

Miscellaneous Commands: 2

- capwap ap controller ip address, on page 3
- config ap dhcp release-override, on page 4
- capwap ap dot1x, on page 5
- capwap ap hostname, on page 6
- capwap ap ip address, on page 7
- capwap ap ip default-gateway, on page 8
- capwap ap ipv6 primary-base, on page 9
- capwap ap log-server, on page 10
- capwap ap mode, on page 11
- capwap ap primary-base, on page 12
- capwap ap primed-timer, on page 13
- capwap ap secondary-base, on page 14
- capwap ap tertiary-base, on page 15
- lwapp ap controller ip address, on page 16
- reset system at, on page 17
- reset system in, on page 18
- reset system cancel, on page 19
- reset system notify-time, on page 20
- reset peer-system, on page 21
- save config, on page 22
- transfer download certpasswor, on page 23
- transfer download datatype, on page 24
- transfer download datatype icon, on page 26
- transfer download filename, on page 27
- transfer download mode, on page 28
- transfer download password, on page 29
- transfer download path, on page 30
- transfer download port, on page 31
- transfer download serverip, on page 32
- transfer download start, on page 33
- transfer download tftpPktTimeout, on page 34
- transfer download tftpMaxRetries, on page 35
- transfer download username, on page 36

- transfer encrypt, on page 37
- transfer upload datatype, on page 38
- transfer upload filename, on page 40
- transfer upload mode, on page 41
- transfer upload pac, on page 42
- transfer upload password, on page 43
- transfer upload path, on page 44
- transfer upload peer-start, on page 45
- transfer upload port, on page 46
- transfer upload serverip, on page 47
- transfer upload start, on page 48
- transfer upload username, on page 49

capwap ap controller ip address

To configure the controller IP address into the CAPWAP access point from the access point's console port, use the **capwap ap controller ip address** command.

capwap ap controller ip address A.B.C.D

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A.B.C.D IP address of the controller.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.
8.0	This command supports only IPv4 address format .

Usage Guidelines

This command must be entered from an access point's console port. This command is applicable for IPv4 addresses only.



Note

The access point must be running Cisco IOS Release 12.3(11)JX1 or later releases.

The following example shows how to configure the controller IP address 10.23.90.81 into the CAPWAP access point:

ap console >capwap ap controller ip address 10.23.90.81

config ap dhcp release-override

To configure DHCP release override on Cisco APs, use the **config ap dhcp release-override** command.

config ap dhcp release-override { **enable** | **disable**} { cisco-ap-name | **all**}

Syntax Description	enable	Enables DHCP release override and sets number of DHCP releases sent by AP to 1. To be used as a workaround for a few DHCP servers that mark the AP's IP address as bad. We recommend that you use this configuration only in highly reliable networks.
	disable	Disables DHCP release override and sets number of DHCP releases sent by AP to 3, which is the default value. This ensures that the DHCP server receives the release message even if one of the packets is lost.
	cisco-ap-name	Configuration is applied to the Cisco AP that you enter
	all	Configuration is applied to all Cisco APs
Command Default	Disabled	
Command History	Release	Modification
	8.2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Use this comma	nd when you are using Cisco lightweight APs with Windows Server 2008 R2 or 2012 as the

Use this command when you are using Cisco lightweight APs with Windows Server 2008 R2 or 2012 as the DHCP server.

capwap ap dot1x

To configure the dot1x username and password into the CAPWAP access point from the access point's console port, use the **capwap ap dot1x** command.

capwap ap dot1x username user_name password password

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user_name	Dot1x username.
password	Dot1x password.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than
	Release 7.6.

Usage Guidelines

This command must be entered from an access point's console port.



Note

The access point must be running Cisco Access Point IOS Release 12.3(11)JX1 or later releases.

