

Managing Rack Server Policies and Profiles

This chapter contains the following topics:

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Rack Server Policies

Rack server policies are a primary mechanism for defining configuration of various attributes on rack servers in Cisco UCS Director. These policies help ensure consistency and repeatability of configurations across rack servers. Defining and using a comprehensive set of policies enables greater consistency, control, predictability, and automation as similar configurations are applied across many rack servers.

The following workflow indicates how you can work with server policies in Cisco UCS Director:

- 1. Create a server policy such as BIOS policy or an NTP policy. You can create a policy in one of the following methods:
 - **a.** Create a new policy. For more information about the various policy types and creating a new policy, see Creating Server Policies, on page 2.
 - **b.** Create a policy from the configuration existing on a server. For more information about creating a policy from the configuration existing on a server, see Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
- 2. Apply the policy on a server. For more information about applying a policy, see Applying a Policy, on page 36.
- 3. Perform any of the following optional tasks on the policy:
 - **a.** View the list of servers that are mapped to a specific policy. For more information on performing these tasks, see Common Tasks for Server Policies, on page 4.
 - **b.** Edit a policy to modify values.
 - c. Delete a policy when it is no longer needed
 - d. Clone a policy to use similar values
 - e. Group multiple policies into a server profile. For more information about applying profiles, see Applying a Policy, on page 36.

Creating Server Policies

Perform this procedure when you want to create a new server policy.

Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- **Step 4** In the Add screen, choose a policy type from the drop-down list.

For more information about creating a policy based on the policy type, select the policy type listed in the table below. The various properties required to configure these policies are available in the Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide. The respective sections in this guide are listed against each policy type.

Policy	Procedure Documented in this Guide	Sections in the Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide
BIOS Policy	Creating a BIOS Policy, on page 5	Configuring BIOS Settings
Disk Group Policy	Creating a Disk Group Policy, on page 6	Managing Storage Adapters
FlexFlash Policy	FlexFlash Policy, on page 7	Managing the Flexible Flash Controller
IPMI over LAN Policy	Creating an IPMI Over LAN Policy, on page 11	Configuring IPMI
LDAP Policy	Creating an LDAP Policy, on page 12	Configuring the LDAP Server
Legacy Boot Order Policy	Creating a Legacy Boot Order Policy, on page 14	Server Boot Order
Network Configuration Policy	Creating a Network Configuration Policy, on page 16	Configuring Network-Related Settings
Network Security Policy	Creating a Network Security Policy, on page 18	Network Security Configuration
Network Time Protocol Policy	Creating an NTP Policy, on page 19	Configuring Network Time Protocol Settings
Password Expiration Policy	Creating a Password Expiration Policy, on page 20	Password Expiry
Precision Boot Order Policy	Creating a Precision Boot Order Policy, on page 21	Configuring the Precision Boot Order
Power Restore Policy	Power Restore Policy, on page 22	Configuring the Power Restore Policy

Policy	Procedure Documented in this Guide	Sections in the Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide
RAID Policy	Creating a RAID Policy, on page 23	Managing Storage Adapters
Serial Over LAN Policy	Creating a Serial Over LAN Policy, on page 26	Configuring Serial Over LAN
SNMP Policy	Creating an SNMP Policy, on page 26	Configuring SNMP
SSH Policy	Creating an SSH Policy, on page 28	Configuring SSH
User Policy	Creating a User Policy, on page 29	Configuring Local Users
VIC Adapter Policy	Creating a VIC Adapter Policy, on page 30	Viewing VIC Adapter Properties
Virtual KVM Policy	Creating a Virtual KVM Policy, on page 32	Configuring the Virtual KVM
vMedia Policy	Creating a vMedia Policy, on page 33	Configuring Virtual Media
Zoning Policy	Creating a Zoning Policy, on page 35	<i>Dynamic Storage</i> in the Cisco UCS C-Series Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide for S3260 Servers.

Step 5

Click Submit.

What to do next

Apply the policy to a server. For more information about applying a policy, see Applying a Policy, on page 36.

Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration

You can choose to create a policy using a server that you have previously configured. By re-using the existing configuration on a server, you can reduce the time and effort involved in creating similar configurations.

Note When you create a policy from current configuration of a server, the password fields are not retrieved from the server.

Perform the following procedure when you want to create a policy from current configuration of a server.

Procedure

Step 1 Choose **Policies** > **Physical Infrastructure Policies** > **Rack Server**.

- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add (+).
- **Step 4** In the Add screen, choose a policy from the drop-down list and click Submit.
- **Step 5** In the **General** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	Check this check box to create this policy for Cisco UCS S3260 servers.

Step 6 Click Next.

Step 7 In the Server Details pane, you can use the server details in the following two methods:

- a) Check Enter Server Details Manually and complete the required fields, including the following:
 - 1. Enter the IP address in the Server IP field.
 - Check the Use Credential Policy check box to select an existing policy and select a policy from the Credential Policy drop-down list or click+ next to the Credential Policy drop-down list and enter the details to create a new policy in the Credential Policy Add Form dialog box.
 - 3. Enter the server login name in the User Name field.
 - 4. Enter the server login password in the **Password** field.
 - 5. Select http or https from the Protocol drop-down list.
 - 6. Enter the port number associated with the selected protocol in the **Port** field.
- b) Click Select and choose a server from where you can retrieve the configurations.

Step 8 Click Next. You will return to the Main pane for creating the policy. Continue with creating a policy using the prompts in the wizard. The fields for each policy vary depending on the policy you are creating in the system. Step 9 Click Submit

Step 9 Click Submit.

Common Tasks for Server Policies

Perform the following procedure when you want to edit, delete, clone, or view server mapping details of an existing policy.

Procedure

Step 1	Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server.		
Step 2	On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.		
Step 3	Expand a policy folder and select a policy.		
Step 4	To apply a policy to a server or server group, click Apply . For more information about applying a profile, see Applying a Policy, on page 36.		
Step 5	(Optional) Click View Apply Status to view the details of a selected policy such as the status of the policy you have applied, the server details to which you have applied the policy and so on. If the policy is not successfully applied for example, an error message is displayed in the Status Message column.		
Step 6	(Optional) To modify a policy, click Properties and modify the required properties.		
	When you modify a policy name, ensure that you do not specify a name which already exists.		
Step 7	(Optional) To clone a policy, click Clone to copy the details of a selected policy to a new policy.		
Step 8	(Optional) To delete a policy, click Delete . In the Delete Policy screen, expand Select Policy (s) and check the policies you want to delete, and click Submit .		
	You can delete one or more selected policies even if you have associated the policy with a server. If you try to delete a policy which is associated to a profile, an error occurs.		
Step 9	Click Submit .		

Creating a BIOS Policy

A BIOS policy automates the configuration of BIOS settings on servers. You can create one or more BIOS policies which contain a specific grouping of BIOS settings that match the needs of a server or a set of servers. If you do not specify a BIOS policy for a server, the BIOS settings will remain as they are, either a default set of values for a brand new bare metal server or a set of values which were configured using Cisco IMC. If a BIOS policy is specified, the values specified in the policy replace any previously configured values on the server.

