

Status and Configuration

- View Cluster Node Information, page 1
- View Hardware Status, page 2
- Display Network Status, page 2
- Verify Installed Software, page 4
- View System Status, page 4
- Display Registered Ports, page 5

View Cluster Node Information

To view information on the nodes in the cluster, follow this procedure:

Procedure

From the Cisco Unified Communications Operating System Administration window navigate to **Show** > **Cluster**.

The following table contains descriptions of the fields on the **Cluster** window.

Table 1: Cluster Nodes Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
Hostname	Displays the complete host name of the server.	
IP Address	Displays the IP address of the server.	
Alias	Displays the alias name of the server, when defined.	
Server Type	Displays the type of server.	
Database Replication	Indicates whether the server is a publisher node or a subscriber node.	

View Hardware Status

To view the hardware status, follow this procedure:

Procedure

From the Cisco Unified Communications Operating System Administration window, navigate to **Show** > **Hardware**.

The following table contains descriptions of the fields on the Hardware status window.

Table 2: Hardware Status Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
Platform Type	Displays the model identity of the platform server.	
Serial Number	Displays the serial number of the platform server.	
Virtual Hardware	Displays the status of the virtual hardware configured.	
Virtual Support	Displays the status of the virtual support available.	
Processor Speed	Displays the processor speed.	
CPU Type	Displays the type of processor in the platform server.	
Memory	Displays the total amount of memory in MB.	
Object ID	Displays the object ID.	
OS Version	Displays the operating system version.	
RAID Details	Displays details about the RAID drive, including controller information, logical drive information, and physical device information.	

Display Network Status

The network status information that appears depends on if Network Fault Tolerance is enabled. When Network Fault Tolerance is enabled, Ethernet port 1 automatically takes over network communications if Ethernet port 0 fails. If Network Fault Tolerance is enabled, network status information appears for the network ports Ethernet 0, Ethernet 1, and Bond 0. If Network Fault Tolerance is not enabled, status information appears only for Ethernet 0.

To view the network status, follow this procedure:

Procedure

From the Cisco Unified Communications Operating System Administration window, navigate to **Show** > **Network**.

The following table contains descriptions of the fields on the Network Settings window.

Table 3: Network Settings Field Descriptions

Field	Description			
Ethernet Details				
DHCP	Disabled for Unified CCX.			
Status	Indicates whether the port is Up or Down for Ethernet ports 0 and 1.			
IP Address	Shows the IP address of Ethernet port 0 [and Ethernet port 1 if Network Fault Tolerance (NFT) is enabled].			
IP Mask	Shows the IP mask of Ethernet port 0 (and Ethernet port 1 if NFT is enabled).			
Link Detected	Indicates whether an active link exists.			
Queue Length	Displays the length of the queue.			
MTU	Displays the maximum transmission unit.			
MAC Address	Displays the hardware address of the port.			
Receive Statistics (RX)	Displays information on received bytes, packets, and errors, as well as dropped, overrun and multicast statistics.			
Transmit Statistics (TX)	Displays information on transmitted bytes, packets, and errors, as well as dropped, carrier, and collision statistics.			
DNS Details				
Primary	Displays the IP address of the primary domain name server.			
Secondary	Displays the IP address of the secondary domain name server.			
Options	Displays the configured DNS options.			
Domain	Displays the domain of the server.			
Gateway	Displays the IP address of the network gateway on Ethernet port 0.			

Verify Installed Software

To view the software versions and installed software options, follow this procedure:

Procedure

From the Cisco Unified Communications Operating System Administration window, navigate to **Show** > **Software**.

The following table contains descriptions of the fields in the **Software Packages** window.

Table 4: Software Packages Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
Partition Versions	Displays the software version that is running on the active and inactive partitions.	
Installed Software Options		
Active Version Installed Software Options	Displays the versions of installed software options, including Cisco Options Package (COP) patch files that are installed on the active version.	
Inactive Version Installed Software Options	Displays the versions of installed software options, including COP patch files that are installed on the inactive version.	

View System Status

To view the system status, follow this procedure:

Procedure

From the Cisco Unified Communications Operating System Administration window, navigate to **Show** > **System**.

See the following table for descriptions of the fields on the **System Status** window.

Table 5: System Status Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Host Name	Displays the name of the Cisco MCS host where Cisco Unified Communications Operating System is installed.
Date	Displays the date and time based on the continent and region that were specified during operating system installation.
Time Zone	Displays the time zone that was chosen during installation.

Field	Description	
Locale	Displays the language that was chosen during operating system installation.	
Product Version	Displays the operating system version.	
Platform Version	Displays the platform version.	
License MAC	Displays the license MAC.	
Uptime	Displays system uptime information.	
CPU	Displays the percentage of CPU capacity that is idle, the percentage that is running system processes, and the percentage that is running user processes.	
Memory	Displays information about memory usage, including the amount of total memory, free memory, used memory, cached memory, shared memory, and buffers in KBytes.	
Disk/active	Displays the amount of total, free, and used disk space on the active disk.	
Disk/inactive	Displays the amount of total, free, and used disk space on the inactive disk.	
Disk/logging	Displays the amount of total, free, and disk space that is used for disk logging.	

Display Registered Ports

You can use the **IP Preferences** window to display a list of registered ports that the system can use. The **IP Preferences** window contains the following information:

- Application
- Protocol
- Port Number
- Type
- Translated Port
- Status
- Description

To access the IP Preferences window, follow this procedure.

Procedure

Step 1 From the Cisco Unified Communications Operating System Administration window, choose **Show** > **IP Preferences**.

The IP Preferences window appears. Records from an active (prior) query may also appear in the window.

- **Step 2** To find all records in the database, ensure the dialog box is empty and go to Step 4.
- **Step 3** To filter or search records, do the following:
 - a) From the first drop-down list box, select a search parameter.
 - b) From the second drop-down list box, select a search pattern.
 - c) Specify the appropriate search text, if applicable.

Note To add additional search criteria, click the + button. When you add criteria, the system searches for a record that matches all criteria that you specify. To remove criteria, click the – button to remove the last added criterion or click the Clear Filter button to remove all added search criteria.

Step 4 Click Find.

All matching records appear. You can change the number of items that appear on each page by choosing a different value from the Rows per Page drop-down list box.

The following table contains descriptions of the IP Preferences fields.

Table 6: IP Preferences Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Application	Name of the application using (listening on) the port.
Protocol	Protocol used on this port (TCP, UDP).
Port Number	Numeric port number.
Type	 Type of traffic allowed on this port: Public—All traffic allowed Translated—All traffic allowed but forwarded to a different port Private—Traffic only allowed from a defined set of remote servers, for example, other nodes in the cluster
Translated Port	Traffic destined for this port is forwarded to the port listed in the Port Number column. This field applies to Translated type ports only.
Status	Status of port usage: • Enabled—In use by the application and opened by the firewall • Disabled—Blocked by the firewall and not in use
Description	Brief description of how the port is used.

Status and Configuration

Display Registered Ports

Display Registered Ports