This example shows how to configure the dot1x username ABC and password pass01:

ap console >capwap ap dot1x username ABC password pass01

capwap ap hostname

To configure the access point host name from the access point's console port, use the **capwap ap hostname** command.

capwap ap hostname host_name

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Syntax	Desci	rıp	tion

host_name Hostname of the access point.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

Usage Guidelines

This command must be entered from an access point's console port.



Note

The access point must be running Cisco IOS Release 12.3(11)JX1 or later releases. This command is available only for the Cisco Lightweight AP IOS Software recovery image (rcvk9w8) without any private-config. You can remove the private-config by using the **clear capwap private-config** command.

This example shows how to configure the hostname WLC into the capwap access point:

ap console >capwap ap hostname WLC

capwap ap ip address

To configure the IP address into the CAPWAP access point from the access point's console port, use the **capwap ap ip address** command.

capwap ap ip address A.B.C.D

Syntax Description

A.B.C.D IP address.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release Modification	
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.
8.0	This command supports only IPv4 address format.

Usage Guidelines

This command must be entered from an access point's console port. This command supports only IPv4 address format.



Note

The access point must be running Cisco Access Point IOS Release 12.3(11)JX1 or later releases.

This example shows how to configure the IP address 10.0.0.1 into CAPWAP access point:

ap_console >capwap ap ip address 10.0.0.1

capwap ap ip default-gateway

To configure the default gateway from the access point's console port, use the **capwap ap ip default-gateway** command.

capwap ap ip default-gateway A.B.C.D

Syntax Description

A.B.C.D Default gateway address of the capwap access point.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release Modification	
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.
8.0	This command supports only IPv4 address format.

Usage Guidelines

This command must be entered from an access point's console port. This command supports only IPv4 address format.



Note

The access point must be running Cisco Access Point IOS Release 12.3(11)JX1 or later releases.

This example shows how to configure the CAPWAP access point with the default gateway address 10.0.0.1:

ap console >capwap ap ip default-gateway 10.0.0.1

capwap ap ipv6 primary-base

To configure the primary controller name and IPv6 address into the CAPWAP access point from the Cisco Wave 1 access point's console port, use the **capwap ap ipv6 primary-base** command.

${\bf capwap\ ap\ ipv6\ primary-base}\ WORD\ ipv6_addr$

Syntax Description	WORD	Name of the primary controller.	
	ipv6_addr	IPv6 address of the primary controller.	
Command Default	None		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.	
	8.0	This command supports IPv6 address format.	
Usage Guidelines	This command must be entered to	from the Cisco Wave 1 access point's console port in config mode.	

This example shows how to configure the primary controller name WLC1 and primary controller IPv6 address 2001:DB8::1 into the CAPWAP access point:

ap console >capwap ap ipv6 primary-base WLC1 2001:DB8::1

capwap ap log-server

To configure the system log server to log all the CAPWAP errors, use the capwap ap log-server command.

capwap ap log-server A.B.C.D

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A.B.C.D IP address of the syslog server.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.
8.0	This command supports only IPv4 address format.

Usage Guidelines

This command must be entered from an access point's console port. This command supports only IPv4 address format.



Note

The access point must be running Cisco Access Point IOS Release 12.3(11)JX1 or later releases.

This example shows how to configure the syslog server with the IP address 10.0.0.1:

ap_console >capwap ap log-server 10.0.0.1

capwap ap mode

To configure the local or bridge mode on the access point, use the **capwap ap mode** command.

capwap ap mode local | bridge

Syntax Description

local	Configures the access point in local mode.
bridge	Configures the access point in bridge mode.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
8.0	The command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

This command must be entered from an access point's console port.



Note

When you execute this command, the access point reboots.

The following example shows how to configure an access point in bridge mode:

ap_console #capwap ap mode bridge

capwap ap primary-base

To configure the primary controller name and IP address into the CAPWAP access point from the access point's console port, use the **capwap ap primary-base** command.



Note

This command configures the IPv4 and IPv6 address for Cisco Wave 2 APs.

