



Software-Defined Application Visibility and Control

- [Information About Software-Defined Application Visibility and Control](#), on page 1
- [Enabling Software-Defined Application Visibility and Control on a WLAN \(CLI\)](#), on page 2
- [Configuring Software-Defined Application Visibility and Control Global Parameters \(CLI\)](#), on page 2

Information About Software-Defined Application Visibility and Control

Software-Defined Application Visibility and Control (SD-AVC) is a network-level AVC controller that aggregates application data from multiple devices and sources and provides composite application information.

SD-AVC collects application data from across the network and deploys protocol pack updates in a centralized manner. SD-AVC recognizes most enterprise network traffic and provides analytics, visibility, and telemetry into the network application recognition. SD-AVC profiles all the endpoints (including wireless bridged virtual machines) connected to the access nodes to perform anomaly detection operations, such as Network Address Translation (NAT). SD-AVC can discover and alert when the same MAC address is used simultaneously on different networks.

You can enable the Software-Defined Application Visibility and Control feature on a per-WLAN basis. Also, you can turn on and turn off the Software-Defined Application Visibility and Control functionalities independently.



Note If the SD-AVC process (stilepd) crashes, Capwapd process restart or AP reload is required to resume the SD-AVC operation.

Enabling Software-Defined Application Visibility and Control on a WLAN (CLI)

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 2	wireless profile policy <i>policy-name</i> Example: Device(config)# wireless profile policy test-policy-profile	Configures WLAN policy profile and enters wireless policy configuration mode.
Step 3	no central switching Example: Device(config-wireless-policy)# no central switching	Disables central switching and enables local switching.
Step 4	ip nbar protocol-discovery Example: Device(config-wireless-policy)# ip nbar protocol-discovery	Enables application recognition on the wireless policy profile by activating the NBAR2 engine.
Step 5	end Example: Device(config-wireless-policy)# end	Exits wireless policy configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

Configuring Software-Defined Application Visibility and Control Global Parameters (CLI)

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 2	avc sd-service Example: Device(config-sd-service) # avc sd-service	Enables SD-AVC and enters software-definition service configuration mode.
Step 3	segment <i>segment-name</i> Example: Device(config-sd-service) # segment AppRecognition	Configures a segment name identifying a group of devices sharing the same application services.
Step 4	controller Example: Device(config-sd-service) # controller	Enters SD service controller configuration mode to configure connectivity parameters.
Step 5	address <i>ip-address</i> Example: Device(config-sd-service-controller) # address 209.165.201.0	Configures controller IP address. Supports only IPv4 address.
Step 6	destination-ports sensor-exporter <i>value</i> Example: Device(config-sd-service-controller) # destination-ports sensor-exporter 21730	Configures the destination port for communicating with the controller.
Step 7	dscp <i>dscp-value</i> Example: Device(config-sd-service-controller) # dscp 16	Enables DSCP marking.
Step 8	source-interface <i>interface interface-number</i> Example: Device(config-sd-service-controller) # source-interface GigabitEthernet21	Configures source interface for communicating with the controller.
Step 9	transport application-updates https url-prefix <i>url-prefix-name</i> Example: Device(config-sd-service-controller) # transport application-updates https url-prefix cisco	Configures transport protocols for communicating with the controller.
Step 10	vrf <i>vrf-name</i> Example: Device(config-sd-service-controller) # vrf doc-test	Associates the VRF with the source interface.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 11	end Example: Device(config-sd-service-controller)# end	Exits the SD service controller configuration mode and enters privileged EXEC mode.