

Cisco Auto MACsec On-Prem Deployment Guide



Contents

- Introduction 3
- Requirements 3
- How does it work?..... 3
- Wireless Configuration 5
- Switching Configuration Options 5
- Switching Configuration with Autoconf 5
 - What is Autoconf?..... 5**
 - Switching Configuration for Autoconf..... 5**
 - RADIUS Configuration for Autoconf 7**
 - Default Configurations by Autoconf 7**
- Switching Configuration with Existing 802.1X 8
 - Switching Configuration for Existing 802.1X 8**
 - RADIUS Configuration for Existing 802.1X..... 9**
- ISE Configuration 9
- Verification with Autoconf 11
- Verification with Existing 802.1X 17
- AP Recovery 22
- Disabling Auto MACsec in Wireless 22

Introduction

This functionality allows the auto-establishment of MACsec between a **Cisco 9350 Smart Switch** and a compatible **Cisco Wireless Wi-Fi 7 Access Point**. This requires no explicit configuration on the wireless side and only minimal switch-side configuration. This builds on top of the MACsec functionality introduced for Wireless in IOS-XE 26.1.1. MACsec (IEEE 802.1AE) is used to secure the link between AP and the access switch using hop-by-hop link encryption to mitigate attacks such as denial of service, intrusion, eavesdropping and man-in-the-middle attacks.

Requirements

- **Cisco Smart 9350 Switch** running IOS-XE 26.2.1 or higher
- **Cisco Wireless Wi-Fi 7 Access Point** compatible with Auto MACsec running 26.2.1 or higher, to find the compatible models check the [Feature Matrix for Cisco Wireless Access Points section Security Feature Matrix \(IOS XE\)](#)
- The minimum **licensing** level required is **Essentials** for both Switching and Wireless. Switching requires **Advantage** licensing when using 256-bit MACsec encryption
- **RADIUS server** (like ISE)

How does it work?

The following diagram shows a high-level explanation of how Auto MACsec works.

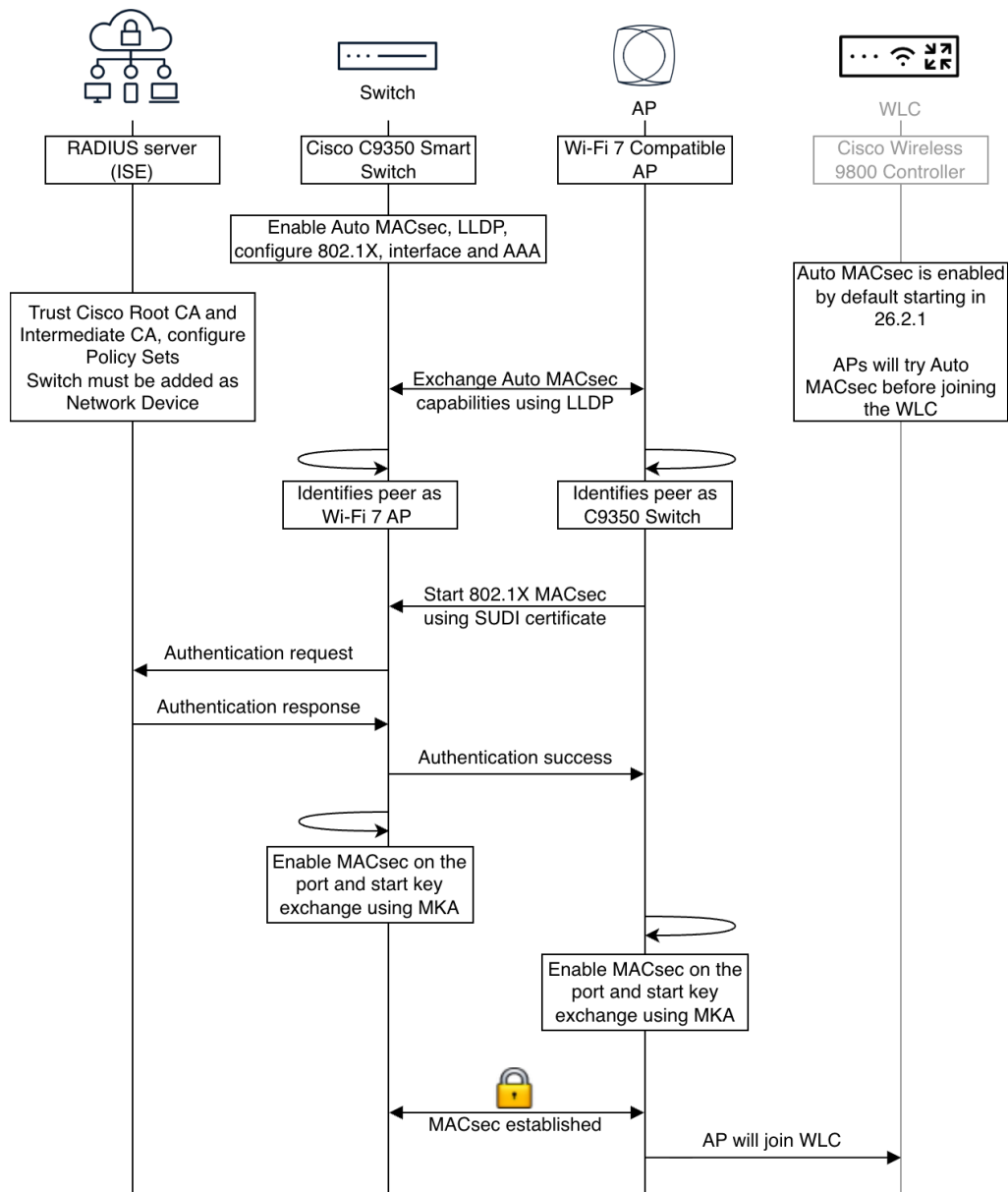


Figure 1. Auto MACsec overview

As shown in the diagram, when the AP and Switch are Auto MACsec capable, they exchange LLDP messages with custom flags (TLVs) indicating this capability. CDP is not currently supported. This exchange is in clear text. Once the exchange happens the AP will authenticate with 802.1X and establish MACsec. The switch needs to be configured appropriately to allow for MACsec 802.1X, this will be explained in the next sections.

When enabling Auto MACsec LLDP will always be sent in clear in the applicable ports, even after the link is encrypted with MACsec.

Note: The AP will not verify the RADIUS certificate, any RADIUS certificate will be accepted.