However, this command configures only the IPv4 address for a Cisco Wave 1 AP. To configure Cisco Wave 1 APs with IPv6 address refer the command **capwap ap ipv6 primary-base**

capwap ap primary-base WORD A.B.C.D

Syntax Description

WORD	Name of the primary controller.
A.B.C.D	IP address of the primary controller.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.
8.0	This command supports IPv4 and IPv6 address format.

Usage Guidelines

This command must be entered from an access point's console port in enable mode (elevated access).

This example shows how to configure the primary controller name WLC1 and primary controller IP address 209.165.200.225 into the CAPWAP access point:

ap_console >capwap ap primary-base WLC1 209.165.200.225

capwap ap primed-timer

To configure the primed timer into the CAPWAP access point, use the capwap ap primed-timer command.

capwap ap primed-timer {enable | disable}

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enable	Enables the primed timer settings
disable	Disables the primed timer settings.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

Usage Guidelines

This command must be entered from an access point's console port.



Note

The access point must be running Cisco Access Point IOS Release 12.3(11)JX1 or later releases.

This example shows how to enable the primed-timer settings:

ap_console >capwap ap primed-timer enable

capwap ap secondary-base

To configure the name and IP address of the secondary Cisco WLC into the CAPWAP access point from the access point's console port, use the **capwap ap secondary-base** command.

capwap ap secondary-base controller_name controller_ip_address

Syntax Description

controller_name	Name of the secondary Cisco WLC.
controller_ip_address	IP address of the secondary Cisco WLC.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.
8.0	This command supports only IPv4 address format.

Usage Guidelines

This command must be entered from an access point's console port. This command supports only IPv4 address format.



Note

The access point must be running Cisco Access Point IOS Release 12.3(11)JX1 or later releases.

This example shows how to configure the secondary Cisco WLC name as WLC2 and secondary Cisco WLC IP address 209.165.200.226 into the CAPWAP access point:

ap_console >capwap ap secondary-base WLC2 209.165.200.226

capwap ap tertiary-base

To configure the name and IP address of the tertiary Cisco WLC into the CAPWAP access point from the access point's console port, use the **capwap ap tertiary-base** command.

capwap ap tertiary-base WORDA.B.C.D

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WORD	Name of the tertiary Cisco WLC.
A.B.C.D	IP address of the tertiary Cisco WLC.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.
8.0	This command supports only IPv4 address format.

Usage Guidelines

This command must be entered from an access point's console port. This command supports only IPv4 address format.



Note

The access point must be running Cisco IOS Release 12.3(11)JX1 or later releases.

This example shows how to configure the tertiary Cisco WLC with the name WLC3 and secondary Cisco WLC IP address 209.165.200.227 into the CAPWAP access point:

ap_console >capwap ap tertiary-base WLC3 209.165.200.227

lwapp ap controller ip address

To configure the Cisco WLC IP address into the FlexConnect access point from the access point's console port, use the **lwapp ap controller ip address** command.

lwapp ap controller ip address A.B.C.D

Syntax Description

A.B.C.D IP address of the controller.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.
8.0	This command supports only IPv4 address format.

Usage Guidelines

This command must be entered from an access point's console port. This command is applicable for IPv4 addresses only.

Prior to changing the FlexConnect configuration on an access point using the access point's console port, the access point must be in standalone mode (not connected to a controller) and you must remove the current LWAPP private configuration by using the **clear lwapp private-config** command.



Note

The access point must be running Cisco IOS Release 12.3(11)JX1 or higher releases.

