Quality Report Tool

The Quality Report Tool (QRT), a voice-quality and general problem-reporting tool for Cisco Unified IP Phones, acts as a service that allows users to easily and accurately report audio and other general problems with their IP phone. QRT automatically loads with the Cisco Unified Communications Manager installation, and the Cisco Extended Functions (CEF) service supports it. (For more information about the Cisco Extended Functions service, see the Cisco Unified Serviceability Administration Guide.)

As system administrator, you can enable QRT functionality by creating, configuring, and assigning a softkey template to associate the QRT softkey on a user IP phone. You can choose from two different user modes, depending upon the amount of user interaction with QRT that is desired.

Note
The system gives users with administrator privileges the authorization to configure QRT and view the reports.

This chapter provides the following information about configuring and using the QRT feature:

- Configuration Checklist for QRT, page 38-2
- Introducing Quality Report Tool, page 38-3
- System Requirements for QRT, page 38-6
- Cisco Extended Functions Service Dependency, page 38-7
- Securing a TLS Connection to CTI, page 38-8
- How to Use QRT, page 38-9
- Interactions and Restrictions, page 38-15
- Installing and Activating QRT Functions, page 38-15
- Configuring the QRT Feature, page 38-16
- Using the QRT Viewer, page 38-25
- Providing Information to Users for the QRT Feature, page 38-30
- Troubleshooting the QRT Feature, page 38-30
- Related Topics, page 38-32
Configuration Checklist for QRT

The Quality Report Tool (QRT), a voice-quality and general problem-reporting tool for Cisco Unified IP Phones, acts as a service that allows users to easily and accurately report audio and other general problems with their IP phone. QRT automatically loads with the Cisco Unified Communications Manager installation, and the Cisco Extended Functions (CEF) service supports it. (For more information about the CiscoExtended Functions service, see the Cisco Unified Serviceability Administration Guide.)

As system administrator, you can enable QRT functionality by creating, configuring, and assigning a softkey template to associate the QRT softkey on a user IP phone. You can choose from different user modes, depending upon the amount of user interaction with QRT that is desired.

Table 38-1 shows the steps for configuring the QRT feature in Cisco Unified Communications Manager. For additional information, see the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.

Table 38-1  QRT Configuration Checklist

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Configuration Steps</th>
<th>Related Procedures and Topics</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Step 1 | Create a copy of the Standard User softkey template and add the QRT softkey for the following call states:  
- On Hook  
- Connected | Creating a Softkey Template with the QRT Softkey, page 38-17  
Softkey Template Configuration, Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Guide |
| Step 2 | Add the new softkey template to the common device configuration. | Configuring the QRT Softkey Template in Common Device Configuration, page 38-19  
Common Device Configuration Settings, Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Guide |
| Step 3 | Add the new softkey template to the user phones by using the Phone Configuration window.  
**Note** You can assign the common device configuration to the phone configuration if you are using common device configuration for the softkey. Alternatively, you can add the softkey individually to each phone. | Adding the QRT Softkey Template in Phone Configuration, page 38-20  
Softkey Template Configuration, Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Guide |
| Step 4 | Using the Cisco Unified Serviceability tool, Service Activation, activate Cisco Extended Functions service. | Activating the Cisco Extended Functions Service for QRT, page 38-22  
Cisco Unified Serviceability Administration Guide |
| Step 5 | From Cisco Unified Serviceability, configure alarms and traces for QRT. | Configuring Alarms and Traces for QRT, page 38-22  
Cisco Unified Serviceability Administration Guide |
| Step 6 | Configure the Cisco Extended Functions service parameters for QRT. | Setting the Cisco Extended Functions Service Parameters for QRT, page 38-24 |
| Step 7 | Access the QRT Viewer to create, customize, and view IP phone problem reports. | Using the QRT Viewer, page 38-25  
Cisco Unified Serviceability Administration Guide |
Introducing Quality Report Tool

When you install Cisco Unified Communications Manager, the Cisco Extended Functions service installs and loads the QRT functionality on the Cisco Unified Communications Manager server.

Then, as system administrator, you enable the QRT feature through the use of softkey templates and define how the feature will work in your system by configuring system parameters and setting up Cisco Unified Serviceability tools. You can then create, customize, and view phone problem reports by using the QRT Viewer application. (The system includes the QRT Viewer application as part of the Real Time Monitoring Tool. See the “Using the QRT Viewer” section on page 38-25 for more information.)

You can configure QRT availability for up to four different call states and choose from two different user modes. The user modes determine the level of user interaction that is enabled with QRT and allow either detailed voice-quality reports or more general phone problem reports and relevant statistics. (See the “Extended Menu Choices” section on page 38-10 for more information.)

When users experience problems with their IP phones, they can invoke this feature by pressing the QRT softkey on their Cisco Unified IP Phone during the Connected call state.

From a supported call state, and using the appropriate problem classification category, users can then choose the reason code that best describes the problem that they are experiencing with their IP phone. See the “Problem Classification Categories and Reason Codes” section on page 38-11 for specific information about problem categories, reason codes, and supported call states.

The Quality Report Tool comprises several key components. The following sections provide information about these components and the architecture of the QRT feature:

- Components of QRT, page 38-3
- Overview of QRT Architecture, page 38-4

Additional Information
See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.

Components of QRT

QRT, a multitiered, web-based application, includes the following key components:

- Client Components
  - IP phone browser for end-user interface
  - Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration windows for feature and tools configuration and viewer application
- Server Components
  - Cisco Extended Functions service
  - Cisco Unified Communications Manager for skinny messages
  - CTIManager for QBE messages
  - Database for configuration data and device data
  - Cisco RIS Data Collector for runtime device-related information
  - Alarm interface
  - System Diagnostic Interface (SDI) trace
Introducing Quality Report Tool

Service—Cisco Extended Functions service for collecting and managing user reports. It also handles the user interface on the IP phone as well as notifying Cisco RIS Data Collector for alerts and issuing SNMP traps.

