

X25 Over TCP/IP con las Opciones keepalives de XOT

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Introducción

El X.25 por TCP (XOT) le permite para enviar los paquetes X.25 sobre una red TCP/IP en vez de un link del link de Proceso de Acceso a link Balanceado (LAPB). El XOT también permite que usted haga un túnel el tráfico X.25 a través de una red del IP.

Los paquetes de los switches del software X.25 de Cisco IOS® entre un link X.25 y una conexión TCP. Cada dirección destino del circuito virtual puede ser asociada a una dirección IP separada. Las Opciones keepalives de XOT se pueden utilizar para detectar el underlayer TCP. El TCP tiene la capacidad de detectar la conexión marcando el número de secuencia del reconocimiento. Si no recibe ninguno reconoce los paquetes, sostienen los paquetes del unack y guardan el intentar retransmitir hasta que abandonen y derriben eventual la conexión TCP. Sin embargo, este proceso tarda demasiada hora.

Este documento describe cómo utilizar la característica de las Opciones keepalives de XOT en caso que una conexión TCP esté quebrada, para detectarla, y toma medidas más rápidamente.

prerrequisitos

Requisitos

No hay requisitos específicos para este documento.

Componentes Utilizados

La información que contiene este documento se basa en las siguientes versiones de software y hardware.

- Cisco IOS Software Release 9.21 o Posterior, con cualquier conjunto de características
- Cualquier router Cisco con el Cisco IOS Software Release 9.21 o Posterior soporta esta característica
- Cisco IOS Software Releases 12.2(13)T13 y 12.2(27)

La información que contiene este documento se creó a partir de los dispositivos en un ambiente de laboratorio específico. Todos los dispositivos que se utilizan en este documento se pusieron en funcionamiento con una configuración verificada (predeterminada). Si la red está funcionando, asegúrese de haber comprendido el impacto que puede tener cualquier comando.

Convenciones

Consulte [Convenciones de Consejos Técnicos Cisco](#) para obtener más información sobre las convenciones del documento.

Configurar

En esta sección encontrará la información para configurar las funciones descritas en este documento.

Note: Use la herramienta [Command Lookup Tool](#) ([clientes registrados solamente](#)) para encontrar más información sobre los comandos usados en este documento.

Diagrama de la red

En este documento, se utiliza esta configuración de red:

Configuraciones

En este documento, se utilizan estas configuraciones:

- [R1 \(router Cisco 2500\)](#)
- [R2 \(Cisco 2500 Router\)](#)
- [R3 \(Cisco 2600 Router\)](#)
- [R4 \(Cisco 2600 Router\)](#)

R1 (router Cisco 2500)

```
Current configuration:
!
version 12.2
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log uptime
!
hostname R1
!
x25 routing
!--- The X.25 local switching. ! interface Serial0 no ip
address no ip directed-broadcast encapsulation x25 no ip
```

```
mroute-cache x25 address 45678 x25 win 5 !--- For
testing purposes, the X.25 flow control !--- is set to
something other than !--- the default value. In this
configuration, !--- win 5 and wout 5, and ips and ops
256 are used. x25 wout 5 x25 ips 256 x25 ops 256 x25
idle 1 ! line con 0 transport input none line aux 0 line
vty 0 4 password cisco login ! end
```

