

Configurar un servidor de acceso con los PRI para las asíncronas multilink entrantes y las llamadas ISDN

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[Introducción](#)

En muchos entornos, usted necesita configurar un servidor de acceso que pueda validar las llamadas entrantes del async y de los usuarios ISDN. Estos usuarios pueden conectarse perfectamente con la red como si estuvieran presentes físicamente. Tal configuración es de uso general proporcionar la conectividad de red a los usuarios que viajan y son telecommuters, y también para el Small Office-Home Office (SOHO) localiza.

Este documento describe cómo configurar un servidor de acceso para validar la asíncrona entrante y las llamadas ISDN en los circuitos del T1 PRI ISDN. La configuración proporciona la configuración mínima requerida para el servidor de acceso a la red (NAS) para validar la llamada. Usted puede agregar las características adicionales a esta configuración basada en sus necesidades.

[prerrequisitos](#)

[Requisitos](#)

No hay requisitos específicos para este documento.

Componentes Utilizados

La información que contiene este documento se basa en las siguientes versiones de software y hardware.

- Cisco AS5300 con 192 módems MICA y ocho puertos T1 que funcionan con el Software Release 12.2(5) de Cisco IOS®.
- Dos T1 PRI.
- Un PC que ejecuta el Microsoft Windows. Este PC tiene un módem analógico y una conexión telefónica al Public Switch Telephone Network. La PC se comunica al T1 PRI que está conectado al AS5300.
- Routers Cisco de las series 800 y 1600 con circuitos ISDN BRI. Estos routers son los clientes de marcado ISDN. La configuración para el Cisco 1600 se proporciona. Usted puede aplicar esta configuración del cliente a cualquier router con una interfaz BRI.
- Local Authentication, Authorization and Accounting (AAA). Si posee un servidor Radius AAA o Tacacs +, puede utilizar cualquiera de ellos para abastecer al AAA en las llamadas entrantes.

Nota: La configuración del Cisco 800 Router es similar a la configuración del Cisco 1600 Router, y no se incluye en este documento.

La información que contiene este documento se creó a partir de los dispositivos en un ambiente de laboratorio específico. Todos los dispositivos que se utilizan en este documento se pusieron en funcionamiento con una configuración verificada (predeterminada). Si la red está funcionando, asegúrese de haber comprendido el impacto que puede tener cualquier comando.

Productos Relacionados

Usted puede utilizar esta configuración con cualquier router que tenga T1 o los indicadores luminosos LED amarillo de la placa muestra gravedad menor y los módems digitales internos PRI (por ejemplo, MICA, NextPort o Microcom). Cualquier router de la serie AS5xxx con una tarjeta T1 o PRI y módems digitales puede usar los conceptos de esta configuración.

Los Cisco 2600 Series Router no soportan los módems digitales internos. Usted puede configurar a los Cisco 2600 Series Router para validar solamente las llamadas ISDN, con tal que el router tenga un T1 o un PRI WIC o módulo de red.

Los Cisco 3600 Series Router pueden soportar el ISDN y las llamadas del módem. Sin embargo, los Cisco 3600 Series Router requieren un T1 o un PRI WIC o módulo de red, y el módulo de red de módem digital del NM-xDM.

Usted puede también hacer las modificaciones para utilizar esta configuración con el e1 o los puertos PRI. Configure controlador E1 con las características físicas del linecoding, el enmarcar y otro que su compañía telefónica suministra. La configuración de canal D (interfaz x:15 serial para E1s) es similar a la que está mostrada en este documento.

Convenciones

Para obtener más información sobre las convenciones del documento, consulte las [Convenciones de Consejos Técnicos de Cisco](#).

Configurar

En esta sección encontrará la información para configurar las funciones descritas en este documento.

Nota: Para obtener información adicional sobre los comandos que se utilizan en este documento, use la Command Lookup Tool (solo para clientes [registrados](#)).

Diagrama de la red

En este documento, se utiliza esta configuración de red:

Configuraciones

En este documento, se utilizan estas configuraciones:

- [maui-nas-02 \(5300\)](#)
- [maui-slt-01 \(1600\)](#)

