

# **MRA Deployment Scenarios**

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# **Deployment Scope**

The following major Expressway-based deployments do not work together. They cannot be implemented together on the same Expressway (or traversal pair):

- Mobile and Remote Access
- Microsoft interoperability, using the Expressway-C-based B2BUA
- · Jabber Guest services

# **Deployment Scenarios**

This section describes the supported deployment environments:

- Single network elements
- Single clustered network elements
- Multiple clustered network elements
- · Hybrid deployment



Note

The only supported Mobile and Remote Access deployments are based on one-to-one Unified Communications zones between Expressway-C clusters and Expressway-E clusters.

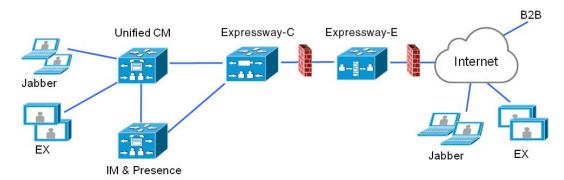
Cluster Cluster

Figure 1: Supported MRA Traversal Connections433240

#### **MRA** with Standalone Network Elements

In this scenario there are single (non-clustered) Unified CM, IM and Presence Service, Expressway-C, and Expressway-E servers.

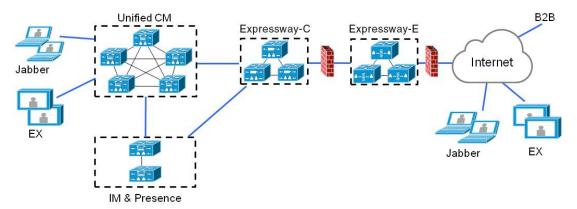
Figure 2: Single Clustered Network Elements



### **MRA** with Clustered Network

In this scenario each network element is clustered.

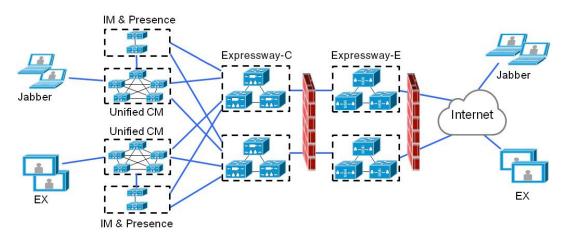
Figure 3: Single Clustered Network Elements



### **MRA** with Multiple Clustered Networks

In this scenario there are multiple clusters of each network element.

Figure 4: Multiple Clustered Network Elements

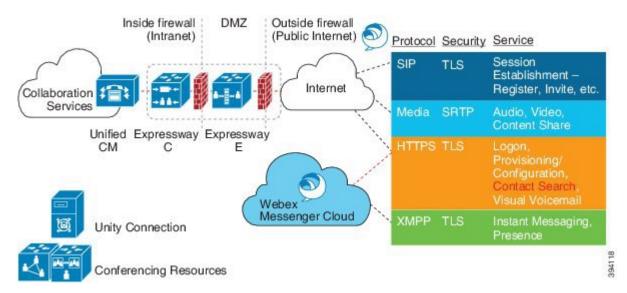


- Jabber clients can access their own cluster through any route.
- Expressway-C uses round robin to select a node (publisher or subscriber) when routing home cluster discovery requests.
- Each combination of Unified CM and IM and Presence Service clusters must use the same domain.
- Intercluster Lookup Service (ILS) must be active on the Unified CM clusters.
- Intercluster peer links must be configured between the IM and Presence Service clusters, and the Intercluster Sync Agent (ICSA) must be active.

### MRA as a Hybrid Deployment (using WebEx Cloud)

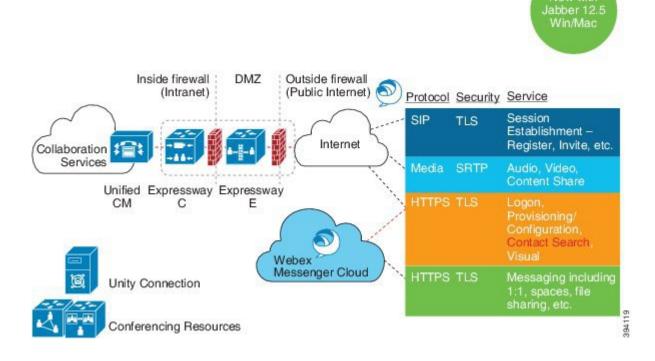
In this scenario, IM and Presence Service for Jabber clients are provided via the Webex cloud.

