



# Hadoop Cluster Configuration Settings

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## Creating an External Database Configuration

You can deploy each Hadoop cluster with its own external database for all Hadoop distributions (Cloudera, MapR, and Hortonworks) using instant Hadoop cluster and customized Hadoop cluster creation actions.

You can configure a new database or use an existing database in Cisco UCS Director Express for Big Data. The Oozie, Hive, and Hue services use configured database information that you have created using the **Create External Database Configurations** dialog.

**Step 1** On the menu bar, choose **Solutions > Big Data > Settings**.

**Step 2** Click the **External Database** tab.

**Step 3** Click **Add**.

You can modify or delete any database you have previously created from the external database table.

**Step 4** In the **Create External Database Configurations** dialog, complete the following fields:

| Name                          | Description   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| <b>Database Name</b> field    | Enter a unique name for the database type you want to create. |
| <b>Database Type</b> field    | Choose the database type from the list.                       |
| <b>Server Name</b> field      | Enter an IPv4 address for the database server.                |
| <b>Port</b> field             | Enter a port number based on the database type.               |
| <b>User Name</b> field        | Enter a username to access the database server.               |
| <b>Password</b> field         | Enter the password to access the database server.             |
| <b>Confirm Password</b> field | Confirm the password to access the database server.           |

**Step 5** Click **Submit**.

### What to Do Next

Deploy Hadoop clusters through instant Hadoop cluster and customized Hadoop cluster creation actions.

## Default Databases Used in Hadoop Distribution Services

### Default Databases for Cloudera (Service Names):

- Cloudera Manager—mysql
- Oozie—mysql
- Hive—mysql
- Hue—mysql

**Default Databases for MapR (Service Names):**

- Oozie—Derby
- Hive—mysql
- Hue—SQLite

**Default Databases for Hortonworks (Service Names):**

- Ambari—PostGres
- Oozie—Derby
- Hive—mysql

## Creating a Hadoop Cluster Configuration Parameters Template

You can create the Hadoop Cluster Configuration Parameters Template only from the **Hadoop Config Parameters** tab on the menu bar here: **Solutions > Big Data > Settings** before triggering a Hadoop cluster. You can select the Hadoop cluster configuration parameters template to edit, clone, or delete.

**Step 1** On the menu bar, choose **Solutions > Big Data > Settings**.

**Step 2** Click the **Hadoop Config Parameters** tab.

**Step 3** Click **Add**.

**Step 4** On the **Hadoop Config Parameters** page of the **Create Hadoop Cluster Configuration Parameters Template** wizard, complete the following fields:

| Name                                       | Description  |
|--|--|
| Template Name field                        | A unique name for the Hadoop cluster configuration parameter template.   |
| Template Description field                 | The description for the Hadoop cluster configuration parameter template. |
| Hadoop Distribution drop-down list         | Choose the Hadoop distribution.  |
| Hadoop Distribution Version drop-down list | Choose the Hadoop distribution version.                                  |

- Step 5** Click **Next**.
- Step 6** On the **Hadoop Config Parameters - HDFS Service** page of the **Create Hadoop Cluster Configuration Parameters Template** wizard, specify the Hadoop cluster HDFS service parameter name, value, and the minimum supported Hadoop distribution.
- Step 7** On the **Hadoop Config Parameters - YARN Service** page of the **Create Hadoop Cluster Configuration Parameters Template** wizard, configure the parameters.
- Step 8** On the **Hadoop Config Parameters - HBase Service** page of the **Create Hadoop Cluster Configuration Parameters Template** wizard, configure the parameters.
- Step 9** On the **Hadoop Config Parameters - MapReduce Service** page of the **Create Hadoop Cluster Configuration Parameters Template** wizard, configure the parameters.
- Step 10** On the **Hadoop Config Parameters - Miscellaneous Parameters** page of the **Create Hadoop Cluster Configuration Parameters Template** wizard, configure the (ServiceLevel and RoleLevel) parameters.
- Step 11** Click **Submit**.
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## Updating Hadoop Cluster Configuration Parameters Template - Post Hadoop Cluster Creation