Viewer Application—The QRT Viewer application, which is included as part of the trace collection feature in the Cisco Real Time Monitoring Tool (RTMT), allows you to filter, format, and view generated reports. Reports automatically open in the QRT Viewer when you view a trace file that includes QRT information.

Additional Information
See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.

Overview of QRT Architecture

The QRT feature uses the Cisco Extended Functions service, which comprises the following interfaces:

- Cisco CTIManager Interface (QBEHelper), page 38-5
- Cisco Unified Communications Manager Database Interface (DBL Library), page 38-5
- Screen Helper and Dictionary, page 38-5
- Redundancy Manager, page 38-6
- DB Change Notifier, page 38-6
- SDI Trace and Alarm, page 38-6

The Cisco Extended Functions service interfaces with the phone by using the XML services interface (XSI) over skinny protocol (a protocol that is used between a Cisco Unified IP Phone and Cisco Unified Communications Manager) and the Quick Byte Encoding protocol (a protocol that is used between the Cisco CTIManager and TSP/JTAPI).

When a user presses the QRT softkey, QRT opens the device and presents up to four different screens that display problem categories and associated reason codes to obtain user feedback.

After the user chooses the option that best describes the problem, the system logs the feedback in the XML file; the system then issues alarms to notify the Cisco RIS Data Collector to generate alerts and SNMP traps. When QRT detects that user interaction is complete, it then closes the device.

Note
The actual information that is logged depends upon the user selection and whether the destination device is a Cisco Unified IP Phone.
Figure 38-1 shows an illustration of the Cisco Extended Functions service architecture.

**Figure 38-1  Using the Cisco Extended Functions Service Architecture**

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**Cisco CTIManager Interface (QBEHelper)**

The QBEHelper library provides the interface that allows the Cisco Extended Functions service to communicate with a configured Cisco CTIManager.

**Cisco Unified Communications Manager Database Interface (DBL Library)**

The DBL library provides the interface that allows the Cisco Extended Functions service to perform queries on various devices that are configured and registered in the Cisco Unified Communications Manager database.

**Screen Helper and Dictionary**

The screen helper of the Cisco Extended Functions service reads the XML dictionary files and creates Document Object Model (DOM) objects for all installed locales when the CEF service starts. The system uses these DOM objects for constructing XSI screens that the Cisco Unified IP Phone needs.
Redundancy Manager

When multiple Cisco Extended Functions are active within a Cisco Unified Communications Manager cluster, the redundancy manager uses an algorithm to determine which CEF service is active and which is the backup CEF. The Redundancy Manager uses the lowest IP address of the server that is running the CEF service as the active service. The remaining CEF services serve as backup services.

DB Change Notifier

The DB Change Notifier handles all the database change notifications, such as service parameter changes, trace parameter changes, alarm configuration changes, and status changes of other Cisco Extended Functions services in the cluster, and reports the changes to the CEF service.

SDI Trace and Alarm

The Cisco Extended Functions service uses the SDI Trace and Alarm libraries. The libraries generate traces and alarms to the Event Viewer. The alarm library publishes information about the CEF service to Syslog, SNMP, and the Cisco RIS Data Collector service. For more information about traces and alarms, see the Cisco Unified Serviceability Administration Guide.

Additional Information

See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.

System Requirements for QRT

To operate, the QRT feature requires the following software components:

- Cisco Unified Communications Manager
- Cisco Real-Time Monitoring Tool

Support for the QRT feature extends to any model IP phone that includes the following capabilities:

- Support for softkey templates
- Support for IP phone services
- Controllable by CTI
- An internal HTTP server

For more information, see the following URL for the appropriate Cisco Unified IP Phone guide for your model IP phone:


Additional Information

See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.
Cisco Extended Functions Service Dependency

The Cisco Extended Functions service depends on the following services:

- Cisco CallManager—Ensure a minimum of one Cisco CallManager service is running in the cluster, but the service need not be on the same server as CEF.
- Cisco CTIManager—Ensure a minimum of one Cisco CTIManager service is running in the cluster, but the service need not be on the same server as CEF.
- Cisco Database Layer Monitor—Ensure one Cisco Database Layer Monitor service is running on the same server as CEF.
- Cisco RIS Data Collector—Ensure one Cisco RIS Data Collector service is running on the same server as CEF.

**Note**
Ensure Cisco Database Layer Monitor and Cisco RIS Data Collector are running on the same server. You can include more than one CEF service in a Cisco Unified Communications Manager cluster.

**Tip**
Install all the services on one server for one-server Cisco Unified Communications Manager systems.

Figure 38-2 shows a typical Cisco Extended Functions service configuration.

**Figure 38-2**  Cisco Extended Functions Service Dependency (Typical Configuration)

CCM = Cisco CallManager  
CTI = Cisco CTI Manager  
CEF = Cisco Extended Functions (QRT)  
RIS = Cisco RIS Data Collector

Additional Information
See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.
Multiple Cisco Extended Functions Applications in a Cluster

If multiple Cisco Extended Functions services are active within a Cisco Unified Communications Manager cluster, CEF uses an algorithm to determine which service should be active and to order the remaining as backups. The CEF application with the lowest IP address becomes active. The service with the next lowest IP address becomes the backup to the active service. Any remaining services act as backups to each other, beginning with the service with the next lowest IP address. If you add any new services to the cluster, CEF restarts the algorithm to determine which service will be active.

