timout for this link is 900
seconds (15 minutes). !--- The link is disconnected if
there is no interesting traffic for 900 secs. dialer
string 81560 class 56k !--- Dial 81560 and use the map-
class named "56k". dialer load-threshold 1 outbound !---
Sets the outbound load level for traffic at which !---
additional connections are added to the MP bundle load
level. !--- Values range from 1 (unloaded) to 255 (fully
loaded). !--- With a threshold of 1, the additional
links are immediately !--- brought up and added to the
bundle. dialer-group 1 !--- Apply interesting traffic
definition from dialer-list 1. ppp authentication chap
callin !--- Use one way PPP CHAP authentication. ppp
chap hostname austin_isdn !--- Use the CHAP username
austin_isdn to authenticate to the other router. ppp
chap password 7 <deleted> !--- Use this CHAP password to
authenticate to the other router. ppp multilink !---
Allow multilink for the dialer profile. !--- Without
this command multilink is NOT negotiated. ! ! ip
classless ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 Dialer1 !--- Set the
default route to be interface Dialer 1 (the dialer
pool). !--- Traffic sent to int Dialer1 causes the
dialer pool member (int BRI 0) !--- to be dialed. no ip
http server ! ! map-class dialer 56k !--- Map-class
named "56k" that you used with the dialer string in int
Dialer1. dialer isdn speed 56 !--- Set the speed of the
call to be 56k (the default speed is 64k). !--- This
setting is optional for your connection. !--- Consult
your Telco to find out if you need to configure the dial
!--- speed to 56k. access-list 101 remark Interesting
traffic for dialer-list 1 access-list 101 deny udp any
any eq ntp access-list 101 permit ip any any !--- Define
NTP traffic as NOT interesting to prevent periodic NTP
traffic !--- from keeping the link up indefinitely. !---
All other IP traffic is interesting. !--- Change this
depending on your traffic needs. dialer-list 1 protocol
ip list 101 !--- Access-list 101 defines interesting
traffic. !--- Apply this to interface Dialer 1 through
the command dialer-group 1. !--- Note: The specified
dialer-list number must be the same as the !--- dialer-
group number. In this example, the number is defined as
"1" ! line con 0 transport input none line vty 0 4 login
! ntp clock-period 17042429 ntp server 172.22.53.1 end

```

Esta seção fornece informações que você pode usar para confirmar se sua configuração está funcionando adequadamente.

A [Output Interpreter Tool \(somente clientes registrados\)](#) oferece suporte a determinados comandos show, o que permite exibir uma análise da saída do comando show.

- **status de ISDN da mostra** — assegura-se de que o roteador se comunique corretamente com o switch ISDN. Na saída, assegure-se de que o estado do Layer 1 esteja ATIVO, e que o estado de status da camada 2 = o MULTIPLE\_FRAME\_ESTABLISHED aparecem. Esse comando exibe também o número de chamadas ativas. Consulte [Utilização do Comando show isdn status no Troubleshooting de BRI](#) para obter mais informações.
- **multilink de PPP da mostra** — informação dos indicadores em conjuntos multilink ativos. Use esse comando para verificar a conexão multilink.
- **show dialer [interface type number]** — informação geral de diagnóstico dos indicadores para as relações configuradas para o DDR. Se o discador vem acima corretamente, o estado do discador é camada de link de dados acima da mensagem deve aparecer. Se a camada física aparece acima, a implicação é que o protocolo de linha veio acima, mas o protocolo network control (NCP) não fez. Os endereços de origem e destino do pacote que iniciou a discagem são mostrados na linha de razão de discagem. Este comando show igualmente indica a configuração do temporizador, e o tempo antes do tempo de conexão para fora.
- **show caller user username detail** — parâmetros das mostras para o usuário particular, por exemplo, o endereço IP de Um ou Mais Servidores Cisco ICM NT atribuído, parâmetros de pacote PPP e PPP. Se sua versão do Cisco IOS Software não suporta este comando, use o comando show user.
- **mapa de discadores da mostra** — os indicadores configuraram Mapas de discagem dinâmicos e estáticos. Você pode usar este comando verificar se um mapa de discadores dinâmico esteja criado. Você não pode encaminhar pacotes sem um mapa de discadores.

## [Exemplo de saída de show](#)

Estão aqui alguns show command outputs (resultado do comando show) para chamadas bem sucedidas. Pague a atenção às seções corajosas e aos comentários fornecidos na saída. Compare a saída que você obtém com os resultados mostrados aqui.

### [Visão geral](#)

```
maui-nas-02#show users Line User Host(s) Idle Location * 0 con 0 idle 00:00:00 97 tty 97
async_user Async interface 00:06:36 PPP: 172.22.60.2 !--- Async User. The IP address of the peer
is indicated. Interface User Mode Idle Peer Address Vi1 austin_isd Virtual PPP (Bundle) 00:03:35
172.22.61.2 Vi2 travis_isd Virtual PPP (Bundle) 00:00:20 172.22.61.3 !--- Virtual-Access
Interface for the two multilink PPP users. Se0:1 austin_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi1 Se0:2
austin_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi1 !--- User austin_isdn is connected through two B-
channels(Multilink PPP). !--- Interface Virtual-Access 1 (Vi1) controls the two B-channels.