For details about configuring the various BIOS properties, see section *Configuring BIOS Settings* in the *Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide*.

Perform the following procedure to create a BIOS policy.

Procedure

Step 1 Choose	se Policies > Physical	Infrastructure Policies >	Rack Server.
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Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.

- Step 3 Click Add.
- **Step 4** In the Add screen, choose **BIOS Policy** from the drop-down list and click **Submit**.
- **Step 5** In the **General** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed. For information on performing tasks in this pane, refer Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	Check this check box to create this policy for Cisco UCS S3260 servers.

Note If some properties or attributes in Cisco UCS Director are not applicable to a server running a specific Cisco IMC version, they are not applied. If the properties are not available on the Cisco IMC server, they are displayed as **Platform-Default** in the property fields.

- Step 6 Click Next.
- Step 7 In the Main pane, select values for the main BIOS properties such as CDN Control, POST Error Pause, and TPM Support drop-down lists.
- Step 8 Click Next.
- **Step 9** In the **Advanced** pane, choose the BIOS property values from the drop-down lists and click **Next**.
- **Step 10** In the **Boot Options** pane, choose the appropriate setting for the drop-down lists.

The **Power ON Password Support** drop-down list allows you to enable or disable power on password support. You can also choose the default platform setting. Enabling this option prevents you from making any changes to the server, including configuration changes and entering the BIOS setup. Prior to enabling this option, ensure that a BIOS password is set in the BIOS Configuration screen using the Cisco IMC user interface.

- **Step 11** In the **Server Management** pane, choose the server property values from the drop-down lists.
- Step 12 Click Submit.

Creating a Disk Group Policy

Using a Disk Group policy, you can select the physical disks used for virtual drives and also configure various attributes associated with a virtual drive.

A disk group policy defines how a disk group is created and configured. The policy specifies the RAID level to be used for the virtual drive. You can use a disk group policy to manage multiple disk groups. A single Disk Group policy can be associated with multiple virtual drives. If so, the virtual drives share the same Virtual Drive group space. Disk Group policies associated with different virtual drives in a RAID policy do not have any physical disk repeated across different Disk Group policies. For more information about RAID policy, see Creating a RAID Policy, on page 23.

For details about configuring the various disk group properties, see section *Managing Storage Adapters* in the Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide.

Perform the following procedure to create a Disk Group policy.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Choose **Policies** > **Physical Infrastructure Policies** > **Rack Server**.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- Step 4 In the Add screen, choose Disk Group Policy from the drop-down list and click Submit.
- **Step 5** In the **Create Disk Group Policy** screen, enter a name in the **Policy Name** field and click **Next**.
- Step 6 In the Virtual Drive Configuration pane, choose the RAID level and click Next.
- **Step 7** In the **Local Disk Configuration** pane, click + to add an entry to reference a local disk configuration.
- **Step 8** In the **Add Entry to Local Disk Configuration Reference** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Slot Number field	Enter the slot number of the disk.
Role drop-down list	Choose a role. It be can one of the following:
	• Normal
	Dedicated Hot Spare
	Global Hot Spare

Step 9 Click Submit.

Step 10

In the Local Disk Configuration pane, select a local disk from the table and click Submit.

- Note
- You cannot create a Disk Group policy from current configuration of the server.
 - When a RAID policy is created from current configuration of the server, the Disk Group policy is also created automatically from the server configuration.

FlexFlash Policy

A FlexFlash policy allows you to configure and enable the SD card.

For details about configuring the various properties, see section *Managing the Flexible Flash Controller* in the *Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide*.

Note The minimum Cisco Integrated Management Controller firmware version for FlexFlash support is 2.0(2c). You cannot create a FlexFlash policy for Cisco UCS S3260 rack servers.

Perform the following procedure to create a FlexFlash policy.

Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- Step 4 In the Add screen, choose FlexFlash Policy from the drop-down list and click Submit.
- **Step 5** Enter a name in the **Policy Name** field and click **Next**.

You can also check the **Create policy from current configuration of the server** check box and click **Next**. This takes you to the **Server Details** pane. For information on performing tasks in this dialog box, refer Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.

Step 6 In the **Configure Cards** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Field	Description
Firmware Mode options	Choose any of the following firmware operating modes:
	• Mirror - This mode is a mirror configuration and is available only for C220 M4 and C240 M4 servers.
	• Util - In this mode one card with four partitions and one card with a single partition is created. This mode is available only for C220 M4 and C240 M4 servers.
	• Not Applicable - No firmware operating modes are selected. This mode is available only for C220 M3, C240 M3, C22, C24, and C460 M4 servers.
Mirror radio button	Check Enable Virtual Drive to enable the Hypervisor virtual drive or check Erase Virtual Drive to erase it.
Util radio button	Check Enable Virtual Drive to enable virtual drives such as SCU, Hypervisor, Drivers, HUU, and User Partition or check Erase Virtual Drive to erase them.
	Note You can select multiple virtual drives.

Field	Descriptio	on
Not Applicable radio button	Check En such as SO	able Virtual Drive to enable virtual drives CU, HV, Drivers, and HUU.
	Note	You can select multiple virtual drives.
		The Erase Virtual Drive check box is not available.
Partition Name field	The name	e of the partition.
Non Util Card Partition Name field	The name partition of	that you want to assign to the single on the second card, if it exists.
	Note	This option is available only for util mode.
Select Primary Card (available for mirror mode) or Select Util Card (available for Util mode) drop-down list	Select the slots Slot 1 or Slot 2 where the SD cards are present or select None if only one SD card is present on the server.	
	Note	None is available only for Select Util Card option.
Auto Sync check box	Automatically synchronizes the SD card available in the selected slot.	
	Note	This option is available only for mirror mode.
Slot-1 Read Error Threshold field	The numb accessing number of the card is	per of read errors that are permitted while Slot 1 of the Cisco FlexFlash card. If the fread errors exceeds this threshold on a card, s marked unhealthy.
	To specify between 1 never be c encounter	y a read error threshold, enter an integer and 255. To specify that the card should disabled regardless of the number of errors red, enter 0 (zero).
Slot-1 Write Error Threshold field	The numb accessing number of card, the c	per of write errors that are permitted while Slot 1 of the Cisco FlexFlash card. If the f write errors exceeds this threshold on a card is marked unhealthy.
	To specify between 1 never be c encounter	y a write error threshold, enter an integer and 255. To specify that the card should disabled regardless of the number of errors red, enter 0 (zero).