Note
When a Cisco Extended Functions service gets started in a cluster, the CEF service with the lowest IP address becomes active. This process may cause service interruption for approximately 2 minutes.

To verify the directory status and Cisco Extended Functions service registration status to the Cisco CTIManager, use the Real Time Monitoring Tool as described in the Cisco Unified Real Time Monitoring Tool Administration Guide.

Additional Information
See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.

Securing a TLS Connection to CTI

QRT supports a secure Transport Layer Security (TLS) connection to CTI. Obtain the secure connection by using the “CCMQRTSecureSysUser” application user, as described in the following procedure.

Note
If you enable security from the Service Parameter Configuration window, the QRT will open a secure connection to CTI Manager by using the Application CAPF profile. You should configure both the “CTI Manager Connection Security Flag” and the “CAPF Profile Instance Id for Secure Connection to CTI Manager” service parameters for the secure connection to succeed. See the “Setting the Cisco Extended Functions Service Parameters for QRT” section on page 38-24. For more information, see “Application User CAPF Profile Configuration” and “Service Parameter Configuration” in the Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Guide.

Note
You must also configure the security service parameter “Cluster Security Mode CAPF Phone Port” to secure a TLS connection to CTI, giving it a value of 1. You can do this from System > Enterprise Parameters in Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration. See “Enterprise Parameter Configuration” in the Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Guide.

Perform the following procedure to configure the application user.

Procedure

Step 1
From Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration, choose User Management > Application User.

The Find and List Application Users window displays.

Step 2
Click Find.
Step 3 From the Find and List Application Users Configuration window, click CCMQRTSecureSysUser or CCMQRTSysUser.

---

**Note**
To configure a CAPF profile, see “Application User CAPF Profile Configuration” in the *Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Guide* for general information and to the *Cisco Unified Communications Manager Security Guide* for details.

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**Additional Information**
See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.

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**How to Use QRT**

After you properly install and configure QRT, the QRT softkey can be configured on certain Cisco Unified IP Phone models. See the “System Requirements for QRT” section on page 38-6 for the IP phone models that are supported with QRT.

---

**Note**
The Cisco Unified Communications Manager Standard User template does not include the QRT softkey. You must enable QRT functionality and make it available to users through the use of a QRT softkey. To do this, create, configure, and assign the QRT softkey from Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration. See the “Configuring the QRT Feature” section on page 38-16 for information about setting up the softkey template.

---

The following sections describe the user interaction features with QRT:
- User Interface, page 38-9
- Extended Menu Choices, page 38-10
- Problem Classification Categories and Reason Codes, page 38-11

For more user-related information, see the following URL for the appropriate Cisco Unified IP Phone guide for your phone model:


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**Additional Information**
See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.

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**User Interface**

The QRT user interface includes several components:
- Phone Screens—Available to all IP phones that are in the common device configuration where the QRT softkey is configured, the phone screen supports different locales.

Only the Cisco Unified Communications Manager administrator can access the following components:
- Serviceability—See the “Configuring the Cisco Unified Serviceability Features” section on page 38-21.
• Alert Configuration—See the “Configuring Alarms and Traces for QRT” section on page 38-22.
• Service Parameters—See the “Setting the Cisco Extended Functions Service Parameters for QRT” section on page 38-24.
• Viewer Application—See the “Using the QRT Viewer” section on page 38-25.

Figure 38-3 shows an example of the QRT softkey as it displays on a Cisco Unified IP Phone.

Figure 38-3  QRT Phone Interface Display

Additional Information
See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.

Extended Menu Choices

Extended menu choices allow a user to interact with QRT and provide additional details regarding the phone problem that they are reporting. You can choose to enable extended menu choices or provide users with a more passive interface, depending upon the amount of information that you want users to submit.

From the Cisco Unified Communications Manager Service Parameters Configuration window, configure the user interface mode for QRT from the following options:

• Silent Mode—In this mode, the user does not get presented with extended menu choices. When the user presses the QRT softkey, the system collects the streaming statistics and logs the report without additional user interaction.

The system supports silent mode only when the IP phone is in the Connected call state.

Figure 38-4 shows an example of the QRT display as it appears in silent mode.

Figure 38-4  Submitting Voice Quality Feedback in Silent Mode
• Interview Mode—In this mode, the user gets presented with extended menu choices, which allow additional user input that is related to audio quality on the IP phone (see the “Problem Classification Categories and Reason Codes” section on page 38-11 for the applicable reason codes). This mode also allows the user to report other, non-audio-related problems such as the phone rebooting or the inability to make calls.

The system supports interview mode only when the IP phone is in the Connected or On Hook call state.

Figure 38-5 shows an example of the QRT display as it appears when the QRT softkey is pressed while the phone is on hook and in interview mode.

Figure 38-5  QRT Phone Interface - On Hook, Interview Mode Display

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Note

Ensure that you configure the QRT softkey only for the supported call states.

---

Note

Configure the “Display Extended QRT Menu Choices” field in the Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Service Parameters configuration window to determine whether the users can access the extended menu choices. See the “Setting the Cisco Extended Functions Service Parameters for QRT” section on page 38-24 for additional information.

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Additional Information

See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.

### Problem Classification Categories and Reason Codes

The following tables show the problem categories and corresponding reason codes that users can choose when they report problems with their IP phones:

- Additional options become available after you configure extended menu choices.
- Users can choose only one reason code per category, per problem.
- Each problem category becomes available only when the IP phone is in the supported call state.
Table 38-2 shows the supported call states and the reason codes that are available for the “Problems with current call” category.