Se0:3 travis_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi2 Se0:4 travis_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi2 !--- User
travis_isdn is connected through two B-channels (Multilink PPP). !--- Interface Virtual-Access 2
(Vi2) controls the two B-channels. maui-nas-02#show dialer map !--- Observe the Dynamic Dialer
Maps created for each dialin client. Dynamic dialer map ip 172.22.60.2 name async_user () on
As97 Dynamic dialer map ip 172.22.61.2 name austin_isdn () on Di10 Dynamic dialer map ip
172.22.61.3 name travis_isdn () on Di10 maui-nas-02#show users Line User Host(s) Idle Location *
0 con 0 idle 00:00:00 97 tty 97 async_user Async interface 00:06:36 PPP: 172.22.60.2 !--- Async
User. The IP address of the peer is indicated. Interface User Mode Idle Peer Address Vi1
austin_isd Virtual PPP (Bundle) 00:03:35 172.22.61.2 Vi2 travis_isd Virtual PPP (Bundle)
```

```
00:00:20 172.22.61.3 !--- Virtual-Access Interface for the two multilink PPP users. Se0:1
austin_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi1 Se0:2 austin_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi1 !--- User austin_isdn
is connected through two B-channels(Multilink PPP). !--- Interface Virtual-Access 1 (Vi1)
controls the two B-channels. Se0:3 travis_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi2 Se0:4 travis_isd Sync PPP -
Bundle: Vi2 !--- User travis_isdn is connected through two B-channels (Multilink PPP). !---
Interface Virtual-Access 2 (Vi2) controls the two B-channels. maui-nas-02#show dialer map !---
Observe the Dynamic Dialer Maps created for each dialin client. Dynamic dialer map ip
172.22.60.2 name async_user () on As97 Dynamic dialer map ip 172.22.61.2 name austin_isdn () on
Di10 Dynamic dialer map ip 172.22.61.3 name travis_isdn () on Di10 maui-nas-02#show users Line
User Host(s) Idle Location * 0 con 0 idle 00:00:00 97 tty 97 async_user Async interface 00:06:36
PPP: 172.22.60.2 !--- Async User. The IP address of the peer is indicated. Interface User Mode
Idle Peer Address Vi1 austin_isd Virtual PPP (Bundle) 00:03:35 172.22.61.2 Vi2 travis_isd
Virtual PPP (Bundle) 00:00:20 172.22.61.3 !--- Virtual-Access Interface for the two multilink
PPP users. Se0:1 austin_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi1 Se0:2 austin_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi1 !---
User austin_isdn is connected through two B-channels(Multilink PPP). !--- Interface Virtual-
Access 1 (Vi1) controls the two B-channels. Se0:3 travis_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi2 Se0:4
travis_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi2 !--- User travis_isdn is connected through two B-channels
(Multilink PPP). !--- Interface Virtual-Access 2 (Vi2) controls the two B-channels. maui-nas-
02#show dialer map !--- Observe the Dynamic Dialer Maps created for each dialin client. Dynamic
dialer map ip 172.22.60.2 name async_user () on As97 Dynamic dialer map ip 172.22.61.2 name
austin_isdn () on Di10 Dynamic dialer map ip 172.22.61.3 name travis_isdn () on Di10
```

## Para uma chamada analógica

```
maui-nas-02#show caller user async_user detail User: async_user, line tty 97, service Async !---
Shows hardware-level settings for the user named async_user. Active time 00:00:34, Idle time
00:00:16 Timeouts: Absolute Idle Idle Session Exec Limits: - - 00:10:00 Disconnect in: - - -
TTY: Line 97, running PPP on As97 !--- The call is terminated on interface Async 97. !--- This
interface is included in the Group-Async configuration. Location: PPP: 172.22.60.2 !--- IP
address for the peer. This address is obtained from the IP pool "ASYNC". DS0:
(slot/unit/channel)=0/0/2 !--- T1 channel on which the call arrived. !--- The call arrived on
channel 0 in T1 0. Line: Baud rate (TX/RX) is 115200/115200, no parity, 1 stopbits, 8 databits
Status: Ready, Active, No Exit Banner, Async Interface Active HW PPP Support Active
Capabilities: Hardware Flowcontrol In, Hardware Flowcontrol Out Modem Callout, Modem RI is CD,
Line usable as async interface, Integrated Modem Modem State: Ready User: async_user, line As97,
service PPP !--- PPP setting for the user named async_user. !--- Notice that the call is
terminated on int Async97. Active time 00:00:32, Idle time 00:00:30 Timeouts: Absolute Idle
Limits: - 00:15:00 Disconnect in: - 00:14:28 PPP: LCP Open, multilink Closed, CHAP (<- AAA),
IPCP !--- LCP state is OPEN. If LCP state is not OPEN, !--- use debug ppp negotiation to isolate
LCP issues. LCP: -> peer, ACCM, AuthProto, MagicNumber, PCompression, ACCompression <- peer,
ACCM, MagicNumber, PCompression, ACCompression NCP: Open IPCP !--- IPCP state is open. If IPCP
state is not OPEN, !--- use debug ppp negotiation to isolate IPCP issues. IPCP: <- peer, Address
-> peer, Address Dialer: Connected, inbound Idle timer 900 secs, idle 31 secs Type is IN-BAND
ASYNC, group As97 IP: Local 172.22.60.1, remote 172.22.60.2 !--- NAS IP address and the IP
address assigned to the peer. Counts: 27 packets input, 1545 bytes, 0 no buffer 1 input errors,
1 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun 14 packets output, 347 bytes, 0 underruns 0 output errors, 0
collisions, 0 interface resets !--- Packets pass through the connection.