R2 (Cisco 2500 Router)

```
Current configuration
!
version 12.2
service pad to-xot
!--- Enable this command in order to make a packet
assembler/disassembler (PAD) !--- over XOT through the
router locally. It is useful for troubleshooting XOT
problems. service timestamps debug datetime msec service
timestamps log uptime ! hostname R2 ! x25 routing !---
Enables X.25 switching. ! ! ! interface Loopback0 ip
address 10.1.2.2 255.255.255.0 ! interface Ethernet0 ip
address 10.64.9.101 255.255.255.0 no ip route-cache no
ip mroute-cache ! interface Serial0 no ip address
encapsulation x25 dce no ip mroute-cache x25 win 5 x25
wout 5 x25 ips 256 x25 ops 256 !--- Set these flow
control parameters since the interface you have
connected to !--- also has these parameters set. If not
matched, you can reset the link !--- while there are
larger packets that go over. x25 idle 1 clockrate 64000
! router rip network 10.0.0.0 ! x25 route ^12 xot
10.64.9.100 xot-keepalive-period 10 xot-keepalive-tries
3 xot-source Loopback0 x25 route ^4 interface Serial0
xot-keepalive-period 10 xot-keepalive-tries 3 !--- By
default, xot-keepalives is always enabled, uses the
default keepalive !--- period of 60 seconds, and retries
four times. Use the !--- loopback as the XOT source to
enhance the TCP connection reliability. !--- If you have
two interfaces configured for X.25 and one of the !---
interfaces goes down, one interface remains up so that
the TCP !--- connection is not interrupted. In order to
achieve this redundancy !--- connection, the XOT uses
the loopback interface since the !--- source and the TCP
connection do not fail. !--- If you want to have
redundant interfaces in your router, the !--- X.25 route
command is configured as - X.25 route ^12 xot
10.64.9.100 10.64.9.200 !--- where 10.64.9.100 and
10.64.9.200 are the remote destination IP addresses.

!
line con 0
line aux 0
line vty 0 4
login
!
end
```

R3 (Cisco 2600 Router)

```
Current configuration
!
version 12.2
service pad to-xot
!--- Enable this command in order to make a packet
```

```

assembler/disassembler (PAD) !--- over XOT through the
router locally. It is useful for troubleshooting XOT
problems. service timestamps debug datetime msec service
timestamps log uptime ! hostname R2 ! x25 routing !---
Enables X.25 switching. !!! interface Loopback0 ip
address 10.1.2.2 255.255.255.0 ! interface Ethernet0 ip
address 10.64.9.101 255.255.255.0 no ip route-cache no
ip mroute-cache ! interface Serial0 no ip address
encapsulation x25 dce no ip mroute-cache x25 win 5 x25
wout 5 x25 ips 256 x25 ops 256 !--- Set these flow
control parameters since the interface you have
connected to !--- also has these parameters set. If not
matched, you can reset the link !--- while there are
larger packets that go over. x25 idle 1 clockrate 64000
! router rip network 10.0.0.0 ! x25 route ^12 xot
10.64.9.100 xot-keepalive-period 10 xot-keepalive-tries
3 xot-source Loopback0 x25 route ^4 interface Serial0
xot-keepalive-period 10 xot-keepalive-tries 3 !--- By
default, xot-keepalives is always enabled, uses the
default keepalive !--- period of 60 seconds, and retries
four times. Use the !--- loopback as the XOT source to
enhance the TCP connection reliability. !--- If you have
two interfaces configured for X.25 and one of the !---
interfaces goes down, one interface remains up so that
the TCP !--- connection is not interrupted. In order to
achieve this redundancy !--- connection, the XOT uses
the loopback interface since the !--- source and the TCP
connection do not fail. !--- If you want to have
redundant interfaces in your router, the !--- X.25 route
command is configured as - X.25 route ^12 xot
10.64.9.100 10.64.9.200 !--- where 10.64.9.100 and
10.64.9.200 are the remote destination IP addresses.

!
line con 0
line aux 0
line vty 0 4
login
!
end

```

R4 (Cisco 2600 Router)

```

Current configuration
!
version 12.2
service pad to-xot
!--- Enable this command in order to make a packet
assembler/disassembler (PAD) !--- over XOT through the
router locally. It is useful for troubleshooting XOT
problems. service timestamps debug datetime msec service
timestamps log uptime ! hostname R2 ! x25 routing !---
Enables X.25 switching. !!! interface Loopback0 ip
address 10.1.2.2 255.255.255.0 ! interface Ethernet0 ip
address 10.64.9.101 255.255.255.0 no ip route-cache no
ip mroute-cache ! interface Serial0 no ip address
encapsulation x25 dce no ip mroute-cache x25 win 5 x25
wout 5 x25 ips 256 x25 ops 256 !--- Set these flow
control parameters since the interface you have
connected to !--- also has these parameters set. If not
matched, you can reset the link !--- while there are
larger packets that go over. x25 idle 1 clockrate 64000
! router rip network 10.0.0.0 ! x25 route ^12 xot