Wireless Configuration

Cisco Wireless Access Points that support Auto MACsec don't need any special configuration for Auto MACsec to work as long as they have the minimum software release. They don't even have to join a WLC.

If you're upgrading an existing deployment (brownfield) to a release that supports Auto MACsec, it will be enabled by default. If for any reason you want to disable Auto MACsec that can be done following the instructions in section [Disabling Auto MACsec in Wireless](#).

Switching Configuration Options

There are 2 scenarios to consider when deploying Auto MACsec, depending on your current switching setup:

- **No 802.1X configured** in switching: [Switching Configuration with Autoconf](#)
- **802.1X already configured** in switching with service policies: [Switching Configuration with Existing 802.1X](#)

Switching Configuration with Autoconf

This configuration assumes that 802.1X is not currently configured on your switches. Your current configuration most likely includes ports in access mode and a static VLAN assigned.

What is Autoconf?

Autoconf is an automation feature that dynamically applies configurations to switch ports based on the type of endpoint device connected to them.

Autoconf is used in the context of Auto MACsec to automatically detect that the connected device is an Auto MACsec capable Wi-Fi 7 AP and configure the switchport accordingly for MACsec.

As shown below, you can modify the default template to incorporate your configurations to it. By doing this you don't have to manually configure all AP interfaces.

Switching Configuration for Autoconf

First of all you need to enable the following at a global level:

```
Switch(config)#auto secure macsec
Switch(config)#lldp run
Switch(config)#autoconf enable
```

You also need to configure AAA and RADIUS servers, there are several approaches possible here's a sample:

```
Switch(config)#radius server ISE
Switch(config-radius-server)#address ip 1.2.3.4 auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813
Switch(config-radius-server)#key <secret>
Switch(config)#aaa group server radius ISE_GRP
Switch(config-sg-radius)#server name ISE
Switch(config)#aaa authentication login default local
Switch(config)#aaa authentication enable default none
Switch(config)#aaa authentication dot1x default group ISE_GRP
```

```
Switch(config)#aaa authorization network default group ISE_GRP
Switch(config)#aaa accounting identity default start-stop group ISE_GRP
Switch(config)#aaa server radius dynamic-author
Switch(config-locsvr-da-radius)#client 1.2.3.4
Switch(config-locsvr-da-radius)#server-key <secret>
```

Finally, you need to configure the AP-connected interfaces. There are 2 possible ways of doing this. The first one is manually configuring all interfaces, then autoconf will just bring the MACsec configuration. See the following example:

```
Switch(config)#interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/13
Switch(config-if)#switchport access vlan 92
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode access
Switch(config-if)#access-session interface-template sticky
```

Note: The command *access-session interface-template sticky* can also be applied at global level.

Alternatively, you can modify the default interface template that autoconf will apply and add your AP-connected configurations directly there:

```
Switch(config)#template AUTO_MACSEC_AP_INTERFACE_TEMPLATE
Switch(config-template)#dot1x pae authenticator
Switch(config-template)#switchport access vlan 92
Switch(config-template)#switchport mode access
Switch(config-template)#switchport nonegotiate dot1x pae authenticator
Switch(config-template)#access-session host-mode multi-host
Switch(config-template)#access-session port-control auto
Switch(config-template)#service-policy type control subscriber <YOUR-CUSTOM_AUTO_MACSEC_POLICY>
Switch(config-template)#macsec network-link
```

Here is a sample of a customer service policy:

```
Switch(config)#policy-map type control subscriber CUSTOM_AUTO_MACSEC_POLICY
Switch(config-event-control-policymap)#event session-started match-all
Switch(config-event-control-policymap)#10 class always do-until-failure
Switch(config-event-control-policymap)#10 authenticate using dot1x priority 10
Switch(config-event-control-policymap)#event authentication-failure match-first
Switch(config-event-control-policymap)#10 class always do-until-failure
Switch(config-event-control-policymap)#10 terminate dot1x
Switch(config-event-control-policymap)#20 authentication-restart 60
Switch(config-event-control-policymap)#event agent-found match-all
Switch(config-event-control-policymap)#10 class always do-until-failure
Switch(config-event-control-policymap)#10 authenticate using dot1x priority 10
Switch(config-event-control-policymap)#event authentication-success match-all
Switch(config-event-control-policymap)#10 class always do-until-failure
Switch(config-event-control-policymap)#10 activate service-template
DEFAULT_LINKSEC_POLICY_SHOULD_SECURE
```

Once the AP boots and it is detected by the switch as an Auto MACsec capable AP, the switch will automatically apply the necessary configuration in the port using Autoconf. This will lead to **1 AP reboot**, since the interface command applies *macsec network-link* that bounces the port.

To keep the interface template bound to the interface after the reboot, the following command is required: *access-session interface-template sticky*, otherwise the port bouncing would remove it.

RADIUS Configuration for Autoconf

You also need to configure the RADIUS server to allow the Access Points, see section [ISE Configuration](#).

Default Configurations by Autoconf

If you're curious on what exactly Autoconf is pushing here is how to check it.

To check which interface template has dynamically applied Autoconf:

```
LabW-Switch3#show template interface binding target t1/0/13
```

```
Interface Templates
```

```
=====
```

```
Interface: Tel1/0/13
```

Method	Source	Template-Name
-----	-----	-----
dynamic	Built-in	AUTO_MACSEC_AP_INTERFACE_TEMPLATE

To see the details of the interface template that Autoconf uses:

```
LabW-Switch3#show template interface source built-in AUTO_MACSEC_AP_INTERFACE_TEMPLATE
```

```
Template Name      : AUTO_MACSEC_AP_INTERFACE_TEMPLATE
```

```
Modified          : No
```

```
Template Definition :
```

```
dot1x pae authenticator
```

```
switchport mode access
```

```
switchport nonegotiate
```

```
access-session host-mode multi-host
```

```
access-session port-control auto
```

```
service-policy type control subscriber BUILTIN_AUTO_MACSEC_POLICY
```

```
macsec network-link
```

To see the built-in service policy used by the previous interface template:

```
LabW-Switch3#show policy-map type control subscriber BUILTIN_AUTO_MACSEC_POLICY
```

```
BUILTIN_AUTO_MACSEC_POLICY
```

```
event session-started match-all
```

```
10 class always do-until-failure
```

```
10 authenticate using dot1x priority 10
```

```
event authentication-failure match-first
```

```
10 class always do-until-failure
```

```
10 terminate dot1x
```

```
20 authentication-restart 60
```

```
event agent-found match-all
  10 class always do-until-failure
    10 authenticate using dot1x priority 10
event authentication-success match-all
  10 class always do-until-failure
    10 activate service-template DEFAULT_LINKSEC_POLICY_SHOULD_SECURE
```

Note: Notice how the service-policy by default in the switch applies Should Secure, however, the policy sent by the RADIUS server takes precedence and could send Must Secure.