Field	Description
Slot-2 Read Error Threshold field	The number of read errors that are permitted while accessing Slot 2 of the Cisco FlexFlash card. If the number of read errors exceeds this threshold on a card, the card is marked unhealthy.
	To specify a read error threshold, enter an integer between 1 and 255. To specify that the card should never be disabled regardless of the number of errors encountered, enter 0 (zero).
	Note This option is available only for util mode. In case of mirror mode, the slot-1 Read/Write threshold will be applied to Slot-2 as well.
Slot-2 Write Error Threshold field	The number of write errors that are permitted while accessing Slot 2 of the Cisco FlexFlash card. If the number of write errors exceeds this threshold on a card, the card is marked unhealthy.
	To specify a write error threshold, enter an integer between 1 and 255. To specify that the card should never be disabled regardless of the number of errors encountered, enter 0 (zero).
	Note This option is available only for util mode. In case of mirror mode, the slot-1 Read/Write threshold will be applied to Slot-2 as well.

Step 7 If you selected **Not Applicable** as the firmware mode, complete the required fields, including the following:

Field	Description
Virtual Drive Enable drop-down list	The virtual drives that can be made available to the server as a USB-style drive.
RAID Primary Member drop-down list	The slot in which the primary RAID member resides.
RAID Secondary Role drop-down list	The role of the secondary RAID.
I/O Read Error Threshold field	The number of read errors that are permitted while accessing the Cisco FlexFlash card. If the number of read errors exceeds this threshold on a card, the card is marked unhealthy.
	To specify a read error threshold, enter an integer between 1 and 255. To specify that the card should never be disabled regardless of the number of errors encountered, enter 0 (zero).

Field	Description
I/O Write Error Threshold field	The number of write errors that are permitted while accessing the Cisco FlexFlash card. If the number of write errors exceeds this threshold on a card, the card is marked unhealthy
	The number of write errors that are permitted while accessing the Cisco FlexFlash card. If the number of write errors exceeds this threshold on a card, the card is marked unhealthy.
Clear Errors check box	If checked, the read/write errors are cleared when you click Submit .

Step 8 Click Submit.

You can also select an existing FlexFlash policy from the **Hardware Policies** table and delete, edit, clone, apply or view the apply status by selecting the respective options in the user interface.

- **Note** Applying a FlexFlash policy is a two step process as follows:
 - a. The settings on the server will be set to default.
 - **b.** The new settings on the policy will be applied. If there is any failure in this step, you will lose the existing settings prior to applying the policy.

Creating an IPMI Over LAN Policy

Configure an IPMI over LAN policy when you want to manage Cisco IMC with IPMI messages.

For details about configuring the various properties, see section *Configuring IPMI* in the *Cisco UCS C-Series* Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide.

Perform the following procedure to create an IPMI Over LAN policy.

- Step 1
 Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- Step 4 In the Add screen, choose IPMI Over LAN Policy from the drop-down list and click Submit.
- **Step 5** In the **Create IPMI Over LAN Policy** screen, in the **General** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.

Name	Description
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed. For information on performing tasks in this pane, see Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	Check this check box to create this policy for Cisco UCS S3260 servers.

Step 6 Click Next.

Step 7 In the **Main** page, complete the required fields, including the following:

Field	Description
Enable IPMI Over LAN check box	Check this check box to configure the IPMI properties.
Privilege Level Limitdrop-down list	Choose a privilege level from the drop-down list.
Encryption Key field	Enter a key in the field. Encryption key must contain even number of hexadecimal characters, not exceeding 40 characters in total length. If less than 40 characters are specified, the key will be automatically added with zeros to the length of 40.

Step 8 Click Next.

Step 9 In the Confirm page, click Submit.

Creating an LDAP Policy

Cisco UCS Director supports the LDAP configuration settings on the servers using an LDAP policy. You can create one or more LDAP policies which contain a specific grouping of LDAP settings that match the needs of a server or a set of servers.

For details about configuring the various LDAP properties, see section *Configuring LDAP Server* in the *Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide*.

Perform the following procedure to create a LDAP policy.

Procedure

Step 1 Choose **Policies** > **Physical Infrastructure Policies** > **Rack Server**.

Step 2	On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
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Step 3 Click Add.

Step 4 In the Add screen, choose LDAP Policy from the drop-down list and click Submit.

Step 5 In the **Create LDAP Policy** screen, in the **General** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed. For information on performing tasks in this pane, see Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	Check this check box to create this policy for Cisco UCS S3260 servers.

Step 6

Click Next.

Step 7

In the Main pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Enable LDAP check box	Check the check box to enable LDAP on the server.
Base DN field	The Base DN for the server.
	The Base DN refers to the point from where the server begins the search for users.
Domain field	The LDAP domain name.
Timeout drop-down list	Choose a timeout interval.
Enable Encryption check box	Check this check box to enable encryption.
Binding Parameters	
Method drop-down list	Choose a binding method from the drop-down list.
Binding DN field	Specify the binding DN for the LDAP server.
	The Binding DN consists of the user and the location of the user in the LDAP tree.
Password field	The password.
Search Parameters	
Filter Attribute field	Specify the filtering attribute.

Name	Description
Group Attribute field	Specify the group attribute.
Attribute field	Specify the attribute.

Step 8 Click Next.

Step 9

In the **Configure LDAP Servers** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Use DNS to Configure LDAP Servers check box	Check this check box to specify DNS parameters.
Source drop-down list	Choose a source method for DNS. It can be Extracted, Configured or Configured-Extracted.
	If you select Extracted, then the remaining DNS parameters are not displayed.
Domain to Search field	Specify the domains that must be searched.
Forest to Search field	Specify the forests that must be searched.
Server 1 field	The IP address or the host name of the LDAP server.
Port field	The port number.
	You can enter details for about 6 servers.
	Note These fields are not displayed if you have enabled DNS to configure LDAP servers.

- Step 10 Click Next.
- **Step 11** In the **Group Authorization** pane, fill in the group authorization details and click + to add an LDAP group entry to the table.
- Step 12 In the Add Entry to LDAP Groups screen, fill in the group details.
- Step 13 Click Submit.
 - Any existing LDAP Role Groups configured previously on the rack server are removed and replaced with the role groups that you configured in the policy. If you have not added any role groups into the policy, then the existing role groups on the server are removed, but not replaced.
 - Nested Group Search Depth is applicable only to Cisco IMC versions 2.0(4c) and above. This value cannot be applied using the policy on a server that is running Cisco IMC versions prior to 2.0(4c).

Creating a Legacy Boot Order Policy

A Legacy Boot Order Policy automates the configuration of boot order settings of a rack server. You can create one or more Legacy Boot Order policies which contain a specific grouping of boot order settings that

match the needs of a server or a set of servers. Using Cisco UCS Director, you can configure the order in which the rack server attempts to boot from available boot device types. You can also configure the precision boot order which allows linear ordering of the devices. For more information about precision boot order, see Creating a Precision Boot Order Policy, on page 21.

For details about configuring the various server boot order properties, see section *Server Boot Order* in the Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide.

Perform the following procedure to create a Legacy Boot Order policy.

Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- **Step 4** In the Add screen, choose Legacy Boot Order Policy from the drop-down list and click Submit.
- **Step 5** In the **General** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed. For information on performing tasks in this pane, refer Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	Check this check box to create this policy for Cisco UCS S3260 servers. For this policy, this check box is disabled.

- **Step 6** In the **Main** pane, click + to create a device type entry to the table. and select the device type from the drop-down list. The table lists the devices you have added.
- Step 7 In the Add Entry to Select Devices pane, choose a device type, and click Submit.

You cannot add a device type multiple times.

In the **Device Type** table, select an existing device and use the up and down arrow icons to re-order the entries. The order of entries in the table determines the boot order.

Step 8 Click Submit.

Note This policy is applicable only for Cisco IMC versions prior to 2.0. An error message is displayed if the policy is applied to a server running higher Cisco IMC versions. For servers running versions higher than 2.0, you must use the Precision Boot Order policy instead.

Creating a Network Configuration Policy

With a Network Configuration policy, you can specify the following network settings on a server:

- DNS Domain
- DNS Server for IPv4 and IPv6
- VLAN configuration

For details about configuring the various network configuration properties, see section *Configuring Network-Related Settings* in the Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide.

Perform the following procedure to create a Network Configuration policy.

Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- **Step 4** In the Add screen, choose Network Configuration Policy from the drop-down list and click Submit.
- **Step 5** In the **General** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed. For information on performing tasks in this pane, see Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	Check this check box to create this policy for Cisco UCS S3260 servers.

Step 6 Click Next.

Step 7 In the **Main** pane, complete the following fields:

Field	Description	
Common Properties		
Use Dynamic DNS check box	Check the check box to indicate use of Dynamic DNS.	
	Dynamic DNS is used to add or update the resource records on the DNS server from Cisco UCS Director.	
If you check Use Dynamic DNS check box		
Dynamic DNS Update Domain field	You can specify the domain.	
	The domain could be either main domain or any sub-domain. This domain name is appended to the hostname of Cisco UCS Director for the DDNS update.	
IPv4 Properties		
Obtain DNS Server Addresses from DHCP check box	If checked, Cisco UCS Director retrieves the DNS server addresses from DHCP.	
If you do not check Obtain DNS Server Addresses from DHCP check box		
Preferred DNS Server field	The IP address of the primary DNS server.	
Alternate DNS Server field	The IP address of the secondary DNS server.	
IPv6 Properties		
Obtain DNS Server Addresses from DHCP check box	If checked, Cisco UCS Director retrieves the DNS server addresses from DHCP.	
If you do not check Obtain DNS Server Addresses from DHCP check box		
Preferred DNS Server field	The IP address of the primary DNS server.	
Alternate DNS Server field	The IP address of the secondary DNS server.	
VLAN Properties		
Enable VLAN check box	If checked, is connected to a virtual LAN.	
If you check Enable VLAN check box		
VLAN ID field	The VLAN ID.	
Priority field	The priority of this system on the VLAN.	

Step 8 If you checked the **Cisco UCS S3260** check box in the **General** pane, then you must complete the following steps:

- a) In the CMC Settings pane, specify the hostname and IPv4 address, and click Next.
- b) In the BMC Settings pane, specify the hostname and IPv4 address, and click Next.

Step 9 In the **Confirm** pane, click **Submit**.

Caution To prevent breaking the communication between Cisco UCS Director and the rack server which depends on the DHCP settings in your network, exercise caution when using the following setting.

If you choose to use DHCP for obtaining the DNS IP addresses, the system will also configure the rack server (where this policy is applied) to use DHCP for the Management IP Address of the server.

Creating a Network Security Policy

Cisco UCS Director uses IP blocking as network security. IP blocking prevents the connection between a server or a website and certain IP addresses or a range of addresses. IP blocking effectively bans undesired connections from those computers to a website, mail server, or other Internet servers. You can create one or more Network Security policies which contain a specific grouping of IP properties that match the needs of a server or a set of servers.

For details about configuring the various network security properties, see section *Network Security Configuration* in the *Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide*.

Perform the following procedure to create a Network Security policy.

Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- Step 4 In the Add screen, choose Network Security from the drop-down list and click Submit.
- **Step 5** In the **General** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed. For information on performing tasks in this pane, refer Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	Check this check box to create this policy for Cisco UCS S3260 servers.

Step 6 Click Next.

Step 7	In the IP Blocking pane, check the Enable IP Blocking checkbox to block the IP, and enter attributes to set
Sten 8	Click Next
Step 9	In the IP Filtering pane, check the Enable IP Filtering checkbox to enter IP addresses or a range of IP addresses.
Step 10	Click Submit.

Creating an NTP Policy

With an NTP service, you can configure a server managed by Cisco UCS Director to synchronize the time with an NTP server. By default, the NTP server does not run in Cisco UCS Director. You must enable and configure the NTP service by specifying the IP/DNS address of at least one server or a maximum of four servers that function as NTP servers. When you enable the NTP service, Cisco UCS Director synchronizes the time on the managed server with the configured NTP server.

For details about configuring the various NTP properties, see section *Configuring Network Time Protocol* Settings in the Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide.

Perform the following procedure to create a NTP policy.

Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- **Step 4** In the Add screen, choose **NTP Policy** from the drop-down list and click **Submit**.
- **Step 5** In the **General** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed. For information on performing tasks in this pane, refer Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	Check this check box to create this policy for Cisco UCS S3260 servers.

Step 6 Click Next.

Step 7 In the **Main** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Enable NTP check box	Check this check box to enable NTP and to configure a maximum of 4 servers.
NTP Server 1 field	Enter the IP address of the NTP server. You can enter the IP addresses of a maximum of 4 servers.

Step 8 Click Submit.

Note This policy is not applicable to E-series server models.

Creating a Password Expiration Policy

You can set a shelf life for a password, after which the password expires and is no longer valid for use. As an administrator, you can set this time in days. This configuration is common to all users. Users can set and derive the configuration as part of the user policy and create a password expiration policy.

For details about configuring the various properties, see section *Configuring Password Expiry for Users* in the *Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide*.

- Step 1 Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- **Step 4** In the Add screen, choose **Password Expiration Policy** from the drop-down list and click **Submit**.
- **Step 5** In the **General** page, enter a name for the policy and click **Next**.
- **Step 6** In the **Main** page, complete the required fields, including the following:

Field	Description
Enable Password Expiry check box	Check this check box to enable a specified password expiry duration. You must set the number of days after which the password will expire.
	Choose a number from the Password Expiry Duration drop-down list.
Password History field	Set the number of occurrences that will be displayed when you view the password history.
Notification Period field	Set the number of days before which you will be notified about the password expiry.
Grace Period field	Set the grace period after which the password will expire.

Step 7 Click Submit.

- You can also select an existing policy and click Properties or Delete to edit or delete a policy from the More Actions drop-down list.
- This policy must be applied along with the User policy. You cannot apply a Password Expiration policy individually.
- E-Series servers do not support Password Expiration policy.