```

## Para uma chamada ISDN

```
maui-nas-02#show caller user austin_isdn detail !--- The user named austin_isdn has two PPP
links, !--- and one virtual interface bundle. User: austin_isdn, line Se0:3, service PPP !---
Shows PPP layer settings for the first channel !--- that belongs to the user named austin_isdn.
Active time 00:04:01, Idle time 00:00:00 Timeouts: Absolute Idle Limits: - - Disconnect in: - -
PPP: LCP Open, multilink Open, CHAP (<- AAA) !--- LCP state is OPEN. If LCP state is not OPEN,
!--- use debug ppp negotiation to isolate LCP issues. LCP: -> peer, AuthProto, MagicNumber,
MRRU, EndpointDisc <- peer, MagicNumber, MRRU, EndpointDisc Dialer: Connected, inbound Type is
ISDN, group Di10 !--- Incoming call used rotary group of int Dialer 10. IP: Local 172.22.61.1 !-
- IP address of the int Loopback 1. !--- Remember that int Dialer 1 was unnumbered to Loop 1.
!--- The remote IP address is indicated under the virtual-interface. Bundle: Member of
austin_isdn, last input 00:00:00 Counts: 55 packets input, 1635 bytes, 0 no buffer 0 input
errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun 82 packets output, 3479 bytes, 0 underruns 0 output errors, 0
collisions, 0 interface resets User: austin_isdn, line Se0:4, service PPP !--- Shows PPP layer
```



*settings for the second channel !---* that belongs to the user named *austin\_isdn*. Active time 00:03:59, Idle time 00:00:00 Timeouts: Absolute Idle Limits: - - Disconnect in: - - PPP: LCP Open, multilink Open, CHAP (<- AAA) LCP: -> peer, AuthProto, MagicNumber, MRRU, EndpointDisc <- peer, MagicNumber, MRRU, EndpointDisc Dialer: Connected to , inbound Type is ISDN, group Di10 IP: Local 172.22.61.1 Bundle: Member of austin\_isdn, last input 00:00:00 Counts: 50 packets input, 1589 bytes, 0 no buffer 0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun 77 packets output, 3429 bytes, 0 underruns 0 output errors, 0 collisions, 0 interface resets **User: austin\_isdn, line Vi1, service PPP Bundle !---** Shows Virtual-Access Interface Bundle that controls the connections. Active time 00:04:02, Idle time 00:04:01 Timeouts: Absolute Idle Limits: - 00:15:00 Disconnect in: - 00:10:58 PPP: LCP Open, multilink Open, IPCP, CDPCP LCP: -> peer, MagicNumber, MRRU, EndpointDisc <- peer NCP: **Open IPCP, CDPCP !---** IPCP State is open. If IPCP state is not OPEN, !--- use *debug ppp negotiation* to isolate IPCP issues. IPCP: <- peer, Address -> peer, Address Dialer: Connected, inbound Idle timer 900 secs, idle 1 secs Type is IN-BAND SYNC, group Di10 **IP: Local 172.22.61.1, remote 172.22.61.2 !---** Dialer interface (Local) IP address !--- and the IP address assigned to the peer. Bundle: First link of austin\_isdn, 2 links, last input 00:00:01 Counts: 12 packets input, 1712 bytes, 0 no buffer 0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun 67 packets output, 5030 bytes, 0 underruns 0 output errors, 0 collisions, 0 interface resets

## Troubleshooting

Esta seção fornece informações que podem ser usadas para o troubleshooting da sua configuração.

### Troubleshooting de Recursos

Use estes recursos como necessário:

- [Troubleshooting da chamada de modem entrante](#) — Use este documento para pesquisar defeitos a falha de chamada análoga.
- [Modem assíncrono chamando PRI](#) — Use este documento para a informação adicional para pesquisar defeitos falhas de chamada análoga.
- [Troubleshooting da chamada de ISDN recebido](#) — Use este documento para pesquisar defeitos a falha de chamada de ISDN.
- [Chamada PRI ISDN](#) — Use este documento para a informação adicional para pesquisar defeitos falhas de chamada de ISDN.
- [Fluxograma de Troubleshooting T1](#) — Use este fluxograma se você suspeita que o circuito T1 não funciona corretamente.
- [Testes de loopback para linhas T1/56K](#) — Use este documento para confirmar que a porta T1 nas funções de roteador corretamente.

### Comandos para Troubleshooting

A [Output Interpreter Tool \(somente clientes registrados\)](#) oferece suporte a determinados comandos show, o que permite exibir uma análise da saída do comando show.

