

Diagnostic Tests

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Diagnostic Tests Overview

Diagnostics is a standalone utility that runs on the E-Series Server independent of the operating system or applications running on the server. If you experience problems with the E-Series Server, you can use diagnostics tests to run a preliminary check and isolate the problem. Diagnostic tests can be executed on the server CPU, memory, and block devices. Block devices include hard drive, USB drive, and SD cards.

If the diagnostic tests pass successfully, it indicates that there is no problem with the server CPU, memory, or block devices. The problem could be with some other hardware component or with the software configuration. Open a service request with Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC) at: http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html to isolate the problem.

If the diagnostic tests fail, open a service request with Cisco TAC for further assistance.



Caution

Diagnostic tests are non-destructive, but if there is a power or equipment failure when the tests are running, there is a possibility that the disk data might get corrupted. We highly recommend that you backup the data before running these tests.

Basic Workflow for Executing Diagnostic Tests

- 1 Backup data.
- 2 The diagnostics image is pre-installed on the E-Series Server at the time of purchase. You can also choose to download the most current diagnostics image from a specified FTP, FTPS, HTTP, or HTTPS server onto the CIMC internal repository.
- 3 Mount the diagnostics image onto the HDD virtual drive of a USB controller.
- 4 Set the boot order to make EFI Shell as the first boot device.

- 5 Reboot the server.
- 6 Run diagnostic tests from the EFI Shell.
- 7 Reset the virtual media boot order to its original setting.

Mapping the Diagnostics Image to the Host

Before You Begin

- Backup data.
- Log into CIMC as a user with admin privileges.
- The diagnostics image is pre-installed on the E-Series Server at the time of purchase. You can also choose to download the most current diagnostics image from a specified FTP, FTPS, HTTP, or HTTPS server onto the CIMC internal repository. See Obtaining Software from Cisco Systems.



If you start an image update while an update is already in process, both updates will fail.

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	Server# scope remote-install	Enters the remote install command mode.	
Step 2	Server /remote-install # download-image {ftp ftps http https} server-ip-address path / filename [username username password password]	Downloads the image from the specified remote server onto the CIMC internal repository. The diagnostics image must have diag as the file extension. The remote server can be a FTP, FTPS, HTTP, or HTTPS server. If the remote server requires user authentication, you must add the username and password of the remote server.	
		Note If the image file exceeds the size limit, an error message is displayed.	
Step 3	(Optional) Server /remote-install # show detail	Displays the status of the diagnostics image download.	
Step 4	Server /remote-install # map-diagnostics	Mounts the image on the HDD virtual drive of the USB controller.	
Step 5	(Optional) Server /remote-install # show detail	Displays the status of the diagnostics image mapping.	

This example maps a diagnostics image:

```
Server# scope remote-install
Server /remote-install # download-image ftp 10.20.34.56 pub/diagnostics-image.diag
---
```

```
Server /remote-install # show detail
Host Image Info:
   Name: DiagnosticsImage.diag
   Size: 6626848
   Last Modified Time: Fri, 12 Aug 2011 21:13:27 GMT
   Host Image Status: Download Successful!!
Server /remote-install # map-diagnostics
---
status: ok
---
Server /remote-install # show detail
Host Image Info:
   Name: DiagnosticsImage.diag
   Size: 6626848
   Last Modified Time: Fri, 12 Aug 2011 21:13:27 GMT
   Host Image Status: Image mapped successfully!!
```

What to Do Next

- 1 Set the boot order to make **EFI Shell** as the first boot device.
- 2 Reboot the server. The EFI Shell appears.
- 3 Run diagnostic tests.

Running Diagnostic Tests

From the EFI Shell, use the following procedure to run diagnostic tests.

Before You Begin

- Backup data. All tests are non-destructive, but if there is power or equipment failure when the tests are running, there is a possibility that the disk data might get corrupted. We highly recommend that you backup data before executing these tests.
- Use the CIMC CLI or the CIMC GUI to download and map the diagnostics image onto the HDD virtual drive of the USB controller.
- Reboot the server. The EFI Shell displays.

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	Shell > dir virtual-media-drive-name:	Displays all the file packages that exist in the specified virtual media drive. The drive name starts with fs0 and can be fs0, fs1, fs2, and so on.	
		Note Make sure that you add a colon after the virtual media drive name. For example, dir fs1:	
Step 2	Shell > virtual-media-drive-name:	Enters the virtual media drive in which the diagnostic file is located.	
Step 3	_	Copies the package file for which you are running diagnostics into the diagnostics shell package file.	

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 4	Virtual Media Drive :\>	Enters the Diagnostics Shell. At the confirmation prompt, answer y .	
Step 5	Server: SRV > run all	Executes all available diagnostic tests and displays the progress and status of the tests. Diagnostic tests are run on the server CPU, memory, and block devices. Block devices include hard drive, USE drive, and SD cards.	
		To execute a specific diagnostic test on the server, use the run <i>test-name</i> command where <i>test-name</i> can be one of the following	
		• cpux64—CPU diagnostic test.	
		 diskx64—Block devices diagnostic test. Block devices include hard drive, USB drive, and SD cards. 	
		• memoryx64—Memory diagnostic test.	
		Note Diagnostic tests can run for approximately 10 minutes.	
Step 6	(Optional) Server: SRV > results	Displays a summary of the diagnostic test with Passed or Failed test status.	
		Note The summary report indicates the number of tests that failed and passed. It does not provide information about which tests failed or passed. To determine which tests failed and passed, see the output of the run all command.	
Step 7	(Optional) Server: SRV > show	Displays a list of global parameters and diagnostic test modules that were administered on the server.	
Step 8	Server: SRV > exit	Exits from Diagnostic Shell.	
Step 9	Open a service request with Cisco TAC.	If the diagnostic tests pass successfully, it indicates that there is no problem with the server CPU, memory, or block devices. The problem could be with some other hardware component or with the software configuration. Open a service request with Cisco TAC to isolate the problem.	
		If the diagnostic tests fail, open a service request with Cisco TAC for further assistance.	

This example runs all diagnostic tests:

Diagnostics is a standalone utility that runs on the server module independent of the operating system or applications running on the module.All tests are non-destructive, but there is a possibility of disk datacorruption during power or equipment failure when the tests are in progress. Therefore, before executing these tests, we highly recommend that you backup the data.

For questions or concerns with this utility, please open a Service Request with Cisco TAC at http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html

```
(Y)es to continue test. (N)o to exit(y/n): Y
Cisco Diagnostics Shell 1.03(0.3) Thu 06/28/-16:35:08.95-canis-diag@cisco.com
UCS-E140D-M1/K9:SRV>
```

```
Server: SRV > run all
Server: SRV > results
Test Name
                   : all
Test Status
                   : Passed
Failed/Run History : 0/17
```

Start Time : 06/27/12 14:38:19 End Time

: 06/27/12 14:43:36 : 1.03(0.3) Mon 04/02/-17:07:57.19-canis-diag@cisco.com Diag Version

Board S/N : FOC160724BY

Server: SRV > show Server: SRV > exit

What to Do Next

Reset the virtual media boot order to its original setting.

Running Diagnostic Tests