

Configurazione di esempio - Applicazione MUX inversa con Multilink PPP

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[Introduzione](#)

In alcuni ambienti, potrebbe essere necessario raggruppare più collegamenti seriali in modo che funzionino come un unico collegamento con larghezza di banda aggregata. Questo documento descrive come configurare i router Cisco 4500 in modo che includano quattro interfacce seriali con un'interfaccia di modello virtuale.

Questa configurazione può essere utilizzata per i router connessi su linee affittate o per i router che dispongono dell'unità CSU/DSU (Channel Service Unit). A seconda delle esigenze, è possibile aggiungere ulteriori funzionalità alla configurazione.

[Prerequisiti](#)

[Requisiti](#)

Nessun requisito specifico previsto per questo documento.

[Componenti usati](#)

Le informazioni fornite in questo documento si basano sulle versioni software e hardware riportate di seguito.

- Router Cisco 4500 in un ambiente lab non configurato.

- Cisco IOS® versione 12.2(10b) era in esecuzione su entrambi i router.

Le informazioni discusse in questo documento fanno riferimento a dispositivi usati in uno specifico ambiente di emulazione. Su tutti i dispositivi menzionati nel documento la configurazione è stata ripristinata ai valori predefiniti. Se la rete è operativa, valutare attentamente eventuali conseguenze derivanti dall'uso dei comandi.

Prodotti correlati

Questa configurazione può essere utilizzata anche con le seguenti versioni hardware e software.

- Due router qualsiasi con quattro interfacce seriali ciascuna.
- È possibile utilizzare interfacce seriali WIC-1T e WIC-2T.

Convenzioni

Per ulteriori informazioni sulle convenzioni usate, consultare il documento [Cisco sulle convenzioni nei suggerimenti tecnici](#).

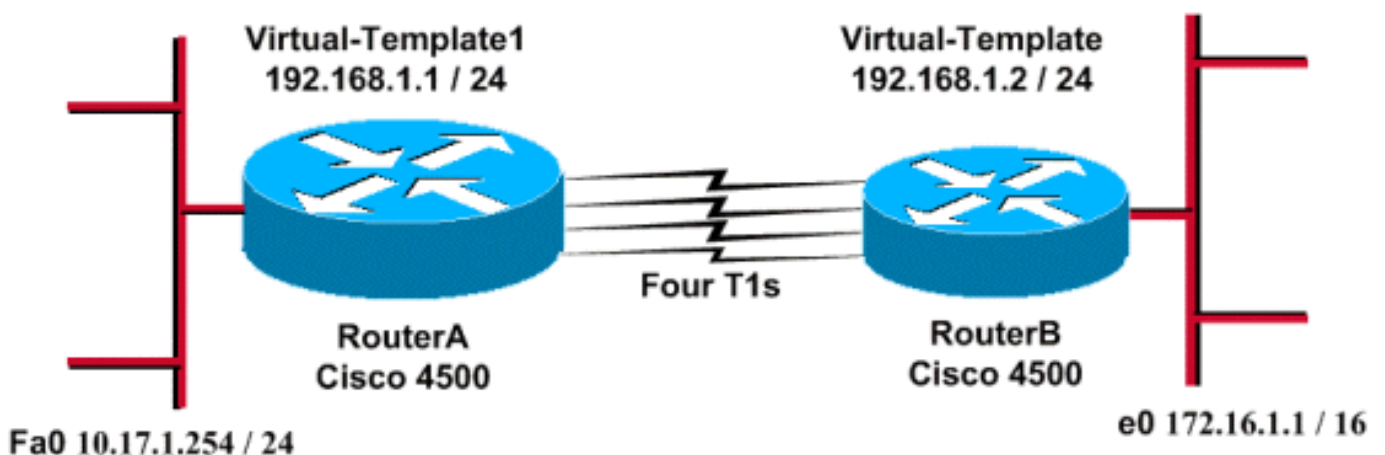
Configurazione

In questa sezione vengono presentate le informazioni necessarie per configurare le funzionalità descritte più avanti nel documento.

Nota: per ulteriori informazioni sui comandi menzionati in questo documento, usare lo [strumento di ricerca dei comandi](#) (solo utenti [registrati](#)).

Esempio di rete

Questo documento utilizza le impostazioni di rete mostrate nel diagramma sottostante.