Creating a Precision Boot Order Policy

Configuring the precision boot order allows linear ordering of the devices. In Cisco UCS Director you can change the boot order and boot mode, add multiple devices under each device types, re-arrange the boot order, and set parameters for each device type.

For details about configuring the various boot order properties, see section *Configuring the Precision Boot Order* in the Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide.

You can create this policy for servers that are running Cisco IMC version 2.x and above. For servers that are running versions prior to 2.x, you must configure the Legacy Boot Order policy instead.

Perform the following procedure to create a Precision Boot Order policy.

Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.

Step 4 In the Add screen, choose Precision Boot Order Policy from the drop-down list and click Submit.

Step 5 In the **Create Precision Boot Order Policy** screen, in the **General** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed. For information on performing tasks in this pane, refer Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	Check this check box to create this policy for Cisco UCS S3260 servers.

Name	Description
UEFI Secure Boot check box	Check the check box to enable UEFI secure boot.
	If you check this check box, then you cannot configure a boot mode.
Configure Boot Mode drop-down list	Choose a boot mode from the drop-down list.
	You can choose a boot mode only if you have not checked UEFI Secure Boot .
Select Devices list	Expand the list, and click + and select or enter device details. To enter the device details, you must specify the following fields:
	• Device Type
	Device Name
	• State
	• Slot

Check Configure One Time Boot Device to set the device from which the server must boot once.

Important This check box is not applicable for Cisco IMC versions older than 3.0(1c).

Step 6 In the **Main** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

The order of entries in the table determines the boot order.

Select the device from the One Time Boot Device drop-down list.

Power Restore Policy

Step 8

Step 9

Step 10

Step 11

Step 12

Click Submit.

the server.

Click Submit.

Create this policy when you want to modify the value for the Power Restore policy set on a C-series or E-series server without having to login to the Cisco IMC of that server.

Check Reboot On Update to reboot the selected server after the one time boot device has been updated in



Note

You cannot create this policy for ENCS servers.

Procedure

Step 1 Step 2 Step 3 Step 4 Step 5	Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server. On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies. Click Add. On the Add screen, choose Power Restore Policy from the drop-down list and click Submit. Enter a name in the Policy Name field.
	This takes you to the Server Details screen. See Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Step 6	Choose a setting from the Power Restore Policy drop-down list.
	It can be one of the following options:
	• Power Off
	• Power On
	If you select this option, the Power Delay Type field is displayed. This option is applicable only for Cisco UCS C-series servers.
	Restore Last State
Step 7	Choose a value in the Power Delay Type drop-down list.
	It can be one of the following:
	• Fixed—If you select this option, the Power Delay Type field is displayed.
	• random—If you select this option, the Power Delay Type field is not displayed.
Step 8 Step 9	Specify a value between 0 and 240 seconds in the Power Delay Type field. Click Submit .

What to do next

You must apply this policy. For more information, see Applying a Hardware Policy.

Creating a RAID Policy

You can use a RAID policy to create virtual drives on a server. You can also configure the storage capacity of a virtual drive. Each virtual drive in a RAID policy is associated with a disk group policy. Using a disk group policy you can select and configure the disks to be used for a particular virtual drive.

RAID policy is supported only on the following:

- Storage controllers that support RAID configurations.
- Cisco IMC firmware version 2.0(4c) and above.

• Servers containing single storage controllers. On servers containing multiple storage controllers, the RAID policy will be applied only on the storage controller in the first slot.

For details about configuring the various properties, see section *Managing Storage Adapters* in the Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide.

Perform the following procedure to create a RAID policy.

Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- Step 4 In the Add screen, choose RAID Policy from the drop-down list and click Submit.

Step 5 In the **Create RAID Policy** screen, in the **General** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed. For information on performing tasks in this pane, refer Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	Check this check box to create this policy for Cisco UCS S3260 servers.

Step 6 Click Next.

Step 7 In the **Main** pane, click + to add virtual drives that you want to configure on the server to the **Virtual Drives** list.

Step 8 In the Add Entry to Virtual Drives screen, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Virtual Drive Name field	Enter a unique name for the virtual drive.
Virtual Drive Size (MB) field	The size of the virtual drive.

L

Name	Description
Disk Group Policy drop-down list	You can either select an existing Disk Group policy from the drop-down list and edit or add a new Disk Group policy to specify local disks. To create a Disk Group policy, see Creating a Disk Group Policy, on page 6.
	Note If two virtual drives are created and associated to the same Disk Group policy, they will share the same virtual drive group space.
Access Policy drop-down list	Choose an access policy for the virtual drive.
Read Policy drop-down list	Choose a read policy for the virtual drive.
Write Policy drop-down list	Choose a Write for the virtual drive.
IO Policy drop-down list	Choose an IO for the virtual drive.
Drive Cache drop-down list	Select the status of the drive cache.
Expand to available check box	Check the check box to expand the virtual drive.
Boot drive check box	Check the check box to indicate this virtual drive as a boot drive.
Set disks in JBOD state to Unconifigured Good check box	Disks which are in JBOD state will be set to Unconfigured Good state before being used for the Virtual Drive creation

Step 9 In the **Add Entry to Virtual Drives** screen, click **Submit**.

Step 10Check Delete existing Virtual Drives to delete all existing virtual drives on the server.If you select this check box, all existing virtual drives on the server will be deleted when the policy is applied.
This results in loss of existing data.

Step 11 Check **Configure Unused Disks** to configure the remaining disks.

This option is applicable only on storage controllers that support JBOD. The disks that are not used for virtual drives or hotspares are configured as JBOD.

- a) Check either of the following options:
 - Unconfigured Good
 - JBOD

Step 12 Click Submit.

Creating a Serial Over LAN Policy

Serial over LAN enables the input and output of the serial port of a managed system to be redirected over IP. Configure and use a serial over LAN on your server when you want to reach the host console with Cisco UCS Director. You can create one or more Serial over LAN policies which contain a specific grouping of Serial Over LAN attributes that match the needs of a server or a set of servers.

For details about configuring the various Serial Over LAN properties, see section *Configuring Serial Over* LAN in the Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide.

Perform the following procedure to create a Serial Over LAN policy.

Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- **Step 4** In the Add screen, choose Serial Over LAN Policy from the drop-down list and click Submit.
- **Step 5** In the **Create SoL Policy** screen, in the **General** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed. For information on performing tasks in this pane, refer Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	Check this check box to create this policy for Cisco UCS S3260 servers.

Step 6 Click Next.

Step 7 In the **Main** pane, check the **Enable SoL** check box and select the **CoM Port** and **Baud Rate** values from the drop-down list or use the existing values.

Step 8 Click Submit.

Creating an SNMP Policy

Cisco UCS Director supports configuration of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) settings and for sending fault and alert information by SNMP traps from the managed server.

For details about configuring the various SNMP properties, see section *Configuring SNMP* in the Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide.