Switching Configuration with Existing 802.1X

If you already have your switch ports configured for 802.1X with a service policy and you want to keep your ports with the existing 802.1X configuration you must use the configuration described in this section.

As a high-level summary, if your 802.1X is already working in switching, you need to do the following:

- [SW] Enable LLDP
- [SW] Enable Auto MACsec globally
- [SW] Add *macsec network-link* per interface
- [ISE] Trust Root CA and Sub CA
- [ISE] Modify Policy Set to allow SUDI certs

Note: If you use this configuration strategy, autoconf will not apply any configurations automatically to interfaces. This is because when a port has already configured a service policy autoconf skips the interface.

Switching Configuration for Existing 802.1X

Let's go step by step. First of all you need to enable the following:

```
Switch(config)#auto secure macsec
Switch(config)#lldp run
```

You also need to configure AAA and RADIUS servers, this is not shown as you should already have it. If you need a sample see the previous section [Switching Configuration with Autoconf](#).

Add the following configurations to your existing interface 802.1X configurations where you have APs and you want MACsec:

```
Switch(config)#interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/13
Switch(config-if)#macsec network-link
```

Note: please be aware that applying the *macsec network-link* command will result in a power cycle of the port. Additionally, dynamic VLAN assignment is currently not supported as well as switchport-to-trunk conversion using an interface template.

If you want, you might customize the MKA policy and apply it on interfaces using the following commands.

```
Switch(config)#mka policy macsec-policy
Switch(config-mka-policy)#key-server priority 200
Switch(config-mka-policy)#macsec-cipher-suite gcm-aes-256
Switch(config)#interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/13
Switch(config-if)#mka policy macsec-policy
```

RADIUS Configuration for Existing 802.1X

You also need to configure the RADIUS server to allow the Access Points, see section [ISE Configuration](#).

ISE Configuration

The last thing to configure is the RADIUS server itself, the following applies to any RADIUS server but the examples will be given for ISE. In ISE you first need to trust the Root CA and Intermediate CA that sign the SUDI certificate. Here are the 2 certificates:

- [Root CA] Cisco Root CA 2099: [crca2099.cer](#)
- [Sub CA] Cisco High Assurance SUDI CA or HA SUDI CA: [hasudi.cer](#)

The certificates can be downloaded from <https://www.cisco.com/security/pki/>.

The *Cisco Root CA 2099* is already installed in ISE; but it is not trusted by default for client authentication (802.1X) so that needs to be configured. Navigate to Administration > System > Certificates > Trusted Certificates search for *Cisco Root CA 2099* and edit it, enable trust for:

- Trust for authentication within ISE and Client-Server communication
- Trust for client authentication and Syslog

The screenshot shows the Cisco Identity Services Engine (ISE) Administration / System interface. The 'Certificates' tab is selected, and the 'Trusted Certificates' section is active. The 'Cisco Root CA 2099' certificate is displayed with the following details:

- * Friendly Name: Cisco Root CA 2099
- Status: Enabled
- Description: Cisco Root CA 2099
- Subject: CN=Cisco Root CA 2099,O=Cisco
- Issuer: CN=Cisco Root CA 2099,O=Cisco
- Valid From: Tue, 9 Aug 2016 22:58:28 CEST
- Valid To (Expiration): Mon, 10 Aug 2099 01:58:28 CEST
- Serial Number: 01 9A 33 58 78 CE 16 C1 C1
- Signature Algorithm: SHA256withRSA
- Key Length: 2048

The 'Usage' section is expanded, showing the 'Trusted For' options:

- ☒ Trust for authentication within ISE and Client-Server communication
- ☒ Trust for client authentication and Syslog
- ☐ Trust for certificate based admin authentication
- ☒ Trust for authentication of Cisco Services
- ☐ Trust for Native IPSec certificate based authentication

Figure 2. Trust Cisco Root CA 2099 for client authentication and Syslog

Now download the file for the Sub CA *Cisco High Assurance SUDI CA* and import it to Trusted Certificates. As for the previous certificate enable trust for:

- Trust for authentication within ISE and Client-Server communication
- Trust for client authentication and Syslog

Now we have both certificates as trusted for 802.1X, let's create the Authorization Profile. Navigate to Policy > Policy Elements > Authorization > Authorization Profiles. Create/edit a new one for Access Point with MACsec. You must configure it to:

- **Access Type:** Access Accept
- **MACsec Policy:** should-secure or must-secure depending on your security policies

Note: Should-secure will instruct the switch port to allow traffic even if MACsec is not established. Must-secure on the other hand will drop all traffic if MACsec is not established.

Note: If you don't specify the MACsec policy (should-secure vs must-secure), the interface template *AUTO_MACSEC_AP_INTERFACE_TEMPLATE* pulls the service policy *BUILTIN_AUTO_MACSEC_POLICY* which has the service template *DEFAULT_LINKSEC_POLICY_SHOULD_SECURE* so the default will be should secure.

The screenshot shows the Cisco Identity Services Engine (ISE) configuration interface for an Authorization Profile. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with the following items: Dictionaries, Conditions, Results, Authentication, Authorization (selected), Authorization Profiles, Downloadable ACLs, Profiling, Posture, and Client Provisioning. The main configuration area is titled 'Policy / Policy Elements' and contains several sections. The 'MACSec Policy' checkbox is checked and highlighted with a red box, with a dropdown menu showing 'should-secure'. Other options include 'Web Redirection (CWA, MDM, NSP, CPP)', 'Auto Smart Port', 'Assess Vulnerabilities', 'Reauthentication' (checked), 'Timer' (set to 1800), 'Maintain Connectivity During Reauthentication' (set to RADIUS-Request), 'NEAT', 'Interface Template', 'Web Authentication (Local Web Auth)', 'Airespace ACL Name', 'Airespace IPv6 ACL Name', and 'ASA VDAI'.