maui-nas-02 (5300)

```
maui-nas-02#show running-config Building
configuration... Current configuration : 3671 bytes ! !
No configuration change since last restart ! version
12.2 service timestamps debug datetime msec service
timestamps log datetime msec service password-encryption
! hostname maui-nas-02 ! boot system flash:c5300-i-
mz.122-5.bin aaa new-model aaa authentication login
default local aaa authentication login NO_AUTHEN none
aaa authentication ppp default local aaa authorization
network default local !--- PPP authentication and
network authorization are local. !--- Replace local with
radius or tacacs if you use an AAA server. enable secret
5 <deleted> ! username admin password 7 <deleted>
username async_user password 7 <deleted> username
travis_isdn password 7 <deleted> username austin_isdn
password 7 <deleted> !--- Usernames for local
authentication of the call. !--- The client presents the
username/password and the NAS !--- authenticates the
peer. spe 1/0 1/8 firmware location mica-modem-
pw.2.7.3.0.bin spe 2/0 2/7 firmware location mica-modem-
pw.2.7.3.0.bin ! ip subnet-zero ip domain-name maui-
onions.com !--- Tells the NAS how to qualify DNS
lookups. !--- In this example, maui-onions.com is
appended to the end of each !--- looked-up name. ip
name-server 172.22.53.210 !--- Specifies the primary
name server. ! async-bootp dns-server 172.22.53.210 !---
Specifies (for async clients) the IP address of domain
name servers. isdn switch-type primary-ni !--- Switch-
type for this NAS. Obtain this information from the
Telco. ! controller T1 0 !--- First T1 PRI framing esf
!--- Framing for this T1 is Extended Super Frame (ESF).
!--- Obtain this information from the Telco. clock
source line primary !--- T1 0 is the primary clock
source for this NAS. !--- Clock source must be specified
for the timing and synchronization !--- of the T1
carrier. linecode b8zs !--- Linecoding for this T1.
Obtain this information from the Telco. pri-group
```

```
timeslots 1-24 !--- For T1 PRI scenarios, all 24 T1
timeslots are assigned as !--- ISDN PRI channels. The
router now automatically creates the !--- corresponding
D-channel: interface Serial 0:23. ! controller T1 1 !---
Second T1 PRI. framing esf !--- Framing for this T1 is
Extended Super Frame (ESF). !--- Obtain this information
from the Telco. clock source line secondary 1 !--- T1 1
is the first secondary clock source for this NAS. !---
If the primary clock fails, this secondary clock takes
over. linecode b8zs !--- Linecoding for this T1. Obtain
this information from the Telco. pri-group timeslots 1-
24 !--- For T1 PRI scenarios, all 24 T1 timeslots are
assigned as ISDN !--- PRI channels. The router now
automatically creates the !--- corresponding D-channel:
interface Serial 1:23. ! controller T1 2 !--- This T1 is
unused. framing sf clock source line secondary 2
linecode ami ! !--- Unused interface configuration is
omitted here. ! interface Loopback0 ip address
172.22.60.1 255.255.255.0 !--- The IP pool for async
users is in this subnet. !--- The routes for all async
clients are summarized and !--- propagated to the
backbone instead of 254 routes. ! interface Loopback1 ip
address 172.22.61.1 255.255.255.0 !--- The IP pool for
ISDN users is in this subnet. !--- The routes for all
ISDN clients are summarized and !--- propagated to the
backbone instead of 254 routes. ! interface Ethernet0 ip
address 172.22.53.140 255.255.255.0 ! !--- Unused
interface configuration is omitted here. ! interface
Serial0:23 !--- D-channel configuration for T1 0. no ip
address encapsulation ppp !--- PPP encapsulation on this
interface. dialer rotary-group 10 !--- T1 0 is a member
of rotary group 10. !--- The rotary group configuration
is in interface Dialer 10. isdn switch-type primary-ni
isdn incoming-voice modem !--- All incoming voice calls
on this T1 are sent to the modems. !--- This command is
required if this T1 is to accept async calls. no cdp
enable ppp authentication chap ppp multilink ! interface
Serial1:23 !--- D-channel configuration for T1 1. no ip
address encapsulation ppp !--- PPP encapsulation on this
interface. dialer rotary-group 10 !--- T1 1 is a member
of rotary group 10. !--- The rotary group configuration
is in interface Dialer 10. isdn switch-type primary-ni
isdn incoming-voice modem !--- All incoming voice calls
on this T1 are sent to the modems. !--- This command is
required if this T1 is to accept async calls. no cdp
enable ppp authentication chap ppp multilink ! interface
Group-Async0 !--- This group-async interface is the
configuration template for all modems. !--- You need not
configure individual async interfaces because you can !-
-- clone the interfaces from one managed copy. ip
unnumbered Loopback0 !--- A Loopback interface is always
up/up. So, unnumber the loopback interface !--- for
stability. encapsulation ppp dialer in-band dialer idle-
timeout 900 dialer-group 5 !--- Interesting traffic is
defined in dialer-list 5. !--- Note: The specified
dialer-group number must be the same as the !--- dialer-
list number. In this example, the number is defined as
"5". async mode interactive !--- Users can dial in and
get to a shell or PPP session on that line. !--- You can
use this command in conjunction with autoselect ppp !---
under the line configuration to automatically detect the
connection type. peer default ip address pool ASYNC !---
Clients are assigned addresses from the IP address pool
named ASYNC. no fair-queue ppp authentication chap !---
```

```

Use CHAP authentication. ppp multilink group-range 1 192
!--- Modems 1 through 192 are members of this group
async interface. ! interface Dialer10 !--- Configuration
for rotary group 10. !--- The Dialer interface number
(10) must exactly match rotary !--- group number
configured on the physical interfaces. ip unnumbered
Loopback1 !--- A Loopback interface is always up/up. So,
unnumber the loopback interface !--- for stability.
encapsulation ppp dialer in-band !--- Enable V.25bis on
this interface. dialer idle-timeout 900 !--- Idle
timeout for incoming calls is 900 seconds (15 mins).
dialer-group 5 !--- Apply interesting traffic definition
from dialer-list 5. !--- Note: The specified dialer-
group number must be the same !--- as the dialer-list
number. !--- In this example, the number is defined as
"5". peer default ip address pool ISDN !--- Clients are
assigned addresses from the IP address pool named ISDN.
ppp authentication chap ppp multilink ! router eigrp 69
network 172.22.0.0 auto-summary no eigrp log-neighbor-
changes ! ip local pool ASYNC 172.22.60.2 172.22.60.254
ip local pool ISDN 172.22.61.2 172.22.61.254 !--- IP
address pools for dialin clients. ip classless no ip
http server ! access-list 101 remark Interesting Traffic
Definition to be used in dialer-list 5 access-list 101
deny eigrp any any access-list 101 permit ip any any
dialer-list 5 protocol ip list 101 !--- Access-list 101
defines interesting traffic. This definition is applied
!--- to interface Dialer 10 and Group-Async 0 through
dialer-group 5. !--- Note: The specified dialer-list
number must be the same as the !--- dialer-group number.
In this example, the number is defined as "5". ! line
con 0 exec-timeout 0 0 login authentication NO_AUTHEN !-
-- Apply AAA list NO_AUTHEN configured previously. !---
That list has method "none". !--- There is no
authentication on the console port. line 1 192 modem
InOut !--- Support incoming and outgoing modem calls.
transport input all autoselect during-login ! ---
Displays the username:password prompt after modems
connect. autoselect ppp !--- Automatically launches PPP
if the router detects incoming PPP packets. !--- Without
this command the dialin client must manually !--- launch
PPP (from Exec mode). line aux 0 line vty 0 4 ! ntp
clock-period 17180107 ntp server 172.22.53.1 end

```

maui-slt-01 (1600)

```

maui-soho-01#show running-config Building
configuration... Current configuration : 1609 bytes !
version 12.1 no service single-slot-reload-enable
service timestamps debug datetime msec service
timestamps log datetime msec service password-encryption
! hostname maui-soho-01 ! logging rate-limit console 10
except errors ! username admin password 7 <deleted> ip
subnet-zero no ip finger ! isdn switch-type basic-ni !--
- Switch-type for the BRI circuit. Obtain this
information from the Telco. ! interface Ethernet0 ip
address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0 no keepalive ! interface
Serial0 no ip address shutdown ! interface BRI0 !--- BRI
physical interface configuration. no ip address !--- An
IP address is not required on the physical BRI interface
because !--- this is a dialer pool. !--- The IP
addressing functionality is in interface Dialer 1
(dialer pool). encapsulation ppp dialer pool-member 1 !-
-- Places the interface into dialer pool 1 from which
Dialer interfaces !--- can draw channels as needed. !---

