



Password Expiration Notification

- [Feature Summary and Revision History, on page 1](#)
- [Feature Description, on page 2](#)
- [Upgrading and Downgrading Procedures Using Save Configuration Command, on page 3](#)

Feature Summary and Revision History

Summary Data

Applicable Product or Functional Area	• P-GW
Applicable Platforms	• ASR 5500 • VPC-DI • VPC-SI
Feature Default	Enabled - Always-on
Related Changes in This Release	Not Applicable
Related Documentation	• <i>P-GW Administration Guide</i> • <i>Command Line Interface Reference</i>

Revision History

Revision Details	Release
This feature is enhanced with a new option to the <code>save config</code> command. The enhancement supports downgrade and ensures that the user profiles do not get lost after downgrade.	21.25.3
In this release, P-GW supports password expiration notification to Context/AAA/Radius users.	21.23

Feature Description

In StarOS, if the password is not reset before the expiration date, you get locked from the P-GW. You are allowed to log in back only when the password is reset by the administrators manually.

In the StarOS 21.23 and the later releases, StarOs is enhanced to provide password expiration notification to Context/AAA/Radius users. P-GW supports configuration and expiration of passwords for Administrators, Config Administrators, Inspectors, and Operators. Following provisions are supported:

- Specify the password warning interval-. It gives a warning to the user about password expiry.
- Specify the password grace interval-. During this grace interval user can change the password by themselves rather than approaching the Administrator every time.
- Warning interval and Grace interval have a global configuration under a context. If the user level configuration does not specify either of these values, global values under the context take effect.

The default values of the parameters are according to Security Guidelines.

- Expiry Interval – Max age of the password (90 days default)
- Warn Interval – Warning period before password expiry (30 days default). You get a warning about approaching password expiry. You can continue without changing the password.
- Grace Interval – Days after password expiry, you can use the old password. Beyond the grace period, you are not able to log in with the old password. Admin has to reset the password for you.

For example:

```
login: xxx
password: xxx
```

```
Case 1: [Normal]
# {you are logged in}
```

```
Case 2: [When in warning period]
Warning: Your password is about to expire in 0 days.
We recommend you to change password after login.
Logins are not allowed without acknowledging this.
Do you wish to continue [y/n] (times out in 30 seconds) :
```

```
Case 3: [when in grace period]
Your password has expired
Current password:
New password:
Repeat new password:
```

```
Case 4: [after the grace period]
Password Expired (even beyond grace period, if configured). Contact Security Administrator
to reset password
```

Upgrade and Downgrade Enhancement for Password Expiration Notification

The StarOS 21.25.2 release enhances the password expiration notification feature with the upgrade and downgrade processes.

Password Expiry Notification feature has introduced many new keywords in Subscriber configuration such as **max-age**, **exp-grace-interval**, and **exp-warn-interval**. These new parameters are configured at the Context

Global level. Context Global level parameters are used when per user level configuration is not configured with a default value. For example, for the **max-age** of the password, the default value is 90 days.

For the user profiles with no 'expiry-date' at per user level, startup config takes an expiry date of 90 days for that user. This problem can be solved by manually editing the startup configuration file, but this solution leads to issues when users are distributed across locations.

In case if downgrade is needed, user profiles are lost as new keywords are not valid for older releases.

With the password expiration notification enhancement, the upgrade procedure is updated, and the downgrade process is changed with the help of new `save config` CLI option, **legacy-password-expiry**.

Upgrading and Downgrading Procedures Using Save Configuration Command

Use the following upgrade process:

- Before upgrade, add '**no password max-age**' command at context level, in all contexts where users are configured, in the startup configuration.
- When reloading with image using the updated startup config, all users that are configured without an expiry date pickup the context level configuration by default and set the user level **no-max-age** keyword automatically.

Use the following downgrade process:

Use the new CLI option, **legacy-password-expiry** in the `save config` command, based on which new keywords are not be saved. Configuration is stored in a format which previous release recognizes.

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

```
configure
context host_name
    save configuration url [ confd | ignore-locks | obsolete-encryption
| showsecrets | verbose ] [ -redundant ] [ -noconfirm ]
[legacy-password-expiry]
```

Notes:

- **save configuration *config-file-path* legacy-password-expiry:**

Generates a backward compatible file by removing new Expiry Notification keywords, which were introduced as part of Password Expiry Notification feature in StarOS 21.23 release. The new `save config` CLI option makes the configuration compatible with older StartOS versions in which the Password Expiry Notification feature is not present.