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- Step 1** On the menu bar, choose **Solutions > Big Data > Accounts**.
- Step 2** Click the **Big Data Accounts** tab and choose an existing Big Data Account.
- Step 3** Click **Configure Cluster**.
- Step 4** On the **Hadoop Config Parameters** page of the **Update Hadoop Cluster Configuration Parameters Template** wizard, choose the Hadoop distribution.
- Step 5** Click **Next**.
- Step 6** On the **Hadoop Config Parameters - HDFS Service** page of the **Update Hadoop Cluster Configuration Parameters Template** wizard, specify the Hadoop cluster HDFS service parameter name, value, and the minimum supported Hadoop distribution version, if any.
- Step 7** On the **Hadoop Config Parameters - YARN Service** page of the **Update Hadoop Cluster Configuration Parameters Template** wizard, update the parameters as required.
- Step 8** On the **Hadoop Config Parameters - HBase Service** page of the **Update Hadoop Cluster Configuration Parameters Template** wizard, update the parameters as required.
- Step 9** On the **Hadoop Config Parameters - MapReduce Service** page of the **Update Hadoop Cluster Configuration Parameters Template** wizard, update the parameters as required.
- Step 10** On the **Hadoop Config Parameters - Miscellaneous Parameters** page of the **Update Hadoop Cluster Configuration Parameters Template** wizard, update the (ServiceLevel and RoleLevel) parameters as required.
- Step 11** Click **Submit**.
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# Quality of Service System Classes

For more information on Quality of Service and System Classes, see [QoS System Classes](#).

## Quality of Service

Cisco Unified Computing System provides the following methods to implement quality of service (QoS):

- System classes that specify the global configuration for certain types of traffic across the entire system.
- QoS policies that assign system classes for individual vNICs.
- Flow control policies that determine how uplink Ethernet ports handle pause frames.

## System Classes

Cisco UCS uses Data Center Ethernet (DCE) to handle all traffic inside a Cisco UCS domain. This industry-standard enhancement to Ethernet divides the bandwidth of the Ethernet pipe into eight virtual lanes. Two virtual lanes are reserved for internal system use and management traffic. You can configure quality of service (QoS) for the other six virtual lanes. System classes determine how the DCE bandwidth in these six virtual lanes is allocated across the entire Cisco UCS domain.

Each system class reserves a specific segment of the bandwidth for a specific type of traffic, which provides a level of traffic management, even in an oversubscribed system. For example, you can configure the Fibre Channel Priority system class to determine the percentage of DCE bandwidth allocated to FCoE traffic.

The following table describes the system classes that you can configure:

| System Class   | Description   |
|--|---|
| Best Effort  | <p>A system class that sets the quality of service for the lane reserved for basic Ethernet traffic. Some properties of this system class are preset and cannot be modified.</p> <p>For example, this class has a drop policy that allows it to drop data packets if necessary. You cannot disable this system class.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Platinum</li> <li>• Gold</li> <li>• Silver</li> <li>• Bronze</li> </ul> | <p>A configurable set of system classes that you can include in the QoS policy for a service profile. Each system class manages one lane of traffic. All properties of these system classes are available for you to assign custom settings and policies.</p>   |

| System Class  | Description  |
|---------------|--|
| Fibre Channel | <p>A system class that sets the quality of service for the lane reserved for Fibre Channel over Ethernet traffic. Some properties of this system class are preset and cannot be modified.</p> <p>For example, this class has a no-drop policy that ensures it never drops data packets. You cannot disable this system class.</p> <p><b>Note</b> FCoE traffic has a reserved QoS system class that cannot be used by any other type of traffic. If any other type of traffic has a CoS value that is used by FCoE, the value is re-marked to 0</p> |

## Editing QoS System Classes

For more information on Quality of Service and System Classes, see [QoS System Classes](#).

- 
- Step 1** On the menu bar, choose **Solutions > Big Data > Settings**.
- Step 2** Click the **QoS System Class** tab.
- Step 3** Choose the QoS System Class (by Priority) that you want to edit and click **Edit**.
- Best Effort
  - Platinum
  - Gold
  - Silver
  - Bronze

- Step 4** In the **Modify QoS System Class** dialog box, complete the following fields:

| Name              | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| Enabled check box | <p>If checked, the associated QoS class is configured on the fabric interconnect and can be assigned to a QoS policy.</p> <p>If unchecked, the class is not configured on the fabric interconnect. Any QoS policies associated with this class default to Best Effort or, if a system class is configured with a CoS of 0, to the CoS 0 system class.</p> <p>This check box is checked for Best Effort and Fibre Channel.</p> |

