



CHAPTER 24

Configuring CDP

This chapter describes how to configure Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) on the Cisco ME 3400E Ethernet Access switch.



Note

For complete syntax and usage information for the commands used in this chapter, see the command reference for this release and the “System Management Commands” section in the *Cisco IOS Configuration Fundamentals Command Reference, Release 12.2*.

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Understanding CDP

CDP is a device discovery protocol that runs over Layer 2 (the data link layer) on all Cisco-manufactured devices (routers, bridges, access servers, and switches) and allows network management applications to discover Cisco devices that are neighbors of already known devices. With CDP, network management applications can learn the device type and the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) agent address of neighboring devices running lower-layer, transparent protocols. This feature enables applications to send SNMP queries to neighboring devices.

CDP runs on all media that support Subnetwork Access Protocol (SNAP). Because CDP runs over the data-link layer only, two systems that support different network-layer protocols can learn about each other.



Note

On the Cisco ME switch, CDP is enabled by default on network node interfaces (NNIs) and disabled by default on enhanced network interfaces (ENIs). It is not supported on user network interfaces (UNIs).

Each CDP-configured device sends periodic messages to a multicast address, advertising at least one address at which it can receive SNMP messages. The advertisements also contain time-to-live, or holdtime information, which is the length of time a receiving device holds CDP information before discarding it. Each device also listens to the messages sent by other devices to learn about neighboring devices.

The switch supports CDP Version 2.

Configuring CDP

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Default CDP Configuration

Table 24-1 shows the default CDP configuration.

Table 24-1 Default CDP Configuration

Feature	Default Setting
CDP global state	Enabled.
CDP interface state	Enabled only on NNIs; disabled on ENIs Note CDP is not supported on UNIs.
CDP timer (packet update frequency)	60 seconds
CDP holdtime (before discarding)	180 seconds
CDP Version-2 advertisements	Enabled

Configuring the CDP Characteristics

You can configure the frequency of CDP updates, the amount of time to hold the information before discarding it, and whether or not to send Version-2 advertisements.

Beginning in privileged EXEC mode, follow these steps to configure the CDP timer, holdtime, and advertisement type.



Note

Steps 2 through 4 are all optional and can be performed in any order.

	Command	Purpose
Step 1	<code>configure terminal</code>	Enter global configuration mode.
Step 2	<code>cdp timer seconds</code>	(Optional) Set the transmission frequency of CDP updates in seconds. The range is 5 to 254; the default is 60 seconds.
Step 3	<code>cdp holdtime seconds</code>	(Optional) Specify the amount of time a receiving device should hold the information sent by your device before discarding it. The range is 10 to 255 seconds; the default is 180 seconds.
Step 4	<code>cdp advertise-v2</code>	(Optional) Configure CDP to send Version-2 advertisements. This is the default state.
Step 5	<code>end</code>	Return to privileged EXEC mode.

	Command	Purpose
Step 6	<code>show cdp</code>	Verify your settings.
Step 7	<code>copy running-config startup-config</code>	(Optional) Save your entries in the configuration file.

Use the **no** form of the CDP commands to return to the default settings.

This example shows how to configure CDP characteristics.

```
Switch# configure terminal
Switch(config)# cdp timer 50
Switch(config)# cdp holdtime 120
Switch(config)# cdp advertise-v2
Switch(config)# end
```

`show`

Disabling and Enabling CDP



Note

capability:

	Command	Purpose
Step 1	<code>configure terminal</code>	Enter global configuration mode.
Step 2	<code>no cdp run</code>	Disable CDP.
Step 3	<code>end</code>	Return to privileged EXEC mode.

Beginning in privileged EXEC mode, follow these steps to globally enable CDP when it has been disabled:

	Command	Purpose
Step 1	<code>configure terminal</code>	Enter global configuration mode.
Step 2	<code>cdp run</code>	Enable CDP after disabling it.
Step 3	<code>end</code>	Return to privileged EXEC mode.

This example shows how to globally enable CDP if it has been disabled.

Disabling and Enabling CDP on an Interface

CDP is enabled by default on NNIs to send and to receive CDP information. You can enable CDP on ENIs, but it is not supported on UNIs. Beginning in privileged EXEC mode, follow these steps to disable CDP on a port:

configure terminal	Enter global configuration mode.
interface <i>interface-id</i>	Specify the interface on which you are disabling CDP, and enter interface configuration mode. If the interface is a UNI, you must enter the port-type nni or port-type eni interface configuration command before configuring CDP. By default, CDP is enabled on NNIs and disabled on ENIs.
no cdp enable	Disable CDP on the interface.
end	Return to privileged EXEC mode.
copy running-config startup-config	(Optional) Save your entries in the configuration file.

Beginning in privileged EXEC mode, follow these steps to enable CDP on a port when it has been disabled:

configure terminal	Enter global configuration mode.
interface <i>interface-id</i>	Specify the interface on which you are enabling CDP, and enter interface configuration mode. If the interface is a UNI, you must enter the port-type nni or port-type eni interface configuration command before configuring CDP. By default, CDP is enabled on NNIs and disabled on ENIs.
cdp enable	Enable CDP on the interface after disabling it.
end	Return to privileged EXEC mode.
copy running-config startup-config	(Optional) Save your entries in the configuration file.

This example shows how to enable CDP on a port when it has been disabled.

```

                interface gigabitethernet0/1
Switch(config-if)# cdp enable
Switch(config-if)# end

```

This example shows how to change a UNI to an ENI and enable CDP on the port.

```

Switch# configure terminal
Switch(config)# interface fastethernet0/1
Switch(config-if)# port-type eni
Switch(config-if)# cdp enable
Switch(config-if)# end

```

Monitoring and Maintaining CDP

To monitor and maintain CDP on your device, perform one or more of these tasks, beginning in privileged EXEC mode.

Command	Description
	Reset the traffic counters to zero.
	Delete the CDP table of information about neighbors.
	Display global information, such as frequency of transmissions and the holdtime for packets being sent.
<code>show cdp neighbors [entry-name]</code>	Display information about a specific neighbor. You can enter an asterisk (*) to display all CDP neighbors, or you can enter the name of the neighbor about which you want information. You can also limit the display to information about the protocols enabled on the specified neighbor or information about the version of software running on the device.
<code>show cdp neighbors [interface-id]</code>	Display information about interfaces where CDP is enabled. You can limit the display to the interface about which you want information.
<code>show cdp neighbors detail [interface-id]</code>	Display information about neighbors, including device type, interface type and number, holdtime settings, capabilities, platform, and port ID. You can limit the display to neighbors of a specific interface or expand the display to provide more detailed information.
	Display CDP counters, including the number of packets sent and received and checksum errors.