Table 38-2  
Problem Category—Problems with Current Call

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem Category</th>
<th>Supported Call States</th>
<th>Reason Codes</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Problems with current call</td>
<td>• Connected</td>
<td>• I hear echo</td>
<td>The system collects streaming statistics from the source and destination devices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• The remote end hears echo</td>
<td>Note Source device/IP phone refers to the device on which the QRT softkey gets pressed. For example, “source” and “destination” in this case do not see the calling party and called party in a connected call.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Choppy audio</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Robotic sound</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Long delays</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Low volume</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• The remote end experiences low volume</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• I can’t hear the remote end</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• The remote end can’t hear me</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 38-6 shows an example of the phone display as it appears after the QRT softkey is pressed on an IP phone in the connected state. This menu allows the user to provide additional details before submitting a problem with the current phone call.

Figure 38-6  Reporting Problem with the Current Call
Table 38-3 shows the supported call state and the reason codes that are available for the “Problems with last call” category.

Table 38-3  Problem Category—Problems with Last Call

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem Category</th>
<th>Supported Call States</th>
<th>Reason Codes</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Problems with last call</td>
<td>• On Hook</td>
<td>• I heard echo</td>
<td>The system collects streaming statistics from the source device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• The remote end heard echo</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Choppy audio</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Robotic sound</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Long delays</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Low volume on my end</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Low volume on the remote end</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• I could not hear the remote end</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• The remote end could not hear me</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• The call dropped</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 38-7 shows an example of the phone display as it appears after the user selects the “Problems with last call” category. This menu allows the user to provide additional details before submitting a problem report for the last phone call.

Figure 38-7  Reporting Problem with the Last Call

Table 38-4 shows the supported call state that is available for the “Phone recently rebooted” category. No associated reason codes exist for this category.

Table 38-4  Problem Category—Phone Recently Rebooted

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem Category</th>
<th>Supported Call States</th>
<th>Reason Codes</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phone recently rebooted</td>
<td>• On Hook</td>
<td>None</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Figure 38-8 shows an example of the phone display after the user chooses the “Phone recently rebooted” category. The system logs user feedback.

**Figure 38-8  Reporting Problem with Phone That Recently Rebooted**

```
2014 08-19/02 3000
Quality Report Submitted
Your feedback has been logged

Thank You
Exit
```

Table 38-5 shows the supported call state and the reason codes that are available for the “I can’t make calls” category.

**Table 38-5  Problem Category—I Can’t Make Calls**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem Category</th>
<th>Supported Call States</th>
<th>Reason Codes</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I can’t make calls</td>
<td>• On Hook</td>
<td>• I get a busy tone</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• I get a fast busy tone</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• I get dial tone after dialing digits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• I hear silence after dialing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• I don’t get dial tone</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 38-9 shows an example of the phone display as it appears after the user chooses the “I can’t make calls” category.

**Figure 38-9  Reporting Problem with I Can’t Make Calls**

```
2017 08-19/02 3000
Select Reason Code
I get busy tone
I get fast busy
I get dial tone after dialing digits
I hear silence after dialing

Make Your Selection... Select Exit
```

**Note**

QRT collects information from various sources, such as the source IP phone, the destination IP phone, the Cisco RIS Data Collector, the Cisco Unified Communications Manager database, and the user. “Source” and “destination” in this case do not see the calling party and called party in a connected call. See the “QRT Reports” section on page 38-26 for detailed information about the fields that the phone problem report includes.
Interactions and Restrictions

The following interactions and restrictions apply when you use the QRT feature with Cisco Unified Communications Manager:

- Ensure that Cisco Extended Functions, Cisco CallManager, CTI Manager, and Cisco RIS Data Collector services are running and fully operational.
- As system administrator, you must create, configure, and assign softkey templates to enable the QRT softkey feature on IP phones.
- Ensure that you configure the QRT softkey only for the supported call states.
- The system makes the extended menu choices option available only when the “Display Extended QRT Menu Choices” service parameter is set to True; it provides support for the “Problems with current call” category.
- If another application feature (such as Cisco Call Back or Cisco Unified Communications Manager Assistant) or a function key (such as Settings, Directories, or Messages) is invoked while the user is interacting with QRT, or if the user does not complete the QRT selection, the system can overwrite the QRT display. In this case, the system forces the device into a wait state, which prevents QRT from completing the interaction and then closes the device.

Note: Because unattended devices consume large amounts of resources and could impact CTI performance, the system configures QRT to regularly check for opened devices. You cannot modify these system settings.

- Phone that is running SIP that is configured to use UDP as the transport, instead of TCP, will not support the “device data pass-through” functionality. QRT requires the pass-through functionality, so QRT does not support these UDP-configured phones that are running SIP.
- The Quality Report Tool supports IPv6 if the device uses an IP Addressing Mode of IPv4 Only or IPv4 and IPv6 (dual-stack mode). Users with phones with an IP Addressing Mode of IPv6 Only cannot report audio and other problems by pressing the QRT softkey on the phone. In addition, the QRT report does not include the streaming statistics for a phone that has an IP Addressing Mode of IPv6 Only. For more information on IPv6, see the “Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6)” section on page 29-1.

Additional Information
See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.

Installing and Activating QRT Functions

As a feature within the Cisco Extended Functions service, QRT automatically installs as part of the Cisco Unified Communications Manager installation.
Perform the following steps after installation to enable QRT availability for users and to set up administrative reporting capabilities:

1. Properly configure the QRT feature for Cisco Unified IP Phone users. See the “Configuring the QRT Feature” section on page 38-16.

2. From Cisco Unified Serviceability, activate the Cisco Extended Functions service and configure alarms and traces for use with QRT. See the “Configuring the Cisco Unified Serviceability Features” section on page 38-21 and see the *Cisco Unified Serviceability Administration Guide* for additional information.

