

Ethernet Card Testing

- Ethernet Cards for Silent Monitor, page 1
- Test Procedure, page 1

Ethernet Cards for Silent Monitor

On a site with IP telephony, the Unified CM and the IP Phones normally use a Virtual Local Area Network (VLAN) that logically separates voice from data. Although both traffic types are on the same physical channel, they are sent on different VLANs, one for voice and other for data. This configuration enables you to send voice with higher priority than data.

In a call center with silent monitoring, the agent desktop system uses one single physical channel to interact with two different VLANs. You connect the agent desktop system to the PC port on the back of the IP phone. Then, the silent monitor subsystem can collect the voice packets reaching the phone and forward the packets to the supervisor workstation.

The agent desktop system accesses the physical channel through an Ethernet Network Interface Controller (NIC). The NIC monitors the channel and collects Ethernet frames addressed to the agent's computer. The NIC runs a preprocessing step to extract IP packets from the Ethernet frames and deliver them to the TCP/IP stack on the operating system.

During internal testing, Cisco identified that some Ethernet NIC card drivers cannot preprocess Ethernet frames that have an IP packet encapsulated in a VLAN frame. The NIC card driver discards the Ethernet frame if the IP packet is encapsulated in an 802.1Q frame. Some vendors can provide a configuration setting that allows their NIC card driver to forward VLAN traffic to the TCP/IP stack.

If an agent desktop's NIC card driver discards VLAN traffic, then the silent monitor subsystem on that desktop cannot collect and forward voice packets. Silent monitor cannot function properly on such a NIC. Cisco developed a procedure to determine if a particular Ethernet NIC card driver works with the CTI OS silent monitor. The procedure is described in the following sections.

Test Procedure

The test involves sending sample VLAN packets to a *Test Target NIC* card and verifying that the packets are not discarded by the pre-processing step but are passed onto the TCP/IP stack on the operating system at the computer hosting the NIC card.

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The test requires a configuration as shown in the following diagram.

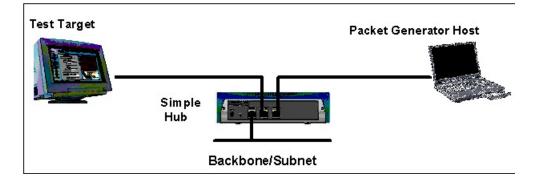


Figure 1: Silent Monitor Ethernet Card Test Configuration

The Test Target NIC is connected to one port of a simple Hub. The Hub is connected to the network backbone or subnet. You also need a *Packet Generator Host* capable of generating Ethernet traffic. You must connect the *Packet Generator Host* to another port on the Hub.

The *Packet Generator Host* equipment can be either a dedicated packet analyzer or a computer with a software-based packet analyzer with capabilities to generate Ethernet traffic.

You can use several available software packet analyzers that can be used for this purpose. For more information about reliable analyzers, visit the *Cooperative Association for Internet Data Analysis* website at http://www.caida.org/tools/taxonomy/workload.xml.

The following sections demonstrate the use of Sniffer Pro.

After you set up the environment as described above you must load the software tools on the *Test Target and Packet Generator Host* as follows.

Prepare Test Target

Procedure

- **Step 1** Install the *WinPcap* utility. The WinPcap installation program is located at the root directory on the Cisco Computer Telephony Integration CTI Object Server CD.
- **Step 2** Create a directory on the *Test Target* computer named "VLANTest".
- **Step 3** From the Cisco Computer Telephony Integration CTI Object Server CD, copy WinDump.exe and place it in the directory you created in Step 2. (*WinDump is located on the CD under CtiOS\Tools\VLANTest\WinDump.*)
- Step 4 Open a console window. Go to the directory where you copied WinDump.exe.
- **Step 5** Determine the MAC address of the *Test Target NIC* by executing *ipconfig /all* at the command prompt. Write down the number that appears for the Physical Address. For example, the "Intel Pro/100" NIC card has a MAC address of **00D059d8f7d9**.