| Name                          | Description   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| CoS drop-down list            | <p>The class of service. You can enter an integer value between 0 and 6, with 0 being the lowest priority and 6 being the highest priority. We recommend that you do not set the value to 0, unless you want that system class to be the default system class for traffic if the QoS policy is deleted or the assigned system class is disabled.</p> <p>This field is set to 7 for internal traffic and to any for Best effort. Both of these values are reserved and cannot be assigned to any other priority.</p> |
| Packet Drop check box         | <p>This field is unchecked for the Fibre Channel class, which never allows dropped packets, and is checked for Best Effort, which always allows dropped packets.</p>  |
| Weight drop-down list         | <p>A choice may be one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• An integer between 1 and 10. If you select an integer, Cisco UCS determines the percentage of network bandwidth assigned to the priority level as described in the Weight (%) field.</li> <li>• Best-effort.</li> <li>• None.</li> </ul>  |
| Multicast Optimized check box | <p>If checked, the class is optimized to send packets to multiple destinations simultaneously. This option is not applicable to the Fibre Channel.</p>  |
| MTU drop-down list            | <p>The maximum transmission unit for the channel. This can be one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• An integer between 1500 and 9216. This value corresponds to the maximum packet size.</li> <li>• fc—A predefined packet size of 2240.</li> <li>• Normal—A predefined packet size of 1500.</li> <li>• Specify Manually—A packet size between 1500 to 9216.</li> </ul> <p>This field is always set to fc for Fibre Channel.</p>   |

**Step 5** Click **Submit**.

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# Pre Cluster Performance Testing Settings

You can analyze memory, network, and disk metrics. A default Big Data Metrics Report provides the statistics collected for each host before creating any Hadoop cluster.

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- Step 1** On the menu bar, choose **Solutions > Big Data > Settings**.
- Step 2** Click the **Management** tab.
- Step 3** In the **Pre Cluster Performance Tests** section, check the check boxes for the following:
- Memory Test
  - Network Test
  - Disk Test
- Note** By default, the check boxes to run the memory, network, and the disk tests are unchecked. If you enable the precluster disk test, it impacts Hadoop cluster creation.
- Step 4** Click **Submit**.
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# Approving Hadoop Cluster and Splunk Deployment Workflows

## Before You Begin

Choose **Administration > Users and Groups > Users**, and add users with the following user roles:

- Network Admin (system default user role)
- Computing Admin (system default user role)
- Big Data User

- 
- Step 1** On the menu bar, choose **Solutions > Big Data > Settings**.
- Step 2** Click the **Management** tab.
- Step 3** Check the **Require OS User Approval** check box.
- a) From the **User ID** table, check the **Login Name** of the user against the Network Admin user role.
  - b) Enter the **Number of Approval Request Reminders**.
 

**Note** Set the number of approval request reminders to zero if the reminder email has to be sent at a specified interval until the Network Admin approves or rejects the request.
  - c) Enter the **Reminder Interval(s)** in hours.
- Note** Check the **Approval required from all the users** check box, if you want all users to approve or reject the request.
- Step 4** Check the **Require Compute User Approval** check box.



- a) From the **User ID** table, select the **Login Name** of the user against the Computing Admin user role.
- b) Enter the **Number of Approval Request Reminders**.  
**Note** Set the number of approval request reminders to zero if the reminder email has to be sent at a specified interval until the Computing Admin approves or rejects the request.
- c) Enter the **Reminder Interval(s)** in hours.  
**Note** Check the **Approval required from all the users** check box, if you want the users to approve or reject the request.

**Step 5** Check the **Require Accounts User Approval** check box.

- a) From the **User ID** table, select the **Login Name** of the user against the Hadoop User role.
- b) Enter the **Number of Approval Request Reminders**.  
**Note** Set the number of approval request reminders to zero if the reminder email has to be sent at a specified interval until the Hadoop User approves or rejects the request.
- c) Enter the **Reminder Interval(s)** in hours.  
**Note** Check the **Approval required from all the users** check box, if you want the users to approve or reject the request.

**Step 6** Click **Submit**.

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### What to Do Next

Verify whether users of Network Admin, Computing Admin, and Big Data Accounts User roles have approved the request before deploying any Big Data software.

## Uploading Required OS and Big Data Software to Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent

You can upload (add) required RHEL 6.x ISO files, Big Data software and common software, and Oracle JDKs to Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent. You can upload the required files from your local system or any remote system, and the files are first uploaded to Cisco UCS Director. You can click the **Submit** button in the **Create Software Catalogs** dialog box to move the required files to the target Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent.

