



# Managing Kubernetes Policies

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## Creating Add-on Policy

Add-ons are Kubernetes applications that provide enhanced features to Kubernetes clusters.

Many of the core add-ons are automatically created when you deploy a cluster. For example, nginx-ingress, cert-manager, and metallb. Optional add-ons can be added any time later according to your requirement. For example, logging, monitoring, and UI dashboard for management.

To create an add-on policy:

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- Step 1** In the left pane, click **Policies**.  
The **Policies** screen appears, displaying the list of available policies.
- Step 2** Click **Create Policy** to create a new policy.
- Step 3** In the **Select Policy Type** screen, click **Kubernetes Cluster > Add-ons**, and then click **Start**.
- Step 4** In the **General** screen:
- a) From the **Organization** drop-down list, choose the default organization or a specific organization to which the policy should belong.
  - b) In the **Name** field, enter a name for the policy.
  - c) In the **Add Tag** field, enter the metadata that you want to associate with the policy.
- Add Tag** is an optional field. If you are adding a tag, you must enter the tag in the **key:value** format. This tag will be used internal to Intersight.

d) In the **Description** field, enter a description for the policy.

**Description** is an optional field.

e) Click **Next**.

**Step 5** In the **Policy Details** screen, under **Add-ons**, click **Add Add-on**.

The **Add Add-on** dialog box appears.

a) From the **Add-on Definition** drop-down list, choose an add-on:

- **kubernetes-dashboard**: To deploy and manage your applications.

- **ccp-monitor**: To monitor the cluster.

- **efk**: To collect and monitor log data from your applications for troubleshooting purposes.

b) Skip the **Overrides** and **Override Sets** fields.

c) From the **Upgrade Strategy** field, select one of the following options:

- No Action

- Upgrade Only

- Reinstall on Failure

- Always Reinstall

d) Click **Add**.

e) If you want to include more add-ons in the policy, repeat these steps for each add-on.

f) Click **Create**.

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The newly created policy is displayed in the **Policies** screen.

## Creating Container Runtime Policy

The policy for Container Runtime enables you to configure the proxy settings for a cluster profile.

To create a Container Runtime policy:

**Step 1** In the left pane, click **Policies**.

The **Policies** screen appears, displaying the list of available policies.

**Step 2** Click **Create Policy** to create a new policy.

**Step 3** In the **Select Policy Type** screen, click **Kubernetes Cluster** > **Container Runtime**, and then click **Start**.

**Step 4** In the **General** screen:

a) From the **Organization** drop-down list, choose the default organization or a specific organization to which the policy should belong.

b) In the **Name** field, enter a name for the policy.

c) In the **Add Tag** field, enter the metadata that you want to associate with the policy.

**Add Tag** is an optional field. If you are adding a tag, you must enter the tag in the **key:value** format. This tag will be used internal to Intersight.

- d) In the **Description** field, enter a description for the policy.  
**Description** is an optional field.
- e) Click **Next**.

**Step 5**

In the **Policy Details** screen:

- a) Under **Docker HTTP Proxy**:
  1. From the **Protocol** drop-down list, choose the protocol for the HTTP proxy server.
  2. In the **Hostname** field, enter the FQDN or IP address of the HTTP proxy server.
  3. In the **Port** field, enter the port number for the HTTP proxy server.
  4. In the **Username** field, enter the username of the HTTP proxy server.
  5. In the **Password** field, enter the password of the HTTP proxy server.
- b) Under **Docker HTTPS Proxy server**:
  1. From the **Protocol** drop-down list, choose the protocol for the HTTPS proxy server.
  2. In the **Hostname** field, enter the FQDN or IP address of the HTTPS proxy server.
  3. In the **Port** field, enter the port number for the HTTPS proxy server.
  4. In the **Username** field, enter the username of the HTTPS proxy server.
  5. In the **Password** field, enter the password of the HTTPS proxy server.
  6. In the **Docker Bridge Network CIDR** field, enter a valid CIDR to override the default Docker bridge.
  7. In the **Docker No Proxy** field, add the host that you want to exclude from proxy.
- c) Click **Create**.

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The newly created policy is displayed in the **Policies** screen.