Perform the following procedure to create a SNMP policy.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Choose **Policies** > **Physical Infrastructure Policies** > **Rack Server**.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- Step 4 In the Add screen, choose SNMP Policy from the drop-down list and click Submit.
- **Step 5** In the **Create SNMP Policy** screen, in the **General** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed. For information on performing tasks in this pane, refer Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	Check this check box to create this policy for Cisco UCS S3260 servers.

Step 6 Click Next.

Step 7 In the **SNMP Users** pane, click + to add a SNMP user and fill in the user details. You can use the + icon to add up to 15 SNMP Users.

Select an existing SNMP entry to edit or delete an entry from the table.

Step 8 Click Next.

Step 9 In the **SNMP Traps** pane, click + to add a SNMP trap and fill in the trap details. You can use the + icon to add up to 15 SNMP Traps.

Select an existing SNMP entry to edit or delete an entry from the table.

- Step 10 Click Next.
- **Step 11** In the **SNMP Settings** pane, configure the SNMP properties.
- Step 12 Click Submit.

- Note
 Any existing SNMP Users or SNMP Traps configured previously on the server are removed and replaced with users or traps that you configured in the policy. If you have not added any users or traps into the policy, the existing users or traps on the server are removed but not replaced.
 - The **SNMP Port** cannot be configured on a server that is running Cisco IMC versions prior to 2.x; it must be excluded for such servers using the check box.

Creating an SSH Policy

The SSH server enables an SSH client to make a secure, encrypted connection and the SSH client is an application running over the SSH protocol to provide device authentication and encryption. You can create one or more SSH policies which contain a specific grouping of SSH properties that match the needs of a server or a set of servers.

For details about configuring the various SSH properties, see section *Configuring SSH* in the *Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide*.

Perform the following procedure to create an SSH policy.

- Step 1 Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- **Step 4** In the Add screen, choose SSH Policy from the drop-down list and click Submit.
- Step 5 In the Create SSH Policy screen, in the General pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed. For information on performing tasks in this pane, refer Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	Check this check box to create this policy for Cisco UCS S3260 servers.

- Step 6 Click Next.
- **Step 7** In the **Main** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Enable SSH check box	Check the check box to enable SSH and configure the SSH properties.
SSH Port field	By default, the port number of 22 is displayed. Use the arrows to increase or decrease the number.
SSH Session Timeout (seconds) field	The idle time, in seconds, after which an SSH session is timed out. By default, it is set to 60 seconds. Use the arrows to increase or decrease the number.

Step 8 Click Submit.

Creating a User Policy

A user policy automates the configuration of local user settings. You can create one or more user policies which contain a list of local users that need to be configured on a server or a group of servers.

For details about configuring the various properties, see section *Configuring Local Users* in the Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide.

Perform the following procedure to create a User policy.

- **Step 1** Choose **Policies** > **Physical Infrastructure Policies** > **Rack Server**.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- **Step 4** In the Add screen, choose User Policy from the drop-down list and click Submit.
- **Step 5** In the **Create User Policy** screen, in the **General** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed. For information on performing tasks in this pane, refer Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	Check this check box to create this policy for Cisco UCS S3260 servers.

Step 6 Click Next.

Step 7 In the **Main** pane, check **Enforce Strong Password**.

Checking this check box implies that users selected for this policy must create a strong password.

Step 8 Click + to add users that need to be configured on the server to the Users list.

You can also select an existing user from the **Users** table and click **Edit** or **Delete** icons to edit or delete a user.

Step 9 In the Add Entry to Users screen, complete the required fields, including the following:

Field	Description
Username field	Enter a name for the user in the field.
Role drop-down list	Choose a role for the user such as read-only, admin and so on from the drop-down list.
Enable User Account check box	Check this check box to activate the user account.
New Password field	Enter a password associated with the username.
Confirm New Password field	Repeat the password from the previous field.

Step 10 Click Submit.

Step 11 In the **Main** pane, check **Add Password Expiration Policy**, and you can either choose a password expiration policy that you have previously created, or you can create a new policy.

To use a password expiration policy, Cisco IMC version 3.0(1c) or later is required.

Step 12 Click Submit.

- Note
- The first user in the **Users** table is the admin user. You cannot delete this admin user but you can change the password.
 - When you apply a user policy, the user entries in Cisco UCS Director are replaced with the user entries you created. Blank entries in Cisco UCS Director are replaced with default users from Cisco UCS Director. The default user role is always read-only and the user is disabled.
 - Ensure that the account used to manage the Cisco UCS Director is not deleted from the user list in the policy. If deleted, the Cisco UCS Director will lose connection to the server being managed.

Creating a VIC Adapter Policy

For details about configuring the various properties, see section *Viewing VIC Adapter Properties* in the Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide.

Perform the following procedure to create a VIC Adapter policy.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Choose **Policies** > **Physical Infrastructure Policies** > **Rack Server**.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- Step 4 In the Add screen, choose VIC Adapter Policy from the drop-down list and click Submit.
- **Step 5** In the **Create VIC Policy** screen, in the **General** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed. For information on performing tasks in this pane, refer Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	Check this check box to create this policy for Cisco UCS S3260 servers.

Step 6 Click Next.

Step 7

In the **Main** pane, click + to add a VIC adapter entry in the table.

- **Step 8** In the Add Entry to VIC Adapters screen, enter or select the adapter details.
 - **PCI Slot Selection**—Specifies if the adapter is installed in any available PCI Slot or in a specific PCI slot. If you choose Any, then the **PCI Slot** field is not displayed.
 - PCI Slot—The PCI slot in which the adapter is installed.
 - Description—Description of the adapter.
 - FIP Mode—Specifies if FCoE Initialization Protocol (FIP) mode is enabled or disabled.
 - **Configure LLDP**—If checked, then Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) enables all the Data Center Bridging Capability Exchange protocol (DCBX) functionality, which includes FCoE, and priority based flow control.
 - VNTAG Mode—Specifies if VNTAG mode is enabled or disabled.
 - **Port Channel**—Sets the port channel to **Enabled**, **Disabled**, or **Not Applicable** state. For Cisco VIC 1455 and 1457 adapters, the port channel is set to **Enabled** by default. For adapters that do not support port channel configuration, this field is set to **Not Applicable**. vNICs and vHBAs are configured, by default, based on the port channel state selected in this field. The existing configuration is overwritten with the latest configuration when you change the port channel state. When the **Port Channel** field is set to **Enabled** or **Not Applicable**, a minimum of two vNIC(s) (eth0 and eth1) and two vHBA(s) (fc0 and fc1) are configured, by default. If the **Port Channel** field is set to **Disabled**, then a minimum of four

vNIC(s) (eth0, eth1, eth2, and eth3) and four vHBA(s) (fc0, fc1, fc2, and fc3) are configured, by default. However, you can create additional vHBAs or vNICs on these adapters.