```

```
Links the physical interface with the logical dialer
interfaces. !--- Dialer Pool 1 is defined in interface
Dialer 1. isdn switch-type basic-ni isdn spid1
51255511110101 5551111 isdn spid2 51255511120101 5551112
!--- Service Profile IDentifiers (SPIDs) are found
primarily in North America. !--- SPIDs are not required
for certain switch types. Confirm with your Telco. !---
If the Telco informs you that you do not need SPIDs, do
not use these !--- two SPID commands. ppp authentication
chap callin !--- Perform one way CHAP authentication.
ppp multilink !--- Permit multilink on this BRI
interface. ! interface Dialer1 !--- This dialer is the
logical interface for the dialer pool. ip address
negotiated !--- IP address for this interface is
obtained from the NAS during !--- IPCP negotiation.
Alternatively, you can also unnumber this interface !---
to a working interface (example, ethernet 0).
encapsulation ppp dialer pool 1 !--- Defines Dialer pool
1. !--- BRI 0 is a member of this pool. dialer idle-
timeout 900 !--- Idle-timout for this link is 900
seconds (15 minutes). !--- The link is disconnected if
there is no interesting traffic for 900 secs. dialer
string 81560 class 56k !--- Dial 81560 and use the map-
class named "56k". dialer load-threshold 1 outbound !---
Sets the outbound load level for traffic at which !---
additional connections are added to the MP bundle load
level. !--- Values range from 1 (unloaded) to 255 (fully
loaded). !--- With a threshold of 1, the additional
links are immediately !--- brought up and added to the
bundle. dialer-group 1 !--- Apply interesting traffic
definition from dialer-list 1. ppp authentication chap
callin !--- Use one way PPP CHAP authentication. ppp
chap hostname austin_isdn !--- Use the CHAP username
austin_isdn to authenticate to the other router. ppp
chap password 7 <deleted> !--- Use this CHAP password to
authenticate to the other router. ppp multilink !---
Allow multilink for the dialer profile. !--- Without
this command multilink is NOT negotiated. ! ! ip
classless ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 Dialer1 !--- Set the
default route to be interface Dialer 1 (the dialer
pool). !--- Traffic sent to int Dialer1 causes the
dialer pool member (int BRI 0) !--- to be dialed. no ip
http server ! ! map-class dialer 56k !--- Map-class
named "56k" that you used with the dialer string in int
Dialer1. dialer isdn speed 56 !--- Set the speed of the
call to be 56k (the default speed is 64k). !--- This
setting is optional for your connection. !--- Consult
your Telco to find out if you need to configure the dial
!--- speed to 56k. access-list 101 remark Interesting
traffic for dialer-list 1 access-list 101 deny udp any
any eq ntp access-list 101 permit ip any any !--- Define
NTP traffic as NOT interesting to prevent periodic NTP
traffic !--- from keeping the link up indefinitely. !---
All other IP traffic is interesting. !--- Change this
depending on your traffic needs. dialer-list 1 protocol
ip list 101 !--- Access-list 101 defines interesting
traffic. !--- Apply this to interface Dialer 1 through
the command dialer-group 1. !--- Note: The specified
dialer-list number must be the same as the !--- dialer-
group number. In this example, the number is defined as
"1" ! line con 0 transport input none line vty 0 4 login
! ntp clock-period 17042429 ntp server 172.22.53.1 end
```

Verificación

En esta sección encontrará información que puede utilizar para confirmar que su configuración esté funcionando correctamente.

La herramienta [Output Interpreter](#) (sólo para clientes [registrados](#)) permite utilizar algunos comandos “show” y ver un análisis del resultado de estos comandos.

- **isdn status de la demostración** — se asegura de que el router comunique correctamente con el switch ISDN. En la salida, asegúrese de que el `estatus del Layer 1` sea `ACTIVO`, y de que aparece el estado de la situación = el `MULTIPLE_FRAME_ESTABLISHED` de la capa 2. Este comando muestra también el número de llamadas activas. Refiérase [usando el comando show isdn status para el Troubleshooting de BRI](#) para más información.
- **muestre el multilink ppp** — información de las visualizaciones sobre los agrupamientos de links múltiples activos. Utilice este comando de verificar la conexión de links múltiples.
- **número de tipo del show dialer [interface]** — información de diagnóstico general de las visualizaciones para las interfaces configuradas para el DDR. Si sube el marcador correctamente, el estado del dialer es capa del link de datos encima del mensaje debe aparecer. Si aparece la `Capa física para arriba`, la implicación es que subió el Line Protocol, pero el protocolo network control (NCP) no hizo. Las direcciones de origen y destino del paquete que inició el marcado se ven en la línea de motivo del marcado. Este **comando show** también visualiza la configuración del temporizador, y el tiempo antes de los tiempos de conexión hacia fuera.
- **show caller user username detail** — parámetros de las demostraciones para el usuario determinado, por ejemplo, la dirección IP asignada, parámetros de agrupamiento PPP y PPP. Si su versión del software Cisco IOS no es compatible con este comando, utilice el comando `show user`.
- **mapa de marcado de la demostración** — las visualizaciones configuraron los Mapas de marcado dinámicos y estáticos. Usted puede utilizar este comando de marcar si un mapa de marcado dinámico está creado. No puede rutear paquetes sin un asociador del marcador.

Ejemplo de resultado del comando show

Aquí están algunas **salidas del comando show** para las llamadas satisfactorias. Preste la atención a las secciones intrépidas y a los comentarios proporcionados en la salida. Compare la salida que usted obtiene con los resultados mostrados aquí.

Panorama general

```
maui-nas-02#show users Line User Host(s) Idle Location * 0 con 0 idle 00:00:00 97 tty 97
async_user Async interface 00:06:36 PPP: 172.22.60.2 !--- Async User. The IP address of the peer
is indicated. Interface User Mode Idle Peer Address Vi1 austin_isd Virtual PPP (Bundle) 00:03:35
172.22.61.2 Vi2 travis_isd Virtual PPP (Bundle) 00:00:20 172.22.61.3 !--- Virtual-Access
Interface for the two multilink PPP users. Se0:1 austin_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi1 Se0:2
austin_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi1 !--- User austin_isdn is connected through two B-
channels(Multilink PPP). !--- Interface Virtual-Access 1 (Vi1) controls the two B-channels.
Se0:3 travis_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi2 Se0:4 travis_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi2 !--- User
travis_isdn is connected through two B-channels (Multilink PPP). !--- Interface Virtual-Access 2
(Vi2) controls the two B-channels. maui-nas-02#show dialer map !--- Observe the Dynamic Dialer
Maps created for each dialin client. Dynamic dialer map ip 172.22.60.2 name async_user () on
As97 Dynamic dialer map ip 172.22.61.2 name austin_isdn () on Di10 Dynamic dialer map ip
```

```

172.22.61.3 name travis_isdn () on Di10 maui-nas-02#show users Line User Host(s) Idle Location *
0 con 0 idle 00:00:00 97 tty 97 async_user Async interface 00:06:36 PPP: 172.22.60.2 !--- Async
User. The IP address of the peer is indicated. Interface User Mode Idle Peer Address Vi1
austin_isd Virtual PPP (Bundle) 00:03:35 172.22.61.2 Vi2 travis_isd Virtual PPP (Bundle)
00:00:20 172.22.61.3 !--- Virtual-Access Interface for the two multilink PPP users. Se0:1
austin_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi1 Se0:2 austin_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi1 !--- User austin_isdn
is connected through two B-channels(Multilink PPP). !--- Interface Virtual-Access 1 (Vi1)
controls the two B-channels. Se0:3 travis_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi2 Se0:4 travis_isd Sync PPP -
Bundle: Vi2 !--- User travis_isdn is connected through two B-channels (Multilink PPP). !---
Interface Virtual-Access 2 (Vi2) controls the two B-channels. maui-nas-02#show dialer map !---
Observe the Dynamic Dialer Maps created for each dialin client. Dynamic dialer map ip
172.22.60.2 name async_user () on As97 Dynamic dialer map ip 172.22.61.2 name austin_isdn () on
Di10 Dynamic dialer map ip 172.22.61.3 name travis_isdn () on Di10 maui-nas-02#show users Line
User Host(s) Idle Location * 0 con 0 idle 00:00:00 97 tty 97 async_user Async interface 00:06:36
PPP: 172.22.60.2 !--- Async User. The IP address of the peer is indicated. Interface User Mode
Idle Peer Address Vi1 austin_isd Virtual PPP (Bundle) 00:03:35 172.22.61.2 Vi2 travis_isd
Virtual PPP (Bundle) 00:00:20 172.22.61.3 !--- Virtual-Access Interface for the two multilink
PPP users. Se0:1 austin_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi1 Se0:2 austin_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi1 !---
User austin_isdn is connected through two B-channels(Multilink PPP). !--- Interface Virtual-
Access 1 (Vi1) controls the two B-channels. Se0:3 travis_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi2 Se0:4
travis_isd Sync PPP - Bundle: Vi2 !--- User travis_isdn is connected through two B-channels
(Multilink PPP). !--- Interface Virtual-Access 2 (Vi2) controls the two B-channels. maui-nas-
02#show dialer map !--- Observe the Dynamic Dialer Maps created for each dialin client. Dynamic
dialer map ip 172.22.60.2 name async_user () on As97 Dynamic dialer map ip 172.22.61.2 name
austin_isdn () on Di10 Dynamic dialer map ip 172.22.61.3 name travis_isdn () on Di10

