

## **Compute Node Overview**

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## Cisco UCS X210c M8 Compute Node Overview

The Cisco UCS X210c M8 Compute Node is a single-slot compute node that has two CPU sockets that can support the following Intel<sup>®</sup> Xeon<sup>®</sup> Scalable Processors:

• Sixth Generation Intel Xeon Scalable Server Processors

Additionally, the compute node supports the following features with one CPU or two identical CPUs:

- 32 total DIMMs (16 DIMMs per CPU), 8 channels per CPU socket, 2 channels per DIMM.
- DDR5 DIMM capacities vary based on the CPU type for the compute node:
  - Intel Sixth Generation Xeon Scalable Server Processors support 16, 32, 64, 96, and 128 GB DDR5 DIMMs
- The compute node's DIMM configuration differs depending on which generation of CPU is populated on the compute node:
  - With Sixth Generation Intel Scalable Server Xeon Processors, the compute node supports DDR5 DIMMs up to 6400MT/s with 1 DPC, and up to 5200 MT/s with 2DPC
- Memory Mirroring and RAS is supported.
- One front mezzanine module can support the following:
  - A front storage module, which supports multiple different storage device configurations:
    - Up to six SAS/SATA NVMe SSDs with an integrated RAID controller.

- Up to six NVMe SSDs in slots 1 through 6.
- A mixture of up to six SATA/SATA or up to four NVMe drives is supported. In this configuration, U.3 NVMe drives in slots 1 through 6. The U.3 NVMe drives are also supported with an integrated RAID module (MRAID Controller, UCSX-RAID-M1L6) and Compute RAID Controller (UCSX-X10C-RAIDF).
- With an integrated RAID module, the following drive configurations are supported:
  - SAS/SATA drives in slots 1 through 6
  - NMVe U.3 drives in slots 1 through 6
  - A mix of NVMe U.3 and SAS/SATA drives. SAS/SATA and NVMe U.3 drives are supported in on Slots 1 through 6
- RAID Controller (UCSX-X10C-RAIDF)
  - Front mezzanine supports up to 64 drives, with a maximum of 32 drives per span and up to 8 spans supported. The RAID levels supported are 0, 1, 5, 6, 10, 50, and 60.
- X24g tri-mode M1 RAID controller
  - Up to six (6) SAS/SATA/NVMe SSD drives. Each drive slot supports either SAS, SATA or NVMe U.3 SSDs (RAID Controller)
    - SAS: 12G, 24G in a x1 config
    - SATA: 6G in a x1 config
    - NVMe: Gen 4 in a x2 config
- Pass Through Controller for E3.S drives (UCSX-X10C-PTE3).
  - The front mezzanine E3.S module supports up to nine E3.S PCIe drives.

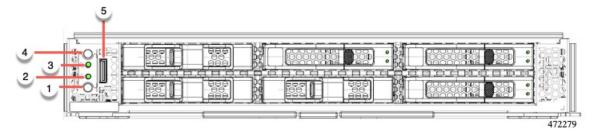
For additional information, see Front Mezzanine Options, on page 6.

- 1 modular LAN on motherboard (mLOM/VIC) module supporting a maximum of 200G traffic, 100G to each fabric. For more information, see mLOM and Rear Mezzanine Slot Support, on page 8.
- 1 rear mezzanine module (UCSX-V4-PCIME or UCSX-ME-V5Q50G).
- A mini-storage module with slots for up to two M.2 drives with optional hardware RAID. Two options of mini-storage exist, one supporting M.2 SATA drives with a RAID controller (UCSX-M2I-HWRD-FPS), and one supporting M.2 NVMe drives direct-attached to CPU 1 through a pass-through controller (UCSX-M2-PT-FPN).
- Local console connectivity through a USB OCuLink .
- Connection with a paired UCS PCIe module, such as the Cisco UCS X440p PCIe node, to support GPU offload and acceleration. For more information, see the Optional Hardware Configuration, on page 12.
- Up to eight UCS X210c M8 compute nodes can be installed in a Cisco UCS X9508 modular system.