• External Ethernet Interface—Configures the Admin Forward Error Correction (FEC) mode for Cisco VIC 1455, Cisco VIC 1457, Cisco VIC 1495, and Cisco VIC 1497 adapters. By default, four ports are available and you cannot delete them. However, the number of ports configured with the Admin FEC mode is based on the adapter model selected. For example, in a Cisco VIC 1497 adapter, only two ports are available. So, the Admin FEC mode is configured only on the first two ports (port 0 and port1), ignoring the remaining ports (port 2 and port 3).

For existing policies, this field is set to **Auto**. But you can change this value to **cl91**, **cl74**, and **Off**. If the adapter model does not support Admin FEC mode, then these values would be ignored.

- Note The cl74 option is not supported for Cisco VIC 1495 and Cisco VIC 1497 adapters.
- vNIC—Default properties are eth0 and eth1. You can only edit these properties and cannot delete them. These properties are also available for usNIC properties. When the **Port Channel** field is set to **Enabled** or **Not Applicable**, a minimum of two vNIC(s) (eth0 and eth1) are configured, by default, with an uplink port as 0 and 1. If the **Port Channel** field is set to **Disabled**, then a minimum of four vNIC(s), eth0, eth1, eth2, and eth3, are configured, by default, with an uplink port from 0 to 3. However, you can create additional vNICs on these adapters.
- vHBA—Default properties are fc0 and fc1. You can only edit these properties and cannot delete them. When the **Port Channel** field is set to **Enabled** or **Not Applicable**, a minimum of two vHBA(s) (fc0 and fc1) are configured, by default. If the **Port Channel** field is set to **Disabled**, then a minimum of four vHBA(s), fc0, fc1, fc2, and fc3, are configured by default. However, you can create additional vHBAs on these adapters.

Step 9Click Submit.Step 10In the Main pane, click Submit.

Creating a Virtual KVM Policy

The KVM console is an interface accessible from Cisco UCS Director that emulates a direct keyboard, video, and mouse (KVM) connection to the server. The KVM console allows you to connect to the server from a remote location. You can create one or more KVM policies which contain a specific grouping of virtual KVM properties that match the needs of a server or a set of servers.

For details about configuring the various KVM properties, see section *Configuring the Virtual KVM* in the *Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide*.

Perform this procedure when you want to create a Virtual KVM policy.

Step 1	Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server.
Step 2	On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
Step 3	Click Add.
Step 4	In the Add screen, choose Virtual KVM Policy from the drop-down list and click Submit.

Step 5 In the **Create vKVM Policy** screen, in the **General** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed. For information on performing tasks in this pane, refer Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	Check this check box to create this policy for Cisco UCS S3260 servers.

Step 6 Click Next.

Step 7 Check Enable vKVM.

Step 8 In the **Max Sessions** drop-down list, choose a number to indicate the maximum number of KVM sessions.

- **Step 9** In the **Remote Port** field, specify the port number.
- **Step 10** Check the **Enable Video Encryption** check box.
- Step 11 Check the Enable Local Server Video check box.
- Step 12 Click Submit.

Creating a vMedia Policy

You can use Cisco UCS Director to install an OS on the server using the KVM console and VMedia. You can create one or more vMedia policies which contain vMedia mappings for different OS images that match the needs of a server or a set of servers. You can configure upto two vMedia mappings in Cisco UCS Director - one for ISO files (through CDD) and the other for IMG files (through HDD).

For details about configuring the various vMedia properties, see section *Configuring Virtual Media* in the *Cisco UCS C-Series Servers Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide*.

Perform the following procedure to create a VMedia policy.

- Step 1
 Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- **Step 4** In the Add screen, choose vMedia Policy from the drop-down list and click Submit.
- **Step 5** In the **Create vMedia Policy** screen, in the **General** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed. For information on performing tasks in this pane, refer Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	Check this check box to create this policy for Cisco UCS S3260 servers.

Step 6 Click Next.

Step 7 In the **Main** screen, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Enable vMedia check box	Check the check box to enable vMedia.
Enable Virtual Media Encryption check box	Check the check box for enabling vMedia encryption. This field is editable only after you check Enable vMedia .
Enable Low Power USB check box	Check this check box to enable low power USB on the server.
Maximum Sessions drop-down list	Select the maximum number of sessions allowed on the server.

Step 8 Click Next.

- **Step 9** Check Add CDD vMedia Mapping and complete the CDD mapping details.
- Step 10 Click Next.
- Step 11 Check Add HDD vMedia Mapping check box and complete the HDD mapping details.
- Step 12 Click Submit.

Note

- Low Power USB State cannot be configured currently in Cisco UCS Director.
 - Applying a vMedia policy removes any existing vMedia mappings previously configured on the server, even if the policy does not contain any vMedia mappings.

Creating a Zoning Policy

A Zoning policy is used to assign physical drives to server. The Cisco UCS C-Series rack-mount servers support dynamic storage of Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) drives in the Cisco Management Controller (CMC). This dynamic storage support is provided by the SAS fabric manager located in the CMC. Dynamic storage supports the following options:

- Assigning physical disks to server 1 and server 2
- Chassis Wide Hot Spare (supported only on RAID controllers)
- Shared mode (supported only in HBAs)
- Un-assigning physical disks
- Viewing SAS expander properties
- · Assigning physical drives to servers
- · Moving physical drives as Chassis Wide Hot Spare
- Un-assigning physical drives

For details about configuring the various disk group properties, see section *Dynamic Storage* in the Cisco UCS C-Series Integrated Management Controller GUI Configuration Guide for S3260 Servers.

Perform the following procedure to create a Zoning policy.

- **Step 1** Choose **Policies** > **Physical Infrastructure Policies** > **Rack Server**.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- Step 4 In the Add screen, choose Zoning Policy from the drop-down list and click Submit.
- **Step 5** In the **Create Zoning Policy** screen, in the **General** pane, complete the required fields, including the following:

Name	Description
Policy Name field	A unique name for the policy.
Policy Type field	The type of policy that you are creating. You cannot edit this field.
Create policy from current configuration of the server check box	Check this check box to create the policy from an existing configuration of the server.
	If you check this check box, an additional Server Details pane is displayed. For information on performing tasks in this pane, refer Creating a Policy from an Existing Configuration, on page 3.
Cisco UCS S3260 check box	A Zoning Policy is only applicable to Cisco UCS S3260 Rack Server. So, the Cisco UCS S3260 check box is checked by default.

Step 6	Click Next.
Step 7	In the Zoning screen, click + to add local disks that you want to configure on the server.
Step 8	In the Add Entry to Local Disks screen, enter the Slot Number where the local disk is present.
Step 9	Select the local disk details such as the Ownership assigning the ownership of the local disk.
Step 10	Check Force when assigning disks owned by one server to another server.
Step 11	Click Submit.
Step 12	Check Modify Physical Drive Power Policy to set the policy.
Step 13	Select the power state from the Physical Drive Power State drop-down list.
Step 14	Click Submit.