Configurazioni

Questa configurazione è stata testata con il software Cisco IOS versione 12.2(10b) sui router serie 4500. Gli stessi concetti di configurazione si applicano a una topologia di router simile o ad altre

versioni di Cisco IOS.

Questo documento utilizza le configurazioni mostrate di seguito.

RouterA

```
version 12.2
!
hostname RouterA
!
!
username RouterB password xxx
ip subnet-zero
multilink virtual-template 1
!
interface loopback 0
ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
!
interface Virtual-Template1
 ip unnumbered loopback0
 ppp authentication chap
 ppp multilink
!
interface Serial0
 no ip address
 encapsulation ppp
 no fair-queue
 ppp multilink
 pulse-time 3
!
interface Serial1
 no ip address
 encapsulation ppp
 no fair-queue
 ppp multilink
 pulse-time 3
!
interface Serial2
 no ip address
 encapsulation ppp
 no fair-queue
 ppp multilink
 pulse-time 3
!
interface Serial3
 no ip address
 encapsulation ppp
 no fair-queue
 ppp multilink
 pulse-time 3
!
interface FastEthernet0
 ip address 10.17.1.254 255.255.255.0
!
router rip
 network 10.0.0.0
 network 192.168.1.0
!
end
```

RouterB

```
version 12.2
!
hostname RouterB
!
username RouterA password xxx
ip subnet-zero
multilink virtual-template 1
!
interface loopback 0
ip address 192.168.1.2 255.255.255.0
!
!
interface Virtual-Template1
 ip unnumbered loopback0
 ppp authentication chap
 ppp multilink
!
interface Serial0
 no ip address
 encapsulation ppp
 no fair-queue
 ppp multilink
 pulse-time 3
!
interface Serial1
 no ip address
 encapsulation ppp
 no fair-queue
 ppp multilink
 pulse-time 3
!
interface Serial2
 no ip address
 encapsulation ppp
 no fair-queue
 ppp multilink
 pulse-time 3
!
interface Serial3
 no ip address
 encapsulation ppp
 no fair-queue
 ppp multilink
 pulse-time 3
!
interface Ethernet0
 ip address 172.16.1.1 255.255.0.0
!
router rip
 network 172.16.0.0
 network 192.168.1.0
!
end
```

Configurare quanto segue per implementare la configurazione precedente:

- multilink virtual-template
- interface modello-virtuale
- PPP multilink in ciascuna delle interfacce seriali in cui deve essere eseguito il bundling.
- RIP come protocollo di routing IP

Il loopback 0 dell'interfaccia è configurato in modo da non causare mai errori e il **loopback 0 senza**

numero ip migliora il bundling di più di cinque interfacce seriali con lo stesso indirizzo IP.

Quando tutte le interfacce seriali sono attive e il traffico utente deve essere inviato, Multilink PPP crea un'interfaccia di accesso virtuale e viene eseguita la negoziazione PPP. La configurazione per questa interfaccia di accesso virtuale viene duplicata dal modello virtuale. Il numero di interfacce seriali attive è incluso in questa interfaccia di accesso virtuale e viene creata una larghezza di banda aggregata.

Verifica

Le informazioni contenute in questa sezione permettono di verificare che la configurazione funzioni correttamente.

Alcuni comandi **show** sono supportati dallo [strumento Output Interpreter \(solo utenti registrati\)](#); lo [strumento permette di visualizzare un'analisi dell'output del comando show](#).