3. Define how the QRT feature will work in your system by configuring the applicable service parameters for the Cisco Extended Functions service. See the “Setting the Cisco Extended Functions Service Parameters for QRT” section on page 38-24.

4. Create, customize, and view phone problem reports by using the QRT Viewer application. See the “Using the QRT Viewer” section on page 38-25.

**Note**

If users require the QRT feature to display (softkeys and messages on the IP phone) in any language other than English, verify that the locale installer is installed before configuring QRT. See the *Cisco Unified Communications Operating System Administration Guide* for more information.

**Additional Information**

See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.

### Configuring the QRT Feature

For successful configuration of the QRT feature, review the steps in Table 38-1, QRT Configuration Checklist, perform the configuration requirements, activate the Cisco Extended Functions service, and set the service parameters.

The following sections provide configuration information for enabling QRT:

- Creating a Softkey Template with the QRT Softkey, page 38-17
- Configuring the QRT Softkey Template in Common Device Configuration, page 38-19
- Adding the QRT Softkey Template in Phone Configuration, page 38-20
- Activating the Cisco Extended Functions Service for QRT, page 38-22
- Configuring Alarms and Traces for QRT, page 38-22
- Setting the Cisco Extended Functions Service Parameters for QRT, page 38-24
- Related Topics, page 38-32

**Tip**

Before you configure the QRT feature, review the “Configuration Checklist for QRT” section on page 38-2.
Creating a Softkey Template with the QRT Softkey

Perform the following procedure to create a new softkey template with the QRT softkey.

Procedure

Step 1
From Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration, choose Device > Device Settings > Softkey Template.

Step 2
Click Add New. (Alternatively, you can click the Find button to view a list of the available softkey templates.)

a. If you click the Add New button, choose the Standard User softkey template from the Create a softkey template based on drop-down list.

b. If you click the Find button to view a list of the available softkey templates, choose the Standard User softkey template from the Softkey Template list.

Step 3
Click the Copy button.

The Softkey Template Configuration window displays with new information.

Step 4
In the Softkey Template Name field, enter a new name for the template; for example, QRT Standard User; then, add a description.

Figure 38-10 shows an example of the Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Softkey Template Configuration window where you copy a softkey template.

Figure 38-10  Softkey Template Configuration Window
Figure 38-11  Softkey Template Configuration Window After Copy

Step 5  Click Save.

The Softkey Template Configuration redisplays with new information.

Step 6  To add an application, click the Add Application button. See the “Adding Application Softkeys to Nonstandard Softkey Templates” section of the Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Guide for detailed instructions.

Step 7  To add the QRT softkey to the template, choose Configure Softkey Layout from the Related Links drop-down list box on the Softkey Template Configuration window and click Go.

The Softkey Layout Configuration window displays.

Note  You must add the QRT softkey to the Connected and On Hook call states.

Step 8  To add the QRT softkey to the On Hook call state, choose On Hook from the call states drop-down list box.

The Softkey Layout Configuration window redisplays with the Unselected Softkeys and Selected Softkeys lists.

Step 9  From the Unselected Softkeys list, choose the Quality Report Tool (QRT) softkey and click the right arrow to move the softkey to the Selected Softkeys list.

You can prioritize the items in the Selected Softkeys list by using the up and down arrow keys.

Figure 38-12 shows an example of the Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Softkey Layout Configuration window.
Figure 38-12  QRT Softkey Layout Configuration

Step 10  To save and continue, click Save.

Step 11  To add the QRT softkey to the Connected call state, repeat Step 8 through Step 10 for each individual call state.

Note  Ensure that you configure the QRT softkey only for the supported call states and click the Save button after each entry.

Additional Information
See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.

Configuring the QRT Softkey Template in Common Device Configuration

Perform the following procedure to add the QRT softkey template to the common device configuration.

Procedure

Step 1  From Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration, choose Device > Device Settings > Common Device Configuration.

Step 2  Click Find.

Step 3  Choose any previously created common device configuration that displays.

You can add the template to any customized common device configuration for QRT feature users.
Step 4  In the Softkey Template field, choose the softkey template that contains the QRT softkey from the drop-down list box. (If you have not created this template, see the “Creating a Softkey Template with the QRT Softkey” section on page 38-17.)

Note  All IP phones that are part of this common device configuration inherit this softkey template to provide an easy way for you to assign softkey templates to multiple phones. To associate softkey templates to individual IP phones, see the “Adding the QRT Softkey Template in Phone Configuration” section on page 38-20.

Step 5  Click Save.

Additional Information
See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.

Adding the QRT Softkey Template in Phone Configuration

Perform the following procedure to add the QRT softkey template to each user phone.

Procedure

Step 1  From Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration, choose Device > Phone. The Find and List Phones window displays.

Step 2  Find the phone to which you want to add the softkey template. See the “Phone Configuration Settings” section of the “Cisco Unified IP Phone Configuration” chapter in the Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Guide.

Step 3  In the Softkey Template field, choose the softkey template that contains the QRT softkey from the drop-down list box. (If you have not created this template, see the “Creating a Softkey Template with the QRT Softkey” section on page 38-17.)

If you alternatively configured the softkey template in the common device configuration, from the Common Device Configuration field, choose the common device configuration that contains the new softkey template.
Figure 38-13 shows an example of the Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Phone Configuration window.

**Figure 38-13  Phone Configuration**

![Phone Configuration Window](image)

**Step 4** Click Save.

**Additional Information**

See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.

