



# Cisco Umbrella WLAN

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- [Information About Cisco Umbrella WLAN, on page 1](#)
- [Registering Controller to Cisco Umbrella Account, on page 2](#)
- [Configuring Cisco Umbrella WLAN, on page 3](#)
- [Configuring the Umbrella Flex Profile, on page 9](#)
- [Configuring the Umbrella Flex Profile \(GUI\), on page 9](#)
- [Configuring Umbrella Flex Parameters, on page 10](#)
- [Configuring the Umbrella Flex Policy Profile \(GUI\), on page 10](#)
- [Verifying the Cisco Umbrella Configuration, on page 11](#)

## Information About Cisco Umbrella WLAN

The Cisco Umbrella WLAN provides a cloud-delivered network security service at the Domain Name System (DNS) level, with automatic detection of both known and emergent threats.

This feature allows you to block sites that host malware, bot networks, and phishing before they actually become malicious.

Cisco Umbrella WLAN provides the following:

- Policy configuration per user group at a single point.
- Policy configuration per network, group, user, device, or IP address.

The following is the policy priority order:

1. Local policy
  2. AP group
  3. WLAN
- Visual security activity dashboard in real time with aggregated reports.
  - Schedule and send reports through email.
  - Support up to 60 content categories, with a provision to add custom allowed list and blocked list entries.
  - Supports custom parameter-type Umbrella profiles. One Global profile and 15 custom profiles are supported.

- Although IPv6 is supported, device registration will always be over IPv4. There is no support of device registration over IPv6.
- The communication from device to the Umbrella Cloud can be done over IPv6 also.
- In the Flexconnect mode, DNS handling takes place in the AP instead of the controller. Multiple profiles are supported in the Flex mode.

This feature does not work in the following scenarios:

- If an application or host use an IP address directly, instead of using DNS to query domain names.
- If a client is connected to a web proxy and does not send a DNS query to resolve the server address.

## Registering Controller to Cisco Umbrella Account

### Before you Begin

- You should have an account with Cisco Umbrella.
- You should have an API token from Cisco Umbrella.

This section describes the process followed to register the controller to the Cisco Umbrella account.

The controller is registered to Cisco Umbrella server using the Umbrella parameter map. Each of the Umbrella parameter map must have an API token. The Cisco Umbrella responds with the device ID for the controller. The device ID has a 1:1 mapping with the Umbrella parameter map name.

### Fetching API token for Controller from Cisco Umbrella Dashboard

From Cisco Umbrella dashboard, verify that your controller shows up under Device Name, along with their identities.

### Applying the API Token on Controller

Registers the Cisco Umbrella API token on the network.

### DNS Query and Response

Once the device is registered and Umbrella parameter map is configured on WLAN, the DNS queries from clients joining the WLAN are redirected to the Umbrella DNS resolver.



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**Note** This is applicable for all domains not configured in the local domain RegEx parameter map.

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The queries and responses are encrypted based on the DNSCrypt option in the Umbrella parameter map.

For more information on the Cisco Umbrella configurations, see the [Integration for ISR 4K and ISR 1100 – Security Configuration Guide](#).

### Limitations and Considerations

The limitations and considerations for this feature are as follows:

- You will be able to apply the wireless Cisco Umbrella profiles to wireless entities, such as, WLAN or AP groups, if the device registration is successful.
- In case of L3 mobility, the Cisco Umbrella must be applied on the anchor controller always.
- When two DNS servers are configured under DHCP, two Cisco Umbrella server IPs are sent to the client from DHCP option 6. If only one DNS server is present under DHCP, only one Cisco Umbrella server IP is sent as part of DHCP option 6.

## Configuring Cisco Umbrella WLAN

To configure Cisco Umbrella on the controller, perform the following:

- You must have the API token from the Cisco Umbrella dashboard.
- You must have the root certificate to establish HTTPS connection with the Cisco Umbrella registration server: [api.opendns.com](https://api.opendns.com). You must import the root certificate from **digicert.com** to the controller using the **crypto pki trustpool import terminal** command.

## Importing CA Certificate to the Trust Pool

### Before you begin

The following section covers details about how to fetch the root certificate and establish HTTPS connection with the Cisco Umbrella registration server:

### Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>configure terminal</b> <b>Example:</b> Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 2</b>	Perform either of the following tasks: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>crypto pki trustpool import url url</b></li> </ul> <pre>Device(config)# crypto pki trustpool import url http://www.cisco.com/security/pki/trs/ios.p7b</pre> Imports the root certificate directly from the Cisco website.	