```

```

10.64.9.100 xot-keepalive-period 10 xot-keepalive-tries
3 xot-source Loopback0 x25 route ^4 interface Serial0
xot-keepalive-period 10 xot-keepalive-tries 3 !--- By
default, xot-keepalives is always enabled, uses the
default keepalive !--- period of 60 seconds, and retries
four times. Use the !--- loopback as the XOT source to
enhance the TCP connection reliability. !--- If you have
two interfaces configured for X.25 and one of the !---
interfaces goes down, one interface remains up so that
the TCP !--- connection is not interrupted. In order to
achieve this redundancy !--- connection, the XOT uses
the loopback interface since the !--- source and the TCP
connection do not fail. !--- If you want to have
redundant interfaces in your router, the !--- X.25 route
command is configured as - X.25 route ^12 xot
10.64.9.100 10.64.9.200 !--- where 10.64.9.100 and
10.64.9.200 are the remote destination IP addresses.

!
line con 0
line aux 0
line vty 0 4
login
!
end

```

Verificación

Use esta sección para confirmar que su configuración funciona correctamente.

[La herramienta Output Interpreter Tool \(clientes registrados solamente\)](#) (OIT) soporta ciertos comandos show. Utilice la OIT para ver un análisis del resultado del comando show.

- **muestre la pista X.25** — Muestra la información sobre las conexiones abiertas actuales, incluyendo las transmisiones de paquetes, las configuraciones de parámetro X.3, y el estado actual de circuitos virtuales.
- **muestre el xot X.25** — Muestra la información para todos los circuitos virtuales XOT que hagan juego un criterio dado.
- **demostración tcp** — Muestra el estado de las conexiones TCP.
- **pista** — Utilice este comando de registrar sobre una PISTA.

Esta salida muestra la salida de los debugs visualizada cuando una llamada PAD se pone del r1 al R4:

```
R1#pad 123456
```

```
User Access Verification
```

```
Password:
```

```

lwld: Serial0: X.25 O R1 Call (15) 8 lci 1024
lwld: From (5): 45678 To (6): 123456
lwld: Facilities: (0)
lwld: Call User Data (4): 0x01000000 (pad)
lwld: Serial0: X.25 I R1 Call Confirm (5) 8 lci 1024
lwld: From (0): To (0):
lwld: Facilities: (0)
R4>

```

Esta llamada pasa con el r2. Esta salida fue capturada usando los comandos `debug x25 event` y `debug ip tcp driver`.

```
R2#
*Mar 9 07:02:39.982: Serial0: X.25 I R1 Call (15) 8 lci 1024
*Mar 9 07:02:39.986: From (5): 45678 To (6): 123456
*Mar 9 07:02:39.990: Facilities: (0)
*Mar 9 07:02:39.990: Call User Data (4): 0x01000000 (pad)
*Mar 9 07:02:40.006: TCPDRV404EF4: Active async open 10.1.2.2:0
--> 10.64.9.100 :1998 OK, lport 11020
*Mar 9 07:02:40.034: TCPDRV404EF4: disable tcp timeouts
*Mar 9 07:02:40.034: TCPDRV404EF4: enable tcp timeouts
*Mar 9 07:02:40.038: TCPDRV404EF4: keepalive interval set to 10000 ms

!--- The keepalives parameters. *Mar 9 07:02:40.038: TCPDRV404EF4: keepalive attempts set to 3
*Mar 9 07:02:40.042: TCPDRV404EF4: keepalives turned on *Mar 9 07:02:40.046:
[10.64.9.100,1998/10.1.2.2,11020]: XOT O P2 Call (21) 8 lc i 1 *Mar 9 07:02:40.050: From (5):
45678 To (6): 123456 *Mar 9 07:02:40.054: Facilities: (6) *Mar 9 07:02:40.054: Packet sizes: 256
256 *Mar 9 07:02:40.058: Window sizes: 5 5 *Mar 9 07:02:40.058: Call User Data (4): 0x01000000
(pad) *Mar 9 07:02:40.182: [10.64.9.100,1998/10.1.2.2,11020]: XOT I P2 Call Confirm (11) 8 lci 1
*Mar 9 07:02:40.182: From (0): To (0): *Mar 9 07:02:40.186: Facilities: (6) *Mar 9 07:02:40.186:
Packet sizes: 256 256 *Mar 9 07:02:40.190: Window sizes: 5 5 *Mar 9 07:02:40.194: Serial0: X.25
O R1 Call Confirm (5) 8 lci 1024 *Mar 9 07:02:40.194: From (0): To (0): *Mar 9 07:02:40.198:
Facilities: (0)
```

