

Call Management Records

This chapter describes the format and logic of the call management records (CMRs) that the Unified Communications Manager system generates, and how to access the CMR files.

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Call Management Records

The Unified Communications Manager system generates call management records (CMRs). You can use this information for post-processing activities such as generating billing records and network analysis.

When you install your system, CMRs remain disabled by default. You can enable or disable CMRs at any time that the system is in operation. You do not need to restart Unified Communications Manager for the change to take effect. The system responds to all changes within a few seconds. The system enables CMR or diagnostic data separately from CDR data.

Related Topics

Cisco Call Management Record Field Descriptions Cisco Call Management Records K-Factor Data Documentation Related to CDR Example Cisco Call Management Records

CMR Processing

The CMR records store information about the quality of the streamed audio and video of the call.

When Unified Communications Manager places or receives a call, the system generates a CDR record when the call terminates. The system writes the CDR to a flat file (text file). Inside the Unified Communications Manager, the call control process generates CDR records. The system writes records when significant changes occur to a given call, such as ending the call, transferring the call, redirecting the call, splitting the call, joining a call, and so forth.

When CMR records are enabled, the number of records that are written varies by type of call and the call scenario. When Diagnostics are enabled, the device generates CMR records for each call. The system writes one CMR record for each IP phone that is involved in the call or for each Media Gateway Control Protocol (MGCP) gateway. The system sends these records to EnvProcessCdr where they get written to flat files.

Note For Hold and Resume calls on SCCP devices, multiple CMR Records are generated based on the number of times the call is put on hold.

The Unified Communications Manager generates CMR records but does not perform any post processing on the records. The system writes the records to comma-delimited flat files and periodically passes them to the CDR Repository. The CMR files represent a specific filename format within the flat file.

Filename Format

The following example shows the full format of the filename: tag_clusterId_nodeId_datetime_seqNumber

- tag—Identifies the type of file, either CDR or CMR.
- clusterId—Identifies the cluster or server where the Unified Communications Manager database exists.
- nodeId—Identifies the node.
- datetime—Specifies UTC time in yyyymmddhhmm format.
- seqnumber—Specifies sequence number.

An example of the filename follows:

• cmr Cluster1 02 200404061011 6125

Flat File Format

The CMR flat files have the following format:

- Line 1-List of field names in comma separated format.
- Line 2—List of field types in comma separated format.
- Line 3—Data in comma separated format.
- Line 4—Data in comma separated format.

The following example shows a flat file:

```
Line1-"cmrRecordType","globalCallID_callManagerId","globalCallID_callId","origLegCallIdentifier",...
Line2-INTEGER, INTEGER, INTEGER, INTEGER, ...
Line3-1,1,388289,17586046,...
Line4-1,1,388293,17586054,...
```

CMRs for SIP Trunks

Unified Communications Manager stores end-of-call video and audio information and metrics in Call Management Records (CMRs) for incoming and outgoing SIP trunk calls through Cisco Unified Border Element (CUBE) or SIP IOS gateways.

CUBE sends the call statistics in a P-RTP-Stat header either in a BYE message or a 200 OK response to BYE message to update the CMRs in Unified Communications Manager.

When the call is routed through a Session Manager Edition (SME), call statistics sent by CUBE are recorded in the CMRs generated on the SME than the LEAF cluster.



Note CMRs are generated by Unified Communications Manager when *Call Diagnostics Enabled* service parameter is enabled.

P-RTP Stat Format

The format of P-RTP-Stat is as follows:

P-RTP-Stat: PS=<Packets Sent>, OS=<Octets Sent>, PR=<Packets Recd>, OR=<Octets Recd>, PL=<Packets Lost>, JI=<Jitter>, LA=<Round Trip Delay in ms>, DU=<Call Duration in seconds>

The following table describes the P-RTP-Stat header fields:

| Field | Description |
|-------|---------------------------------------|
| PS | Packets Sent |
| OS | Octets Sent |
| PR | Packets Received |
| OR | Octets Received |
| PL | Packets Lost |
| JI | Jitter |
| LA | Round-Trip Delay in milliseconds (ms) |
| DU | Call Duration in seconds |

Table 1: P-RTP-Stat Header Fields

Example

The following example shows the sample BYE message with a P-RTP-Stat header.

