



## MRA Overview

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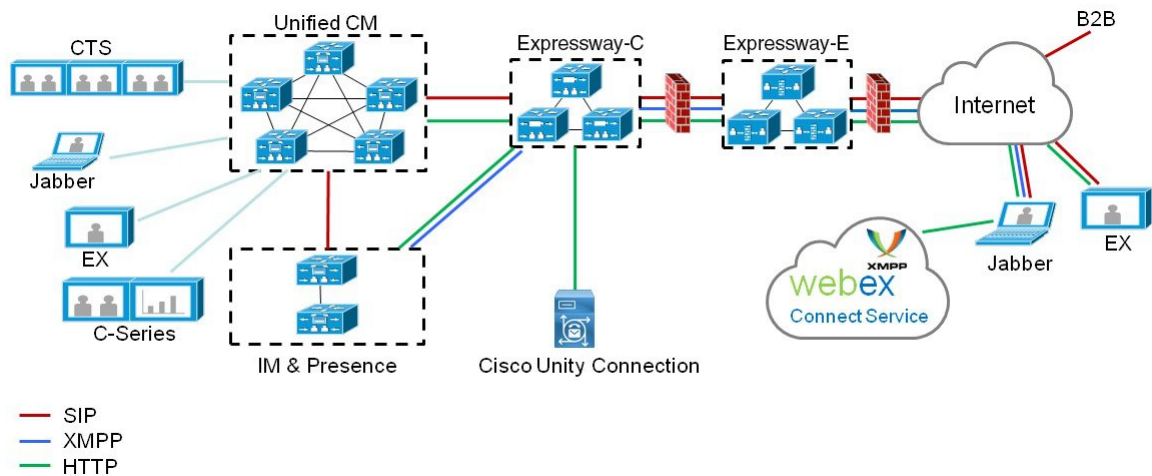
## About Mobile and Remote Access

Cisco Unified Communications Mobile and Remote Access (MRA) is part of the Cisco Collaboration Edge Architecture. MRA allows endpoints such as Cisco Jabber to have their registration, call control, provisioning, messaging, and presence services provided by Cisco Unified Communications Manager (Unified CM) when the endpoint is outside the enterprise network. The Expressway provides secure firewall traversal and line-side support for Unified CM registrations.

The MRA solution provides the following functions:

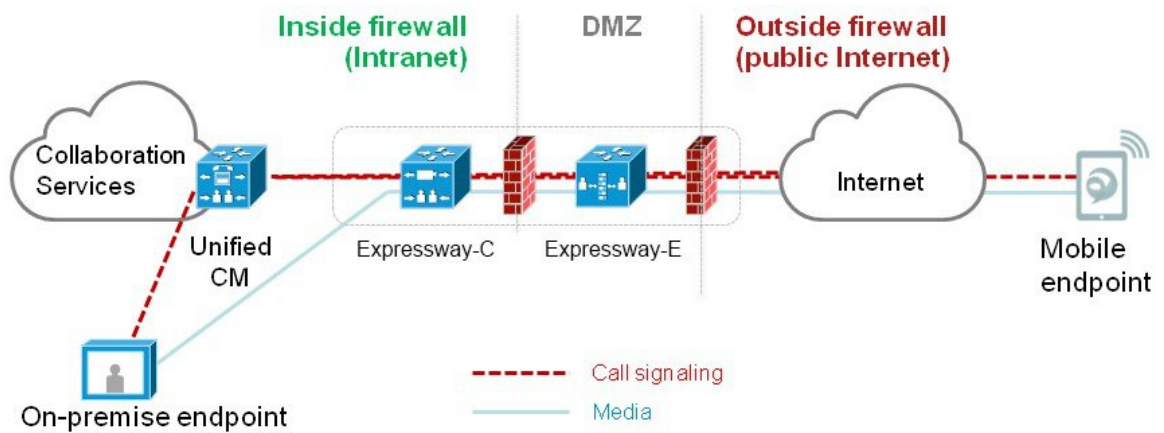
- **Off-premises access:** a consistent experience outside the network for Jabber and EX/MX/SX Series clients
- **Security:** secure business-to-business communications
- **Cloud services:** enterprise grade flexibility and scalable solutions providing rich Cisco Webex integration and service provider offerings
- **Gateway and interoperability services:** media and signaling normalization, and support for nonstandard endpoints

Figure 1: Unified Communications: Mobile and Remote Access

**Note**

Third-party SIP or H.323 devices can register to the Expressway-C and, if necessary, interoperate with Unified CM-registered devices over a SIP trunk.