- **show ip route**
- **show ip rip database**
- **mostra connessione multipla ppp**
- **show interface virtual-access 1**

```
RouterA#show ip route
```

```
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
P - periodic downloaded static route
```

```
Gateway of last resort is not set
```

```
R 172.16.0.0/16 [120/1] via 192.168.1.2, 00:00:19, Virtual-Access1
  10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C 10.17.1.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet0
  192.168.1.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C 192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, Loopback0
C 192.168.1.2/32 is directly connected, Virtual-Access1
```

```
RouterA#show ip route connected
```

```
  10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C    10.17.1.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet0
  192.168.1.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C    192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, Loopback0
C    192.168.1.2/32 is directly connected, Virtual-Access1
```

```
RouterB#show ip route
```

```
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
P - periodic downloaded static route
```

```
Gateway of last resort is not set
```

```
C 172.16.0.0/16 is directly connected, Ethernet0
R 10.0.0.0/8 [120/1] via 192.168.1.1, 00:00:18, Virtual-Access1
  192.168.1.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C 192.168.1.1/32 is directly connected, Virtual-Access1
C 192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, Loopback0
```

```
RouterB#show ip route connected
```

```
C 172.16.0.0/16 is directly connected, Ethernet0
  192.168.1.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C 192.168.1.1/32 is directly connected, Virtual-Access1
C 192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, Loopback0
```

```
RouterA#show ip rip database
```

```
10.0.0.0/8 auto-summary
10.17.1.0/24 directly connected, FastEthernet0
172.16.0.0/16 auto-summary
172.16.0.0/16
  [1] via 192.168.1.2, 00:00:34, Virtual-Access1
192.168.1.0/24 auto-summary
192.168.1.0/24 directly connected, Loopback0
192.168.1.2/32 directly connected, Virtual-Access1
```

```
RouterB#show ip rip database
```

```
10.0.0.0/8 auto-summary
10.0.0.0/8
  [1] via 192.168.1.1, 00:00:13, Virtual-Access
1172.16.0.0/16 auto-summary
172.16.0.0/16 directly connected, Ethernet0
192.168.1.0/24 auto-summary
192.168.1.0/24 directly connected, Loopback0
192.168.1.1/32 directly connected, Virtual-Access1
```

```
RouterA#show ppp multilink
```

```
Virtual-Access1, bundle name is RouterB
Bundle up for 17:01:59
0 lost fragments, 0 reordered, 0 unassigned
0 discarded, 0 lost received, 1/255 load
0xD3C received sequence, 0x1180 sent sequence
Member links: 4 (max not set, min not set)
  Serial0, since 17:01:59, last rcvd seq 000D38
  Serial1, since 17:01:50, last rcvd seq 000D39
  Serial2, since 17:01:46, last rcvd seq 000D3A
  Serial3, since 17:01:41, last rcvd seq 000D3B
```

```
RouterB#show ppp multilink
```

```
Virtual-Access1, bundle name is RouterA
Bundle up for 12:47:33
0 lost fragments, 0 reordered, 0 unassigned
0 discarded, 0 lost received, 1/255 load
0x1186 received sequence, 0xD40 sent sequence
Member links: 4 (max not set, min not set)
  Serial0, since 12:47:33, last rcvd seq 001184
  Serial1, since 12:47:27, last rcvd seq 001185
  Serial2, since 12:47:23, last rcvd seq 001182
  Serial3, since 12:47:20, last rcvd seq 001183
```

```
RouterA#show interface virtual-access 1
```

```
Virtual-Access1 is up, line protocol is up
Hardware is Virtual Access interface
Interface is unnumbered. Using address of Loopback0 (192.168.1.1)
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 6176 Kbit, DLY 100000 usec,
```

```
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation PPP, loopback not set
Keepalive set (10 sec)
DTR is pulsed for 5 seconds on reset
LCP Open, multilink Open
Open: IPCP
Last input 00:00:00, output never, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters 17:05:41
Queueing strategy: fifo
Output queue 0/40, 0 drops; input queue 0/75, 0 drops
5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
  1711 packets input, 163898 bytes, 0 no buffer
  Received 0 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
  0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
  2256 packets output, 211897 bytes, 0 underruns
  0 output errors, 0 collisions, 0 interface resets
  0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
  0 carrier transitions
```

```
RouterB#show interface virtual-access 1
```

```
Virtual-Access1 is up, line protocol is up
```

```
Hardware is Virtual Access interface
Interface is unnumbered. Using address of Loopback0 (192.168.1.2)
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 6176 Kbit, DLY 100000 usec,
  reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation PPP, loopback not set
Keepalive set (10 sec)
DTR is pulsed for 5 seconds on reset
LCP Open, multilink Open
Open: IPCP
Last input 00:00:20, output never, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters 12:54:17
Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0
Queueing strategy: fifo
Output queue :0/40 (size/max)
5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
  2256 packets input, 216460 bytes, 0 no buffer
  Received 0 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
  0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
  1714 packets output, 160624 bytes, 0 underruns
  0 output errors, 0 collisions, 0 interface resets
  0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
  0 carrier transitions
```

[Risoluzione dei problemi](#)

Le informazioni contenute in questa sezione permettono di risolvere i problemi relativi alla configurazione.