Supported file formats:

- Linux OS—rhel-x.x.iso
- Big Data software—xxxx-x.y.z.zip (.gz or .tgz or .tar) For example, MapR-x.y.z.zip, splunk-x.y.z.zip
- Common software—bd-sw-rep.zip (.gz or .tgz or .tar)
- JDK software—(x.y.z.rpm or .gz)

The Software Catalogs page displays Big Data and other required software in the Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent.

**Tip**

If the required software column is empty for Big Data, then Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent already contains all the files required.

**Step 1** On the menu bar, choose **Solutions > Big Data > Settings**.

**Step 2** Click the **Software Catalogs** tab.

**Step 3** Click **Add**.

**Step 4** Click **Upload** to upload files from your local system.

**Note** Create a folder to include all the required files for the Big Data software, and compress the folders before uploading in the format specified.

**Step 5** Choose the target Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent from the **Target BMA** drop-down list.

**Step 6** Check the **Restart BMA Services** to restart Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent after uploading the required files.

**Note** Refresh the **Software Catalogs** page after 5 to 10 minutes to see new and modified catalogs.

| Name                              | Description  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| <b>Linux OS Upload</b>            |  |
| <b>Catalog Name</b> field         | Operating System Name (for example, RHEL.6.5)  |
| <b>Upload Type</b> drop-down list | Choose one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Desktop file</li> <li>• The web server path that is reachable by the Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent</li> <li>• Mountpoint in Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent (For example, /root/iso)</li> <li>• Path to ISO in Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent (For example, /temp/rhel65/iso)</li> </ul> |
| <b>Big Data Software Upload</b>   |  |
| <b>Catalog Name</b> field         | Big Data software. For example, Hadoop Distribution (for example, distribution_name-x.y.z) or splunk enterprise software (splunk-x.y.z).   |
| <b>Upload Type</b> drop-down list | Choose one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Desktop file</li> <li>• The web server path that is reachable by the Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent for uploading remote software to Baremetal Agent</li> </ul>  |
| <b>Common Software Upload</b>     |  |

| Name                       | Description   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Upload Type drop-down list | Choose one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Desktop file</li> <li>• The web server path that is reachable by the Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent for uploading remote software to Baremetal Agent</li> </ul> |
| <b>JDK Upload</b>          |   |
| JDK Version field          | JDK version. For example, JDK 1.x   |
| Upload Type drop-down list | Choose one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Desktop file</li> <li>• The web server path that is reachable by the Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent to upload remote software to Baremetal Agent</li> </ul>     |

|                                 |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| <b>Linux OS Upload</b>          |   |
| Catalog Name field              | Operating System Name (for example, RHEL.6.5)   |
| Upload Type drop-down list      | Choose one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Desktop file</li> <li>• The web server path that is reachable by the Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent</li> <li>• Mountpoint in Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent (For example, /root/iso)</li> <li>• Path to ISO in Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent(For example, /temp/rhel65/iso)</li> </ul> |
| <b>Big Data Software Upload</b> |   |
| Catalog Name field              | Big Data software. For example, Hadoop Distribution (for example, distribution_name-x.y.z) or splunk enterprise software (splunk-x.y.z)   |

|                               |   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Upload Type drop-down list    | Choose one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Desktop file</li> <li>• The web server path that is reachable by the Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent to upload remote software to Baremetal Agent</li> </ul> |
| <b>Common Software Upload</b> |   |
| Upload Type drop-down list    | Choose one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Desktop file</li> <li>• The web server path that is reachable by the Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent to upload remote software to Baremetal Agent</li> </ul> |
| <b>JDK Upload</b>             |   |
| JDK Version field             | JDK version. For example, JDK 1.x   |
| Upload Type drop-down list    | Choose one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Desktop file</li> <li>• The web server path that is reachable by the Cisco UCS Director Baremetal Agent to upload remote software to Baremetal Agent</li> </ul> |

**Step 7** Click **Submit**.

### What to Do Next

You can track software uploads here: **Administration** > **Integration**. Click the **Change Record** tab to track the software upload in progress and verify its status.