Figure 3. Authorization Profile for MACsec APs

Now that the Authorization Profile is configured, it is time to work on the policy sets. Navigate to Policy > Policy Sets and create/edit a new Policy Set for Wired 802.1X. Configure it to:

- [Optional] Filter for just Wired 802.1X
- In **Authentication Policy** select *All_Users_ID_Stores* or a custom created Identity Source Sequence that includes the certificates trusted above.
- In **Authorization Policy** name your rule as desired, under conditions you might filter all the SUDI requests using the Sub CA name as shown below. Finally in Authorization Profiles select the previously created Authorization Profile.

The screenshot displays the Cisco Identity Services Engine (ISE) configuration interface for Policy Sets. The top navigation bar shows 'Policy / Policy Sets'. The main content area is divided into two sections: 'Authentication Policy(1)' and 'Authorization Policy(2)'. The 'Authentication Policy(1)' section contains a table with one rule named 'Default', which is associated with the 'All_User_ID_Stores' identity source. The 'Authorization Policy(2)' section contains a table with two rules: 'APs_EAP-TLS_SUDI' and 'Default'. The 'APs_EAP-TLS_SUDI' rule is highlighted with a red box. It has a status of 'On' and its conditions are 'CERTIFICATE-Issuer - Common Name EQUALS High Assurance SUDI CA'. The results section for this rule shows 'Access Point_MACsec' as the profile and 'Select from list' as the security group. The 'Default' rule has a status of 'On' and its results show 'DenyAccess' as the profile and 'Select from list' as the security group.

Figure 4. Policy Set example for SUDI

You might want to combine this rule with an additional MAC-based endpoint group filtering to just allow a set of MAC addresses that belong to your organization. It is also possible to use a list of serial numbers, those must be stored in an external database and consulted, see the following article:

www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security/identity-services-engine/216841-simplified-access-policy-using-odbc-is.html.

Verification with Autoconf

Legend:

- [WLC] indicates this command is executed on the WLC.
- [AP] indicates this command executed on the AP.
- [SW] indicates this command executed on the switch.

Watch for bold sentenced to know what to look for.

[SW] Syslogs when Auto MACsec is established successfully.

```
May 28 09:50:57.546: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/13, changed state to down
LabW-Switch3#
May 28 09:51:01.266: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/13, changed state to up
LabW-Switch3#
May 28 09:51:06.466: %SESSION_MGR-5-START: Switch 1 R0/0: sessmgrd: Starting 'dot1x' for client
(cc6e.2af6.afd0) on Interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/13 AuditSessionID 1F01090A000000136DFEA8E1
LabW-Switch3#
May 28 09:51:08.020: %MKA-5-SESSION_START: (Tel/0/13 : 2) MKA Session started for RxSCI
cc6e.2af6.afd0/0000, AuditSessionID 1F01090A000000136DFEA8E1, AuthMgr-Handle 63000004
May 28 09:51:08.019: %DOT1X-5-SUCCESS: Switch 1 R0/0: sessmgrd: Authentication successful for
client (cc6e.2af6.afd0) on Interface Tel/0/13 AuditSessionID 1F01090A000000136DFEA8E1 Username
anonymous
May 28 09:51:08.022: %SESSION_MGR-5-SUCCESS: Switch 1 R0/0: sessmgrd: Authorization succeeded
for client (cc6e.2af6.afd0) on Interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/13 AuditSessionID
1F01090A000000136DFEA8E1
LabW-Switch3#
May 28 09:51:09.022: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/13,
changed state to up
LabW-Switch3#
May 28 09:51:12.045: %MKA-5-SESSION_SECURED: (Tel/0/13 : 2) MKA Session was secured for RxSCI
cc6e.2af6.afd0/0001, AuditSessionID 1F01090A000000136DFEA8E1, CKN
2A16953F3E04F045607A4D18AAE6E53D
```