	Command or Action	Purpose
	<p><b>Note</b> The Trustpool bundle contains the root certificate of <i>digicert.com</i> together with other CA certificates.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>crypto pki trustpool import terminal</b></li> </ul> <pre>Device (config) # crypto pki trustpool import terminal</pre> <p>Imports the root certificate by executing the import terminal command.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter PEM-formatted CA certificate from the following location: See the Related Information section to download the CA certificate.</li> </ul> <pre>-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----- MIIECAIBAgEQAQJLIMKwEKLvA3NBJchk9OABFHMbcQDQCE EwUERMGAUKMRCraNrcQ5fHwEMQEBBuzZraNrcQJ29Mw HjDQDEcdavq2VdBIQ2Wgjr9dBIQ2Wgjr9dBIQ2Wgjr9d M.LNLAIBSCABNFAVAMTRGEMQEBFavq2VdBIQ2Wgjr9d ZLIXOIHNBjBj0BjZLIXOIHNBjBj0BjZLIXOIHNBjBj0 CjCQAVLZLIXOIHNBjBj0BjZLIXOIHNBjBj0BjZLIXO EhH9AWiHIQIHSAIBS1S5HjLd55VQEBKwDng9f0hTCRt80E VfQIu9qJhHb5QUNwRAIE/1pLhJhWakTn65z6CedhE2LDy7 mzH9jRk5ThER6UBNcQjG557K74hyER3Uq83Nco06VW95k0 K6/3H3b0EhZheoricp7CRITtHk4c9JDRB4BjCaohMDR0BB Eldcupp8eeq2y55W0rMBALhQMzFA8LDWj7dC48b69PFM4C AllDEE/QAwBjRbNFBFjUBgRjHq2QIKW8QhAwRjDR0RQh3y EjEjwEAE8gRjE8QrQ6yFVKW8QhAwRjDR0RQh3yZLIXO IhN5E8gRjE8QrQ6yFVKW8QhAwRjDR0RQh3yZLIXO Yh5B9dBNjDEBjNFRGEMQEBFavq2VdBIQ2Wgjr9dBIQ2 RCraNrcQJ29MwHjDQDEcdavq2VdBIQ2Wgjr9dBIQ2W RCraNrcQJ29MwHjDQDEcdavq2VdBIQ2Wgjr9dBIQ2W EeBACjYBj0BjZLIXOIHNBjBj0BjZLIXOIHNBjBj0BjZ 35H6G7UgApoE8H0rCjKUSGQj0B5kckEhQhInCEBch4Gw0E2 v2HRQVtBopBj2380HMLk8c7MBQhMAwBvTwCj7/In0K245Sre 50g668uKMIg0Bj0AHCjYhNkKqP2IRMLcWcJ20Cj7948Cj42x YRhe6uWp89wZfingq0j0zKp5f2UACh8VtWd0E2B5S1E8 SaZMkE4f97Q= -----END CERTIFICATE-----</pre> <p>Imports the root certificate by pasting the CA certificate from the <b>digicert.com</b>.</p>	
<b>Step 3</b>	<p><b>quit</b></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Device (config) # quit</pre>	<p>Imports the root certificate by entering the <b>quit</b> command.</p> <p><b>Note</b> You will receive a message after the certificate has been imported.</p>

## Creating a Local Domain RegEx Parameter Map

### Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>configure terminal</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device# <code>configure terminal</code>	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>parameter-map type regex</b> <i>parameter-map-name</i>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# <code>parameter-map type regex</code> <code>dns_wl</code>	Creates a regex parameter map.
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>pattern</b> <i>regex-pattern</i>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-profile)# <code>pattern</code> <code>www.google.com</code>	Configures the regex pattern to match.  <b>Note</b> The following patterns are supported: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Begins with <code>.*</code>. For example: <code>.*facebook.com</code></li> <li>• Begins with <code>.*</code> and ends with <code>*</code>. For example: <code>.*google*</code></li> <li>• Ends with <code>*</code>. For example: <code>www.facebook*</code></li> <li>• No special character. For example: <code>www.facebook.com</code></li> </ul>
<b>Step 4</b>	<b>end</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-profile)# <code>end</code>	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.

## Configuring Parameter Map Name in WLAN (GUI)

### Procedure

- Step 1** Choose **Configuration > Tags & Profiles > Policy**.
- Step 2** Click on the Policy Profile Name. The **Edit Policy Profile** window is displayed.
- Step 3** Choose the **Advanced** tab.
- Step 4** In the **Umbrella** settings, from the **Umbrella Parameter Map** drop-down list, choose the parameter map.



- Step 2** Enter the **Registration Token** received from Umbrella. Alternatively, you can click on **Click here to get your Token** to get the token from Umbrella.
- Step 3** Enter the **Whitelist Domains** that you want to exclude from filtering.
- Step 4** Check or uncheck the **Enable DNS Packets Encryption** check box to encrypt or decrypt the DNS packets.
- Step 5** Click **Apply**.