**Nota:** Antes de emitir **comandos debug**, consulte [Informações importantes sobre comandos debug](#).

- **debug dialer** — informação sobre DDR debugging dos indicadores sobre os pacotes recebidos em uma interface do discador. Esta informação pode ajudar a assegurar-se de que haja o tráfego interessante que usa a interface do discador.
- **debugar o q931 de ISDN** — configuração de chamada das mostras e rasgue-o para baixo da

conexão de rede ISDN (camada 3).

- **debugar o modem** — atividade de linha de modem dos indicadores em um servidor de acesso. Os indicadores da saída quando o estado das mudanças de linha do modem.
- **debug modem csm** — permite-o de pesquisar defeitos problemas do módulo de switching de chamadas (CS) no Roteadores com modems digitais internos. Com este comando, você pode rastrear a seqüência completa de chamadas recebidas e enviadas por switching.
- **debugar a negociação ppp** — informação dos indicadores no tráfego e em trocas PPP, e negocie o protocolo de controle de link (LCP), a autenticação, e o protocolo network control (NCP). Uma negociação de PPP bem-sucedida abre primeiramente o estado do LCP e, em seguida, autentica e, finalmente, negocia o NCP. Parâmetros multilink, como Maximum receive reconstructed unit (MRRU), são estabelecidos durante a negociação LCP.
- **debugar a autenticação de PPP** — mensagens de protocolo da autenticação de PPP dos indicadores, incluindo intercâmbios de pacotes da RACHADURA e trocas do protocolo password authentication (PAP).
- **debug ppp error** — mostra erros de protocolo e estatísticas de erros associados à negociação e à operação da conexão PPP.

## Exemplo de debug

Aqui estão algumas saídas de depuração para chamadas bem-sucedidas. Preste atenção às seções em negrito e comentários fornecidos nas saídas. Compare a saída que você obtém com o resultado mostrado aqui.

## Para uma chamada analógica

```
maui-nas-02#debug isdn q931 ISDN Q931 packets debugging is on maui-nas-02#debug modem Modem control/process activation debugging is on maui-nas-02#debug modem csm Modem Management Call Switching Module debugging is on maui-nas-02#debug ppp negotiation PPP protocol negotiation debugging is on maui-nas-02#debug ppp authentication PPP authentication debugging is on maui-nas-02# Sep 28 13:13:28.369: ISDN Se0:23: RX <- SETUP pd = 8 callref = 0x5285 !--- Incoming Q.931 SETUP message. This indicates an incoming call. !--- For more information on Q.931 refer to !--- Troubleshooting ISDN BRI Layer 3 using the debug isdn q931 Command. Sep 28 13:13:28.369: Bearer Capability i = 0x9090A2 Sep 28 13:13:28.369: Channel ID i = 0xA18383 Sep 28 13:13:28.369: Progress Ind i = 0x8183 - Origination address is non-ISDN Sep 28 13:13:28.369: Called Party Number i = 0xA1, '81560', Plan:ISDN, Type:National Sep 28 13:13:28.373: VDEV_ALLOCATE: 2/0 is allocated !--- The Call Switch Module (CSM) is informed about the call. !--- The CSM allocates modem 2/0 to the incoming call. Sep 28 13:13:28.373: EVENT_FROM_ISDN::dchan_idb=0x618569F4, call_id=0x28, ces=0x0 bchan=0x2, event=0x1, cause=0x0 Sep 28 13:13:28.373: dev in call to isdn : set dnis_collected & fap_notify Sep 28 13:13:28.373: EVENT_FROM_ISDN:(0028): DEV_INCALL at slot 2 and port 0 Sep 28 13:13:28.373: EVENT_FROM_ISDN: decode:calling 0ct3 0x0, called 0ct3 0xA1, 0ct3a 0x0,mask 0x3C Sep 28 13:13:28.373: EVENT_FROM_ISDN: csm_call_info:calling 0ct3 0x0, called 0ct3 0xA1, 0ct3a 0x0,mask 0x3C Sep 28 13:13:28.377: CSM_PROC_IDLE: CSM_EVENT_ISDN_CALL at slot 2, port 0 Sep 28 13:13:28.377: Mica Modem(2/0): Configure(0x1 = 0x0) Sep 28 13:13:28.377: Mica Modem(2/0): Configure(0x23 = 0x0) Sep 28 13:13:28.377: Mica Modem(2/0): Call Setup !--- CSM sends the Call Setup Message to Modem 2/0. !--- The modem must now go off-hook. Sep 28 13:13:28.377: csm_connect_pri_vdev: TS allocated at bp_stream 0, bp_Ch 0,vdev_common 0x6141BB68 Sep 28 13:13:28.377: ISDN Se0:23: TX -> CALL_PROC pd = 8 callref = 0xD285 Sep 28 13:13:28.377: Channel ID i = 0xA98383 !--- The Call Proceeding Message is sent through the D-channel. Sep 28 13:13:28.377: ISDN Se0:23: TX -> ALERTING pd = 8 callref = 0xD285 Sep 28 13:13:28.445: Mica Modem(2/0): State Transition to Call Setup !--- Modem transitions to state Call Setup. !--- For more information on MICA Modem States refer to MICA Modem States. Sep 28 13:13:28.445: Mica Modem(2/0): Went offhook !--- Modem informs the CSM that it went offhook. Sep 28 13:13:28.445: CSM_PROC_IC2_RING: CSM_EVENT_MODEM_OFFHOOK at slot 2, port 0 Sep 28 13:13:28.445: ISDN Se0:23: TX -> CONNECT pd = 8 callref = 0xD285 !--- D-channel transmits a CONNECT. Sep 28 13:13:28.461: ISDN Se0:23: RX <- CONNECT_ACK pd = 8 callref = 0x5285 !--- The Q.931 CONNECT_ACK message is
```