The following example shows how to configure the controller IP address 10.92.109.1 into the FlexConnect access point:

ap console > lwapp ap controller ip address 10.92.109.1

reset system at

To reset the system at a specified time, use the **reset system at** command.

reset system at YYYY-MM-DD HH: MM: SS image {no-swap|swap} reset-aps [save-config]

Syntax Description

YYYY-MM-DD	Specifies the date.
HH: MM: SS	Specifies the time in a 24-hour format.
image	Configures the image to be rebooted.
swap	Changes the active boot image; boots the non-active image and sets the default flag on it on the next reboot.
no-swap	Boots from the active image.
reset-aps	Resets all access points during the system reset.
save-config	(Optional) Saves the configuration before the system reset.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

The following example shows how to reset the system at 2010-03-29 and 12:01:01 time:

(Cisco Controller) > reset system at 2010-03-29 12:01:01 image swap reset-aps save-config

reset system in

To specify the amount of time delay before the devices reboot, use the **reset system in** command.

reset system in HH: MM: SS image {swap | no-swap} reset-aps save-config

Syntax Description

HH:MM:SS	Specifies a delay in duration.
image	Configures the image to be rebooted.
swap	Changes the active boot image; boots the non-active image and sets the default flag on it on the next reboot.
no-swap	Boots from the active image.
reset-aps	Resets all access points during the system reset.
save-config	Saves the configuration before the system reset.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

The following example shows how to reset the system after a delay of 00:01:01:

(Cisco Controller) > reset system in 00:01:01 image swap reset-aps save-config

reset system cancel

To cancel a scheduled reset, use the **reset system cancel** command.

reset system cancel

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

None

Command History

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Release	Modification	n
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7.6 This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

The following example shows how to cancel a scheduled reset:

(Cisco Controller) > reset system cancel

reset system notify-time

To configure the trap generation prior to scheduled resets, use the **reset system notify-time** command.

reset system notify-time minutes

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minutes

Number of minutes before each scheduled reset at which to generate a trap.

Command Default

The default time period to configure the trap generation prior to scheduled resets is 10 minutes.

Command History

Release Modification

7.6 This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

The following example shows how to configure the trap generation to 10 minutes before the scheduled resets:

(Cisco Controller) > reset system notify-time 55

reset peer-system

To reset the peer controller, use the **reset peer-system** command.

reset peer-system

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

Vone

Command History

Release Modification	
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

The following example shows how to reset the peer controller:

> reset peer-system

save config

To save the controller configurations, use the **save config** command.

save config

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release Modification

7.6 This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

The following example shows how to save the controller settings:

(Cisco Controller) > **save config**Are you sure you want to save? (y/n) y
Configuration Saved!

transfer download certpasswor

To set the password for the .PEM file so that the operating system can decrypt the web administration SSL key and certificate, use the **transfer download certpassword** command.

transfer download certpassword private_key_password

Syntax Description	private_key_password	Certificate's private key password.
Command Default	None	

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

The following example shows how to transfer a file to the switch with the certificate's private key password certpassword:

(Cisco Controller) > transfer download certpassword Clearing password

transfer download datatype

To set the download file type, use the **transfer download datatype** command.

transfer download datatype {avc-protocol-pack | code | config | eapdevcert | eapcacert | icon | image | ipseccacert | ipsecdevcert | login-banner | radius-avplist | signature | webadmincert | webauthbundle | webauthcert}

Syntax Description

avc-protocol-pack	Downloads an AVC protocol pack to the system.
code	Downloads an executable image to the system.
config	Downloads the configuration file.
eapcacert	Downloads an EAP ca certificate to the system.
eapdevcert	Downloads an EAP dev certificate to the system.
icon	Downloads an executable image to the system.
image	Downloads a web page login to the system.
ipseccacert	Downloads an IPSec Certificate Authority (CA) certificate to the system.
ipsecdevcert	Downloads an IPSec dev certificate to the system.
login-banner	Downloads the controller login banner. Only text file is supported with a maximum of 1500 bytes.
radius-avplist	Downloads the RADIUS AVPs in the XML file format from the FTP server.
signature	Downloads a signature file to the system.
webadmincert	Downloads a certificate for web administration to the system.
webauthbundle	Downloads a custom webauth bundle to the system.
webauthcert	Downloads a web certificate for the web portal to the system.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.
8.0	The ipseccacert , ipsecdevcert , and radius-avplist options were introduced.