[AP] Syslogs when Auto MACsec is established successfully.

```
[*05/28/2026 09:47:35.3768] !!!!! {/opt/cisco/bin/capwap_brain} LLDP Auto-Secure flag changed: 0
-> 1, triggering LLDP
[*05/28/2026 09:47:35.3768]
[*05/28/2026 09:47:35.3774]
[*05/28/2026 09:47:35.3774] !!!!! {/opt/cisco/bin/capwap_brain} Use HW SUDI to start auto secure
process
[*05/28/2026 09:47:35.3774]
[*05/28/2026 09:47:38.0690] Waiting for wireless module load completion !!!
[*05/28/2026 09:47:38.6460] Interface wired0 is up
[*05/28/2026 09:47:38.6460] Starting wpa_suppllicant for wired 0
[*05/28/2026 09:47:38.6461] Auto MACsec enabled, using TAM engine configuration
[*05/28/2026 09:47:38.6524] systemd[1]: Cannot find unit for notify message of PID 12833,
ignoring.
[*05/28/2026 09:47:38.6959] hostapd:Successfully initialized wpa_suppllicant
[*05/28/2026 09:47:38.9773] chatter: Device wired0 notify state change link DOWN
[*05/28/2026 09:47:38.9775]
[*05/28/2026 09:47:38.9775] Detect link-status changed !!
[*05/28/2026 09:47:38.9778] wired0 LINK DOWN
[*05/28/2026 09:47:44.1775] chatter: Device wired0 notify state change link UP
[*05/28/2026 09:47:44.1777]
```

```
[*05/28/2026 09:47:44.1777] Detect link-status changed !!
[*05/28/2026 09:47:44.1779] wired0 LINK UP
[*05/28/2026 09:47:44.7528] Check whether client_ip_table entry need to be cleared 0
[*05/28/2026 09:47:44.7532] In write handler 'run(0 1 0)' for 'set_gateway :: Script':
[*05/28/2026 09:47:44.7532]   While calling 'route_table.conf1 dst 10.128.128.127 or dst ':
[*05/28/2026 09:47:44.7532]     pattern 1: partial directive
[*05/28/2026 09:47:44.7532] Clearing client entry
[*05/28/2026 09:47:44.7893] Init TAM CTAMC - Start
[*05/28/2026 09:47:44.7893] Init TAM CTMAC - catalyst_engine
[*05/28/2026 09:47:44.9249] hostapd:dot1x: State: DISCONNECTED -> DISCONNECTED
[*05/28/2026 09:47:45.0270] hostapd:dot1x: Event ASSOC (0) received
[*05/28/2026 09:47:45.0270] hostapd:dot1x: State: DISCONNECTED -> ASSOCIATED
[*05/28/2026 09:47:45.0270] hostapd:dot1x: Associated to a new BSS: BSSID=01:80:c2:00:00:03
[*05/28/2026 09:47:45.1770] hostapd:dot1x: Associated with 01:80:c2:00:00:03
[*05/28/2026 09:47:45.1770] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-SUBNET-STATUS-UPDATE status=0
[*05/28/2026 09:47:46.0159] systemd[1]: Cannot find unit for notify message of PID 12947,
ignoring.
[*05/28/2026 09:47:46.2432] Interface wired0 is up
[*05/28/2026 09:47:46.2433] Starting wpa_supplicant for wired 0
[*05/28/2026 09:47:46.2433] Auto MACsec enabled, using TAM engine configuration
[*05/28/2026 09:47:46.2481] systemd[1]: Cannot find unit for notify message of PID 12950,
ignoring.
[*05/28/2026 09:47:46.2540] hostapd:Successfully initialized wpa_supplicant
[*05/28/2026 09:47:48.0705] Waiting for wireless module load completion !!!
[*05/28/2026 09:47:48.2988] Init TAM CTAMC - Start
[*05/28/2026 09:47:48.2988] Init TAM CTMAC - catalyst_engine
[*05/28/2026 09:47:48.4331] hostapd:dot1x: State: DISCONNECTED -> DISCONNECTED
[*05/28/2026 09:47:48.5170] hostapd:dot1x: Event ASSOC (0) received
[*05/28/2026 09:47:48.5171] hostapd:dot1x: State: DISCONNECTED -> ASSOCIATED
[*05/28/2026 09:47:48.5171] hostapd:dot1x: Associated to a new BSS: BSSID=01:80:c2:00:00:03
[*05/28/2026 09:47:48.6570] hostapd:dot1x: Associated with 01:80:c2:00:00:03
[*05/28/2026 09:47:48.6570] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-SUBNET-STATUS-UPDATE status=0
[*05/28/2026 09:47:50.4369] hostapd:EAP: Status notification: started (param=)
[*05/28/2026 09:47:50.4369] hostapd:EAP: EAP-Request Identity
[*05/28/2026 09:47:50.4427] hostapd:EAP: Status notification: accept proposed method (param=TLS)
[*05/28/2026 09:47:50.6777] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-EAP-METHOD EAP vendor 0 method 13 (TLS)
selected
[*05/28/2026 09:47:50.7286] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-EAP-PEER-CERT depth=1
subject='/DC=com/DC=cisco/DC=labwirelessmadrid/CN=labwirelessmadrid-CA'
hash=d9625a4a74d38416821ce794b5ec5e4234491a53d288a2992a2c1a10c316d627
[*05/28/2026 09:47:50.7288] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-EAP-PEER-CERT depth=1
subject='/DC=com/DC=cisco/DC=labwirelessmadrid/CN=labwirelessmadrid-CA'
hash=d9625a4a74d38416821ce794b5ec5e4234491a53d288a2992a2c1a10c316d627
[*05/28/2026 09:47:50.7292] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-EAP-PEER-CERT depth=0
subject='/C=ES/ST=Madrid/L=Alcobendas/O=Cisco/OU=Madrid Wireless Lab/CN=madlab-ise2-1.cisco.com'
hash=87c9000ef88f010114c8236a9a09dfb86b3cb054a23d7a623835a8feb265b151
[*05/28/2026 09:47:50.7295] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-EAP-PEER-ALT depth=0 DNS:madlab-ise2-
1.cisco.com
[*05/28/2026 09:47:50.7295] hostapd:EAP: Status notification: remote certificate verification
(param=success)
```

```

[*05/28/2026 09:47:51.9905] hostapd:KaY: No MKA participant instance - ignore EAPOL-MKA
[*05/28/2026 09:47:51.9932] hostapd:EAP: Status notification: completion (param=success)
[*05/28/2026 09:47:51.9932] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-EAP-SUCCESS EAP authentication completed successfully
[*05/28/2026 09:47:51.9933] hostapd:dot1x: State: ASSOCIATED -> COMPLETED
[*05/28/2026 09:47:51.9933] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-CONNECTED - Connection to 01:80:c2:00:00:03 completed [id=0 id_str=]
[*05/28/2026 09:47:55.9905] hostapd:KaY: We don't have a latest distributed key - ignore SAK use
[*05/28/2026 09:47:58.0720] Waiting for wireless module load completion !!!

```

[SW] Check MKA session

LabW-Switch3#show mka sessions

```

Total MKA Sessions..... 1
    Secured Sessions... 1
    Pending Sessions... 0

```

=====				
=====				
Interface	Local-TxSCI	Policy-Name	Inherited	Key-Server
Port-ID	Peer-RxSCI	MACsec-Peers	Status	CKN
=====				
=====				
Tel1/0/13	fc72.8879.228d/0002	*DEFAULT POLICY*	NO	YES
2	cc6e.2af6.afd0/0001	1	Secured	
2A16953F3E04F045607A4D18AAE6E53D				

[SW] MACsec summary (1 indicates success)

LabW-Switch3#show macsec summary

Interface	Transmit SC	Receive SC
Tel1/0/13	1	1

[WLC] AP MACsec summary

LabW-9800CL4#show ap macsec summary

Capability Codes:

(M) MACSec, (A) Auto-MACSec

AP Name	AP Mac	Capability	Auto	Port
0	Port 1			

APCC6E.2AF6.AFD0	1057.2508.7780	M,A	Enabled	
SUCCESS	UNKNOWN			

[AP] Check AP LLDP neighbors to check the Auto MACsec status:

APCC6E.2AF6.AFD0#show lldp neighbors

Capability Codes:

(R) Router, (B) Bridge, (T) Telephone, (C) DOCSIS Cable Device

(W) WLAN Access Point, (P) Repeater, (S) Station, (O) Other

Device ID	Local Intf	Hold-time	Capability	Port ID	Auto-Macsec
LabW-Switch3.cisco.com	wired0	115	B	Tel/0/13	Enabled