## Supported Oracle JDK Software Versions

This section lists the supported Oracle JDK software versions:

### Supported Oracle JDK Versions for Cloudera and Upgrade Scenarios

| Hadoop Distribution    | Oracle JDK 1.6 | Oracle JDK 1.7 | Oracle JDK 1.8 |
|------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Cloudera Manager 5.4.x | —              | JDK 1.7.0_25   | JDK 1.8.0_60   |

| Hadoop Distribution    | Oracle JDK 1.6 | Oracle JDK 1.7 | Oracle JDK 1.8 |
|------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Cloudera Manager 5.3.x | —              | —              | JDK 1.8.0_11   |

| Hadoop Distribution Version to Upgrade | Supported Upgrade Version       |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Cloudera Manager 5.3.x, JDK 1.7.0_25   | Cloudera Manager 5.4.x, JDK 1.8 |

## Supported Oracle JDK Versions for MapR

| Hadoop Distribution | JDK 1.7 | JDK 1.8 |
|---------------------|---------|---------|
| MapR 5.0.0          | Yes     | Yes     |
| MapR 4.1.0          | No      | Yes     |

| Hadoop Distribution Version to Upgrade | Supported Upgrade Version |
|--|---------------------------|
| MapR 4.1.0, JDK 1.7                    | MapR 5.0.0, JDK 1.8       |

## Supported Oracle JDK Software Versions for Hortonworks and Upgrade Scenarios

| Hadoop Distribution | JDK 1.7 | JDK 1.8 |
|---------------------|---------|---------|
| Hortonworks 2.3     | —       | Yes     |
| Hortonworks 2.2     | Yes     | Yes     |

| Hadoop Distribution Version to Upgrade | Supported Upgrade Version |
|--|---------------------------|
| Hortonworks 2.2, JDK 1.7               | Hortonworks 2.3, JDK 1.8  |

# Cloudera, MapR, and Hortonworks RPMs on Cisco UCS Director Express for Big Data Baremetal Agent

## Common Packages for Cloudera, MapR, and Hortonworks



**Note** For any Hadoop software that is not available, update the `/opt/cnsaroot/bigdata_templates/common_templates/HadoopDistributionRPM.txt` file with an appropriate file from the online repository of the vendor.



**Note** We recommend that you verify the supported versions from the Hadoop Vendor Support Documentation.

Download the following common packages to `/opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/`:

- `pssh-2.3.1.tar.gz` from <https://pypi.python.org/packages/source/p/pssh>
- `clustershell-1.6-1.el6.noarch.rpm` from [http://dl.fedoraproject.org/pub/epel/6/x86\\_64](http://dl.fedoraproject.org/pub/epel/6/x86_64)

## Common Packages for Cloudera

Download the following packages to `/opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/cloudera-5.X.X`:

- `ClouderaEnterpriseLicense.lic`—Get the license keys from Cloudera
- `userrplist.txt`—For more packages lists
- `catalog.properties`—Provides the label name for the Cloudera version (x represents the Cloudera version on the Cisco UCS Director Express for Big Data Baremetal Agent)
- `mysql-connector-java-5.1.26.tar.gz` from <http://cdn.mysql.com/archives/mysql-connector-java-5.1>

## Cloudera 5.0.1 Packages and Parcels

Download the following packages to `/opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/cloudera-5.0.1`:

- `cm5.0.1-centos6.tar.gz` from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cm5/repo-as-tarball/5.0.1>
- `CDH-5.0.1-1.cdh5.0.1.p0.47-el6.parcel` from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.0.1>
- `CDH-5.0.1-1.cdh5.0.1.p0.47-el6.parcel.sha1` from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.0.1>
- `manifest.json` from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.0.1>

## Cloudera 5.0.6 Packages and Parcels

Download the following packages to `/opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/cloudera-5.0.6`:

- `cm5.0.6-centos6.tar.gz` from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cm5/repo-as-tarball/5.0.6>
- `CDH-5.0.6-1.cdh5.0.6.p0.7-el6.parcel` from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.0.6>

- CDH-5.0.6-1.cdh5.0.6.p0.7-el6.parcel.sha1 from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.0.6>
- manifest.json from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.0.6>

### Cloudera 5.2.0 Packages and Parcels

Download the following packages to `/opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/cloudera-5.2.0`:

- cm5.2.0-centos6.tar.gz from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cm5/repo-as-tarball/5.2.0>
- CDH-5.2.0-1.cdh5.2.0.p0.36-el6.parcel from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.2.0>
- CDH-5.2.0-1.cdh5.2.0.p0.36-el6.parcel.sha1 from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.2.0>
- manifest.json from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.2.0>

### Cloudera 5.2.1 Packages and Parcels

Download the following packages to `/opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/cloudera-5.2.1`:

- cm5.2.1-centos6.tar.gz from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cm5/repo-as-tarball/5.2.1>
- CDH-5.2.1-1.cdh5.2.1.p0.12-el6.parcel from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.2.1>
- CDH-5.2.1-1.cdh5.2.1.p0.12-el6.parcel.sha1 from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.2.1>
- manifest.json from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.2.1>

### Cloudera 5.3.0 Packages and Parcels

Download the following packages to `/opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/cloudera-5.3.0`:

- cm5.3.0-centos6.tar.gz from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cm5/repo-as-tarball/5.3.0>
- CDH-5.3.0-1.cdh5.3.0.p0.30-el6.parcel from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.3.0>
- CDH-5.3.0-1.cdh5.3.0.p0.30-el6.parcel.sha1 from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.3.0>
- manifest.json from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.3.0>

### Cloudera 5.4.1 Packages and Parcels

Download the following packages to `/opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/cloudera-5.4.1`:

- cm5.4.1-centos6.tar.gz from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cm5/repo-as-tarball/5.4.1>
- CDH-5.4.1-1.cdh5.4.1.p0.6-el6.parcel from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.4.1>
- CDH-5.4.1-1.cdh5.4.1.p0.6-el6.parcel.sha1 from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.4.1>
- manifest.json from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.4.1>

### Common Packages for MapR 3.1.1, 4.0.1, and 4.0.2

Download the following common packages to `/opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/MapR-3.1.1` and `MapR-4.0.x` directories:

- libgenders-devel-1.14-2.el6.rf.x86\_64.rpm from <http://pkgs.repoforge.org/libgenders/>

- libgenders-1.14-2.el6.rf.x86\_64.rpm from <http://pkgs.repoforge.org/libgenders/>
- ext-2.2.zip from <http://dev.sencha.com/depoy/ext-2.2.zip>
- sshpass-1.05-1.el6.x86\_64.rpm from [http://ftp.pbone.net/mirror/download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/epel/6/x86\\_64](http://ftp.pbone.net/mirror/download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/epel/6/x86_64)
- soci-mysql-3.2.1-1.el6.x86\_64.rpm from [http://ftp.is.co.za/mirror/fedora.redhat.com/epel/6/x86\\_64](http://ftp.is.co.za/mirror/fedora.redhat.com/epel/6/x86_64)
- soci-3.2.1-1.el6.x86\_64.rpm from [http://ftp.is.co.za/mirror/fedora.redhat.com/epel/6/x86\\_64](http://ftp.is.co.za/mirror/fedora.redhat.com/epel/6/x86_64)
- pdsh-2.27-1.el6.rf.x86\_64.rpm from <http://pkgs.repoforge.org/pdsh>
- mapr-whirr-0.7.0.16780-1.noarch.rpm from <http://archive.mapr.com/releases/ecosystem-all/redhat>
- mapr-drill-0.7.0.29434-1.noarch.rpm from <http://archive.mapr.com/releases/ecosystem/redhat>
- catalog.properties—Provides the label name for the MapR version (x represents the MapR version on the Cisco UCS Director Express for Big Data Baremetal Agent)
- license.txt

### Common Packages for MapR 4.1.0 and 5.0.0

Download the following common packages to `/opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/MapR-4.1.0` and `MapR-5.0.0` directories:

- libgenders-devel-1.14-2.el6.rf.x86\_64.rpm from <http://pkgs.repoforge.org/libgenders/>
- libgenders-1.14-2.el6.rf.x86\_64.rpm from <http://pkgs.repoforge.org/libgenders/>
- ext-2.2.zip from <http://dev.sencha.com/depoy/ext-2.2.zip>
- sshpass-1.05-1.el6.x86\_64.rpm from [http://ftp.pbone.net/mirror/download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/epel/6/x86\\_64](http://ftp.pbone.net/mirror/download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/epel/6/x86_64)
- soci-mysql-3.2.2-2.el6.x86\_64.rpm from [http://ftp.univie.ac.at/systems/linux/fedora/epel/6/x86\\_64](http://ftp.univie.ac.at/systems/linux/fedora/epel/6/x86_64)
- soci-3.2.2-2.el6.x86\_64.rpm from [http://ftp.univie.ac.at/systems/linux/fedora/epel/6/x86\\_64](http://ftp.univie.ac.at/systems/linux/fedora/epel/6/x86_64)
- pdsh-2.27-1.el6.rf.x86\_64.rpm from <http://pkgs.repoforge.org/pdsh>
- mapr-whirr-0.8.1.18380-GA.noarch.rpm from <http://archive.mapr.com/releases/ecosystem-all/redhat>
- catalog.properties—Provides the label name for the MapR version (x represents the MapR version on the Cisco UCS Director Express for Big Data Baremetal Agent)
- license.txt