## Enabling or Disabling DNScrypt

### Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>configure terminal</b> <b>Example:</b> Device# <code>configure terminal</code>	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>parameter-map type umbrella global</b> <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# <code>parameter-map type umbrella global</code>	Creates an umbrella global parameter map.
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>[no] dnsencrypt</b> <b>Example:</b> Device(config-profile)# <code>no dnsencrypt</code>	Enables or disables DNScrypt. By default, the DNScrypt option is enabled. <b>Note</b> Cisco Umbrella DNScrypt is not supported when DNS-encrypted responses are sent in the data-DTLS encrypted tunnel (either mobility tunnel or AP CAPWAP tunnel).
<b>Step 4</b>	<b>end</b> <b>Example:</b> Device(config-profile)# <code>end</code>	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.

## Configuring Timeout for UDP Sessions

### Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>configure terminal</b> <b>Example:</b> Device# <code>configure terminal</code>	Enters global configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>parameter-map type umbrella global</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# <b>parameter-map type umbrella global</b>	Creates an umbrella global parameter map.
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>udp-timeout <i>timeout_value</i></b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-profile)# <b>udp-timeout 2</b>	Configures timeout value for UDP sessions.  The <i>timeout_value</i> ranges from 1 to 30 seconds.  <b>Note</b> The <b>public-key</b> and <b>resolver</b> parameter-map options are automatically populated with the default values. So, you need not change them.
<b>Step 4</b>	<b>end</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-profile)# <b>end</b>	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.

## Configuring Parameter Map Name in WLAN (GUI)

### Procedure

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- Step 1** Choose **Configuration > Tags & Profiles > Policy**.
  - Step 2** Click on the Policy Profile Name. The **Edit Policy Profile** window is displayed.
  - Step 3** Choose the **Advanced** tab.
  - Step 4** In the **Umbrella** settings, from the **Umbrella Parameter Map** drop-down list, choose the parameter map.
  - Step 5** Enable or disable **Flex DHCP Option for DNS** and **DNS Traffic Redirect** toggle buttons.
  - Step 6** Click **Update & Apply to Device**.
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## Configuring Parameter Map Name in WLAN

### Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>configure terminal</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device# <b>configure terminal</b>	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>wireless profile policy <i>profile-name</i></b>  <b>Example:</b>	Creates policy profile for the WLAN.



	Command or Action	Purpose
	<code>Device(config)# wireless profile policy default-policy-profile</code>	The <i>profile-name</i> is the profile name of the policy profile.
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>umbrella-param-map</b> <i>umbrella-name</i>  <b>Example:</b> <code>Device(config-wireless-policy)# umbrella-param-map global</code>	Configures the Umbrella OpenDNS feature for the WLAN.
<b>Step 4</b>	<b>end</b>  <b>Example:</b> <code>Device(config-wireless-policy)# end</code>	Returns to privileged EXEC mode. Alternatively, you can also press <b>Ctrl-Z</b> to exit global configuration mode.

## Configuring the Umbrella Flex Profile

### Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>configure terminal</b>  <b>Example:</b> <code>Device# configure terminal</code>	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>wireless profile flex</b> <i>flex-profile-name</i>  <b>Example:</b> <code>Device(config)# wireless profile flex default-flex-profile</code>	Creates a new flex policy. Enters the flex profile configuration mode.  The <i>flex-profile-name</i> is the flex profile name.
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>umbrella-profile</b> <i>umbrella-profile-name</i>  <b>Example:</b> <code>Device(config-wireless-flex-profile)# umbrella-profile global</code>	Configures the Umbrella flex feature. Use the <b>no</b> form of this command to negate the command or to set the command to its default.
<b>Step 4</b>	<b>end</b>  <b>Example:</b> <code>Device(config-wireless-policy)# end</code>	Returns to privileged EXEC mode. Alternatively, you can also press <b>Ctrl-Z</b> to exit global configuration mode.

## Configuring the Umbrella Flex Profile (GUI)

### Procedure

- Step 1** Choose **Configuration > Tags & Profiles > Flex**.

- Step 2** Click a **Flex Profile Name**. The **Edit Flex Profile** dialog box appears.
- Step 3** Under the **Umbrella** tab, click the **Add** button.
- Step 4** Select a name for the parameter map from the **Parameter Map Name** drop-down list and click **Save**.
- Step 5** Click the **Update & Apply to Device** button. The configuration changes are successfully applied.