El R3 recibe la llamada del r2 con el XOT y después la pasa al R4. Esta salida fue capturada usando los comandos `debug x25 event` y `debug ip tcp driver`.

```
R3#
*Mar 9 07:00:41.338: TCPDRV27693C: Passive open 10.64.9.100:1998 <-- 10.1.2.2:1 1020
*Mar 9 07:00:41.342: TCPDRV27693C: disable tcp timeouts
*Mar 9 07:00:41.342: TCPDRV27693C: enable tcp timeouts
*Mar 9 07:00:41.370: [10.1.2.2,11020/10.64.9.100,1998]: XOT I P/Inactive Call (21) 8 lci 1
*Mar 9 07:00:41.370: From (5): 45678 To (6): 123456
*Mar 9 07:00:41.374: Facilities: (6)
*Mar 9 07:00:41.378: Packet sizes: 256 256
*Mar 9 07:00:41.378: Window sizes: 5 5
*Mar 9 07:00:41.382: Call User Data (4): 0x01000000 (pad)
*Mar 9 07:00:41.394: TCPDRV27693C: keepalive interval set to 10000 ms
*Mar 9 07:00:41.394: TCPDRV27693C: keepalive attempts set to 3
*Mar 9 07:00:41.398: TCPDRV27693C: keepalives turned on
*Mar 9 07:00:41.402: Serial1: X.25 O R1 Call (21) 8 lci 1024
*Mar 9 07:00:41.402: From (5): 45678 To (6): 123456
*Mar 9 07:00:41.406: Facilities: (6)
*Mar 9 07:00:41.410: Packet sizes: 256 256
*Mar 9 07:00:41.410: Window sizes: 5 5
*Mar 9 07:00:41.414: Call User Data (4): 0x01000000 (pad)
*Mar 9 07:00:41.454: Serial1: X.25 I R1 Call Confirm (5) 8 lci 1024
*Mar 9 07:00:41.454: From (0): To (0):
*Mar 9 07:00:41.458: Facilities: (0)
*Mar 9 07:00:41.462: [10.1.2.2,11020/10.64.9.100,1998]: XOT O P3 Call Confirm (11) 8 lci 1
*Mar 9 07:00:41.462: From (0): To (0):
```

El R4 recibe la llamada y la conecta con el puerto VTY:

```
R4#
*Mar 9 06:57:16.598: Serial1: X.25 I R1 Call (21) 8 lci 1024
*Mar 9 06:57:16.602: From (5): 45678 To (6): 123456
*Mar 9 06:57:16.606: Facilities: (6)
*Mar 9 06:57:16.606: Packet sizes: 256 256
```

```
*Mar 9 06:57:16.610: Window sizes: 5 5
*Mar 9 06:57:16.610: Call User Data (4): 0x01000000 (pad)
*Mar 9 06:57:16.622: Serial1: X.25 O R1 Call Confirm (5) 8 lci 1024
*Mar 9 06:57:16.626: From (0): To (0):
*Mar 9 06:57:16.626: Facilities: (0)
```

R4#**show x25 vc**

```
SVC 1024, State: D1, Interface: Serial1
Started 00:02:15, last input 00:02:12, output 00:02:12
```

```
Line: 2 vty 0 Location: Host: 45678
45678 connected to 123456 PAD <--> X25
```

```
Window size input: 5, output: 5
Packet size input: 256, output: 256
PS: 4 PR: 0 ACK: 0 Remote PR: 4 RCNT: 0 RNR: no
P/D state timeouts: 0 timer (secs): 0
data bytes 47/60 packets 4/8 Resets 0/0 RNRs 0/0 REJs 0/0 INTs 0/0
```