## **Compute Node Front Panel**

The Cisco UCS X210c M8 Compute Node front panel contains system LEDs that provide visual indicators for how the overall compute node is operating. An external connector is also supported.

### **Compute Node Front Panel**



1	Power LED and Power Switch	2	System Activity LED
	<ul> <li>The LED provides a visual indicator about whether the compute node is on or off.</li> <li>Steady green indicates the compute node is on.</li> <li>Steady Amber indicates the compute node is in Standby power mode.</li> <li>Off or dark indicates that the compute node is not powered on.</li> <li>The switch is a push button that can power off or power on the compute node. See Front Panel Buttons, on page 4.</li> </ul>		The LED blinks to show whether data or network traffic is written to or read from the compute node. If no traffic is detected, the LED is dark.  The LED is updated every 10 seconds.
3	System Health LED  A multifunction LED that indicates the state of the compute node.  • Steady green indicates the compute node successfully booted to runtime and is in normal operating state.  • Steady amber indicates that the compute node successfully booted but is in a degraded runtime state.  • Blinking amber indicates that the compute node is in a critical state, which requires attention.	4	Locator LED/Switch  The LED provides a visual indicator that glows solid blue to identify a specific compute node.  The switch is a push button that toggles the Indicator LED on or off. See Front Panel Buttons, on page 4.

4	5	External Optical Connector (Oculink)	
		that supports local console functionality.	

### **Front Panel Buttons**

The front panel has some buttons that are also LEDs. See Compute Node Front Panel, on page 3.

- The front panel Power button is a multi-function button that controls system power for the compute node.
  - Immediate power up: Quickly pressing and releasing the button, but not holding it down, causes a powered down compute node to power up.
  - Immediate power down: Pressing the button and holding it down 7 seconds or longer before releasing it causes a powered-up compute node to immediately power down.
  - Graceful power down: Quickly pressing and releasing the button, but not holding it down, causes a powered-up compute node to power down in an orderly fashion.
- The front panel Locator button is a toggle that controls the Locator LED. Quickly pressing the button, but not holding it down, toggles the locator LED on (when it glows a steady blue) or off (when it is dark). The LED can also be dark if the compute node is not receiving power.

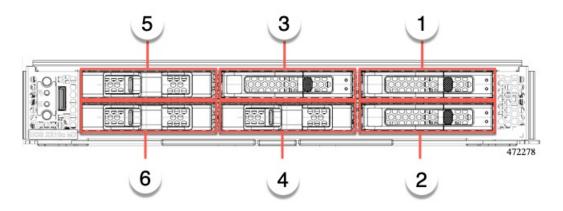
For more information, see Interpreting LEDs, on page 10.

### **Drive Bays**

Each Cisco Cisco UCS X210c M8 Compute Node has a front mezzanine slot that can support local storage drives of different types and quantities of SAS, SATA, or NVMe drives. A drive blank panel (UCSC-BBLKD-S2) must cover all empty drive bays.

Drive bays are numbered sequentially from 1 through 6 as shown.

Figure 1: Front Loading Drives

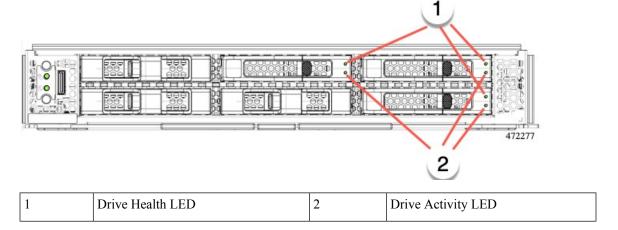


#### **Drive Front Panels**

The front drives are installed in the front mezzanine slot of the compute node. SAS/SATA and NVMe drives are supported.

### **Compute Node Front Panel with SAS/SATA Drives**

The compute node front panel contains the front mezzanine module, which can support a maximum of 6 SAS/SATA drives. The drives have additional LEDs that provide visual indicators about each drive's status.