### Configuring the Cisco Unified Serviceability Features

The Cisco Extended Functions service uses the following Cisco Unified Serviceability features:

- **Service Activation**—Configured from the Cisco Unified Serviceability Tools window.
- **SDI Trace**—Configured from the Cisco Unified Serviceability Trace Configuration window.
- **Alarm Interface**—Configured from the Cisco Unified Serviceability Alarm Configuration window.
- **Real Time Monitoring Tool (RTMT)**—Used to monitor the operating status of QRT and CTIManager. For detailed information about RTMT, see the *Cisco Unified Real Time Monitoring Tool Administration Guide*.

This section describes how to activate and configure the Cisco Unified Serviceability features for use with QRT and contains the following information:

- **Activating the Cisco Extended Functions Service for QRT**, page 38-22
- **Configuring Alarms and Traces for QRT**, page 38-22
For additional information about Cisco Unified Serviceability, see the *Cisco Unified Serviceability Administration Guide*.

**Activating the Cisco Extended Functions Service for QRT**

Follow this procedure to activate the Cisco Extended Functions service for use with the QRT feature.

**Procedure**

**Step 1**  
From the Navigation drop-down list box in Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration, located in the upper, right corner of the window, choose Cisco Unified Serviceability and click Go.  
The Cisco Unified Serviceability window displays.

**Step 2**  
To activate the Cisco Extended Functions service, choose Tools > Service Activation.  
A Server drop-down list box displays.

**Step 3**  
From the Server drop-down list box, choose the Cisco Unified Communications Manager server on which you want to activate the Cisco Extended Functions service.

**Step 4**  
Check the Cisco Extended Functions check box.

**Step 5**  
Click Save.  
The CEF activation status changes from deactivated to activated.

**Tip**  
You can check the activation status of the Cisco Extended Functions service from Cisco Unified Serviceability by choosing Tools > Control Center - Feature Services. Look for Cisco Extended Functions; if the Cisco Extended Functions service is active, it displays as Activated.

**Additional Information**

See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.

**Configuring Alarms and Traces for QRT**

Follow these procedures to configure alarms and SDI traces through Cisco Unified Serviceability.

**Procedure—Alarm Configuration**

**Step 1**  
From the Cisco Unified Serviceability window, choose Alarm > Configuration.  
A Server drop-down list box displays.

**Step 2**  
From the Server drop-down list box, choose the Cisco Unified Communications Manager server on which you want to configure alarms.

**Step 3**  
From the Service Group drop-down list box, choose CM Services.

**Step 4**  
From the Service drop-down list box, choose Cisco Extended Functions.

**Step 5**  
Check the Enable Alarm check box for both Local Syslogs and SDI Trace.
Step 6 From the drop-down list box, configure the Alarm Event Level for both Local Syslogs and SDI Trace by choosing one of the following options:
- Emergency
- Alert
- Critical
- Error
- Warning
- Notice
- Informational
- Debug

The default value specifies Error.

Step 7 Click Save.

---

Procedure—Trace Configuration

Step 1 From the Cisco Unified Serviceability window, choose **Trace > Configuration**.

A Server drop-down list box displays.

Step 2 From the Server drop-down list box, choose the Cisco Unified Communications Manager server on which you want to configure traces.

Step 3 From the Service Group drop-down list box, choose CM Services.

Step 4 From the Service drop-down list box, choose **Cisco Extended Functions**.

Step 5 Check the following check boxes:
- **Trace On**
- **Cisco Extended Functions Trace Fields**

Step 6 From the drop-down list box, configure the Debug Trace Level by choosing one of the following options:
- Error
- Special
- State Transition
- Significant
- Entry_exit
- Arbitrary
- Detailed

The default value specifies Error.

**Note** Cisco recommends that you check all the check boxes in this section for troubleshooting purposes.
Step 7 Click Save.

For additional information about configuring alarms and traces, see the Cisco Unified Serviceability Administration Guide.

Setting the Cisco Extended Functions Service Parameters for QRT

Follow this procedure to set the Cisco Extended Functions service parameters by using Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration.

Note Cisco recommends that you use the default service parameters settings unless the Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC) instructs otherwise.

Procedure

Step 1 If your display shows the Cisco Unified Serviceability window, from the Navigation drop-down list box, located in the upper, right corner of the window, choose Cisco Unified CM Administration and click Go.

Step 2 The Cisco Unified CM Administration window displays. Choose System > Service Parameters.

Step 3 A Server drop-down list box displays. Choose the Cisco Unified Communications Manager server where the QRT application resides.

Step 4 A Service drop-down list box displays. Choose the Cisco Extended Functions service.

Step 5 Configure the following Cisco Extended Functions service parameters for QRT.

a. Display Extended QRT Menu Choices—Determines whether extended menu choices are presented to the user. You can choose one of the following configuration options:
   - Set this field to true to display extended menu choices (interview mode).
   - Set this field to false to not display extended menu choices (silent mode).
   - The recommended default value specifies false (silent mode).

b. Streaming Statistics Polling Duration—Determines the duration that is to be used for polling streaming statistics. You can choose one of the following configuration options:
   - Set this field to -1 to poll until the call ends.
   - Set this field to 0 to not poll at all.
   - Set it to any positive value to poll for that many seconds. Polling stops when the call ends.
   - The recommended default value specifies -1 (poll until the call ends).

c. Streaming Statistics Polling Frequency (seconds)—Designates the number of seconds to wait between each poll:
   - The value ranges between 30 and 3600.
   - The recommended default value specifies 30.

d. Maximum No. of Files—Specifies the maximum number of files before the file count restarts and overwrites the old files:
   - The value ranges between 1 and 10000.
Chapter 38  Quality Report Tool

Using the QRT Viewer

You can use the QRT Viewer to view the IP phone problem reports that the Quality Report Tool generates. The QRT Viewer allows you to filter, format, and view the tool-generated phone problem reports, so they provide you with the specific information that you need.