Figure 2: Typical Call Flow - Signaling and Media Paths



Unified CM provides call control for both mobile and on-premise endpoints. Signaling traverses the Expressway solution between the mobile endpoint and Unified CM. Media traverses the Expressway solution, which relays the media between the endpoints directly. All media is encrypted between the Expressway-C and the mobile endpoint.

## Core Components

Any MRA solution requires Expressway and Unified CM, with MRA-compatible soft clients and/or fixed endpoints. The solution can optionally include the IM and Presence Service and Unity Connection. This guide assumes that you have already set up the following:

- A basic Expressway-C and Expressway-E configuration, as specified in the [Expressway Basic Configuration Deployment Guide](#) (The document describes the networking options for deploying Expressway-E in the DMZ.)
- Unified CM and IM and Presence Service are configured as specified in the configuration and management guides for your version, at [Cisco Unified Communications Manager Configuration Guides](#).
- If used, IM and Presence Service and/or Unity Connection are similarly configured as specified in the relevant [Cisco Unified Communications Manager Configuration Guides](#).

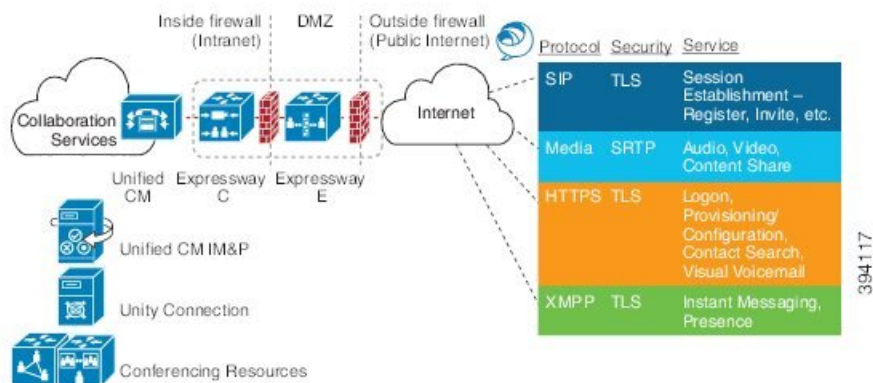
## Protocol Summary

The following table lists the protocols and associated services used in the Unified Communications solution.

**Table 1: Protocols and Associated Services**

Protocol	Security	Services
SIP	TLS	Session establishment – Register, Invite etc.
HTTPS	TLS	Logon, provisioning, configuration, directory, Visual Voicemail
Media	SRTP	Media - audio, video, content sharing
XMPP	TLS	Instant Messaging, Presence, Federation

**Figure 3: Protocol Workload Summary**



## Jabber Client Connectivity Without VPN

The MRA solution supports a hybrid on-premises and cloud-based service model, providing a consistent experience inside and outside the enterprise. MRA provides a secure connection for Jabber application traffic and other devices with the required capabilities to communicate without having to connect to the corporate network over a VPN. It is a device and operating system agnostic solution for Cisco Jabber clients on Windows, Mac, iOS and Android platforms.

MRA allows Jabber clients that are outside the enterprise to do the following:

- Use Instant Messaging and Presence services
- Make voice and video calls
- Search the corporate directory
- Share content
- Launch a web conference
- Access visual voicemail



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**Note** Cisco Jabber Video for TelePresence (Jabber Video) does not work with MRA.