### MapR 3.1.1 Packages

Download the following packages to `/opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/MapR-3.1.1`

- mapr-v3.1.1GA.rpm.tgz from <http://package.mapr.com/releases/v3.1.1/redhat>
- mapr-ecosystem-20140617.rpm.tgz

### MapR 4.0.1 Packages

Download the following packages to `/opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/MapR-4.0.1`



- mapr-v4.0.1GA.rpm.tgz from <http://package.mapr.com/releases/v4.0.1/redhat>
- mapr-ecosystem-4.x-20141105.rpm.tgz

### MapR 4.0.2 Packages

Download the following packages to /opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/MapR-4.0.2

- mapr-v4.0.2GA.rpm.tgz from <http://package.mapr.com/releases/v4.0.2/redhat>
- mapr-ecosystem-20150205.rpm.tgz

### MapR 4.1.0 Packages

Download the following packages to /opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/MapR-4.1.0

- mapr-v4.1.0GA.rpm.tgz from <http://package.mapr.com/releases/v4.1.0/redhat>
- mapr-ecosystem-4.x-20150610.rpm.tgz from <http://archive.mapr.com/releases/ecosystem-all/redhat>

### MapR 5.0.0 Packages

Download the following packages to /opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/MapR-5.0.0

- mapr-v5.0.0GA.rpm.tgz: from <http://package.mapr.com/releases/v5.0.0/redhat>
- mapr-ecosystem-5.x-20150709.rpm.tgz from <http://archive.mapr.com/releases/ecosystem-all/redhat>

### Common Package for Hortonworks

Download the following common package to /opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/Hortonworks-2.X:

- openssl-1.0.1e-30.el6.x86\_64.rpm
- catalog.properties—Provides the label name for the Hortonworks version (x represents the Hortonworks version on the Cisco UCS Director Express for Big Data Baremetal Agent)

### Hortonworks 2.1 Packages

Download the following packages to /opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/Hortonworks-2.1:

- HDP-2.1.5.0-centos6-rpm.tar.gz from <http://public-repo-1.hortonworks.com/HDP/centos6>
- ambari-1.6.1-centos6.tar.gz from <http://public-repo-1.hortonworks.com/ambari/centos6>
- HDP-UTILS-1.1.0.17-centos6.tar.gz from <http://public-repo-1.hortonworks.com/HDP-UTILS-1.1.0.17/repos/centos6>

### Hortonworks 2.2 Packages

Download the following packages to /opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/Hortonworks-2.2:

- HDP-2.2.0.0-centos6-rpm.tar.gz from <http://public-repo-1.hortonworks.com/HDP/centos6>
- ambari-1.7.0-centos6.tar.gz from <http://public-repo-1.hortonworks.com/ambari/centos6>

- HDP-UTILS-1.1.0.20-centos6.tar.gz from <http://public-repo-1.hortonworks.com/HDP-UTILS-1.1.0.20/repos/centos6>

### Hortonworks 2.3 Packages

Download the following packages to `/opt/cnsaroot/bd-sw-rep/Hortonworks-2.3`:

- HDP-2.3.0.0-centos6-rpm.tar.gz from <http://public-repo-1.hortonworks.com/HDP/centos6/2.x/updates/2.3.0.0>
- ambari-2.1.1-centos6.tar.gz from <http://public-repo-1.hortonworks.com/ambari/centos6/2.x/updates/2.1.1>
- HDP-UTILS-1.1.0.20-centos6.tar.gz from <http://public-repo-1.hortonworks.com/HDP-UTILS-1.1.0.20/repos/centos6>

## Cloudera and MapR RPMs for Upgrading Hadoop Cluster Distributions

### Cloudera 5.3.0 Packages and Parcels

- cm5.3.0-centos6.tar.gz from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cm5/repo-as-tarball/5.3.0>
- CDH-5.3.0-1.cdh5.3.0.p0.30-el6.parcel from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.3.0>
- CDH-5.3.0-1.cdh5.3.0.p0.30-el6.parcel.sha1 from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.3.0>
- manifest.json from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.3.0>