[AP] AP Authentication status, includes MACsec

APCC6E.2AF6.AFD0#**show ap authentication status**

Wired Link Status:

wired0 link: Up

Wired 0 Session:

key_mgmt=IEEE 802.1X (no WPA)

wpa_state=COMPLETED

address=cc:6e:2a:f6:af:d0

Supplicant PAE state=AUTHENTICATED

suppPortStatus=Authorized

EAP state=SUCCESS

selectedMethod=13 (EAP-TLS)

eap_tls_version=TLSv1.2

EAP TLS cipher=ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384

tls_session_reused=0

PAE KaY status=Active

Authenticated=No

Secured=Yes

Failed=No

Actor Priority=255

Key Server Priority=0

Is Key Server=No

Number of Keys Distributed=0

Number of Keys Received=1

MKA Hello Time=2000

actor_sci=cc:6e:2a:f6:af:d0@1

key_server_sci=fc:72:88:79:22:8d@2

participant_idx=0

ckn=2a16953f3e04f045607a4d18aae6e53d

mi=df3b48524a83e5cc38c24923

mn=361

active=Yes

participant=No

retain=No

live_peers=1

potential_peers=0

is_key_server=No

is_elected=Yes

eap_session_id=0d2ff54cc1fc17f153833e3354708a804a5606482bf42939e0daed545c4d43a21

08533e7389e693944fee79aa17bc09977310afd40e776a74cc854eff11028346d

[AP] MACsec status (there are some changes depending on the AP model)

APCC6E.2AF6.AFD0#**show macsec status**

Auto-MACsec: Active

wired0: Phy Address 16

MACsec: Enabled

Capabilities:

Max. Egress SecY: 32
Egress FlowIDTcam Table Size: 32
Egress SecyPolicy Table Size: 32
Egress SaPolicy Table Size: 64
Egress SecyToSaMap Table Size: 32
Ciphers supported: GCM-AES-128
 GCM-AES-256
Max. Ingress SecY: 32
Ingress FlowIDTcam Table Size: 32
Ingress SecyPolicy Table Size: 32
Ingress ScCamLookupKey Table Size: 32
Ingress AnPerSc: 4
Ingress ScAnToSaMap Table Size: 128
Ingress SaPolicy Table Size: 64

Port Configuration:

MACsec Port Count: 1
MACsec Ingress pnThreshold: 0xffffffff
MACsec Egress pnThreshold: 0xffffffff

SecY Configuration:

Egress Controlled Port Enable: True
Egress Protect Frames: True
Egress Cipher: GCM-AES-128
Ingress Replay Protect: False
Ingress Replay Window: 3
Ingress Validate Frames: Strict
Ingress Cipher: GCM-AES-128

SC Configuration:

Ingress SecY: 0, SCI: 0xfc728879228d0002, enable: 1

[SW] Additional verification commands:

```
show auto secure macsec
show auto secure macsec interface <interface>
show lldp neighbors <interface> detail
show derived-config interface <interface>
show access-session interface <interface> details
```

```
show mka sessions interface <interface> detail
show macsec interface <interface>
```

Verification with Existing 802.1X

Legend:

- [WLC] indicates this command is executed on the WLC.
- [AP] indicates this command executed on the AP.
- [SW] indicates this command executed on the switch.

Watch for bold sentences to know what to look for.

[SW] Syslogs when Auto MACsec is established successfully.

```
LabW-Switch3#
May 28 21:24:34.161: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/13, changed state to down
LabW-Switch3#
May 28 21:24:37.879: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/13, changed state to up
LabW-Switch3#
May 28 21:24:43.097: %SESSION_MGR-5-START: Switch 1 R0/0: sessmgrd: Starting 'dot1x' for client
(cc6e.2af6.afd0) on Interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/13 AuditSessionID 1F01090A000000287079ADD8
LabW-Switch3#
May 28 21:24:44.649: %MKA-5-SESSION_START: (Tel/0/13 : 2) MKA Session started for RxSCI
cc6e.2af6.afd0/0000, AuditSessionID 1F01090A000000287079ADD8, AuthMgr-Handle EB000011
May 28 21:24:44.648: %DOT1X-5-SUCCESS: Switch 1 R0/0: sessmgrd: Authentication successful for
client (cc6e.2af6.afd0) on Interface Tel/0/13 AuditSessionID 1F01090A000000287079ADD8 Username
anonymous
May 28 21:24:44.651: %SESSION_MGR-5-SUCCESS: Switch 1 R0/0: sessmgrd: Authorization succeeded
for client (cc6e.2af6.afd0) on Interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/13 AuditSessionID
1F01090A000000287079ADD8
LabW-Switch3#
May 28 21:24:45.651: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/13,
changed state to up
LabW-Switch3#
May 28 21:24:48.675: %MKA-5-SESSION_SECURED: (Tel/0/13 : 2) MKA Session was secured for RxSCI
cc6e.2af6.afd0/0001, AuditSessionID 1F01090A000000287079ADD8, CKN
68F7C206BFC9132886D96855B41D26BC
```