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## Deployment Scenarios

This section describes the supported deployment environments:

- Single network elements
- Single clustered network elements
- Multiple clustered network elements
- Hybrid deployment

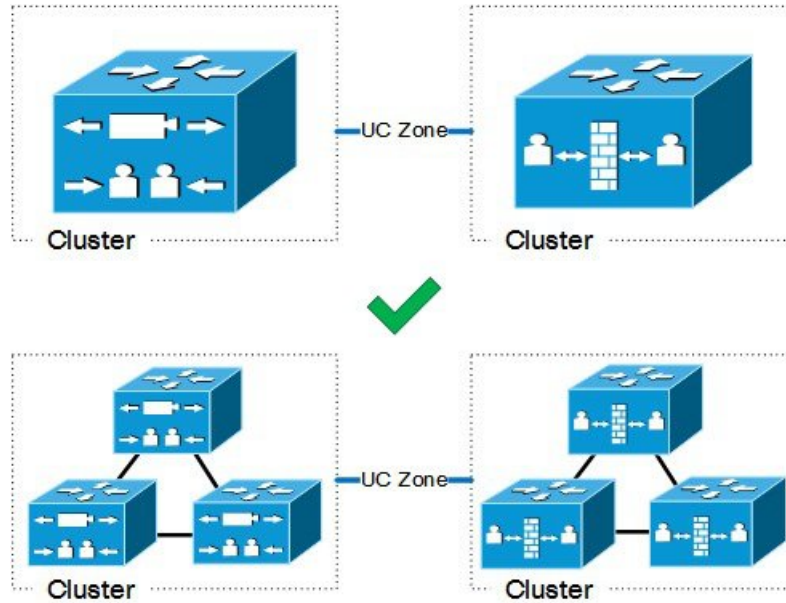


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**Note** The only supported Mobile and Remote Access deployments are based on one-to-one Unified Communications zones between Expressway-C clusters and Expressway-E clusters.

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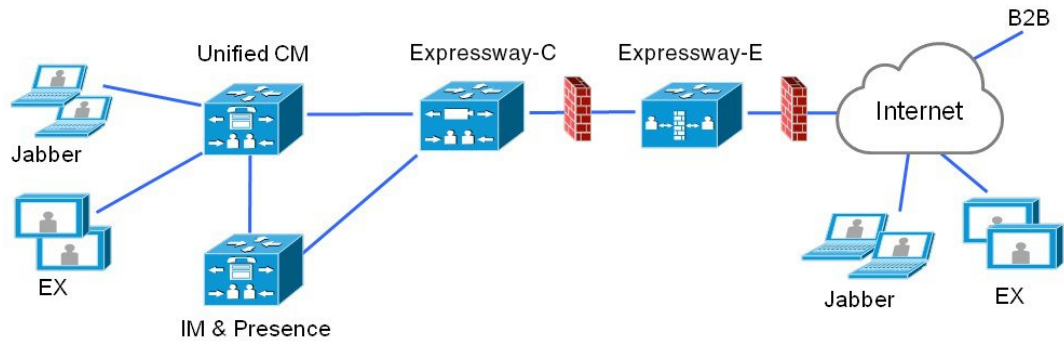
Figure 4: Supported MRA Traversal Connections



## MRA with Standalone Network Elements

This scenario includes standalone (non-clustered) Unified CM, IM and Presence Service, Expressway-C, and Expressway-E servers.

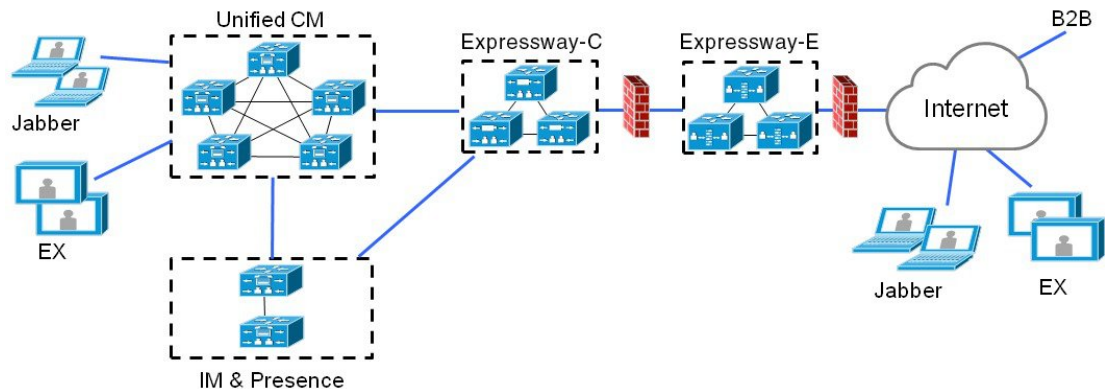
Figure 5: Standalone Network Elements



## MRA with Clustered Network

In this scenario, each network element is clustered.