### Cloudera 5.4.1 Packages and Parcels

- cm5.4.1-centos6.tar.gz from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cm5/repo-as-tarball/5.4.1>
- CDH-5.4.1-1.cdh5.4.1.p0.6-el6.parcel from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.4.1>
- CDH-5.4.1-1.cdh5.4.1.p0.6-el6.parcel.sha1 from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.4.1>
- manifest.json from <http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/parcels/5.4.1>

### MapR 4.1.0 Packages

- mapr-setup from <http://package.mapr.com/releases/v4.1.0/redhat>
- mapr-v4.1.0GA.rpm.tgz from <http://package.mapr.com/releases/v4.1.0/redhat>
- mysql-connector-java-5.1.26.tar.gz from <http://cdn.mysql.com/archives/mysql-connector-java-5.1>

### MapR 5.0.0 Packages

- mapr-setup from <http://package.mapr.com/releases/v5.0.0/redhat>
- mapr-v5.0.0GA.rpm.tgz: from <http://package.mapr.com/releases/v5.0.0/redhat>
- mysql-connector-java-5.1.26.tar.gz from <http://cdn.mysql.com/archives/mysql-connector-java-5.1>

## Configuration Check Rules

You can validate an existing cluster configuration by running a configuration check. The configuration check process involves comparing the current cluster configuration with reporting violations and configuration check rules.

Configuration check rules are predefined Cisco Validated Design (CVD) parameters for Hadoop clusters. Configuration check rules appear under **Solutions > Big Data > Settings**. After the configuration check is complete, violations appear in the **Faults** tab under **Solutions > Big Data > Accounts**. You can enable or disable configuration check rules at any time, but you cannot add new rules.

| Configuration Check Rule              | Description   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Parameter</b>                      | The predefined CVD parameter of the configuration.                                    |
| <b>Enabled</b>                        | The state of the configuration check rule, either enabled (true) or disabled (false). |
| <b>Expected value</b>                 | The value expected for a parameter as defined in the Cisco Validated Design (CVD).    |
| <b>Description</b>                    | The description of the parameter of the configuration.                                |
| <b>Distribution</b>                   | The Hadoop distribution.  |
| <b>Minimum Supported Distribution</b> | The minimum supported version of Hadoop distribution.                                 |
| <b>Service</b>                        | The Hadoop service.   |
| <b>Role</b>                           | The Hadoop service role.  |
| <b>Type</b>                           | The type of violation, either CVD or Inconsistent.                                    |
| <b>Fix Workflow</b>                   | The reference to the workflow that can be triggered for fixing violations.            |

When the actual cluster configuration values differ from the expected values defined in the configuration check rules, then those configuration values are reported as violations. For example, CVD mandates that the NameNode heap size is 4 GB. But if the NameNode heap size in the cluster configuration is found to be 1 GB, then this is reported as a CVD violation. Also, inconsistent configuration parameters are reported. For example, NameNode heap size on both the primary and secondary nodes must be of the same size. If there is a mismatch in the size, then this parameter is reported as inconsistent.

# Checking Hadoop Cluster Configuration

To validate the configuration of a cluster, do the following:

- 
- Step 1** On the menu bar, choose **Solutions > Big Data > Accounts**.
  - Step 2** Click the **Big Data Accounts** tab.
  - Step 3** Choose the account for which you want to run the configuration check and click **Check Configuration**.
  - Step 4** Click **Submit**.  
A dialog box appears with the information that the configuration check is in progress.
  - Step 5** Click **OK**.  
After the configuration check is complete, the violations appear under the **Faults** tab for the selected Big Data Account.
- 

## What to Do Next

**Note**

You can track configuration checks here: **Administration > Integration**. Click the **Change Record** tab to track the configuration checks in progress and verify if completed or failed.

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# Fixing Configuration Violations

After the configuration check is complete, the configuration violations appear in the Faults tab for the selected Big Data Account. You can either choose to fix these configuration violations manually on the Big Data Cluster Configuration page, or trigger a workflow. To trigger a workflow to fix the violation, create a workflow with the same name as the code specified in the violation.

To fix a configuration violation through a workflow, do the following:

- 
- Step 1** On the menu bar, choose **Solutions > Big Data > Accounts**.
  - Step 2** Click the **Faults** tab.
  - Step 3** Choose the configuration violation you want to fix and click **Trigger Workflow**.  
If a workflow exists with the same name as the code specified in the violation, then the workflow is triggered.
  - Step 4** Enter the required inputs for the workflow and click **Submit**.  
A service request ID is generated after you submit the inputs. You can check the status of the service request on the **Service Requests** page.
-