[Comandi per la risoluzione dei problemi](#)

Alcuni comandi **show** sono supportati dallo [strumento Output Interpreter \(solo utenti registrati\)](#); lo [strumento permette di visualizzare un'analisi dell'output del comando show](#).

Nota: prima di usare i comandi di **debug**, consultare le [informazioni importanti sui comandi di debug](#).

- **debug ppp negotiation:** per vedere se un client sta passando una negoziazione PPP; questo comando viene utilizzato per verificare la presenza di una negoziazione degli indirizzi.
- **debug ppp authentication:** consente di verificare se un client sta passando l'autenticazione. Se si usa una versione del software Cisco IOS precedente alla 11.2, usare il comando **debug ppp chap**.
- **debug ppp error:** consente di visualizzare gli errori di protocollo e le statistiche sugli errori associate alla negoziazione e al funzionamento della connessione PPP.
- **debug vtemplate:** per visualizzare la copia del modello virtuale per creare un'interfaccia di accesso virtuale.
- **debug degli eventi di connessione multipla ppp** - Per visualizzare il debug degli eventi di connessione multipla PPP. Visualizza informazioni sugli eventi che interessano i gruppi di connessione multipla.
- **show ppp multilink:** consente di visualizzare i membri del fascio di connessione multipla.

I router Cisco 4500 hanno ottenuto le seguenti uscite. Mostrano i router che stabiliscono una connessione PPP multilink.

```
RouterA#debug vtemplate
```

```
Virtual Template debugging is on
```

```
*Dec 1 17:24:16.519: Vi1 VTEMPLATE: Reuse Vi1, recycle queue size 0
*Dec 1 17:24:16.519: Vi1 VTEMPLATE: Set default settings with ip unnumbered
*Dec 1 17:24:16.539: Vi1 VTEMPLATE: Hardware address 00d0.bbfa.f579
*Dec 1 17:24:16.543: Vi1 VTEMPLATE: Has a new cloneblk vtemplate,
now it has vtemplate
*Dec 1 17:24:16.543: Vi1 VTEMPLATE: ***** CLONE VACCESS1 *****
*Dec 1 17:24:16.543: Vi1 VTEMPLATE: Clone from Virtual-Templat1
interface Virtual-Access1
default ip address
no ip address
encap ppp
ip unnumbered loopback0
end
```

```
*Dec 1 17:24:16.595: %LINK-3-UPDOWN:
Interface Virtual-Access1, changed state to up
*Dec 1 17:24:17.515: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN:
Line protocol on Interface Serial10, changed state to up
*Dec 1 17:24:17.595: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN:
Line protocol on Interface Virtual-Access1, changed state to up
```

```
RouterA#debug ppp negotiation
```

```
PPP protocol negotiation debugging is on
```

```
Dec 11 19:39:14.523: %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0, changed state to reset
Dec 11 19:39:14.523: Se0 LCP: State is Closed
Dec 11 19:39:14.627: %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
Dec 11 19:39:16.523: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial0, changed state to up
Dec 11 19:39:16.523: Se0 PPP: Treating connection as a dedicated line
Dec 11 19:39:16.523: Se0 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Active Open [0 sess, 1 load]
Dec 11 19:39:16.523: Se0 LCP: O CONFREQ [Closed] id 25 len 24
Dec 11 19:39:16.523: Se0 LCP: MagicNumber 0xD4CBA693 (0x0506D4CBA693)
Dec 11 19:39:16.523: Se0 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4)
Dec 11 19:39:16.523: Se0 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 RouterA (0x130A01506F6D65726F6C)
Dec 11 19:39:16.535: Se0 LCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 33 len 25
Dec 11 19:39:16.535: Se0 LCP: MagicNumber 0x03200E36 (0x050603200E36)
Dec 11 19:39:16.535: Se0 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4)
Dec 11 19:39:16.539: Se0 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 RouterB (0x130B0150756C6C69676E79)
```