Figure 2: Determining the Test Target NIC MAC Address

_	1P Routing Enabled	DU ATTRON		No.
	WINS Proxy Enabled.		- 1	
	DNS Suffix Search List.			cieco com
	DMS SUFFIX Search Dist		•	C13C0.C0M
therne	t adapter Local Area Connect	ion 2		
	Connection-specific DNS Suf	fix	. :	cisco.com
	Description			Cisco Systems 358 Series PCNCIA Wi
	Physical Address		. :	00-09-43-74-55-94
	DHCP Enabled Enabled .			Yes
	Autoconfiguration Enabled .			Yes
	IP Address			10.86.165.239
	Subnet Mask			
	Default Gateway			10.86.164.1
	DHCP Server			
	DNS Servers			161.44.124.122
				64.182.6.247
				171.68.226.120
	Prinary WINS Server			161.44.122.10
	Secondary WINS Server			64.102.2.51
	Lease Obtained		. :	Friday, August 08, 2003 5:39:41 PM
	Lease Expires			Saturday, August 09, 2003 1:39:41
hern	t adapter Local Area Connect	ion:		
	Connection-specific DNS Suf	fix		cisco.com
	Description			Intel(R) PRO/198 UE Network Connec
	Physical Address			00-D0-59-D8-F7-D9
	DHCP Enabled			Yes
	Autoconfiguration Enabled .			Yes
	IP Address			10.86.139.153
	Subnet Mask		. 1	255,255,255,128
	Default Gateway			10 86 139 129

- **Step 6** Determine the device interface number of the *Test Target NIC*. Execute **windump –D** and write down the number of the NIC you want to test. In this example, you would choose interface number 1, which corresponds to the "Intel Pro/100" NIC card.
 - **Note** If you are not sure which number to pick, repeat the test for each card until the test succeeds for one (sufficient to pass) or this fails for all cards.

Step 7 Start WinDump to monitor the *Test Target NIC* for incoming VLAN packets. To do this execute windump -i <device_number> vlan. In the following example the *device_number* is 1.

Figure 3: Monitoring the Test Target NIC for Incoming VLAN Packets

C:\WINNT\system32\cmd.exe - windump -i 1 vlan	
:\Development\ULAN Testing\UinDump\vindump -i 1 vlan indump: listening on \Device\NPF_(SE18F3A4-4257-46C3-9ADD-A33EDC591C3C	÷.
(•

Prepare Packet Generator Host

Perform the following steps to prepare the packet generator host.

Procedure

Step 1	Load the packet analyzer software onto your Packet Generator Host.
Step 2	Load the sample capture file provided in the Cisco Computer Telephony Integration CTI Object Server CD (Ctios\Tools\VLANTest\VLANCapture\VLANSamplePackets.cap). The capture file was generated in a format that is used by most dedicated and software packet analyzers.
Step 3	Select the Decode view from the tab at the bottom of the screen.

Executing a Test

The test involves sending sample VLAN packets to a *Test Target NIC* card and verifying that the packet is not discarded by the pre-processing step but is passed onto the TCP/IP stack on the computer hosting the NIC card.

The test case to determine whether or not the *Test Target NIC* is qualified to work with CTI OS silent monitor is as follows. (In the test case nomenclature, PA stands for Packet Analyzer and WD stands for WinDump.)

Objective	Verify that the Test Target NIC can pre-process VLAN packets and forward th the TCP/IP stack on the Test Target Host.			
Steps	Party	Action		

Table 1: SMNIC- 1 Send Sample VLAN Packets to Test Target NIC Card

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1	PA	Select one of the loaded sample VLAN Packets.
2	PA	Select or right-click "Send Current Frame".
3	PA	Modify the destination MAC address to use the MAC address of the Test target NIC (for more information, see the figure "Modifying the destination MAC address" below).
4	PA	Send the new frame to the Test Target NIC five times.
5	WD	Verify that there is activity reported on the Test Target NIC.
Expected Result	more information, s	omputer <i>windump</i> displays five packets for VLAN ID = 85 (for see the figure "Sample output showing successful packet capture" ails, no packets appear.