## Configuring Umbrella Flex Parameters

### Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>configure terminal</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device# <code>configure terminal</code>	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>wireless profile policy <i>profile-policy-name</i></b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# <code>wireless profile policy default-policy-profile</code>	Configures the WLAN policy profile. Enters the wireless policy profile configuration mode.  The <i>policy-profile-name</i> is the WLAN policy profile name.
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>flex umbrella dhcp-dns-option</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-wireless-policy-profile)# <code>[no] flex umbrella dhcp-dns-option</code>	Configures the Umbrella DHCP option for DNS. By default the option is enabled.
<b>Step 4</b>	<b>flex umbrella mode {force   ignore}</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-wireless-policy-profile)# <code>[no] flex umbrella mode force</code>	Configures the DNS traffic to be redirected to Umbrella. You can either forcefully redirect the traffic or choose to ignore the redirected traffic to Umbrella. The default mode is <b>ignore</b> .
<b>Step 5</b>	<b>end</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-wireless-policy)# <code>end</code>	Returns to privileged EXEC mode. Alternatively, you can also press <b>Ctrl-Z</b> to exit global configuration mode.

## Configuring the Umbrella Flex Policy Profile (GUI)

### Procedure

- Step 1** Choose **Configuration > Tags & Profiles > Policy**.
- Step 2** Click the **Add** button. The **Add Policy Profile** dialog box appears.
- Step 3** In the **Advanced** tab, and under the **Umbrella** section, complete the following:

- a) Select the parameter map from the **Umbrella Parameter Map** drop-down list. Click the **Clear** hyperlink to clear the selection.
- b) Click the field adjacent to **Flex DHCP Option for DNS** to **Disable** the option. By default it is **Enabled**.
- c) Click the field adjacent to **DNS Traffic Redirect** to set the option to **Force**. By default it is set to **Ignore**.

**Step 4** Click the **Apply to Device** button.

## Verifying the Cisco Umbrella Configuration

To view the Umbrella configuration details, use the following command:

```
Device# show umbrella config
Umbrella Configuration
=====
Token: 5XXXXXXXXABXXXXFXXXXXXXXXDXXXXXXXXXXXABXX
API-KEY: NONE
OrganizationID: xxxxxxxx
Local Domain Regex parameter-map name: dns_bypass
DNSCrypt: Not enabled
Public-key: NONE
UDP Timeout: 5 seconds
Resolver address:
1. 10.1.1.1
2. 5.5.5.5
3. XXXX:120:50::50
4. XXXX:120:30::30
```

To view the device registration details, use the following command:

```
Device# show umbrella deviceid
Device registration details
Param-Map Name          Status          Device-id
global                  200 SUCCESS    010aa4eXXXXXX8d
vj-1                    200 SUCCESS    01XXXXXXXXf4541e1
GUEST                   200 SUCCESS    010a4f6XXXXXXXX42
EMP                     200 SUCCESS    0XXXXXXXXd106ecd
```

To view the detailed description for the Umbrella device ID, use the following command:

```
Device# show umbrella deviceid detailed
Device registration details

1.global
  Tag           : global
  Device-id     : 010aa4eXXXXXX8d
  Description   : Device Id recieved successfully
  WAN interface : None
2.vj-1
  Tag           : vj-1
  Device-id     : 01XXXXXXXXf4541e1
  Description   : Device Id recieved successfully
  WAN interface : None
```

To view the Umbrella DNSCrypt details, use the following command:

```
Device# show umbrella dnscrypt
DNSCrypt: Enabled
Public-key: B111:XXXX:XXXX:XXXX:3E2B:XXXX:XXXX:XXxE:XXX3:3XXX:DXXX:XXXX:BXXX:XXXB:XXXX:FXXX

Certificate Update Status: In Progress
```

To view the Umbrella global parameter map details, use the following command:

```
Device# show parameter-map type umbrella global
```

To view the regex parameter map details, use the following command:

```
Device# show parameter-map type regex <parameter-map-name>
```

To view the Umbrella statistical information, use the following command:

```
Device# show platform hardware chassis active qfp feature umbrella datapath stats
```

To view the wireless policy profile Umbrella configuration, use the following command:

```
Device#show wireless profile policy detailed vj-pol-profile | s Umbrella
Umbrella information
Cisco Umbrella Parameter Map : vj-2
DHCP DNS Option : ENABLED
Mode : force
```

To view the wireless flex profile Umbrella configuration, use the following command:

```
Device#show wireless profile flex detailed vj-flex-profile | s Umbrella
Umbrella Profiles :
vj-1
vj-2
global
```

To view the Umbrella details on the AP, use the following command:

```
AP#show client.opendns.summary
Server-IP role
208.67.220.220 Primary
208.67.222.222 Secondary

Server-IP role
2620:119:53::53 Primary
2620:119:35::35 Secondary

Wlan Id DHCP OpenDNS Override Force Mode
0 true false
1 false false
...

15 false false
Profile-name Profile-id
vj-1 010a29b176b34108
global 010a57bf502c85d4
vj-2 010ae385ce6c1256
AP0010.10A7.1000#

Client to profile command

AP#show client.opendns.address 50:3e:aa:ce:50:17
Client-mac Profile-name
50:3E:AA:CE:50:17 vj-1
AP0010.10A7.1000#
```