received. Sep 28 13:13:28.461: ISDN Se0:23: CALL\_PROGRESS: CALL\_CONNECTED call id 0x28, bchan 2, dsl 0 Sep 28 13:13:28.461: EVENT\_FROM\_ISDN::dchan\_idb=0x618569F4, call\_id=0x28, ces=0x0 bchan=0x2, event=0x4, cause=0x0 Sep 28 13:13:28.461: EVENT\_FROM\_ISDN:(0028): DEV\_CONNECTED at slot 2 and port 0 Sep 28 13:13:28.461: CSM\_PROC\_IC6\_WAIT\_FOR\_CONNECT: CSM\_EVENT\_ISDN\_CONNECTED at slot 2, port 0 Sep 28 13:13:28.465: **Mica Modem(2/0): Link Initiate !---** *When the Q.931 CONNECT\_ACK message is received, the Link initiate message !--- is sent to the MICA modem, and negotiation with remote modem occurs.* Sep 28 13:13:28.465: %ISDN-6-CONNECT: Interface Serial0:2 is now connected to N/A N/A Sep 28 13:13:29.557: **Mica Modem(2/0): State Transition to Connect !---** *Modem moves to the Connect state.* Sep 28 13:13:34.073: Mica Modem(2/0): State Transition to Link Sep 28 13:13:45.478: Mica Modem(2/0): State Transition to Trainup Sep 28 13:13:53.642: Mica Modem(2/0): State Transition to EC Negotiating Sep 28 13:13:54.122: **Mica Modem(2/0): State Transition to Steady State !---** *Modem transitions to the Steady state.* Sep 28 13:13:54.266: TTY97: DSR came up !--- *Indicates that the modem trainup is complete.* Sep 28 13:13:54.266: tty97: Modem: IDLE->(unknown) Sep 28 13:13:54.266: TTY97: EXEC creation Sep 28 13:13:54.266: TTY97: set timer type 10, 30 seconds Sep 28 13:13:57.202: TTY97: Autoselect(2) sample 7E Sep 28 13:13:57.202: TTY97: Autoselect(2) sample 7EFF Sep 28 13:13:57.202: TTY97: Autoselect(2) sample 7EFF7D Sep 28 13:13:57.202: TTY97: Autoselect(2) sample 7EFF7D23 Sep 28 13:13:57.202: TTY97 Autoselect cmd: ppp negotiate !--- *The router detects PPP packets and automatically launches PPP.* Sep 28 13:13:57.206: TTY97: EXEC creation Sep 28 13:13:57.206: TTY97: create timer type 1, 600 seconds Sep 28 13:13:57.334: TTY97: destroy timer type 1 Sep 28 13:13:57.334: TTY97: no timer type 0 to destroy Sep 28 13:13:57.334: As97 IPCP: Install route to 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:13:59.334: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Async97, changed state to up Sep 28 13:13:59.334: As97 PPP: Treating connection as a callin Sep 28 13:13:59.334: As97 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Passive Open [0 sess, 0 load] Sep 28 13:13:59.334: As97 LCP: State is Listen !--- *LCP negotiation begins.* Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: I CONFREQ [Listen] id 3 len 23 !--- *Incoming LCP CONFREQ. !---* *For more information on how to interpret PPP debugs, refer to !---* [Dialup Technology: Troubleshooting Techniques](#). Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: MagicNumber 0x0F7CD34A (0x05060F7CD34A) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: PFC (0x0702) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: Callback 6 (0x0D0306) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: Unthrottle 97 Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: O CONFREQ [Listen] id 1 len 43 Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: MagicNumber 0x3090DE31 (0x05063090DE31) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: PFC (0x0702) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E016D6175692D6E61732D3032) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: O CONFREQ [Listen] id 3 len 7 Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: Callback 6 (0x0D0306) Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 4 len 20 Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: MagicNumber 0x0F7CD34A (0x05060F7CD34A) Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: PFC (0x0702) Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: O CONFACK [REQsent] id 4 len 20 Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: MagicNumber 0x0F7CD34A (0x05060F7CD34A) Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: PFC (0x0702) Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: TIMEOUT: State ACKsent Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: O CONFREQ [ACKsent] id 2 len 43 Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: MagicNumber 0x3090DE31 (0x05063090DE31) Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: PFC (0x0702) Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E016D6175692D6E61732D3032) Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: I CONFREQ [ACKsent] id 2 len 22 Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E016D6175692D6E61732D3032) Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: O CONFREQ [ACKsent] id 3 len 25 Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: MagicNumber 0x3090DE31 (0x05063090DE31) Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: PFC (0x0702) Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) Sep 28 13:14:02.518: As97 LCP: I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 3 len 25 Sep 28 13:14:02.518: As97 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) Sep 28 13:14:02.518: As97 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) Sep 28 13:14:02.518: As97 LCP: MagicNumber 0x3090DE31 (0x05063090DE31) Sep 28 13:14:02.518: As97 LCP: PFC (0x0702) Sep 28 13:14:02.518: As97 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) Sep 28 13:14:02.518: **As97 LCP: State is Open !---** *LCP negotiation is complete.* Sep 28 13:14:02.518: As97 PPP: Phase is AUTHENTICATING, by this end [0 sess, 0 load] Sep 28 13:14:02.518: As97 CHAP: O CHALLENGE id 1 len 32 from "maui-nas-02" Sep 28 13:14:02.646: As97 CHAP: I RESPONSE id 1 len 31 from "async\_user" Sep 28 13:14:02.646: As97 AUTH: Started process 0 pid 34 Sep 28 13:14:02.650: **As97 CHAP: O SUCCESS** id 1 len 4 !--- *CHAP authentication is successful. !---* *If authentication fails, check the username and password. !---* *Refer to [Dialup](#)*