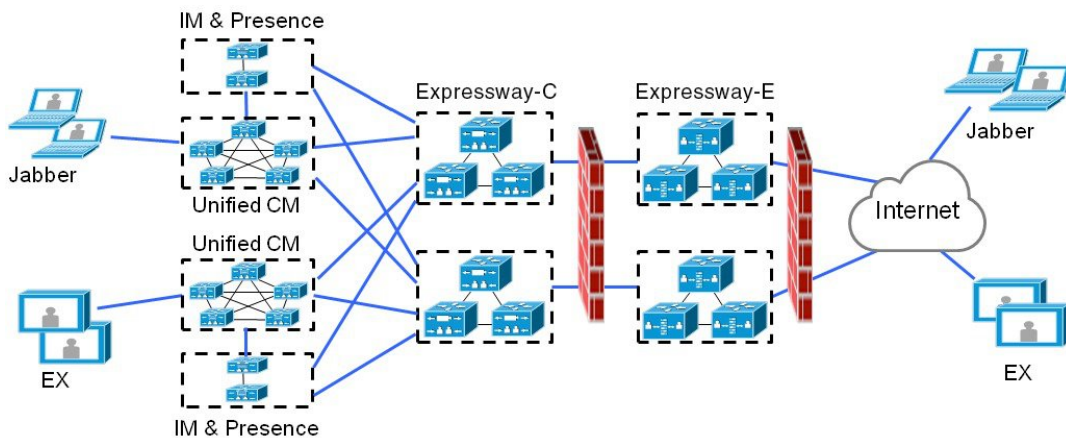
Figure 6: Single Clustered Network Elements



## MRA with Multiple Clustered Networks

In this scenario, there are multiple clusters of each network element.

Figure 7: Multiple Clustered Network Elements



- Jabber clients can access their own cluster through any route.
- Expressway-C uses round robin to select a node (publisher or subscriber) when routing home cluster discovery requests.
- Each combination of Unified CM and IM and Presence Service clusters must use the same domain.
- Intercluster peering must be set up between the IM and Presence Service clusters, and the Intercluster Sync Agent (ICSA) must be active.

### Multiple Unified CM Clusters

If your MRA deployment includes multiple Unified CM clusters, configure Home Cluster Discovery for Unified CM. Expressway-C requires this configuration to direct MRA users to the correct home Unified CM cluster. Use either of the following configuration methods:

- Configure an Intercluster Lookup Service (ILS) network between your remote Unified CM clusters. ILS cluster discovery finds and connects your remote Unified CM clusters into an intercluster network, populating the Cluster View on each cluster. ILS is the preferred option for larger intercluster networks, and also if you also want to replicate your enterprise dial plan across all Unified CM clusters. However, note that MRA doesn't require dial plan replication to work.
- Configure each Unified CM cluster with a list of all the remote clusters under the Unified CM **Advanced Features** > **Cluster View** menu. This option does not allow for dial plan replication.

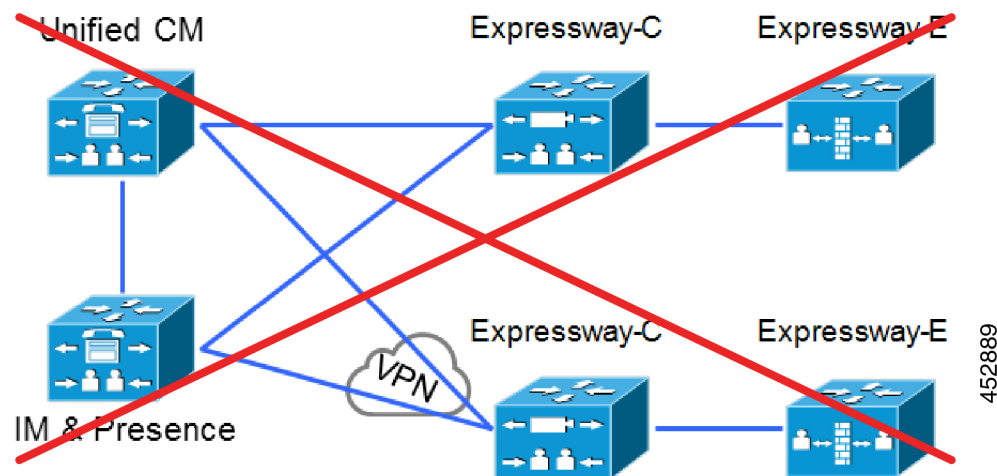
## Unsupported Deployments

This topic highlights some deployments that are not supported over MRA.

