

# **System Management Commands**

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# ap-type

To configure the AP type for an AP, use the **ap-type** command.

ap-type {capwap | mobility-express word | workgroup-bridge}

### **Syntax Description**

capwap	Enable the AP as CAPWAP AP type
mobility-express	Enable the AP as Mobility Express AP type
word	Enter the TFTP transfer command details in following format:
	$tftp: \hspace{-0.1cm} \textit{   } tftp\text{-server-ip-address} \hspace{-0.1cm} \textit{>} (filename with path from root) \\$
workgroup-bridge	Enable the Workgroup Bridge(WGB) AP type

### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
8.1.111.0	This command was introduced.
8.8.120.0	This command was enhanced by added <b>workgroup-bridge</b> parameter.

### **Examples**

The following example shows how to configure the AP type to CAPWAP:

cisco-ap# ap-type capwap

# archive

To download the AP image, use the archive command.

 $archive \ download\text{-}sw \ \{/no\text{-}reload \ | \ /reload \ | \ capwap \ \mathit{word}\}$ 

### **Syntax Description**

download-sw	Software download commands
/no-reload	No-reload after loading the image
/reload	Reload after loading the image
capwap	Download the image from the Cisco WLC
word	Enter the image details in the ap image type ap3g3/ap1g4 format

### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
8.1.111.0	This command was introduced.

# copy

To copy a file, use the **copy** command.

**copy** {**cores** filename [**scp:** scp-url | **tftp:** tftp-url] | **flash** filename [**scp:** scp-url | **tftp:** tftp-url] | **support-bundle** [**scp:** scp-url | **tftp:** tftp-url] | **syslogs** [filename {**scp:** scp-url | **tftp:** tftp-url] }

### **Syntax Description**

cores	Applies the action on a core file
filename	Name of the file
scp:	Uses the SCP protocol
scp-url	Enter the SCP URL in the following format:
	username@A.B.C.D:[/dir]/filename
tftp:	Uses the TFTP protocol
tftp-url	Enter the TFTP URL in the following format:
	A.B.C.D[/dir]/filename
flash	Applies the action on a flash file
support-bundle	Copies the support bundle to the server
syslogs	Applies the action on the syslog file

### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
8.1.111.0	This command was introduced.

# delete

To delete a file, use the **delete** command.

delete { /force | /recursive | /rf } cores filename

### **Syntax Description**

/force	Force delete
/recursive	Recursive delete
/rf	Recursive force delete
cores	Apply action on a core file
filename	Filename to delete

### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
8.1.111.0	This command was introduced.

### **Examples**

The following example shows how to delete a file:

cisco-ap# delete /rf cores file-name

# disable

To turn off privileged commands, use the **disable** command.

### disable

### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

### **Command History**

### **Release Modification**

8.1.111.0 This command was introduced.

### **Examples**

The following example shows how to turn off privileged commands:

cisco-ap# disable

# enable

To turn on privileged commands, use the **enable** command.

### enable

### **Command Modes**

User EXEC (>)

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
8.1.111.0	This command was introduced.

### **Examples**

The following example shows how to turn on privileged commands:

cisco-ap> enable

# exec-timeout

To set the exec-timeout, use the **exec-timeout** command.

exec-timeout timeout-value

**Syntax Description** 

timeout-value Timeout value; valid values range between 0 to 2147483647

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC (#)

**Command History** 

**Release Modification** 

8.1.111.0 This command was introduced.

### **Examples**

The following example shows how to set the exec-timeout to 20 seconds:

cisco-ap# exec-timeout 20

# logging

To log commands, use the **logging** command.

### **Syntax Description**

console	Console logging
host	Configure syslog server
disable	Disable syslog host logging
enable	Enable syslog server
clear	Clear syslog server IP
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### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
8.1.111.0	This command was introduced.

### **Examples**

The following example shows how to enable console logging:

cisco-ap# logging console

### more

To display a file, use the **more** command.

more {flash | syslog} file-name

### **Syntax Description**

flash Apply action on a flash file

**syslog** Apply action on syslog file

name File name

### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

### **Command History**

### **Release Modification**

8.1.111.0 This command was introduced.

### **Examples**

The following example shows how to display a sylog file named test-log:

cisco-ap# more syslog test-log

## reload

To halt the access point or perform a reboot, use the **reload** command.

reload [{at hours minutes day-of-month year | cancel | in minutes | reason reason-string}]

### **Syntax Description**

at Reload the AP at a specific date and time

This keyword takes the hour, minute, day of the month, month, and year as parameters; valid values for the keywords are as follows:

• hour: 0 to 23

• minutes: 0 to 59

• day-of-the-month: 1 to 31

month: 1 to 12 year: 2015-2099

#### cancel Cancels the pending reload

in Reload after a time interval, which you should specify in terms of minutes; valid values are between 1 to 1440 minutes

reason A string specifying the reason for the reload

### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

### **Command History**

### Release Modification

8.1.111.0 This command was introduced.

### **Examples**

The following example shows how to reload the AP in 10 minutes:

cisco-ap# reload in 10

## terminal

To configure terminal parameters, use the **terminal** command.

terminal {length | monitor [disable ] | type word | width no-of-characters}

### **Syntax Description**

**length** Speficies the number of lines on the screen. Valid values are between 0 to 512. Enter 0 if you do not want the outputs to pause.

**monitor** Specifies the debug output to the current terminal line. Press the enter key to enable monitoring. To disable monitoring, enter the keyword **disable**.

**type** Specifies the terminal type

width Specifies the width of the display terminal; valid values are between 0 to 132

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

### **Command History**

#### **Release Modification**

8.1.111.0 This command was introduced.

### **Examples**

The following example shows how to configure the terminal length to 50 lines:

cisco-ap# terminal length 50