Applying a Policy

Perform this procedure when you want to apply an existing policy to a server.

Procedure

Step 1	Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server .
Step 2	On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
Step 3	Expand the folders, and select a policy you want to apply.
Step 4	Click Apply from the options available at the top.
Step 5	In the Apply Policy screen, choose the servers on which you want to apply this policy.
Step 6	Check Schedule Later to apply the policy at a later time.
	You will have to select a schedule from the Schedule drop-down list, or create a new schedule.
o	

Step 7 Click Submit.

The process of applying the policy to the specified set of servers is initiated. This process can take a few minutes depending on the policy type and network connectivity to servers to which the policy is being applied.

What to do next

You can also perform the following policy-related tasks:

- Click Clone to copy the details of a selected policy to a new policy.
- Click View Apply Status to see the list of the servers that the policy is associated to.
- Click **Delete** to delete policies from the system.

Deleting a Policy

You cannot delete a policy if it is mapped to a hardware profile.

Procedure

Step 1	Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server.
Step 2	On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Policies.
Step 3	Click Delete .
Step 4	In the Delete Policy screen, check the check boxes of the policies you want to delete.
Step 5	Click Submit.

Rack Server Profiles

Multiple policies combined together form a server profile. For example, you can apply configuration details of a rack server profile to multiple rack-mount servers. You can associate this server profile to specific rack-mount servers. This helps ensure consistency and repeatability of configurations across servers. Defining and using a profile enables greater consistency, control, predictability, and automation as similar configurations are applied across many servers.

The following workflow indicates how you can work with a server profile in Cisco UCS Director:

- 1. Create a server profile. You can create a policy in one of the following methods:
 - **a.** Create a new profile. For more information about creating a new profile, see Creating a Server Profile, on page 37.
 - b. Create a profile from the configuration existing on a server. For more information about creating a profile from the configuration existing on a server, see Creating a Profile from an Existing Configuration, on page 38.
- 2. Apply the profile on a server. For more information about applying a profile, see Applying a Server Profile, on page 40.
- 3. Perform any of the following optional tasks on the profile.
 - a. Edit
 - **b.** Delete
 - c. Clone

You can also view the list of servers that are mapped to a specific profile and view details of policies tied to this profile. For more information on performing these tasks, see Common Tasks Under Server Profiles, on page 39.

Creating a Server Profile

Perform this procedure when you want to create a server profile.

Procedure

Step 1	Choose Policies > Physical Infrastructure Policies > Rack Server.
Step 2	On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Profiles.
Step 3	Click Add.
Step 4	In the Create Hardware Profile screen, in the General pane, enter a name for the profile you want to create in the Profile Name field.
Step 5	Click Next or check Create profile from current configuration of the server check box and click Next.
	To perform the tasks in the Server Details pane, see Creating a Profile from an Existing Configuration, on page 38.
Step 6	In the Profile Entities screen, click + to add a profile entry.
	You can also click the edit and delete icons to edit and delete the existing entries.
Step 7	In the Add Entry to Profile Name screen, choose the Policy Type.
Step 8	Select the policy name from the Policy Name drop-down list which lists the names of policies you have already created.
	You can click the + next to Policy Name to create a new policy based on the policy type you have selected earlier. For more information about creating policies, see Creating Server Policies, on page 2.
Step 9 Step 10	Click Submit. In the Profile Entities screen, click Submit.

What to do next

You can also edit, delete, clone a profile and also view the server mapped to a selected profile. For performing these tasks, see Common Tasks Under Server Profiles, on page 39

Creating a Profile from an Existing Configuration

You can choose to create a profile using a server that you have previously configured. By re-using the existing configuration on a server, you can reduce the time and effort involved in creating similar configurations.

Note When you create a profile from current configuration of a server, the password fields are not retrieved from the server.

Perform the following procedure when you want to create a profile from current configuration of a server.

- **Step 1** Choose **Policies** > **Physical Infrastructure Policies** > **Rack Server**.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Profiles.

Click Add.

Step 3

Step 4	Enter a name for the profile in the Profile Name field.
Step 5	Check Create profile from current configuration of the server . You can use the server details in the following methods:
	a) Check the Enter Server Details Manually check box and fill in the following fields:
	1. Enter the IP address in the Server IP field.
	 Check the Use Credential Policy check box to select an existing policy and select a policy from the Credential Policy drop-down list or click+ next to the Credential Policy drop-down list and enter the details to create a new policy in the Credential Policy Add Form dialog box.
	3. Enter the server login name in the User Name field.
	4. Enter the server login password in the Password field.
	5. Select http or https from the Protocol drop-down list.
	6. Enter the port number associated with the selected protocol in the Port field.
	7. Click Select, select the policies, and click Select.
	b) Click Select and choose a server from where you can retrieve the configurations.c) Click Select, choose the policies, and click Select.
Step 6	Click Next.
Step 7	In the Profile Entities screen, click + to add an entry to the profile name.
	Click x to delete an existing entry from the Profile Name table.
Step 8	Click Submit .

Common Tasks Under Server Profiles

Perform the following procedure when you want to edit, delete, clone, or view server mapping details of an existing profile.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Choose **Policies** > **Physical Infrastructure Policies** > **Rack Server**.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Profiles.
- **Step 3** Expand the list of hardware profiles and select a profile.
- **Step 4** (Optional) To delete a profile, click **Delete** and complete the following steps:
 - a) Click Select in the Delete Profile screen.
 - b) Select one or more profiles.
 - c) Click Select.
 - d) Click Submit.

You cannot delete a profile which is associated to a server. You must associate a different profile to the server before deleting it.

Step 5	(Optional) To modify a profile, select a profile, click Edit and modify the required properties.
	When you modify a profile name, ensure that you do not specify a name which already exists.
Step 6	(Optional) To copy the details of an existing profile to a new profile, click Clone .
Step 7	(Optional) To apply a profile to a server or server group, click Apply . For more information about applying a profile, see Applying a Server Profile, on page 40.
Step 8	Click View Details to view the details of a selected profile such as the status of the profile you have applied, the server details to which you have applied the profile and so on. If the profile is not successfully applied for example, an error message is displayed in the Status Message column.
Step 9	Click Submit or Close if applicable.

Applying a Server Profile

Perform this procedure when you want to apply a server profile to a rack server.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Choose **Policies** > **Physical Infrastructure Policies** > **Rack Server**.
- Step 2 On the Rack Server page, click Hardware Profiles.
- **Step 3** Select an existing server profile and click **Apply**.
- **Step 4** In the **Apply Profile** screen, choose the server or server group from the drop-down list, based on whether you want to apply the profile to individual servers or an entire rack server group.
- **Step 5** Click **Select** to select the server groups or servers to which you want to apply the profile.
- Step 6 Click Submit.

The process of applying a profile to the specified set of servers is initiated. This process can take a few minutes depending on the profile type and network connectivity to server(s) to which the profile is being applied.