### VPN Links

MRA doesn't support VPN links between the Expressway-C and the Unified CM services / clusters.

*Figure 8: VPN Links Unsupported*



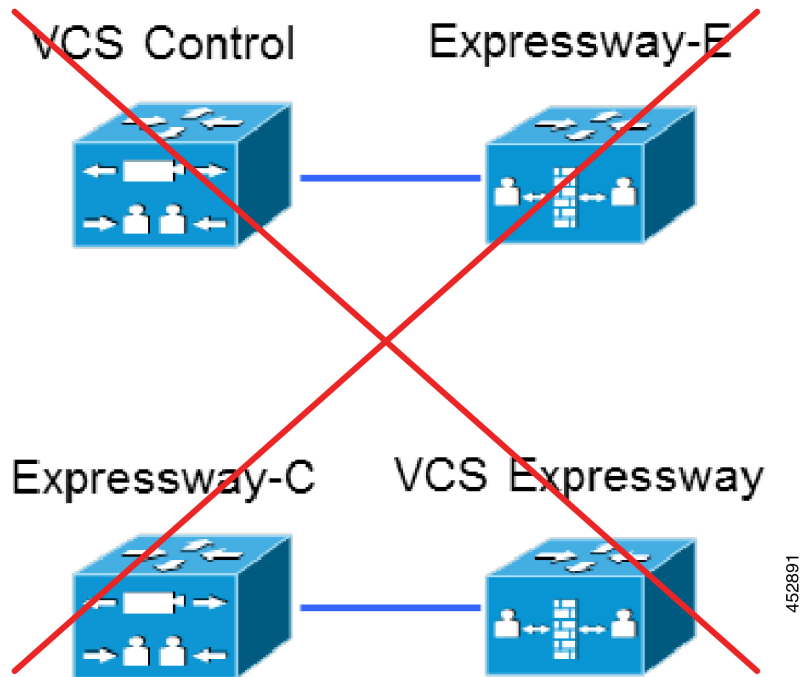
### Traversal Zones Between VCS Series and Expressway Series

MRA doesn't support "Mixed" traversal connections. Even though it's possible to configure traversal zones between Cisco VCS and Cisco Expressway, MRA doesn't support them.

Explicitly, we don't support VCS Control traversal to Expressway-E, nor do we support Expressway-C traversal to VCS Expressway.



Figure 9: Mixed Traversal Zones



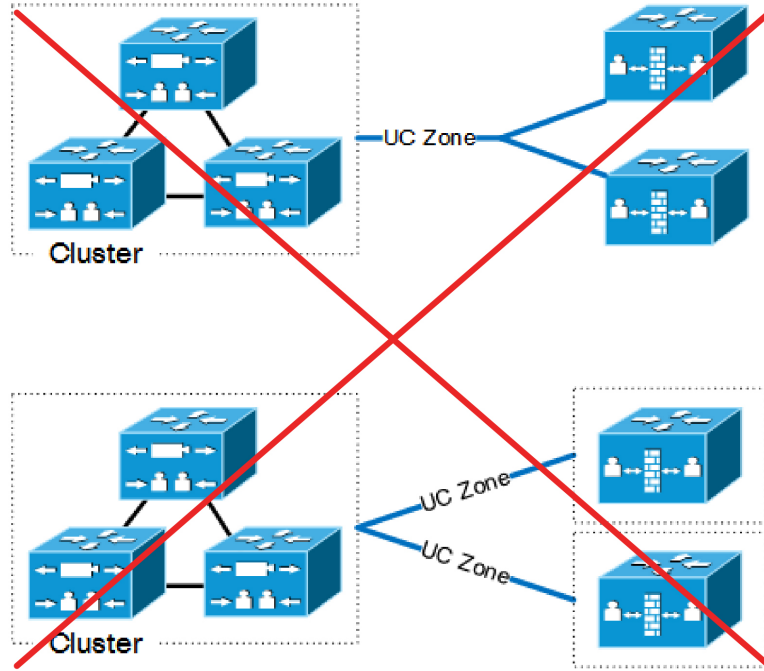
#### Unclustered or Many-to-One Traversal Connections

We don't support Unified Communications zones from one Expressway-C cluster to multiple unclustered Expressway-Es.