## Creating DNS, NTP, and Timezone Policy

The policy for DNS, NTP, and Timezone enables you to configure the DNS, NTP, and timezone for your cluster profile.

To create a DNS, NTP, and Timezone policy:

**Step 1**

In the left pane, click **Policies**.

The **Policies** screen appears, displaying the list of available policies.

**Step 2**

Click **Create Policy** to create a new policy.

**Step 3**

In the **Select Policy Type** screen, click **Kubernetes Cluster > DNS, NTP and Timezone**, and then click **Start**.

**Step 4**

In the **General** screen:

- a) From the **Organization** drop-down list, choose the default organization or a specific organization to which the policy should belong.

- b) In the **Name** field, enter a name for the policy.
- c) In the **Add Tag** field, enter the metadata that you want to associate with the policy.  
**Add Tag** is an optional field. If you are adding a tag, you must enter the tag in the **key:value** format. This tag will be used internal to Intersight.
- d) In the **Description** field, enter a description for the policy.  
**Description** is an optional field.
- e) Click **Next**.

**Step 5** In the **Policy Details** screen:

- a) From the **Timezone** drop-down list, choose the timezone for the system clock of your node.
- b) In the **DNS Suffix** field, enter the DNS search domain name.
- c) In the **DNS Server** field, enter the IP address of the DNS server.
- d) In the **NTP Server** field, enter the IP address of the NTP server.
- e) Click **Create**.

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The newly created policy is displayed in the **Policies** screen.

## Creating Kubernetes Version Policy

The policy for Kubernetes Version enables you to configure the Kubernetes version for your cluster profile.

To create a Kubernetes version policy:

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**Step 1** In the left pane, click **Policies**.

The **Policies** screen appears, displaying the list of available policies.

**Step 2** Click **Create Policy** to create a new policy.

**Step 3** In the **Select Policy Type** screen, click **Kubernetes Cluster > Kubernetes Version**, and then click **Start**.

**Step 4** In the **General** screen:

- a) From the **Organization** drop-down list, choose the default organization or a specific organization to which the policy should belong.
- b) In the **Name** field, enter a name for the policy.
- c) In the **Add Tag** field, enter the metadata that you want to associate with the policy.  
**Add Tag** is an optional field. If you are adding a tag, you must enter the tag in the **key:value** format. This tag will be used internal to Intersight.
- d) In the **Description** field, enter a description for the policy.  
**Description** is an optional field.
- e) Click **Next**.

**Step 5** In the **Policy Details** screen:

- a) Choose the Kubernetes version that you want to attach to this policy.
- b) Click **Create**.

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The newly created policy is displayed in the **Policies** screen.

## Creating Network CIDR Policy

The policy for Network CIDR enables you to configure the internal networks in a Kubernetes cluster.

To create a network CIDR policy:

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- Step 1** In the left pane, click **Policies**.  
The **Policies** screen appears, displaying the list of available policies.
- Step 2** Click **Create Policy** to create a new policy.
- Step 3** In the **Select Policy Type** screen, click **Kubernetes Cluster > Network CIDR**, and then click **Start**.
- Step 4** In the **General** screen:
- From the **Organization** drop-down list, choose the **default** organization or a specific organization to which the policy should belong.
  - In the **Name** field, enter a name for the policy.
  - In the **Add Tag** field, enter the metadata that you want to associate with the policy.  
**Add Tag** is an optional field. If you are adding a tag, you must enter the tag in the **key:value** format. This tag will be used internal to Intersight.
  - In the **Description** field, enter a description for the policy.  
**Description** is an optional field.
  - Click **Next**.
- Step 5** In the **Policy Details** screen:
- In the **Service CIDR** field, enter the CIDR block from which the IP address for the cluster service can be allocated.
  - In the **Pod Network CIDR** field, enter the CIDR block from which the IP address for the pod network can be allocated.
  - Click **Create**.

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The newly created policy is displayed in the **Policies** screen.

## Creating Trusted Certificate Authorities Policy

The policy for Trusted Certificate Authorities enables you to configure the trusted certificates for your cluster profile.