The following example shows how to download an executable image to the system:

(Cisco Controller) > transfer download datatype code

transfer download datatype icon

To download icon from TFTP or FTP server onto the controller, use the **transfer download datatype icon** command.

transfer download datatype icon

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None

Command Default

None

Command Modes

WLAN configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
Release 8.2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Example

This example shows how to download icon from TFTP or FTP server onto the controller:

Cisco Controller > transfer download datatype icon

transfer download filename

To download a specific file, use the **transfer download filename** command.

transfer download filename filename

Syntax Description	filename	Filename that contains up to 512 alphanumeric characters.
Command Default	None	
Command History	Release Modification	
	7.6 This command was introduced in a	release earlier than Release 7.6.
Usage Guidelines	You cannot use special characters such as \:	*?" $<>$ for the filename.
	The following example shows how to transfe	er a file named build603:
	(Cisco Controller) > transfer download	d filename build603

transfer download mode

To set the transfer mode, use the **transfer download mode** command.

transfer upload mode {ftp | tftp | sftp}

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ftp	Sets the transfer mode to FTP.
tftp	Sets the transfer mode to TFTP.
sftp	Sets the transfer mode to SFTP.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

The following example shows how to transfer a file using the TFTP mode:

(Cisco Controller) > transfer download mode tftp

transfer download password

To set the password for an FTP transfer, use the transfer download password command.

transfer download password password

Syntax Description	passw	ord Password.
Command Default	None	
Command History	Releas	e Modification
	7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6

(Cisco Controller) > transfer download password pass01

transfer download path

To set a specific FTP or TFTP path, use the **transfer download path** command.

${\bf transfer\ download\ path\ } {\it path}$

Syntax Description	path	Directo	ory path.
		Note	Path names on a TFTP or FTP server are relative to the server's default or root directory. For example, in the case of the Solarwinds TFTP server, the path is "/".
Command Default	None		
Command History	Release Modification		
	7.6 This command was introduced in a	release earlier th	an Release 7.6.
Usage Guidelines	You cannot use special characters such as \:	* ? " <> for the	e file path.
	The following example shows how to transf	er a file to the pat	h c:\install\version2:

(Cisco Controller) > transfer download path c:\install\version2

transfer download port

To specify the FTP port, use the **transfer download port** command.

 ${\bf transfer\ download\ port\ } port$

Syntax Description	port FTP port.
Command Default	The default FTP <i>port</i> is 21.
Command History	Release Modification
	7.6 This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.
	ch
	The following example shows how to specify FTP port number 23:
	(Cisco Controller) > transfer download port 23

transfer download serverip

To configure the IPv4 or IPv6 address of the TFTP server from which to download information, use the **transfer download serverip** command.

transfer download serverip IP addr

Syntax	Descri	ption
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IP addr

TFTP server IPv4 or IPv6 address.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.
8.0	This command supports both IPv4 and IPv6 address formats.

The following example shows how to configure the IPv4 address of the TFTP server:

(Cisco Controller) > transfer download serverip 175.34.56.78

The following example shows how to configure the IPv6 address of the TFTP server:

(Cisco Controller) > transfer download serverip 2001:10:1:1::1

transfer download start

To initiate a download, use the **transfer download start** command.

transfer download start

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release Modification

7.6 This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

The following example shows how to initiate a download:

transfer download tftpPktTimeout

To specify the TFTP packet timeout, use the **transfer download tftpPktTimeout** command.

transfer download tftpPktTimeout timeout

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timeout

Timeout in seconds between 1 and 254.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

The following example shows how to transfer a file with the TFTP packet timeout of 55 seconds:

(Cisco Controller) > transfer download tftpPktTimeout 55

transfer download tftpMaxRetries

To specify the number of allowed TFTP packet retries, use the **transfer download tftpMaxRetries** command.

transfer do	wnload	tftpMax	Retries	retries
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Syntax Description	retries	Number of allowed TF and 254 seconds.	TP packet retries between 1
Command Default	None		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.	