Sample BYE Message

```
BYE sip:45002@209.165.201.1:5060;transport=tcp SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/TCP 209.165.200.225:5060;branch=z9hG4bK1a2f5c92d361
From:<sip:1006@209.165.200.225>;tag=12734~95fd5a73-11ac-4642-9308-401b17a658fb-17711590
```

```
To:<sip:45002@209.165.201.1;tag=445~b5883d68-042a-4a73-adc3-6be8a5f9f263-25068153
Date: Fri, 13 Oct 2017 04:29:38 GMT
Call-ID: 1e4d2a80-9e014132-6e2-e11f4d0a@209.165.200.225
User-Agent: Cisco-CUCM12.5
P-Asserted-Identity: <sip:1006@209.165.200.225>
CSeq: 102 BYE
Reason: Q.850;cause=16
Session-ID: 97173553334349d0a9391305caa12733;remote=49fd996b345a4745b9db7f242ddaa446
Content-Length: 0
P-RTP-Stat: PS=3775,OS=649300,PR=3775,OR=604000,PL=0,JI=0,LA=4,DU=98
```

Corresponding Sample Call Management Records

"cdrRecordType","globalCallID_callManagerId","globalCallID_callId","nodeId","directoryNum", "callIdentifier","dateTimeStamp","numberPacketsSent","numberOctetsSent","numberPacketsReceived" "numberOctetsReceived","numberPacketsLost","jitter","latency","pkid","directoryNumPartition", "globalCallId_ClusterID","deviceName","varVQMetrics","duration","videoContentType","videoDuration", "numberVideoPacketsSent","numberVideoOctetsSent","numberVideoPacketsReceived","numberVideoOctetsReceived", "numberVideoPacketsLost","videoAverageJitter","videoRoundTripTime","videoOneWapDelay","videoReceptionMetrics", "videoTransmissionMetrics","videoContentType_channel2","videoDuration_channel2","numberVideoPacketsSent_channel2", "numberVideoOctetsSent_channel2","videoTransmissionMetrics_channel2","numberVideoOctetsReceived_channel2", "numberVideoAcketsLost_channel2","videoTransmissionMetrics_channel2","videoConeWayDelay_dhannel2", "videoReceptionMetrics_channel2","videoTransmissionMetrics_channel2","uteGER, INTEGER, INTEGER, INTEGER, VARCHAR(50),

INTEGER, INTEGER, INTEGER, INTEGER, INTEGER, INTEGER, INTEGER, INTEGER, INTEGER, UNIQUEIDENTIFIER, VARCHAR (50), VARCHAR (50), VARCHAR (129), VARCHAR (600), INTEGER, VARCHAR (10), INTEGER, INT

In the preceding example, Unified Communications Manager inserts the call statistics into the CMRs per the communicated information in the P-RTP-Stat header. If a P-RTP-Stat header comprises partial field values or any field is absent, Unified Communications Manager generates CMRs with available field values.



Note Some of the fields in the CMRs are not populated due to fields unrelated to SIP trunk or if no call statistics are received from CUBE.

In the following scenarios, there are no CMRs written for the SIP trunk:

- P-RTP-Stat header is present without any fields in an incoming BYE message or 200 OK response to BYE message from CUBE.
- P-RTP-Stat header is not present in an incoming BYE message or 200 OK response to BYE message from CUBE.
- P-RTP-Stat header and fields are present in an incoming BYE message or 200 OK response to BYE message from CUBE but corresponding field values are empty.

Set Up CMRs

You can configure CMRs on the Service Parameters Configuration window in Cisco Unified CM Administration. To access the **Service Parameters Configuration** window, open Cisco Unified CM Administration and choose **System** > **Service Parameters**. Choose the **Advanced** button to display the complete list of Service Parameters. Select the **Call Diagnostics Enabled** parameter.

This parameter determines whether the system generates CMRs, also called call diagnostic records. Valid values specify Disabled (do not generate CMRs), Enabled Only When CDR Enabled Flag is True (generate CMRs only when the CDR Enabled Flag service parameter is set to True), or Enabled Regardless of CDR Enabled Flag (generates CMRs without regard to the setting in the CDR Enabled Flag service parameter). This represents a required field. The default value specifies Disabled.

CPU Utilization

Cisco has performed basic testing to measure CPU utilization when CDRs and/or CMRs are enabled. The CPU utilization testing was measured on subscribers and was not measured on the publishers. Your actual results can vary because of the CDR Loader settings and the CDR Management settings for external billing servers. The following table displays the results of these tests.



Note

Be aware that these tests were performed with Unified Communications Manager Release 8.0(1).

| CDRs and CMRs Enabled/Disabled | Average % Increase in Cisco Unified CM CPU Utilization | - | % Increase in Cisco Unified CM CPU | % Increase in Total CPU |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| CDRs disabled, CMRs disabled | 6.17 | 11.15 | - | - |
| CDRs enabled, CMRs disabled | 6.99 | 12.10 | 13.18 | 8.57 |
| CDRs disabled, CMRs enabled | 6.38 | 11.24 | 3.43 | 0.86 |
| CDRs enabled, CMRs enabled | 7.71 | 13.04 | 24.92 | 17.02 |

Table 2: CDR and CMR CPU Utilization

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