### **Compute Node Front Panel with NVMe Drives**

The compute node front panel contains the front mezzanine module, which can support a maximum of six 2.5-inch NVMe drives.

## **Local Console**

The local console connector is a horizontal oriented OcuLink on the compute node faceplate.

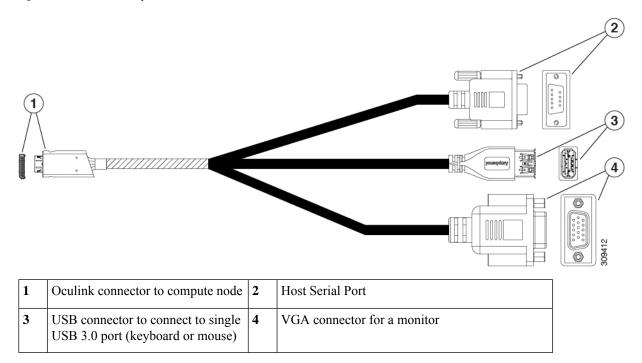
The connector allows a direct connection to a compute node to allow operating system installation directly rather than remotely.

The connector terminates to a KVM dongle cable (UCSX-C-DEBUGCBL) that provides a connection into a Cisco UCS compute node. The cable provides connection to the following:

- VGA connector for a monitor
- Host Serial Port
- USB port connector for a keyboard and mouse

With this cable, you can create a direct connection to the operating system and the BIOS running on a compute node. A KVM cable can be ordered in separately and it doesn't come with compute node's accessary kit.

Figure 2: KVM Cable for Compute Nodes



## **Front Mezzanine Options**

The Cisco UCS X210c M8 Compute Node supports front mezzanine module storage through SAS/SATA, NVMe SSDs, or E3.S drives and compute acceleration through GPUs.

- Storage Options, on page 6
- GPU Options, on page 8

## **Storage Options**

The compute node supports the following local storage options in the front mezzanine module.

### Cisco UCS X10c Passthrough Controller

The compute node supports the Cisco FlexStorage NVMe passthrough controller, which is a passthrough controller for NVMe drives only. This module supports:

- Support up to six NVME SSDs in slots 1 through 6
- PCIe Gen3 and Gen4, x24 total lanes, partitioned as six x4 lanes
- Drive hot plug is supported
- Virtual RAID on CPU (VROC) is not supported, so RAID across NVME SSDs is not supported

#### Cisco UCS X10c RAID Module

This storage option supports:

- Support up to six 6 SAS/SATA SSDs, or
- Up to four or six NVME SSDs as:
  - U.3 NVMe drives in slots 1 to 6 connected to the RAID controller at PCIe Gen4 and configurable with HW RAID.
- PCIe Gen3 and Gen4, x8 lanes
- Drive hot plug is supported
- RAID support depends on the type of drives and how they are configured in the RAI:
  - RAID across U.2 NVME SSDs is not supported.
  - RAID is not supported in a mixture of SAS/SATA and U.3 NVMe drives in the same RAID group.
  - The following RAID levels are supported across SAS/SATA and U.3 NVMe SSDs when the RAID group is either all SAS/SATA drives or all U.3 NVMe drives: RAID0, 1, 5, 6, 00, 10, 50, and 60.

#### Cisco UCS X10c E3.S Drive Front Mezzanine Module

As an option, the compute node can support a E3.S- drive based front mezzanine module, the Cisco UCS X10c E3.S Front Mezzanine Module.

Each Cisco UCS X10c front mezzanine drives module consists of the following components:

• Up to Nine E3.S 1T PCIe drives.

For information about this hardware option, see the Cisco UCS X10c E3.S Drive Front Mezzanine.