Figure 4: Modifying the Destination MAC Address

	A, Ethernet (Line speed at 100 Mbps)	
Ele Monitor Ca	ipture <u>Display</u> <u>I</u> cols Database <u>Window</u> <u>H</u> elp	
► 0 = 23	a dh 🖄 Defaut 👻	
and sets		
	8 😣 🛤 🗰 📾 🙉 🖄 🖄 🚳 🚳	
L VLANSample	ePackets.cap: Decode, 1/2089 Ethernet Frames	_ 🗆 🗵
No. Stat	tus Source Address Dest Address Summary	
1 N		=180
Ra		-180
	[[10.00.224.243][[10.00.224.210]]00F. D-20902 D-21902 1EM	× 100
		<u> </u>
DLC	: Destination = Station Cisco 409823	*
	end current frame	2 ×
	Configuration	
-0.81	-	
-5 81		
-5 81		N
3 81	C 101 % of network utilization	n
-5 81		
18 1		
	Packet	
3 81	Packet Data frest Size: 218 Destination MAC Address VLA	-
	Data (heri) Size: 218 Destination MAC Address VLA	
- 5 8i	Data (hes) Size: 218 Destination MAC Address VLA 00000: 00:00:00: 00:00: 00:00: 00:00: 00:00:00: 00:00:00: 00:00:00: 00:00:00:00: 00:00:00:00:00: 00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:	u
00000000	Data (hes): Size: 210 Destantion MAC Address VLA 00000: 00 40 59 40 77 49 50 02 4b cc 4d 47 100 a0 55 1.7 MLA 00100: 00 00 45 a0 00 c0 40 11 17 4a 55 1	U 8U
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	Data(her) Size: 218 Destination MAC Address WLA 00000: 00 40 59 40 17 40 00 40 50 40 17 40 00 40 551 YK. 0010: 00 00 45 a0 00 c0 40 c0 00 40 11 17 4a 0a 56 YK.	8
00000000 00000000 00000000 000000000 0000	Defa (hes) Size 210 Destantion MAC Address WLM 00000: 00004 59 40 67 49 b0 02 40 e4 47 10 00 02 10 10 00 02 10 10 00 02 10 10 00 02 10 10 00 02 10 17 40 00 00 1.7. K. 00202: 00 45 a6 54 37 30 00 40 10 10 10 1.1. <t< td=""><td>8</td></t<>	8
00000000 00000010 00000020 00000020 00000030 00000030	Data (hes) Size 210 Destantion MAC Address N.A 000000 100 10	U 8
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00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 0000	Data (hes) Size 210 Destantion MAC Address N.A 00000: 100 60 17 40 50 24 he e4 47 10 50 26 <td></td>	
00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 0000	D sta (hest) Size 210 Destination MAC Address 91.04 00000: 100 15 40 17 40 10	U 8

Figure 5: Sample Output Showing Successful Packet Capture

:\Devel	oppents	JLAN Tex	ting	Dump	ainduny	-i 1 ol	an		
4:28:44	587628	802.19	v1an#85 v1an#85	PS IP	dhop-by dhop-by	cb25v-10 cb25v-10	-86-224	A33EBCS911 245.cisco 245.cisco 245.cisco 245.cisco 245.cisco 245.cisco	.com.2156

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If the outcome of this test is successful, then your *Test Target NIC* works with the CTI OS silent monitor. Otherwise, contact your NIC card provider and ask what settings are necessary to allow your NIC card driver to forward all packets including VLAN packets to the TCP/IP stack on the computer so that your packet analyzer tool can capture and display them. Then apply the appropriate adjustments and rerun this test procedure.