

### **Software-Defined Application Visibility and Control**

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### Information About Software-Defined Application Visibility and Control

Software-Defined Application Visibility and Control (SD-AVC) is a network-level AVC controller that aggregates application data from multiple devices and sources and provides composite application information.

SD-AVC collects application data from across the network and deploys protocol pack updates in a centralized manner. SD-AVC recognizes most enterprise network traffic and provides analytics, visibility, and telemetry into the network application recognition. SD-AVC profiles all the endpoints (including wireless bridged virtual machines) connected to the access nodes to perform anomaly detection operations, such as Network Address Translation (NAT). SD-AVC can discover and alert when the same MAC address is used simultaneously on different networks.

You can enable the Software-Defined Application Visibility and Control feature on a per-WLAN basis. Also, you can turn on and turn off the Software-Defined Application Visibility and Control functionalities independently.



Note

If the SD-AVC process (stilepd) crashes, Capward process restart or AP reload is required to resume the SD-AVC operation.

## **Enabling Software-Defined Application Visibility and Control** on a WLAN (CLI)

### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 2	wireless profile policy policy-name	Configures WLAN policy profile and enters wireless policy configuration mode.
	Example:	
	<pre>Device(config)# wireless profile policy   test-policy-profile</pre>	
Step 3	no central switching	Disables central switching and enables local switching.
	Example:	
	Device(config-wireless-policy)# no central switching	
Step 4	ip nbar protocol-discovery	Enables application recognition on the wireless policy profile by activating the NBAR2 engine.
	Example:	
	Device(config-wireless-policy)# ip nbar protocol-discovery	
Step 5	end	Exits wireless policy configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-wireless-policy)# end	
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# **Configuring Software-Defined Application Visibility and Control Global Parameters (CLI)**

### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 2	<pre>avc sd-service Example: Device(config-sd-service) # avc sd-service</pre>	Enables SD-AVC and enters software-definition service configuration mode.
Step 3	<pre>segment segment-name  Example:  Device(config-sd-service) # segment AppRecognition</pre>	Configures a segment name identifying a group of devices sharing the same application services.
Step 4	<pre>controller Example:   Device(config-sd-service)# controller</pre>	Enters SD service controller configuration mode to configure connectivity parameters.
Step 5	<pre>address ip-address Example: Device(config-sd-service-controller)# address 209.165.201.0</pre>	Configures controller IP address. Supports only IPv4 address.
Step 6	destination-ports sensor-exporter value  Example:  Device (config-sd-service-controller) # destination-ports sensor-exporter 2173	Configures the destination port for communicating with the controller.
Step 7	<pre>dscp dscp-value Example:   Device(config-sd-service-controller)# dscp 16</pre>	Enables DSCP marking.
Step 8	<pre>source-interface interface interface-number Example:    Device(config-sd-service-controller)# source-interface GigabitEthernet21</pre>	Configures source interface for communicating with the controller.
Step 9	transport application-updates https url-prefix url-prefix-name  Example:  Device (config-sd-service-controller) # transport application-updates https url-prefix cisco	Configures transport protocols for communicating with the controller.
Step 10	<pre>vrf vrf-name Example:   Device(config-sd-service-controller)#   vrf doc-test</pre>	Associates the VRF with the source interface.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 11	end	Exits the SD service controller configuration mode and enters privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-sd-service-controller)# end	