

Aggressive Client Load Balancing

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Information About Aggressive Client Load Balancing

The Aggressive Client Load Balancing feature allows lightweight access points to load balance wireless clients across access points.

When a wireless client attempts to associate to a lightweight access point, the associated response packets are sent to a client with an 802.11 response packet including status code 17. This code 17 indicates that the corresponding AP is busy. The AP does not respond with the response 'success' if the AP threshold is not met, and with code 17 (AP busy) if the AP utilization threshold is exceeded, and another less busy AP hears the client request.

For example, if the number of clients on AP1 is more than the number of clients on AP2 and the load-balancing window, then AP1 is considered to be busier than AP2. When a client attempts to associate to AP1, the client receives an 802.11 response packet with status code 17, indicating that the access point is busy, and the client attempts to associate to a different access point.

You can configure the controller to deny client associations up to 10 times (if a client attempts to associate 11 times, it will be allowed to associate on the 11th try). You can also enable or disable load balancing on a particular WLAN, which is useful if you want to disable load balancing for a select group of clients, such as time-sensitive voice clients.



Note A voice client does not authenticate when delay is configured to more than 300 ms. To avoid this, configure a central-authentication, local-switching WLAN with Cisco Centralized Key Management (CCKM), configure a pagent router between an AP and WLC with a delay of 600 ms (300 ms UP and 300 ms DOWN), and try associating the voice client.



Note For a FlexConnect AP, the association is locally handled. The load-balancing decisions are taken at the controller. A FlexConnect AP sends an initial response to the client before knowing the result of the calculations in the controller. Load-balancing does not take effect when the FlexConnect AP is in standalone mode.

A FlexConnect AP does not send (re)association response with status 17 for load balancing the way local-mode APs do; instead, it first sends (re)association with status 0 (success) and then deauth with reason 5.



Note

This feature is not supported on the APs joined on default-site-tag.

This feature is not supported on the APs across different named site-tags.

This feature is supported only on the APs within a named-site-tag.

Enabling Aggressive Client Load Balancing (GUI)

Procedure

Step 1	Choose Configuration > Wireless > WLANs > Wireless Networks.	
Step 2	Select a WLAN to view the Edit WLAN window.	
Step 3	Click Advanced tab.	
Step 4	Select the Load Balance check box to enable the feature.	
Step 5	Click Update & Apply to Device.	

Configuring Aggressive Client Load Balancing (GUI)

Procedure

Step 1	Choose Configuration > Wireless > Advanced.	
	The Load Balancing window is displayed.	
Step 2	In the Aggressive Load Balancing Window (clients) field, enter the number of clients for the aggressive load balancing client window.	
Step 3	In the Aggressive Load Balancing Denial Count field, enter the load balancing denial count.	
Step 4	Click Apply.	

Configuring Aggressive Client Load Balancing (CLI)

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enters privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device# enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	wlan wlan-name	Specifies the WLAN name.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# wlan test-wlan	
Step 4	shutdown	Disables the WLAN.
	Example:	
	Device(config-wlan)# shutdown	
Step 5	load-balance	Configures a guest controller as mobility
	Example:	controller, in order to enable client load balance to a particular WLAN.
	<pre>Device(config-wlan)# load-balance</pre>	Configure the WLAN security settings as the
		WLAN requirements.
Step 6	no shutdown	Enables WLAN.
	Example:	
	Device(config-wlan)# no shutdown	
Step 7	end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Alternatively, you can also press Ctrl-Z to exit global configuration mode.
	Device(config)# end	groom configuration mode.
Step 8	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 9	ap dot11 {24ghz 5ghz } load-balancing denial denial-count	Configures the load balancing denial count.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz load-balancing denial 10	

Aggressive Client Load Balancing

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 10	ap dot11 {24ghz 5ghz } load-balancing window number-of-clients	Configures the number of clients for the aggressive load balancing client window.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz load-balancing window 10	
Step 11	end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	<pre>Device(config-wlan)# end</pre>	
Step 12	show running-config section wlan-name	Displays a filtered section of the current configuration.
	Example:	
	Device# show running-config section test-wlan	