```

Para una llamada analógica

```

maui-nas-02#show caller user async_user detail User: async_user, line tty 97, service Async !---
Shows hardware-level settings for the user named async_user. Active time 00:00:34, Idle time
00:00:16 Timeouts: Absolute Idle Idle Session Exec Limits: - - 00:10:00 Disconnect in: - - -
TTY: Line 97, running PPP on As97 !--- The call is terminated on interface Async 97. !--- This
interface is included in the Group-Async configuration. Location: PPP: 172.22.60.2 !--- IP
address for the peer. This address is obtained from the IP pool "ASYNC". DS0:
(slot/unit/channel)=0/0/2 !--- T1 channel on which the call arrived. !--- The call arrived on
channel 0 in T1 0. Line: Baud rate (TX/RX) is 115200/115200, no parity, 1 stopbits, 8 databits
Status: Ready, Active, No Exit Banner, Async Interface Active HW PPP Support Active
Capabilities: Hardware Flowcontrol In, Hardware Flowcontrol Out Modem Callout, Modem RI is CD,
Line usable as async interface, Integrated Modem Modem State: Ready User: async_user, line As97,
service PPP !--- PPP setting for the user named async_user. !--- Notice that the call is
terminated on int Async97. Active time 00:00:32, Idle time 00:00:30 Timeouts: Absolute Idle
Limits: - 00:15:00 Disconnect in: - 00:14:28 PPP: LCP Open, multilink Closed, CHAP (<- AAA),
IPCP !--- LCP state is OPEN. If LCP state is not OPEN, !--- use debug ppp negotiation to isolate
LCP issues. LCP: -> peer, ACCM, AuthProto, MagicNumber, PCompression, ACCompression <- peer,
ACCM, MagicNumber, PCompression, ACCompression NCP: Open IPCP !--- IPCP state is open. If IPCP
state is not OPEN, !--- use debug ppp negotiation to isolate IPCP issues. IPCP: <- peer, Address
-> peer, Address Dialer: Connected, inbound Idle timer 900 secs, idle 31 secs Type is IN-BAND
ASYNC, group As97 IP: Local 172.22.60.1, remote 172.22.60.2 !--- NAS IP address and the IP
address assigned to the peer. Counts: 27 packets input, 1545 bytes, 0 no buffer 1 input errors,
1 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun 14 packets output, 347 bytes, 0 underruns 0 output errors, 0
collisions, 0 interface resets !--- Packets pass through the connection.

```

Para una llamada ISDN

```

maui-nas-02#show caller user austin_isdn detail !--- The user named austin_isdn has two PPP
links, !--- and one virtual interface bundle. User: austin_isdn, line Se0:3, service PPP !---
Shows PPP layer settings for the first channel !--- that belongs to the user named austin_isdn.
Active time 00:04:01, Idle time 00:00:00 Timeouts: Absolute Idle Limits: - - Disconnect in: - -
PPP: LCP Open, multilink Open, CHAP (<- AAA) !--- LCP state is OPEN. If LCP state is not OPEN,
!--- use debug ppp negotiation to isolate LCP issues. LCP: -> peer, AuthProto, MagicNumber,
MRRU, EndpointDisc <- peer, MagicNumber, MRRU, EndpointDisc Dialer: Connected, inbound Type is
ISDN, group Di10 !--- Incoming call used rotary group of int Dialer 10. IP: Local 172.22.61.1 !-
-- IP address of the int Loopback 1. !--- Remember that int Dialer 1 was unnumbered to Loop 1.

```


!--- The remote IP address is indicated under the virtual-interface. Bundle: Member of austin_isdn, last input 00:00:00 Counts: 55 packets input, 1635 bytes, 0 no buffer 0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun 82 packets output, 3479 bytes, 0 underruns 0 output errors, 0 collisions, 0 interface resets **User: austin_isdn, line Se0:4, service PPP** *!--- Shows PPP layer settings for the second channel !--- that belongs to the user named austin_isdn.* Active time 00:03:59, Idle time 00:00:00 Timeouts: Absolute Idle Limits: - - Disconnect in: - - PPP: LCP Open, multilink Open, CHAP (<- AAA) LCP: -> peer, AuthProto, MagicNumber, MRRU, EndpointDisc <- peer, MagicNumber, MRRU, EndpointDisc Dialer: Connected to , inbound Type is ISDN, group Di10 IP: Local 172.22.61.1 Bundle: Member of austin_isdn, last input 00:00:00 Counts: 50 packets input, 1589 bytes, 0 no buffer 0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun 77 packets output, 3429 bytes, 0 underruns 0 output errors, 0 collisions, 0 interface resets **User: austin_isdn, line Vi1, service PPP Bundle** *!--- Shows Virtual-Access Interface Bundle that controls the connections.* Active time 00:04:02, Idle time 00:04:01 Timeouts: Absolute Idle Limits: - 00:15:00 Disconnect in: - 00:10:58 PPP: LCP Open, multilink Open, IPCP, CDPCP LCP: -> peer, MagicNumber, MRRU, EndpointDisc <- peer NCP: **Open IPCP, CDPCP** *!--- IPCP State is open. If IPCP state is not OPEN, !--- use debug ppp negotiation to isolate IPCP issues.* IPCP: <- peer, Address -> peer, Address Dialer: Connected, inbound Idle timer 900 secs, idle 1 secs Type is IN-BAND SYNC, group Di10 **IP: Local 172.22.61.1, remote 172.22.61.2** *!--- Dialer interface (Local) IP address !--- and the IP address assigned to the peer.* Bundle: First link of austin_isdn, 2 links, last input 00:00:01 Counts: 12 packets input, 1712 bytes, 0 no buffer 0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun 67 packets output, 5030 bytes, 0 underruns 0 output errors, 0 collisions, 0 interface resets

Troubleshooting

En esta sección encontrará información que puede utilizar para solucionar problemas de configuración.