The following example shows how to set the number of allowed TFTP packet retries to 55:

(Cisco Controller) > transfer download tftpMaxRetries 55

transfer download username

To specify the FTP username, use the transfer download username command.

transfer download username username

Syntax Description	username Username.		
Command Default	- None		
Command History	Releas	e Modification	
	7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.	

(Cisco Controller) > transfer download username ftp_username

transfer encrypt

To configure encryption for configuration file transfers, use the **transfer encrypt** command.

 $\textbf{transfer encrypt} \hspace{0.2cm} \{ \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{enable} \hspace{0.2cm} | \hspace{0.2cm} \textbf{disable} \hspace{0.2cm} | \hspace{0.2cm} \textbf{set-key} \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{key} \}$

Syntax Description

enable	Enables the encryption settings.
disable	Disables the encryption settings.
set-key	Specifies the encryption key for configuration file transfers.
key	Encryption key for config file transfers.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

The following example shows how to enable the encryption settings:

(Cisco Controller) > transfer encrypt enable

transfer upload datatype

To set the controller to upload specified log and crash files, use the **transfer upload datatype** command.

transfer upload datatype {ap-crash-data | config | coredump | crashfile | debug-file | eapcacert | eapdevcert | errorlog | invalid-config | ipseccacert | ipsecdevcert | pac | packet-capture | panic-crash-file | radio-core-dump | radius-avplist | rrm-log | run-config | signature | systemtrace | traplog | watchdog-crash-filewebadmincert | webauthbundle | webauthcert | webauth-ca-cert | yang-bundle}

Syntax Description

ap-crash-data	Uploads the AP crash files.
config	Uploads the system configuration file.
coredump	Uploads the core-dump file.
crashfile	Uploads the system crash file.
debug-file	Uploads the system's debug log file.
eapcacert	Uploads an EAP CA certificate.
eapdevcert	Uploads an EAP Dev certificate.
errorlog	Uploads the system error log file.
invalid-config	Uploads the system invalid-config file.
ipseccacert	Uploads CA certificate file.
ipsecdevcert	Uploads device certificate file.
pac	Uploads a Protected Access Credential (PAC).
packet-capture	Uploads a packet capture file.
panic-crash-file	Uploads the kernel panic information file.
radio-core-dump	Uploads the system error log.
radius-avplist	Uploads the XML file from the controller to the RADIUS server.
rrm-log	Uploads the system's trap log.
run-config	Upload the WLC's running configuration
signature	Uploads the system signature file.
systemtrace	Uploads the system trace file.
traplog	Uploads the system trap log.

watchdog-crash-file Uploads a console dump file resulting from software-watchdog-initiated controller rebefollowing a crash. webadmincert Uploads Web Admin certificate. webauthbundle Uploads a Web Auth bundle. webauthcert Upload a web certificate webauth-ca-cert Upload a Webhook CA certificate	
webauthbundle Uploads a Web Auth bundle. webauthcert Upload a web certificate webauth-ca-cert Upload a Webhook CA certificate	
webauthcert Upload a web certificate webauth-ca-cert Upload a Webhook CA certificate	
webauth-ca-cert Upload a Webhook CA certificate	
yang-bundle Upload the YANG files	

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.
8.0	The ipseccacert , ipsecdevcert , and radius-avplist options were introduced.
8.8	The webauth-ca-cert and yang-bundle options were introduced.

The following example shows how to upload the system error log file:

(Cisco Controller) > transfer upload datatype errorlog

transfer upload filename

To upload a specific file, use the **transfer upload filename** command.