[Technology: Troubleshooting Techniques](#) . Sep 28 13:14:02.650: As97 PPP: Phase is UP [0 sess, 0 load] Sep 28 13:14:02.650: As97 **IPCP: O CONFREQ** [Closed] id 1 len 10 *!--- IPCP negotiation begins.* Sep 28 13:14:02.650: As97 IPCP: Address 172.22.60.1 (0x0306AC163C01) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 1 len 40 Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: CompressType VJ 15 slots CompressSlotID (0x0206002D0F01) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: Address 0.0.0.0 (0x030600000000) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 172.22.53.210 (0x8106AC1635D2) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x820600000000) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: SecondaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x830600000000) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: SecondaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x840600000000) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Start. Her address 0.0.0.0, we want 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 **AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Done. Her address 0.0.0.0, we want 172.22.60.2** *!--- Address is obtained from the Address Pool named "Async".* Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: O CONFREQ [REQsent] id 1 len 28 Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: CompressType VJ 15 slots CompressSlotID (0x0206002D0F01) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x820600000000) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: SecondaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x830600000000) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: SecondaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x840600000000) Sep 28 13:14:02.802: As97 CCP: I CONFREQ [Not negotiated] id 1 len 15 Sep 28 13:14:02.802: As97 CCP: MS-PPC supported bits 0x00000001 (0x120600000001) Sep 28 13:14:02.802: As97 CCP: Stacker history 1 check mode EXTENDED (0x1105000104) Sep 28 13:14:02.802: As97 LCP: O PROTREQ [Open] id 4 len 21 protocol CCP Sep 28 13:14:02.802: As97 LCP: (0x80FD0101000F12060000000111050001) Sep 28 13:14:02.802: As97 LCP: (0x04) Sep 28 13:14:02.802: As97 IPCP: I CONFACK [REQsent] id 1 len 10 Sep 28 13:14:02.802: As97 IPCP: Address 172.22.60.1 (0x0306AC163C01) Sep 28 13:14:04.650: As97 IPCP: TIMEOUT: State ACKrcvd Sep 28 13:14:04.650: As97 IPCP: O CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 2 len 10 Sep 28 13:14:04.650: As97 IPCP: Address 172.22.60.1 (0x0306AC163C01) Sep 28 13:14:04.758: As97 IPCP: I CONFACK [REQsent] id 2 len 10 Sep 28 13:14:04.758: As97 IPCP: Address 172.22.60.1 (0x0306AC163C01) Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 IPCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 2 len 34 Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 IPCP: Address 0.0.0.0 (0x030600000000) Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 172.22.53.210 (0x8106AC1635D2) Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x820600000000) Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 IPCP: SecondaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x830600000000) Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 IPCP: SecondaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x840600000000) Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Start. Her address 0.0.0.0, we want 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Done. Her address 0.0.0.0, we want 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 IPCP: O CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 2 len 22 Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x820600000000) Sep 28 13:14:05.754: As97 IPCP: SecondaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x830600000000) Sep 28 13:14:05.754: As97 IPCP: SecondaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x840600000000) Sep 28 13:14:05.878: As97 IPCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 3 len 16 Sep 28 13:14:05.878: As97 IPCP: Address 0.0.0.0 (0x030600000000) Sep 28 13:14:05.878: As97 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 172.22.53.210 (0x8106AC1635D2) Sep 28 13:14:05.878: As97 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Start. Her address 0.0.0.0, we want 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:14:05.878: As97 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Done. Her address 0.0.0.0, we want 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:14:05.878: As97 IPCP: O CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 3 len 10 Sep 28 13:14:05.878: As97 IPCP: Address 172.22.60.2 (0x0306AC163C02) Sep 28 13:14:05.990: As97 IPCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 4 len 16 Sep 28 13:14:05.990: As97 IPCP: Address 172.22.60.2 (0x0306AC163C02) Sep 28 13:14:05.990: As97 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 172.22.53.210 (0x8106AC1635D2) Sep 28 13:14:05.990: As97 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Start. Her address 172.22.60.2, we want 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:14:05.990: As97 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Reject 172.22.60.2, using 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:14:05.990: As97 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Done. Her address 172.22.60.2, we want 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:14:05.994: As97 IPCP: O CONFACK [ACKrcvd] id 4 len 16 Sep 28 13:14:05.994: As97 IPCP: Address 172.22.60.2 (0x0306AC163C02) Sep 28 13:14:05.994: As97 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 172.22.53.210 (0x8106AC1635D2) Sep 28 13:14:05.994: **As97 IPCP: State is Open !--** *IPC negotiation is complete. The user is now connected.*