Dec 11 19:39:16.539: **Se0 LCP: O CONFACK [REQsent] id 33 len 25**
Dec 11 19:39:16.539: Se0 LCP: MagicNumber 0x03200E36 (0x050603200E36)
Dec 11 19:39:16.539: Se0 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4)
Dec 11 19:39:16.539: Se0 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 RouterB (0x130B0150756C6C69676E79)
Dec 11 19:39:16.539: **Se0 LCP: I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 25 len 24**
Dec 11 19:39:16.539: Se0 LCP: MagicNumber 0xD4CBA693 (0x0506D4CBA693)
Dec 11 19:39:16.539: Se0 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4)
Dec 11 19:39:16.543: Se0 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 RouterA (0x130A01506F6D65726F6C)
Dec 11 19:39:16.543: **Se0 LCP: State is Open**
Dec 11 19:39:16.543: **Se0 PPP: Phase is VIRTUALIZED [0 sess, 1 load]**
Dec 11 19:39:16.555: Vi1 PPP: Phase is DOWN, Setup [0 sess, 1 load]
Dec 11 19:39:16.587: **%LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Virtual-Access1, changed state to up**
Dec 11 19:39:16.587: Vi1 PPP: Treating connection as a dedicated line
Dec 11 19:39:16.587: **Vi1 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Active Open [0 sess, 1 load]**
Dec 11 19:39:16.587: Vi1 LCP: O CONFREQ [Closed] id 1 len 29
Dec 11 19:39:16.587: Vi1 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305)
Dec 11 19:39:16.587: Vi1 LCP: MagicNumber 0xD4CBA6D4 (0x0506D4CBA6D4)
Dec 11 19:39:16.587: Vi1 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4)
Dec 11 19:39:16.587: Vi1 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 RouterA (0x130A01506F6D65726F6C)
Dec 11 19:39:16.587: **Vi1 PPP: Phase is UP [0 sess, 1 load]**
Dec 11 19:39:16.591: Vi1 IPCP: O CONFREQ [Closed] id 1 len 10
Dec 11 19:39:16.591: Vi1 IPCP: Address 192.168.1.1 (0x0306C0A80101)
Dec 11 19:39:16.591: **Vi1 MLP: Added first link Se0 to bundle RouterB**
Dec 11 19:39:16.623: Vi1 IPCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 1 len 10
Dec 11 19:39:16.623: Vi1 IPCP: Address 192.168.1.2 (0x0306C0A80102)
Dec 11 19:39:16.623: Vi1 IPCP: O CONFACK [REQsent] id 1 len 10
Dec 11 19:39:16.623: Vi1 IPCP: Address 192.168.1.2 (0x0306C0A80102)
Dec 11 19:39:16.623: Vi1 IPCP: I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 1 len 10
Dec 11 19:39:16.627: Vi1 IPCP: Address 192.168.1.1 (0x0306C0A80101)
Dec 11 19:39:16.627: **Vi1 IPCP: State is Open**
Dec 11 19:39:16.627: **Vi1 IPCP: Install route to 192.168.1.2**
Dec 11 19:39:17.543: **%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0, changed state to up**
Dec 11 19:39:17.587: **%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Virtual-Access1, changed state to up**

