

# **Multiple Virtual IP Address**

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# **Feature Summary and Revision History**

### **Summary Data**

#### Table 1: Summary Data

Applicable Product(s) or Functional Area	5G-PCF
Applicable Platform(s)	SMI
Feature Default Setting	Disabled – Configuration required
Related Changes in this Release	Not Applicable
Related Documentation	Not Applicable

## **Revision History**

#### **Table 2: Revision History**

Revision Details	Release
First Introduced.	2020.01.0

## **Feature Description**

You can now enable the IPv4 communication between PCF and the other network functions such as SMF, NRF, CHF, and UDR through multiple virtual IP addresses (VIP). With a provision to configure discrete VIP addresses or external IP addresses for each rest-ep service and link them to an endpoint, you can prevent sharing of IP addresses between the NFs. Multiple VIPs take the role of a load balancer to offer a high availability environment.

In a scenario where multiple calls are simultaneously made to a distinct network function, the policy service spawns different REST ep services to complete each interaction. PCF spawns a service using the IP address available in the IP pool.

#### Limitations

In the current release, this feature has the following limitation:

• PCF supports the configuration of multiple IPs only for IP version 4 (IPv4).

### **How it Works**

After the admin associates an IP address to a network function such as PCF, a new endpoint is linked to the network function through the rest-ep service. This service enables you to connect to the pcf-rest-ep pod.

You can configure multiple IP address for the N7, N36, N28, and Nnrf interfaces. During this process, an individual K8 service resource of type Load Balancer is created for each interface that communicates with the rest-endpoint pod. These IP addresses get listed in the ExternalIP property of the K8 service.

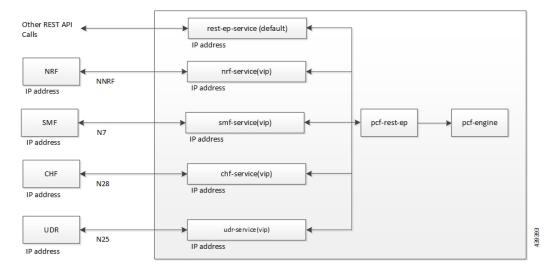
PCF supports multiple IP service communications with one replica of the rest-endpoint pod.

#### **Architecture**

This section describes how the network function components interact when the multiple VIP model is implemented.

The multiple VIP architecture focuses on high availability and load-balancing aspect of IP addresses in 5G. With relevance to the multiple VIP graphic, the Policy Engine invokes a new rest-ep service for a NF when you assign an IP address as an external endpoint. All the incoming requests from the network functions, such as NRF and SMF are routed to the rest-ep-service and the traffic is redirected to the pcf-rest-ep pod. The pod has a bilateral communication with the PCF Engine. The rest-ep-service operates as a load balancer.

Figure 1: Multiple VIPs



## **Configuration Support for Multiple Virtual IP Address**

The configuration of the multiple virtual IP address involves the following steps:

- Configuring REST Endpoints, on page 3
- Verifying the REST Endpoints Configuration, on page 4

### **Configuring REST Endpoints**

This section describes how to configure the IP address, port numbers, and other attributes for a REST endpoint.



Note

Configuration changes to REST EP cause the endpoint to automatically restart. Cisco recommends making such changes only within the maintenance window.

Before configuring the external IP addresses for the PCF REST endpoints, make sure that you configure and deploy the IP addresses using the SMI Deployer.

To configure REST endpoint, use the following configuration in the Policy Ops Center console:

```
config
```

```
rest-endpoint
  interface [ n7 | n15 | n25 | n28 | nnrf ]
      ip interface_ip_address
      port interface_port_number
  ips ip_address
  port port_number
  http-connection-limit maximum_inbound_connection_count
  replicas replica_count
  inbound-request-timeout-ms inbound timeout
```

```
outbound-request-timeout-ms outbound_timeout
repository repository_address
tracing-service-name tracing_service
uri-scheme uri_scheme
end
```

#### NOTES:

- For each rest-enpoint, use a separate **rest-endpoint** *ip\_address* command.
- interface [ n7 | n15 | n25 | n28 | nnrf ] Specifies the interface name and IP address that is configured for the external IP. interface\_name ip\_address must include the interface name such as N7, N36, N28, and NNRF.
  - ip interface\_ip\_address Specifies the IP address that is assigned for the interface.
  - **port** *interface\_port\_number* Specifies the port number for the interface.

For example, to enable the N15 interface allocate resources such as IP and port number. Once the interface is configured, the PCF-AMF traffic can pass through N15.

- ips ip\_address Specifies the IP address that is assigned as a REST endpoint external IP address.
- port port\_number Specifies the port number for the REST endpoint.
- http-connection-limit maximum\_inbound\_connection\_count Specifies the maximum number of inbound HTTP connections that the REST endpoint server must accept. Default value is 200.
- replicas replica\_count Specifies the number of instances of the service-based interface.
- **inbound-request-timeout-ms** *inbound\_timeout* Configures the timeout period after which the inbound request expires. You can configure a single *inbound\_timeout* value for all the configured interfaces or the single interface.
- **outbound-request-timeout-ms** *outbound\_timeout* Configures the timeout period after which the outbound request expires. You can configure a single *outbound\_timeout* value for all the configured interfaces or the single interface.
- **repository** repository\_address Configures a repository that the network interface optimizes.
- tracing-service-name tracing\_service Specifies the service that is used for tracing purpose.
- uri-scheme uri\_scheme Specifies the URI scheme as HTTP or HTTPs.



Note

If the configured IP address is not accessible, then PCF fails to connect with the other NFs and reports an error message in the service as "Failed to allocate IP for "pcf/udr-rest-ep": no available IPs".

### **Verifying the REST Endpoints Configuration**

This section describes how to verify the REST Endpoints configuration.

After an interface IP address is configured, you can observe a new service with the name as <interface-name>-rest-ep. The service type as ClusterIP gets created within the configured IP address. For example, n36-rest-ep.

If an IP address is not associated to an interface, then PCF considers an external IP address and associates it with the interface.

**Verifying the REST Endpoints Configuration**