We also don't support multiple Unified Communications zones from one Expressway-C cluster to multiple Expressway-Es or Expressway-E clusters.



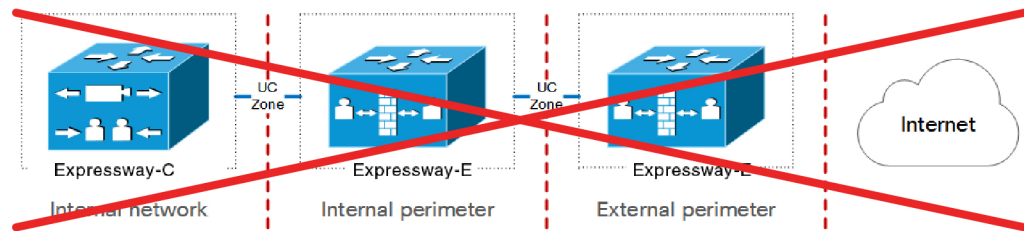
Figure 10: Unclustered or Many-to-One Traversal Connections



**Nested Perimeter Networks**

MRA doesn't support chained traversal connections (using multiple Expressway-Es to cross multiple firewalls). You can't use Expressway-E to give Mobile and Remote Access to endpoints that must traverse a nested perimeter network to call internal endpoints.

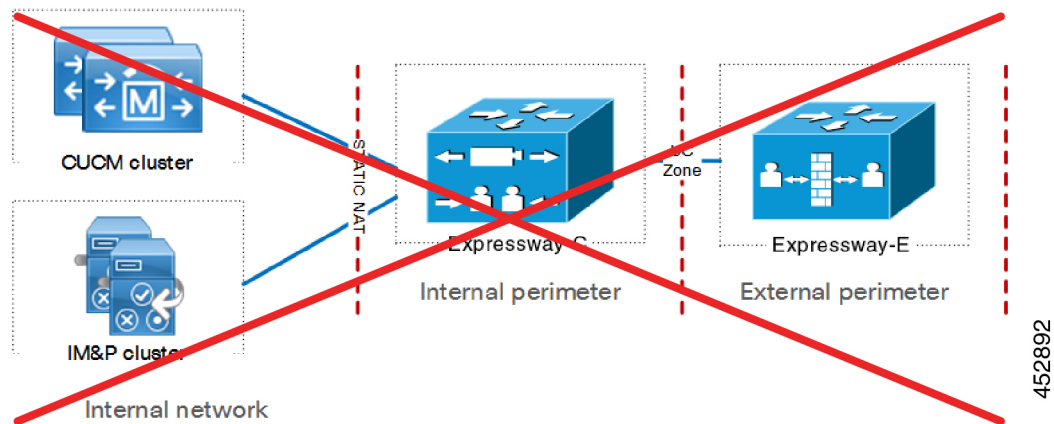
Figure 11: Nested Perimeter Networks



**Expressway-C in DMZ with Static NAT**

We don't support Expressway-C in a DMZ that uses static NAT. Static NAT firewall traversal requires SDP rewriting, which Expressway-C doesn't support—use the Expressway-E instead.

Figure 12: Expressway-C in DMZ with Static NAT



## Unsupported Expressway Combinations

The following major Expressway-based deployments don't work together. You can't implement them together on the same Expressway (or traversal pair):

- Mobile and Remote Access
- Microsoft interoperability, using the Expressway-C-based B2BUA
- Jabber Guest services

## Capacity Information

For details on MRA registration limits and other capacity information, refer to “Cluster License Usage and Capacity Guidelines” in *Cisco Expressway Administrator Guide*. You can find this guide on the [Expressway configuration guides](#) page.