### Cisco UCS 24g M1 RAID Controller Module

This storage option:

- Support up to six 6 SAS/SATA SSDs, or
- Up to four or six NVME SSDs as:
  - U.3 NVMe drives in slots 1 to 6 connected to the RAID controller at PCIe Gen4 and configurable with HW RAID.
- PCIe Gen3 and Gen4, x8 lanes
- Drive hot plug is supported
- RAID support depends on the type of drives and how they are configured.
  - RAID is not supported in a mixture of SAS/SATA and U.3 NVMe drives in the same RAID group.
  - The following RAID levels are supported across SAS/SATA and U.3 NVMe SSDs when the RAID group is either all SAS/SATA drives or all U.3 NVMe drives: RAID 0, 1, 5, 6, 00, 10, and 50.

• Support for drive slot 5 and 6 can be either Controller attached mode or direct attached mode. Only NVMe U.3 drives in drive slot 5 and 6 will become CPU attached in direct attach mode.

## **GPU Options**

The compute node offers GPU offload and acceleration through the following optional GPU support.

#### Cisco UCS X10c Front Mezzanine GPU Module

As an option, the compute node can support a GPU-based front mezzanine module, the Cisco UCS X10c Front Mezzanine GPU Module.

Each UCS X10c Front Mezzanine GPU Module contains:

- A GPU adapter card supporting zero, one or two, Cisco L4-MEZZ GPUs (UCSX-GPU-L4-MEZZ).
   Each GPU is connected directly into the GPU adapter card by a x8 Gen 4 PCI connection.
- A storage adapter and riser card supporting zero, one, or two U.3 NVMe drives.
- PCI Gen 3 and Gen4, x32 configured as one x 16 plus two x8 lanes
- Drive hot plug is supported

For information about this hardware option, see the Cisco UCS X10c Front Mezzanine GPU Module Installation and Service Guide.

## mLOM and Rear Mezzanine Slot Support

The following rear mezzanine and modular LAN on motherboard (mLOM) modules and Virtual interface cards (VICs) are supported.

- Cisco UCS VIC 15422 (UCSX-ME-V5Q50G-D) which supports:
  - Four 25G KR interfaces.
  - Can occupy the server's mezzanine slot at the bottom rear of the chassis.
  - An included bridge card extends this VIC's 2x 50 Gbps of network connections through IFM connectors, bringing the total bandwidth to 100 Gbps per fabric (for a total of 200 Gbps per server).
- Cisco UCS VIC 15420 mLOM (UCSX-ML-V5Q50G-D) which supports:
  - Quad-Port 25G mLOM.
  - Occupies the server's modular LAN on motherboard (mLOM) slot.
  - Enables up to 50 Gbps of unified fabric connectivity to each of the chassis intelligent fabric modules (IFMs) for 100 Gbps connectivity per server.
- Cisco UCS VIC 15230 mLOM (UCSX-ML-V5Q50G-D), which supports:
  - x16 PCIE Gen 4 host interface to the Cisco UCS X210c M8 Compute Node
  - 4GB DDR4 DIMM, 3200MHz with ECC

- Two or four KR interfaces that connect to Cisco UCS X Series Intelligent Fabric Modules (IFMs):
  - Two 100G KR interfaces connecting to the UCSX 100G Intelligent Fabric Module (UCSX-I-9108-100G)
  - Four 25G KR interfaces connecting to the Cisco UCSX 9108 25G Intelligent Fabric Module (UCSX-I-9108-25G)
- · Secure boot support
- The Cisco UCS PCI Mezz Card for X-Fabric (UCSX-V4-PCIME-D) is a rear mezzanine card that features:
  - Two physical ports.
  - Two PCIe Gen4 x16 electrical lanes to each CPU on the compute node.
  - Two PCIE Gen4 x16 electrical lanes to each Cisco X-Fabric.
  - This card is required to provide connectivity between the compute node and the Cisco UCS X440p PCIe node, if present.

## **System Health States**

The compute node's front panel has a System Health LED, which is a visual indicator that shows whether the compute node is operating in a normal runtime state (the LED glows steady green). If the System Health LED shows anything other than solid green, the compute node is not operating normally, and it requires attention.

The following System Health LED states indicate that the compute node is not operating normally.