Recursos de resolución de problemas

Utilice estos recursos como sea necesario:

- [Troubleshooting de la llamada de módem entrante](#) — Utilice este documento para resolver problemas la falla de llamada analógica.
- [Módem Callin asíncrono PRI](#) — Utilice este documento para la información adicional para resolver problemas las fallas de llamada analógica.
- [Troubleshooting de la llamada ISDN entrante](#) — Utilice este documento para resolver problemas la falla de llamada ISDN.
- [Pri isdn callin](#) — Utilice este documento para la información adicional para resolver problemas las fallas de llamada ISDN.
- [Diagrama de flujo de Troubleshooting T1](#) — Utilice este organigrama si usted sospecha que el circuito T1 no funciona correctamente.
- [Pruebas de Loopback para las líneas T1/56K](#) — Utilice este documento para confirmar que el puerto T1 en las funciones del router correctamente.

Comandos para resolución de problemas

La herramienta [Output Interpreter](#) (sólo para clientes [registrados](#)) permite utilizar algunos comandos “show” y ver un análisis del resultado de estos comandos.

Nota: Antes de ejecutar un comando debug, consulte Información Importante sobre Comandos Debug.

- **debug dialer** — información del debugging DDR de las visualizaciones sobre los paquetes

recibidos en una interfaz del dialer. Esta información puede ayudar a asegurarse que hay el tráfico interesante que utiliza la interfaz del dialer.

- **el debug ISDN q931** — configuración de la llamada de las demostraciones y derriba de la conexión de red ISDN (capa 3).
- **módem del debug** — actividad de línea del módem de las visualizaciones en un servidor de acceso. Las visualizaciones de la salida cuando el estado de los cambios de línea del módem.
- **debug modem csm** — le permite para resolver problemas los problemas del Call Switching Module (CS) en el Routers con los módems digitales internos. Con este comando puede realizar un seguimiento de la secuencia completa de la switching de las llamadas entrantes y salientes.
- **la negociación ppp del debug** — información de las visualizaciones sobre el tráfico y los intercambios PPP, y negocia el (LCP) del Link Control Protocol, la autenticación, y el protocolo network control (NCP). Una negociación PPP exitosa abre primero el estado LCP, luego realiza la autenticación y por último negocia el NCP. Los parámetros de links múltiples como el Maximum Receive Reconstructed Unit (MRRU) se establecen durante la negociación LCP (protocolo de control de links)
- **autenticación PPP del debug** — mensajes de protocolo de la autenticación PPP de las visualizaciones, incluyendo los intercambios de paquetes de la GRIETA y los intercambios del protocolo password authentication (PAP).
- **debug ppp error** — errores del protocolo y estadística de errore de las visualizaciones asociados a la negociación y a la operación de la conexión PPP.

Ejemplo de resultado del comando debug

Aquí están algunas **salidas de los debugs** para las llamadas satisfactorias. Preste atención a las secciones en negrita y a los comentarios proporcionados en los resultados. Compare la salida que usted obtiene con el resultado mostrado aquí.

Para una llamada analógica

```
maui-nas-02#debug isdn q931 ISDN Q931 packets debugging is on maui-nas-02#debug modem Modem control/process activation debugging is on maui-nas-02#debug modem csm Modem Management Call Switching Module debugging is on maui-nas-02#debug ppp negotiation PPP protocol negotiation debugging is on maui-nas-02#debug ppp authentication PPP authentication debugging is on maui-nas-02# Sep 28 13:13:28.369: ISDN Se0:23: RX <- SETUP pd = 8 callref = 0x5285 !--- Incoming Q.931 SETUP message. This indicates an incoming call. !--- For more information on Q.931 refer to !--- Troubleshooting ISDN BRI Layer 3 using the debug isdn q931 Command. Sep 28 13:13:28.369: Bearer Capability i = 0x9090A2 Sep 28 13:13:28.369: Channel ID i = 0xA18383 Sep 28 13:13:28.369: Progress Ind i = 0x8183 - Origination address is non-ISDN Sep 28 13:13:28.369: Called Party Number i = 0xA1, '81560', Plan:ISDN, Type:National Sep 28 13:13:28.373: VDEV_ALLOCATE: 2/0 is allocated !--- The Call Switch Module (CSM) is informed about the call. !--- The CSM allocates modem 2/0 to the incoming call. Sep 28 13:13:28.373: EVENT_FROM_ISDN::dchan_idb=0x618569F4, call_id=0x28, ces=0x0 bchan=0x2, event=0x1, cause=0x0 Sep 28 13:13:28.373: dev in call to isdn : set dnis_collected & fap_notify Sep 28 13:13:28.373: EVENT_FROM_ISDN:(0028): DEV_INCALL at slot 2 and port 0 Sep 28 13:13:28.373: EVENT_FROM_ISDN: decode:calling 0ct3 0x0, called 0ct3 0xA1, 0ct3a 0x0,mask 0x3C Sep 28 13:13:28.373: EVENT_FROM_ISDN: csm_call_info:calling 0ct3 0x0, called 0ct3 0xA1, 0ct3a 0x0,mask 0x3C Sep 28 13:13:28.377: CSM_PROC_IDLE: CSM_EVENT_ISDN_CALL at slot 2, port 0 Sep 28 13:13:28.377: Mica Modem(2/0): Configure(0x1 = 0x0) Sep 28 13:13:28.377: Mica Modem(2/0): Configure(0x23 = 0x0) Sep 28 13:13:28.377: Mica Modem(2/0): Call Setup !--- CSM sends the Call Setup Message to Modem 2/0. !--- The modem must now go off-hook. Sep 28 13:13:28.377: csm_connect_pri_vdev: TS allocated at bp_stream 0, bp_Ch 0,vdev_common 0x6141BB68 Sep 28 13:13:28.377: ISDN Se0:23: TX -> CALL_PROC pd = 8 callref = 0xD285 Sep 28 13:13:28.377:
```