## [Para uma chamada ISDN](#)

maui-nas-02#debug isdn q931 ISDN Q931 packets debugging is on maui-nas-02#debug ppp negotiation PPP protocol negotiation debugging is on maui-nas-02#debug ppp authentication PPP authentication debugging is on Sep 28 13:25:02.630: ISDN Se0:23: **RX <- SETUP** pd = 8 callref = 0x5346 *!--- Incoming Q.931 Setup message.* Sep 28 13:25:02.630: Bearer Capability i = 0x8890218F Sep 28 13:25:02.630: Channel ID i = 0xA18384 Sep 28 13:25:02.630: Called Party Number i = 0xA1, '81560', Plan:ISDN, Type:National Sep 28 13:25:02.634: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial0:3, changed state to up Sep 28 13:25:02.638: Se0:3 PPP: Treating connection as a callin Sep 28 13:25:02.638: Se0:3 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Passive Open [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:02.638: Se0:3 LCP: State is Listen Sep 28 13:25:02.638: ISDN Se0:23: TX-> CALL\_PROC pd = 8 callref = 0xD346 Sep 28 13:25:02.638: Channel ID i = 0xA98384 Sep 28 13:25:02.638: ISDN Se0:23: TX -> CONNECT pd = 8 callref = 0xD346 Sep 28 13:25:02.638: Channel ID i = 0xA98384 Sep 28 13:25:02.658: ISDN Se0:23: **RX <- CONNECT\_ACK** pd = 8 callref = 0x5346 Sep 28 13:25:02.658: ISDN Se0:23: CALL\_PROGRESS: **CALL\_CONNECTED** call id 0x2B, bchan 3, dsl 0 *!--- Call is connected.*

Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: I CONFREQ [Listen] id 61 len 28 Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: MagicNumber 0x1EB88B1C (0x05061EB88B1C) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E0161757374696E5F6973646E) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: O CONFREQ [Listen] id 1 len 33 Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: MagicNumber 0x309AFABD (0x0506309AFABD) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E016D6175692D6E61732D3032) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: O CONFACK [Listen] id 61 len 28 Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: MagicNumber 0x1EB88B1C (0x05061EB88B1C) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E0161757374696E5F6973646E) Sep 28 13:25:02.922: Se0:3 LCP: I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 1 len 33 Sep 28 13:25:02.922: Se0:3 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) Sep 28 13:25:02.922: Se0:3 LCP: MagicNumber 0x309AFABD (0x0506309AFABD) Sep 28 13:25:02.922: Se0:3 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:25:02.922: Se0:3 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E016D6175692D6E61732D3032) Sep 28 13:25:02.922: Se0:3 LCP: **State is Open !---** *LCP negotiation is complete.* Sep 28 13:25:02.922: Se0:3 PPP: Phase is AUTHENTICATING, by this end [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:02.922: Se0:3 CHAP: O CHALLENGE id 1 len 32 from "maui-nas-02" Sep 28 13:25:02.954: Se0:3 CHAP: I RESPONSE id 1 len 32 from "austin\_isdn" Sep 28 13:25:02.954: Se0:3 **CHAP: O SUCCESS** id 1 len 4 *!---* *PPP CHAP authentication is successful.* Sep 28 13:25:02.958: Se0:3 PPP: Phase is VIRTUALIZED [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:02.958: Vi1 PPP: Phase is DOWN, Setup [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:02.982: Vi1 PPP: Phase is DOWN, Setup [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:02.982: Se0:3 IPCP: Packet buffered while building MLP bundle interface Sep 28 13:25:02.986: **%LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Virtual-Access1, changed state to up !---** *Virtual-Access Interface is up. !---* *This interface controls the incoming call.* Sep 28 13:25:02.986: Vi1 PPP: Treating connection as a callin Sep 28 13:25:02.986: Vi1 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Passive Open [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:02.986: Vi1 LCP: State is Listen Sep 28 13:25:02.986: Vi1 PPP: Phase is UP [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:02.986: Vi1 IPCP: O CONFREQ [Closed] id 1 len 10 Sep 28 13:25:02.986: Vi1 IPCP: Address 172.22.61.1 (0x0306AC163D01) Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 MLP: Added first link Se0:3 to bundle austin\_isdn Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 PPP: Pending ncpQ size is 1 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Se0:3 IPCP: Redirect packet to Vi1 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 IPCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 45 len 10 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 IPCP: Address 10.0.0.1 (0x03060A000001) Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Start. Her address 10.0.0.1, we want 0.0.0.0 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Reject 10.0.0.1, using 0.0.0.0 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Done. Her address 10.0.0.1, we want 0.0.0.0 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 IPCP: O CONFNAK [REQsent] id 45 len 10 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 IPCP: **Address 172.22.61.2** (0x0306AC163D02) *!