R2#**show tcp**

```
Stand-alone TCP connection to host 10.64.9.100
Connection state is ESTAB, I/O status: 1, unread input bytes: 0
Local host: 10.1.2.2, Local port: 11020
Foreign host: 10.64.9.100, Foreign port: 1998
```

```
Enqueued packets for retransmit: 0, input: 0 mis-ordered: 0 (0 bytes)
```

```
TCP driver queue size 0, flow controlled FALSE
```

```
Event Timers (current time is 0x2AB893F0):
```

```
Timer Starts Wakeups Next
```

```
Retrans 11 0 0x0
```

```
TimeWait 0 0 0x0
```

```
AckHold 10 0 0x0
```

```
SendWnd 0 0 0x0
```

```
KeepAlive 50 0 0x2AB8A290
```

```
!--- Sends keepalive packets and increments. GiveUp 0 0 0x0 PmtuAger 0 0 0x0 DeadWait 0 0 0x0
iss: 1072933807 snduna: 1072933977 sndnxt: 1072933977 sndwnd: 8023 irs: 1206945087 rcvnxt:
1206945244 rcvwnd: 8036 delrcvwnd: 156 SRTT: 231 ms, RTTO: 769 ms, RTV: 538 ms, KRTT: 0 ms
minRTT: 8 ms, maxRTT: 300 ms, ACK hold: 200 ms Flags: higher precedence, retransmission timeout,
keepalive running
```

```
!--- The keepalive status. Datagrams (max data segment is 536 bytes): Rcvd: 40 (out of order:
0), with data: 10, total data bytes: 156 Sent: 41 (retransmit: 0, fastretransmit: 0), with data:
10, total data bytes: 16 9
```

Refiera a las [opciones de keepalive del comando X.25 route XOT](#) para más información.

[Troubleshooting](#)

Use esta sección para resolver problemas de configuración.

[Comandos para resolución de problemas](#)

[La herramienta Output Interpreter Tool \(clientes registrados solamente\)](#) (OIT) soporta ciertos comandos show. Utilice la OIT para ver un análisis del resultado del comando show.

Note: Consulte [Información Importante sobre Comandos de Debug](#) antes de usar un comando

debug.

- **debug x25 eventos** — La información de las visualizaciones sobre todo el tráfico X.25 exceptúa los paquetes de los datos y del registro de recursos.
- **driver tcp del IP del debug** — Visualiza la información sobre los eventos del driver TCP.

Si la conexión entre el r2 y el R3 está quebrada, la conexión TCP derriba después de los períodos del keepalive. Entonces la salida del **comando show tcp** está vacía en Routers r2 y R3.

Usted puede observar esta salida de los debugs mientras que la interfaz XOT del r2 y del R3 está abajo:

R2#**debug x25 events**

```
*Mar 10 05:36:24.685: [10.64.9.100,1998/10.1.2.2,11037]: XOT cx closed
*Mar 10 05:36:24.689: Serial0: X.25 O R1 Clear (5) 8 lci 1024
*Mar 10 05:36:24.693: Cause 9, Diag 0 (Out of order/No additional information)
*Mar 10 05:36:24.709: Serial0: X.25 I R1 Clear Confirm (3) 8 lci 1024
```

R2#**debug ip tcp driver**

```
*Mar 10 05:41:08.800: TCPDRV205B44: 10.1.2.2:11038 --> 10.64.9.100:1998 DoClose
(Cookie 402718) tcp close
```

R3#**debug x25 events**

```
*Mar 10 05:34:27.241: [10.1.2.2,11037/10.64.9.100,1998]: XOT cx closed
*Mar 10 05:34:27.245: Serial1: X.25 O R1 Clear (5) 8 lci 1024
*Mar 10 05:34:27.245: Cause 0, Diag 0 (DTE originated/No additional information)
*Mar 10 05:34:27.261: Serial1: X.25 I R1 Clear Confirm (3) 8 lci 1024
```

R3#**debug ip tcp driver**

```
*Mar 10 05:39:11.321: TCPDRV354BB8: 10.64.9.100:1998 --> 10.1.2.2:11038 DoClose
(Cookie 354B5C) tcp close
```

[Información Relacionada](#)

- [Comandos x.25 y LAPB](#)
- [Soporte de tecnología de los Protocolos X.25](#)
- [Soporte Técnico y Documentación - Cisco Systems](#)