Channel ID i = 0xA98383 *!--- The Call Proceeding Message is sent through the D-channel.* Sep 28 13:13:28.377: ISDN Se0:23: TX -> ALERTING pd = 8 callref = 0xD285 Sep 28 13:13:28.445: **Mica Modem(2/0): State Transition to Call Setup** *!--- Modem transitions to state Call Setup. !--- For more information on MICA Modem States refer to [MICA Modem States](#).* Sep 28 13:13:28.445: **Mica Modem(2/0): Went offhook** *!--- Modem informs the CSM that it went offhook.* Sep 28 13:13:28.445: CSM_PROC_IC2_RING: CSM_EVENT_MODEM_OFFHOOK at slot 2, port 0 Sep 28 13:13:28.445: ISDN Se0:23: TX -> CONNECT pd = 8 callref = 0xD285 *!--- D-channel transmits a CONNECT.* Sep 28 13:13:28.461: ISDN Se0:23: RX <- CONNECT_ACK pd = 8 callref = 0x5285 *!--- The Q.931 CONNECT_ACK message is received.* Sep 28 13:13:28.461: ISDN Se0:23: CALL_PROGRESS: CALL_CONNECTED call id 0x28, bchan 2, dsl 0 Sep 28 13:13:28.461: EVENT_FROM_ISDN::dchan_idb=0x618569F4, call_id=0x28, ces=0x0 bchan=0x2, event=0x4, cause=0x0 Sep 28 13:13:28.461: EVENT_FROM_ISDN:(0028): DEV_CONNECTED at slot 2 and port 0 Sep 28 13:13:28.461: CSM_PROC_IC6_WAIT_FOR_CONNECT: CSM_EVENT_ISDN_CONNECTED at slot 2, port 0 Sep 28 13:13:28.465: **Mica Modem(2/0): Link Initiate** *!--- When the Q.931 CONNECT_ACK message is received, the Link initiate message !--- is sent to the MICA modem, and negotiation with remote modem occurs.* Sep 28 13:13:28.465: %ISDN-6-CONNECT: Interface Serial0:2 is now connected to N/A N/A Sep 28 13:13:29.557: **Mica Modem(2/0): State Transition to Connect** *!--- Modem moves to the Connect state.* Sep 28 13:13:34.073: Mica Modem(2/0): State Transition to Link Sep 28 13:13:45.478: Mica Modem(2/0): State Transition to Trainup Sep 28 13:13:53.642: Mica Modem(2/0): State Transition to EC Negotiating Sep 28 13:13:54.122: **Mica Modem(2/0): State Transition to Steady State** *!--- Modem transitions to the Steady state.* Sep 28 13:13:54.266: TTY97: DSR came up *!--- Indicates that the modem trainup is complete.* Sep 28 13:13:54.266: tty97: Modem: IDLE->(unknown) Sep 28 13:13:54.266: TTY97: EXEC creation Sep 28 13:13:54.266: TTY97: set timer type 10, 30 seconds Sep 28 13:13:57.202: TTY97: Autoselect(2) sample 7E Sep 28 13:13:57.202: TTY97: Autoselect(2) sample 7EFF Sep 28 13:13:57.202: TTY97: Autoselect(2) sample 7EFF7D Sep 28 13:13:57.202: TTY97: Autoselect(2) sample 7EFF7D23 Sep 28 13:13:57.202: TTY97 Autoselect cmd: ppp negotiate *!--- The router detects PPP packets and automatically launches PPP.* Sep 28 13:13:57.206: TTY97: EXEC creation Sep 28 13:13:57.206: TTY97: create timer type 1, 600 seconds Sep 28 13:13:57.334: TTY97: destroy timer type 1 Sep 28 13:13:57.334: TTY97: no timer type 0 to destroy Sep 28 13:13:57.334: As97 IPCP: Install route to 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:13:59.334: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Async97, changed state to up Sep 28 13:13:59.334: As97 PPP: Treating connection as a callin Sep 28 13:13:59.334: As97 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Passive Open [0 sess, 0 load] Sep 28 13:13:59.334: As97 LCP: State is Listen *!--- LCP negotiation begins.* Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: I CONFREQ [Listen] id 3 len 23 *!--- Incoming LCP CONFREQ. !--- For more information on how to interpret PPP debugs, refer to !--- [Dialup Technology: Troubleshooting Techniques](#).* Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: MagicNumber 0x0F7CD34A (0x05060F7CD34A) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: PFC (0x0702) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: Callback 6 (0x0D0306) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: Unthrottle 97 Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: O CONFREQ [Listen] id 1 len 43 Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: MagicNumber 0x3090DE31 (0x05063090DE31) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: PFC (0x0702) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E016D6175692D6E61732D3032) Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: O CONFREQ [Listen] id 3 len 7 Sep 28 13:14:00.214: As97 LCP: Callback 6 (0x0D0306) Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 4 len 20 Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: MagicNumber 0x0F7CD34A (0x05060F7CD34A) Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: PFC (0x0702) Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: O CONFACK [REQsent] id 4 len 20 Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: MagicNumber 0x0F7CD34A (0x05060F7CD34A) Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: PFC (0x0702) Sep 28 13:14:00.342: As97 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: TIMEOUT: State ACKsent Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: O CONFREQ [ACKsent] id 2 len 43 Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: MagicNumber 0x3090DE31 (0x05063090DE31) Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: PFC (0x0702) Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:14:02.214: As97 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E016D6175692D6E61732D3032) Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: I CONFREQ [ACKsent] id 2 len 22 Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E016D6175692D6E61732D3032) Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: O CONFREQ [ACKsent] id 3 len 25 Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: MagicNumber 0x3090DE31 (0x05063090DE31) Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: PFC (0x0702) Sep 28 13:14:02.326: As97 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) Sep 28 13:14:02.518: As97 LCP: I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 3 len 25 Sep 28 13:14:02.518: As97 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) Sep 28 13:14:02.518: As97

LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) Sep 28 13:14:02.518: As97 LCP: MagicNumber 0x3090DE31 (0x05063090DE31) Sep 28 13:14:02.518: As97 LCP: PFC (0x0702) Sep 28 13:14:02.518: As97 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) Sep 28 13:14:02.518: **As97 LCP: State is Open !---** *LCP negotiation is complete.* Sep 28 13:14:02.518: As97 PPP: Phase is AUTHENTICATING, by this end [0 sess, 0 load] Sep 28 13:14:02.518: As97 CHAP: O CHALLENGE id 1 len 32 from "maui-nas-02" Sep 28 13:14:02.646: As97 CHAP: I RESPONSE id 1 len 31 from "async_user" Sep 28 13:14:02.646: As97 AUTH: Started process 0 pid 34 Sep 28 13:14:02.650: **As97 CHAP: O SUCCESS** id 1 len 4 *!---* *CHAP authentication is successful. !---* *If authentication fails, check the username and password. !---* *Refer to [Dialup Technology: Troubleshooting Techniques](#)* . Sep 28 13:14:02.650: As97 PPP: Phase is UP [0 sess, 0 load] Sep 28 13:14:02.650: As97 IPCP: **O CONFREQ** [Closed] id 1 len 10 *!---* *IPCP negotiation begins.* Sep 28 13:14:02.650: As97 IPCP: Address 172.22.60.1 (0x0306AC163C01) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 1 len 40 Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: CompressType VJ 15 slots CompressSlotID (0x0206002D0F01) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: Address 0.0.0.0 (0x030600000000) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 172.22.53.210 (0x8106AC1635D2) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x820600000000) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: SecondaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x830600000000) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: SecondaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x840600000000) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Start. Her address 0.0.0.0, we want 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 **AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Done. Her address 0.0.0.0, we want 172.22.60.2 !---** *Address is obtained from the Address Pool named "Async".* Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: O CONFREQ [REQsent] id 1 len 28 Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: CompressType VJ 15 slots CompressSlotID (0x0206002D0F01) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x820600000000) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: SecondaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x830600000000) Sep 28 13:14:02.758: As97 IPCP: SecondaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x840600000000) Sep 28 13:14:02.802: As97 CCP: I CONFREQ [Not negotiated] id 1 len 15 Sep 28 13:14:02.802: As97 CCP: MS-PPC supported bits 0x00000001 (0x120600000001) Sep 28 13:14:02.802: As97 CCP: Stacker history 1 check mode EXTENDED (0x1105000104) Sep 28 13:14:02.802: As97 LCP: O PROTREQ [Open] id 4 len 21 protocol CCP Sep 28 13:14:02.802: As97 LCP: (0x80FD0101000F12060000000111050001) Sep 28 13:14:02.802: As97 LCP: (0x04) Sep 28 13:14:02.802: As97 IPCP: I CONFACK [REQsent] id 1 len 10 Sep 28 13:14:02.802: As97 IPCP: Address 172.22.60.1 (0x0306AC163C01) Sep 28 13:14:04.650: As97 IPCP: TIMEOUT: State ACKrcvd Sep 28 13:14:04.650: As97 IPCP: O CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 2 len 10 Sep 28 13:14:04.650: As97 IPCP: Address 172.22.60.1 (0x0306AC163C01) Sep 28 13:14:04.758: As97 IPCP: I CONFACK [REQsent] id 2 len 10 Sep 28 13:14:04.758: As97 IPCP: Address 172.22.60.1 (0x0306AC163C01) Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 IPCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 2 len 34 Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 IPCP: Address 0.0.0.0 (0x030600000000) Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 172.22.53.210 (0x8106AC1635D2) Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x820600000000) Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 IPCP: SecondaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x830600000000) Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 IPCP: SecondaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x840600000000) Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Start. Her address 0.0.0.0, we want 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Done. Her address 0.0.0.0, we want 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 IPCP: O CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 2 len 22 Sep 28 13:14:05.750: As97 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x820600000000) Sep 28 13:14:05.754: As97 IPCP: SecondaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x830600000000) Sep 28 13:14:05.754: As97 IPCP: SecondaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x840600000000) Sep 28 13:14:05.878: As97 IPCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 3 len 16 Sep 28 13:14:05.878: As97 IPCP: Address 0.0.0.0 (0x030600000000) Sep 28 13:14:05.878: As97 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 172.22.53.210 (0x8106AC1635D2) Sep 28 13:14:05.878: As97 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Start. Her address 0.0.0.0, we want 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:14:05.878: As97 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Done. Her address 0.0.0.0, we want 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:14:05.878: As97 IPCP: O CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 3 len 10 Sep 28 13:14:05.878: As97 IPCP: Address 172.22.60.2 (0x0306AC163C02) Sep 28 13:14:05.990: As97 IPCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 4 len 16 Sep 28 13:14:05.990: As97 IPCP: Address 172.22.60.2 (0x0306AC163C02) Sep 28 13:14:05.990: As97 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 172.22.53.210 (0x8106AC1635D2) Sep 28 13:14:05.990: As97 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Start. Her address 172.22.60.2, we want 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:14:05.990: As97 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Reject 172.22.60.2, using 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:14:05.990: As97 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Done. Her address 172.22.60.2, we want 172.22.60.2 Sep 28 13:14:05.994: As97 IPCP: O CONFACK [ACKrcvd] id 4 len 16 Sep 28 13:14:05.994: As97 IPCP: Address 172.22.60.2 (0x0306AC163C02) Sep 28 13:14:05.994: As97 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 172.22.53.210 (0x8106AC1635D2) Sep 28 13:14:05.994: **As97 IPCP: State is Open !---** *IPCP negotiation is complete. The user is now connected.*

Para una llamada ISDN

maui-nas-02#debug isdn q931 ISDN Q931 packets debugging is on maui-nas-02#debug ppp negotiation PPP protocol negotiation debugging is on maui-nas-02#debug ppp authentication PPP authentication debugging is on Sep 28 13:25:02.630: ISDN Se0:23: **RX <- SETUP** pd = 8 callref = 0x5346 *!---* *Incoming Q.931 Setup message.* Sep 28 13:25:02.630: Bearer Capability i = 0x8890218F Sep 28 13:25:02.630: Channel ID i = 0xA18384 Sep 28 13:25:02.630: Called Party Number i = 0xA1,