RouterB#debug ppp negotiation

PPP protocol negotiation debugging is on

Dec 11 19:38:08.975: **Se0 LCP: I CONFREQ [Closed] id 25 len 24**
Dec 11 19:38:08.975: Se0 LCP: MagicNumber 0xD4CBA693 (0x0506D4CBA693)
Dec 11 19:38:08.975: Se0 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4)
Dec 11 19:38:08.975: Se0 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 RouterA (0x130A01506F6D65726F6C)
Dec 11 19:38:08.975: Se0 LCP: Lower layer not up, Fast Starting
Dec 11 19:38:08.975: Se0 PPP: Treating connection as a dedicated line
Dec 11 19:38:08.979: **Se0 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Active Open [0 sess, 1 load]**
Dec 11 19:38:08.979: **Se0 LCP: O CONFREQ [Closed] id 33 len 25**
Dec 11 19:38:08.979: Se0 LCP: MagicNumber 0x03200E36 (0x050603200E36)
Dec 11 19:38:08.979: Se0 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4)
Dec 11 19:38:08.979: Se0 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 RouterB (0x130B0150756C6C69676E79)
Dec 11 19:38:08.979: **Se0 LCP: O CONFACK [REQsent] id 25 len 24**
Dec 11 19:38:08.979: Se0 LCP: MagicNumber 0xD4CBA693 (0x0506D4CBA693)
Dec 11 19:38:08.979: Se0 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4)
Dec 11 19:38:08.979: Se0 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 RouterA (0x130A01506F6D65726F6C)
Dec 11 19:38:08.979: **%LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial0, changed state to up**
Dec 11 19:38:08.987: **Se0 LCP: I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 33 len 25**
Dec 11 19:38:08.987: Se0 LCP: MagicNumber 0x03200E36 (0x050603200E36)
Dec 11 19:38:08.987: Se0 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4)
Dec 11 19:38:08.987: Se0 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 RouterB (0x130B0150756C6C69676E79)
Dec 11 19:38:08.987: **Se0 LCP: State is Open**
Dec 11 19:38:08.987: Se0 PPP: Phase is VIRTUALIZED [0 sess, 1 load]
Dec 11 19:38:08.999: Vi1 PPP: Phase is DOWN, Setup [0 sess, 1 load]
Dec 11 19:38:09.039: Se0 IPCP: Packet buffered while building MLP bundle interface
Dec 11 19:38:09.043: **%LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Virtual-Access1, changed state to up**

```
Dec 11 19:38:09.043: Vi1 PPP: Treating connection as a dedicated line
Dec 11 19:38:09.043: Vi1 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Active Open [0 sess, 1 load]
Dec 11 19:38:09.043: Vi1 LCP: O CONFREQ [Closed] id 1 len 30
Dec 11 19:38:09.043: Vi1 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305)
Dec 11 19:38:09.043: Vi1 LCP: MagicNumber 0x03200E78 (0x050603200E78)
Dec 11 19:38:09.043: Vi1 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4)
Dec 11 19:38:09.043: Vi1 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 RouterB (0x130B0150756C6C69676E79)
Dec 11 19:38:09.043: Vi1 PPP: Phase is UP [0 sess, 1 load]
Dec 11 19:38:09.043: Vi1 IPCP: O CONFREQ [Closed] id 1 len 10
Dec 11 19:38:09.043: Vi1 IPCP: Address 192.168.1.2 (0x0306C0A80102)
Dec 11 19:38:09.047: Vi1 MLP: Added first link Se0 to bundle RouterA
Dec 11 19:38:09.047: Vi1 PPP: Pending ncpQ size is 1
Dec 11 19:38:09.047: Se0 IPCP: Redirect packet to Vi1
Dec 11 19:38:09.047: Vi1 IPCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 1 len 10
Dec 11 19:38:09.047: Vi1 IPCP: Address 192.168.1.1 (0x0306C0A80101)
Dec 11 19:38:09.047: Vi1 IPCP: O CONFACK [REQsent] id 1 len 10
Dec 11 19:38:09.047: Vi1 IPCP: Address 192.168.1.1 (0x0306C0A80101)
Dec 11 19:38:09.051: Vi1 IPCP: I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 1 len 10
Dec 11 19:38:09.051: Vi1 IPCP: Address 192.168.1.2 (0x0306C0A80102)
Dec 11 19:38:09.051: Vi1 IPCP: State is Open
Dec 11 19:38:09.051: Vi1 IPCP: Install route to 192.168.1.1
Dec 11 19:38:09.987: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0,
changed state to up
Dec 11 19:38:10.043: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN:
Line protocol on Interface Virtual-Access1, changed state to up
```

```
RouterB#debug ppp multilink events
```

```
Multilink events debugging is on
```

```
Dec 11 19:41:30.239: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial0, changed state to up
Dec 11 19:41:30.243: Se0 MLP: Request add link to bundle
Dec 11 19:41:30.243: Se0 MLP: Adding link to bundle
Dec 11 19:41:30.255: Vi1 MLP: VP: Clone from Vtemplate 1 block=1
Dec 11 19:41:30.299: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Virtual-Access1, changed state to up
Dec 11 19:41:30.299: Vi1 MLP: Added first link Se0 to bundle RouterA
Dec 11 19:41:31.243: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0,
changed state to up
Dec 11 19:41:31.243: Se0 MLP: cdp packet forwarded to wrong interface
Dec 11 19:41:31.299: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN:
Line protocol on Interface Virtual-Access1, changed state to up
```

[Informazioni correlate](#)

- [Visualizzazione delle statistiche del chiamante](#)
- [Multilink PPP RFC 1717](#)
- [Configurazione di DDR peer-to-peer con profili dialer](#)
- [Pagine di supporto per la tecnologia WAN](#)
- [Supporto tecnico – Cisco Systems](#)