To create a Trusted Certificate Authorities policy:

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- Step 1** In the left pane, click **Policies**.  
The **Policies** screen appears, displaying the list of available policies.
- Step 2** Click **Create Policy** to create a new policy.
- Step 3** In the **Select Policy Type** screen, click **Kubernetes Cluster > Trusted Certificate Authorities**, and then click **Start**.
- Step 4** In the **General** screen:

- a) From the **Organization** drop-down list, choose the default organization or a specific organization to which the policy should belong.
- b) In the **Name** field, enter a name for the policy.
- c) In the **Add Tag** field, enter the metadata that you want to associate with the policy.  
**Add Tag** is an optional field. If you are adding a tag, you must enter the tag in the **key:value** format. This tag will be used internal to Intersight.
- d) In the **Description** field, enter a description for the policy.  
**Description** is an optional field.
- e) Click **Next**.

**Step 5** In the **Policy Details** screen:

- a) In the **Root CA Registries** field, add the root CS certificate that allows tenant clusters to securely connect to additional services.
- b) In the **Unsigned Registries** field, add the docker registries created with unsigned certificates.
- c) Click **Create**.

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The newly created policy is displayed in the **Policies** screen.

## Creating VM Instance Type Policy

The policy for VM Instance Type enables you to configure the system disk size, number of CPUs, and memory of the Virtual Machines.

To create a VM Instance Type policy:

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**Step 1** In the left pane, click **Policies**.

The **Policies** screen appears, displaying the list of available policies.

**Step 2** Click **Create Policy** to create a new policy.

**Step 3** In the **Select Policy Type** screen, click **Kubernetes Cluster > VM Instance Type**, and then click **Start**.

**Step 4** In the **General** screen:

- a) From the **Organization** drop-down list, choose the default organization or a specific organization to which the policy should belong.
- b) In the **Name** field, enter a name for the policy.
- c) In the **Add Tag** field, enter the metadata that you want to associate with the policy.  
**Add Tag** is an optional field. If you are adding a tag, you must enter the tag in the **key:value** format. This tag will be used internal to Intersight.
- d) In the **Description** field, enter a description for the policy.  
**Description** is an optional field.
- e) Click **Next**.

**Step 5** In the **Policy Details** screen:

- a) In the **CPU** field, enter the number of CPUs you want to allocate to the Virtual Machine.
- b) In the **System Disk Size** field, enter the disk capacity along with its units.

For example, **10GiB**.

- c) In the **Memory** field, enter the memory for the virtual machine in mebibytes.
- d) Click **Create**.

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The newly created policy is displayed in the **Policies** screen.

## Creating Infra Provider Policy

The policy for Infra Provider enables you to configure the infrastructure provider that you want to use.

To create an Infra Provider policy:

### Step 1

In the **General** screen:

- a) From the **Organization** drop-down list, choose the default organization or a specific organization to which the policy should belong.
- b) In the **Name** field, enter a name for the policy.
- c) In the **Add Tag** field, enter the metadata that you want to associate with the policy.  
**Add Tag** is an optional field. If you are adding a tag, you must enter the tag in the **key:value** format. This tag will be used internal to Intersight.
- d) In the **Description** field, enter a description for the policy.  
**Description** is an optional field.
- e) Click **Next**.

### Step 2

In the **Policy Details** screen:

- a) If you want to use vCenter as the infrastructure provider:
  1. Click the **vCenter** tab.
  2. Select the infra provider from the table.
  3. In the **Datastore** field, enter the datastore that you want to use.
  4. In the **vSphere Admin Passphrase** field, enter the vSphere passphrase.
- b) In the **Resource Pool** field, enter a resource pool.
- c) In the **Interface** field, enter the name of the network you want to create the infra provider.
- d) Click **Create**.

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The newly created policy is displayed in the **Policies** screen.

## Editing Kubernetes Cluster Policy

To edit a policy:

1. In the left pane, click **Policies**.

The **Policies** screen appears, displaying the list of available policies.

2. Select the policy that you want to edit, and then click the **Edit** icon.

## Deleting Kubernetes Cluster Policy

To delete a policy:

1. In the left pane, click **Policies**.  
The **Policies** screen appears, displaying the list of available policies.
2. Select the policy that you want to delete, and then click the **Delete** icon.