System Health LED Color	Compute Node State	Conditions
Solid Amber	Degraded	Power supply redundancy lost
		• Intelligent Fabric Module (IFM) redundancy lost
		<ul> <li>Mismatched processors in the system. This condition might prevent the system from booting.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Faulty processor in a dual processor system. This condition might prevent the system from booting.</li> </ul>
		Memory RAS failure if memory is configured for RAS
		Failed drive in a compute node configured for RAID

System Health LED Color	Compute Node State	Conditions
Blinking Amber	Critical	Boot failure
		• Fatal processor or bus errors detected
		Fatal uncorrectable memory error detected
		• Lost both IFMs
		• Lost both drives
		Excessive thermal conditions

# **Interpreting LEDs**

Table 1: Compute Node LEDs

LED	Color	Description
Compute Node Power	Off	Power off.
(callout 1 on the Chassis Front Panel)	Green	Normal operation.
	Amber	Standby.
Compute Node Activity	Off	None of the network links are up.
(callout 2 on the Chassis Front Panel)	Green	At least one network link is up.
Compute Node Health	Off	Power off.
(callout 3 on the Chassis Front Panel)	Green	Normal operation.
	Amber	Degraded operation.
	Blinking Amber	Critical error.

LED	Color	Description
Compute Node Locator	Off	Locator not enabled.
LED and button (callout 4 on the Chassis Front Panel)	Blinking Blue 1 Hz	Locates a selected compute node—If the LED is not blinking, the compute node is not selected.  You can initiate the LED through Cisco UCS management software (Cisco Intersight or Cisco UCS Manager) or by pressing the button, which toggles the LED on and off.

### Table 2: Drive LEDs, SAS/SATA

Activity/Presence LED	Status/Fault LED	Description
Off	Off	Drive not present or drive powered off
On (glowing solid green)	Off	Drive present, but no activity or drive is a hot spare
Blinking green, 4HZ	Off	Drive present and drive activity
Blinking green, 4HZ	Blinking amber, 4HZ	Drive Locate indicator or drive prepared for physical removal
On (glowing solid green)	On (glowing solid amber)	Failed or faulty drive
Blinking green, 1HZ	Blinking amber, 1HZ	Drive rebuild or copyback operation in progress
On (glowing solid green)	Two 4HZ amber blinks with a ½ second pause	Predict Failure Analysis (PFA)

### Table 3: Drive LEDs, NVMe (VMD Disabled)

Activity/Presence LED	Status/Fault LED	Description
Off	Off	Drive not present or drive powered off
On (glowing solid green)	Off	Drive present, but no activity
Blinking green, 4HZ	Off	Drive present and drive activity
N/A	N/A	Drive Locate indicator or drive prepared for physical removal
N/A	N/A	Failed or faulty drive

Activity/Presence LED	Status/Fault LED	Description
N/A	N/A	Drive Rebuild

Table 4: Drive LEDs, NVMe (VMD Enabled)

0	Status/Fault LED	Description
Activity/Presence LED	A	
Off	Off	Drive not present or drive powered off
On (glowing solid green)	Off	Drive present, but no activity
Blinking green, 4HZ	Off	Drive present and drive activity
Blinking green, 4HZ	Blinking amber, 4HZ	Drive Locate indicator or drive prepared for physical removal
N/A	N/A	Failed or faulty drive
N/A	N/A	Drive Rebuild

## **Optional Hardware Configuration**

The Cisco UCS X210c M8 Compute Node can be installed in a Cisco UCS X9508 Server Chassis either as a standalone compute node or with the following optional hardware configuration.

### Cisco UCS X440p PCle Node

As an option, the compute node can be paired with a full-slot GPU acceleration hardware module in the Cisco UCS X9508 Server Chassis. This option is supported through the Cisco X440p PCIe node. For information about this option, see the Cisco UCS X440p PCIe Node Installation and Service Guide.



Note

When the compute node is paired with the Cisco UCS X440p PCIe node, the Cisco UCS PCI Mezz card for X-Fabric Connectivity (UCSX-ME-V5Q50G-D) or ( UCSX-V4-PCIME-D) is required. This rear mezzanine card installs on the compute node.