[AP] Syslogs when Auto MACsec is established successfully.

```
[*05/28/2026 21:20:37.5398] !!!!! {/opt/cisco/bin/capwap_brain} LLDP Auto-Secure flag changed: 0
-> 1, triggering LLDP
[*05/28/2026 21:20:37.5398]
[*05/28/2026 21:20:37.5404]
[*05/28/2026 21:20:37.5404] !!!!! {/opt/cisco/bin/capwap_brain} Use HW SUDI to start auto secure
process
[*05/28/2026 21:20:37.5404]
[*05/28/2026 21:20:40.3423] Waiting for wireless module load completion !!!
```

```
[*05/28/2026 21:20:40.8131] systemd[1]: Cannot find unit for notify message of PID 12834,
ignoring.
[*05/28/2026 21:20:40.8147] Interface wired0 is up
[*05/28/2026 21:20:40.8147] Starting wpa_supplicant for wired 0
[*05/28/2026 21:20:40.8147] Auto MACsec enabled, using TAM engine configuration
[*05/28/2026 21:20:40.8643] hostapd:Successfully initialized wpa_supplicant
[*05/28/2026 21:20:40.9516] chatter: Device wired0 notify state change link DOWN
[*05/28/2026 21:20:40.9517]
[*05/28/2026 21:20:40.9517] Detect link-status changed !!
[*05/28/2026 21:20:40.9519] wired0 LINK DOWN
[*05/28/2026 21:20:46.1518] chatter: Device wired0 notify state change link UP
[*05/28/2026 21:20:46.1519]
[*05/28/2026 21:20:46.1519] Detect link-status changed !!
[*05/28/2026 21:20:46.1522] wired0 LINK UP
[*05/28/2026 21:20:46.9136] Check whether client_ip_table entry need to be cleared 0
[*05/28/2026 21:20:46.9140] In write handler 'run(0 1 0)' for 'set_gateway :: Script':
[*05/28/2026 21:20:46.9140]   While calling 'route_table.conf1 dst 10.128.128.127 or dst ':
[*05/28/2026 21:20:46.9140]     pattern 1: partial directive
[*05/28/2026 21:20:46.9140] Clearing client entry
[*05/28/2026 21:20:46.9534] Init TAM CTAMC - Start
[*05/28/2026 21:20:46.9535] Init TAM CTMAC - catalyst_engine
[*05/28/2026 21:20:47.0869] hostapd:dot1x: State: DISCONNECTED -> DISCONNECTED
[*05/28/2026 21:20:47.1912] hostapd:dot1x: Event ASSOC (0) received
[*05/28/2026 21:20:47.1913] hostapd:dot1x: State: DISCONNECTED -> ASSOCIATED
[*05/28/2026 21:20:47.1913] hostapd:dot1x: Associated to a new BSS: BSSID=01:80:c2:00:00:03
[*05/28/2026 21:20:47.3512] hostapd:dot1x: Associated with 01:80:c2:00:00:03
[*05/28/2026 21:20:47.3513] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-SUBNET-STATUS-UPDATE status=0
[*05/28/2026 21:20:48.1900] systemd[1]: Cannot find unit for notify message of PID 12949,
ignoring.
[*05/28/2026 21:20:48.4176] Interface wired0 is up
[*05/28/2026 21:20:48.4177] Starting wpa_supplicant for wired 0
[*05/28/2026 21:20:48.4177] Auto MACsec enabled, using TAM engine configuration
[*05/28/2026 21:20:48.4221] systemd[1]: Cannot find unit for notify message of PID 12952,
ignoring.
[*05/28/2026 21:20:48.4276] hostapd:Successfully initialized wpa_supplicant
[*05/28/2026 21:20:50.3437] Waiting for wireless module load completion !!!
[*05/28/2026 21:20:50.4830] Init TAM CTAMC - Start
[*05/28/2026 21:20:50.4831] Init TAM CTMAC - catalyst_engine
[*05/28/2026 21:20:50.6169] hostapd:dot1x: State: DISCONNECTED -> DISCONNECTED
[*05/28/2026 21:20:50.7213] hostapd:dot1x: Event ASSOC (0) received
[*05/28/2026 21:20:50.7213] hostapd:dot1x: State: DISCONNECTED -> ASSOCIATED
[*05/28/2026 21:20:50.7213] hostapd:dot1x: Associated to a new BSS: BSSID=01:80:c2:00:00:03
[*05/28/2026 21:20:50.9012] hostapd:dot1x: Associated with 01:80:c2:00:00:03
[*05/28/2026 21:20:50.9013] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-SUBNET-STATUS-UPDATE status=0
[*05/28/2026 21:20:52.6207] hostapd:EAP: Status notification: started (param=)
[*05/28/2026 21:20:52.6208] hostapd:EAP: EAP-Request Identity
[*05/28/2026 21:20:52.6261] hostapd:EAP: Status notification: accept proposed method (param=TLS)
```

```

[*05/28/2026 21:20:52.8609] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-EAP-METHOD EAP vendor 0 method 13 (TLS)
selected
[*05/28/2026 21:20:52.9141] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-EAP-PEER-CERT depth=1
subject='/DC=com/DC=cisco/DC=labwirelessmadrid/CN=labwirelessmadrid-CA'
hash=d9625a4a74d38416821ce794b5ec5e4234491a53d288a2992a2c1a10c316d627
[*05/28/2026 21:20:52.9143] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-EAP-PEER-CERT depth=1
subject='/DC=com/DC=cisco/DC=labwirelessmadrid/CN=labwirelessmadrid-CA'
hash=d9625a4a74d38416821ce794b5ec5e4234491a53d288a2992a2c1a10c316d627
[*05/28/2026 21:20:52.9147] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-EAP-PEER-CERT depth=0
subject='/C=ES/ST=Madrid/L=Alcobendas/O=Cisco/OU=Madrid Wireless Lab/CN=madlab-ise2-1.cisco.com'
hash=87c9000ef88f010114c8236a9a09dfb86b3cb054a23d7a623835a8feb265b151
[*05/28/2026 21:20:52.9150] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-EAP-PEER-ALT depth=0 DNS:madlab-ise2-
1.cisco.com
[*05/28/2026 21:20:52.9150] hostapd:EAP: Status notification: remote certificate verification
(param=success)
[*05/28/2026 21:20:54.1725] hostapd:KaY: No MKA participant instance - ignore EAPOL-MKA
[*05/28/2026 21:20:54.1750] hostapd:EAP: Status notification: completion (param=success)
[*05/28/2026 21:20:54.1751] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-EAP-SUCCESS EAP authentication completed
successfully
[*05/28/2026 21:20:54.1751] hostapd:dot1x: State: ASSOCIATED -> COMPLETED
[*05/28/2026 21:20:54.1751] hostapd:dot1x: CTRL-EVENT-CONNECTED - Connection to
01:80:c2:00:00:03 completed [id=0 id_str=]
[*05/28/2026 21:20:58.1732] hostapd:KaY: We don't have a latest distributed key - ignore SAK use
[*05/28/2026 21:21:00.3453] Waiting for wireless module load completion !!!

```

[SW] Check MKA session

LabW-Switch3#**show mka sessions**

```

Total MKA Sessions..... 1
    Secured Sessions... 1
    Pending Sessions... 0

```

```

=====
====

```

Interface	Local-TxSCI	Policy-Name	Inherited	Key-Server
Port-ID	Peer-RxSCI	MACsec-Peers	Status	CKN
=====				
====				
Te1/0/13	fc72.8879.228d/0002	*DEFAULT POLICY*	NO	YES
2	cc6e.2af6.afd0/0001	1	Secured	
68F7C206BFC9132886D96855B41D26BC				

[SW] MACsec summary (1 indicates success)

LabW-Switch3#**show macsec summary**

Interface	Transmit SC	Receive SC
Te1/0/13	1	1

[WLC] AP MACsec summary

LabW-9800CL4#**show ap macsec summary**

Capability Codes:

(M) MACSec, (A) Auto-MACSec

AP Name	Port 1	AP Mac	Capability	Auto	Port

APCC6E.2AF6.AFD0		1057.2508.7780	M,A	Enabled	
SUCCESS	UNKNOWN				

[AP] Check AP LLDP neighbors to check the Auto MACsec status:

