

Sniffer Mode

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Information about Sniffer

The controller enables you to configure an access point as a network "sniffer", which captures and forwards all the packets on a particular channel to a remote machine that runs packet analyzer software. These packets contain information on time stamps, signal strength, packet sizes, and so on.

Sniffers allow you to monitor and record network activity, and detect problems.

The packet analyzer machine configured receives the 802.11 traffic encapsulated using the Airopeek protocol from the controller management IP address with source port UDP/5555 and destination UDP/5000.

You must use **Clear** in AP mode to return the AP back to client-serving mode, for example the local mode or FlexConnect mode depending on the remote site tag configuration.

Prerequisites for Sniffer

To perform sniffing, you need the following hardware and software:

- A dedicated access point—An access point configured as a sniffer cannot simultaneously provide wireless access service on the network. To avoid disrupting coverage, use an access point that is not part of your existing wireless network.
- A remote monitoring device—A computer capable of running the analyzer software.
- Software and supporting files, plug-ins, or adapters—Your analyzer software may require specialized files before you can successfully enable.

Restrictions on Sniffer

- Supported third-party network analyzer software applications are as follows:
 - Wildpackets Omnipeek or Airopeek
 - AirMagnet Enterprise Analyzer
 - · Wireshark
- The latest version of Wireshark can decode the packets by going to the Analyze mode. Select **decode** as, and switch UDP5555 to decode as PEEKREMOTE..
- Sniffer mode is not supported when the controller L3 interface is the Wireless Management Interface (WMI).
- When an AP or a radio operates in the sniffer mode, irrespective of its current channel width settings, the AP sniffs or captures only on the primary channel.

How to Configure Sniffer

Configuring an Access Point as Sniffer (GUI)

Procedure

- **Step 1** Choose Configuration > Wireless > Access Points.
- Step 2 On the General tab, update the name of the AP. The AP name can be ASCII characters from 33 to 126, without leading and trailing spaces.
- **Step 3** Specify the physical location where the AP is present.
- **Step 4** Choose the **Admin Status** as **Enabled** if the AP is to be in enabled state.
- **Step 5** Choose the mode for the AP as *Sniffer*.
- Step 6 In the Tags section, specify the appropriate policy, site, and RF tags that you created on the Configuration > Tags & Profiles > Tags page.

Note If the AP is in sniffer mode, you do not want to assign any tag.

- Step 7 Click Update & Apply to Device.
- **Step 8** Choose the mode for the AP as **Clear** to return the AP back to the client-serving mode depending on the remote site tag configuration.

Configuring an Access Point as Sniffer (CLI)

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example: Device>enable	
Step 2	ap name ap-name mode sniffer	Configures the access point as a sniffer.
	Example:	Where,
	Device# ap name access1 mode sniffer	<i>ap-name</i> is the name of the Cisco lightweight access point.
		Use the no form of this command to disable the access point as a sniffer.

Enabling or Disabling Sniffing on the Access Point (GUI)

Before you begin

Change the access point AP mode to sniffer mode.

Procedure

Step 1 Choose Configuration > Wireless > Access Points.
 Step 2 On the Access Points page, click the AP name from the 6 GHz, 5 GHz, or 2.4 GHz list.
 Step 3 In the Edit Radios > Configure > Sniffer Channel Assignment section, check the Sniffer Channel Assignment checkbox to enable.

 Uncheck the checkbox to disable sniffing on the access point.

 Step 4 From the Sniff Channel drop-down list, select the channel.
 Step 5 Enter the IP address in the Sniffer IP field.
 Step 6 Click Update & Apply to Device.

Enabling or Disabling Sniffing on the Access Point (CLI)

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example: Device> enable	
Step 2	ap name ap-name sniff {dot11 6Ghz slot 3 channel server-ip-address dot11a channel server-ip-address dot11b channel server-ip-address dual-band channel server-ip-address} Example: Device# ap name access1 sniff dot11b 1 9.9.48.5	Enables sniffing on the access point. • channel is the valid channel to be sniffed. For 802.11a, the range is 36 to 165. For 802.11b, the range is 1 to 14. For dot11 6Ghz, the range is between 1 and 233. • server-ip-address is the IP address of the remote machine running Omnipeek, Airopeek, AirMagnet, or Wireshark software.
Step 3	ap name ap-name no sniff {dot116Ghz dot11a dot11b dual-band} Example: Device#ap name access1 no sniff dot116ghz	Disables sniffing on the access point.

Verifying Sniffer Configurations

Table 1: Commands for verifying sniffer configurations

Commands	Description
show ap name ap-name config dot11 {24ghz 5ghz 6ghz dual-band}	Displays the sniffing details.
show ap name ap-name config slot slot-ID	Displays the sniffing configuration details. slot-ID ranges from 0 to 3. All access points have slot 0 and 1.

Examples for Sniffer Configurations and Monitoring

This example shows how to configure an access point as Sniffer:

Device# ap name access1 mode sniffer

This example shows how to enable sniffing on the access point:

Device# ap name access1 sniff dot11b 1 9.9.48.5

This example shows how to disable sniffing on the access point:

Device# ap name access1 no sniff dot11b

This example shows how to display the sniffing configuration details:

Device# show ap name access1 config dot11 24ghz Device# show ap name access1 config slot 0

Examples for Sniffer Configurations and Monitoring