Figure 5: Hybrid Deployment



## **Jabber with Team Messaging Mode**

Figure 6: Jabber with Team Messaging Mode

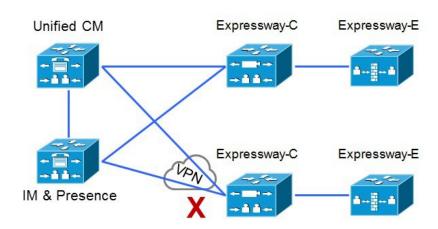


## **Unsupported Deployments**

#### **VPN** Links

VPN links, between the Expressway-C and the Unified CM services / clusters, are not supported.

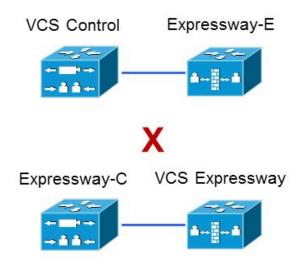
Figure 7: VPN Links Unsupported



## **Traversal Zones Between VCS Series and Expressway Series**

"Mixed" traversal connections are not supported. That is, we do not support traversal zones, or Unified Communications traversal zones, between Cisco VCS and Cisco Expressway even though it is possible to configure these zones.

Figure 8: Mixed Traversal Zones



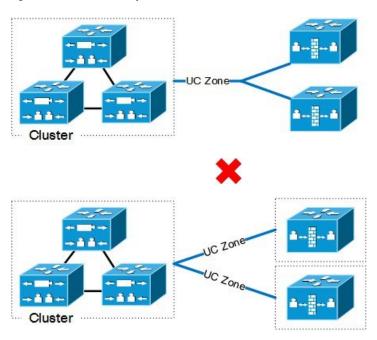
Explicitly, we do not support VCS Control traversal to Expressway-E, nor do we support Expressway-C traversal to VCS Expressway.

### **Unclustered or Many-to-One Traversal Connections**

We do not support Unified Communications zones from one Expressway-C cluster to multiple unclustered Expressway-Es.

We also do not support multiple Unified Communications zones from one Expressway-C cluster to multiple Expressway-Es or Expressway-E clusters.

Figure 9: Unclustered or Many-to-One Traversal Connections

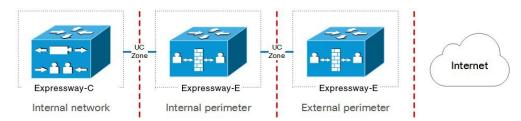


#### **Nested Perimeter Networks**

MRA is not currently supported over chained traversal connections (using multiple Expressway-Es to cross multiple firewalls).

This means that you cannot use Expressway-E to give Mobile and Remote Access to endpoints that must traverse a nested perimeter network to call internal endpoints.

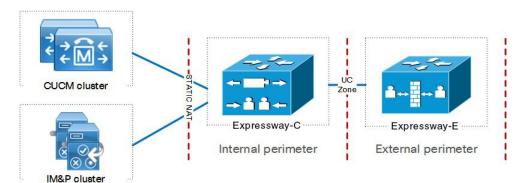
Figure 10: Nested Perimeter Networks



## **Expressway-C in DMZ with Static NAT**

We do not support Expressway-C in a DMZ that uses static NAT. This is because the Expressway-C does not perform the SDP rewriting that is required to traverse static NAT-enabled firewalls. You should use the Expressway-E for this purpose.

Figure 11: Expressway-C in DMZ with Static NAT



Internal network

You could potentially place the Expressway-C in a DMZ that does not use static NAT, but we strongly discourage this deployment because it requires a lot of management on the inmost firewall. We always recommend placing the Expressway-C in the internal network.

Expressway-C in DMZ with Static NAT