APCC6E.2AF6.AFD0#**show lldp neighbors**

Capability Codes:

(R) Router, (B) Bridge, (T) Telephone, (C) DOCSIS Cable Device

(W) WLAN Access Point, (P) Repeater, (S) Station, (O) Other

Device ID	Local Intf	Hold-time	Capability	Port ID	Auto-Macsec
LabW-Switch3.cisco.com	wired0	101	B	Tel/0/13	Enabled

[AP] AP Authentication status, includes MACsec

APCC6E.2AF6.AFD0#**show ap authentication status**

Wired Link Status:

wired0 link: Up

Wired 0 Session:

key_mgmt=IEEE 802.1X (no WPA)

wpa_state=COMPLETED

address=cc:6e:2a:f6:af:d0

Supplicant PAE state=AUTHENTICATED

suppPortStatus=Authorized

EAP state=SUCCESS

selectedMethod=13 (EAP-TLS)

eap_tls_version=TLSv1.2

EAP TLS cipher=ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384

tls_session_reused=0

PAE KaY status=Active

Authenticated=No

Secured=Yes

Failed=No

Actor Priority=255

Key Server Priority=0

Is Key Server=No

Number of Keys Distributed=0

Number of Keys Received=1

MKA Hello Time=2000

actor_sci=cc:6e:2a:f6:af:d0@1

```
key_server_sci=fc:72:88:79:22:8d@2
participant_idx=0
ckn=68f7c206bfc9132886d96855b41d26bc
mi=452fb3c6336eccc09423a609
mn=137
active=Yes
participant=No
retain=No
live_peers=1
potential_peers=0
is_key_server=No
is_elected=Yes
eap_session_id=0d220babca51939af63e1d557e057329b9a6405c635c81d459a950580e4dddc26
11dbb8e4c9f05ffd3cccb885b20e0ead1f56959b9fbf3282fdc685bac7496d35a
```

[AP] MACsec status (there are some changes depending on the AP model)

```
APCC6E.2AF6.AFD0#show macsec status
```

Auto-MACsec: Active

```
-----
wired0: Phy Address 16
-----
```

MACsec: Enabled

Capabilities:

```
    Max. Egress SecY: 32
    Egress FlowIDTcam Table Size: 32
    Egress SecyPolicy Table Size: 32
    Egress SaPolicy Table Size: 64
    Egress SecyToSaMap Table Size: 32
    Ciphers supported: GCM-AES-128
                      GCM-AES-256
    Max. Ingress SecY: 32
    Ingress FlowIDTcam Table Size: 32
    Ingress SecyPolicy Table Size: 32
    Ingress ScCamLookupKey Table Size: 32
    Ingress AnPerSc: 4
    Ingress ScAnToSaMap Table Size: 128
    Ingress SaPolicy Table Size: 64
```

Port Configuration:

```
    MACsec Port Count: 1
    MACsec Ingress pnThreshold: 0xffffffff
    MACsec Egress pnThreshold: 0xffffffff
```

SecY Configuration:

```
    Egress Controlled Port Enable: True
    Egress Protect Frames: True
    Egress Cipher: GCM-AES-128
    Ingress Replay Protect: False
```

```
Ingress Replay Window: 3
Ingress Validate Frames: Strict
Ingress Cipher: GCM-AES-128
```

SC Configuration:

```
Ingress SecY: 0, SCI: 0xfc728879228d0002, enable: 1
```

[SW] Additional verification commands:

```
show auto secure macsec
show auto secure macsec interface <interface>
show lldp neighbors <interface> detail
show derived-config interface <interface>
show access-session interface <interface> details
show mka sessions interface <interface> detail
show macsec interface <interface>
```

AP Recovery

If for any reason MACsec fails and the AP is stranded and you want to stop MACsec you might do so with the following commands. When the command to disable Auto MACsec is used, the switch will send using an LLDP a flag (TLV) in the desired interface to tell the AP to stop MACsec.

[SW] At interface level you can send an LLDP message instructing the AP to disable Auto MACsec:

```
Switch(config)#interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/13
Switch(config-if)#no auto detection macsec
```

Also if you are using Autoconf it might be hard to disable it because of the stickiness. You can use this commands to disable Auto MACsec:

```
Switch(config)#interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/13
Switch(config-if)#no access-session interface-template sticky
Switch(config-if)#access-session inherit disable autoconf
Switch(config-if)#shutdown
Switch(config-if)#access-session interface-template sticky
Switch(config-if)#no shutdown
```

Disabling Auto MACsec in Wireless

Starting 26.2.1 Auto MACsec is enabled by default on the WLC, if for any reason you want to disable it you can do it in **Configuration > Tags & Profiles > AP Join** in section **AP > General > AP MACsec**

Configuration:

The screenshot shows the 'Edit AP Join Profile' window with the 'General' tab active. The 'Auto MACsec' option is highlighted with a red box and is set to 'ENABLED'. Other visible settings include 'Power Over Ethernet' (Switch Flag, Power Injector State, Power Injector Type, Injector Switch MAC), 'AP EAP Auth Configuration' (EAP Type, AP Authorization Type), 'AP MACsec Configuration' (MACsec, Replay Protection Window Size, Pre-Shared Key Chain), 'Client Statistics Reporting Interval' (5 GHz, 2.4 GHz), 'Extended Module' (Switch Flag), 'Mesh' (Profile Name), 'Sensor Environment' (Accelerometer, Pressure), and 'RLAN Configuration' (Fast Switching).

Figure 5. AP Join Profile Auto MACsec configuration

Or using CLI:

```
9800 (config) #ap profile <ap profile name>
9800 (config-ap-profile) #no auto secure macsec
```

Americas Headquarters
Cisco Systems, Inc.
San Jose, CA

Asia Pacific Headquarters
Cisco Systems (USA) Pte. Ltd.
Singapore

Europe Headquarters
Cisco Systems International BV Amsterdam,
The Netherlands

Cisco has more than 200 offices worldwide. Addresses, phone numbers, and fax numbers are listed on the Cisco Website at <https://www.cisco.com/go/offices>.

Cisco and the Cisco logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Cisco and/or its affiliates in the U.S. and other countries. To view a list of Cisco trademarks, go to this URL: <https://www.cisco.com/go/trademarks>. Third-party trademarks mentioned are the property of their respective owners. The use of the word partner does not imply a partnership relationship between Cisco and any other company. (1110R)