 ${\bf transfer\ upload\ filename}\ filename$

Syntax Description	filename	Filename that contains up to 16 alphanumeric characters.
Command Default	None	
Command History	Release Modification	
	7.6 This command was introduced i	in a release earlier than Release 7.6.
Usage Guidelines	You cannot use special characters such as	$3 \setminus : *?" <> $ for the filename.
	The following example shows how to upl	load a file build603:
	(Cisco Controller) > transfer uploa	ad filename build603

transfer upload mode

To configure the transfer mode, use the $transfer\ upload\ mode\ command.$

transfer upload mode {ftp | tftp | sftp}

•	_	-		
Syntax	Hace	PIP	1tin	
SVIILAX	DCOL	JIII	Juu	,,

ftp	Sets the transfer mode to FTP.
tftp	Sets the transfer mode to TFTP.
sftp	Sets the transfer mode to SFTP.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

The following example shows how to set the transfer mode to TFTP:

(Cisco Controller) > transfer upload mode tftp

transfer upload pac

To load a Protected Access Credential (PAC) to support the local authentication feature and allow a client to import the PAC, use the **transfer upload pac** command.

transfer upload pac username validity password

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Syntay	Hace	rintion
Syntax	DCOC	HUUUH

username	User identity of the PAC.
validity	Validity period (days) of the PAC.
password	Password to protect the PAC.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

Usage Guidelines

The client upload process uses a TFTP or FTP server.

The following example shows how to upload a PAC with the username user1, validity period 53, and password pass01:

(Cisco Controller) > transfer upload pac user1 53 pass01

transfer upload password

To configure the password for FTP transfer, use the **transfer upload password** command.

•	_	
Syntax	Hecr	ıntı∧n
JVIIIIAA	DESCI	IDLIVII

password

Password needed to access the FTP server.

transfer upload password password

Command Default

None

Command History

Release Modification

7.6 This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

The following example shows how to configure the password for the FTP transfer to pass01:

(Cisco Controller) > transfer upload password pass01

transfer upload path

To set a specific upload path, use the **transfer upload path** command.

 ${\bf transfer\ upload\ path\ } path$

Syntax Description	path Server path to file.	
Command Default	None	
Command History	Release Modification	
	7.6 This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.	
Usage Guidelines	You cannot use special characters such as $\ : *?" <> \ $ for the file path.	
	The following example shows how to set the upload path to c:\install\version2:	

(Cisco Controller) > transfer upload path c:\install\version2

transfer upload peer-start

To upload a file to the peer WLC, use the **transfer upload peer-start** command.

transfer upload peer-start

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

Vone

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than
	Release 7.6.

The following example shows how to start uploading a file to the peer controller:

Transfer Canceled

transfer upload port

To specify the FTP port, use the **transfer upload port** command.

transfer upload port port

Syntax	Descri	ption
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port

Port number.

Command Default

The default FTP port is 21.

Command History

Release Modification

7.6 This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

The following example shows how to specify FTP port 23:

(Cisco Controller) > transfer upload port 23

transfer upload serverip

To configure the IPv4 or IPv6 address of the TFTP server to upload files to, use the **transfer upload serverip** command.

transfer upload serverip IP addr

Syntax D	escription	

ID	11
IP	aaar

TFTP Server IPv4 or IPv6 address.

Command Default

None

Command History

Release	Modification
7.6	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.
8.0	This command supports both IPv4 and IPv6 address formats.

The following example shows how to set the IPv4 address of the TFTP server to 175.31.56.78:

(Cisco Controller) > transfer upload serverip 175.31.56.78

The following example shows how to set the IPv6 address of the TFTP server to 175.31.56.78:

(Cisco Controller) > transfer upload serverip 2001:10:1:1::1

transfer upload start

To initiate an upload, use the **transfer upload start** command.

transfer upload start

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

Vone

Command History

Release Modification

7.6 This command was introduced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.

The following example shows how to initiate an upload of a file:

transfer upload username

To specify the FTP username, use the **transfer upload username** command.

transfer upload username

Syntax Description	username	Username required to access the FTP server. The username can contain up to 31 characters.
Command Default	None	
Command History	Release Modification	
	7.6 This command was intro	duced in a release earlier than Release 7.6.
	The following example shows how	v to set the FTP username to ftp_username:
	(Cisco Controller) > transfer	r upload username ftp_username

transfer upload username