---* *Peer IP address is assigned from IP Pool named "ISDN".* Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Se0:3 CDPCP: MLP bundle interface is built, process packets now Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Se0:3 CDPCP: Redirect packet to Vi1 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 CDPCP: I CONFREQ [Not negotiated] id 23 len 4 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 LCP: O PROTREJ [Open] id 1 len 10 protocol CDPCP (0x820701170004) Sep 28 13:25:03.010: Vi1 IPCP: I CONFACK [REQsent] id 1 len 10 Sep 28 13:25:03.010: Vi1 IPCP: Address 172.22.61.1 (0x0306AC163D01) Sep 28 13:25:03.010: Vi1 IPCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 46 len 4 Sep 28 13:25:03.010: Vi1 IPCP: O CONFACK [ACKrcvd] id 46 len 4 Sep 28 13:25:03.010: **Vi1 IPCP: State is Open !---** *IPCP negotiation is complete. The call is now connected.* Sep 28 13:25:03.014: Di10 IPCP: Install route to 172.22.61.2 Sep 28 13:25:03.958: **%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0:3, changed state to up** Sep 28 13:25:03.986: **%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Virtual-Access1, changed state to up** Sep 28 13:25:04.146: ISDN Se0:23: **RX <- SETUP** pd = 8 callref = 0x5409 *!---* *The second link in the multilink connection arrives.* Sep 28 13:25:04.150: Bearer Capability i = 0x8890218F Sep 28 13:25:04.150: Channel ID i = 0xA18385 Sep 28 13:25:04.150: Called Party Number i = 0xA1, '81560', Plan:ISDN, Type:National Sep 28 13:25:04.154: **%LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial0:4, changed state to up** Sep 28 13:25:04.154: **%ISDN-6-CONNECT: Interface Serial0:3 is now connected to austin\_isdn** Sep 28 13:25:04.154: Se0:4 PPP: Treating connection as a callin Sep 28 13:25:04.154: Se0:4 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Passive Open [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:04.154: Se0:4 LCP: State is Listen Sep 28 13:25:04.158: ISDN Se0:23: TX -> CALL\_PROC pd = 8 callref = 0xD409 Sep 28 13:25:04.158: Channel ID i = 0xA98385 Sep 28 13:25:04.158: ISDN Se0:23: TX -> CONNECT pd = 8 callref = 0xD409 Sep 28 13:25:04.158: Channel ID i = 0xA98385 Sep 28 13:25:04.178: ISDN Se0:23: RX <- CONNECT\_ACK pd = 8 callref = 0x5409 Sep 28 13:25:04.178: ISDN Se0:23: CALL\_PROGRESS: CALL\_CONNECTED call id 0x2C, bchan 4, dsl 0 Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: I CONFREQ [Listen] id 51 len 28 Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: MagicNumber 0x1EB8910D (0x05061EB8910D) Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E0161757374696E5F6973646E) Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: O CONFREQ [Listen] id 1 len 33 Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: MagicNumber 0x309B00A6 (0x0506309B00A6) Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E016D6175692D6E61732D3032) Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP:

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O CONFACK [Listen] id 51 len 28 Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: MagicNumber 0x1EB8910D
(0x05061EB8910D) Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:25:04.394:
Se0:4 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E0161757374696E5F6973646E) Sep 28 13:25:04.430: Se0:4 LCP:
I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 1 len 33 Sep 28 13:25:04.430: Se0:4 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305)
Sep 28 13:25:04.430: Se0:4 LCP: MagicNumber 0x309B00A6 (0x0506309B00A6) Sep 28 13:25:04.430:
Se0:4 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:25:04.430: Se0:4 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local
(0x130E016D6175692D6E61732D3032) Sep 28 13:25:04.430: Se0:4 LCP: State is Open Sep 28
13:25:04.430: Se0:4 PPP: Phase is AUTHENTICATING, by this end [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28
13:25:04.430: Se0:4 CHAP: O CHALLENGE id 1 len 32 from "maui-nas-02" Sep 28 13:25:04.462: Se0:4
CHAP: I RESPONSE id 1 len 32 from "austin_isdn" Sep 28 13:25:04.466: Se0:4 CHAP: O SUCCESS id 1
len 4 Sep 28 13:25:04.466: Se0:4 PPP: Phase is VIRTUALIZED [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:04.466:
Vi1 MLP: Added link Se0:4 to bundle austin_isdn !--- An additional Link is now added to exiting
Virtual Interface Bundle. Sep 28 13:25:05.466: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
Serial0:4, changed state to up Sep 28 13:25:10.154: %ISDN-6-CONNECT: Interface Serial0:4 is now
connected to austin_isdn !--- The second call is connected. The multilink Bundle is complete.
maui-nas-02#
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## [Informações Relacionadas](#)

- [Páginas de Suporte à Tecnologia de Discagem e Acesso](#)
- [Suporte Técnico e Documentação - Cisco Systems](#)