- To view the QRT Viewer application, you need to install the Cisco Real Time Monitoring Tool (RTMT) plug-in, which includes the trace collection feature.
- The trace collection feature enables collection and viewing of log files; the QRT Viewer is included with the trace collection feature.

Note For detailed information about installing and configuring the RTMT and trace collection feature, and for detailed information about accessing, configuring, using, and customizing the QRT Viewer for IP phone problem reports, see the Cisco Unified Serviceability Administration Guide and the Cisco Unified Real Time Monitoring Tool Administration Guide.
Additional Information
See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.

QRT Reports

QRT collects information from various sources, such as the source IP phone, the destination IP phone, the Cisco RIS Data Collector, Cisco Unified Communications Manager, and the user. (The system does not collect information from gateways or other devices.) “Source” and “destination” in this case, do not see the calling party and called party in a connected call.

Note
See the QRT Viewer chapter in the Cisco Unified Serviceability Administration Guide for additional information about QRT reports.

The following list provides information, segmented by information source, about the QRT report fields.

Information Collected from the Source Device
- Directory number of source device (in the case of multiline devices, the information shows only the first primary directory number)
- Source device type (for example, CP-7960, CP-7940)
- Source stream1 port number
- Source codec (for example, G.711u)
- Source packets (for example, 2,45,78)
- Source rcvr packets (for example, 12,45,78)
- Source rcvr jitter (for example, 0 0)
- Source rcvr packet lost (for example, 0,21 0,21)
- Source sampling timestamp, implicit (for example, 12:30, 13:00, 13:30, 14:00)
- Destination device name (IP)
- Destination stream1 port number

Note
The number of samples that are collected for packets, jitter, packets lost, and so on, depends on the sampling duration and polling frequency. The streaming information gets collected only one time per call. For example, if phone A called phone B and both phone A and phone B submit multiple reports for the same call, only the first report includes the streaming data. Also, for the “Problems with last call” category, these values might reflect only the last snapshot of the streaming statistics that are stored in the phone device.

Information Collected from the Destination Device
The system collects the following information if the destination device is a supported Cisco Unified IP Phone within same Cisco Unified Communications Manager cluster. If the destination device is not an IP phone, the information includes only IP address, device name, and device type.
- Directory number of destination device (in the case of multiline devices, the information shows only the first primary directory number)
- Destination device type (for example, CP-7960, CP-7940)
Using the QRT Viewer

- Destination codec
- Destination packets
- Destination rcvr packets
- Destination rcvr jitter
- Destination rcvr packet lost
- Destination sampling timestamp (Implicit)

**Note**
The number of samples that are collected for packets, jitter, packets lost, and so on, depends on the sampling duration and polling frequency. The streaming information gets collected only one time per call. For example, if phone A called phone B and both phone A and phone B submit multiple reports for the same call, only the first report includes the streaming data that is included. QRT attempts to collect the information from the destination IP phone only for the “Problems with current call” category.

**Information Collected from RIS Data Collector**

- Source device owner (user name that is currently logged in to the IP phone; if no explicitly logged-in user exists, this field specifies null)
- IP address for source device
- Registered Cisco Unified Communications Manager name for source device
- Source device type (if the device is not one of the supported IP phones; for example, RISCLASS_PHONE, RISCLASS_GATEWAY, RISCLASS_H323, RISCLASS_CTI, RISCLASS_VOICEMAIL)
- Source device model (for example, DBLTypeModel::MODEL_TELECASTER_MGR, DBLTypeModel::MODEL_TELECASTER_BUSINESS)
- Source device product (for example, DBLTypeProduct::PRODUCT_7960, DBLTypeProduct::PRODUCT_7940)
- Destination device name
- Destination device type (if the device is not one of the supported IP phones; for example, RISCLASS_PHONE, RISCLASS_GATEWAY, RISCLASS_H323, RISCLASS_CTI, RISCLASS_VOICEMAIL)
- Destination device model (for example, DBLTypeModel::MODEL_TELECASTER_MGR, DBLTypeModel::MODEL_TELECASTER_BUSINESS)
- Destination device product (for example, DBLTypeProduct::PRODUCT_7960, DBLTypeProduct::PRODUCT_7940)
- Registered Cisco Unified Communications Manager name for destination device
- Destination device owner (user name that is currently logged in to the IP phone; if no explicitly logged-in user exists, this field specifies null)

**Information Collected from Cisco Unified Communications Manager/CTIManager**

- Source device name (MAC address)
- CallingPartyNumber (the party who placed the call; for transferred calls, the transferred party becomes the calling party)
- OriginalCalledPartyNumber (the original-called party after any digit translations occurred)
• FinalCalledPartyNumber (for forwarded calls, this specifies the last party to receive the call; for non-forwarded calls, this field specifies the original called party)
• LastRedirectDn (for forwarded calls, this field specifies the last party to redirect the call; for non-forwarded calls, this field specifies the last party to redirect, via transfer or conference, the call)
• globalCallID_callManagerId (this field distinguishes the call for CDR Analysis and Reporting (CAR))
• globalCallID_callId (this field distinguishes the call for CAR)
• CallState (Connected, On Hook)

Information Collected from the Cisco Unified Communications Manager Database
• Sampling duration - Service parameter (for example, 50 seconds)
• Sampling frequency - Service parameter (for example, 30 seconds)
• Cluster ID - Enterprise parameter

Information Collected from the User
• Category
• ReasonCode
• TimeStamp (Implicit)

Table 38-6 shows the available fields for each supported category.