'81560', Plan:ISDN, Type:National Sep 28 13:25:02.634: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial0:3, changed state to up Sep 28 13:25:02.638: Se0:3 PPP: Treating connection as a callin Sep 28 13:25:02.638: Se0:3 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Passive Open [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:02.638: Se0:3 LCP: State is Listen Sep 28 13:25:02.638: ISDN Se0:23: TX -> CALL_PROC pd = 8 callref = 0xD346 Sep 28 13:25:02.638: Channel ID i = 0xA98384 Sep 28 13:25:02.638: ISDN Se0:23: TX -> CONNECT pd = 8 callref = 0xD346 Sep 28 13:25:02.638: Channel ID i = 0xA98384 Sep 28 13:25:02.658: ISDN Se0:23: RX <- CONNECT_ACK pd = 8 callref = 0x5346 Sep 28 13:25:02.658: ISDN Se0:23: CALL_PROGRESS: **CALL_CONNECTED** call id 0x2B, bchan 3, dsl 0 *!--- Call is connected.* Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: I CONFREQ [Listen] id 61 len 28 Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: MagicNumber 0x1EB88B1C (0x05061EB88B1C) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E0161757374696E5F6973646E) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: O CONFREQ [Listen] id 1 len 33 Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: MagicNumber 0x309AFABD (0x0506309AFABD) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E016D6175692D6E61732D3032) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: O CONFACK [Listen] id 61 len 28 Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: MagicNumber 0x1EB88B1C (0x05061EB88B1C) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:25:02.886: Se0:3 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E0161757374696E5F6973646E) Sep 28 13:25:02.922: Se0:3 LCP: I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 1 len 33 Sep 28 13:25:02.922: Se0:3 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) Sep 28 13:25:02.922: Se0:3 LCP: MagicNumber 0x309AFABD (0x0506309AFABD) Sep 28 13:25:02.922: Se0:3 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:25:02.922: Se0:3 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E016D6175692D6E61732D3032) Sep 28 13:25:02.922: Se0:3 **LCP: State is Open !--- LCP negotiation is complete.** Sep 28 13:25:02.922: Se0:3 PPP: Phase is AUTHENTICATING, by this end [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:02.922: Se0:3 CHAP: O CHALLENGE id 1 len 32 from "maui-nas-02" Sep 28 13:25:02.954: Se0:3 CHAP: I RESPONSE id 1 len 32 from "austin_isdn" Sep 28 13:25:02.954: Se0:3 **CHAP: O SUCCESS** id 1 len 4 *!--- PPP CHAP authentication is successful.* Sep 28 13:25:02.958: Se0:3 PPP: Phase is VIRTUALIZED [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:02.958: Vi1 PPP: Phase is DOWN, Setup [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:02.982: Vi1 PPP: Phase is DOWN, Setup [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:02.982: Se0:3 IPCP: Packet buffered while building MLP bundle interface Sep 28 13:25:02.986: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: **Interface Virtual-Access1, changed state to up !--- Virtual-Access Interface is up. !--- This interface controls the incoming call.** Sep 28 13:25:02.986: Vi1 PPP: Treating connection as a callin Sep 28 13:25:02.986: Vi1 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Passive Open [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:02.986: Vi1 LCP: State is Listen Sep 28 13:25:02.986: Vi1 PPP: Phase is UP [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:02.986: Vi1 IPCP: O CONFREQ [Closed] id 1 len 10 Sep 28 13:25:02.986: Vi1 IPCP: Address 172.22.61.1 (0x0306AC163D01) Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 MLP: Added first link Se0:3 to bundle austin_isdn Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 PPP: Pending ncpQ size is 1 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Se0:3 IPCP: Redirect packet to Vi1 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 IPCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 45 len 10 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 IPCP: Address 10.0.0.1 (0x03060A000001) Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Start. Her address 10.0.0.1, we want 0.0.0.0 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Reject 10.0.0.1, using 0.0.0.0 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Done. Her address 10.0.0.1, we want 0.0.0.0 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 IPCP: O CONFNAK [REQsent] id 45 len 10 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 IPCP: **Address 172.22.61.2** (0x0306AC163D02) *!--- Peer IP address is assigned from IP Pool named "ISDN".* Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Se0:3 CDPCP: MLP bundle interface is built, process packets now Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Se0:3 CDPCP: Redirect packet to Vi1 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 CDPCP: I CONFREQ [Not negotiated] id 23 len 4 Sep 28 13:25:02.990: Vi1 LCP: O PROTREJ [Open] id 1 len 10 protocol CDPCP (0x820701170004) Sep 28 13:25:03.010: Vi1 IPCP: I CONFACK [REQsent] id 1 len 10 Sep 28 13:25:03.010: Vi1 IPCP: Address 172.22.61.1 (0x0306AC163D01) Sep 28 13:25:03.010: Vi1 IPCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 46 len 4 Sep 28 13:25:03.010: Vi1 IPCP: O CONFACK [ACKrcvd] id 46 len 4 Sep 28 13:25:03.010: **Vi1 IPCP: State is Open !--- IPCP negotiation is complete. The call is now connected.** Sep 28 13:25:03.014: Di10 IPCP: Install route to 172.22.61.2 Sep 28 13:25:03.958: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0:3, changed state to up Sep 28 13:25:03.986: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Virtual-Access1, changed state to up Sep 28 13:25:04.146: ISDN Se0:23: **RX <- SETUP** pd = 8 callref = 0x5409 *!--- The second link in the multilink connection arrives.* Sep 28 13:25:04.150: Bearer Capability i = 0x8890218F Sep 28 13:25:04.150: Channel ID i = 0xA18385 Sep 28 13:25:04.150: Called Party Number i = 0xA1, '81560', Plan:ISDN, Type:National Sep 28 13:25:04.154: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial0:4, changed state to up Sep 28 13:25:04.154: %ISDN-6-CONNECT: Interface Serial0:3 is now connected to austin_isdn Sep 28 13:25:04.154: Se0:4 PPP: Treating connection as a callin Sep 28 13:25:04.154: Se0:4 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Passive Open [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:04.154: Se0:4 LCP: State is Listen Sep 28 13:25:04.158: ISDN Se0:23: TX -> CALL_PROC pd = 8 callref = 0xD409 Sep 28 13:25:04.158: Channel ID i = 0xA98385 Sep 28 13:25:04.158: ISDN Se0:23: TX -> CONNECT pd = 8 callref = 0xD409 Sep 28 13:25:04.158: Channel ID i = 0xA98385 Sep 28 13:25:04.178: ISDN Se0:23: RX <- CONNECT_ACK pd = 8 callref = 0x5409 Sep 28 13:25:04.178:

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ISDN Se0:23: CALL_PROGRESS: CALL_CONNECTED call id 0x2C, bchan 4, dsl 0 Sep 28 13:25:04.394:
Se0:4 LCP: I CONFREQ [Listen] id 51 len 28 Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: MagicNumber
0x1EB8910D (0x05061EB8910D) Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28
13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E0161757374696E5F6973646E) Sep 28
13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: O CONFREQ [Listen] id 1 len 33 Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP:
AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: MagicNumber 0x309B00A6
(0x0506309B00A6) Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:25:04.394:
Se0:4 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E016D6175692D6E61732D3032) Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP:
O CONFACK [Listen] id 51 len 28 Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: MagicNumber 0x1EB8910D
(0x05061EB8910D) Sep 28 13:25:04.394: Se0:4 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:25:04.394:
Se0:4 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local (0x130E0161757374696E5F6973646E) Sep 28 13:25:04.430: Se0:4 LCP:
I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 1 len 33 Sep 28 13:25:04.430: Se0:4 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305)
Sep 28 13:25:04.430: Se0:4 LCP: MagicNumber 0x309B00A6 (0x0506309B00A6) Sep 28 13:25:04.430:
Se0:4 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Sep 28 13:25:04.430: Se0:4 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 Local
(0x130E016D6175692D6E61732D3032) Sep 28 13:25:04.430: Se0:4 LCP: State is Open Sep 28
13:25:04.430: Se0:4 PPP: Phase is AUTHENTICATING, by this end [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28
13:25:04.430: Se0:4 CHAP: O CHALLENGE id 1 len 32 from "maui-nas-02" Sep 28 13:25:04.462: Se0:4
CHAP: I RESPONSE id 1 len 32 from "austin_isdn" Sep 28 13:25:04.466: Se0:4 CHAP: O SUCCESS id 1
len 4 Sep 28 13:25:04.466: Se0:4 PPP: Phase is VIRTUALIZED [0 sess, 1 load] Sep 28 13:25:04.466:
Vil MLP: Added link Se0:4 to bundle austin_isdn !--- An additional Link is now added to exiting
Virtual Interface Bundle. Sep 28 13:25:05.466: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
Serial0:4, changed state to up Sep 28 13:25:10.154: %ISDN-6-CONNECT: Interface Serial0:4 is now
connected to austin_isdn !--- The second call is connected. The multilink Bundle is complete.
maui-nas-02#
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- [Páginas de soporte de la tecnología del Mercado y acceso remotos](#)
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