The following QRT report fields will display appropriate phone model and product names (for example, Phone That Is Running SCCP): Source Model, Source Product, Destination Model, Destination Product, and CallState.

Table 38-6  QRT Fields by Supported Category

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Information Source</th>
<th>Problems with Current Call</th>
<th>Problems with Last Call</th>
<th>Phone Recently Rebooted</th>
<th>Can’t Make Calls</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Source Device Name</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DN of Source Device</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP Address of Source Device</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source Device Type</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source Device Owner</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registered Cisco Unified Communications Manager for</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source Device</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source Model</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source Product</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source Stream 1 Port Number</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source Codec</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source Packets</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source Rcvr Packets</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 38-6  QRT Fields by Supported Category (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Information Source</th>
<th>Problems with Current Call</th>
<th>Problems with Last Call</th>
<th>Phone Recently Rebooted</th>
<th>Can’t Make Calls</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Source Rcvr Jitter</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source Rcvr Packet Lost</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source Sampling Timestamp</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Destination Device Name</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DN of Destination Device</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP Address of Destination Device</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Destination Device Type</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Destination Stream 1 Port Number</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Destination Codec</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Destination Packets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Destination Rcvr Packets</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Destination Rcvr Jitter</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Destination Rcvr Packet Lost</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Destination Rcvr Sampling Timestamp</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Destination Device Owner</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registered Cisco Unified Communications Manager for Destination Device</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Destination Model</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Destination Product</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calling Party Number</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Original Called Party Number</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Final Called Party Number</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Last Redirect DN</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>globalCallID_callManagerId</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>globalCallID_callId</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sampling Duration</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sampling Frequency</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cluster ID</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reason Code</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TimeStamp When Report is Submitted</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Providing Information to Users for the QRT Feature

The Cisco Unified IP Phone guides provide procedures for how to use the QRT feature on the Cisco Unified IP Phone. For more information, see the following URL for the appropriate Cisco Unified IP Phone Guide for your phone model:


Additional Information
See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.

Troubleshooting the QRT Feature

Cisco Unified Serviceability provides web-based tools to assist in troubleshooting Cisco Unified Communications Manager problems. Use the Cisco Unified Serviceability Trace Configuration, Alarm Configuration, and Real Time Monitoring Tool to help troubleshoot problems with QRT. See the Cisco Unified Serviceability Administration Guide for more information.

The Trace and Alarm tools work together. You can configure trace and alarm settings for Cisco CallManager services and direct alarms to local Syslogs or system diagnostic interface (SDI) log files. (SDI log files are viewable in text format only.)
You can set up traces for Cisco CallManager services on debug levels, specific trace fields, and Cisco Unified Communications Manager devices such as phones or gateways. You can also perform a trace on the alarms that are sent to the SDI trace log files.

Use the trace collection feature to collect trace files and to analyze trace data for troubleshooting problems. (The trace collection feature includes the QRT Viewer.)

The trace collection feature provides three main functions:

- Configure trace parameters
- Collect trace files
- Analyze trace data for troubleshooting problems

---

**Note**

Enabling Trace decreases system performance; therefore, enable Trace only for troubleshooting purposes. For assistance in using Trace, contact Cisco TAC.

---

**Troubleshooting Tips**

The following examples provide some common problems and recommended actions when troubleshooting scenarios for QRT:

**Problem** The QRT softkey is not available.

**Solution** Ensure that you have created, configured, and assigned the softkey template to enable the QRT feature.

**Problem** The QRT softkey is not working.

**Solution** Ensure that the Cisco Extended Functions service, the Cisco CallManager service, the Cisco CTIManager service, and the Cisco RIS Data Collector service are operational.

**Problem** The QRT report does not include data.

**Solution** The system collects data from various sources, such as the user, source IP phone, destination IP phone, RIS Data Collector, Cisco Unified Communications Manager, and Cisco Unified Communications Manager databases. Check to make sure that the destination device is a supported IP phone and not a gateway or other unsupported device; otherwise, the system does not collect data from the destination device.

---

**Note**

For more information about Cisco Unified Serviceability tools, see the *Cisco Unified Serviceability Administration Guide*.

For information about troubleshooting Cisco Unified Communications Manager, see the *Troubleshooting Guide for Cisco Unified Communications Manager*.

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**Additional Information**

See the “Related Topics” section on page 38-32.
Related Topics

- Configuration Checklist for QRT, page 38-2
- Introducing Quality Report Tool, page 38-3
- System Requirements for QRT, page 38-6
- Cisco Extended Functions Service Dependency, page 38-7
- Securing a TLS Connection to CTI, page 38-8
- How to Use QRT, page 38-9
- Interactions and Restrictions, page 38-15
- Installing and Activating QRT Functions, page 38-15
- Configuring the QRT Feature, page 38-16
- Using the QRT Viewer, page 38-25
- Providing Information to Users for the QRT Feature, page 38-30
- Troubleshooting the QRT Feature, page 38-30
- Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6), page 29-1
- Softkey Template Configuration, Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Guide
- Device Pool Configuration, Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Guide
- Cisco Unified IP Phones, Cisco Unified Communications Manager System Guide
- Device Defaults Configuration, Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Guide
- Service Parameter Configuration, Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Guide
- Cisco Unified IP Phone Configuration, Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Guide

Additional Cisco Documentation

- Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Guide
- Cisco Unified Communications Manager System Guide
- Cisco Unified Serviceability Administration Guide
- Cisco Unified Communications Manager Security Guide
- Troubleshooting Guide for Cisco Unified Communications Manager
- Cisco Unified IP Phone Administration Guide for Cisco Unified Communications Manager
- Cisco IP Telephony Locale Installer
- Cisco Unified IP Phone Guides